

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Hierarchically Structured Biphenylene-Bridged Periodic Mesoporous Organosilica

Yan Li^a, Andreas Keilbach^a, Marcel Kienle^a, Yasutomo Goto^{b,c}, Shinji Inagaki^{b,c}, Paul Knochel^a,
and Thomas Bein^{a,*}

^a Department of Chemistry and Center for NanoScience (CeNS), University of Munich (LMU),
Butenandtstrasse 5–13 (E), Munich 81377, Germany.

^b Toyota Central R&D Laboratories Inc., Nagakute, Aichi 480-1192, Japan.

^c Core Research for Evolutional Science and Technology (CREST), Japan Science and Technology
Agency (JST), Kawasaki, Saitama 332-0012, Japan

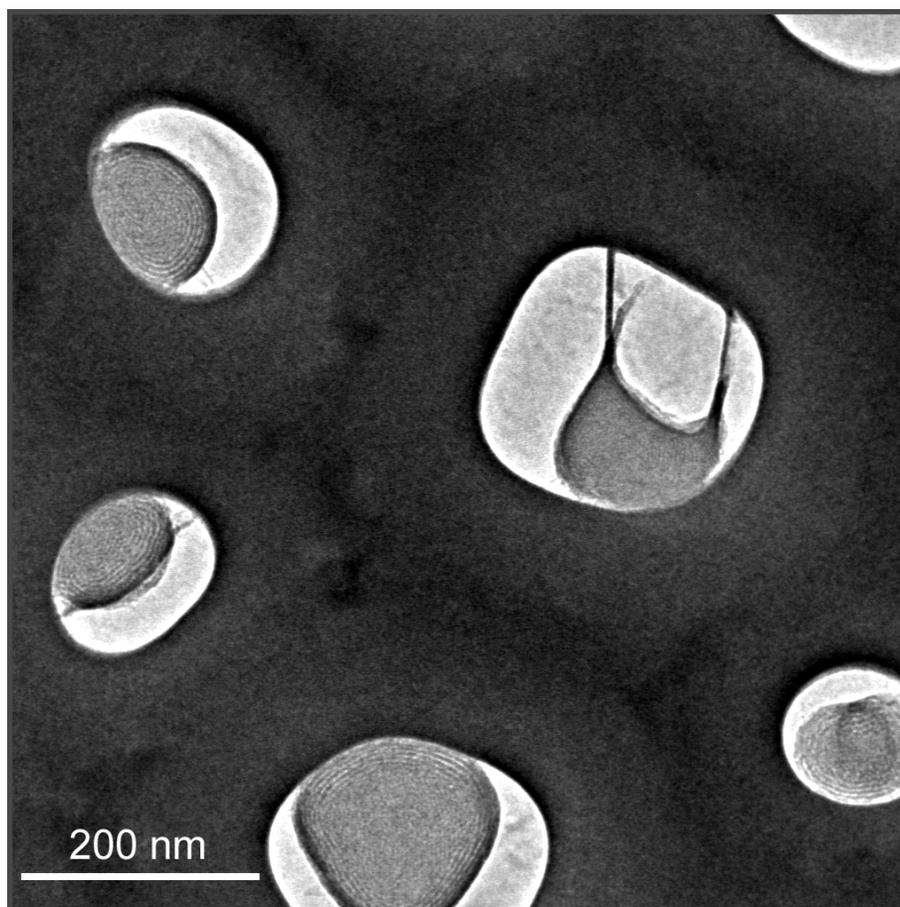


Figure S1. Plan-view TEM micrograph of the CTAB-columnar-lamellar Bp-PMO sample, demonstrating the significant shrinkage of the structure due to the existence of a lamellar phase.

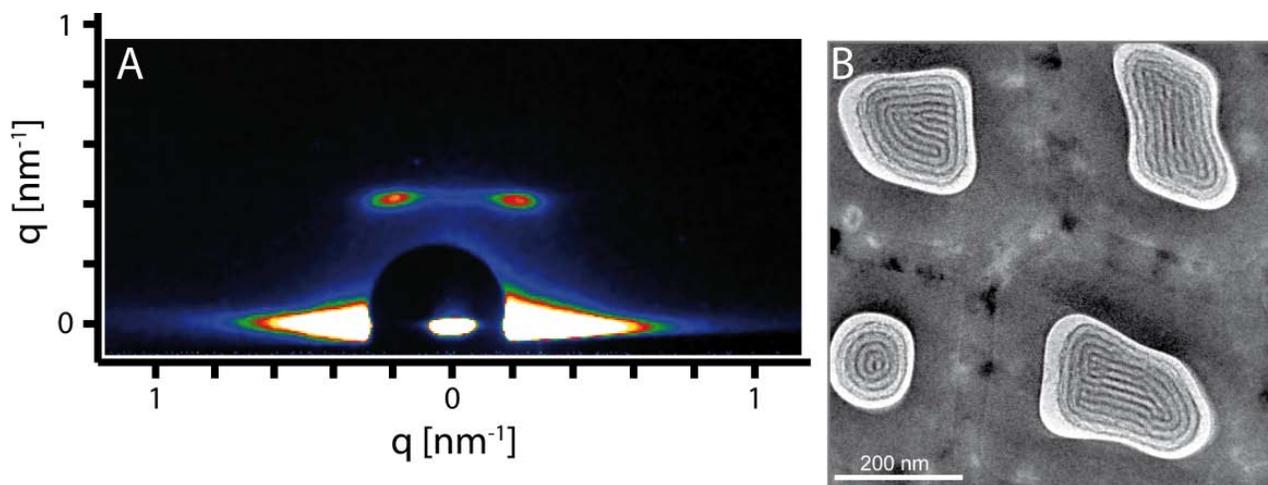


Figure S2. A) 2D-SAXS pattern of an as-prepared F127-circular Bp-PMO sample and B) plan-view TEM micrograph showing the preservation of highly-ordered circular structure and minor shrinkage of the structure of a calcined sample F127-circular-250 Bp-PMO.

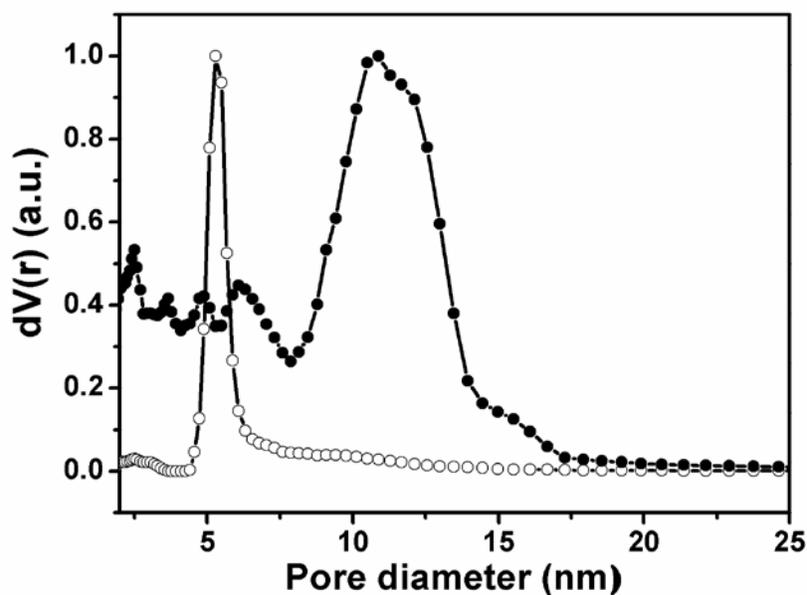


Figure S3. DFT pore-size distribution from the adsorption branch (●) and the desorption branch (○) of the sample F127-circular-250 Bp-PMO

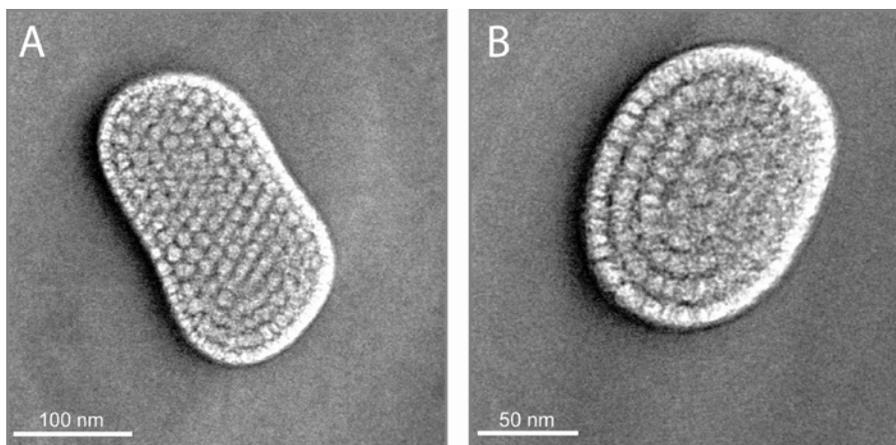


Figure S4. TEM micrographs of a F127-cubic-200 Bp-PMO. A) Plan-view along the [111] direction and B) Plan-view along the [110] direction.

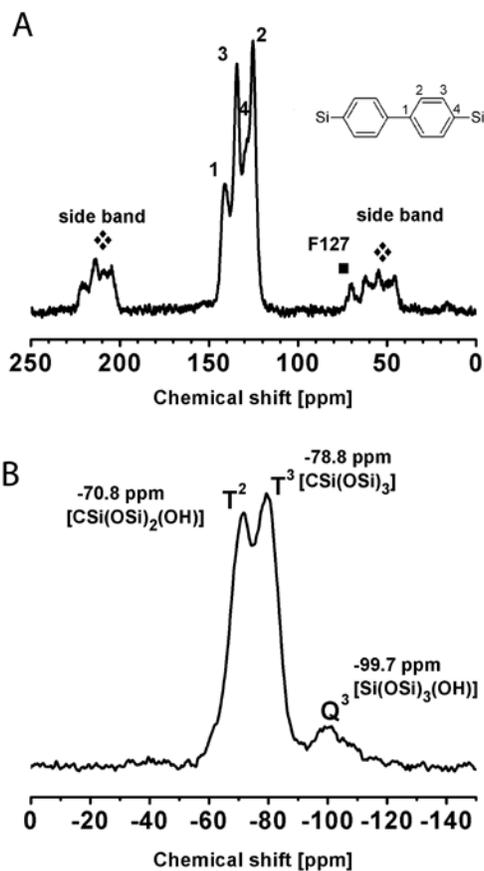


Figure S5. A) ¹³C-MAS NMR and B) ²⁹Si NMR spectra of the calcined F127-cubic-250 Bp-PMO.