Supporting information for

A New Supramolecular Film Formed From a Silsesquioxane Derivative for Application in Proton Exchange Membranes

Chih-Chia Cheng, Ying-Chieh Yen, Fu-Hsiang Ko, Chih-Wei Chu, Shih-Kang Fan,

Feng-Chih Chang*

Institute of Applied Chemistry, National Chiao-Tung University, 30050 Hsinchu,

Taiwan

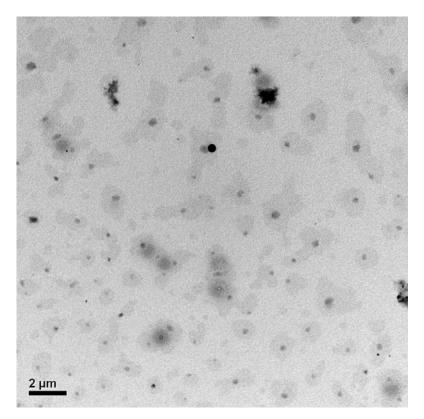


Figure S1. TEM micrograph of the HCl-doped POSS-C11-Py film, obtained after negative staining with Pb(OAc)₂

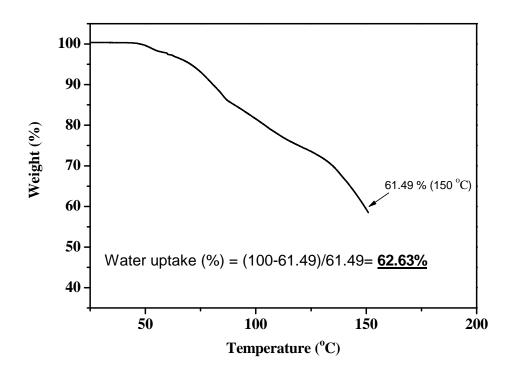


Figure S2. TGA curve of wet HCl-doped POSS-C11-Py membrane.

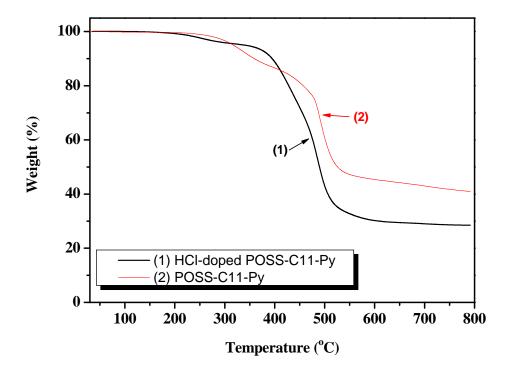


Figure S3. TGA curves of HCl-doped POSS-C11-Py and POSS-C11-Py membrane.

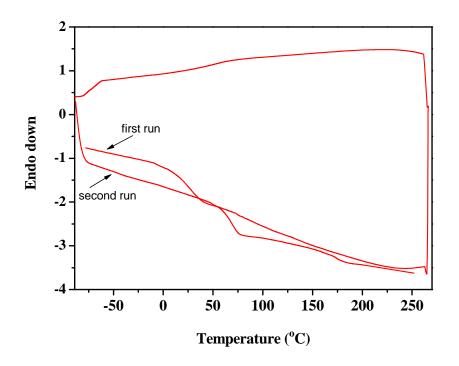


Figure S4. Cyclic DSC curve for the HCl-doped POSS-C11-Py membrane.

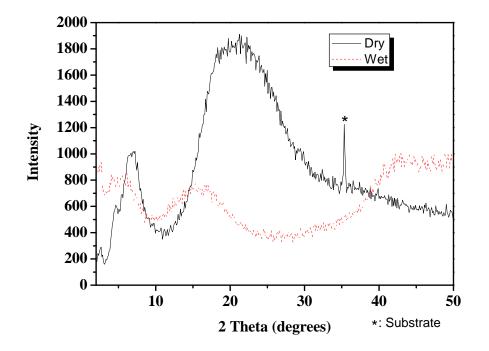


Figure S5. XRD data of the HCl-doped POSS-C11-Py membranes in dry and wet states.

Table S1. Properties of POSS-C11-Py membrane.

Sample	IEC	Water uptake	Proton conductivity
	(meq/g)	(%)	$(mS cm^{-1})^b$
POSS-C11-Py	\mathbf{NA}^{a}	12.35	0.0035 (90 °C)
			0.0007 (25 °C)

a. Nonionic films lack ionic groups and are less likely to react with NaOH.

b. The proton conductivity was measured at 90% RH.