

Supporting Information

Size-tunable synthesis of lanthanide-doped Gd₂O₃ nanoparticles
and their applications for optical and magnetic resonance
imaging

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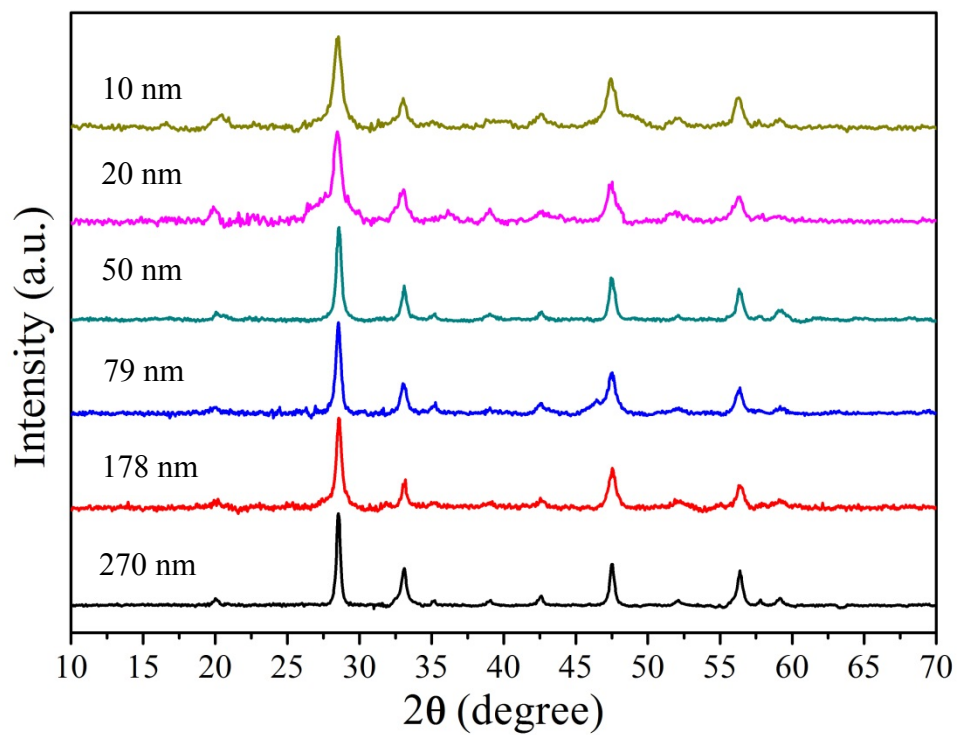


Figure S1. XRD patterns of Gd₂O₃: Yb, Er nanoparticles with different sizes.

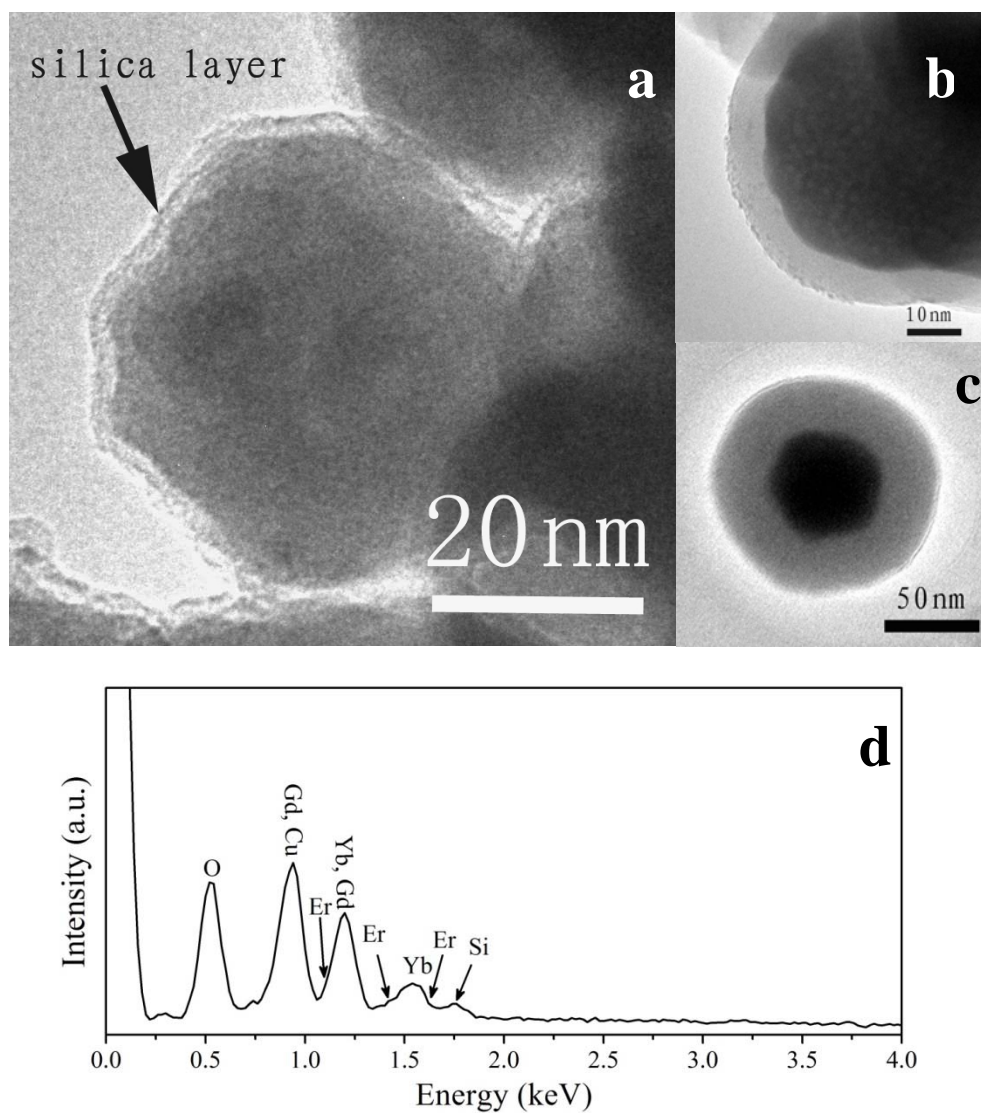


Figure S2. TEM images (a-c) of Gd₂O₃ nanoparticles coated with different thickness of silica layer. (d) The EDX spectrum obtained from Gd₂O₃: Yb, Er NPs coated with silica. Si signal comes from the silica layer and Cu signal comes from the Cu support substrate.

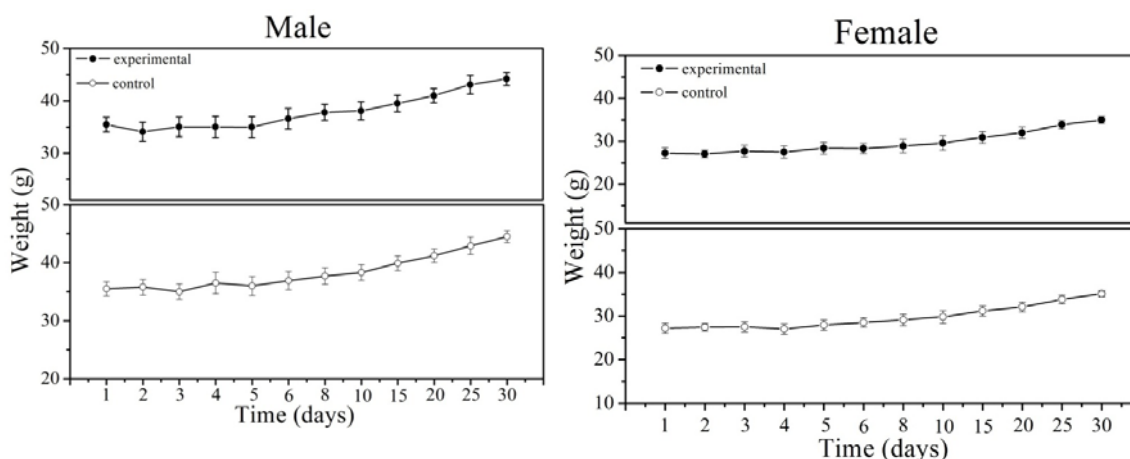


Figure S3. White Kunming mice were used to test the toxicity *in vivo* of $Gd_2O_3: Yb, Er$ NPs. $100\mu L$ of these nanoparticles dispersed in physiological saline ($1\text{ mg}\cdot\text{mL}^{-1}$) were injected into both male and female mice very day (the number of mice in each group is 6) and the weights of mice are recorded at several time-points as shown in Figure S3.

Inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS, Thermo element X7) was used to determine the actual mole ratio of the lanthanide doped Gd_2O_3 nanoparticles. From the ICP-MS data, the actual mole ratio of $Gd^{3+}: Yb^{3+}: Er^{3+}$ is determined to be about 88.7:9.7:1 for the $Gd_2O_3:10\%Yb,1\%Er$ sample, which is in good agreement with the designed nominal composition. Similar results have also been obtained for $Gd_2O_3:1\%Er$ and $Gd_2O_3:10\%Yb, 0.2\%Tm$ samples. The actual mole ratio of $Gd^{3+}: Er^{3+}$ for $Gd_2O_3:1\%Er$ sample and $Gd^{3+}: Yb^{3+}: Tm^{3+}$ for $Gd_2O_3:10\%Yb, 0.2\%Tm$ is 98.7: 1 and 88.6:10:0.022, respectively.