Supporting Information

Supramolecular isomer-dependent photochromism and emission color tuning of bipyridinium salts

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Additional characterization data and structural figures



Fig. S1 a) A 1D hydrogen-bonded helical chain in A1. b) A 1D hydrogen-bonded zigzig chain in A2. The hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity. The dashed lines represent hydrogen bonds.



Fig. S2 Left: The topology of 1D channel in **A2.** Right: 1D meso-helical water chain confined in the channel of **A2**. The HBpybc⁺ ligands are simplified as yellow stick. The hydrogen bond distances are in angstrom unit.



Fig. S3 The ESR spectra of A1 (black) and A2 (red) after irradiation.



Fig. S4 The distance and orientation between the donor and acceptor in **A1** (upper) and **A2** (bottom).



Fig. S5 1 H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) for A1 (upper) and A2 (bottom), respectively.



Fig. S6 Normalized fluorescence emission spectra of **A1** to show a large blue-shift of the peak position (from 524 nm to 443 nm) with decreasing solvent polarity from water (black) to THF-water (volume ratio: 4:1) mixture (green). Excitation wavelength: 360 nm.



Fig. S7 Calculated XRPD pattern from the single crystal structural data of A1 (black), experimental pattern for the colored samples of A1 after irradiation (green), and initial sample of A1 (red).



Fig. S8 Calculated XRPD pattern from the single crystal structural data of A2 (black), experimental pattern for the colored samples of A2 after irradiation (green), and initial sample of A2 (red).



Fig. S9 Excitation spectral change of A1 in the solid state upon irradiation with a xenon lamp.



Fig. S10 IR spectra of A1 (black) and A2 (red). The bands appearing around 1695 cm⁻¹ are attributed to the characteristic asymmetric C=O stretching vibration of the carboxylic group in monoprotonated HBpybc⁺.