

Supplementary information

Silica ionogels for proton transport

Emilie Delahaye,¹ Ronald Göbel,² Ruben Löbbicke,² Régis Guillot,³ Christoph Sieber,¹ and Andreas Taubert^{2,4,*}

Max Planck Institute for Polymer Research, D-15528 Mainz, Germany, Institute of Chemistry, University of Potsdam, D-14476 Potsdam, Germany, and Max Planck Institute of Colloids and Interfaces, D-14476 Potsdam, Germany.

* Corresponding author: University of Potsdam, Institute of Chemistry, Karl-Liebknecht-Str. 24-25, Building 26, D-14476 Golm. E-mail: ataubert@uni-potsdam.de; Tel.: +49 (0) 331 977 5773.

Single-crystal X-ray structure analyses for [PmimSO₃H][PTS] : Details of the crystal data, data collection and refinement are given in Table S1. The diffraction intensities were collected with graphite-monochromatized Mo K α radiation. Data collection and cell refinement were carried out using a Bruker Kappa X8 APEX II diffractometer. The temperature of the crystal was maintained at the selected value (200K) by means of a 700 series Cryostream cooling device to within an accuracy of ± 2 K. Intensity data were corrected for Lorenz-polarization and absorption factors. The structures were solved by direct methods using SHELXS-97¹ and refined against F^2 by full-matrix least-squares methods using SHELXL-97² with anisotropic displacement parameters for all non-hydrogen atoms. All calculations were performed by using the Crystal Structure crystallographic software package WINGX.³ The structure was drawn using ORTEP3.⁴ All hydrogen atoms were located on a difference Fourier map and introduced into the calculations as a riding model with isotropic thermal parameters.

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinement for the ionic liquid [PmimSO₃H][PTS]

Empirical formula	C₂₈ H₄₀ N₄ O₁₂ S₄
Crystal size (mm ³)	0.20 x 0.14 x 0.02
Formula weight (g mol ⁻¹)	752.92
Temperature (K)	200 (2)
Wavelength (Å)	0.71073
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ /n
Unit cell dimensions	
<i>a</i> (Å)	8.8902(3)
<i>b</i> (Å)	38.4841(12)
<i>c</i> (Å)	10.2135(3)
α (°)	90
β (°)	103.6130(10)
γ (°)	90
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	3396.19(19)
<i>Z</i>	4
D _{calc.} (Mg.m ⁻³)	1.467
Absorption coefficient (mm ⁻¹)	0.347
<i>F</i> (0 0 0)	1584
Index ranges	-12 < <i>h</i> < 12, -55 < <i>k</i> < 55, -13 < <i>l</i> <
Reflection collected	58 561
Independent reflections (<i>R</i> _{int})	9 232 (0.0390)
Observed reflections [<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>)]	6 451
Refinement method	Full matrix least squares on <i>F</i> ²
Final <i>R</i> indices [<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>)]	<i>R</i> 1 = 0.0433, <i>wR</i> 2 = 0.0971
Final <i>R</i> indices [<i>all data</i>]	<i>R</i> 1 = 0.0729, <i>wR</i> 2 = 0.1100
<i>S</i>	1.011
(Δ/σ) _{max}	0.004
(Δ ρ) _{max, min} [e Å ⁻³]	0.321 ; -0.368

Table S2. Selected bond distances (Å) and angles (°) in the ionic liquid [PmimSO₃H][PTS].*

	Distance/angle		Distance/angle
S1-O1(H)	1.5001(14)	S4-O10	1.4285(16)
S1-O2	1.4450(14)	S4-O11	1.4301(15)
S1-O3	1.4310(14)	S4-O12(H)	1.5168(15)
S2-O4	1.4326(13)	S3-O7(H)	1.4925(14)
S2-O5(H)	1.5020(13)	S3-O8	1.4292(16)
S2-O6	1.4435(13)	S3-O9	1.4321(15)
O3-S1-O2	116.97(9)	O10-S4-O11	117.33(10)
O3-S1-O1	112.11(8)	O10-S4-O12	107.35(9)
O2-S1-O1	106.91(8)	O11-S4-O12	110.57(10)
O3-S1-C1	107.78(8)	O10-S4-C22	109.33(10)
O2-S1-C1	106.39(8)	O11-S4-C22	107.52(9)
O1-S1-C1	106.01(8)	O12-S4-C22	103.95(9)
O4-S2-O6	116.71(9)	O8-S3-O9	115.54(10)
O4-S2-O5	112.01(8)	O8-S3-O7	110.36(10)
O6-S2-O5	106.87(8)	O9-S3-O7	110.67(9)
O4-S2-C8	108.04(8)	O8-S3-C15	107.37(10)
O6-S2-C8	106.42(8)	O9-S3-C15	108.67(9)
O5-S2-C8	106.17(8)	O7-S3-C15	103.46(8)

* All esds *are* estimated using the full covariance matrix.

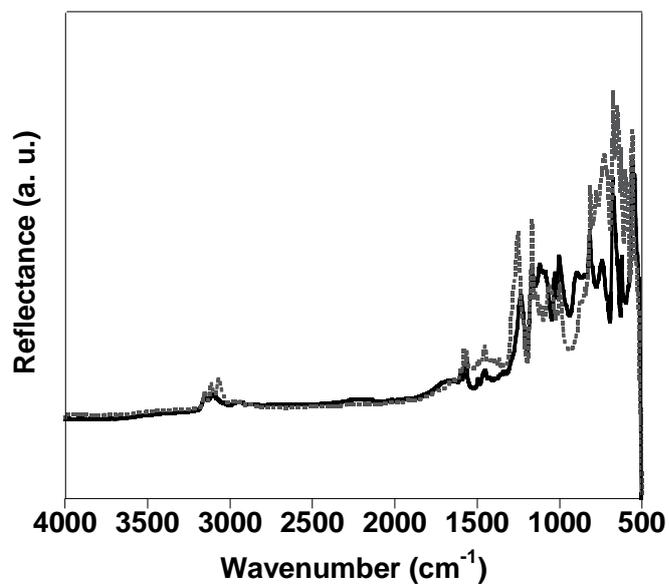


Figure S1. Infrared spectra of the as-synthesized IL (black straight line) and of the crystallized IL (grey dotted line).

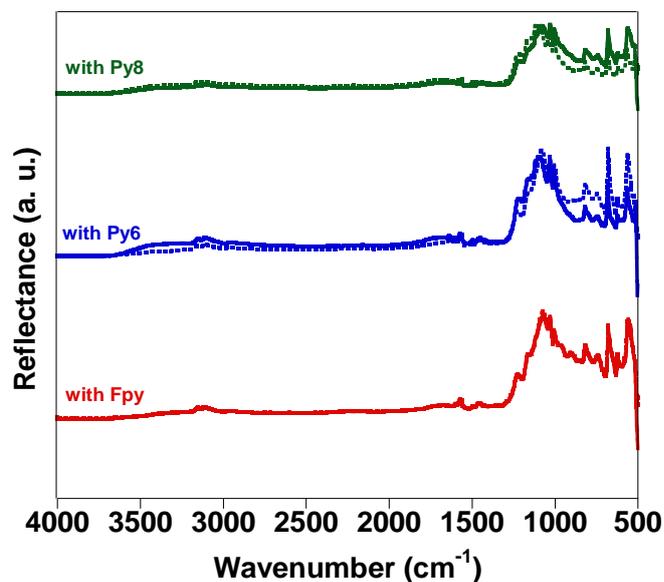


Figure S2. Infrared spectra before (dotted line) and after treatment at 120° C for 2 hours under N₂ stream (straight line) of the ionogels Fpy/IL (red), Py6/IL (blue), and Py8/IL (green).

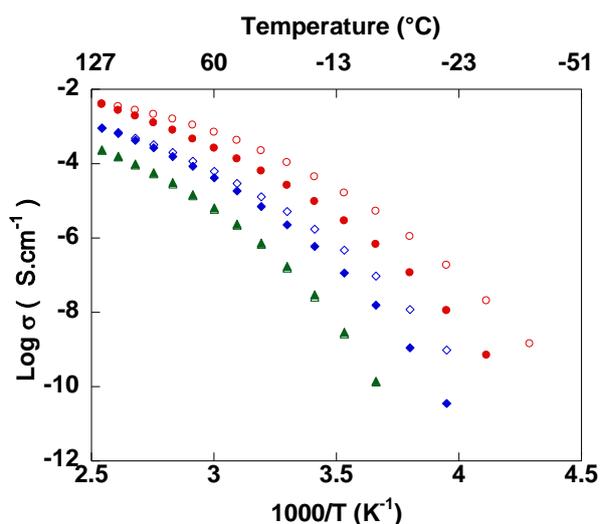


Figure S3. Conductivity vs. temperature during heating (open symbols) and cooling (closed symbols) of Fpy/IL as-synthesized (red circles), after drying under vacuum one night at 55°C (blue lozenges) and after drying 2 hours at 120° C under N₂ stream (green triangles).

References

1. G. M. Sheldrick, SHELXS-97, Program for Crystal Structure Solution, University of Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany, **1997**.
2. G. M. Sheldrick, SHELXL-97, Program for the refinement of crystal structures from diffraction data, University of Göttingen, Göttingen, Germany, **1997**.
3. L.J. Farrugia, J. Appl. Cryst. **1999**, 32, 837-838.
4. L.J. Farrugia, J. Appl. Cryst. **1997**, 30, 565.