

Supporting Information for

Hollow Anatase TiO₂ Porous Microspheres with V-shaped Channels and Exposed (101) Facets: Anisotropic Etching and Photovoltaic Property

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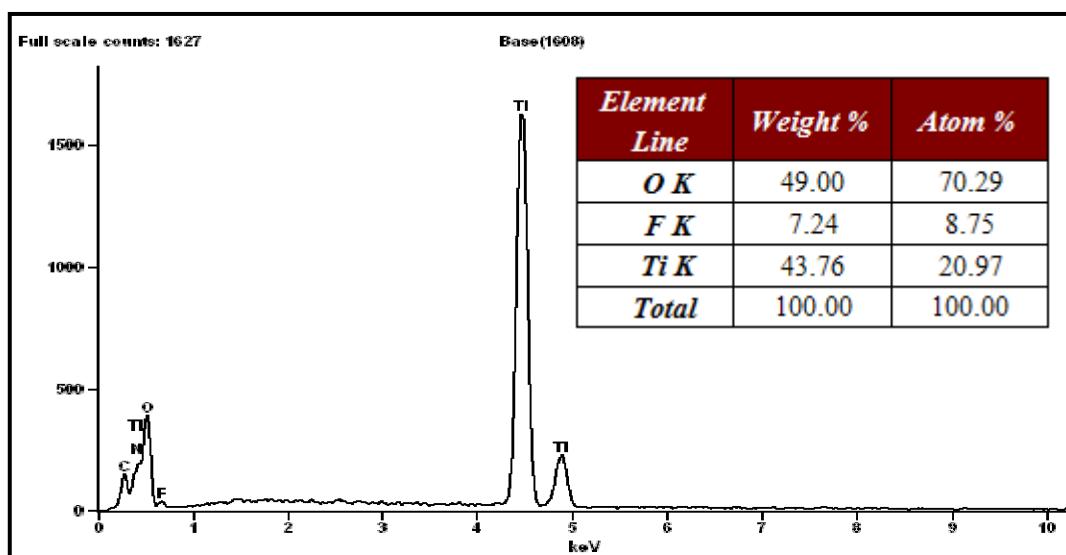


Fig. S1 A representative EDS spectrum of the anatase TiO_2 microsphere obtained by using 0.5 g ammonium fluoride. Carbon is generated from carbon tape while nitrogen is generated from liquid nitrogen used in the measurement. The inset is the corresponding elements content, showing that the product is composed of titanium, oxygen, and fluorine elements.

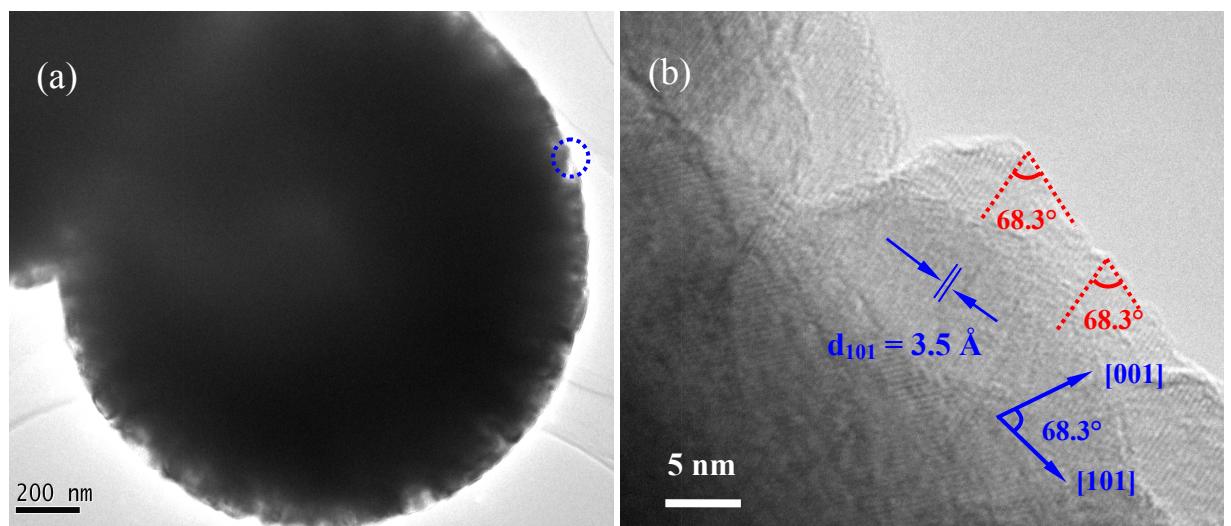


Fig. S2 TEM image of an individual TiO_2 microsphere (a). The region in blue dashed circle is further investigated by HRTEM and shown in (b). Lattice distance of 3.5 \AA corresponds to the lattice space of anatase TiO_2 (101) facet, while the angle value of 68.3° corresponds to the angle between (101) and (001) facets of anatase TiO_2 .

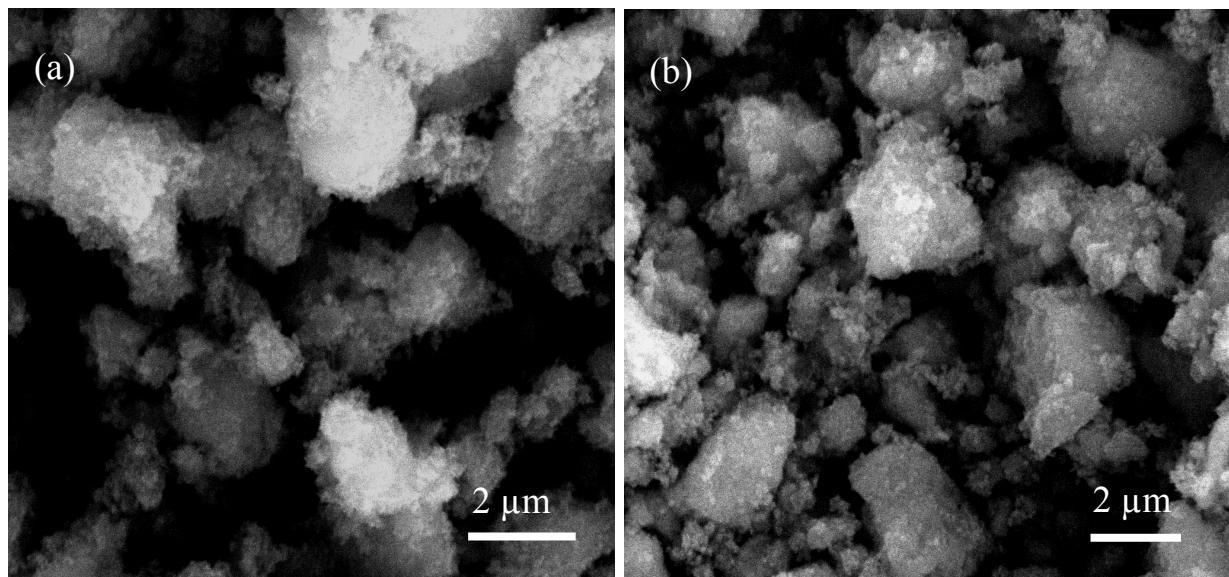


Fig. S3 SEM images of bulk TiO_2 samples obtained without (a) hydrogen peroxide, or without (b) ammonium fluoride.

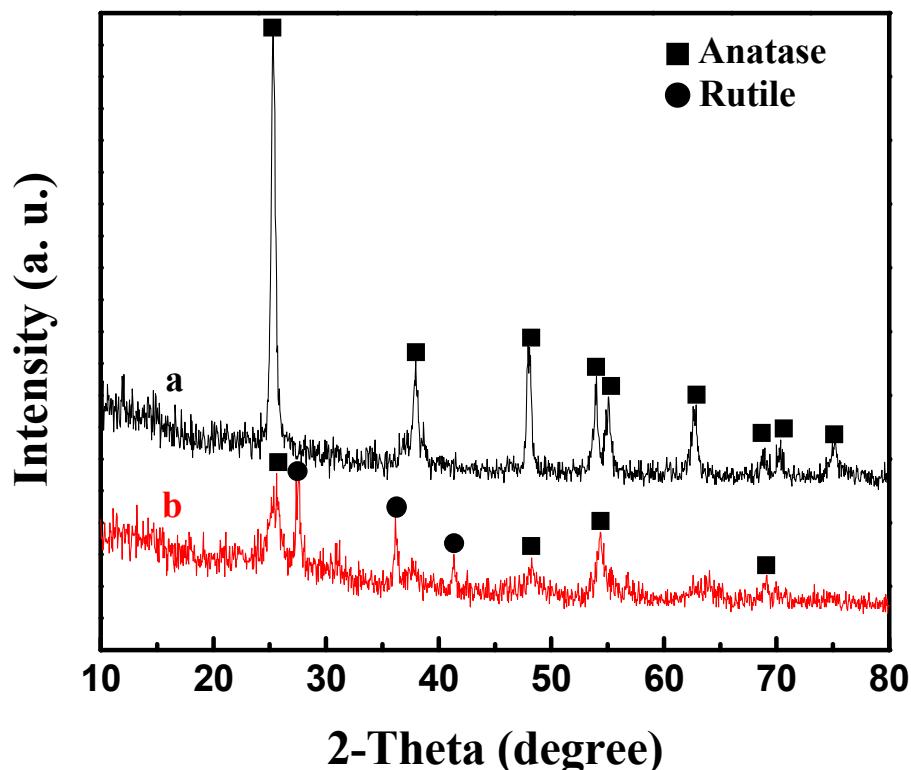


Fig. S4 XRD patterns of bulk TiO_2 samples obtained without (a) hydrogen peroxide, or without (b) ammonium fluoride. When hydrogen peroxide was absent, the sample obtained is pure anatase TiO_2 , however, mixed phased anatase/rutile TiO_2 was obtained when ammonium fluoride not used.