

# Supplementary Information

## Characterization and Drug Release Behavior of Highly Responsive and Chip-like

### Electrically Modulated Reduced Graphene Oxide/ Poly(vinyl alcohol)

#### Membranes

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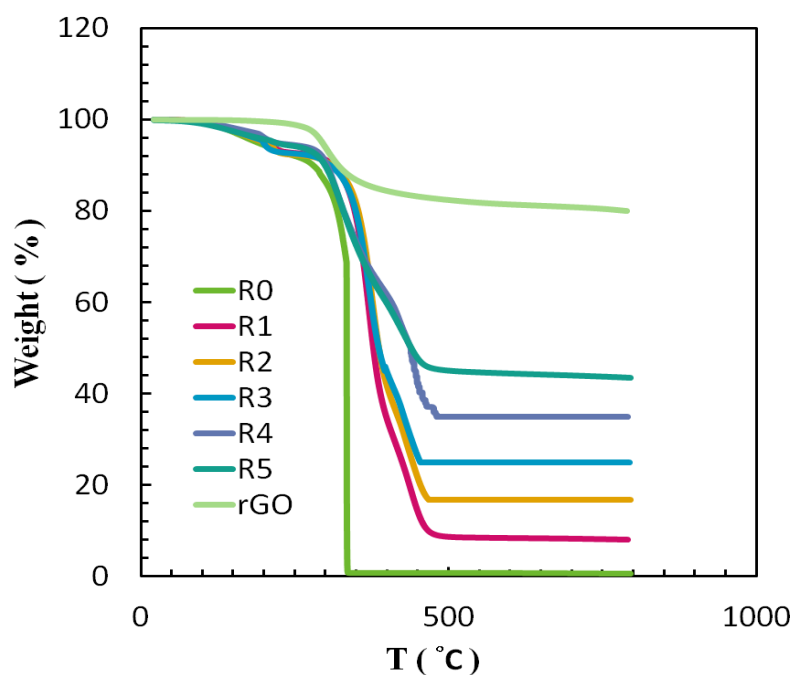
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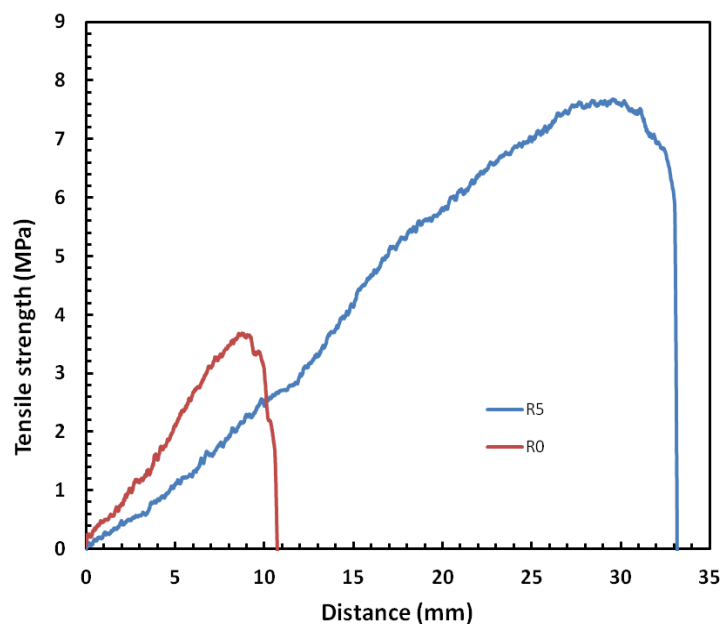
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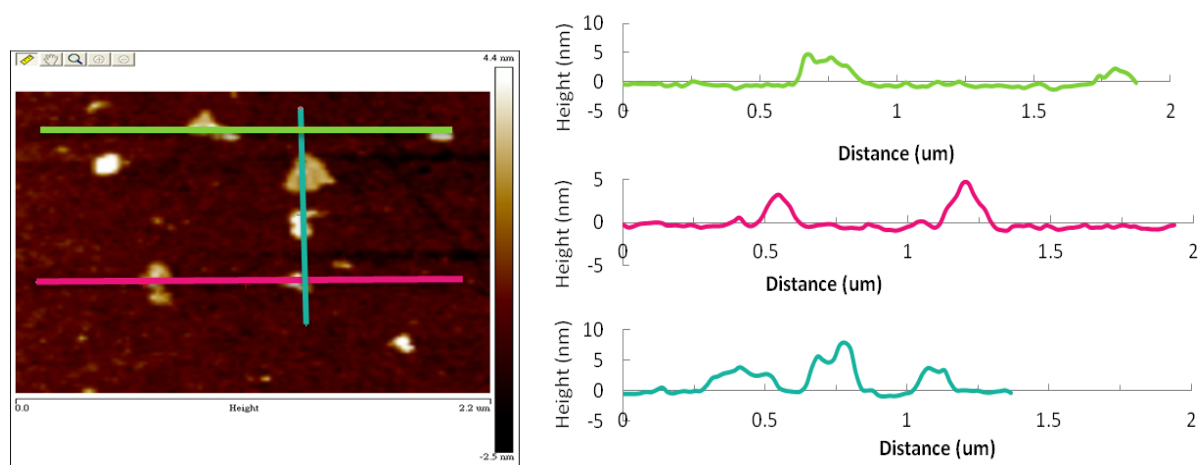
Corresponding author: San-Yuan Chen



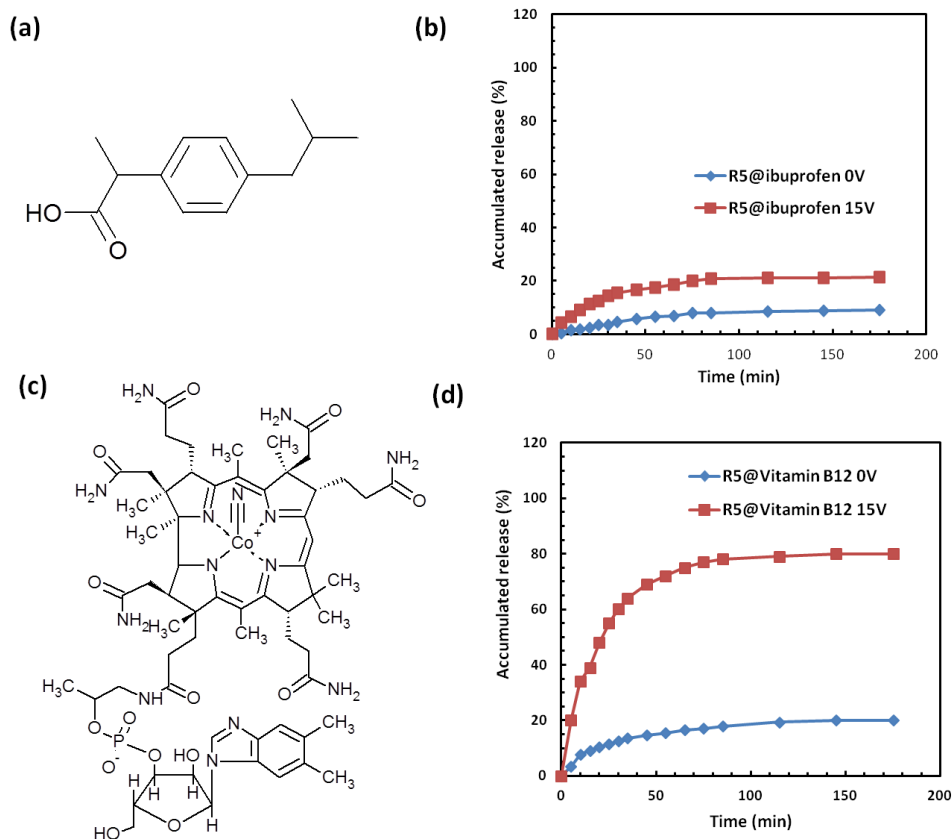
**Fig. S1** Thermogravimetric curves of pure PVA, reduced graphene oxide, and rGO/PVA hydrogels with different rGO loading.



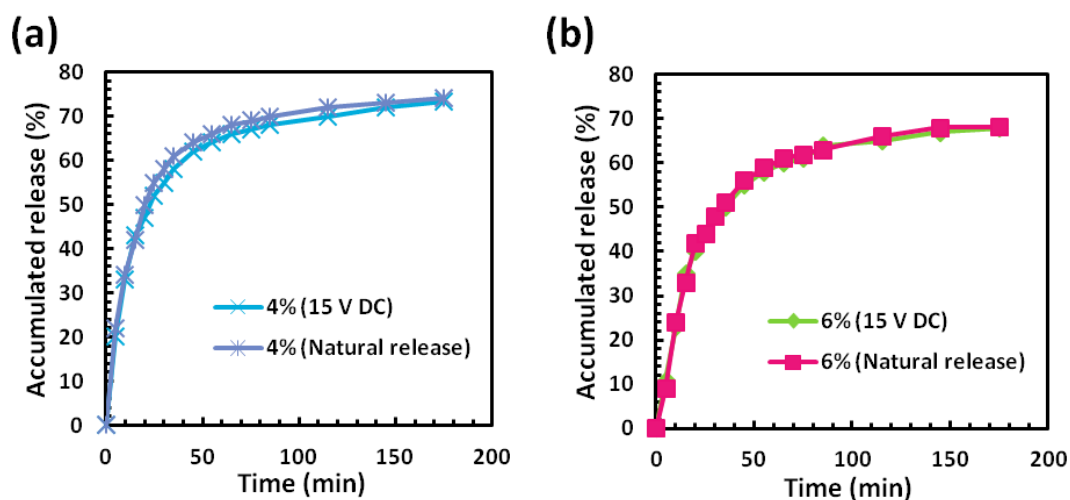
**Fig. S2** The hybrid hydrogels higher rGO content show much enhanced mechanical property.



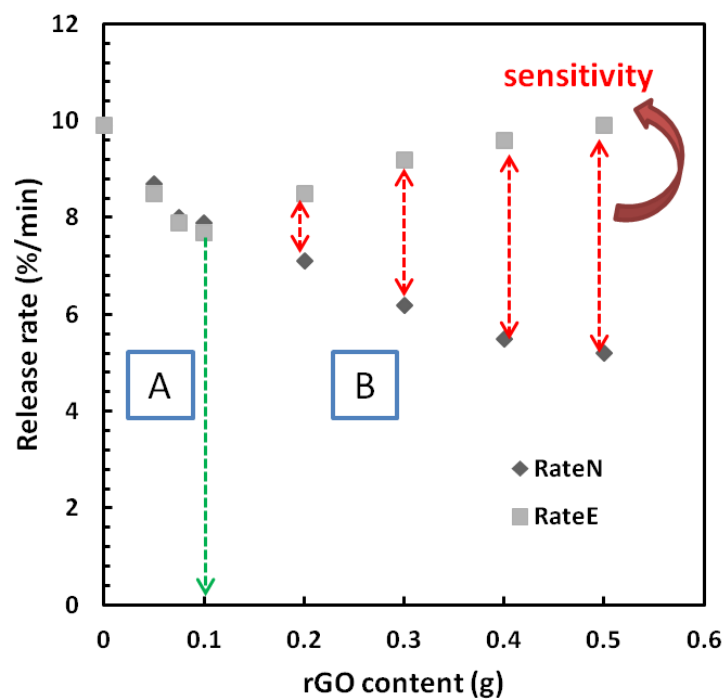
**Fig. S3** AFM image of exfoliated rGO sheets with three height profiles acquired in different locations.



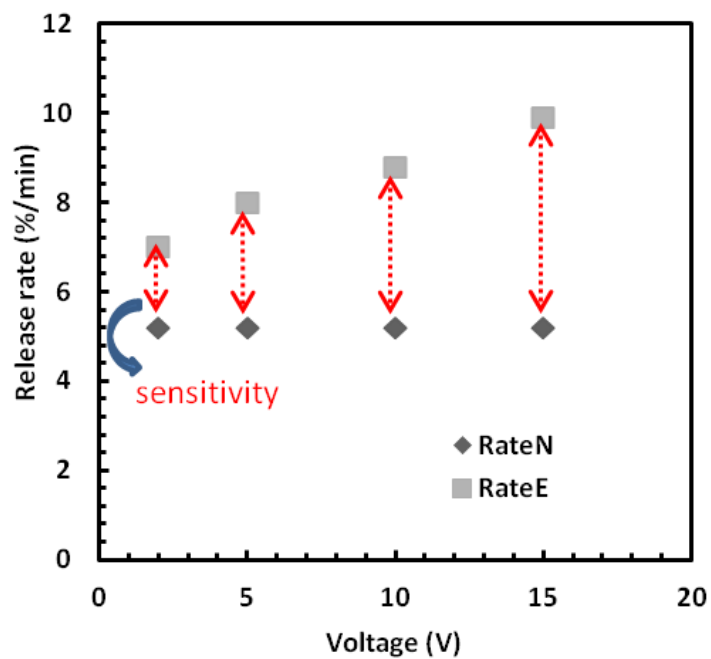
**Fig. S4** (a) The chemical structure of ibuprofen (hydrophobic drug). (b) The drug release behavior of ibuprofen from R5 rGO/PVA hydrogel. (c) The chemical structure of vitamin B<sub>12</sub> (higher molecular weight and hydrophilic drug). (d) The drug release behavior of vitamin B<sub>12</sub> from R5 rGO/PVA hydrogel. All the drug release results reflect the average of three measurements, and the difference between each measurement is < 5%.



**Fig. S5** The accumulated natural and electrically-stimulated release of rGO/PVA hydrogel with (a) 4 wt% rGO (b) 6 wt% rGO. Both natural and electrical-stimulation release displayed almost the same drug released amount for the rGO/PVA hydrogels with the rGO loading below 8.11wt%. The electrical stimulation did not show an enhancement in the drug released amount for 4wt% and 6wt% rGO-loaded hydrogels. Moreover, the cumulative released drug level of the electrically-stimulated hydrogels is slight reduction as compared to those naturally released. For 4wt% rGO, the accumulated release level for natural release is 74.12%, while for electrical stimulation is 73.33%. For 6wt% rGO, the accumulated release level for natural release is 68.13%, while for electrical stimulation is 67.89%.



**Fig. S6** Electric sensitivity of rGO/PVA hydrogel for naturally-released rate ( $R_N$ ) and the electrically-stimulated released rate ( $R_E$ ) under applied with a constant applied voltage(15 V) at a short time period in terms of the content of rGO. (Region A: little sensitivity; Region B: region of increasing sensitivity)



**Fig. S7** Electric sensitivity of R5 rGO/PVA hydrogel for the naturally-released rate ( $R_N$ ) and electrically-stimulated released rate ( $R_E$ ) under different voltage stimulation at a short time period .