

Supporting Information

1. Experimental

We adopted two methods to produce two types of pristine mesoporous silica nanoparticles without magnetic Fe₃O₄ cores (MSN).

1.1 Synthesis of MSN-h

- 5 5 mg synthesized magnetic mesoporous silica nanoparticles (M-MSNs) were dispersed in 20 mL ethanol and then 120 μL concentrated hydrochloric acid was added. The mixture was heated and refluxed at 60 °C overnight. Then it was centrifuged and washed with ethanol three times and the product was denoted as MSN-h.

1.2 Synthesis of MSN

- 10 MSN was synthesized under the same condition as M-MSN without adding oleic acid stabilized Fe₃O₄ nanoparticles. Briefly, 10 mL aqueous solution containing 0.15 g CTAB was added to a solution of 45 mL water and 2 mL NaOH (2 M), followed by heating at 70 °C for 10 min under stirring. Afterward, 0.5 mL TEOS and 2 mL ethyl acetate was introduced dropwise to the reaction solution under 70 °C for 3 h and the resultant products were collected by centrifugation and washed repeatedly with ethanol and water to remove any non-reacted reagents. Finally, the template removal was performed by a highly efficient ion-exchange method. The as-prepared sample was denoted as MSNs.

15 2. Results

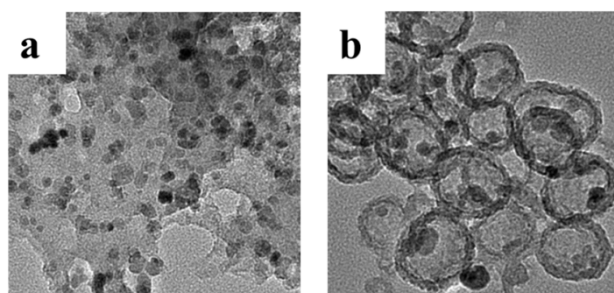


Fig. S1 TEM images of M-MSNs and M-MSN@PEI immersed in PBS (0.1 mg mL⁻¹) for 50 h at 37 °C.

Table S1 the Dynamic Light Scattering (DLS) characterization for M-MSN and M-MSN@PEI

Particles	Hydrodynamic size (nm)	Polydispersity Index	Zeta potential (mv)
M-MSNs	100.4	0.053	-29.75 ± 0.25
M-MSN@PEI	132.5	0.058	46.95 ± 0.35
M-MSN@PEI-50 h	-	-	34.55 ± 0.30

Note: M-MSN@PEI-50 h refers to the sample of M-MSN@PEI after immersing 50 h in PBS