

## Supporting Information for

### Bio-Sensing with Compact Discs and Nanofibers

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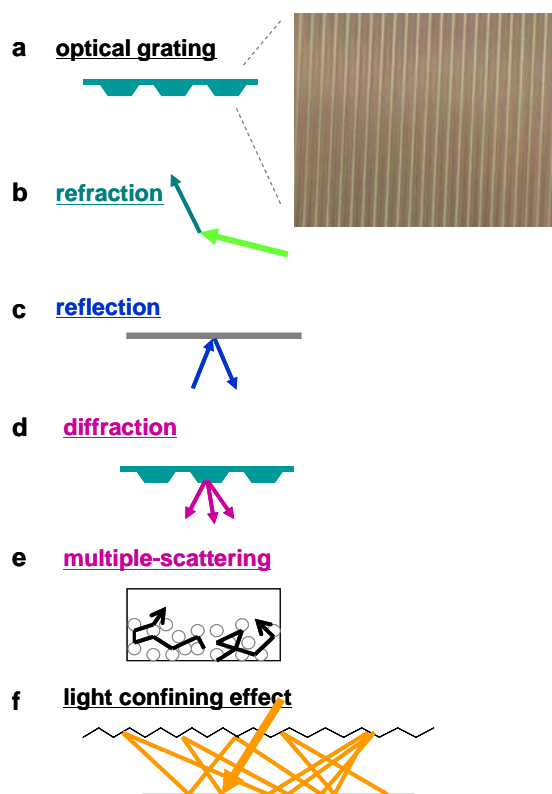
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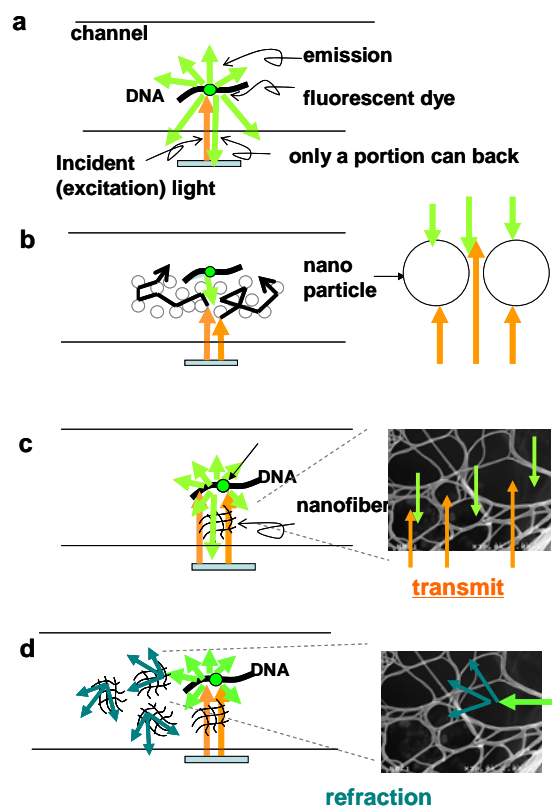
#### Supporting Figures

We supply the supporting figures to supplement the descriptions in the text.



#### Supporting Figure 1

Schematic images of **a**) optical grating, **b**) refraction, **c**) reflection, **d**) diffraction of light, **e**) multiple light scattering, and **f**) light-confining effect (solar cell effect) are shown.



#### Supporting Figure 2

Reflection, diffraction and light-scattering images by media. **a**, The conventional system: the emission of light from fluorescent dye is dispersed spherically. Only a portion of the emitted light can travel back to the detector. **b**, The conventional multiple-light scattering image in the buffer containing nanospheres. Some incident light beams are interrupted by the surface of the nanoparticles. Only a portion of the incident light can travel through the particles. The amount of incident light that hits the DNA will decrease. **c**, Additional nanofiber medium: both incident and excitation lights can travel through the nanopores, so the absorption of emission and excitation lights will be lower than in the conventional methods (a) and b)). **d**, Refraction image on the surface of nanofibers.