## Description of the leaching experiments

Leaching experiments were conducted by submerging samples into deuterated solvents and placing them on a shaking board for a period of 24 hours. The solvents used were either deuterated chloroform (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) or deuterium oxide (D<sub>2</sub>O). The leaching solutions were analyzed by <sup>1</sup>H-NMR recorded on a Brucker Avance AM 400 NMR instrument using a spectral window of 20 ppm, an acquisition time of 4 seconds, and a relaxation delay of 1 second. Starting compounds in analyzed in CDCl<sub>3</sub> were used as references.

Figure 8: Leaching of OSTE-Thiol (90). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of A) Triallyl in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, B) Tetrathiol in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, C) OSTE-Thiol (90) leached in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, and D) OSTE-Thiol (90) leached in  $D_2O$ . As can be seen both constituents were leached in CDCl<sub>3</sub> while none were leached in  $D_2O$ .

Figure 9: Leaching of OSTE-Allyl (30). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of A) Triallyl in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, B) Trithiol in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, C) OSTE-Allyl (30) leached in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, and D) OSTE-Allyl (30) leached in  $D_2O$ . The triallyl was found to leach in CDCl<sub>3</sub> while none of the constituents were leached in  $D_2O$ .