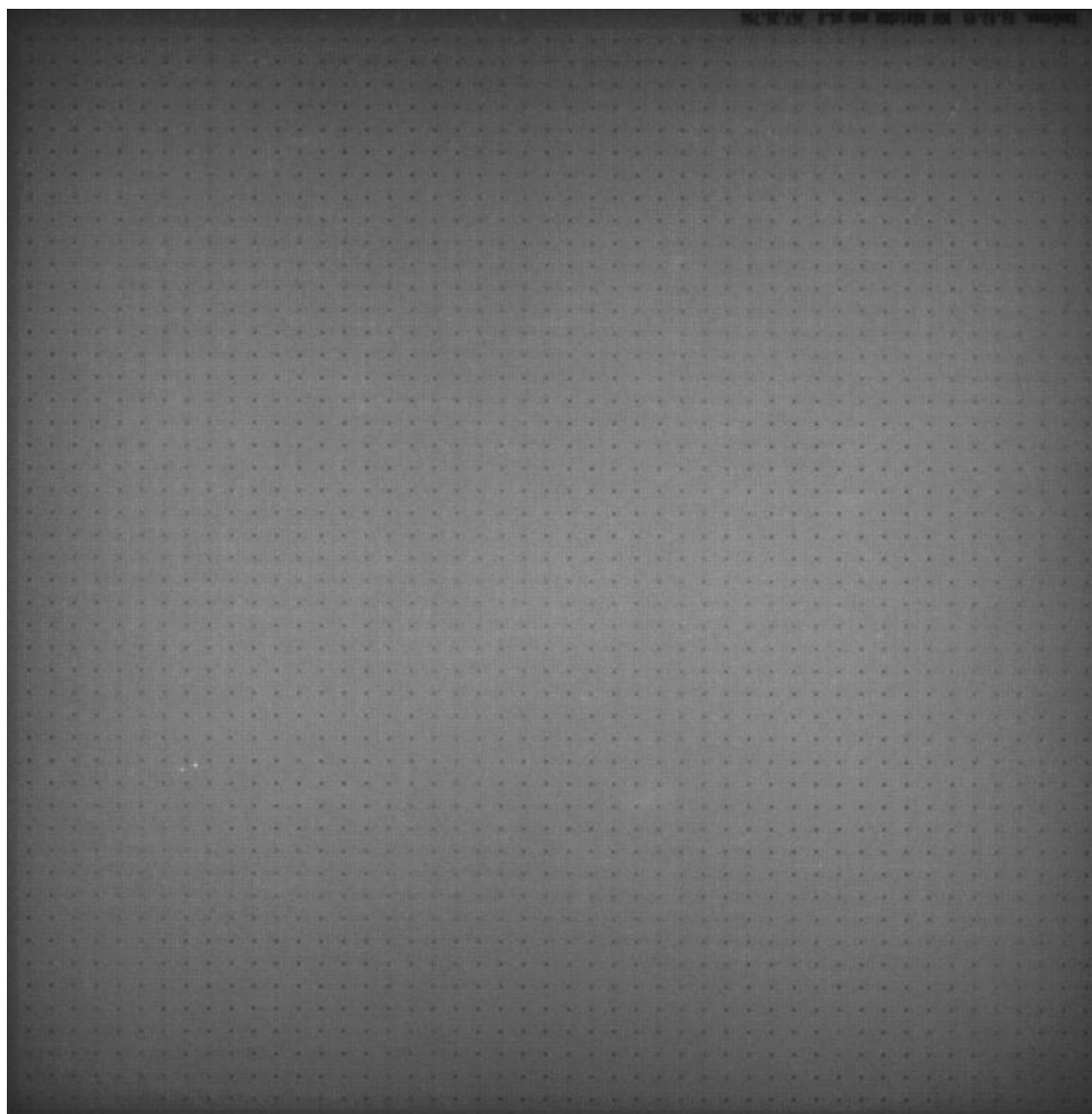
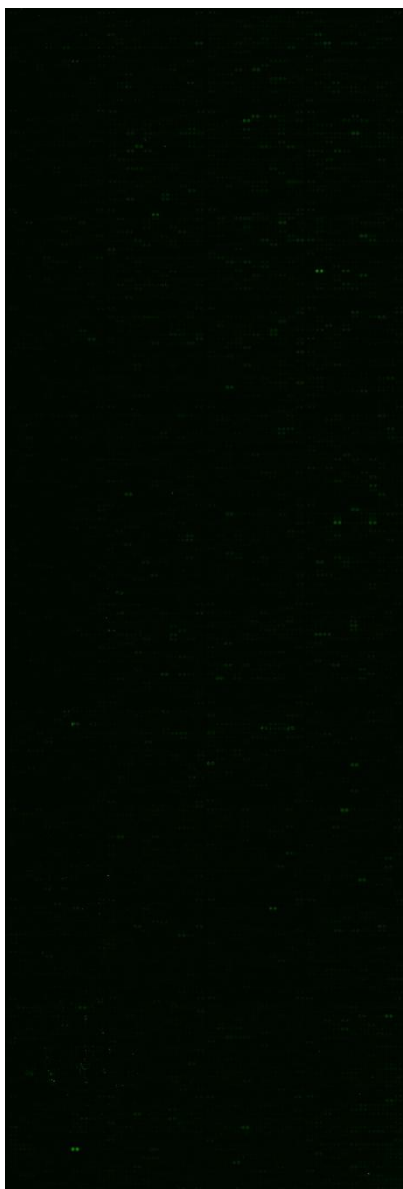


**Identification of a high-affinity network of secretagogin-binding proteins involved in vesicle secretion - Supplementary information**

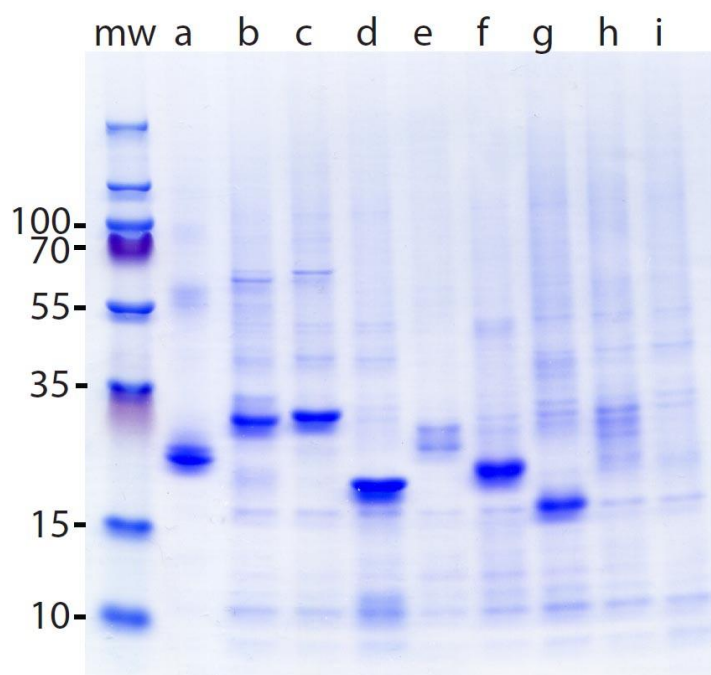
Mikael C. Bauer<sup>1\*</sup>, David J. O'Connell<sup>2\*</sup>, Magdalena Maj<sup>3</sup>, Ludwig Wagner<sup>3</sup>, Dolores J. Cahill<sup>2</sup>, Sara Linse<sup>1†</sup>



**Fig. S1** The hEx1 macroarray imaged at 480 nm after overnight incubation with 1  $\mu$ M Alexafluor488 labeled secretagogin in TBS with 1 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  and then washed six times in TBS-T with 1 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ .



**Fig S2.** The ProtoArray imaged at 532 nm after 90 min incubation with 1  $\mu$ M Alexafluor546 labeled secretagoin in TBS with 1 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  and then washed five times in TBS with 1 mM  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ .



**Fig S3.** SDS-PAGE gel of the protein solutions used in SPR validation experiments. (a) DDAH-2, (b) myeloid leukaemia factor 2, (c) kif5b (d) ARFGAP2, (e) ATP synthase, (f) doc2-alpha, (g) SNAP-23, (h) rootletin, (i) beta tubulin.

	N-term	EF-hand	Linker
HumEF1	MDSREPTLGRLDAA	<u>GFWQVWQRFDADEKGYIEEKELDAFFLHML</u>	MKLGTTDDTVMKANLHK
DanEF1	MDSAFANLDAA	<u>GFLQIWQHFDADDNGYIEGKELDDFFRHML</u>	KKLQPKDKITDERVQQ
HumEF2		<u>VKQQFMTTQDASKDGRIRMKELAGMFLSED</u>	ENFLLFRRENPM L D S S V
DanEF2		<u>IKKSFMSAYDATFDGRLQIEELANMILPQE</u>	ENFLLIFRREAP-LDNSV
HumEF3		<u>EFMQIWRKYDADSSGFISAAELRNFLRDLF</u>	LHHKKAISEAKLEE
DanEF3		<u>EFMKIWRKYDADSSGYISAAELKNFLKDLF</u>	LQHKKKIPPNKLDE
HumEF4		<u>YTGTMMKIFDRNKDGRDLNLDLARILALQE</u>	NFLLQFKMDACSTEERK
DanEF4		<u>YTDAMMKIFDKNKDGRDLNLDLARILALQE</u>	NFLLQFKMDASSQVERK
HumEF5		<u>DFEKIFAYYDVSKTGALEGPEVDGFVKDMM</u>	ELVQPSISGVDLDK
DanEF5		<u>DFEKIFAHYDVSR TGALEGPEVDGFVKDMM</u>	ELVRPSISGGDLDK
HumEF6		<u>FREILLRHCDVNKDGKIQKSELALCLGLKI</u>	NP
DanEF6		<u>FRECLLTHCDMKNKDGKIQKSELALCLGLKH</u>	KP
EF-hand Consensus		EJ**JJ**JX*Y*ZG*JX**ZJ**JJ**J*	

**Figure S4.** Amino acid sequences of human (Hum) and zebra fish (Dan) secretagogin with identities in yellow. The EF-hand loops are underlined. The EF-hand consensus sequence is shown at the bottom with the calcium coordinating positions labeled X, Y, Z, -X and -Z, J=hydrophobic residue, E = glutamate and G = glycine.

**Table S1.** Proteins names, uniprot IDs and sizes of the clones for the putative targets found in the screen of the hEx1 library. \*This clone has a very high homology to the proteins rootletin and rootletin-like 1, the sequence expressed by the clone shows a identity >90% with the given region of rootletin

<b>Name</b>	<b>UniProt ID</b>	<b>Size of clone</b>
<u>Validated</u>		
N(G),N(G)-dimethylarginine dimethylaminohydrolase 2 (DDAH-2)	O95865	76-285
synaptosomal-associated protein 23 (SNAP-23)	O00161	79-211
myeloid leukemia factor 2	Q15773	43-248
ADP-ribosylation factor GTPase-activating protein 2 (ARFGAP2)	Q8N6H7	362-521
kinesin heavy chain (kif5b)	P33176	755-963
double C2-like domain-containing protein alpha (DOC2alpha)	Q14183	
ATP synthase O subunit	P48047	
rootletin	Q5TZA2	483-653*
tubulin, beta	P07437	299-430
<u>Non-Validated</u>		
hemoglobin alpha subunit	P69905	1-142
ribosomal protein S2	P15880	1-293
proteasome subunit beta type 5	P28074	25-160

**Table S2.** Protein name, Gene ID and signal intensity of top ranking target from ProtoArray screen. Proteins in italic was also found in a parallel screen for calmodulin targets.

<i>Piccolo</i>	BC001304.1	614.5
SNAP23	NM_003825.2	556
kinesin light chain 2	NM_022822.1	299.5
<i>cortactin</i>	NM_138565.1	274.5
chromosome 11 open reading frame 52	NM_080659.1	228
sciellin	BC047536.1	217.5
chromosome 19 open reading frame 43	NM_024038.2	217

**Table S3.** A summary of the validated and putative secretagogin targets grouped according to known functions related to vesicles. Proteins in brackets are non-validated putative targets.

*Vesicular fusion*

SNAP-23	Part of SNARE-complexes in non-neuronal cells which control fusion of vesicles with membranes.
ADP-ribosylation factor GTPase-activating protein 2, ARFGAP2 (ARFGAP 3)	Essential proteins for vesicle transport from ER to Golgi.
double C2-like domain- containing protein alpha, DOC2alpha (cortactin)	Regulates Ca <sup>2+</sup> -dependent lysosome exocytosis.  Constituent of clathrin-coated pits, involved in endocytosis.

*Vesicular transport*

kinesin heavy chain 1, KIF5B (kinesin light chain 2, KLC2) (kinesin light chain 4, KLC4)	Parts of the kinesin assembly. Moves along microtubuli and bind vesicles. Binds SNAP proteins.
β-tubulin	Together with α-tubulin the constituent of microtubulin filaments used for transport of vesicles and organelles.

*Vesicular scaffolds*

rootletin (piccolo)	Monomer of the rootlet a large structural unit in rod-cells. Binds vesicles and interacts with kinesins.  Acts as a scaffold for vesicles and for protein assemblies in the presynaptic active zone.
------------------------	--





## Supplementary discussion

Four of the top seven putative targets from the ProtoArray screen are involved in vesicle trafficking thus have a functional link to the validated ones from the hEX1 array. Piccolo is a huge protein, over 5000 amino acids, which is found in the presynaptic active zone and is thought to act as a scaffold for vesicles and protein assemblies (2, 3). Kinesin light chain 2 is part of the kinesin assembly that transports vesicles (1) and cortactin is part of the clathrin-coated pits, where endocytosis is initiated (4). SNAP-23 is among the validated proteins found in the human protein (hEx1) screen. Among the proteins with lower intensities in the ProtoArray screen is ARFGAP3, a functional homologue of the validated protein ARFGAP2. A brief summary of both validated and non-validated target proteins involved in vesicle trafficking grouped after functions is found in Table S3.

## References

1. Morton, AM., Cunningham, AL., and Diefenbach, RJ. Kinesin-1 plays a role in transport of SNAP-25 to the plasma membrane, *Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun.* 2010, 391, 388-393.
2. Wang, X., Kibschull, M., Laue, M.M., Lichte, B., Perasch-Parwwz, E., and Kilimann, M.W. Aczonin, a 550-kD putative scaffolding protein of presynaptic active zones, shares homology regions with rim and bassoon and binds proffilin, *J. Cell Biol.* 1999, 147, 151-162
3. Mukherjee, K., Yang, X., Greber, S.H., Kwon, H.-K., Ho, A., Castillo, P.E., Liu, X., and Südhof T.C. Piccolo and bassoon maintain synaptic vesicle clustering without directly participating in vesicle exocytosis, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.* 2010, 107, 6504-6509.
4. Cao, H., Orth, J.D., Chen, J., Weller, S.G., Heuser, J.E. and McNiven, M.A. Cortactin is a component of clathrin-coated pits and participates in receptor-mediated endocytosis. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 2003, 23, 2162-2170.