

Supporting Information

Fluoride ligands exhibit marked departures from the hydrogen bond acceptor behavior of its heavier halogen congeners

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Table S1. Model geometries (\AA , deg) used in ab initio calculations.

Figure S1. Spatially normalized plots⁹ of hydrogen bond distances (represented as R_{HX}^{-3}) against angle at the hydrogen (represented as $1 - \cos(T)$, $T = 180 - (D-H\cdots X)$) for hydrogen bonds $D-H\cdots X-M$; $D = C$ (top), $D = N$ (middle), $D = O$ (bottom), $X = F$ (left), $X = Cl$, $X = Br$, $X = I$ (right).

Figure S2. Spatially normalized plots⁹ of hydrogen bond distances (represented as R_{HX}^{-3}) against angle at the halogen (represented as $1 - \cos(A)$, $A = 180 - (H\cdots X-M)$) for hydrogen bonds $D-H\cdots X-M$; $D = C$ (top), $D = N$ (middle), $D = O$ (bottom), $X = F$ (left), $X = Cl$, $X = Br$, $X = I$ (right).

Figure S3. Calculated electrostatic potential in the plane perpendicular to the metal coordination plane for the model compounds *trans*-PdX(Me)(PH₃)₂; $X = F, Cl, Br, I$. Electrostatic potential represented with color gradation and contoured at 10 kcal/mol intervals. Only negative and zero contours shown; atoms that lie below the coordination plane are not shown.

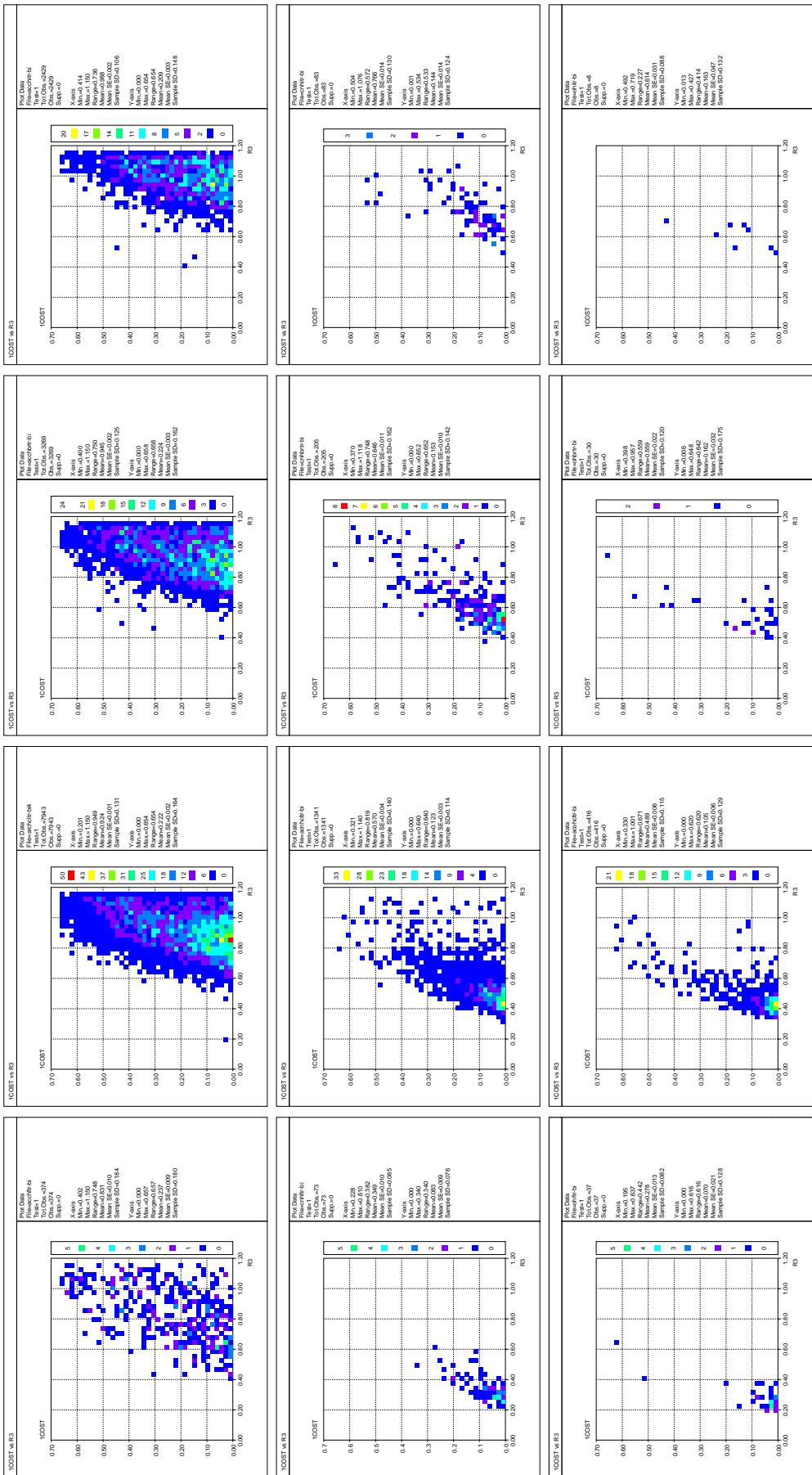
Table S1. Model geometries (\AA , deg) used in ab initio calculations

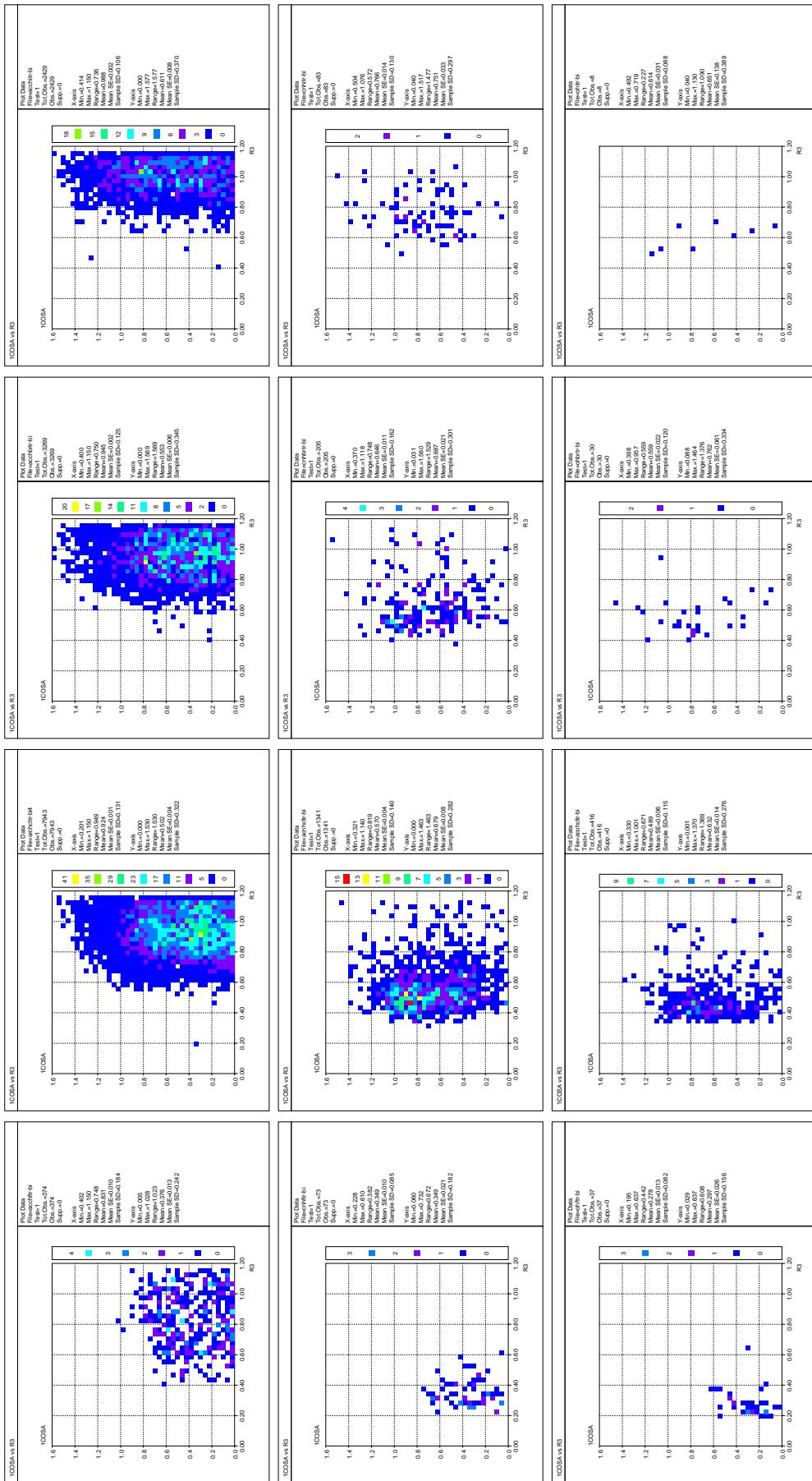
Pd-F	1.87 ^a	Pd-P	2.33 ^a
Pd-Cl	2.42 ^a	Pd-C	2.05 ^a
Pd-Br	2.55 ^a	P-H	1.409 ^c
Pd-I	2.75 ^a	C-H	1.095 ^c
P-Pd-X	90.0 ^b	Pd-P-H	118.12 ^c
P-Pd-C	90.0 ^b	Pd-C-H	112.59 ^c
C-Pd-X	180.0 ^b		

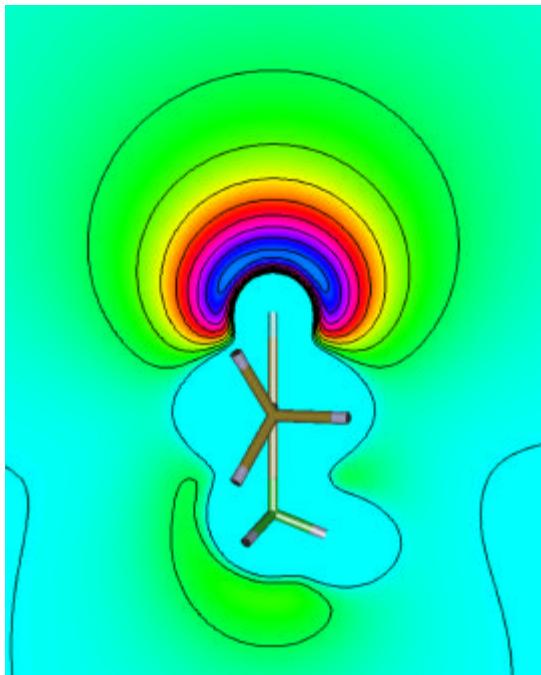
a) taken from representative literature crystal structures

b) idealized

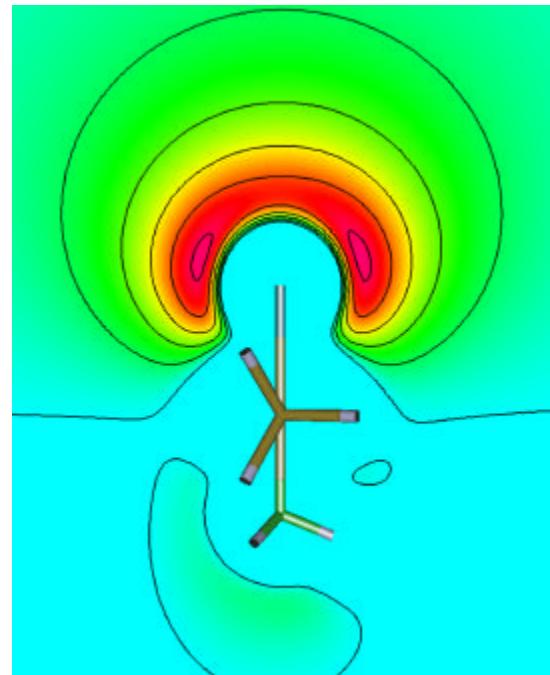
c) derived by geometry optimization on the fluoride complex with heavy atom positions fixed.



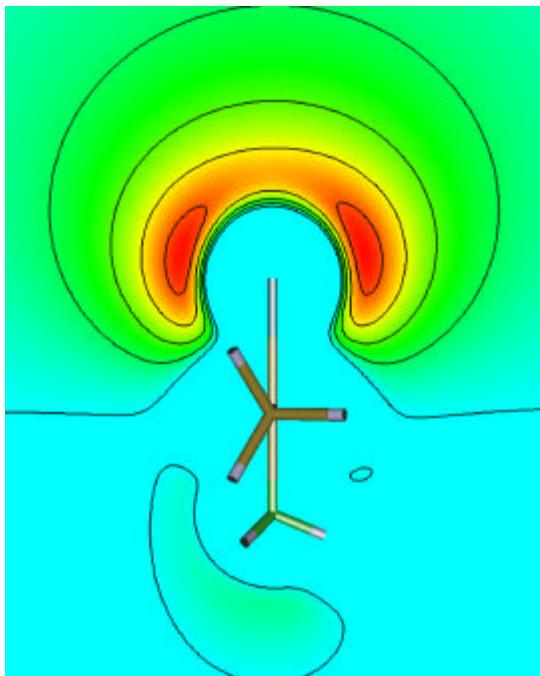




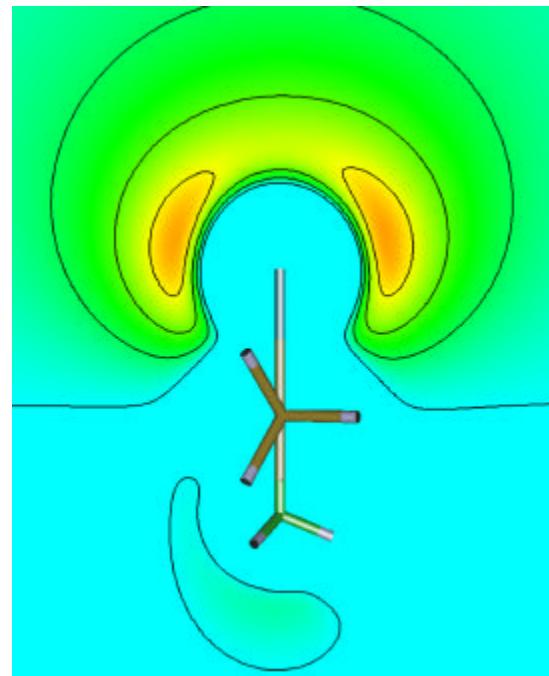
$\text{PdF}(\text{Me})(\text{PH}_3)_2$



$\text{PdCl}(\text{Me})(\text{PH}_3)_2$



$\text{PdBr}(\text{Me})(\text{PH}_3)_2$



$\text{PdI}(\text{Me})(\text{PH}_3)_2$

Figure S3.