Supplementary Information Presented with the Paper Entitled

Supramolecular Assembly Based on *p*-Sulfonatothiacalix[6]arene with Sodium and Water molecules

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Experimental Section for General Procedures

 Table 1 Effect of yield for 1 by various reaction temperatures.

General Procedure

¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were taken on Bruker DPX 300 spectrometer. IR spectra were obtained with a Perkin-Elmer SPECTRUM 2000 spectrophotometer.

Referring a procedure of synthesis of 2, we tried to synthesize 1. Unfortunately, there was something problems, because salting out with excess of NaCl gave impured precipitates containing 1. To obtain 1 as pure, we modified purification method. The obtained precipitates were washed with a small amount of conc. H_2SO_4 to remove impure substances. After that precipitates was resolved in water, and insoluble fractions was separated by filtration. Pure 1 was obtained from the resulting water soluble fractions by addition of excess NaCl. Table 1 show that the reaction temperature for sulfonation of *p-tert*-butylthiacalix[6]arene (TC6A). In the case of Run 1, it was observed that almost unreacted TC6A was isolated. In the case of Run 2, amount of 10°C of a reaction temperature works effectively. In the case of Run 3, it was observed a yield came up more 10% increase. However, in the cases of Run 4 and 5, the yields go down, which means decomposition reaction proceeded than that of sulfonation. The most favourable reaction condition was determined as reaction temperature and reaction time are 100°C and 3 h, respectively.

Run	Temperature (°C)	Unreacted TC6A (g)	yield (%)
1	80	0.71	8 (0.09 g)
2	90	0.46	28 (0.32 g)
3	100	0.27	38 (0.43 g)
4	110	0.10	36 (0.41 g)
5	120	0	0

Table 1 (Supplementary Information)

Reaction time: 3 h, Starting material: TC6A 1.0 g (0.925 mmol), Reagent: conc. $H_2SO_4 10 \text{ mL}$