

Support Information

Fabrication of Mesoporous Silica-Fiber/Gold Core-Shell Hybrid Nanostructure Enhancing Electron Transfer in Glucose Oxidase Biosensor

Haigang Kang, Yihua Zhu, Xiaoling Yang, Jianhua Shen, Chungzhong Li*

Key Laboratory for Ultrafine Materials of Ministry of Education, School of Materials

Science and Engineering, East China University of Science and Technology,

Shanghai 200237, China

*Corresponding author: Fax: +86-21-64250624;

E-mail address: yhzhu@ecust.edu.cn (Y. Zhu)

Figure S1. Infrared spectra of (a) non-heated and (b) after-heated electrospun silica fibers.

Figure S2. (A) DTG and (B) TGA for silica fibers heated at 40-800 °C at 10 °C /min in air.

Figure S3. N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherm and the calculated pore size distribution of the electrospun mesoporous silica fibers (inset).

Figure S4. TEM images gold colloid synthesized in absence of silica fibers supporting gold seeds. The reduction time is 5 h and the molar ration of PVP K30 repeating units to AuCl₄⁻ ions, R = 405.

Figure S1.

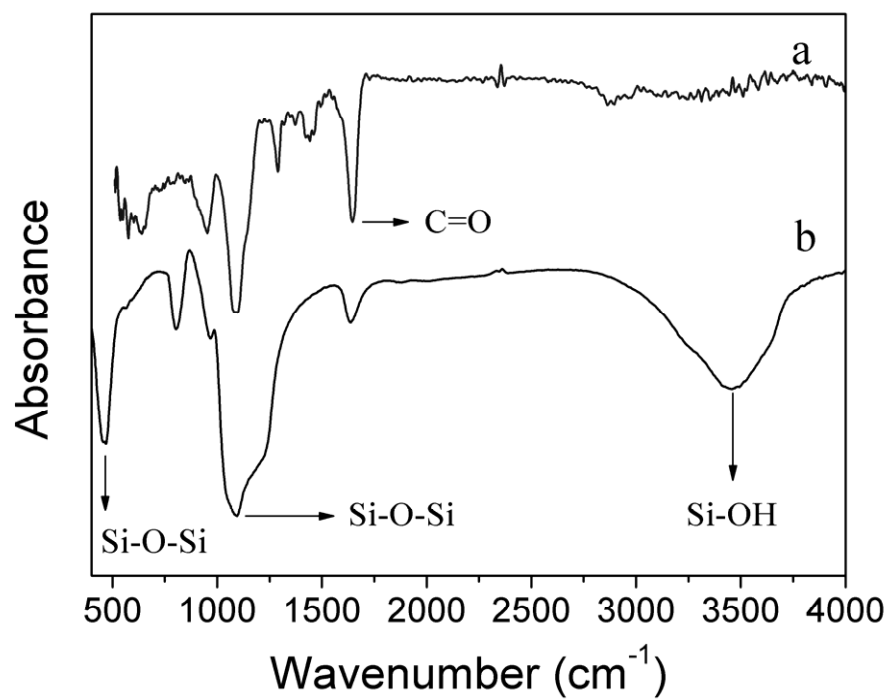


Figure S2.

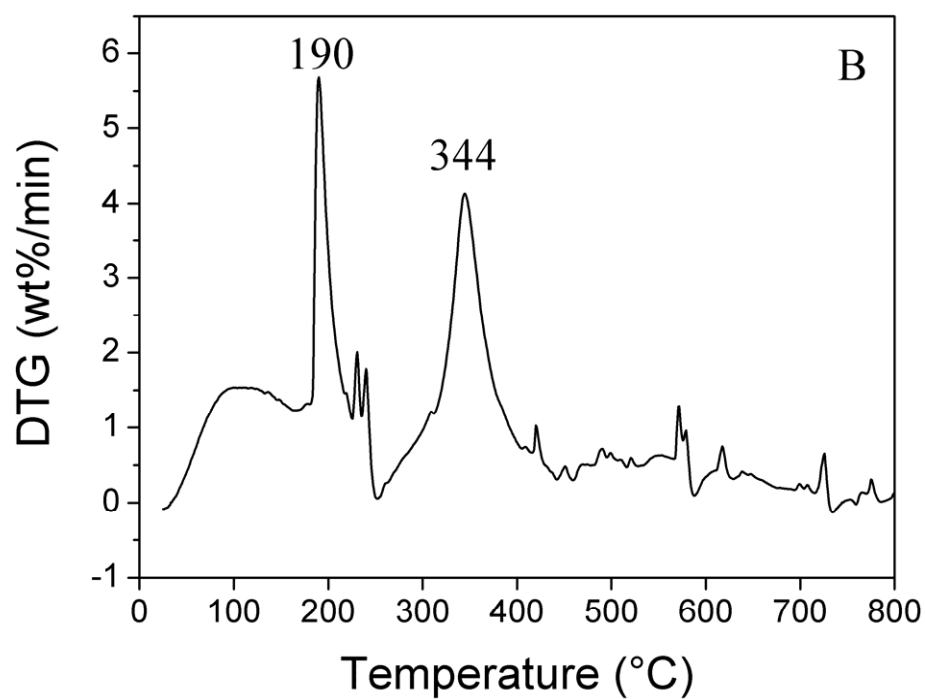
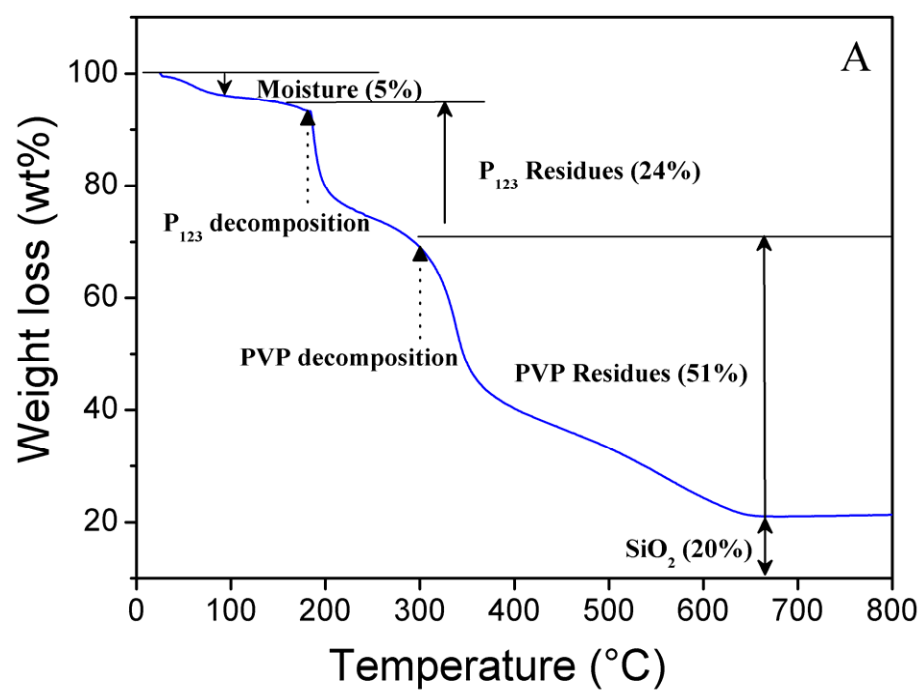


Figure S3.

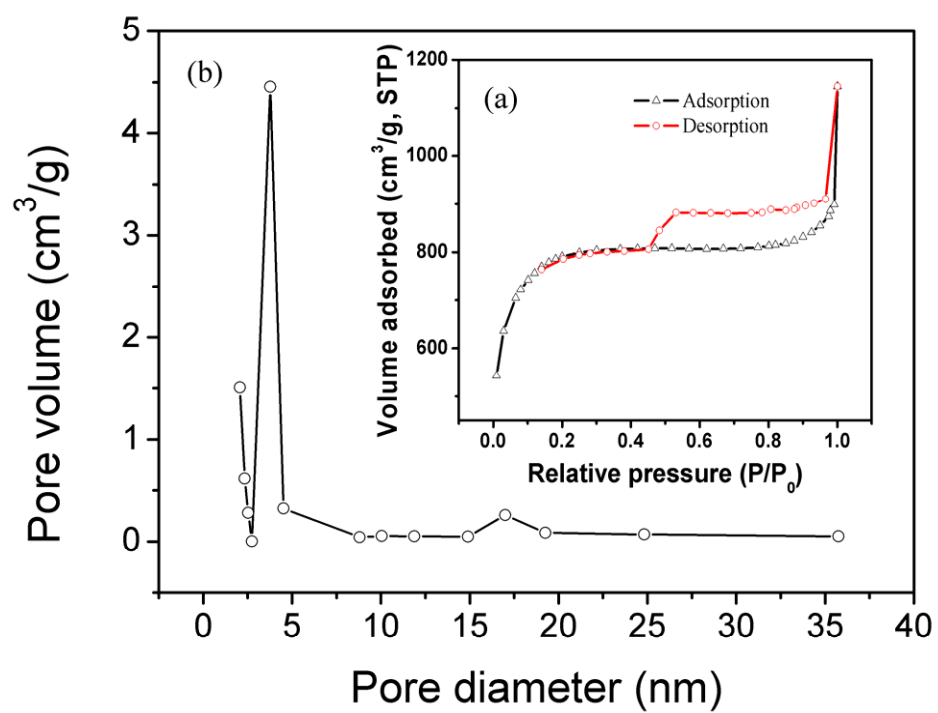


Figure S4.

