Supporting Information

Cu-In-Zn-S Nanoporous Spheres for Highly Efficient Visible-Light-Driven Photocatalytic Hydrogen Evolution

Xiaosheng Tang,[a] *Qiuling Tay,*[b] *Zhong Chen,*[b] *Yu Chen,*[a] *Gregory K.L. Goh,*[c] *Junmin Xue**[a]

[a] Department of Materials Science & Engineering, Faculty of Engineering, National University of Singapore (NUS), 7 Engineering Drive 1, Singapore 117574. Fax: +65-6776-3604; Tel: +65-6516-4655; E-mail: msexuejm@nus.edu.sg

[b] School of Materials Science and Engineering, Nanyang Technological University, 50 Nanyang Avenue, Singapore 639798, Singapore

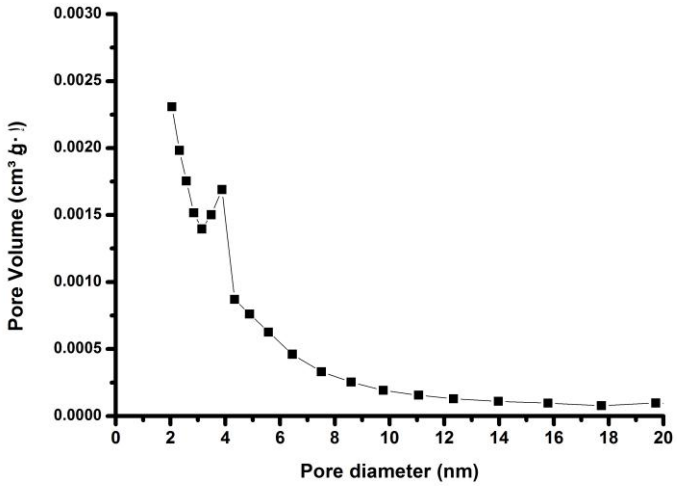
[c] Institute of Materials Research and Engineering, A*Star, Singapore

* To whom correspondence should be addressed. Tel.: +65 65164655

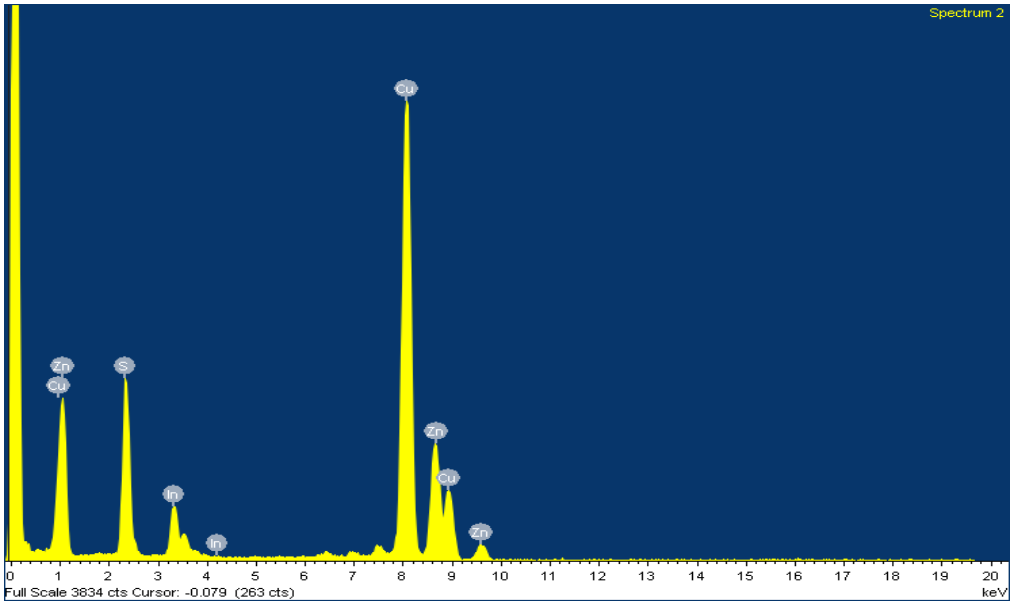
E-mail: msexuejm@nus.edu.sg

S-Table 1. BET specific surface area analysis of the spheres with different Cu amounts.

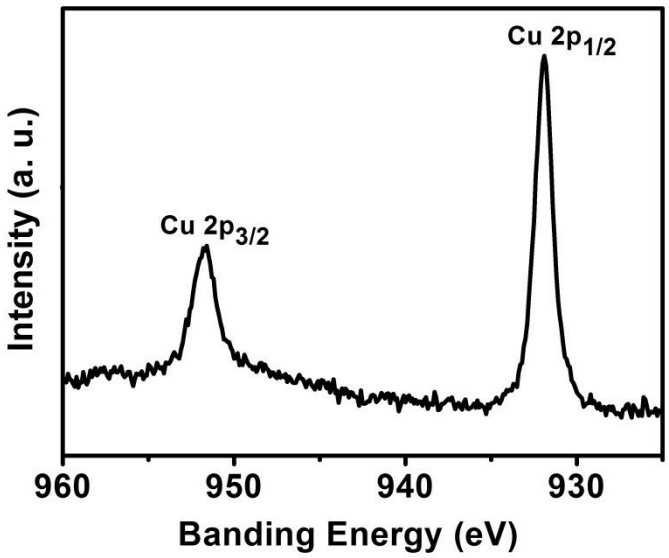
Sample No.	Sample Name	BET Surface (m^2g^{-1})
a	$Cu_{0.01}In_{0.25}ZnS_{1.38}$	96.66
b	$Cu_{0.02}In_{0.25}ZnS_{1.385}$	99.81
c	$Cu_{0.04}In_{0.25}ZnS_{1.395}$	100.12
d	$Cu_{0.08}In_{0.25}ZnS_{1.415}$	101.18



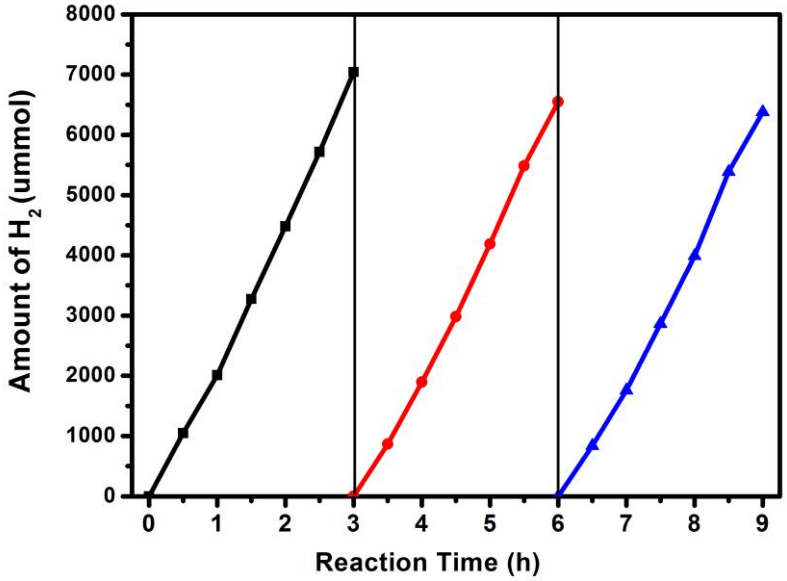
S-Figure 1: Pore diameter distribution of $Cu_{0.04}In_{0.25}ZnS_{1.395}$ nanoporous spheres.



S-Figure 2 EDS spectrum of the obtained CIZS spheres.



S-Figure 3. The XPS spectrum of Cu 2p of the CIZS spheres.



S-Figure 4: Amounts of H_2 evolution via reaction time of $Cu_{0.04}In_{0.25}ZnS_{1.395}$ nanoporous spheres.