Supporting Information

Multifunctional manganese-doped core/shell quantum dots for magnetic resonance and fluorescence imaging of cancer cells Babao Lin,^{†a} Xiuzhong Yao,^{†b} Yihua Zhu,^a* Jianhua Shen,^a Xiaoling Yang,^a Hongliang Jiang,^a

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Figure S1. Evolution of PL spectra of the resulting QDs during the growth of a ZnS shell.



Figure S2. EDX spectra of core QDs (A) and core/shell QDs (B).



Figure S3. XPS spectra of the core/shell QDs. (A) Mn2p, (B) Zn2p, (C) Cu2p and (D) In3d.



Figure S4. Multimodal core/shell quantum dots are detectable by MRI. (A) MR detection. Nanoparticles imaged by T_2 -weighted MRI show increasing signal reduction as Mn²⁺ concentration increases (from left to right, 0, 0.035, 0.068, 0.53, 1.81 mM). (B) T_2 relaxivity plot of aqueous suspension of CuInS₂/Zn_{1-x}Mn_xS.