

# Effective Exchange Coupling in Alternating-Chains of a $\pi$ -Extended 1,2,4- Benzotriazin-4-yl

## Electronic Supporting Information

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## Electronic Supporting Information

**Fig. S1.** Cyclic voltammogram of radical **1**.

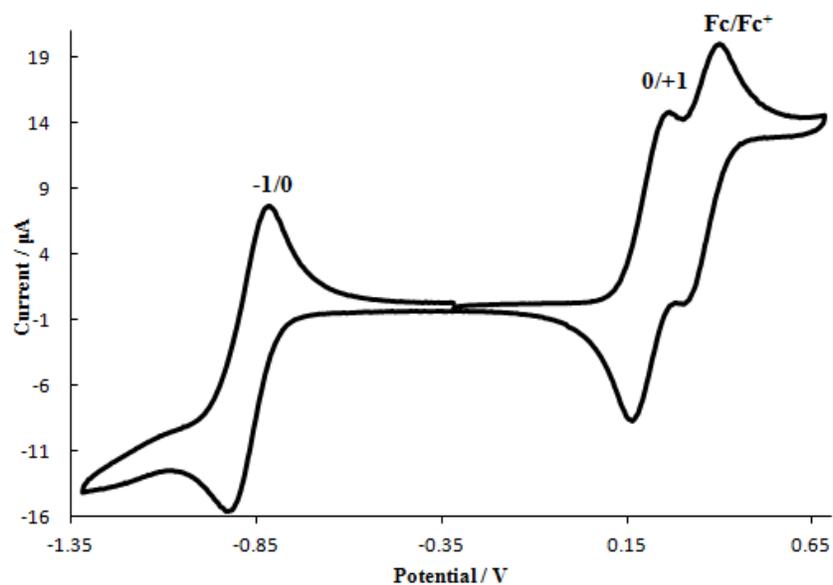
**Fig. S2** Experimental and simulated solid-state EPR spectrum of radical **1**.

**Fig. S3.** Experimental and simulated solution EPR spectrum of radical **1**.

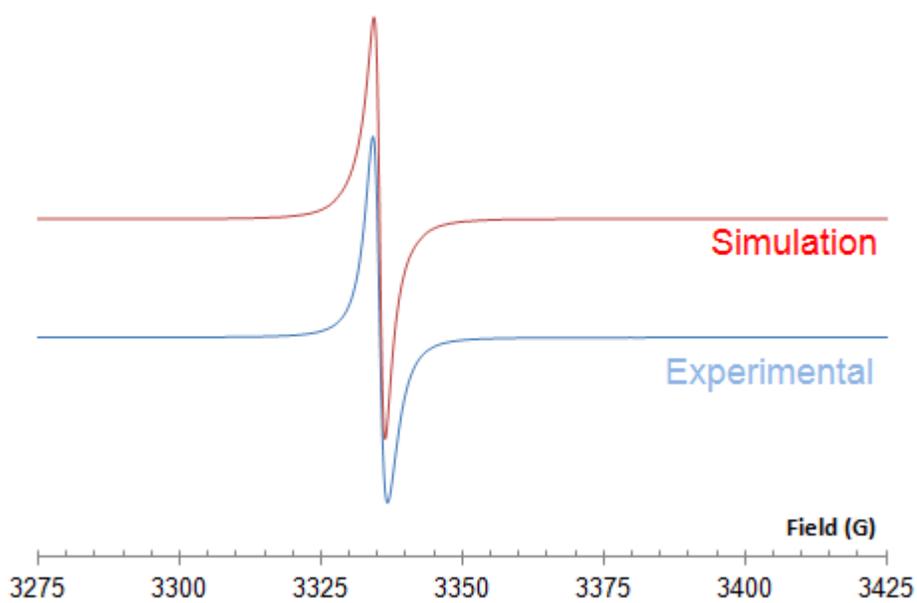
**Fig. S4.** Geometry of radical **1** in the crystal and the crystallographic atom numbering that is used in the discussion of the X-ray structure.

**Table T1.** Energies of triplet ( $E_T$ ) and broken symmetry singlet ( $E_{BS}$ ) states along with spin contaminations before  $S^2$  and after  $S^2_A$  annihilation calculated on the X-ray determined geometries at the UB3LYP/6-311G++G(d,p), UB3LYP/6-311++G(2d,p), UMO6-2X/6-311++G(2d,p) and UX3LYP/6-311++G(2d,p) level of theory.

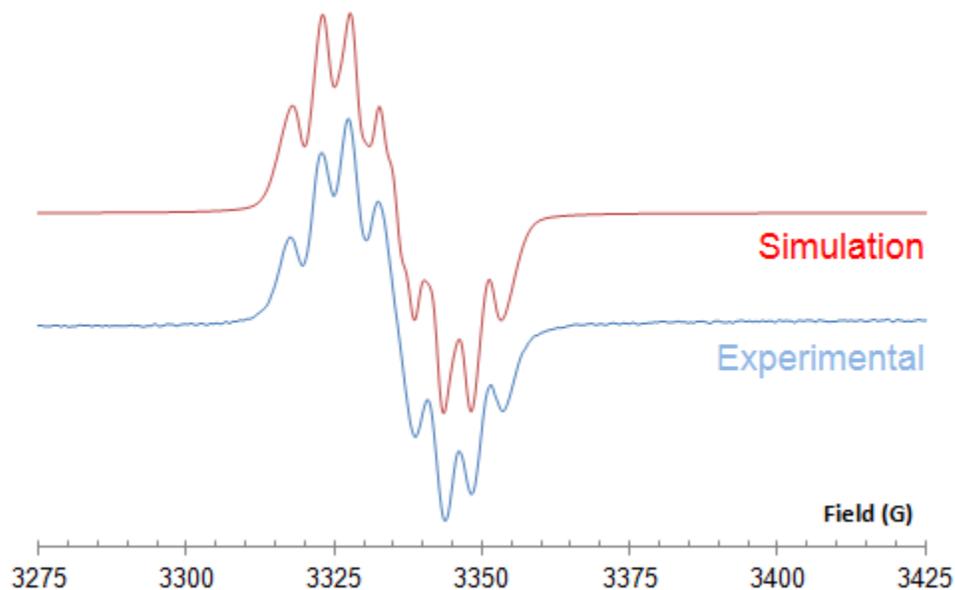
**Crystal refinement data for radical 1 (CCDC 953369)**



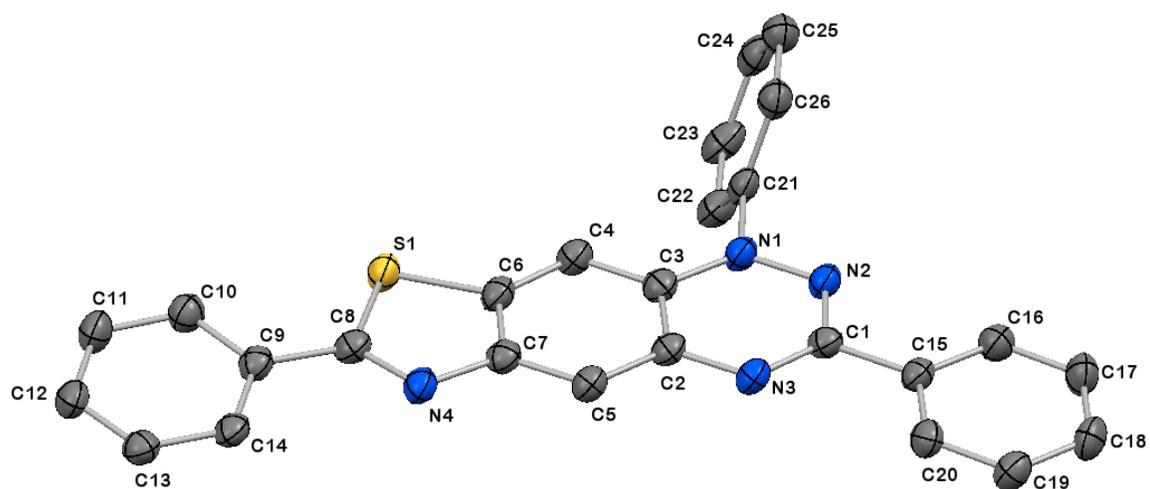
**Fig. S1** Cyclic voltammogram of radical **1** (1 mM), *n*-Bu<sub>4</sub>NBF<sub>4</sub> (0.1 M), DCM, r.t., 50 mV/S.



**Fig. S2** Experimental and simulated solid-state EPR spectrum of radical **1** at r.t. ( $g = 2.0028$ ).



**Fig. S3** Experimental and simulated solution EPR spectrum of radical **1** at r.t. in DCM ( $g = 2.0024$ ).



**Fig. S4** Geometry of radical **1** in the crystal and the crystallographic atom numbering that is used in the discussion of the X-ray structure, which differs from IUPAC. Thermal ellipsoids are shown at 50% probability. Hydrogens are omitted for clarity.

**Table T1** Energies of triplet ( $E_T$ ) and broken symmetry singlet ( $E_{BS}$ ) states along with spin contaminations before  $S^2$  and after  $S^2_A$  annihilation calculated on the X-ray determined geometries at the UB3LYP/6-311G++G(d,p), UB3LYP/6-311++G(2d,p), UMO6-2X/6-311++G(2d,p) and UX3LYP/6-311++G(2d,p) level of theory

Theory	Radical Pair	Triplet State			BS Singlet State		
		$E_T$ (a.u.)	$S^2$	$S^2_A$	$E_{BS}$ (a.u.)	$S^2$	$S^2_A$
UB3LYP/ 6-311++G(d,p)	I-II	-3236.3087507	2.03	2.00	-3236.3089632	1.02	0.24
	II-III	-3236.3050147	2.03	2.00	-3236.3049848	1.03	0.26
UB3LYP/ 6-311++G(2d,p)	I-II	-3236.3895325	2.03	2.00	-3236.3900056	1.02	0.24
	II-III	-3236.3860577	2.03	2.00	-3236.3860859	1.03	0.22
UMO6-2X/ 6-311++G(2d,p)	I-II	-3235.3921863	2.04	2.00	-3235.3924022	1.04	0.34
	II-III	-3235.3911078	2.04	2.00	-3235.3910567	1.04	0.36
UX3LYP/ 6-311++G(2d,p)	I-II	-3235.1780569	2.03	2.00	-3235.1782707	1.02	0.27
	II-III	-3235.1747777	2.04	2.00	-3235.1747296	1.04	0.29

### Crystal refinement data for radical 1 (CCDC 953369)

100 K, brown rods:  $C_{26}H_{17}N_4S$ ,  $M = 417.51$ , Triclinic, space group  $P-1$ ,  $a = 9.3437(17)$  Å,  $b = 10.538(2)$  Å,  $c = 11.5632(15)$  Å,  $\alpha = 105.416(15)^\circ$ ,  $\beta = 94.821(13)^\circ$ ,  $\gamma = 114.063(19)^\circ$ ,  $V = 978.0(3)$  Å<sup>3</sup>,  $Z = 2$ ,  $T = 100(2)$  K,  $\rho_{\text{calcd}} = 1.418$  g cm<sup>-3</sup>,  $2\theta_{\text{max}} = 67$ . Refinement of 280 parameters on 3463 independent reflections out of 5933 measured reflections ( $R_{\text{int}} = 0.0323$ ) led to  $R_1 = 0.0558$  [ $I > 2s(I)$ ],  $wR_2 = 0.1723$  (all data), and  $S = 1.071$  with the largest difference peak and hole of 0.588 and -0.748 e<sup>-3</sup>, respectively.