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Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Colloidal gold nanoparticle formation derived from self-assembled supramolecular structure of cyclodextrin/Au salt complex

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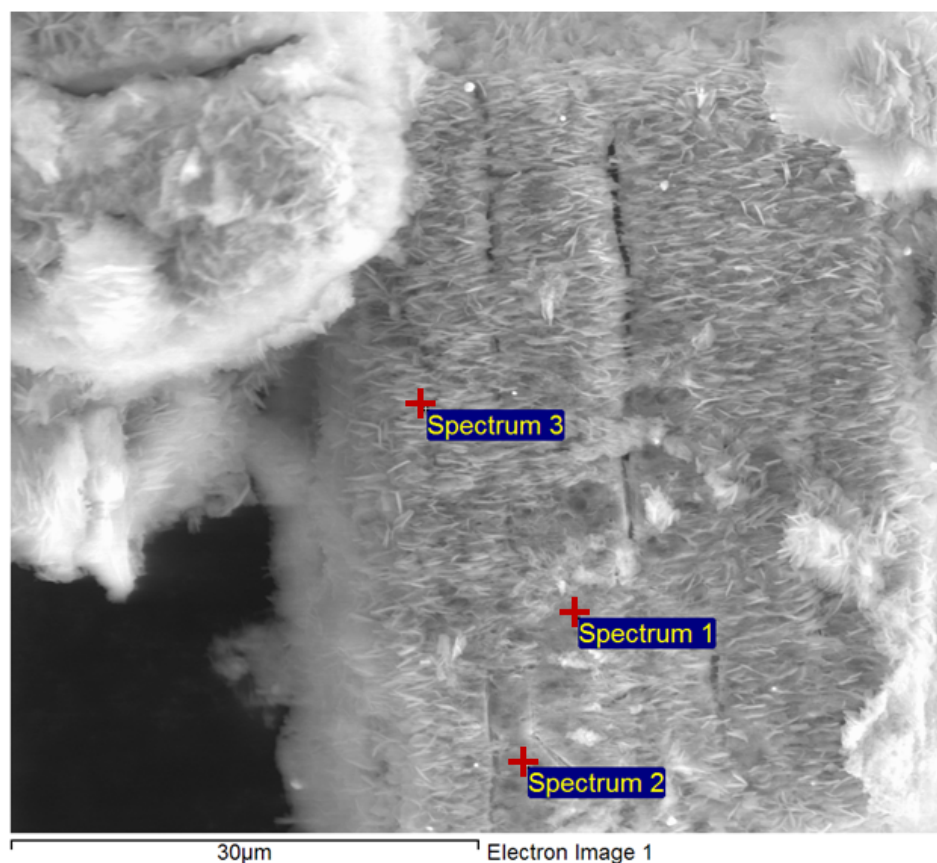
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Processing option : All elements analysed (Normalised)

Spectrum	In stats.	C	O	Cl	Au	Total
Spectrum 1	Yes	72.65	24.31	0.31	2.73	100.00
Spectrum 2	Yes	72.88	23.30	0.29	3.53	100.00
Spectrum 3	Yes	69.10	23.22	0.62	7.07	100.00

Fig. S1. Morphological image of *SCA* obtained by FE-SEM equipped with EDXS. Relatively more concentrated Au atoms are detected at the spectrum 3 that is the region with the hexagonally flat-flaky morphology in *SCA*.

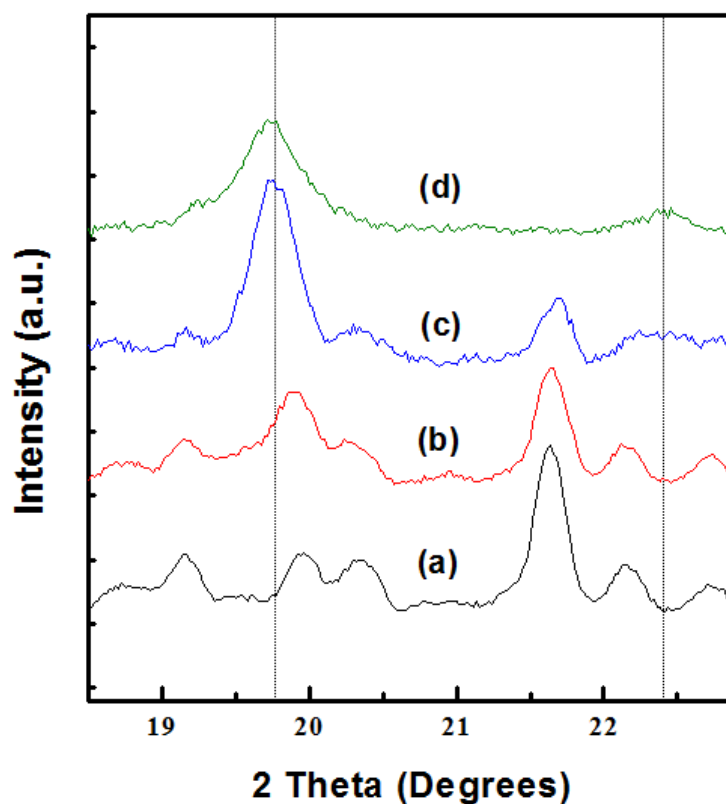


Fig. S2. WXR D patterns of (a) *unmodified* α -CD, (b) THF-treated α -CD, (c) SCA and (d) *T*-SCA in the 2θ range of 18.5° to 23.5° . In typical, it is well known that when α -CDs have channel-type crystalline, the characteristic peaks of channel structure appear at $2\theta = 19.6^\circ$ (210) and 22.4° (300). As shown in Fig. S2, the peaks at $2\theta = 19.6^\circ$ and 22.4° corresponding to the channel structure were newly developed for SCA, while the characteristic peak ($2\theta = 21.6^\circ$) of the cage structure originated from α -CD was considerably reduced in SCA. Meanwhile, the peak corresponding to the cage structure disappeared in *T*-SCA, while the characteristic peaks for the channel structure were still present. Moreover, the peaks broadened totally. The results suggested that Au salt molecules were positioned in between the cage-type structure and the flaky plate-like layer, and the cage-type crystalline structure was disrupted by the growth of Au seeds.

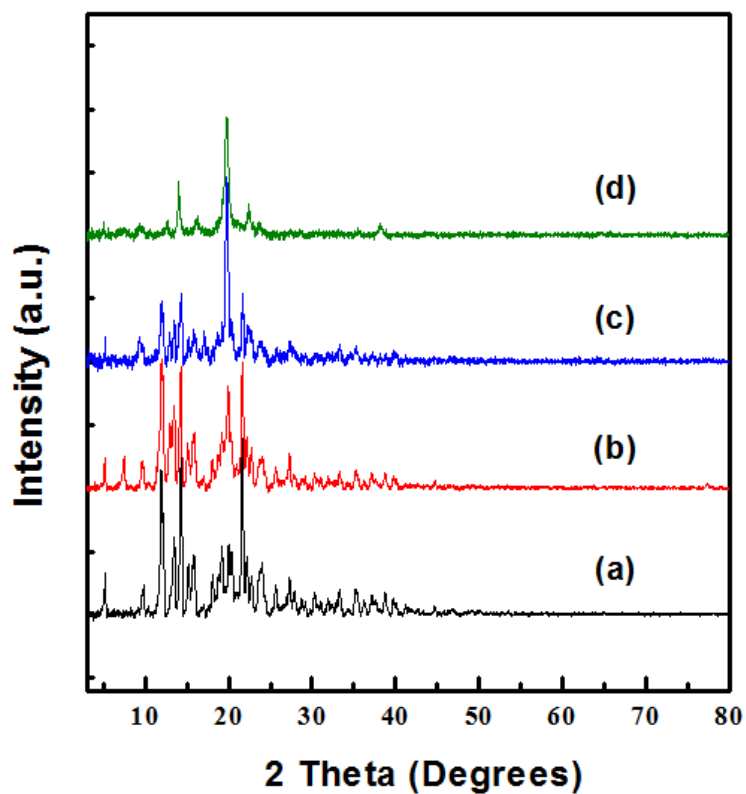


Fig. S3. WXR D of (a) *unmodified* α -CD, (b) THF-treated α -CD, (c) SCA and (d) T-SCA in the 2θ range of 3° to 80° . In this Fig. 3, we cannot observe the typical diffraction peaks of gold metal with face centred cubic phase in T-SCA.

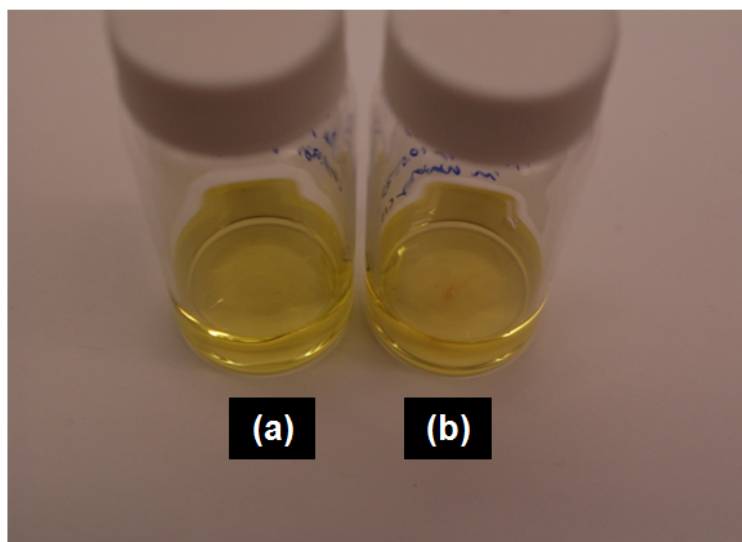


Fig. S4. Images of (a) Au salt aqueous solution and (b) simple mixing of α -CD and Au salt in water over 2 weeks after solution preparation. Both solutions remained in a clean yellowish solution. Moreover, we could observe brownish precipitates in the α -CD/Au salt aqueous solution indicative of bulk gold formation instead of gold nanoparticles.

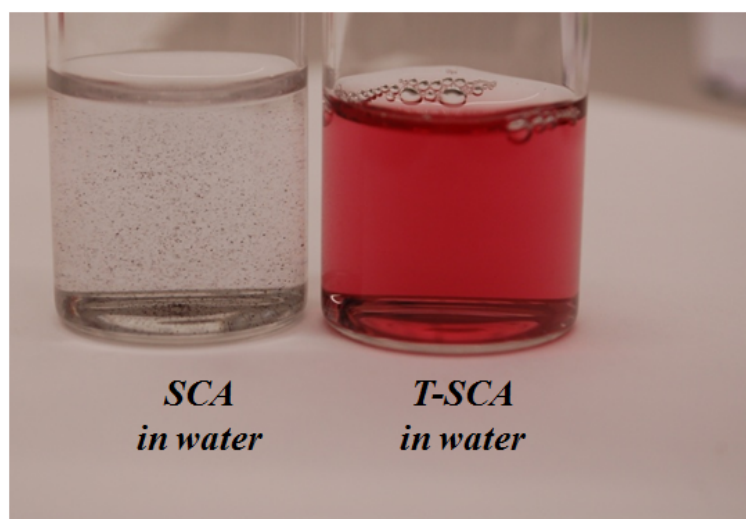


Fig. S5. Photo images of *SCA* and *T-SCA* in aqueous medium at 1 week after the solutions preparation.