Supplemental Information

for

Homogeneous Cs_xWO₃ Nanorods with Broad Near-Infra-Red Absorption for Photothermal Ablation Cancer Therapy

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Figure SI 1. (a) EDS spectra of as-prepared Cs_xWO_3 nanorod performed on the TEM device; (b) XRD patterns of as-prepared Cs_xWO_3 (black) and Cs_xWO_3 -PEGS (blue)

nanorods; (c) weight loss curves of as-prepared Cs_xWO_3 (black) and Cs_xWO_3 -PEGS (red) nanorods as determined by TG-DTA analysis.



Figure SI 2. (a) Linear correlations between NIR absorbance and Cs_xWO_3 -PEGS nanorod concentrations determined at various wavelengths; (b) Linear correlation between calculated molar excitation coefficient (ϵ) and NIR wavelengths.



Figure SI 3. Cytotoxicity for Cs_xWO_3 (green curve) and Cs_xWO_3 -PEGS (red curve) nanorods as determined by MTT assay.



Figure SI 4. TEM image of intracellular distribution of Cs_xWO₃-PEGS nanorods in

A549 cells (scale bar 4 μm), no nuclear entry of the nanorods was found.



Figure SI 5. Fluorescence images of HeLa cells irradiated with 980 nm laser for different time durations. (a) nanorod untreated cell control (scale bar 500 μ m applied for all images); (b) HeLa cells were incubated with 0.25 mg/mL of Cs_xWO₃-PEGS nanorods (scale bar 500 μ m applied for all images); (c) HeLa cells were incubated with 0.50 mg/mL of Cs_xWO₃-PEGS nanorods (scale bar 1000 μ m applied for all

images). The images were taken 0 h, 24 h, 48 h, and 72 h post NIR irradiation via Calcein AM/EthD-1/Hoechst staining.



Figure SI 6. Cycle area of HeLa cell death as measured with fluorescent images taken

at (a) 24 h, (b) 48 h, and (c) 72 h post NIR laser irradiation, respectively.