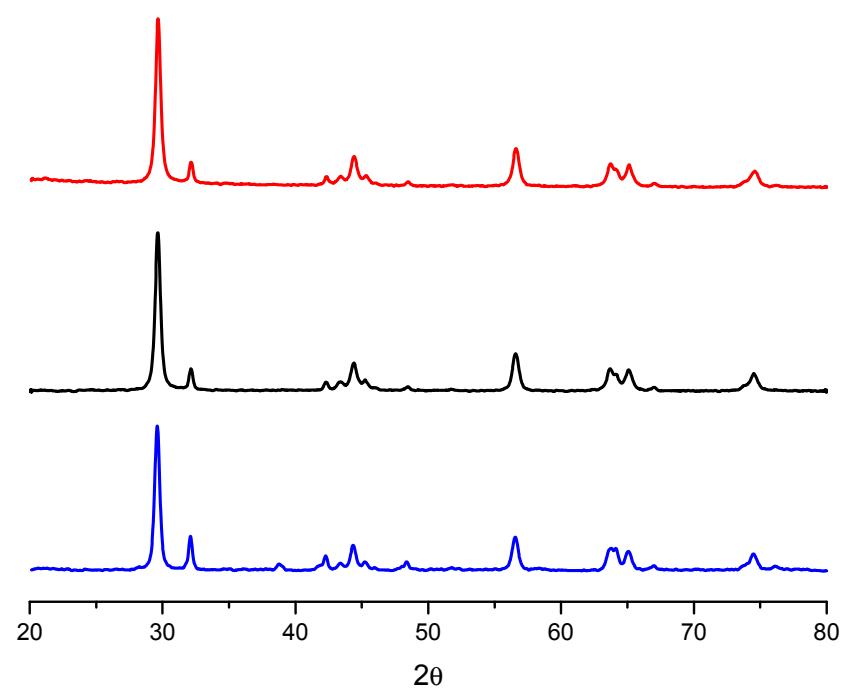


Fenoglio I. et al. Singlet oxygen plays a key role in the toxicity and DNA damage of nanometric TiO₂ to human keratinocytes

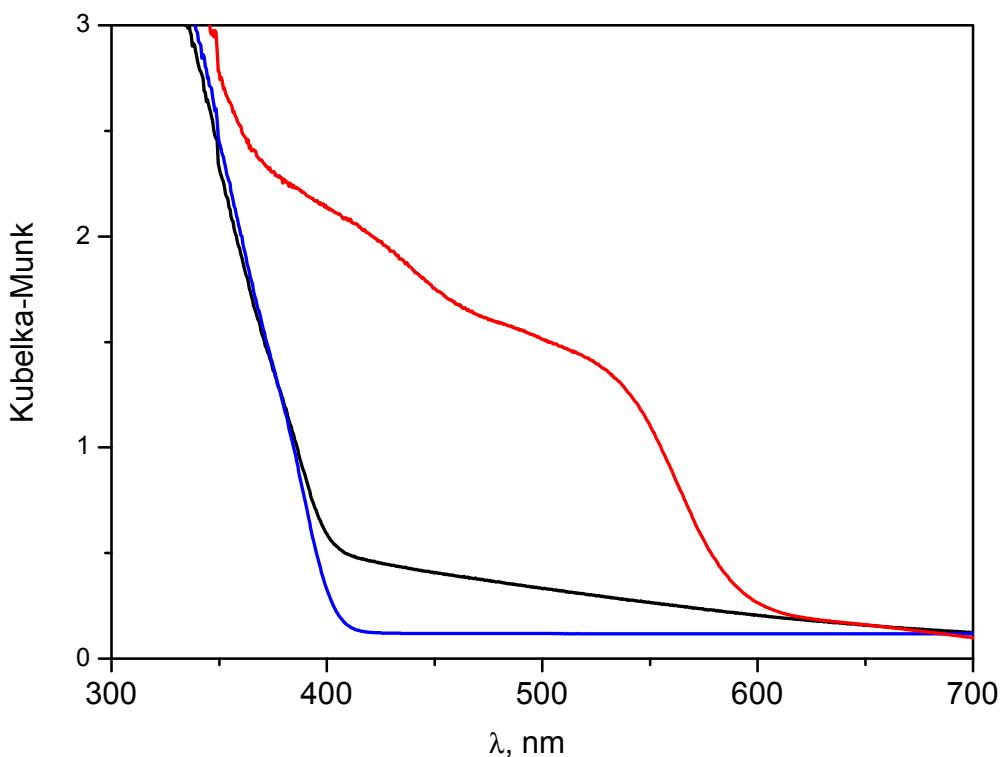
Supporting Information

Crystalline phase (XRD)



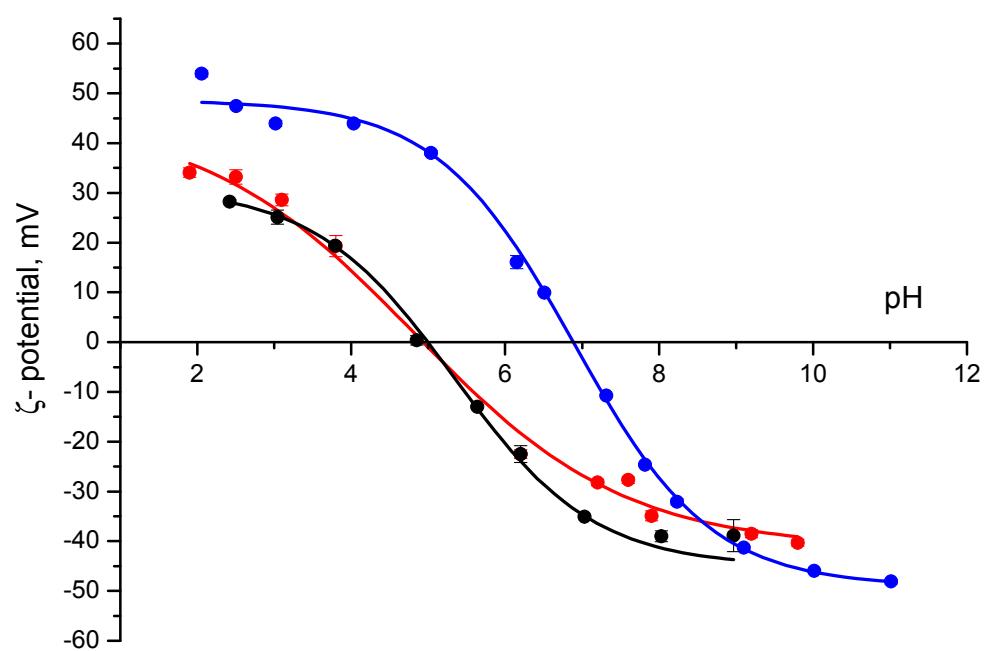
XRD diffraction patterns of pristine and modified TiO_2 . $\text{T}_{\text{A/R}}$ (blue), $\text{T}_{\text{A/R-C}}$ (black), $\text{T}_{\text{A/R-Fe}}$ (red).

2. UV-Vis shielding capacity



Diffuse reflectance (DR) UV-Vis spectra (processed by using the Kubelka–Munk function). $T_{A/R}$ (blue), $T_{A/R-C}$ (black), $T_{A/R-Fe}$ (red).

3. ζ potential



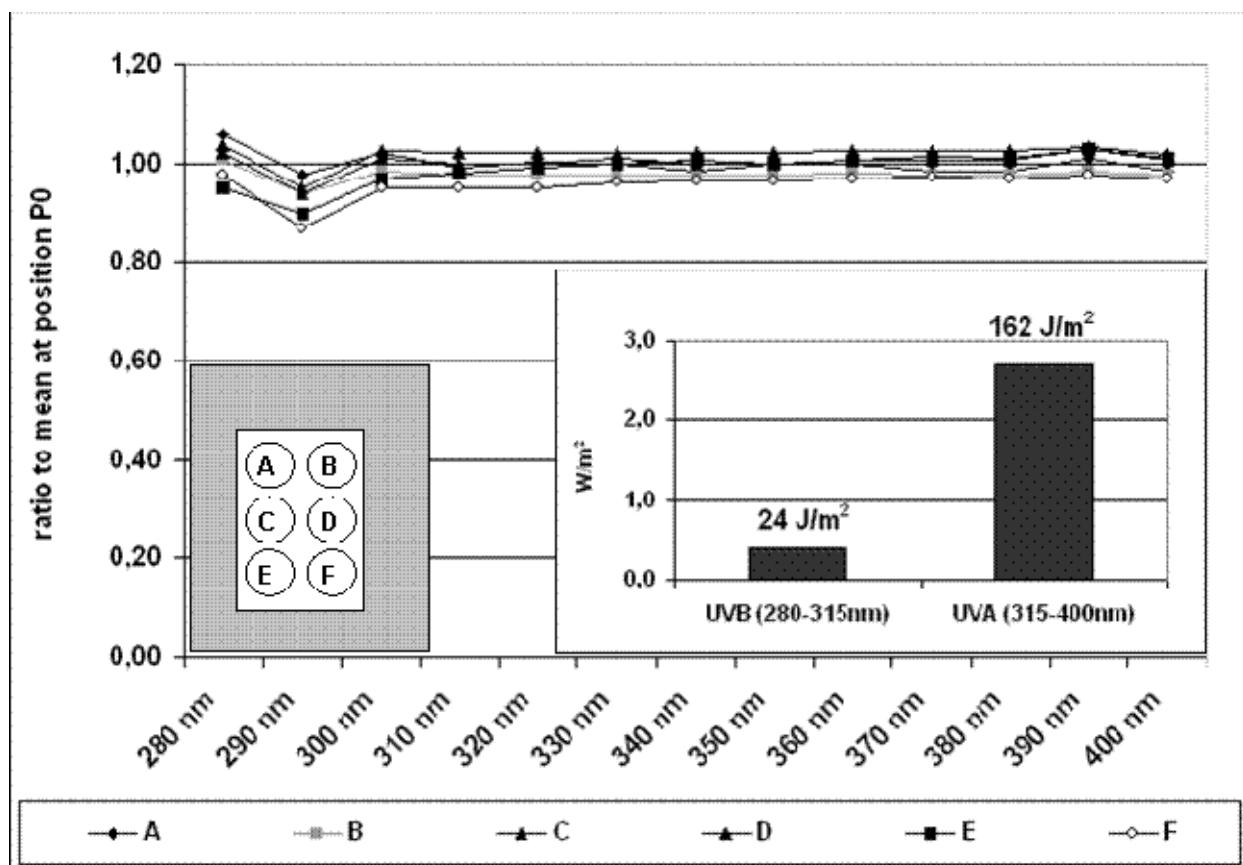
ζ potential as a function of pH for T_{A/R} (blue), T_{A/R}-C (black) and T_{A/R}-Fe (dark red) recorded in water.

4. Particle size

Sample	Conditions	Water		Serum free cell media		Cell media	
		mean diameter (nm)	PDI	mean diameter (nm)	PDI	mean diameter (nm)	PDI
T_{A/R}	0 min	89	1.60	245	2.12	178	3.5
	15 min light	119	1.64	471	1.68	343	2.79
	2h dark	104	2.13	310	2.04	184	3.03
T_{A/R-Fe}	0 min	108	1.70	252	6.50	247	1.52
	15 min light	130	1.52	747	10.03	320	2.02
	2h dark	105	1.40	320	3.35	190	1.61
T_{A/R-C}	0 min	92	3.44	192	2.05	250	4.25
	15 min light	121	2.44	491	2.09	361	3.48
	2h dark	79.5	2.56	250	3.60	248	5.52

Size and polydispersity index of the particles evaluated by centrifugal sedimentation (CS).

5. UVA/B irradiation system in cellular experiments



UV radiation measurements demonstrating the homogeneity over all positions of the 6 well plates at a well defined distance from the Ultralux lamp. Adapted from Sacco et al. 2010.