

Supporting Information for

Two Dimensional Dirac Carbon Allotropes from Graphene

*Li-Chun Xu^{1,7}, Ru-Zhi Wang^{*1,2}, Mao-Sheng Miao^{*2,3}, Xiao-Lin Wei^{2,6}, Yuan-Ping Chen^{2,6}, Hui Yan¹, and
Woon-Ming Lau^{2,5}, Li-Min Liu^{*2}, Yan-Ming Ma^{*4,2}*

¹ College of Materials Science and Engineering, Beijing University of Technology, Beijing 100124, China.

² Beijing Computational Science Research Centre, Beijing, 100084, China.

³ Materials Research Laboratory, University of California Santa Barbara, Santa Barbara, California 93110,
USA

⁴ State Key Laboratory of Superhard Materials, Jilin University, Changchun 130012, China

⁵ Chengdu Green Energy and Green Manufacturing Technology R&D Centre, Chengdu, Sichuan, 610207,
China

⁶ Department of Physics, Xiangtan University, Xiangtan 411105, China

⁷ College of Physics and Optoelectronics, Taiyuan University of Technology, Taiyuan 030024, China

* Author to whom correspondence should be addressed.

E-mail: wrz@bjut.edu.cn; miaoms@gmail.com; limin.liu@csrc.ac.cn; mym@jlu.edu.cn

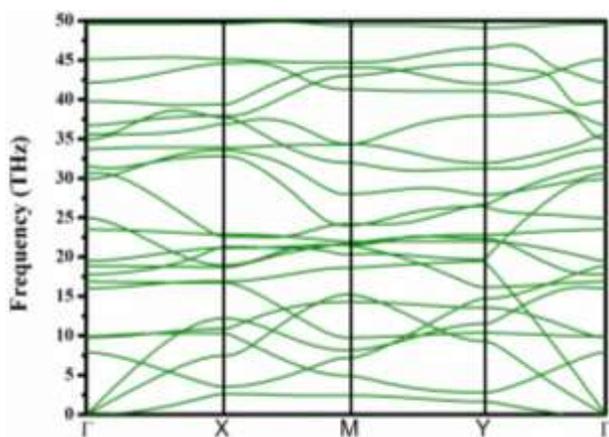


Fig. S1 Phonon band structure of *S*-graphene

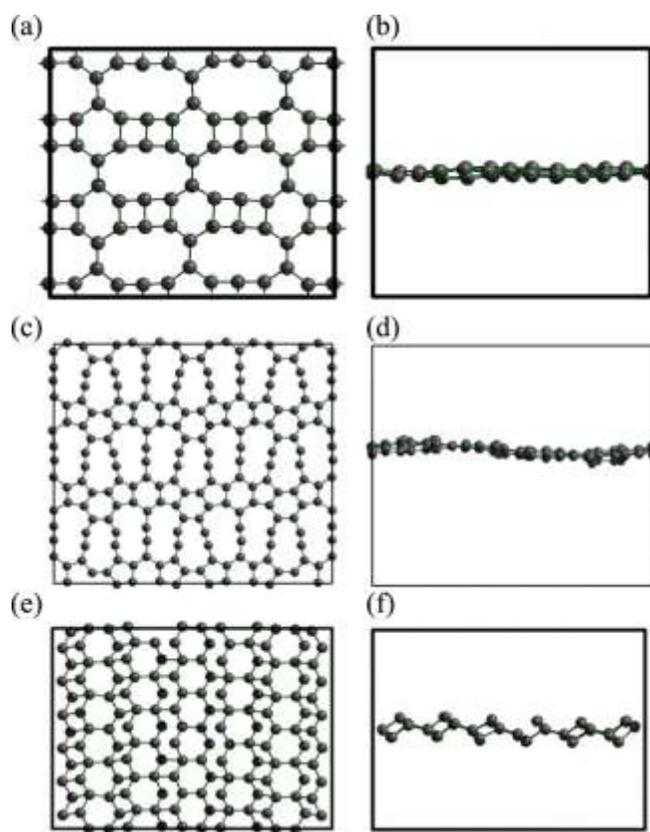


Fig. S2 Snapshots of (a, b)*S*-graphene, (c, d)*D*-graphene and (e, f)*E*-graphene after a 3ps FPMD simulation at 500K

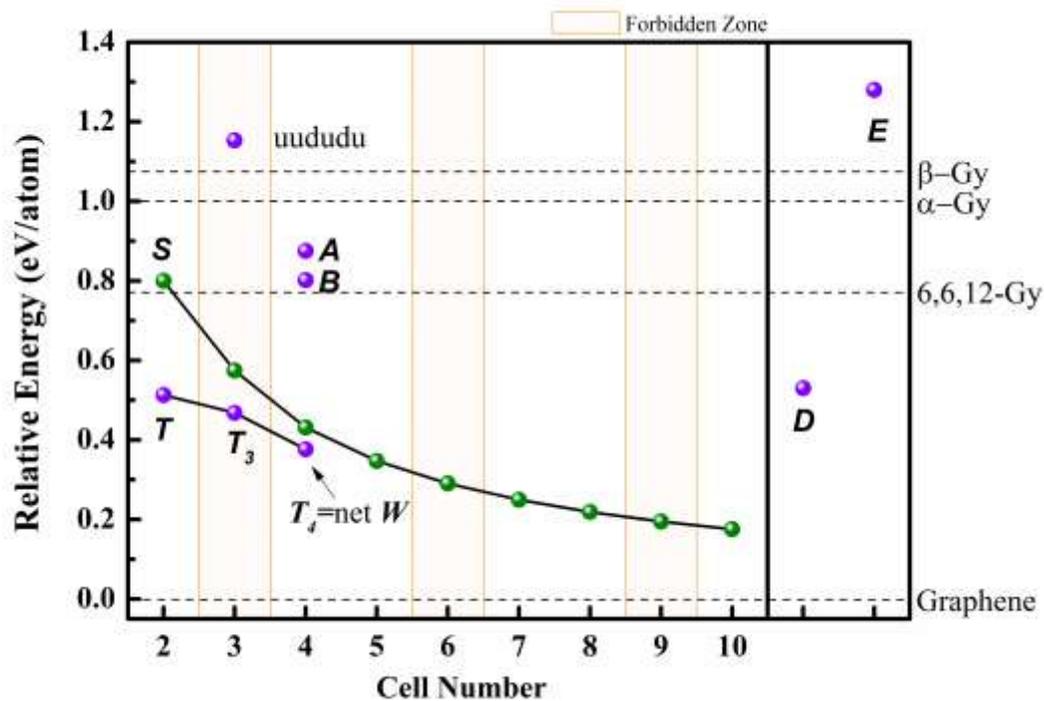


Fig. S3 Relative energies of new structures. The configuration of uududu allotrope is $\uparrow\uparrow\downarrow\uparrow\downarrow\uparrow$.

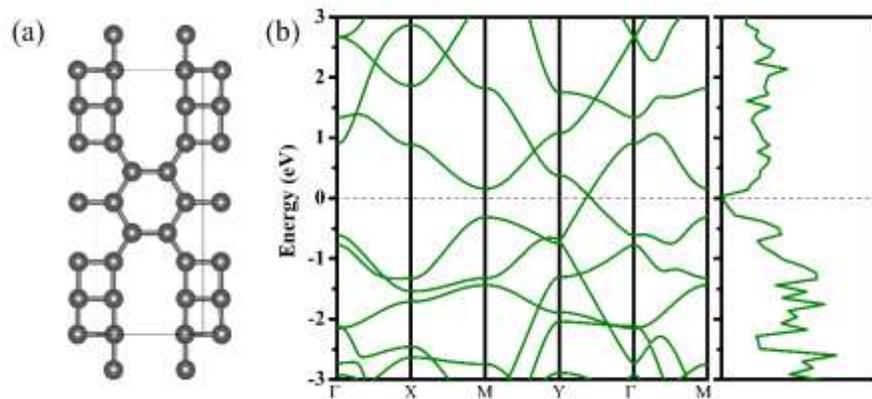


Fig. S4 (a) Crystal structure and (b) electronic structure of *A*-graphene

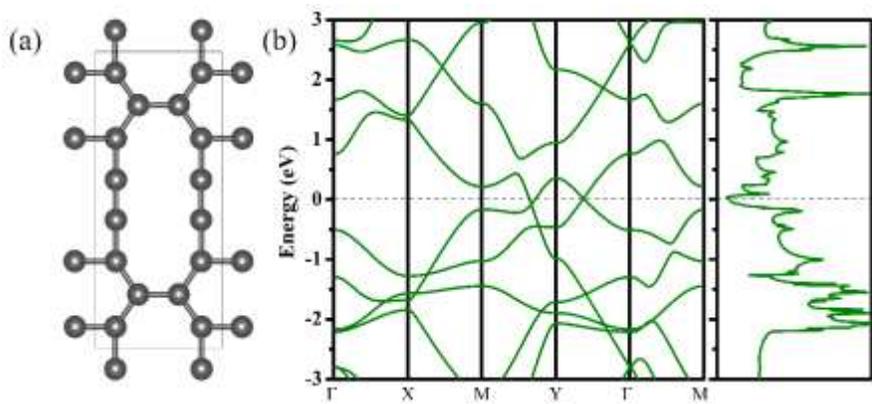


Fig. S5 (a) Crystal structure and (b) electronic structure of *B*-graphene

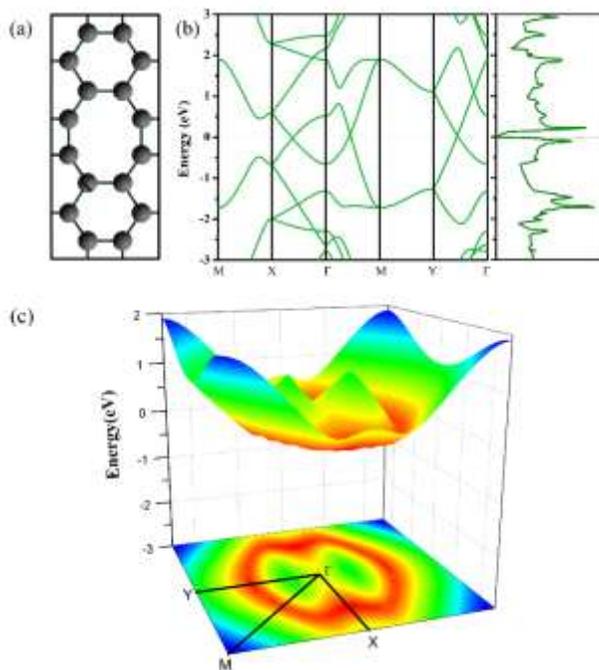


Fig. S6 (a) Crystal structure and (b) electronic structure of T_d -graphene

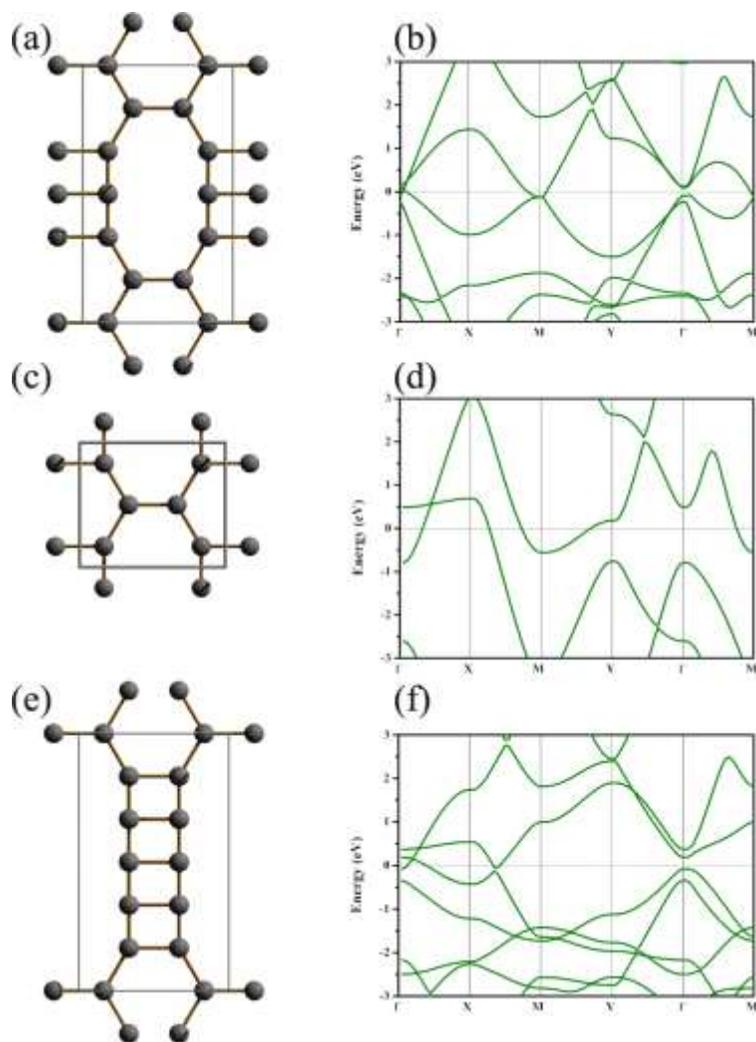


Fig. S7 crystal structures and band structures of metallic (a, b) S_3 -graphene, (c, d) T_3 -graphene and (e, f) graphene allotrope with configuration of $\uparrow\uparrow\downarrow\downarrow\uparrow$.