Supporting information for:

In Vivo Near-Infrared Photothermal Therapy and Computed Tomography Imaging of Cancer Cells Using Novel Tungsten-based Theranostic Probe

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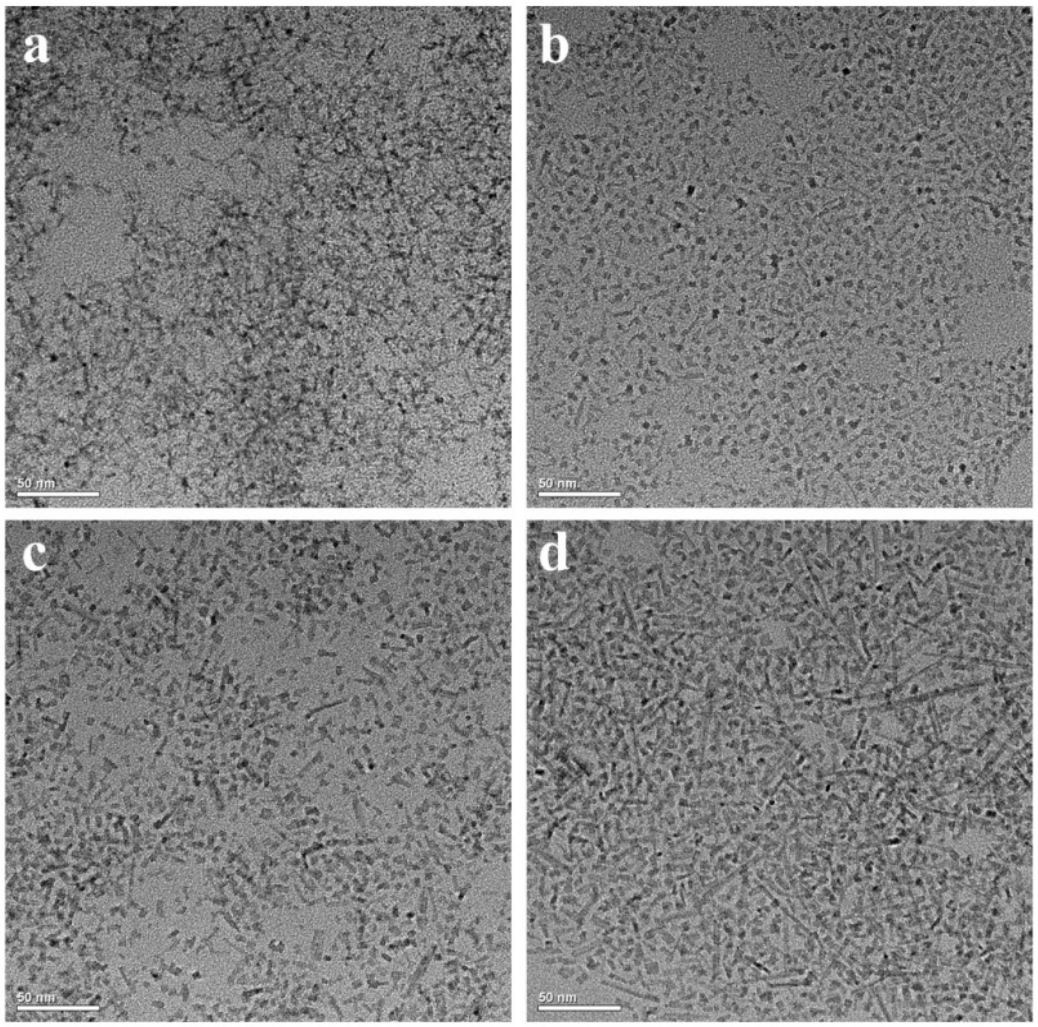

Fig. S1. TEM images of WO_{3-x} nanoparticles achieved via different temperature: 250 ^{o}C (a), 270 ^{o}C (b), 290 ^{o}C (c), and 310 ^{o}C (d).

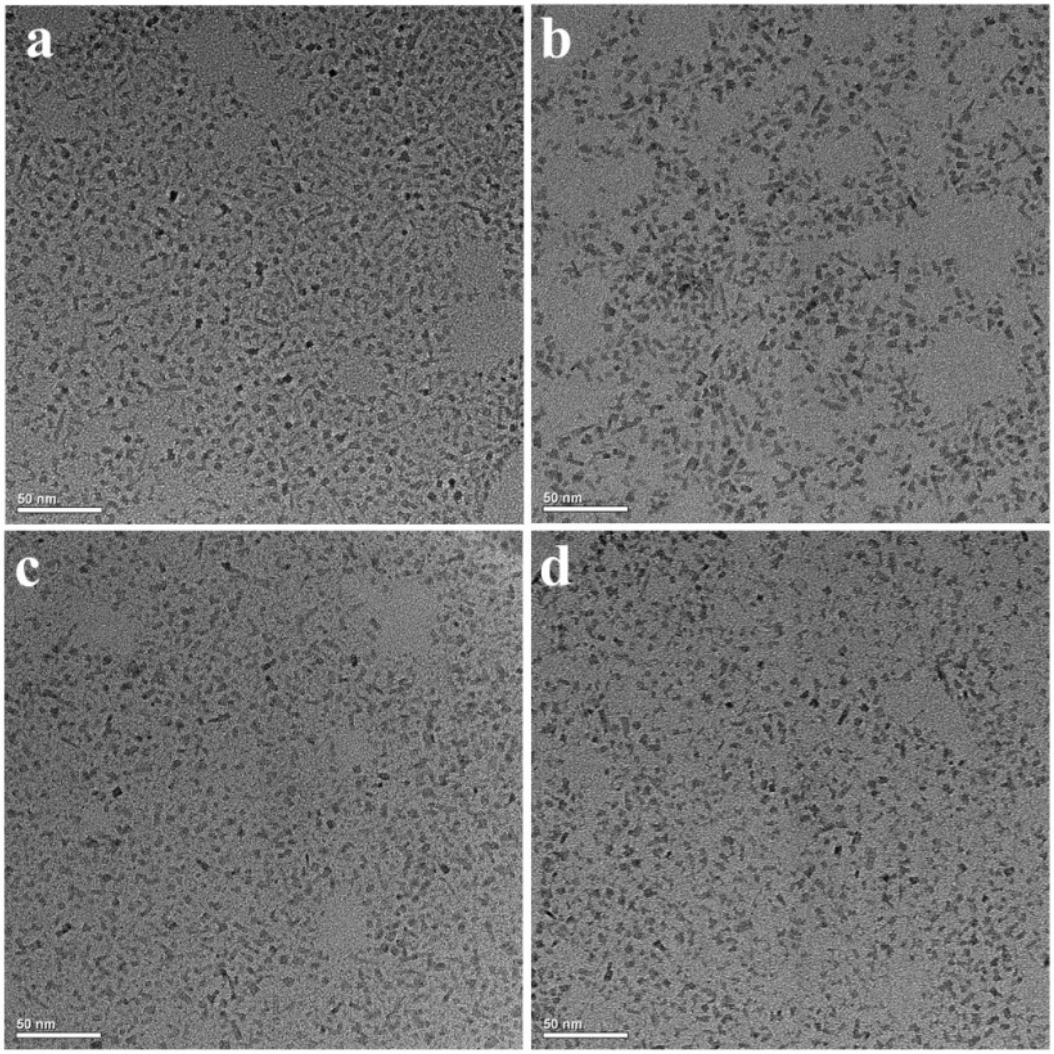

Fig. S2. TEM images of WO_{3-x} nanoparticles achieved via different volume ratio: 0.5g/30mL (a), 0.7g/30mL (b), 0.9g/30mL(c), and 1.1g/30mL (d).

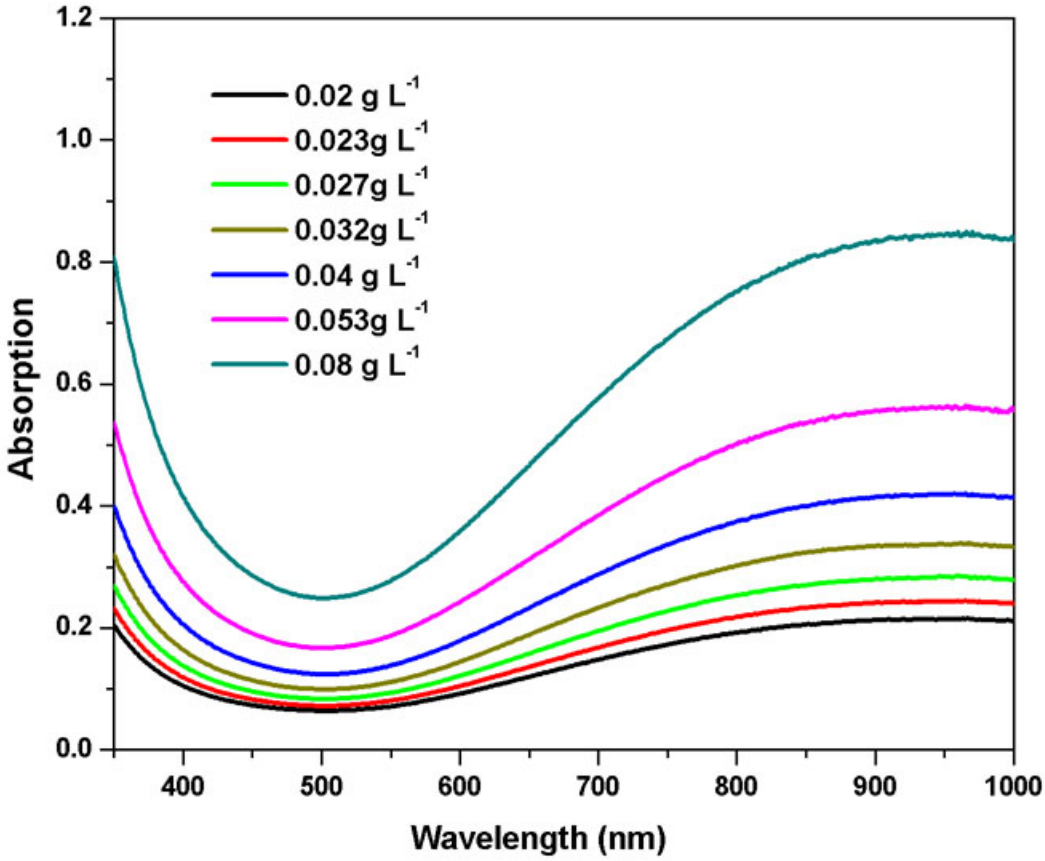

Fig. S3. UV–vis absorption spectra of PEGylated WO_{3-x} nanoparticles in water with different concentrations.

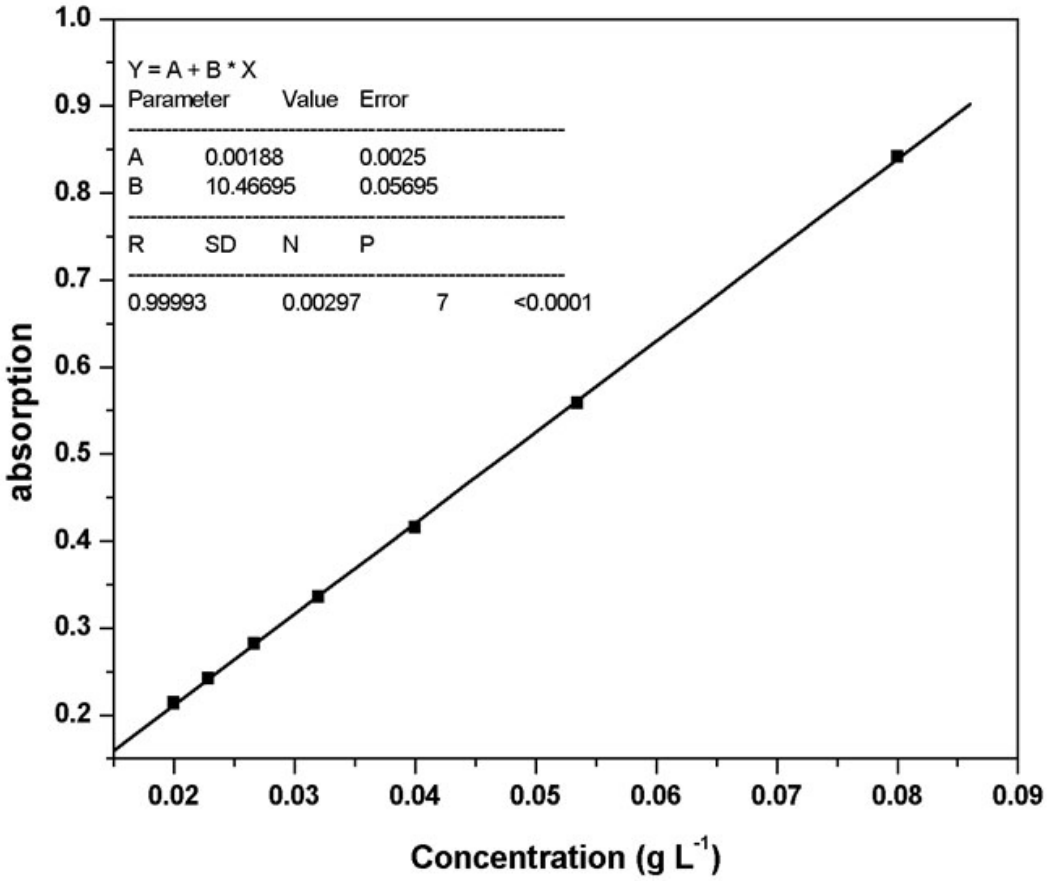

Fig. S4. Linear absorption data versus concentration obtained from the Figure S3.

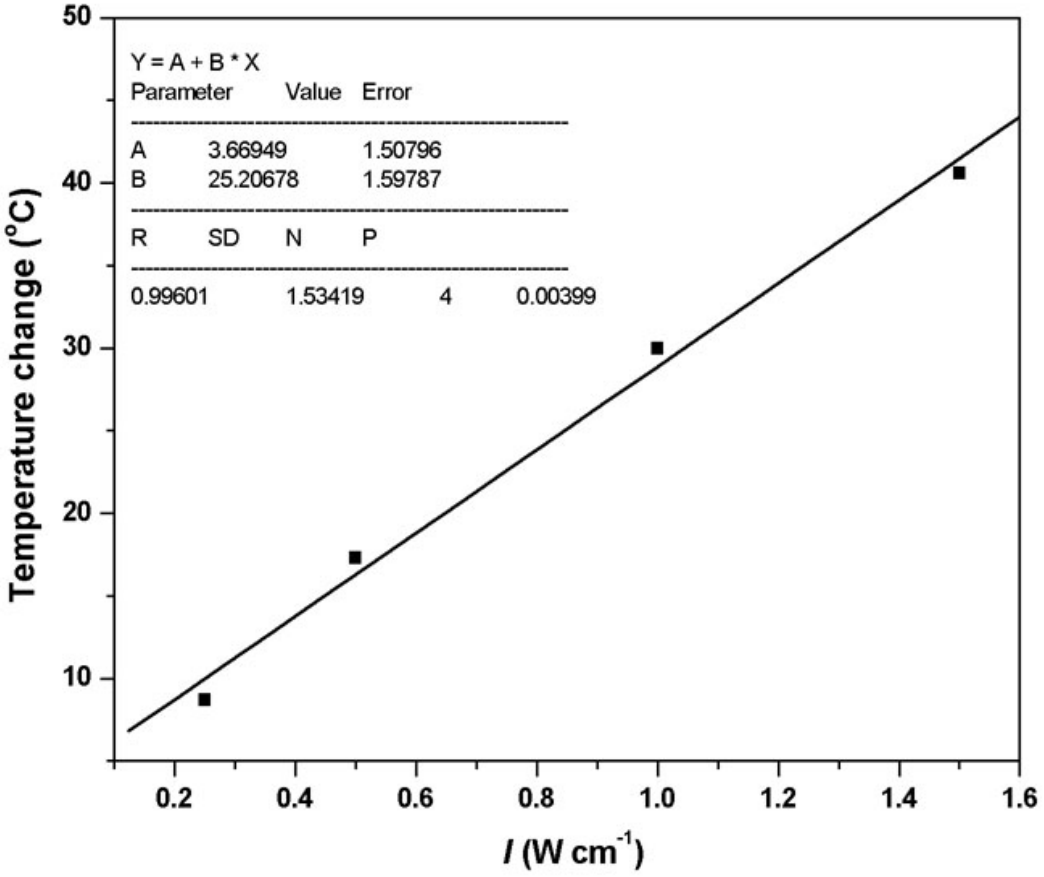

Fig. S5. Photothermal conversion capability with PEGylated WO_{3-x} nanoparticles at different power density.

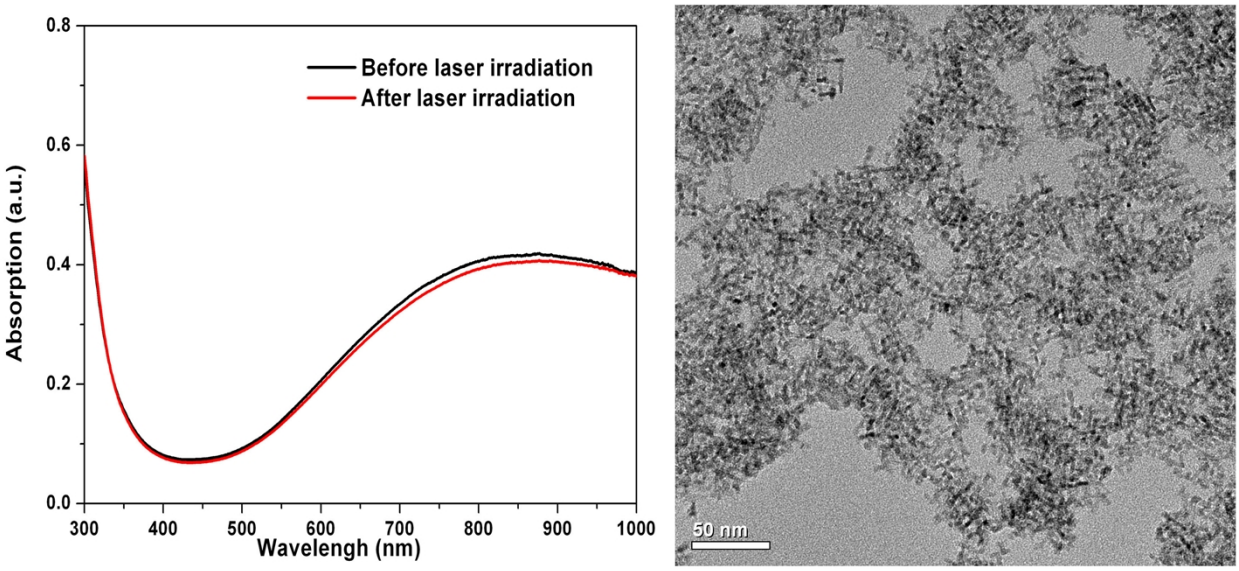

Fig. S6. The absorption spectra taken before and after laser irradiation at 0.5 w/cm^2(Left image), TEM images of WO_{3-x} nanoparticles after laser irradiation (Right image).

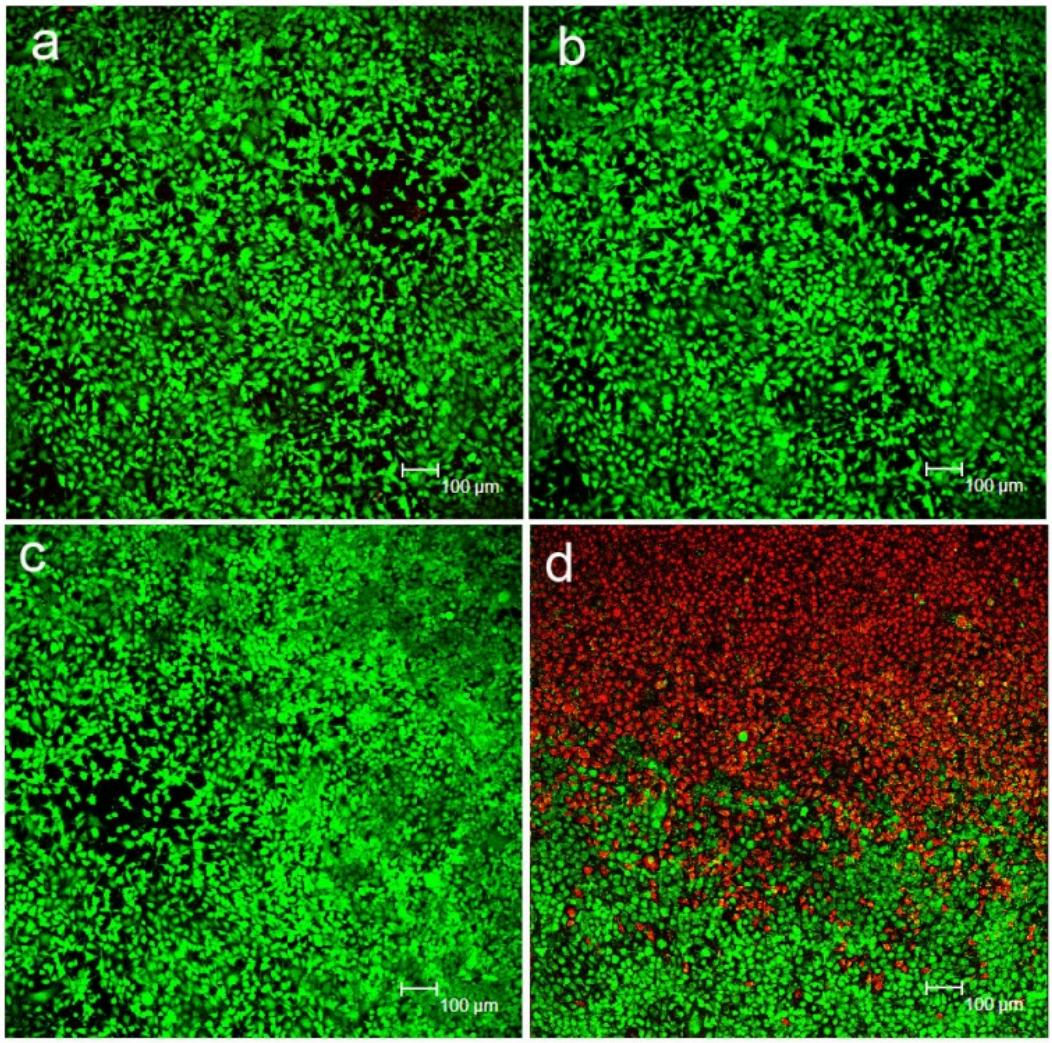

Fig. S7. Confocal microscopic images of differently treated 4T1 cells stained with calcein AM and propidium iodide: control (a), laser irradiation only (b), PEGylated WO_{3-x} nanoparticles only(c), and with both PEGylated WO_{3-x} nanoparticles and laser irradiation (d).

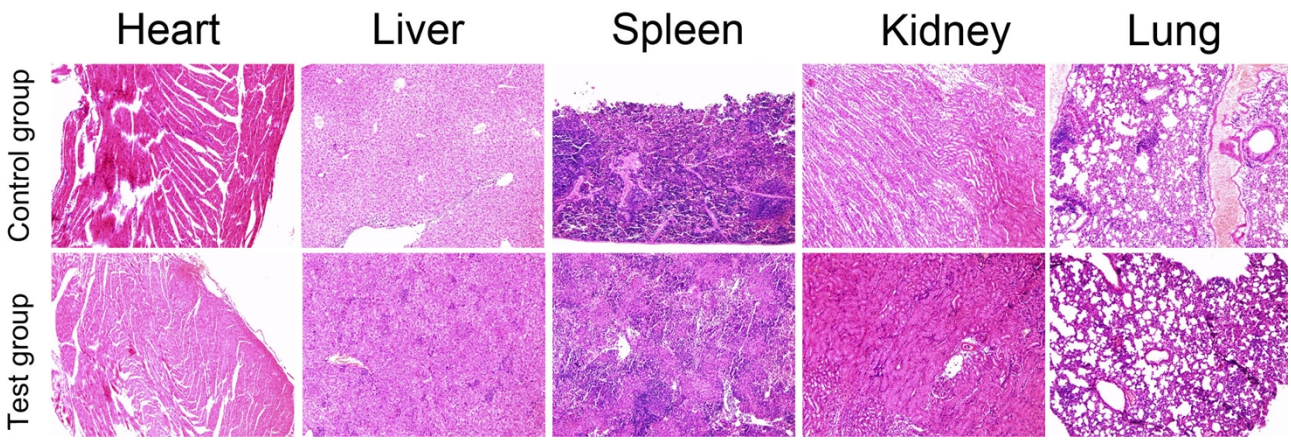

Fig. S8. Histological changes in the heart, liver, spleen, kidney, and lung of the rat three weeks after intravenous injection of a single dose of PEGylated WO_{3-x} nanoparticles.

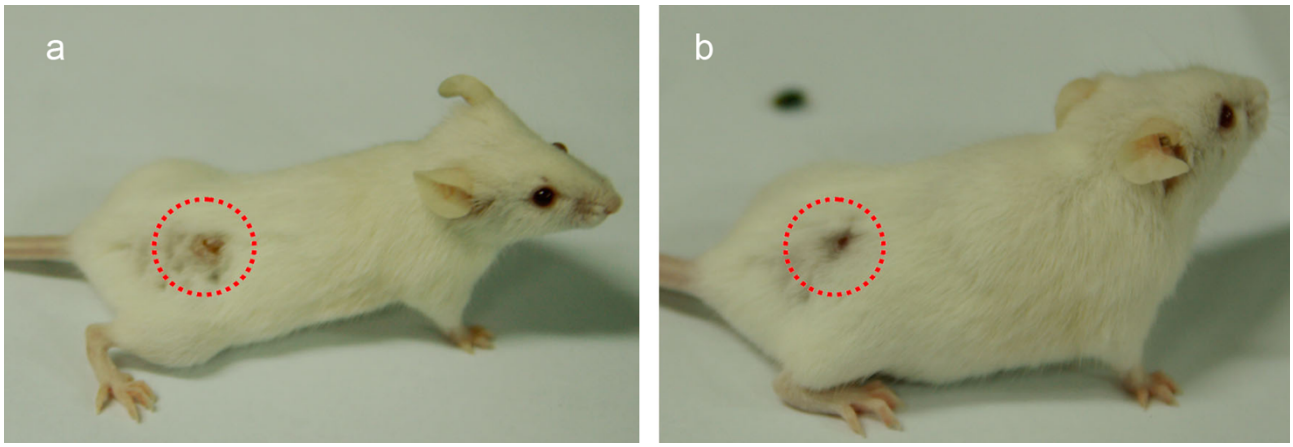

Fig. S9. Digital photos of a 4T1 tumor-bearing mouse before (a) and after photothermal therapy (b).

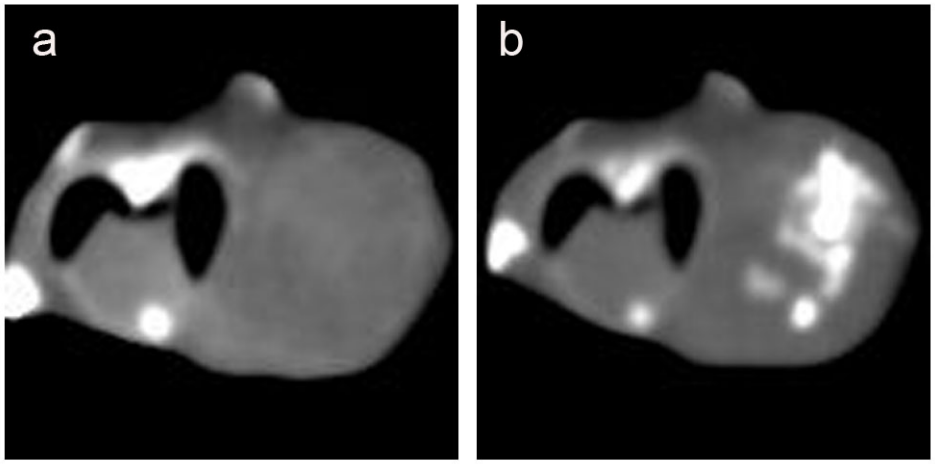

Fig. S10. The axial tumor images without the WO_{3-x} nanoparticles (a) and with the WO_{3-x} nanoparticles (b).