

Preparation of Fluorine-Doped, Carbon-Encapsulated Hollow Fe_3O_4 Spheres as Efficient Anode Material for Li-ion Battery

Hongbo Geng,^{1,2} Qun Zhou,¹ Yue Pan,¹ Hongwei Gu,^{1*} Junwei Zheng^{2*}

¹Key Laboratory of Organic Synthesis of Jiangsu Province, College of Chemical, Chemical Engineering and Materials Science, Soochow University, Suzhou, China, 215123; ²Institute of Chemical Power Sources, Soochow University, Suzhou, China, 215123;

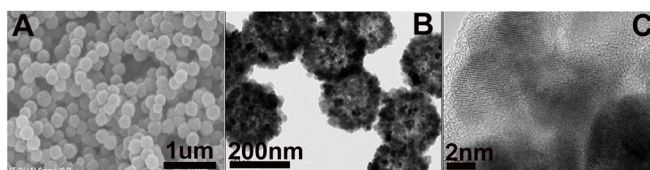


Figure S1. SEM image of the $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@\text{C}$ (A). TEM image of the $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@\text{C}$ (B).
HRTEM image of the $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@\text{C}$ (C)

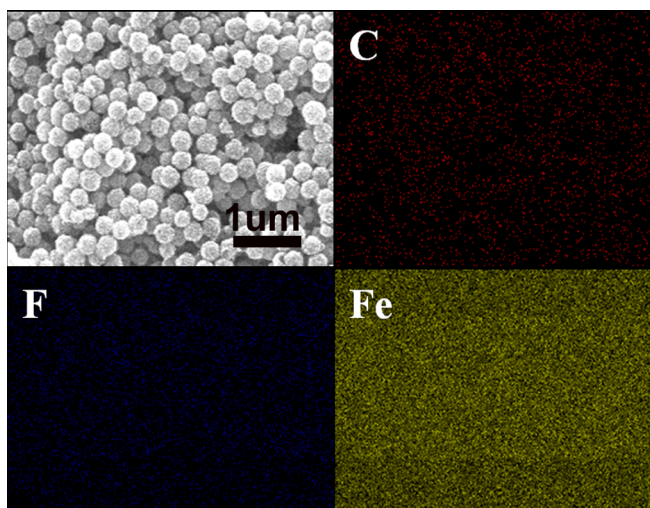


Figure S2. The energy-dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDX) elemental mapping of C, F and Fe
in the $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@\text{C}/\text{F}$ composite

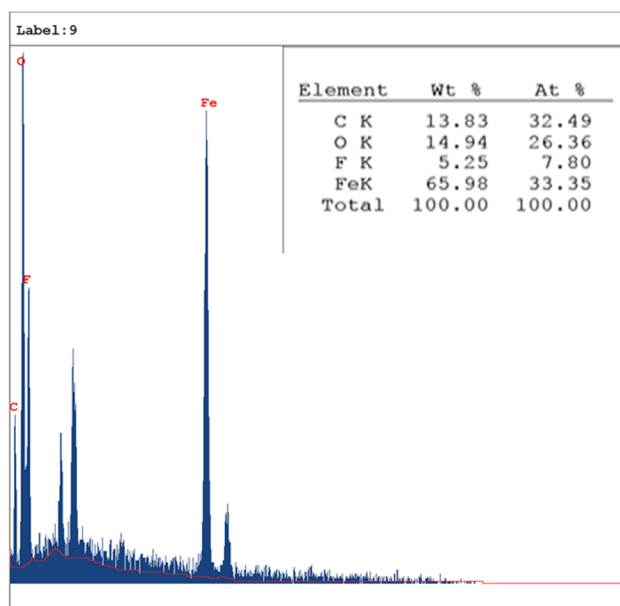


Figure S3. The energy-dispersive X-ray spectroscopy (EDX) spectrum of the $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@\text{C}/\text{F}$ composite

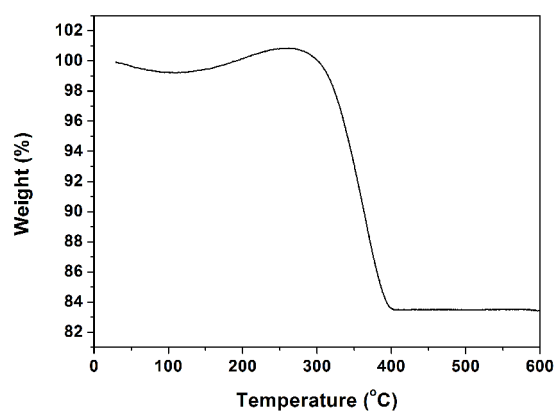


Figure S4. TGA of the $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@\text{C}$ composite

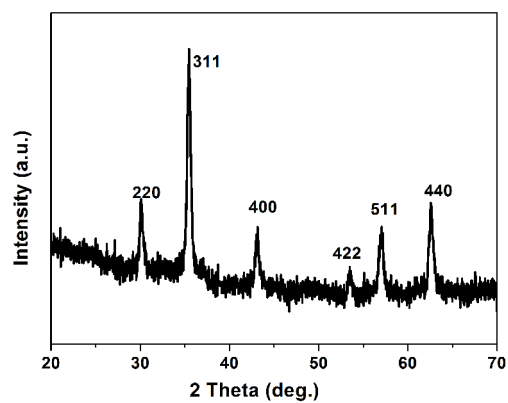


Figure S5. XRD of the $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@\text{C}$ composite

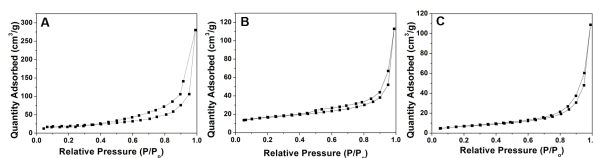


Figure S6. Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherm of (A) $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4$, (B) $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@C/F$ and (C) $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@C$.

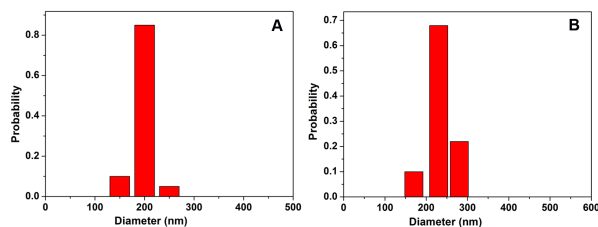


Figure S7. The diameter distributions of the (A) $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4$ and (B) $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@C/F$.

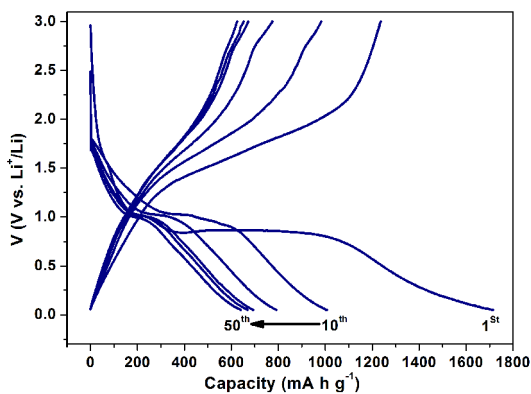


Figure S8. The charge-discharge voltage profiles of the $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@C$ composite

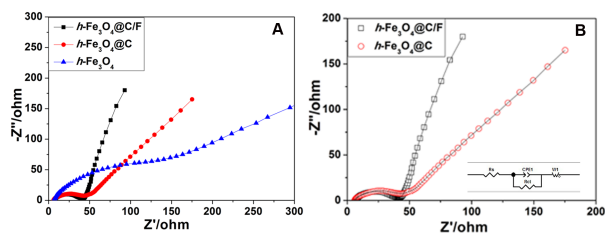


Figure S9. The impedance measures of the $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4$, $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@C$ and $h\text{-Fe}_3\text{O}_4@C/F$.