

**Exploration of ω -Side Chain Addition Strategies for the Syntheses of
Isocarbacyclin and 15*R*-16-(*m*-tolyl)-17,18,19,20-tetranorisocarbacyclin**

Supporting Information

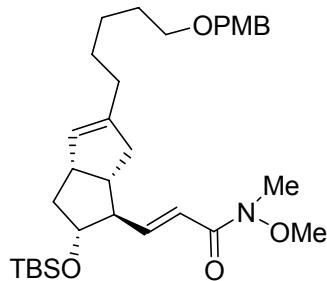
Neil A. Sheddan* and Johann Mulzer*

Institut für Organische Chemie, Währingerstrasse 38, A-1090 Wien, Austria

General Experimental

All reactions were carried out in oven or flame-dried glassware under an argon atmosphere, unless otherwise stated. Anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (THF) and diethyl ether (Et₂O) were freshly distilled from sodium / benzophenone under argon. All other solvents were HPLC grade. Reactions were magnetically stirred and monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) with E. Merck silica gel 60-F254 plates. Flash column chromatography was performed with Merck silica gel (0.04-0.63 µm, 240-400 mesh) under high pressure. Yields refer to chromatographically and spectroscopically pure compounds, unless otherwise stated. NMR spectra were recorded on either a Bruker Avance DPX 400 MHz or 600 MHz spectrometer. Unless otherwise stated, all NMR spectra were measured in CDCl₃ solutions and referenced to the residual CHCl₃ signal (¹H, δ = 7.26; ¹³C, δ = 77.0). All ¹H and ¹³C NMR shifts are given in ppm (for ¹H NMR: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quadruplet, m = multiplet; br s = broad signal; for ¹³C NMR: p = primary, s = secondary, t = tertiary, q = quaternary). Coupling constants *J* are given in Hz; assignments of proton resonances were confirmed, when possible, by selective homonuclear decoupling experiments or by correlated spectroscopy.

(E)-3-((1R,2R,3aS,6aS)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3a,6,6a-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-N-methoxy-N-methylacrylamide, 7



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A suspension of NaH (0.043 g, 1.08 mmol) in anhydrous THF (5 mL) was stirred for 30 minutes at 0 °C. Diethyl 2-(methoxy(methyl)amino)-2-oxoethylphosphonate (0.258 g, 1.08 mmol) in anhydrous THF (4 mL) was added dropwise and the solution was stirred for a further 45 minutes at 0 °C. (1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalene-1-carbaldehyde, **9** (0.300 g, 0.635 mmol) in anhydrous THF (5 mL) was then added and allowed to stir overnight warming to ambient temperature. The reaction was quenched by the addition of saturated aq. NH₄Cl solution (10 mL) and was extracted with Et₂O (5 x 10 mL). Combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (1 x 10 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using hexanes:ethyl (3:1) as the mobile phase to afford (*E*)-3-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-N-methoxy-*N*-methylacrylamide, **7**, as a pale yellow oil (0.307 g, 87 %).

C₃₂H₅₁NO₅Si M_r = 557.84

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.25 (2H, d, *J* 8.3, ArH), 6.87 (2H, d, *J* 8.8, ArH), 6.45 (1H, dd, *J* 15.1, 9.2, vinylic in chain), 6.45 (1H, d, *J* 15.1, vinylic in chain), 5.25 (1H, s, vinylic in ring), 4.42 (2H, s, CH₂Ar), 3.87 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.3, 9.3, 7.1, CHOTBS), 3.80 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 3.68 (3H, s, NOCH₃), 3.43 (2H, dd, *J* 6.8, 6.6, alkyl CH₂), 3.24 (3H, s, NCH₃), 3.00 (1H, d, *J* 7.6, CHCH₂CHOTBS), 2.47-2.35 (2H, m, (2H, m, CHHCHCHCHOTBS), 2.29-2.16 (2H, m, CHHCHOTBS, CHCHOTBS), 2.05-1.92 (3H, m, alkyl CH₂, CHHCHCHCHOTBS), 1.60 (2H, dddd, *J* 7.3, 7.1, 6.8, 6.8, alkyl CH₂), 1.48-1.23 (5H, m, 2 x alkyl CH₂, CHHCHOTBS), 0.84 (9H, s, SiC(CH₃)₃), 0.01 (3H, s, SiCH₃), 0.00 (3H, s, SiCH₃)

¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 166.8 (q), 159.1 (q), 149.2 (t), 141.7 (q), 130.8 (q), 129.2 (t), 127.7 (t), 119.6 (t), 113.7 (t), 77.8 (t), 72.5 (s), 70.1 (s), 61.6 (p), 58.1 (t), 55.2 (p), 45.7 (t), 43.5 (t), 41.0 (s), 39.9 (s), 32.4 (p), 30.9 (s), 29.6 (s), 27.6 (s), 26.1 (s), 25.8 (p), 18.0 (q), -4.6 (p), -4.6 (p)

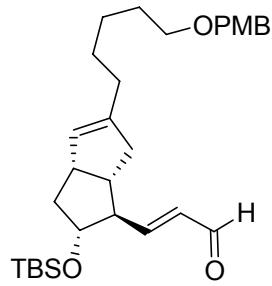
IR (Si, Film) $\tilde{\nu}_{\text{max}} = 2932, 2856, 1665, 1636, 1614, 1586, 1513, 1463, 1443, 1383, 1037, 863$

HRMS (200 °C 70 eV): *m/z* calcd for C₂₈O₄₂O₅NSi (M⁺ - C₄H₉): 500.2582; found 500.2583

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} = -2.7$ (c = 0.93, CHCl₃)

R_f (3:1 Hex/EtOAc) = 0.23

(E)-3-((1R,2R,3aS,6aS)-2-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3a,6,6a-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)acrylaldehyde, 8



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A solution of (E)-3-((1R,2R,3aS,6aS)-2-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3a,6,6a-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-N-methoxy-N-methylacrylamide, **7**, in anhydrous THF (5 mL) was stirred at -78 °C for 40 minutes. DIBAL-H (1.5 M, toluene, 0.86 mL, 3 eq.) was added dropwise and stirred at this temperature for 1.5 hours. The reaction was quenched by the addition of saturated aq. NH₄Cl solution (10 mL) where a Na/K-tartrate solution (20 mL) was added and allowed to warm to ambient temperature overnight. Extraction was carried out with CH₂Cl₂ (5 x 10 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (1 x 15 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using hexanes:ethyl (5:1) as the mobile phase to afford (E)-3-((1R,2R,3aS,6aS)-2-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3a,6,6a-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)acrylaldehyde, **8**, as a pale yellow oil (0.213 g, 100 %).

C₃₀H₄₆O₄Si

M_r = 498.77

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 9.53 (1H, d, *J* 7.8, CHO), 7.26 (2H, d, *J* 8.6, ArH), 6.87 (2H, d, *J* 8.6, ArH), 6.77 (1H, dd, *J* 15.7, 7.8, vinylic in chain), 6.17 (1H, ddd, *J* 15.7, 7.8, 0.7, vinylic in chain), 5.27 (1H, d, *J* 1.3, vinylic in ring), 4.43 (2H, s, CH₂Ar), 3.87 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.3, 9.3, 7.1, CHOTBS), 3.80 (3H, s, OCH₃), 3.43 (2H, dd, *J* 6.8, 6.6, alkyl CH₂), 3.09-2.99 (1H, m, CHCH₂CHOTBS), 2.51-2.31 (3H, m, CHHCHCHCHOTBS), 2.26 (1H, ddd, *J* 12.3, 8.8, 7.0, CHHCHOTBS), 2.05-1.93 (3H, m, alkyl CH₂, CHHCHCHCHOTBS), 1.61 (2H, dddd, *J* 7.3, 7.1, 6.8, 6.8, alkyl CH₂), 1.49-1.23 (5H, m, 2 x alkyl CH₂, CHHCHOTBS), 0.85 (9H, s, SiC(CH₃)₃), 0.02 (3H, s, SiCH₃), 0.00 (3H, s, SiCH₃)

¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 193.9 (t), 160.0 (t), 159.1 (q), 141.8 (q), 133.5 (t), 130.8 (q), 129.2 (t), 127.5 (t), 113.8 (t), 77.5 (t), 72.5 (s), 70.1 (s), 58.1 (t), 55.3 (p), 45.8 (t), 43.1 (t), 41.0 (s), 39.9 (s), 30.9 (s), 29.6 (s), 27.6 (s), 26.1 (s), 25.7 (p), 18.0 (q), -4.4 (p), -4.7 (p)

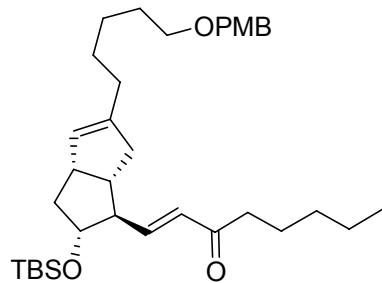
IR (Si, Film) $\tilde{\nu}_{\text{max}} = 2928, 2856, 1691, 1653, 1616, 1559, 1513, 1457, 1362, 1249, 1113, 863$

HRMS (150 °C 70 eV): *m/z* calcd for C₃₀H₄₆O₄Si: 498.3165; found 498.3151

Optical Rotation: [α]_D²⁰ = + 13.5 (c = 0.24, CHCl₃)

R_f (5:1 Hex/EtOAc) = 0.35

(E)-1-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-one, 13



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To the solution of (E)-3-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-N-methoxy-N-

methylacrylamide, **7**, (0.416 g, 0.746 mmol) in anhydrous THF (25 mL) at -78 °C was added pentyl magnesium bromide (2.0 M, 1.12 mL, 2.24 mmol). The solution was stirred at -78°C for 1 hour and allowed to warm to 0 °C. H₂O (10 mL) was added and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (5 x 10 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (1 x 15 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using hexanes:ethyl (10:1) as the mobile phase to afford (*E*)-1-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydrophenalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-one, **13**, as a clear oil (0.398 g, 94 %).

C₃₅H₅₆O₄Si **M_r** = 568.90

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.26 (2H, d, *J* 8.8, ArH), 6.87 (2H, d, *J* 8.6, ArH), 6.73 (1H, dd *J* 15.8, 8.2, vinylic in chain), 6.14 (1H, dd, *J* 15.8, 1.0, vinylic in chain), 5.25 (1H, d *J* 1.3, vinylic in ring), 4.43 (2H, s, CH₂Ar), 3.84 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.6, 9.6, 7.1, CHOTBS), 3.80 (3H, s, OCH₃), 3.43 (2H, dd, *J* 6.8, 6.6, alkyl CH₂), 3.01 (1H, ddd, *J* 8.8, 8.3, 7.8, CHCH₂CHOTBS), 2.52 (2H, dd, *J* 7.6, 7.3, O=CCH₂), 2.48 (2H, m, CHHCHCHCHOTBS), 2.24 (1H, ddd, *J* 12.2, 8.8, 7.0, CHHCHOTBS), 2.16 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.3, 8.8, 8.6, TBSOCHCH), 2.05-1.91 (3H, m, CHHCHCHCHOTBS, alkyl CH₂), 1.67-1.55 (4H, m, 2 x CH₂), 1.48-1.22 (9H, m, CHHCHOTBS, 4 x alkyl CH₂), 0.89 (3H, dd, *J* 7.1, 6.8, CH₃), 0.85 (9H, s, SiC(CH₃)₃), 0.01 (3H, s, SiCH₃), 0.00 (3H, s, SiCH₃)

¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 200.6 (q), 159.1 (q), 148.4 (t), 141.8 (q), 130.9 (t), 130.8 (q), 129.2 (t), 127.6 (t), 113.7 (t), 77.5 (t), 72.5 (s), 70.1 (s), 57.8 (t), 55.3 (p), 45.7 (t), 43.1 (t), 40.9 (s), 40.1 (s), 39.9 (s), 31.5 (s), 30.9 (s), 29.6 (s), 27.6 (s), 26.1 (s), 25.7 (p), 24.0 (s), 22.5 (s), 18.0 (q), 13.9 (p), -4.5 (p), -4.7 (p)

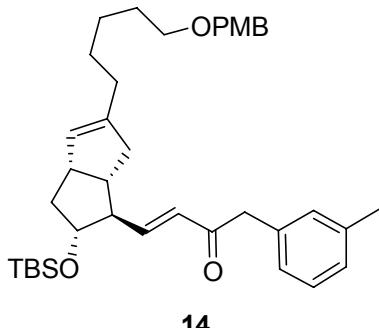
IR (Si, Film) $\tilde{\nu}_{\text{max}} = 2929, 2857, 1735, 1696, 1672, 1586, 1560, 1513, 1463, 1361, 1248, 980$

HRMS (150 °C 70 eV): *m/z* calcd for C₃₁O₄₇O₄Si (M⁺ - C₄H₉): 511.3244; found 511.3233

Optical Rotation: [α]_D²⁰ = + 1.3 (c = 0.69, CHCl₃)

R_f (5:1 Hex/EtOAc) = 0.34

(E)-4-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydrophenalen-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-one, 14



To the solution of (*E*)-3-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydrophenalen-1-yl)-*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylacrylamide, 7, (0.100 g, 0.180 mmol) in anhydrous THF (2 mL) at -78 °C was added (3-methylbenzyl)magnesium bromide (0.74 M, 0.730 mL, 0.54 mmol). The solution was stirred at -78°C for 1 hour and allowed to warm to 0 °C. H₂O (2 mL) was added and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (5 x 2 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (1 x 2 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using hexanes:ethyl (10:1) as the mobile phase to afford (*E*)-4-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydrophenalen-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-one, **14**, as a clear oil (0.098 g, 90 %).

C₃₈H₅₄O₄Si **M_r** = 602.92

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.26 (2H, d, *J* 8.6, ArH), 7.20 (1H, t, *J* 7.6, ArH), 7.05 (1H, d, *J* 7.6, ArH), 7.03-6.97 (2H, m, ArH), 6.88 (2H, d, *J* 8.8, ArH), 6.82 (1H, dd *J* 15.7, 8.6, vinylic in chain), 6.20 (1H, dd, *J* 15.7, 0.8, vinylic in chain), 5.24 (1H, s, vinylic in ring), 4.43 (2H, s, CH₂Ar), 3.82 (1H, overlapping ddd, *J* 9.6, 9.6, 7.1, CHOTBS), 3.80 (3H, s, OCH₃), 3.78 (2H, bs, O=CCH₂), 3.44 (2H, dd, *J* 6.8, 6.6, alkyl CH₂), 3.05-2.95 (1H, m, CHCH₂CHOTBS), 2.46-2.28 (2H, CHHCHCHCHOTBS), 2.33 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 2.22 (1H, ddd, *J* 12.3, 8.7, 7.1, CHHCHOTBS), 2.14 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.3, 9.1, 9.1, TBSOCHCH), 1.99 (2H, dd, *J* 7.3, 6.6, alkyl CH₂) 1.91 (1H, d, *J* 15.2, CHHCHCHCHOTBS), 1.60 (2H, dddd, 7.3, 7.1, 6.8, 6.8, alkyl CH₂), 1.47-1.16 (5H, m, 2 x alkyl CH₂, CHHCHOTBS), 0.82 (9H, s, SiC(CH₃)₃), -0.02 (3H, s, SiCH₃), -0.06 (3H, s, SiCH₃)

¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 197.3 (q), 159.1 (q), 149.6 (t), 141.8 (q), 138.2 (q), 134.4 (q), 130.8 (q), 130.2 (t), 130.0 (t), 129.2 (t), 128.5 (t), 127.6 (t), 127.6 (t), 126.5 (t), 113.7 (t), 77.5 (t), 72.5 (s), 70.1 (s), 57.9 (t), 55.3 (p), 47.6 (s), 45.8 (t), 43.2 (t), 41.0 (s), 39.9 (s), 30.9 (s), 29.7 (s), 27.6 (s), 26.1 (s), 25.7 (p), 21.3 (p), 18.0 (q), -4.6 (p), -4.8 (p)

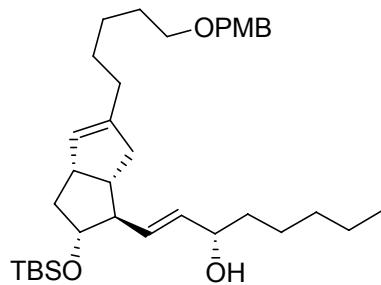
IR (Si, Film) $\tilde{\nu}_{\text{max}} = 2928, 2856, 1699, 1607, 1513, 1463, 1361, 1257, 1169, 1113, 1035, 836$

HRMS (170 °C 70 eV): *m/z* calcd for C₃₈H₅₄O₄Si: 602.3791; found 602.3777

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} = +9.6$ (c = 0.19, CHCl₃)

R_f (3:1 Hex/EtOAc) = 0.44

(S,E)-1-((1R,2R,3aS,6aS)-2-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3a,6,6a-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-ol, 21



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Method 1: (R)-CBS Reduction

(*E*)-1-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-one, **13** (0.199 g, 0.350 mmol) and (*R*)-2-methyl-CBS-oxazaborolidine* (1.0 M in toluene, 0.18 mL, 0.180 mmol) in toluene (3 mL) was stirred at -78 °C for 30 minutes. Catecholborane (1.0 M in toluene, 1.4 mL, 1.40 mmol) was added dropwise, via syringe pump, over 6 hours. The reaction was stirred at -78 °C for 14 h at which time methanol (3 mL) was added to quench the remaining hydride. The reaction was warmed to ambient temperature, extracted with Et₂O (5 x 4 mL) and combined organic layers were washed with NaOH (1 M, 5 mL), and brine (5 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using hexanes:ethyl (10:1) as the mobile phase to afford a 9:1 mixture of (*S,E*)-1-

((*1R,2R,3aS,6aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-ol and (*R,E*)-1-((*1R,2R,3aS,6aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-ol, respectively, as a clear oil (0.191 g, 96 %).

* Same procedure was followed, when using the (*R*)-2-*n*-butyl-CBS-oxazaborilidine as catalyst to afford a 10:1 mixture of (*S,E*)-1-((*1R,2R,3aS,6aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-ol and (*R,E*)-1-((*1R,2R,3aS,6aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-ol, respectively (92%).

Method 2: (*S*)-BINAL-H Reduction

A dry Schlenk flask equipped with a rubber septum was flame-dried and placed under an argon atmosphere. A solution of LiAlH₄ (1M in THF, 0.704 mL, 0.704 mmol, 4 equiv) was added via syringe at room temperature, then a solution of absolute EtOH (0.032 g, 0.704 mmol, 4 equiv) in dry THF (0.5 mL) was added dropwise via cannula over a period of *ca.* 10 min with stirring. Subsequently a THF solution of *bis(S)*-naphthol (0.202 g, 0.704 mmol, 4 equiv in 1.5 mL of dry THF) was added dropwise, and the resulting mixture was stirred for an additional 30 min at rt and used for the asymmetric reduction. The (*S*)-BINAL-H reagent thus formed in THF was a homogeneous, milky mixture, which did not separate any precipitate; this mixture was cooled to -100°C and a solution of (*E*)-1-((*1R,2R,3aS,6aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-one, **13**, (0.100 g, 0.176 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dry THF (2 mL) was added dropwise via cannula. After stirring for 2 h at the same temperature, the asymmetric reduction was completed. Excess BINAL-H was destroyed by addition of methanol (0.2 mL) at -78°C and the mixture, followed by KHSO₄ (5% in water, 0.5 mL) and was warmed to r.t. Et₂O (3 mL) were added; extracted with Et₂O (5 x 1 mL) where combined organic layers were washed with water (1 x 1 mL) and brine (1 x 2 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using hexanes:ethyl (10:1) as the mobile phase to afford (*S,E*)-1-((*1R,2R,3aS,6aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-ol as a clear oil (0.91 g, 91 %).

Method 3: Seebach's Alkylation Method

Catalysts **17**, **18** and **19** were prepared, as described by J. L. von der Bussche-Hünnefeld, D. Seebach, *Tetrahedron*, **1992**, *48*, 5719.

A 1.0 M zinc chloride solution in Et₂O (20 mL, 20.00 mmol) was diluted with Et₂O (10 mL) and pentyl magnesium bromide (2.0 M in Et₂O, 19.1 mL, 40 mmol) was then added dropwise. The resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. then treated with 3.6 mL of 1,4-dioxane (freshly distilled from sodium metal) and stirred for an additional 45 minutes. Subsequent filtration under an argon atmosphere (Schlenk filter) yielded a clear 0.41 M solution of dipentyl zinc reagent **20**. An aliquot of the dipentyl zinc solution (0.49 mL, 0.20 mmol) was then added to a previously prepared solution of 0.02 g of spirotitanate **17** (0.02 mmol) (or 2.0 mmol of **18** or **19**), followed by Ti(OCHMe₂)₄ (0.031 mL, 0.12 mmol) in toluene (0.5 mL). The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h., where a solution of (*E*)-3-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)acrylaldehyde, **8**, (0.05 g, 0.10 mmol) in toluene (0.5 mL) was added dropwise, and the reaction temperature raised to -30 °C. The reaction was kept at this temperature for a further 14 hours where it was quenched by the addition of a saturated solution of NH₄Cl (1 mL) and Et₂O (3 mL), extracted with Et₂O (5 x 1 mL) where combined organic layers were washed with water (1 x 1 mL) and brine (1 x 2 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Pentane was added to the resulting oil to recover the diol ligand. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using hexanes:ethyl (10:1) as the mobile phase to afford (*S,E*)-1-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-ol, **21** as a clear oil (0.047 g, 82 %).

C₃₅H₅₈O₄Si

M_r = 570.92

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.26 (2H, d, *J* 8.6, ArH), 6.88 (2H, d, *J* 8.6, ArH), 5.59-5.48 (1H, overlapping dd, *J* 15.4, 4.3, HC=CH), 5.59-5.48 (1H, overlapping dd, *J* 15.4, 5.3, HC=CH), 5.24 (1H, d, *J* 1.3, vinylic in ring), 4.43 (2H, s, OCH₂Ar), 4.10-4.03 (1H, m, HC=CHCHOH), 3.80 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 3.73 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.8, 9.5, 6.8, CHOTBS), 3.43 (2H, dd, *J* 6.8, 6.6, , alkyl CH₂), 2.94 (1H, dddd, *J* 8.6, 8.6, 8.5, 1.8, CHCH₂CHOTBS), 2.40 (1H, dd, *J* 16.6, 9.0, HC=CCHH), 2.25 (1H, dddd, *J* 9.5, 9.5, 8.9, 1.8, , HCHCHC=CH), 2.18 (1H,

ddd, J 12.2, 8.8, 7.0, CHHCHOTBS), 2.04-1.93 (4H, m, HCHC=CH, HC=CCHH, alkyl CH₂), 1.61 (2H, dddd, J 7.3, 7.1, 6.8, 6.8, alkyl CH₂), 1.59-1.57 (1H, m, OH), 1.56-1.24 (15H, m, 7 x alkyl CH₂, CHHCHOTBS), 0.93-0.84 (3H, m, alkyl CH₃), 0.86 (9H, s, SiC(CH₃)₃), 0.02 (6H, s, Si(CH₃)₂)

¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 159.1 (q), 141.8 (q), 134.1 (t), 133.1 (t), 130.8 (q), 129.2 (t), 127.8 (t), 113.8 (t), 77.8 (t), 73.1 (t), 72.5 (s), 70.1 (s), 57.3 (t), 55.3 (p), 45.4 (t), 43.2 (t), 40.7 (s), 39.9 (s), 37.3 (s), 31.8 (s), 31.0 (s), 29.6 (s), 27.6 (s), 26.1 (s), 25.9 (p), 25.3 (p), 22.6 (s), 18.1 (q), 14.0 (p), -4.4 (p), -4.6 (p)

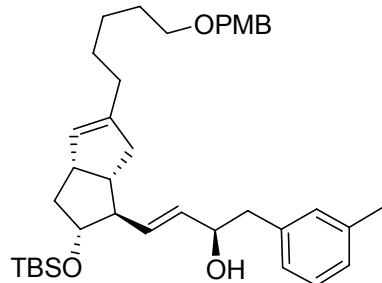
IR (Si, Film) $\tilde{\nu}_{\text{max}} = 3437, 2930, 2857, 1613, 1587, 1513, 1463, 1360, 1302, 1249, 1172$

HRMS (140 °C 50 eV): *m/z* calcd for C₃₅H₅₈O₄Si: 570.4104; found 570.4394

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -3.3$ (c = 0.48, acetone)

R_f (3:1 Hex/EtOAc) = 0.37

(R,E)-4-((1R,2R,3aS,6aS)-2-(tert-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3a,6,6a-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-1-m-tolylbut-3-en-2-ol



Method 1: (S)-CBS Reduction

(*E*)-4-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-one, **14** (0.045 g, 0.075 mmol) and (*S*)-2-methyl-CBS-oxazaborilidine* (1.0 M in toluene, 0.09 mL, 0.090 mmol) in toluene (2 mL) was stirred at -78 °C for 30 minutes. Catecholborane (1.0 M in toluene, 0.18 mL, 0.180 mmol) was added dropwise, via syringe pump, over 12 hours. The reaction was stirred at -78 °C for 14 h at which time methanol (2 mL) was added to quench the remaining hydride.

The reaction was warmed to ambient temperature, extracted with Et₂O (5 x 2 mL) and combined organic layers were washed with NaOH (1 M, 2 mL), and brine (2 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using hexanes:ethyl (3:1) as the mobile phase to afford a 6:1 mixture of (R,E)-4-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-ol and (S,E)-4-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-ol, respectively, as a clear oil (0.043 g, 95 %).

* Same procedure was followed, when using the (S)-2-*n*-butyl-CBS-oxazaborilidine as catalyst to afford a 7:1 mixture of (R,E)-4-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-ol and (S,E)-4-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-ol, respectively (86%).

Method 2: (R)-BINAL-H Reduction

A dry Schlenk flask equipped with a rubber septum was flame-dried and placed under an argon atmosphere. A solution of LiAlH₄ (1M in THF, 0.300 mL, 0.300 mmol, 4 equiv) was added via syringe at room temperature, then a solution of absolute EtOH (0.014 g, 0.300 mmol, 4 equiv) in dry THF (0.3 mL) was added dropwise via cannula over a period of *ca.* 10 min with stirring. Subsequently a THF solution of *bis*(*R*)-naphthol (0.086 g, 0.300 mmol, 4 equiv in 1 mL of dry THF) was added dropwise, and the resulting mixture was stirred for an additional 30 min at rt and used for the asymmetric reduction. The (R)-BINAL-H reagent formed in THF was a homogeneous, milky mixture, which did not separate any precipitate; this mixture was cooled to -100°C and a solution of (E)-4-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-one, **14**, (0.045 g, 0.075 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dry THF (2 mL) was added dropwise via cannula. After stirring for 2 h at the same temperature, the asymmetric reduction was completed. Excess BINAL-H was destroyed by addition of methanol (0.2 mL) at -78°C and the mixture, followed by KHSO₄ (5% in water, 0.5 mL) and was warmed to r.t. Et₂O (2 mL) were added; extracted with Et₂O (5 x 1 mL) where combined

organic layers were washed with water (1 x 1 mL) and brine (1 x 2 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using hexanes:ethyl (3:1) as the mobile phase to afford an 8:1 mixture of (R,E)-4-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-ol and (S,E)-4-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-ol, respectively, as a clear oil (0.041 g, 90 %).

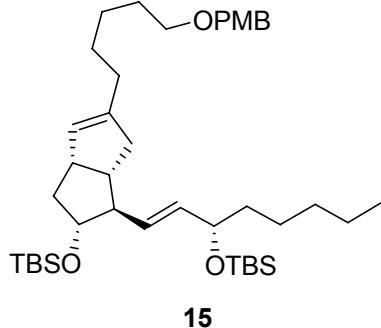
C₃₈H₅₆O₄Si **M_r** = 604.93

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.26 (2H, d, *J* 8.6, ArH), 7.18 (1H, dd, *J* 7.6, 7.4, ArH), 7.08-7.01 (3H, m, ArH), 6.88 (2H, d, *J* 8.6, ArH), 5.65-5.54 (1H, overlapping dd, *J* 15.3, HC=CH), 5.65-5.54 (1H, overlapping dd, *J* 15.3, HC=CH), 5.24 (1H, d, *J* 1.3, vinylic in ring), 4.43 (2H, s, OCH₂Ar), 4.37-4.30 (1H, m, HC=CHCHOH), 3.80 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 3.74 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.6, 9.6, 7.1, CHOTBS), 3.44 (2H, dd, *J* 6.8, 6.8, alkyl CH₂), 2.98-2.90 (1H, m, CHCH₂CHOTBS), 2.85 (1H, ddd, *J* 13.3, 13.3, 4.4, CHOCHHArCH₃), 2.71 (1H, dd, *J* 13.3, 8.3, CHOCHHArCH₃), 2.47-2.36 (1H, m, HC=CCHH), 2.34m(3H, s, ArCH₃), 2.29 (1H, ddd, *J* 8.8, 8.8, 8.7, HCHCHC=CH), 2.18 (1H, ddd, *J* 12.3, 8.8, 7.0, CHHCHOTBS), 2.06-1.93 (4H, m, HCHC=CH, HC=CCHH, alkyl CH₂), 1.61 (2H, dddd, *J* 7.3, 7.1, 6.8, 6.6, alkyl CH₂), 1.47-1.23 (8H, m, 3 x alkyl CH₂, CHHCHOTBS, OH), 0.86 (9H, s, SiC(CH₃)₃), 0.02 (6H, s, Si(CH₃)₂)

HRMS (150 °C 70 eV): *m/z* calcd for C₃₈H₅₆O₄Si: 604.3948; found 604.3957

R_f (3:1 Hex/EtOAc) = 0.38

tert-butyl((S,E)-1-((1R,2R,3aS,6aS)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3a,6,6a-hexahdropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-yloxy)dimethylsilane, 15



C₄₁H₇₂O₄Si₂ **M_r** = 685.18

To a solution of (*S,E*)-1-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahdropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-ol (0.200 g, 0.350 mmol) and imizadole (0.060 g, 0.875 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (2 mL), TBSCl (0.63 g, 0.420 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (1 mL) was dropwise added and stirred for 14 h. H₂O (3 mL) and Et₂O (5 mL) were added, extracted with Et₂O (5 x 3 mL). Combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (1 x 2 mL), brine (1 x 2 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using hexanes:ethyl acetate (5:1) as the mobile phase to afford *tert*-butyl((*S,E*)-1-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahdropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-yloxy)dimethylsilane, **15**, as a pale yellow oil (0.239 g, 100 %).

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.26 (2H, d, *J* 8.5, ArH), 6.88 (2H, d, *J* 8.5, ArH), 5.52-5.44 (1H, overlapping dd, *J* 15.4, HC=CH), 5.52-5.44 (1H, overlapping dd, *J* 15.4, HC=CH), 5.23 (1H, d, *J* 1.5, vinylic in ring), 4.43 (2H, s, OCH₂Ar), 4.06 (1H, ddd, *J* 6.2, 6.2, 4.7, HC=CHCHOTBS), 3.80 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 3.74 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.4, 7.0, 7.0, CHOTBS), 3.44 (2H, dd, *J* 6.8, 6.6, alkyl CH₂), 2.97-2.88 (1H, m, CHCH₂CHOTBS), 2.39 (1H, dd, *J* 16.3, 8.6, HC=CCHH), 2.23 (1H, dddd, *J* 9.4, 9.4, 8.8, 1.7, HCHCHC=CH), 2.18 (1H, ddd, *J* 12.2, 8.8, 6.9, CHHCHOTBS), 2.04-1.93 (4H, m, HCHC=CH, HC=CCHH, alkyl CH₂), 1.61 (2H, dddd, *J* 7.5, 7.3, 6.8, 6.8, alkyl CH₂), 1.53-1.38 (4H, m, 2 x alkyl CH₂), 1.38-1.22 (9H, 4 x CH₂, CHHCHOTBS), 0.90-0.88 (3H, m, alkyl CH₃), 0.89 (9H, s, SiC(CH₃)₃), 0.86 (9H, s, SiC(CH₃)₃), 0.04 (3H, s, SiCH₃), 0.02 (9H, s, SiCH₃, Si(CH₃)₂)

¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 159.6 (q), 141.8 (q), 134.3 (t), 130.9 (t), 130.8 (q), 129.2 (t), 127.8 (t), 113.7 (t), 78.0 (t), 73.3 (t), 72.5 (s), 70.2 (s), 57.0 (t), 55.3 (p), 45.3 (t), 43.3 (t), 40.8 (s), 40.0 (s), 38.7 (s), 31.8 (s), 31.0 (s), 29.6 (s), 27.6 (s), 26.1 (s), 25.9 (p), 25.9 (p), 25.2 (s), 22.6 (s), 18.3 (q), 18.1 (q), 14.0 (p), -4.2 (p), -4.5 (p), -4.6 (p), -4.7 (p)

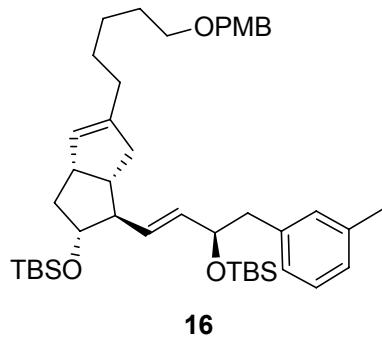
IR (Si, Film) $\tilde{\nu}_{\max}$ = 2930, 2857, 1608, 1514, 1462, 1255, 1113, 835, 775

HRMS (150 °C 60 eV): *m/z* calcd for C₄₁H₇₂O₄Si₂: 684.4969; found 684.4957

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -1.1$ (c = 0.3, acetone)

R_f (10:1 Hex/EtOAc) = 0.52

tert-butyl((2*R*,3*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-3-((*R,E*)-3-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-4-*m*-tolylbut-1-enyl)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,4,6*a*-hexahydronatalen-2-vloxy)dimethylsilane, 16



16

C₄₄H₇₀O₄Si₂

M_r = 719.20

To a solution of (*R,E*)-4-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,*a*-hexahydronatalen-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-ol (0.067 g, 0.111 mmol) and imizadole (0.019 g, 0.278 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (0.5 mL), TBSCl (0.020 g, 0.133 mmol) in anhydrous DMF (0.5 mL) was dropwise added and stirred for 14 h. H₂O (1 mL) and Et₂O (2 mL) were added, extracted with Et₂O (5 x 1 mL). Combined organic layers were washed with H₂O (1 x 1 mL), brine (1 x 1 mL), dried over MgSO₄, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. Crude product was purified by flash column chromatography using hexanes:ethyl acetate (5:1) as the mobile phase to afford *tert*-butyl((2*R*,3*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-3-((*R,E*)-3-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-4-*m*-tolylbut-1-enyl)-5-(5-(4-

methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,4,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-2-yloxy)dimethylsilane, **16**, as a pale yellow oil (0.077 g, 96 %).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.26 (2H, d, *J* 8.6; ArH), 7.14 (1H, dd, *J* 7.6, 7.3, ArH), 7.02-6.95 (3H, m, ArH), 6.88 (2H, d, *J* 8.6, ArH), 5.56-5.42 (1H, overlapping dd, *J* 15.3, 6.3, HC=CH), 5.56-5.42 (1H, overlapping dd, *J* 15.3, 6.9, HC=CH), 5.23 (1H, d, *J* 1.3, vinylic in ring), 4.43 (2H, s, OCH₂Ar), 4.22 (1H, ddd, *J* 7.6, 5.9, 5.4, HC=CHCHOTBS), 3.80 (3H, s, ArOCH₃), 3.72 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.6, 9.5, 6.8, CHOTBS), 3.44 (2H, *J* 6.8, 6.6, alkyl CH₂), 3.01-2.88 (1H, m, CHCH₂CHOTBS), 2.77-2.64 (1H, overlapping dd, *J* 13.1, 4.5, HHCArCH₃), 2.77-2.64 (1H, overlapping dd, *J* 13.0, 7.7, HHCArCH₃), 2.39 (1H, dd, *J* 15.7, 8.8, HC=CCHH), 2.31 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 2.25 (1H, dddd, *J* 9.1, 8.8, 8.5, 2.0, HCHCHC=CH), 2.20-2.14 (1H, m, CHHCHOTBS), 2.05-1.91 (4H, m, HCHC=CH, HC=CCHH, alkyl CH₂), 1.61 (2H, dddd, *J* 7.3, 7.3, 6.8, 6.6, alkyl CH₂), 1.48-1.29 (6H, m, 3 x alkyl CH₂), 1.29-1.22 (1H, m, CHHCHOTBS), 0.86 (9H, s, SiC(CH₃)₃), 0.80 (9H, s, SiC(CH₃)₃), 0.02 (6H, s, Si(CH₃)₂), -0.14 (3H, s, SiCH₃), -0.22 (3H, s, SiCH₃)

¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 159.1 (q), 141.9 (q), 139.0 (q), 137.3 (q), 134.4 (t), 131.9 (t), 130.9 (t), 130.8 (q), 129.2 (t), 127.8 (t), 127.8 (t), 126.9 (t), 126.6 (t), 113.8 (t), 77.8 (t), 75.3 (t), 72.5 (s), 70.2 (s), 57.3 (t), 55.3 (p), 45.4 (t), 45.3 (s), 43.2 (t), 40.8 (s), 40.1 (s), 31.0 (s), 29.6 (s), 27.6 (s), 26.1 (s), 25.9 (p), 25.8 (p), 21.3 (p), 18.2 (q), 18.1 (q), -4.4 (p), -4.6 (p), -4.6 (p), -5.1 (p)

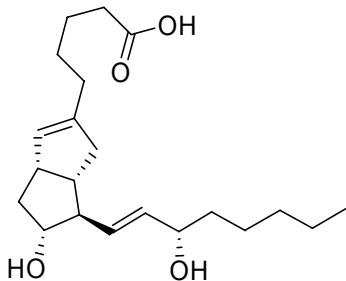
IR (Si, Film) $\tilde{\nu}_{\text{max}} = 2929, 2856, 1714, 1610, 1513, 1462, 1360, 1249, 1112, 835$

HRMS (160 °C 70 eV): *m/z* calcd for C₄₄H₇₀O₄Si₂: 718.4813; found 718.4801

Optical Rotation: $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} = +1.4$ (c = 0.66, acetone)

R_f (10:1 Hex/EtOAc) = 0.39

5-((3aS,5R,6R,6aS)-5-hydroxy-6-((S,E)-3-hydroxyoct-1-enyl)-1,3a,4,5,6,6a-hexahydropentalen-2-yl)pentanoic acid (Isocarbacyclin), 2



Isocarbacyclin (2)

C₂₁H₃₄O₄

M_r = 350.25

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) 5.56 (1H, dd, *J* 15.3, 7.2, vinylic in chain), 5.50 (1H, dd, *J* 15.3, 8.4, vinylic in chain), 5.29 (1H, d, *J* 1.4, vinylic in ring), 5.23-3.26 (1H, broad s, COOH), 4.06 (1H, ddd, *J* 6.9, 6.7, 6.7, HC=CHC(OH)H), 3.76 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.6, 7.2, 7.1, HCOH), 3.00 (1H, ddd, *J* 8.8, 8.6, 2.1, CHCH₂CHOH), 2.42-2.25 (5H, m, alkyl CH₂, CHCHCHOH, CHHCHCH, CHHCHOH), 2.06 (2H, dd, *J* 7.2, 6.9, alkyl CH₂), 1.99 (1H, bd, *J* 15.7, CHHCHCH), 1.92 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.5, 9.2, 8.8, CHCHOH), 1.70-1.54 (3H, m, alkyl CH₂, HC=CHC(OH)HCHH), 1.52-1.44 (3H, m, alkyl CH₂, HC=CHC(OH)HCHH), 1.40-1.23 (7H, m, 3 x alkyl CH₂, CHHCHOH), 0.89 (3H, t, *J* 7.0, CH₃)

¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 178.1 (q), 141.1 (q), 135.6 (t), 133.0 (t), 128.9 (t), 77.3 (t), 73.3 (t), 58.0 (t), 45.6 (t), 44.3 (t), 39.5 (s), 39.2 (s), 37.0 (s), 33.7 (s), 31.7 (s), 30.3 (s), 26.9 (s), 25.2 (s), 24.3 (s), 22.6 (s), 14.0 (p)

IR (Si, Film) $\tilde{\nu}_{\text{max}} = 3369, 2927, 2857, 1707, 1653, 1560, 1540, 1507, 1457, 1261, 1088, 970$

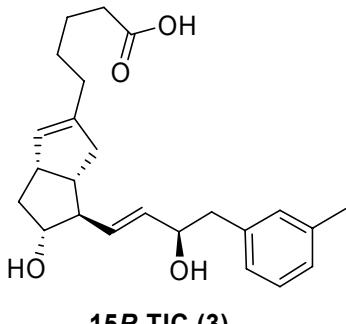
HRMS (170 °C 70 eV): *m/z* calcd for C₂₁H₃₄O₄: 350.2457; found 350.2432

Optical Rotation: [α]_D²⁰ = +11.8 (c = 0.46, CH₂Cl₂)

R_f (EtOAc/1% AcOH) = 0.33

¹H, ¹³C NMR and optical rotation were concurrent with literature values for Isocarbacyclin. See T. Ishikawa; H. Ishii; K. Shimizu; H. Nakao; J. Urano; T. Kudo; S. Saito, *J. Org. Chem.* **2004**, *69*, 8133.

5-((3aS,5R,6R,6aS)-5-hydroxy-6-((R,E)-3-hydroxy-4-m-tolylbut-1-enyl)-1,3a,4,5,6,6a-hexahydropentalen-2-yl)pentanoic acid (15R-TIC), 3



C₂₄H₃₂O₄

M_r = 384.23

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.20 (1H, dd, *J* 7.6, 7.5, ArH), 7.05 (1H, d, *J* 7.6, ArH), 7.02 (1H, s, ArH), 7.00 (1H, d, *J* 7.5, ArH), 5.61 (1H, ddd, *J* 15.4, 6.7, 0.7, vinylic in chain), 5.44 (1H, ddd, *J* 15.4, 8.7, 0.7, vinylic in chain), 5.28 (1H, d, *J* 3.3, vinylic in ring), 4.35 (1H, ddd, *J* 6.6, 6.5, 6.4, HC=CHC(OH)H), 3.63 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.5, 7.0, 6.9, HCOH), 2.98 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.0, 8.9, 8.9, CHCH₂CHOH), 2.86 (1H, dd, *J* 13.3, 7.2, CHHAr), 2.79 (1H, dd, *J* 13.3, 6.3, CHHAr), 2.42-2.34 (2H, m, CH₂COOH), 2.33 (3H, s, CH₃), 2.31-2.27 (2H, m, CHCHCHOH, CHHCHCH), 2.26 (1H, ddd, *J* 12.5, 8.8, 7.1, CHHCHOH), 2.08-1.94 (3H, m, alkyl CH₂, CHHCHCH), 1.89 (1H, ddd, *J* 9.4, 9.3, 9.2, CHCHOH), 1.70-1.58 (2H, m, alkyl CH₂), 1.54-1.45 (2H, m, alkyl CH₂), 1.39-1.18 (3H, CHHCHOH, HC=CHCOH)

¹³C-NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) 178.3 (q), 141.3 (q), 138.2 (q), 137.8 (q), 134.3 (t), 132.9 (t), 130.4 (t), 128.5 (t), 128.3 (t), 127.4 (t), 126.6 (t), 76.9 (s), 73.7 (t), 58.1 (t), 45.6 (t), 44.3 (t), 44.3 (t), 39.5 (s), 39.3 (s), 33.5 (s), 30.5 (s), 27.0 (s), 24.4 (s), 21.4 (p)

IR (Si, Film) $\tilde{\nu}_{\max}$ = 3401, 2917, 2849, 1701, 1653, 1560, 1540, 1507, 1457, 1261, 1092, 1020

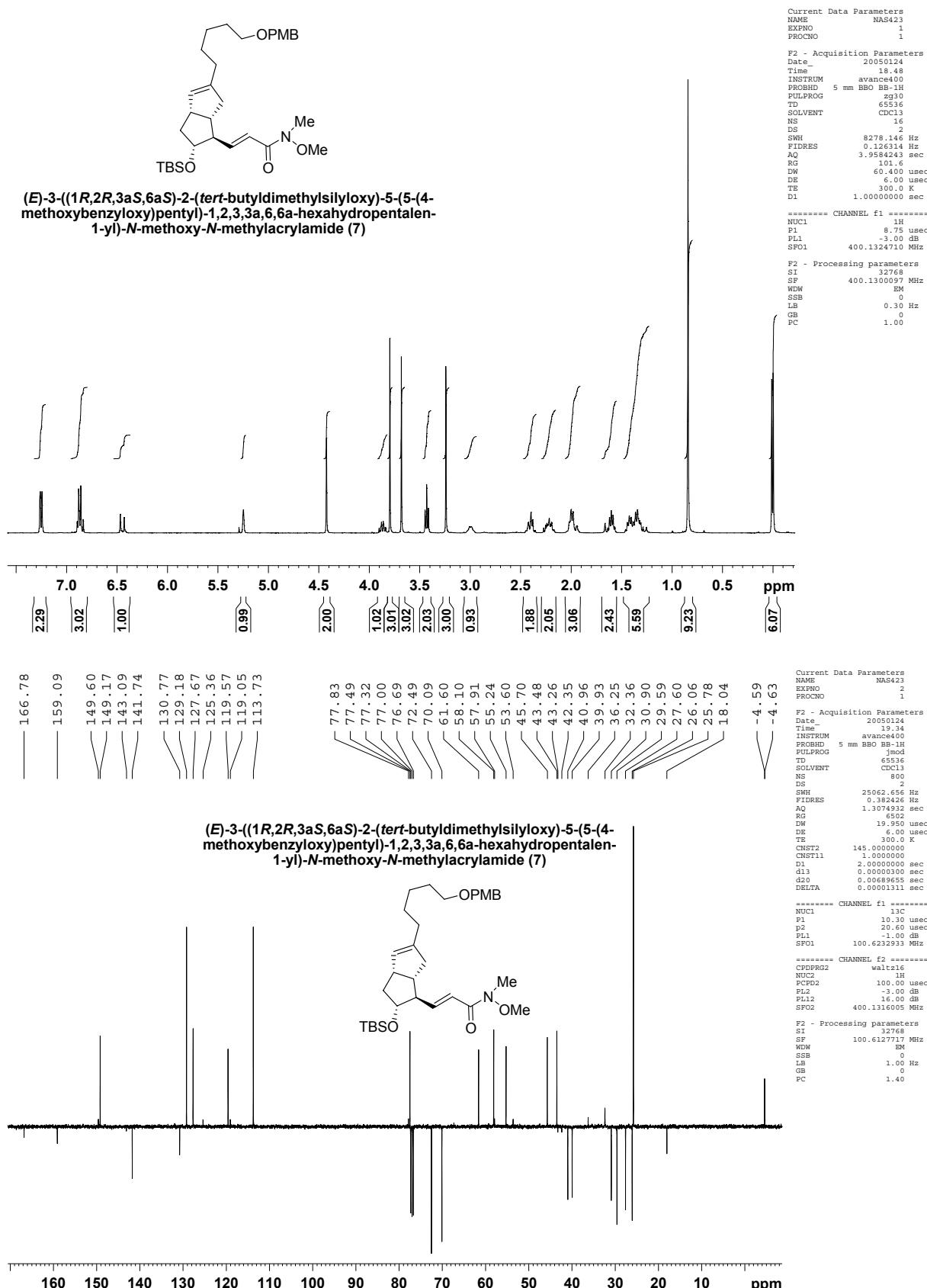
HRMS (170 °C 70 eV): *m/z* calcd for C₂₄H₃₂O₄: 384.2301; found 384.2287

R_f (EtOAc/1% AcOH) = 0.52

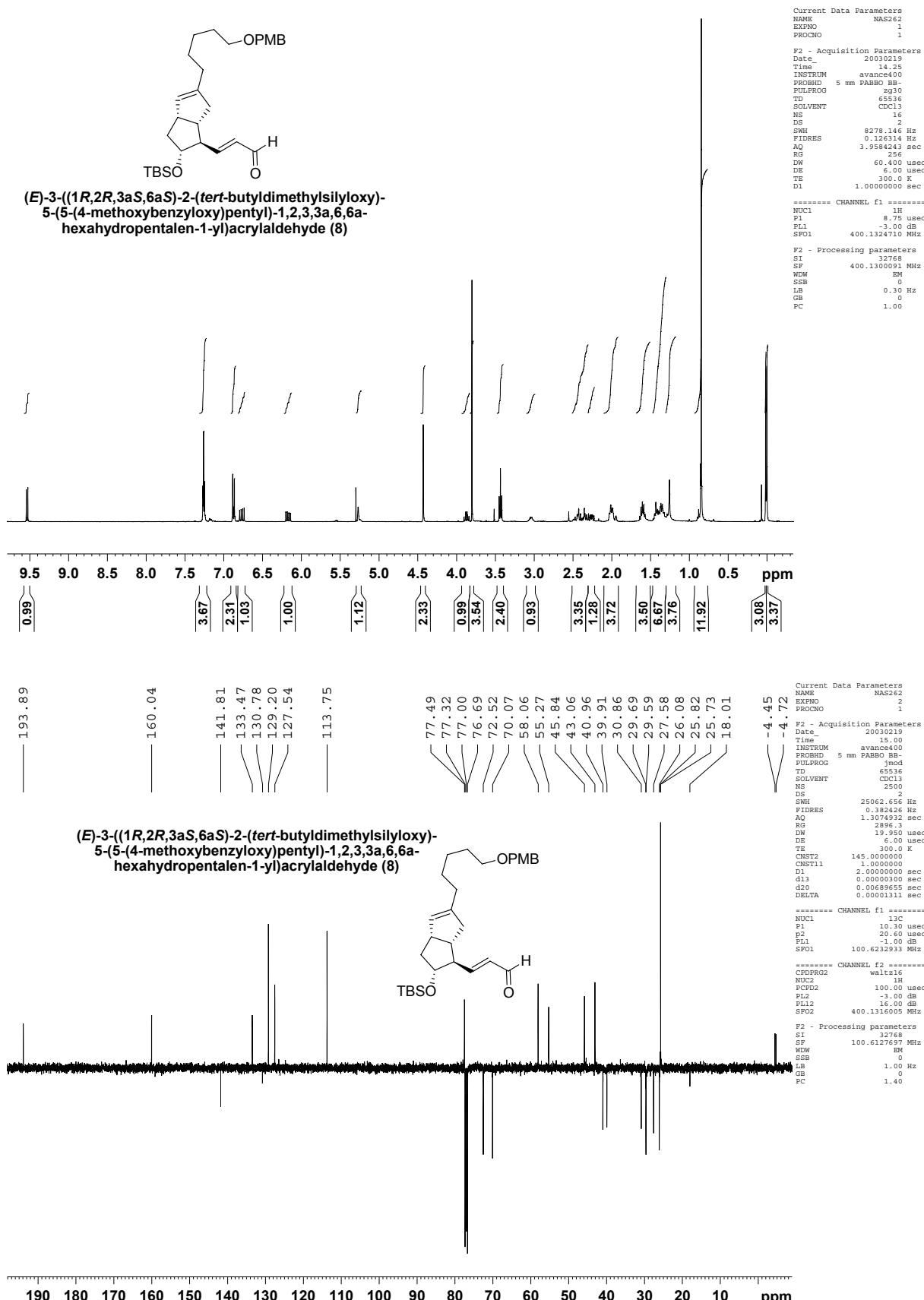
¹H, ¹³C NMR and optical rotation were concurrent with literature values for 15R-TIC. See M. Suzuki; K. Kato; R. Noyori; Y. Watanabe; H. Takechi,; K. Matsumura; B. Långström; Y. Watanabe, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **1996**, *35*, 334.

* Care must be taken on deprotection of the C15 TBS ether (in 0.5N HCl media) due to the acid labile nature of this position, which can ultimately lead to the elimination of H₂O, to give the corresponding conjugated system.

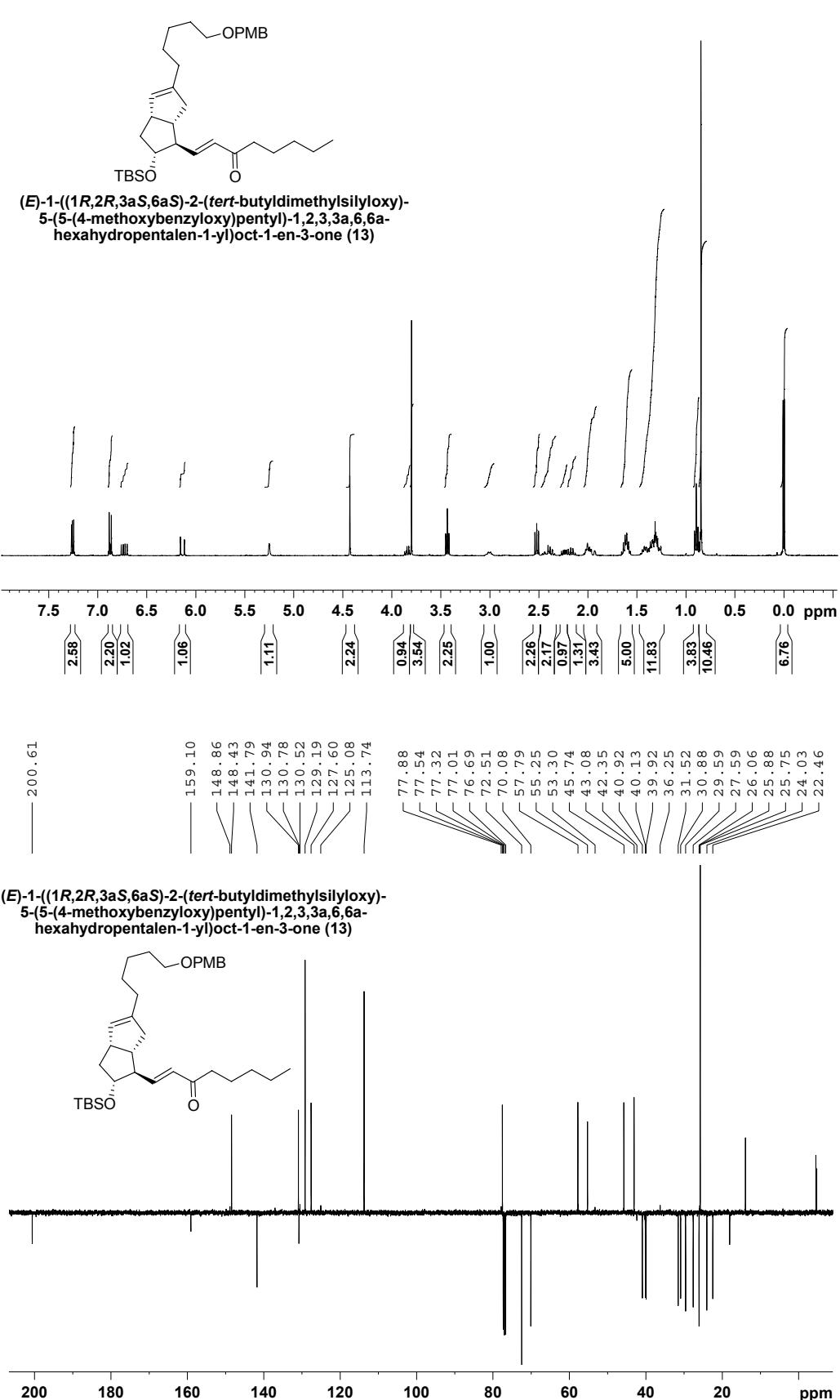
¹H and ¹³C NMR: (E)-3-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyl)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydronaphthalen-1-yl)-N-methoxy-N-methylacrylamide (7)



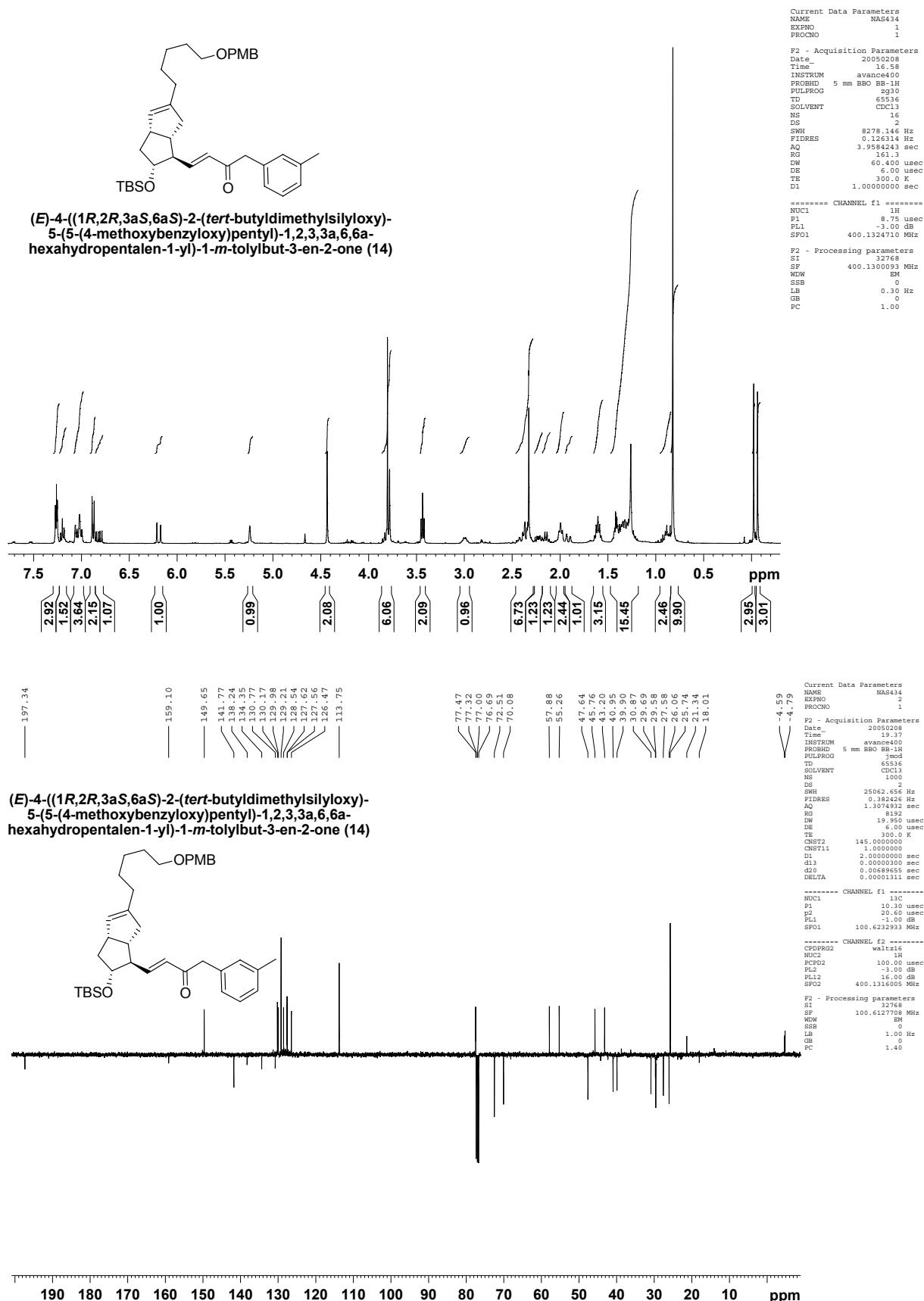
¹H and ¹³C NMR: (E)-3-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(4-methoxybenzyl)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)acrylaldehyde (8)



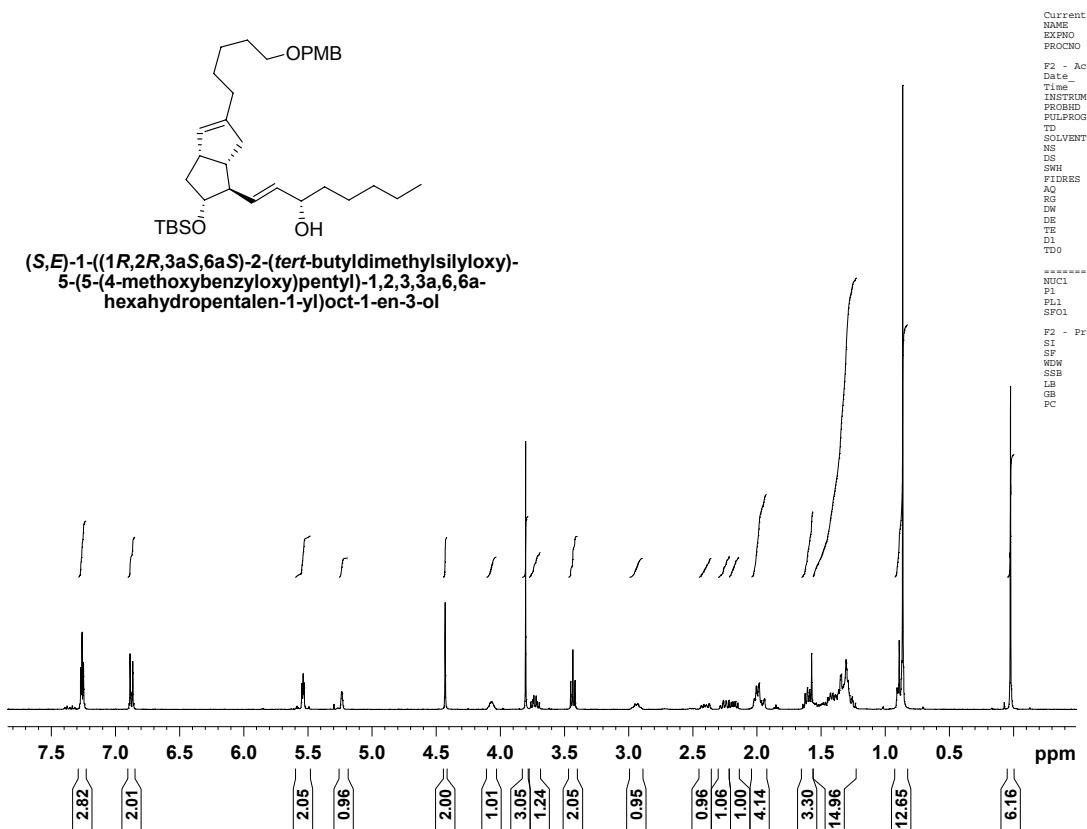
¹H and ¹³C NMR: (E)-1-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyl)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydronatalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-one (13)



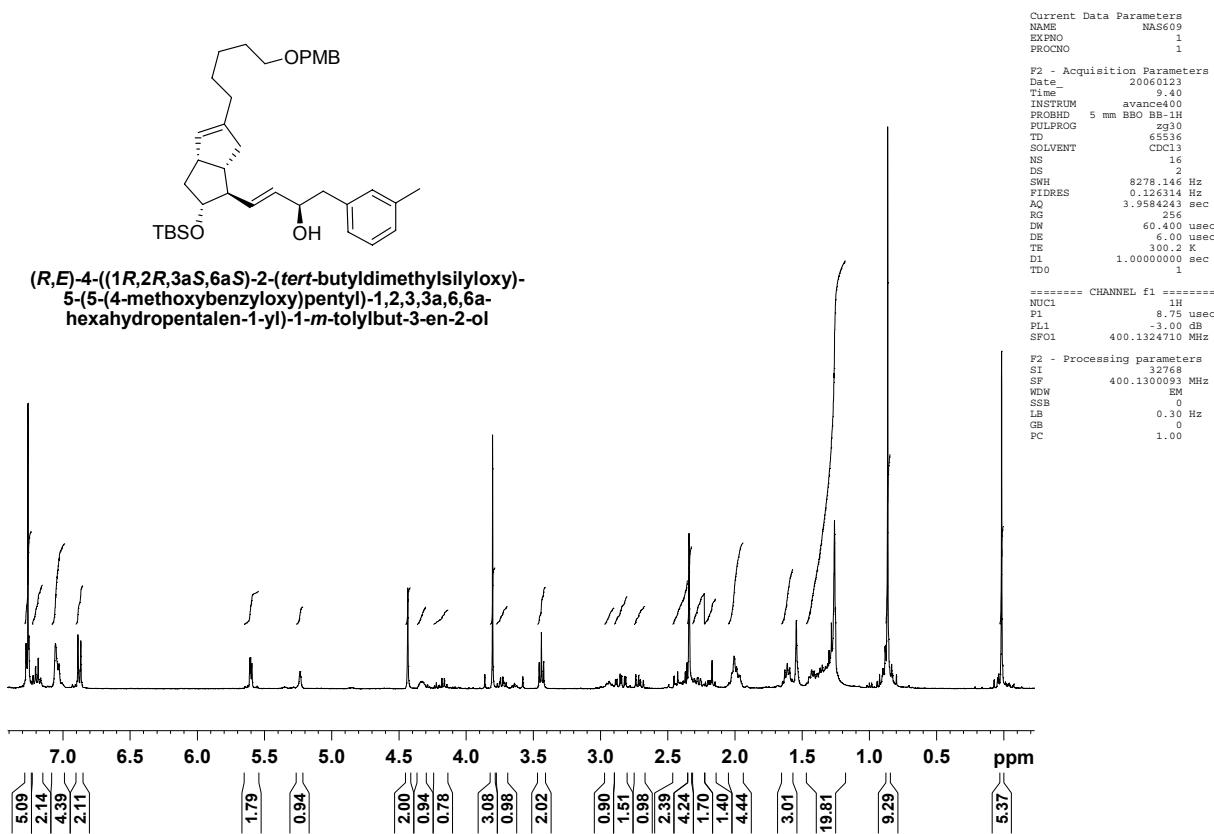
¹H and ¹³C NMR: (E)-4-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyl)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahdropentalen-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-one (14)



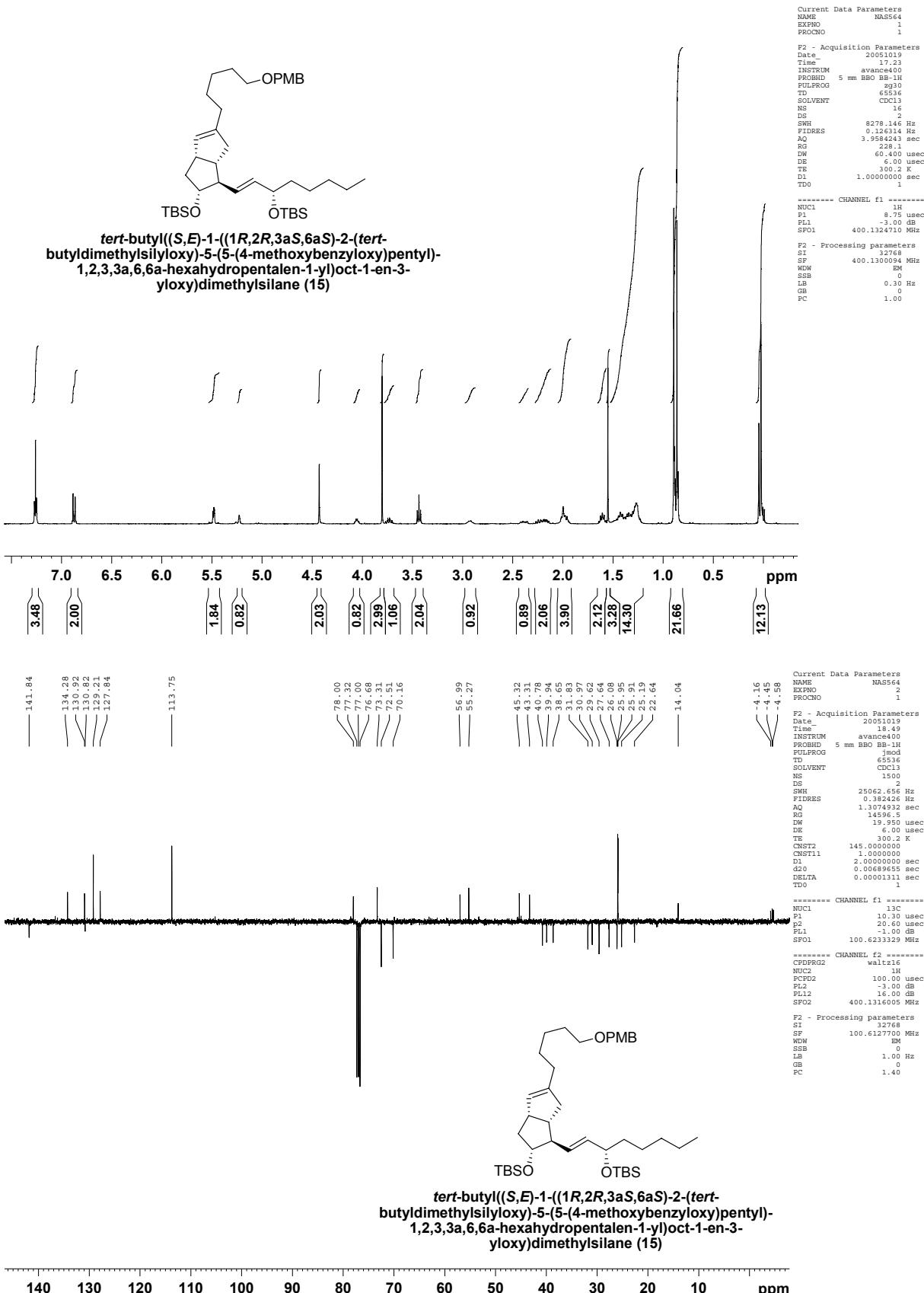
¹H and ¹³C NMR: (S,E)-1-((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydropentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-ol



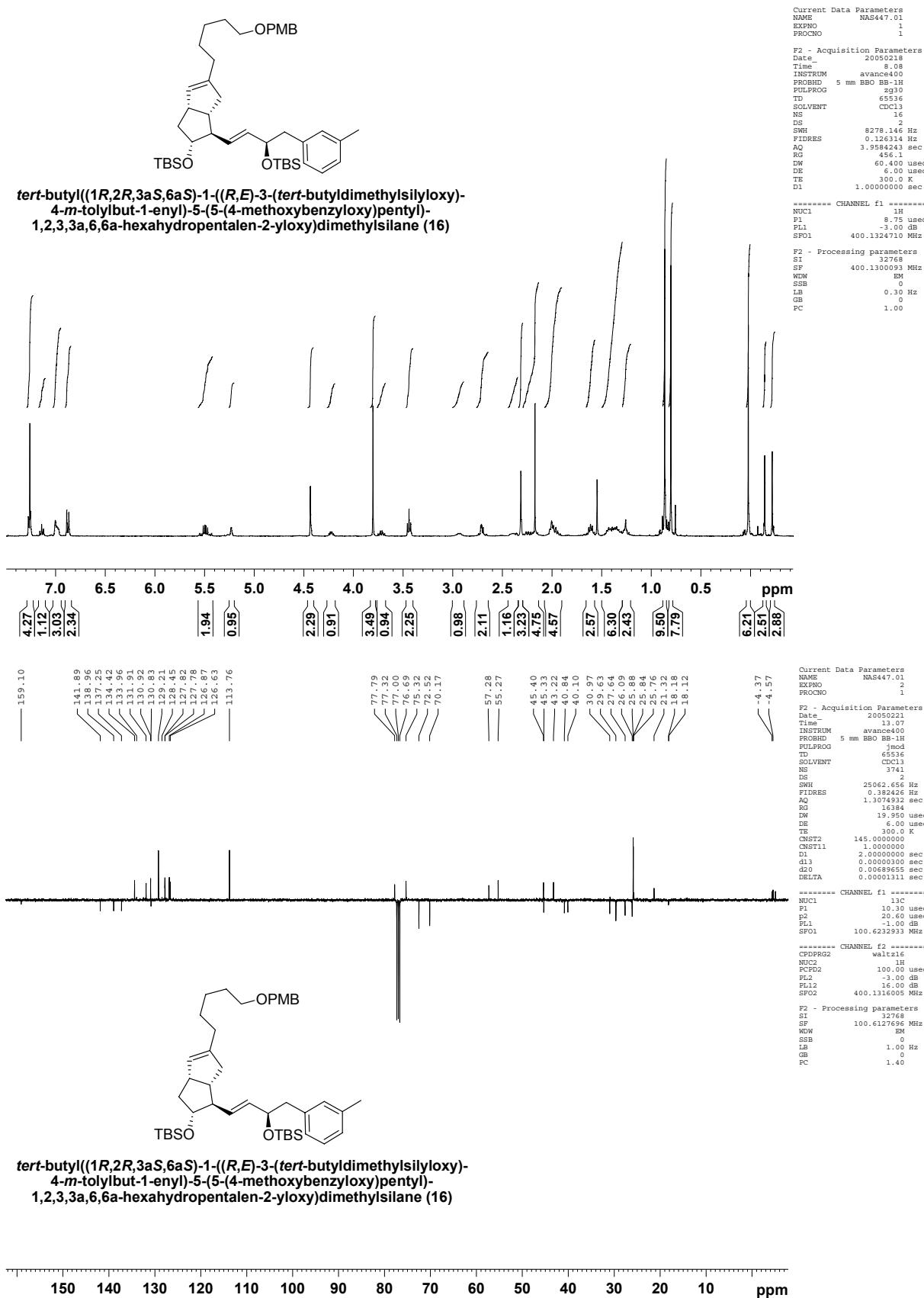
¹H NMR: (*R,E*)-4-((1*R,2R,3aS,6aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyl)pentyl)-1,2,3,3a,6,6a-hexahydro-1-yl)-1-*m*-tolylbut-3-en-2-ol



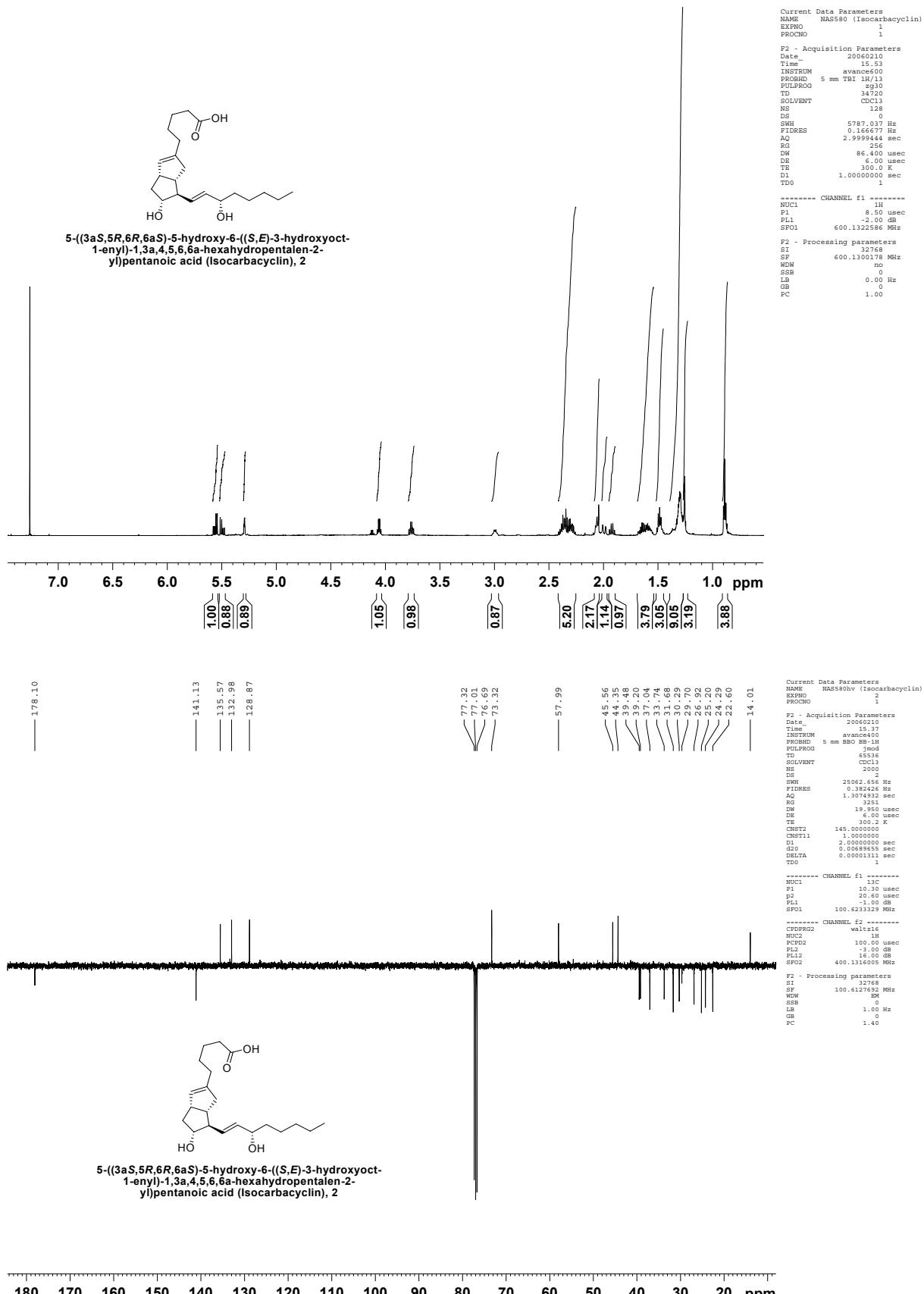
¹H and ¹³C NMR: *tert*-butyl((*S,E*)-1-((1*R,2R,3aS,6aS*)-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydroentalen-1-yl)oct-1-en-3-yloxy)dimethylsilane (15)



¹H and ¹³C NMR: *tert*-butyl((1*R*,2*R*,3*aS*,6*aS*)-1-((*R,E*)-3-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-4-*m*-tolylbut-1-enyl)-5-(5-(4-methoxybenzyloxy)pentyl)-1,2,3,3*a*,6,6*a*-hexahydronatalen-2-yloxy)dimethylsilane (16)



¹H and ¹³C NMR: 5-((3aS,5R,6R,6aS)-5-hydroxy-6-((S,E)-3-hydroxyoct-1-enyl)-1,3a,4,5,6,6a-hexahydropentalen-2-yl)pentanoic acid (Isocarbacyclin), 2



¹H and ¹³C NMR: 5-((3aS,5R,6R,6aS)-5-hydroxy-6-((R,E)-3-hydroxy-4-m-tolylbut-1-enyl)-1,3a,4,5,6,6a-hexahydropentalen-2-yl)pentanoic acid (15R-TIC), 3

