

Supplementary information

Chemiluminescence emission during based induced rearrangement of G-factors

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Data for A :

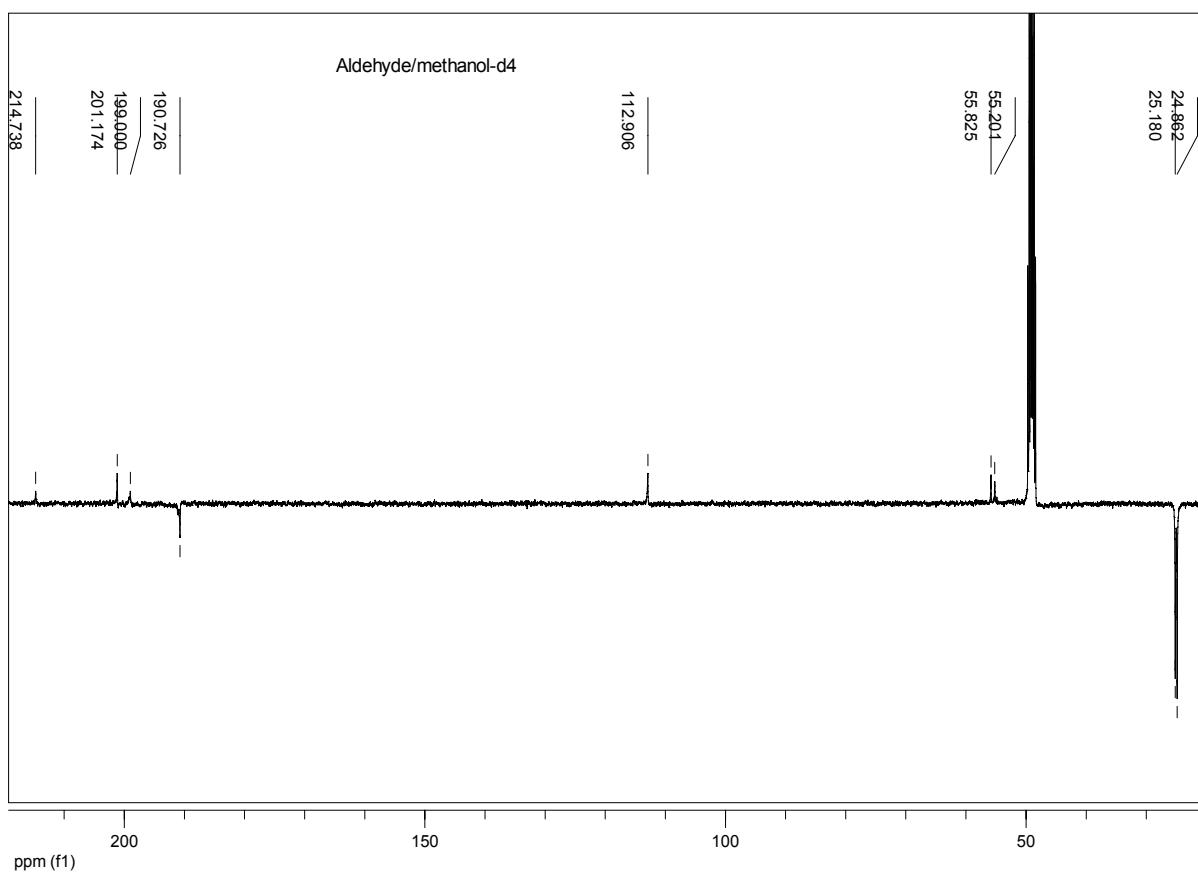
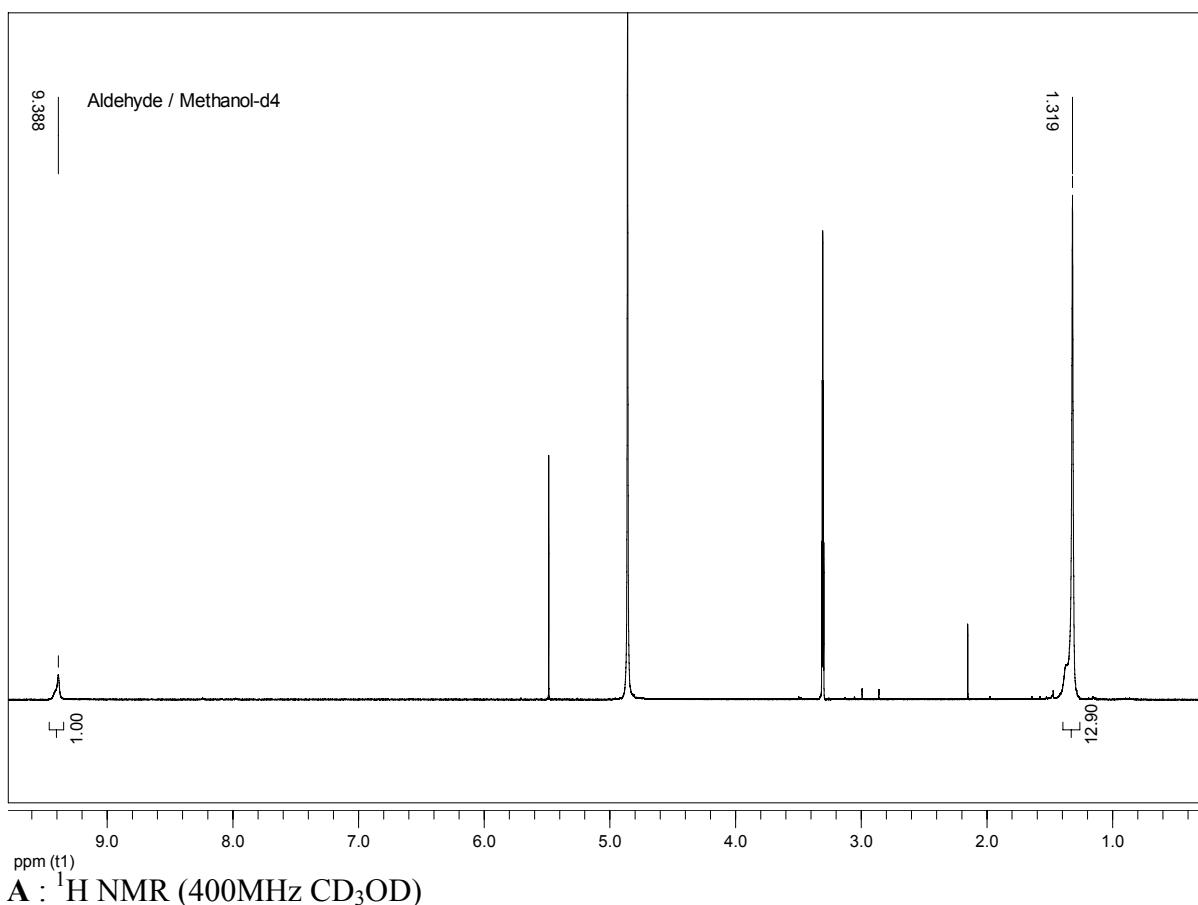
¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra of A at respectively 400MHz and 100.6 MHz in CD₃OD
HMBC spectrum of A

MS : DCI/NH₃ (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH) negative mode

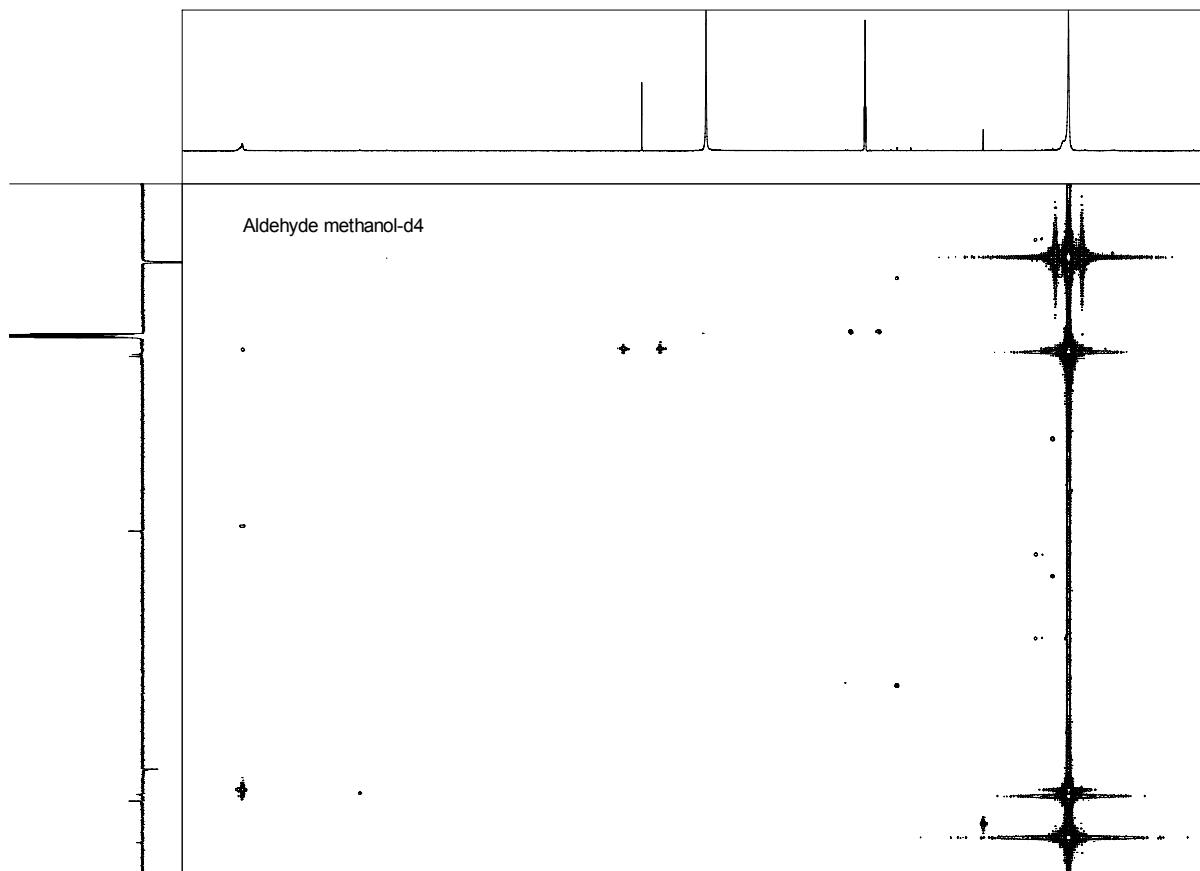
IR spectrum (neat in compressing cell)

Fluorescence spectra of aldehyde

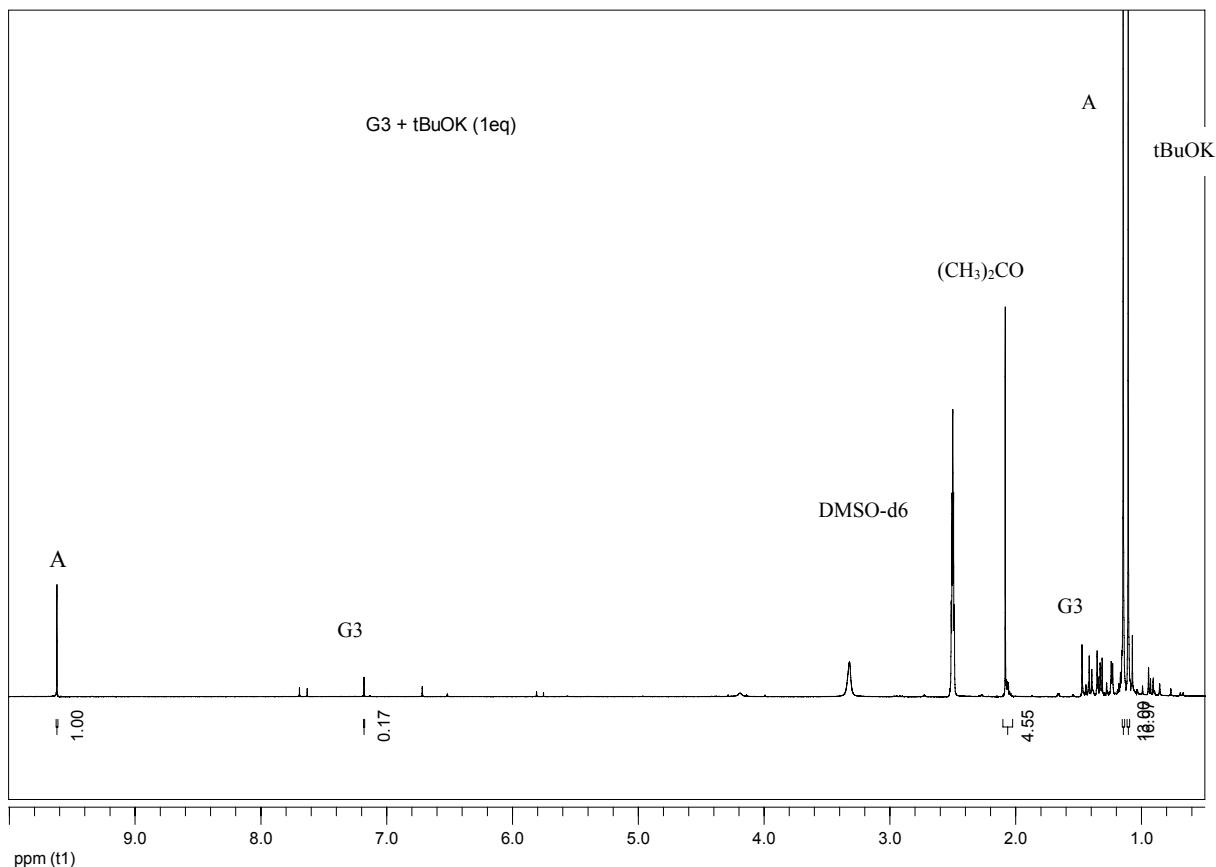
Crystallographic Information Files CIF-A.cif.



A : ^{13}C NMR (100.6 MHz CD₃OD)

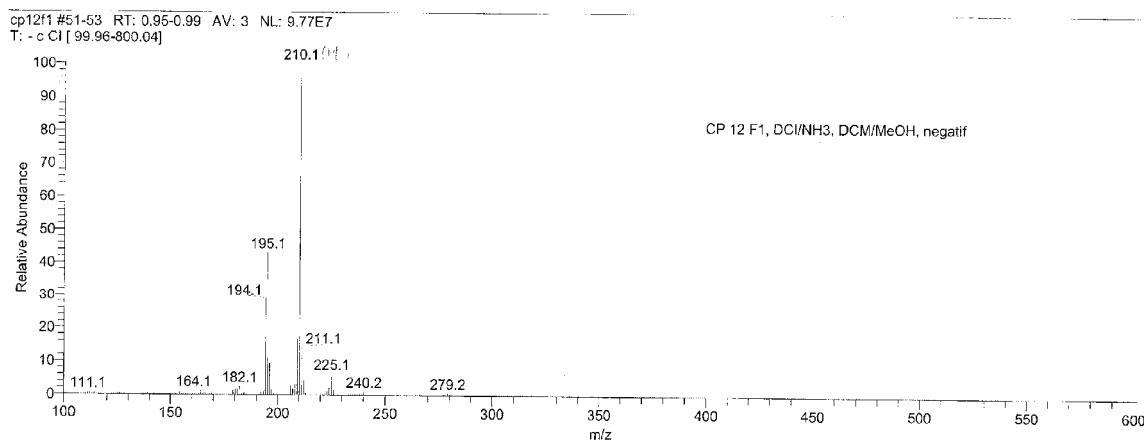


A : HMBC (400MHz, 100.6MHz, CD₃OD)

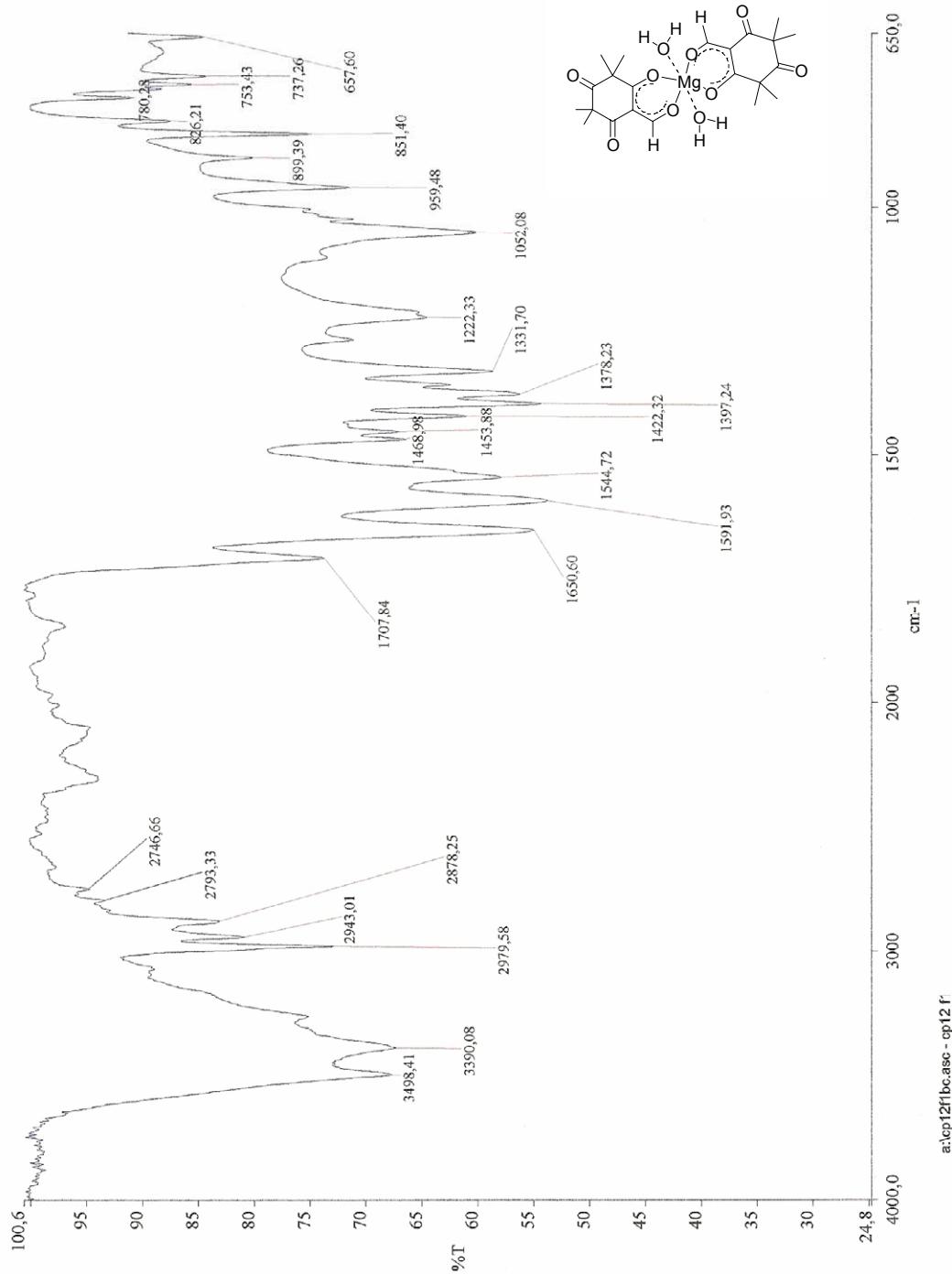


¹H NMR spectrum (300MHz) of reaction of G3 with tBuOK in DMSO

MS : DCI/NH₃ (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH) negative mode



MS : DCI/NH₃ (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH) negative mode



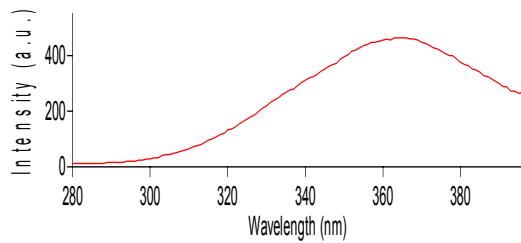
IR spectrum (*neat in compressing cell*)

a\cp12\fbc.asc - cp12.r

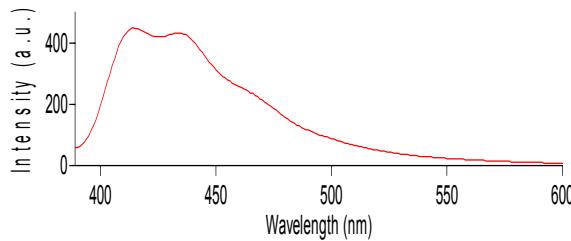
Emitting species

In basic conditions:

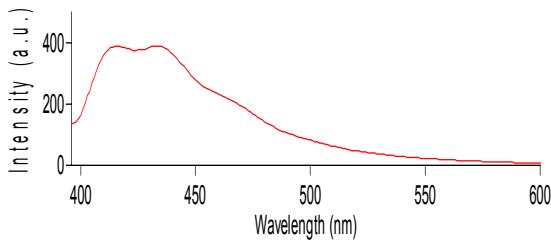
These fluorescence spectra were obtained after recording luminescence scan or kinetics of G3 compound with tBuOK in DMSO.



Excitation spectrum of aldehyde + tBuOK in DMSO ($\lambda_{\text{em}} = 410 \text{ nm}$)

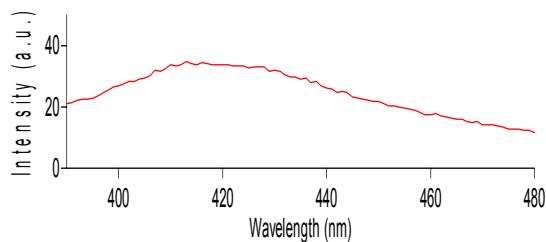


Emission spectrum of aldehyde + tBuOK in DMSO ($\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 376 \text{ nm}$)



Emission spectrum of aldehyde + tBuOK in DMSO ($\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 366 \text{ nm}$)

In neutral conditions



Emission spectrum of aldehyde obtained as a dimer of Mg in DMSO ($\lambda_{\text{ex}}=256 \text{ nm}$)