# Development of a Practical Buchwald-Hartwig Amine Arylation Protocol using a Conveniently Prepared (NHC)Pd(R-allyl)Cl Catalyst 

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## Supplementary Information

General information: All Pd-catalysed reactions were carried out under an inert atmosphere, in oven-dried Schlenk tubes, unless otherwise stated. The imidazolium salt $\mathrm{SIPr} . \mathrm{HCl}$ was prepared using a literature procedure. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{~N}$-(tetrahydropyran-4yl)methylamine, $N, N, N$ '-trimethyl-1,2-diaminoethane and 7-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane hydrochloride were supplied by AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals. All other chemicals were purchased from commercial sources. If liquid, the aryl halides and amines were distilled over KOH and stored over molecular sieves prior to use. All other chemicals were used as received without further purification. Reactions were monitored by thinlayer chromatography (TLC) on pre-coated silica gel plates ( 254 mm ). Flash column chromatography was carried out with Kieselgel 60M 0.04/0.063mm (230-400 mesh) silica gel. All yields quoted are isolated yields. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra were recorded at 300 MHz and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ at 75 MHz on a Bruker AMX 300 at ambient temperature in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$. The chemical shifts ( $\delta$ ) for ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ are quoted in ppm relative to residual protiated signals of the solvent. Mass spectra were obtained on a VG70-SE mass spectrometer. Infrared spectra were obtained on a Shimadzu FTIR 8700 Spectrophotometer. Elemental analyses for novel compounds were performed at the Department of Chemistry, University College London. Melting points were measured with a Gallenkamp apparatus and are uncorrected.

(SIPr)Pd(methallyl)Cl (1). A two-necked flask with a magnetic stirrer was charged with $\operatorname{SIPr} . \mathrm{HCl}(1.9 \mathrm{~g}, 4.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ and potassium tert-butoxide $(0.4 \mathrm{~g}, 3.6 \mathrm{mmol})$. A septum was placed on one neck and the remaining neck was attached to a nitrogen line, after which the flask was cycled with nitrogen and vacuum three times. Under a positive flow of nitrogen, technical grade iso-propanol ( 35 mL ) was added via syringe through the septum and the mixture was stirred for 2 hours at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After cooling to room temperature over 45 minutes, the septum was removed, $[\mathrm{Pd}(\text { methallyl }) \mathrm{Cl}]_{2}$ $(0.55 \mathrm{~g}, 1.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ was added quickly and the septum was replaced. The mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature, over which time its colour gradually turned grey. It was opened to the air and stirred for 15 minutes. Water ( 100 mL ) was added and a solid precipitated. The water was removed by filtration and the solid was taken up in chloroform ( 100 mL ). This solution was filtered through phase separating filter paper to remove the water and was concentrated in vacuo giving a yellow oil. This crude residue was purified using flash column chromatography (silica gel) with an eluent of diethyl ether/petroleum spirit (3:2) to afford the desired complex as an offwhite crystalline solid ( $1.02 \mathrm{~g}, 2.17 \mathrm{mmol}, 72 \%$, decomposes at $155^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (300MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 1.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CMeCH}_{2}\right), 1.22(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHMe}$ ), $\left.1.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHMe})_{2}\right), 1.34\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHMe} e_{2}\right), 1.50(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHMe}_{2}\right), 1.56\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CMeCH}_{2}\right), 1.75\left(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CMeCH}_{2}\right), 2.68(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=$ $\left.3.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CMeCH}_{2}\right), 3.33-3.57(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHMe} 2), 3.69(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CMeCH}_{2}$ ), 3.97-4.08 (m, 4H, NCH 2 ), $7.25-7.19(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.34(\mathrm{t}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$,
$2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (75MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta .22 .4,23.7,23.8,26.6,26.7,28.4,28.6,49.5$, 53.8, $72.2,124.3,124.4,129.0,129.7,136.6,147.1,147.3$. C.I. MS (relative intensity): 550 (10), 496 (50), 389 (10), 347 (10), 188 (15), 146 (13), 91 (31). HRMS C.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 587.23841. Actual: 587.23643. Anal. Calcd.: C 63.37, H 7.72, N 4.77. Actual: C $63.41, \mathrm{H} 7.80, \mathrm{~N} 4.65$. $\mathrm{IR}\left(\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right) 2962$, 2925, 2868, 1448, 1425, $1382,1363,1326,1267,1240,1055,837,802,758,731,700,621$.

(SIPr)Pd(allyl)Cl (2). ${ }^{2}$ A two-necked flask with a magnetic stirrer was charged with SIPr. $\mathrm{HCl}(1.9 \mathrm{~g}, 4.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ and potassium tert-butoxide $(0.4 \mathrm{~g}, 3.6 \mathrm{mmol})$ and a septum was placed on one neck. The remaining neck was attached to a nitrogen line, after which the flask was cycled with nitrogen and vacuum three times. Under a positive flow of nitrogen, iso-propanol ( 35 mL ) was added via syringe through the septum and the mixture was stirred for 2 hours at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After cooling to room temperature over 45 minutes, the septum was removed, $[\mathrm{Pd}(\text { allyl }) \mathrm{Cl}]_{2}(0.55 \mathrm{~g}, 1.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ was added quickly and the septum was replaced. The mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature, over which time its colour gradually turned grey. It was then opened to the air and stirred for 15 minutes. Water $(100 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added and a solid precipitated. Filtration afforded an off-white solid, which was washed with water ( $4 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). It was dried in vacuo, affording the desired complex $(1.14 \mathrm{~g}, 1.9 \mathrm{mmol}, 66 \%) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (300MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 1.15(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 1.26(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $12 \mathrm{H}), 1.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 1.45(\mathrm{~d}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}), 2.73(\mathrm{~d}, J=13.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.01$
$(\mathrm{d}, J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.45(\mathrm{dq}, J=13.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.87(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.97-$ $4.10(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 4.74(\mathrm{ddd}, J=18.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 13.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.17-7.27(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.33$ $(\mathrm{t}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 23.7,23.8,24.2,26.6,28.5,49.9$, 54.0, 114.6, 124.3, 129.1, 136.3, 147.0, 147.3. C.I. MS (relative intensity): HRMS C.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right], 1065$ (28), 884 (27), 618 (25), 574 ( ${ }^{+}, 27$ ), 536 (62), 391 (100), 338 (64), 188 (57), 97 (49). Calcd.: 575.23841. Actual: 575.23731. Anal. Calcd.: C 62.80, H 7.51, N 4.89. Actual: C62.06, H 7.62, N 4.72. IR (KBr, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ) 3074, 2962, 2925, 2868, 1633, 1454, 1427, 1382, 1326, 1267, 1242, 1055, 1020, 999, 804, 758, 732.

General procedure for amine arylation. An oven-dried Schlenk tube was charged with an aryl halide ( 1.0 mmol ), an amine ( $1.2 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.2 \mathrm{eq}$.$) , (SIPr) \mathrm{Pd}($ methallyl $) \mathrm{Cl}$ ( $18 \mathrm{mg}, 0.03 \mathrm{mmol}, 3.0 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ) and a magnetic stirrer bar and was sealed with a septum. The flask was evacuated and backfilled with inert gas three times, after which LHMDS (1M solution in tetrahydrofuran) was added via syringe. The bottom of the tube was then placed in an oil bath maintained at $22^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, followed by stirring until the aryl halide had been consumed, as judged by TLC. The mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and filtered through a short plug of silica. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the crude material was purified via flash chromatography on silica gel using an eluent of ethyl acetate with hexane or petroleum ether.

## Spectroscopic Data for the Products of Amine Arylation reactions:

## Morpholine Study:


$N$-(2-methylphenyl)morpholine (Table 3, Entry 1). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of morpholine and 2 -bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure to afford 175 mg (99\%) of the title compound within 1 minute as a yellow oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(300 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 2.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 2.89-2.95\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.79-3.91\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right)$, 6.97-7.06 (m, 2H, Ar), 7.14-7.24 (m, 2H, Ar). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 17.9$, 52.3, 67.5, 119.0, 123.5, 126.7, 131.2, 132.7, 151.4. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 204 (10), $177\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 50\right), 119$ (100), 118 (53). HRMS E.I. [ $\left.\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 177.11482. Actual: 177.11425. IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2957, 2853, 2816, 1599, 1491, 1450, 1373, 1298, 1254, 1225, 1117, 1043, 934, 762.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)morpholine (Table 3, Entry 2). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of morpholine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure to afford 173 mg ( $98 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 1 minute as an off-white solid $\left(\mathrm{mp} 79^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 2.31\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 3.13\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, 3.88 (t, $\left.J=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 6.86(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.12(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, Ar). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 20.5,50.0,67.0,116.1,129.6,129.8$, 149.3. E.I. MS (relative intensity): $177\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 18\right), 119$ (100), 103 (8), 91 (30). E.I. HRMS [ $\left.\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$,

Calcd.: 177.11536. Actual: 177.11547. IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2976, 2956, 2912, 2889, 2852, $2831,2748,2694,1515,1452,1365,1298,1259,1168,1118,1064,1049,921,819$.
$N$-(4-methylphenyl)morpholine (Table 3, Entry 3). The coupling of morpholine and $p$-tolyl triflate was performed using the general procedure to afford 124 mg ( $70 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 1 minute. Spectra same as described above.

$N$-(4-tert-butylphenyl)morpholine (Table 3, Entry 4). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of morpholine and 4-tert-butylbromobenzene was performed using the general procedure to afford 199mg (91\%) of the title compound as a colourless oil within 5 minutes as a white solid (mp: 59-62 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (300MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 1.37\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CMe}_{3}\right), 3.09-3.22(\mathrm{~m}$, $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 3.81-3.95 (m, 4H, OCH 2 ), 6.89-6.97 (d, 2H, Ar), 7.32-7.41 (d, 2H, Ar). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 31.6,34.0,49.6,67.0,115.5,126.0,142.8$, 149.0. E.I. MS (relative intensity): $219\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 85\right), 204$ (100). HRMS EI [M ${ }^{+}$], Calcd.: 219.16177. Actual: 219.16209. IR (KBr, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right)$ : 2976, 2835, 1519, 1450, 1363, 1299, 1261, 1176, $1120,1070,925,819,734,553$

$N$-(4-methoxyphenyl)morpholine (Table 3, Entry 5). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of morpholine and 4-bromoanisole was performed using the general procedure to afford 174 mg ( $90 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 5 minutes as an off-white solid (mp: $79^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (300MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 3.03-3.07\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 3.77\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.84-$ 3.87 (m, 4H, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 6.83-6.94 (m, 4H, Ar). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 50.8,55.6$,
67.1, 114.5, 117.8, 145.7, 154.0. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 193 ( ${ }^{+}$, 100), 178 (25), 135 (100), 120 (83), 92 (12). HRMS EI [M ${ }^{+}$], Calcd.: 193.11027. Actual: 193.11000. IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2934, 2853, 2831, 2802, 1510, 1464, 1454, 1442, 1385, 1292, 1244, $1182,1132,1042,1028,824$.
$N$-(2-methylphenyl)morpholine (Table 3, Entry 6). The coupling of morpholine and 2 -chlorotoluene was performed using the general procedure to afford 166 mg ( $94 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 25 minutes as a yellow oil. Spectra same as described above.
$N$-(4-methylphenyl)morpholine (Table 3, Entry 7). The coupling of morpholine and 4 -chlorotoluene was performed using the general procedure to afford 168 mg ( $95 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 5 minutes. Spectra same as described above.
$N$-(4-methoxyphenyl)morpholine (Table 3, Entry 8). The coupling of morpholine and 4 -chloroanisole performed using the general procedure to afford 95 mg ( $49 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 10 minutes. Spectra same as described above.

$N$-(2,6-dimethylphenyl)morpholine (Table 3, Entry 9). ${ }^{4}$ The coupling of morpholine and 2,6-dimethylchlorobenzene was performed using the general procedure to afford 46 mg ( $24 \%$ ) of the title compound within 60 minutes as a colourless crystalline solid (mp: $94^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). The coupling was repeated using the general
procedure at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to afford $99 \mathrm{mg}(52 \%)$ of the title compound within 10 minutes. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 2.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 3.07-3.14\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.78-3.85$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 6.95-7.04(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 19.6,50.0$, 68.2, 125.4, 129.1, 137.0, 147.9. E.I. MS (relative intensity): $246(25)$, $191\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 82\right)$, 190 (100), 188 (61), 146 (65), 133 (95), 132 (74), 117 (28), 86 (47), 84 (81). HRMS EI [ $\mathrm{M}^{+}$], Calcd.: 191.13047; Actual: 191.13139. IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2966, 2848, 2813, 2732, 2682, 1613, 1471, 1438, 1369, 1259, 1209, 1109, 1041, 937, 842, 781, 738, 673, 505.

## Study of other secondary amines:


$N$-(4-tert-butylphenyl)piperidine (Table 4, Entry 1). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of piperidine and 4-tert-butylbromobenzene was performed using the general procedure to afford $178 \mathrm{mg}(82 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 20 minutes as a white solid (mp $\left.37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 1.30\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.53-1.60(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.68-1.76 (m, 4H, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $3.13\left(\mathrm{t}, J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 6.91$ $(\mathrm{d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.29(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta$ $24.3,26.0,31.5,33.9,50.9,116.3,125.8,142.0,150.0$. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 217 ( $\left.\mathrm{M}^{+}, 28\right), 202$ (100), 149 (5). HRMS E.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 217.18304. Actual: 217.18314. IR (KBr, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2930, 2805, 2708, 1608, 1516, 1447, 1382, 1361, 1235, $1218,1201,1156,1127,1028,920,819$.

$N$-(4-methoxyphenyl)piperidine (Table 4, Entry 2). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of piperidine and 4-bromoanisole was performed using the general procedure to afford 178 mg ( $93 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 20 minutes as a colourless oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(300 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 1.60-1.52(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 1.78-1.70(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.04(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $6.84(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.93(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 24.2$, $26.2,52.3,55.5,114.3,118.8,146.9,153.6$. E.I. MS (relative intensity): $191\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 13\right)$, 135 (100), 92 (8). HRMS E.I. [M ${ }^{+}$], Calcd.: 191.13047. Actual: 191.12980. IR (KBr, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 2933,2792,1511,1463,1452,1442,1383,1292,1233,1217,1181,1121$, 1041, 1027, 919, 861, 823, 795.
$N$-(4-methoxyphenyl)piperidine (Table 4, Entry 3). The coupling of piperidine and 4-chloroanisole was performed using the general procedure to afford 82 mg ( $43 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 15 minutes as a colourless oil. Spectra same as described above.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)piperidine (Table 4, Entry 4). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of piperidine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure affording 162 mg ( $85 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 5 minutes as a colourless oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 1.52-1.67\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.75-1.82\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.34(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 3.16\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=5.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 6.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.16(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (75MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): 20.5, 24.4, 26.1, $51.4,117.05,128.8$, 129.6, 150.4. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 175 ( $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 88$ ), $174\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}-\mathrm{H}, 100\right), 146$ (11),

131 (25), 119 (41), 103 (30), 91 (54). E.I. HRMS [ $\left.{ }^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 175.13609. Actual: 175.13578. IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2930, 2855, 2797, 1616, 1516, 1450, 1383, 1335, 1234, 1032, 918, 810.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)pyrollidine (Table 4, Entry 5). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of pyrollidine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure to afford $64 \mathrm{mg}(40 \%)$ of the title compound within 5 minutes as a colourless oil. The reaction would not go to completion. The coupling of pyrollidine and 4-bromotoluene was repeated using the general procedure except at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to afford $135 \mathrm{mg}(84 \%)$ of the title compound within 2 minutes as a yellow solid (mp: $46^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 1.99-2.09(\mathrm{~m}$, $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $2.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 3.32\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 6.55-6.59(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.09-7.15$ ( $\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 20.4,25.5,47.9,111.9$, 124.5, 129.7, 146.2. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 161 ( $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 100$ ), 160 (54), 105 (37), 86 (55). HRMS EI $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 161.11990 . Actual: 161.1928. IR (KBr, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 3012$, 2964, 2854, 1622, 1564, 1521, 1487, 1460, 1367, 1346, 1278, 1244, 1186, 1159, 802, 509.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoqunioline (Table 4, Entry 6). The coupling of 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoqunioline and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure to afford $145 \mathrm{mg}(65 \%)$ of the title compound within 30 minutes as a colourless oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 2.31\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 3.00(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=$
$5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 3.53 (t, $J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 4.38 ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ar}$ ), 6.93-6.96 (m, 2H, Ar), 7.06-7.21 (m, 6H, Ar). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 20.4$, 29.1, 47.3, 51.5, 115.9, 126.0, 126.6, 128.4, 128.6, 129.6, 134.6, 134.8, 148.7. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 237 (70), 223 ( $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 75$ ), 222 (40), 119 (25), 118 (100), 104 (37), 91 (48), 90 (57). HRMS EI [ $\left.\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 223.13555. Actual: 223.13458. IR $\left(\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 3030,2920,2864,1659,1602,1581,1473,1458,1406,1329,1309$, $1253,1228,1168,813,761,742$.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)thiomorpholine (Table 4, Entry 7). The coupling of thiomorpholine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure to afford $116 \mathrm{mg}(60 \%)$ of the title compound within 10 minutes as a white solid (mp: $\left.40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 2.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 2.75-2.79\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{2}\right)$, 3.46-3.49 (m, 4H, NCH $)_{2}$ ), $6.85(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.08(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar})$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (75MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 20.5,27.2,52.8,117.7,129.6,129.8$, 149.6. E.I. MS (relative intensity): $193\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 54\right), 119$ (100). HRMS E.I. [M ${ }^{+}$], Calcd.: 193.09197. Actual: 193.09170. IR (KBr, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2954, 2908, 2873, 2827, 2754, 1616, 1573, 1514, $1450,1415,1336,1290,1224,1193,1168,1136,1029,970,893,819,530$.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)-1-(2-pyridyl)piperazine (Table 4, Entry 8). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of 1-(2-pyridyl)-piperazine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure to afford 243 mg ( $96 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 5 minutes as a white solid (mp 96-98 $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 2.30\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 3.25(\mathrm{t}$,
$\left.J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.70\left(\mathrm{t}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 6.46-6.51(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.91(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.45-7.55(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 8.22-8.24(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 20.5,45.4,49.8,107.3,113.6,116.8,129.7$, 129.7, 137.6, 148.0, 149.2, 159.5. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 253 ( ${ }^{+}$, 83), 159 (66), 147 (87), 133 (38), 119 (74), 107 (100), 91 (57), 79 (89). E.I. HRMS [ $\left.{ }^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 253.15789. Actual: 253.15766. IR (KBr, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2827, 2709, 1594, 1561, 1519, 1483, $1438,1390,1314,1242,1210,1162,1128,1099,1039,980,955,804,775,734$.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)- $N^{\prime}$-methylpiperazine (Table 4, Entry 9). The coupling of $N$ methylpiperazine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure to afford $153 \mathrm{mg}(80 \%)$ of the title compound within 5 minutes as a colourless solid (mp: $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 2.28\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 2.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 2.58$ $\left(\mathrm{t}, J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{MeNCH}_{2}\right), 3.17\left(\mathrm{t}, J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArNCH}_{2}\right), 6.84-6.88(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar})$, 7.18-7.22 (m, 2H, Ar). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 20.5,27.2,46.2,49.7,55.2$, 116.4, 129.1, 129.7, 149.3. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 190 ( $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 100$ ), 146 (18), 119 (63). HRMS E.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 190.14645. Actual: 190.1492. IR (KBr, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right)$ : 2964, 2937, 2918, 2837, 2790, 2748, 2700, 1616, 1515, 1452, 1379, 1336, 1294, 1267, $1242,1211,1159,1078,1008,921,812,736,526$.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)- $N^{\prime}$-Boc-morpholine (Table 4, Entry 10). The coupling of $N$ -Boc-piperazine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure to
afford $264 \mathrm{mg}(96 \%)$ of the title compound within 5 minutes as a white crystalline solid (mp: $\left.105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 1.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CMe}_{3}\right), 2.23\left(\mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right)$, 3.07 (t, $J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Boc}^{2} \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $3.57\left(\mathrm{t}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArNCH}_{2}\right), 6.84(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.08(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 20.5,28.5$, 50.0, 117.0, 129.7, 149.2, 154.8. C.I. MS (relative intensity): $277\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}, 34\right), 221$ (100), 159 (14). HRMS C.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right]$, Calcd.: 277.19160. Actual: 277.19112. IR (KBr, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 2976,2868,2815,1681,1515,1477,1417,1390,1363,1346,1265,1236$, 1207, 1159, 1122, 1003, 925, 817, 738, 704.


7-(4-Tolyl)-7-azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane (Table 4, Entry 11). ${ }^{4}$ The coupling of 7azabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane hydrochloride and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and with 2.4 mL LHMDS ( $2.4 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.4 \mathrm{eq}$ ) to afford 16 mg ( $9 \%$ ) of the title compound within 3 hours as a white solid (mp: $175^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (300MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 1.37-1.45\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.77-1.80\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.25$ (s, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}$ ), $4.17\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 6.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (75MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 20.5,28.7,58.1,116.5,128.2,129.6,145.7$. C.I. MS (relative intensity): 216 (7), 189 (12), $188\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}, 100\right), 187\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 70\right), 186$ $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}-1,14\right), 158$ (16). HRMS C.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right]$, Calcd.: 188.14392. Actual: 188.14448. IR $\left(\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 2962,2868,1514,1454,1384,1329,1261,1145,1047,956$.

$N, N$-(4-methylphenyl)methylbenylamine (Table 4, Entry 12). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of $N$ benzylmethylamine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure to afford 175 mg ( $83 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 5 minutes as a yellow oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (300MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 2.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right) 3.08\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 4.59(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{PhCH}_{2}\right), 6.80(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.14(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{H}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.32-7.43(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}$, Ar). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 20.4,38.7,57.1,112.9,125.9,126.9,127.0,128.6$, 129.8, 139.4, 147.9. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 211 ( $\mathrm{M}^{+}, 41$ ), 134 (32), 120 (15), 91 (100). HRMS E.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 211.13609. Actual: 211.13558. IR $\left(\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 3062$, 3026, 2918, 2860, 2810, 1618, 1570, 1521, 1494, 1475, 1451, 1354, 1325, 1296, $1249,1210,1191,1114,1074,1029,945,803,733,699$.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)- $N, N$ ', $N$ '-trimethyl-1,2-diaminoethane (Table 4, Entry 13). The coupling of $N, N, N$ '-trimethyl-1,2-diaminoethane and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure to afford 73 mg (38\%) of the title compound within 18 hours as a yellow oil. The coupling of $N, N, N$ '-trimethyl-1,2-diaminoethane and 4-bromotoluene was repeated using the general procedure at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to afford 163 mg ( $85 \%$ ) of the title compound within 5 hours as a yellow oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (300MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 2.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 2.30(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NMe} 2), 2.46-2.52(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 2.93 (s, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArNMe}$ ), 3.37-3.46 (m, 2H, $\mathrm{ArN}(\mathrm{Me}) \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 6.68 (d, $J=$ $8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.05(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 20.2,38.8$,
45.9, 51.4, 55.9, 112.6, 125.6, 129.8, 147.2. E.I. MS (relative intensity): $192\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 47\right)$, 135 (30), 134 (100), 120 (20), 119 (25), 118 (13), 91 (47), 86 (71). HRMS E.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right]$, Calcd.: 192.16210. Actual: 192.16241. IR (KBr, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2941, 2860, 2818, $2768,1620,1522,1462,1366,1250,1180,1115,1042,961,802$.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)di-n-butylamine (Table 4, Entry 14). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of di-nbutylamine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure to afford 92 mg ( $42 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 24 hours as a yellow oil. The coupling of di-n-butylamine and 4-bromotoluene was repeated using the general procedure except at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to afford 188 mg ( $86 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 1 hour as a yellow oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 0.89\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.25-$ $1.45\left(\mathrm{~m}, 8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.30\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 3.37\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{J}=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, $6.60(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.04(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}){ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ : $\delta 14.1,20.2,20.4,29.5,51.0,112.2,124.4,129.7,146.2$. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 218 (40), 204 (76), 188 (82), 172 (22), 158 (12), 146 (60), 130 (26), 118 (51), 97 (47), 91 (20). HRMS E.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}\right]$, Calcd.: 220.20651. Actual: 220.20620. IR $\left(\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right)$ : 2957, 2930, 2866, 2361, 2332, 1618, 1518, 1460, 1367, 1290, 1221, 1184, 1148, 1103, 1016, 930, 800, 752.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)di-n-hexylamine (Table 4, Entry 15). The coupling of di-nhexylamine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
to afford $270 \mathrm{mg}(98 \%)$ of the title compound within 1 hour as a yellow oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 1.09\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.49$ (br s, 12 H , $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3}\right), 1.72-1.76\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.37\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 3.40(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=$ $\left.7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 6.75(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (75MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 14.1,20.2,22.7,26.9,27.3,31.8,51.4,112.3,124.5,129.7$, 146.2. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 281 (16), 275 ( ${ }^{+}, 6$ ), 204 (20), 134 (27), 120 (100), 91 (14), 78 (14). HRMS E.I. [ $\mathrm{M}^{+}$], Calcd.: 275.26075. Actual: 275.26094. IR $\left(\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 2955,2928,2858,1620,1520,1466,1369,1292,1254,1188,1109,800$.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)di-n-octylamine (Table 4, Entry 16). The coupling of di-nbutylamine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to afford $273 \mathrm{mg}(86 \%)$ of the title compound within 1 hour as a yellow oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 0.97\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{7} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.33-1.38$ (br s, 20 H , $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5}\right), 1.61-1.66\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.32\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 3.29(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=$ $\left.7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 6.64(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.08(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 14.2,20.2,22.8,27.4,29.5,29.6,30.4,32.0,51.4,112.2,124.3$, 129.8, 146.3. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 480 (14), 479 (23), 331 ( ${ }^{+}$, 55), 233 (29), 232 (100), 134 (65) 120 (19). HRMS E.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 331.32335. Actual: 331.32269. IR (KBr, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3009, 2924, 2855, 1620, 1520, 1464, 1393, 1367, 1234, 1186, 1111, 800, 723.
$N$-(4-methylphenyl)di-n-butylamine (Table 4, Entry 17). The coupling of di-nbutylamine and 4-chlorotoluene was performed using the general procedure except at
$70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to afford 22 mg ( $10 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 30 minutes as a yellow oil. Spectra the same as above.
$N$-(4-methylphenyl)di-n-hexylamine (Table 4, Entry 18). The coupling of di-nhexylamine and 4-chlorotoluene was performed using the general procedure except at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to afford 69 mg ( $25 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 30 minutes as a yellow oil. Spectra the same as above.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)di-n-butylamine (Table 4, Entry 19). ${ }^{5}$ The coupling of of di-nbutylamine and 2-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to afford $44 \mathrm{mg}(20 \%)$ of the title compound within 90 minutes as a yellow oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 0.86\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.22-1.42(\mathrm{~m}, 8 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 2.90\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 6.93-6.99(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, Ar), 7.06-7.18 (m, 3H, Ar). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 14.0,18.3,20.5,53.7$, 122.1, 123.0, 125.9, 130.8, 135.0, 150.7. E.I. MS (relative intensity): $219\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 11\right)$, 176 (100), 134 (42), 120 (48), 91 (41). HRMS E.I. [ $\left.\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 219.19815. Actual: 219.19847. IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2960, 2931, 2869, 1616, 1539, 1456, 1382, 1363, 1326, 1261, 1056, 804.

$N$-(2-pyridyl)piperdine (Table 1, Entry 20). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of piperidine and 2bromopyridine was performed using the general procedure to afford 147 mg ( $91 \%$
yield) of the title compound within one minute as a yellow oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 1.62\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3}\right), 3.50\left(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 6.53-6.55(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.62$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.39-7.45(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 8.15-8.17(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (75MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 24.8,25.5,46.3,107.1,112.4,137.3,147.9,159.7$. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 162 (60), 146 (10), 133 (63), 119 (42), 107 (50), 94 (23), 84 (100). HRMS E.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 162.11569 . Actual: 162.11518 . IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2999, 2932, 2853, 2818, 1595, 1485, 1439, 1383, 1312, 1246, 1161, 1130, 1024, 978, 932, 853, 772, 733.

## Primary Amines Study


$N$-(4-methylphenyl)n-hexylamine (Table 5, Entry 1). ${ }^{3}$ The coupling of $n$ hexylamine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure except at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and with 4.0 eq of amine to afford 122 mg ( $64 \%$ yield) of the title compound within 1 hour as a white crystalline solid (mp: $49^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta$ 0.90-1.00 (m, 3H, $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.25-1.50\left(\mathrm{~m}, 8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.26(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 3.10\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.20-3.50(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.75(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.01(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 14.1,20.4,22.7$, 26.9, 29.6, 31.7, 44.5, 113.0, 126.3, 129.7, 146.3. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 192 $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}, 20\right), 191\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 95\right), 120(100)$. HRMS E.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 191.16739. Actual: 191.16745. IR (KBr, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2924, 2855, 1616, 1522, 1470, 1313, 1254, 1223, 1182, 1126, 1042, 806, 729. N,N-bis(4-methylphenyl)n-hexylamine (Table 5, Entry 1). This coupling also afforded 34 mg ( $12 \%$ yield) of the bisarylation product within 1
hour as a yellow oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 0.90-1.00\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 1.25-1.45 (m, 8H, CH $\left.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.33\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 3.66(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 6.91(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.09(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(75 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 14.1,20.6,22.7,26.9,27.5,31.7,52.5,120.9,129.8,130.2,146.1$. E.I. MS (relative intensity): $282\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\mathrm{H}, 100\right), 281\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 72\right), 211(62), 210(98), 196(30), 180$ (48), 118 (88), 91 (49). HRMS E.I. [ ${ }^{+}$], Calcd.: 281.21434. Actual: 281.21437. IR $\left(\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 2926,2860,1612,1510,1458,1367,1252,1188,1136,1080,1043,808$.


N-(4-methylphenyl)benzylamine (Table 5, Entry 2). The coupling of benzylamine and 4 -bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and with 4.0eq of amine to afford $79 \mathrm{mg}(40 \%)$ of the title compound within 30 minutes as a yellow oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 2.31$ (s, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}$ ), 3.92 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), $4.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 6.62(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.05(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.35-$ 7.45 (m, 5H, Ar). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 20.5,48.7,113.1,126.8,127.2$, 127.6, 128.7, 129.8, 139.8, 146.0. E.I. MS (relative intensity): 197 ( ${ }^{+}$, 100), 196 (44), 91 (90). HRMS E.I. $\left[\mathrm{M}^{+}\right]$, Calcd.: 197.11990. Actual: 197.11944. IR (KBr, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): 3416,3028,2918,2862,1618,1520,1495,1470,1321,1302,1265,1250$, 1182, 1126, 808, 743, 723, 698.


N-(4-methylphenyl)-1-phenylethylamine (Table 5, Entry 3). The coupling of 1phenylethylamine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure at
$70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and with 4.0 eq of amine to afford 148 mg ( $70 \%$ ) of the title compound within 30 minutes as a yellow solid $\left(\mathrm{mp}: 70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 1.55(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=$ $\left.6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCHCH}_{3}\right), 2.25\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 3.95(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 4.51(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{J}=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}), 6.49(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.96(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.25-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, Ar), 7.36-7.44 (m, 4H, Ar). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 20.4,25.1,53.7,113.5$, 125.9, 126.4, 126.9, 128.7, 129.7, 145.1, 145.5. E.I. MS (relative intensity): $211\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right.$, 50), 196 (100), 107 (18), 105 (34). HRMS E.I. [M ${ }^{+}$], Calcd.: 211.15550. Actual: 211.13497. IR (KBr, $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): $3409,2967,2862,1618,1519,1488,1448,1357,1317$, $1298,1255,1205,1182,1143,1066,1012,806,756,702,574,509$.

$N$-(4-methylphenyl)-2-(Methylthio)ethylamine (Table 5, Entry 4). The coupling of 2-(methylthio)ethylamine and 4-bromotoluene was performed using the general procedure at $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and with 4.0 eq of amine to afford 25 mg ( $14 \%$ ) of the title compound within 1 hour as a colourless oil. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta 2.11$ (s, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SCH}_{3}\right), 2.25\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ArCH}_{3}\right), 2.76\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~S}\right), 3.34(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=$ $6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 3.90 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), $6.58(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.00(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta 15.0,20.4,33.7,42.3,113.4,127.1$, 129.8, 145.5. E.I. MS (relative intensity): $181\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 14\right), 120$ (100), 91 (8), 86 (13). HRMS E.I. [M ${ }^{+}$], Calcd.: 181.09197. Actual: 181.09131. IR ( $\mathrm{KBr}, \mathrm{cm}^{-1}$ ): 2960, 2916, $2866,1618,1519,1425,1319,1257,1045,808$.

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