## Supporting information for

# Diastereoselective addition of sugar radicals to camphorsultam glyoxilic oxime ether: A route toward *C*-glycosylthreonine and allothreonine

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### **General Methods**

All moisture-sensitive reactions were performed under argon using oven-dried glassware. Whenever necessary, solvents were distilled prior to use. Reactions were monitored on t.l.c. (silica gel 60  $F_{254}$ ). Detection was performed using UV light and/or 5% sulfuric or phosphomolybdic acid in ethanol, followed by heating. Flash chromatography was performed on silica gel 6-35  $\mu$ m. <sup>1</sup>H- and <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra were recorded at room temperature with Bruker spectrometers (250, 300, 360 or 400 MHz). Chemical shifts are reported in  $\delta$  vs Me<sub>4</sub>Si for <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectra in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, and relative to acetone for <sup>13</sup>C-NMR spectra in D<sub>2</sub>O. Optical rotations were measured on an Electronic Digital Jasco DIP-370 Polarimeter. These optical rotations were given for pure compounds (as judged by NMR, chromatography and centesimal analysis). Mass spectra were recorded in positive mode on a Finnigan MAT 95 S spectrometer using electrospray ionisation. Elemental analysis were performed at the Service Central de Microanalyses du CNRS (Gif-sur-Yvette, France). X-ray structures were determined with Bruker KAPPA APEX II.

### Experimental procedure and characterisation of products 10a,b; 11a,b; 12a,b

To a 0.1 M solution of the glycosidic ketone **7**, **8** or **9** in dry MeOH was added NaBH<sub>4</sub> (2 equiv) at -10 °C under argon. The reaction mixture was stirred at-10 °C for 20 min, then warmed to 0 °C, diluted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  and neutralized by  $KH_2PO_4$  (10% aq). The aqueous phase was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  and the combined organic phases were filtered through a phase separator filter, then concentrated to give the alcohol in quantitative yield. Alcohols were iodinated without any further purification. Analytical samples were obtained as described below.

# 1-C-(2',3',4',6'-Tetra-O-acetyl-**β**-D-glucopyranosyl)-2(S)- and 2(R)-propan-2-ol (10a, 10b)



From 1-*C*-(2',3',4',6'-tetra-*O*-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl)-propan-2-one **4** (100 mg, 0.26 mmol). **10a,b** were obtained as a 2:1 mixture (101 mg, 100%). The major isomer **10a** was isolated by HPLC (Column dimension: 250 x 20 mm; Material: SiO<sub>2</sub>, 5µm; Mobile phase:

85:15 Et<sub>2</sub>O – Cyclohexane; Flow rate: 20 mL / min). Eluted first was **10a**: Mp. 93-94 °C (cyclohexane-EtOAc);  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = + 8.9 (c = 1, CHCl_3)$ ; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl\_3)  $\delta$  5.19 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2',3'} = J_{3',4'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-3'), 5.02 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = J_{2',3'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2'), 4.90 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{4',5'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-4'), 4.23 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'a} = 2.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.09 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 6.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 4.02 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,2} = 11.5$  Hz,  $J_{2,3} = 6.5$  Hz, H-2), 3.72 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 3.67 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-1'), 3.02 (s, 1 H, OH), 2.10, 2.06, 2.05, 2.01 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.65 (2 ddd, 2 H, H-1a, H-1b), 1.20 (d, 3 H, H-3); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl\_3)  $\delta$  20.4, 20.5 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 23.1 (C3), 39.5 (C1), 62.2 (C2), 67.0 (C6'), 68.5 (C4'), 71.7 (C2'), 73.8 (C3'), 75.6 (C1'), 78.1 (C5'), 169.3, 169.5, 170.2, 170.5 (COCH<sub>3</sub>); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>10</sub>Na: 413.1418. Found 413.1423; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>10</sub> (%): C, 52.30; H, 6.71; O, 40.98. Found: C, 52.15; H, 6.76; O, 40.75.

Eluted second was 10b, contaminated by 25% of 10a.

**10b:** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta = 5.21$  (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2',3'} = J_{3',4'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-3'), 5.07 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = J_{2',3'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2'), 4.95 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{4',5'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-4'), 4.25 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'a} = 5.0$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.13 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 2.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 4.11 (ddd, 1 H, H-2), 3.76 (ddd, 1 H, H-1'), 3.70 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 2.72 (s, 1 H,OH), 2.10, 2.06, 2.05, 2.02 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.60 (2 ddd, 2 H, H-1a, H-1b), 1.23 (d, 3 H,  $J_{2,3} = 6.5$  Hz, H-3); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  20.4, 20.5 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 23.7 (C3), 39.7 (C1), 62.1 (C2), 63.6 (C6'), 65.6 (C4'), 71.4 (C2'), 74.1 (C3'), 74.9 (C1'), 75.5 (C5'), 169.3, 169.5, 170.2, 170.5 (COCH<sub>3</sub>).

# 1-C-(2',3',4',6'-Tetra-O-acetyl-β-D-mannopyranosyl)-2(S)- and 2(R)-propan-2-ol (11a, 11b)



From 1-*C*-(2',3',4',6'-tetra-*O*-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-mannopyranosyl)-propan-2-one **8** (100 mg, 0.26 mmol). **11a,b** were obtained as a 1:1 mixture (101 mg, 100%). The major isomer **11a** was isolated by HPLC (Column dimension: 250 x 20 mm; Material: SiO<sub>2</sub>, 5µm; Mobile phase: 90:10 Et<sub>2</sub>O – Cyclohexane; Flow rate: 20 mL / min). Eluted first was **11a**: Mp. 101-102 °C (cyclohexane-EtOAc); [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>28</sup> = -11.9 (*c* = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.34 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'}$  = 0.5 Hz,  $J_{2',3'}$  = 3.5 Hz, H-2'), 5.20 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'}$  =  $J_{4',5'}$  = 9.5 Hz, H-4'), 5.06 (dd, 1

H, H-3'), 4.10 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'a} = 2.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.11 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 6.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.99 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,2} = 9.0$  Hz,  $J_{1b,2} = 2.5$  Hz,  $J_{2,3} = 6.5$  Hz, H-2), 3.89 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,1'} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{1b,1'} = 3.5$  Hz, H-1'), 3.72 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 2.89 (s, 1 H,OH), 2.19, 2.10, 2.06, 1.99 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.76 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,1b} = 14.5$  Hz, H-1a), 1.52 (ddd, 1 H, H-1b), 1.19 (d, 3 H,  $J_{2,3} = 6.5$  Hz, H-3); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  20.6, 20.7 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 23.9 (C3), 39.5 (C1), 62.9 (C2), 64.4 (C6'), 66.3 (C4'), 70.7 (C2'), 72.4 (C3'), 74.0 (C1'), 76.2 (C5'), 169.7, 170.1, 170.6, 170.7 (COCH<sub>3</sub>); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>10</sub>Na: 413.1418. Found 413.1414; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>10</sub> (%): C, 52.30; H, 6.71; O, 40.98. Found: C, 52.43; H, 6.76; O, 40.85. Eluted second was **11b** contaminated by **11a**.

**11b**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.32 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = 0.5$  Hz,  $J_{2',3'} = 3.5$  Hz, H-2'), 5.24 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'} = J_{4',5'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-4'), 5.08 (dd, 1 H, H-3'), 4.27 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'a} = 6.0$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.12 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 2.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 4.02 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,2} = 2.5$  Hz,  $J_{1b,2} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{2,3} = 6.5$  Hz, H-2), 3.96 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,1'} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{1b,1'} = 3.0$  Hz, H-1'), 3.68 (dd, 1 H, H-5'), 2.19, 2.10, 2.06, 1.99 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.80 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,1b} = 14.5$  Hz, H-1a), 1.41 (ddd, 1 H, H-1b); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  20.4, 20.5 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 23.5 (C3), 38.9 (C1), 62.9 (C2), 66.2 (C6'), 66.7 (C4'), 69.8 (C2'), 72.1 (C3'), 74.0 (C1'), 76.3 (C5'), 169.7, 170.1, 170.6, 170.7 (COCH<sub>3</sub>).

# 1-C-(2',3',4',6'-Tetra-O-acetyl-**β**-D-galactopyranosyl)-2(S)- and 2(R)-propan-2-ol (12a, 12b)



From 1-*C*-(2',3',4',6'-tetra-*O*-acetyl-β-D-galactopyranosyl)-propan-2-one **9** (100 mg, 0.26 mmol). **12a,b** were obtained as a 2:1 mixture (101 mg, 100%). The major isomer **12a** was isolated by HPLC (Column dimension: 250 x 20 mm; Material: SiO<sub>2</sub>, 5µm; Mobile phase: 85:15 Et<sub>2</sub>O – Cyclohexane; Flow rate: 20 mL / min). Eluted first was **12a**:  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = +17.9$  (*c* = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 5.43 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'} = 3.5$  Hz,  $J_{4',5'} = 0.5$  Hz, H-4'), 5.11 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = J_{2',3'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2'), 5.01 (dd, 1 H, H-3'), 4.10 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'a} = 5.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.09 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 6.0$  Hz, H-6'b), 4.02 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,2'} = 3.5$  Hz,  $J_{1b,1'}$ 

= 9.5 Hz, H-1'), 3.07 (s, 1 H, O*H*), 2.16, 2.06, 1.98 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.72 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,1b}$  = 14.5 Hz, H-1a), 1.63 (ddd, 1 H, H-1b), 1.19 (d, 3 H, H-3); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  20.7 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 23.3 (C3), 39.6 (C1), 62.1 (C2), 67.6 (C6', C4'), 69.1 (C2'), 71.8 (C3'), 74.5 (C1'), 79.1 (C5'), 169.8, 170.2, 170.5 (*C*OCH<sub>3</sub>); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>10</sub>Na: 413.1418. Found 413.1421; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>10</sub> (%): C, 52.30; H, 6.71; O, 40.98. Found: C, 52.05; H, 6.71; O, 40.91. Eluted second was **12b** contaminated by **12a**.

**12b**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.45 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'}$  = 3.5 Hz,  $J_{4',5'}$  = 0.5 Hz, H-4'), 5.16 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = J_{2',3'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2'), 5.04 (dd, 1 H, H-3'), 4.16 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'a} = 7.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.07 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 7.0$  Hz, H-6'b), 4.05 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{2,3} = 6.5$  Hz, H-2), 3.91 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 3.75 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,1'} = 3.5$  Hz,  $J_{1b,1'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-1'), 2.17, 2.07, 2.06, 2.00 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.63 (2 ddd, 2 H,  $J_{1a,1b} = 14.5$  Hz, H-1a, H-1b), 1.23 (d, 3 H, H-3); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  20.7 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 23.8 (C3), 39.6 (C1), 61.7 (C2), 63.9 (C6'), 67.7 (C4'), 68.8 (C2'), 72.1 (C3'), 74.3 (C1'), 75.6 (C5'), 169.8, 170.2, 170.5 (COCH<sub>3</sub>).

#### Experimental procedure and characterisation of products 13a,b; 14a,b; 15a,b

To a solution of the alcohol **10a,b** or **11a,b** or **12a,b** (3.8 g; 9.74 mmol) in pyridine (80 mL) was added TsCl (2,8 g; 14.6 mmol) at r.t. under argon. The reaction mixture was kept at r.t for 24 h, then concentrated. The residue was suspended in  $CH_2Cl_2$  and washed with brine. The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in acetone (80 mL) and NaI (7.3 g; 48 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 24 h, then cooled to r.t., filtrated and concentrated. The residue was suspended in  $CH_2Cl_2$  and washed with Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (5% aq.). The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated. The residue was gurified by flash chromatography.

# 1-C-(2',3',4',6'-Tetra-O-acetyl- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranosyl)-2(S)- and 2(R)-iodopropane (13a, 13b)



From **12a,b**. Flash chromatography (7:3 Petroleum ether / EtOAc) afforded **13a,b** as a 2:1 mixture. (4,8 g, 100%). The two isomers were separated by HPLC (Column dimension: 250 x 20 mm; Material: SiO<sub>2</sub>, 5 $\mu$ m; Mobile phase: 40:60 Et<sub>2</sub>O – Cyclohexane; Flow rate: 20 mL /

min). Eluted first was 13a: Mp. 83-84 °C (cyclohexane);  $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{28} = -26.5$  (c = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (360 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.23 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2',3'} = J_{3',4'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-3'), 5.04 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} =$ 9.5 Hz, H-2'), 4.95 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{4',5'}$  = 9.5 Hz, H-4'), 4.34 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,2}$  = 11.5 Hz,  $J_{1b,2}$  = 2.5 Hz,  $J_{2,3} = 7.0$  Hz, H-2), 4.27 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'a} = 5.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.10 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 2.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.70 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 3.67 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,1'} = 2.5$  Hz,  $J_{1b,1'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-1'), 2.10, 2.07, 2.03, 2.01 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.96 (d, 3 H, H-3), 1.85 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,lb} = 14.5$ Hz, H-1a), 1.56 (ddd, 1 H, H-1b); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 20.5, 20.6 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 21.9 (C2), 27.4 (C3), 44.2 (C1), 62.1 (C6'), 68.5 (C4'), 71.6 (C2'), 74.1 (C3'), 75.7 (C1'), 76.4 (C5'), 169.3, 169.4, 170.2, 170.5 (COCH<sub>3</sub>); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>9</sub>INa: 523.0435. Found 523.0444; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>9</sub>I (%): C, 40.81; H, 5.04; O, 28.78. Found: C, 40.85; H, 5.17; O, 28.74. Eluted second was **13b**: Mp. 120-121 °C (cyclohexane);  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = +$ 0.16 (c = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (360 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.20 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2',3'} = J_{3',4'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-3'), 5.04 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2'), 4.90 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{4',5'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-4'), 4.38 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,2} =$ 4.5 Hz,  $J_{1b,2} = 11.5$  Hz,  $J_{2,3} = 7.0$  Hz, H-2), 4.23 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'a} = 5.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.10 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5'.6'b} = 2.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.65 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 3.60 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{la,l'} = 9.5$ Hz,  $J_{1b,1'} = 2.5$  Hz, H-1'), 2.21 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,1b} = 14.5$  Hz, H-1a), 2.10, 2.07, 2.03, 2.01 (4 s, 12) H, 4 Ac), 2.05 (ddd, 1 H, H-1b), 1.91 (d, 3 H, H-3); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 20.4, 20.5 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 25.1 (C2), 29.2 (C3), 43.7 (C1), 62.1 (C6'), 68.6 (C4'), 71.5 (C2'), 75.9 (C3'), 77.2 (C1'), 78.1 (C5'), 169.4, 169.8, 170.2, 170.5 (COCH<sub>3</sub>); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>9</sub>INa: 523.0435. Found 523.0449.

# 1-C-(2',3',4',6'-Tetra-O-acetyl-**β**-D-mannopyranosyl)-2(S)- and 2(R)-iodopropane (14a, 14b)



From **11a,b**. Flash chromatography (7:3 Petroleum ether / EtOAc) afforded **14a,b** as a 55:45 mixture. (4,8 g, 100%) The two isomers were separated by HPLC (Column dimension: 250 x 20 mm; Material: SiO<sub>2</sub>, 5µm; Mobile phase: 47:53 Ether – Cyclohexane; Flow rate: 20 mL / min). Eluted first was **14a**: Mp. 78-79 °C (cyclohexane);  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = -46.2$  (c = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (360 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.34 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = 0.5$  Hz,  $J_{2',3'} = 3.5$  Hz, H-2'), 5.22 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'} = J_{4',5'} = 10.0$  Hz, H-4'), 5.11 (dd, 1 H, H-3'), 4.34 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{2,3} = 7.0$  Hz, H-2), 4.30 (dd,

1 H,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'a} = 5.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.11 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 2.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.86 (ddd, 1 H, H-1'), 3.68 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 2.18, 2.11, 2.05, 1.99 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.96 (d, 3 H, H-3), 1.74-1.65 (2 ddd, 2 H, H-1a, H-1b); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  20.5, 20.6, 20.7 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 25.9 (C2), 29.2 (C3), 42.7 (C1), 62.5 (C6'), 66.1 (C4'), 69.9 (C2'), 72.1 (C3'), 76.4 (C1'), 77.3 (C5'), 169.5, 169.7, 170.1, 170.3 (COCH<sub>3</sub>); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>9</sub>INa: 523.0435. Found 523.0445; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>9</sub>I (%): C, 40.81; H, 5.04; O, 28.78. Found: C, 40.89; H, 5.11; O, 28.95.

Eluted second was **14b**: Mp. 100-101 °C (cyclohexane);  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = + 0.2$  (c = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (360 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.33 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = 0.5$  Hz,  $J_{2',3'} = 3.0$  Hz, H-2'), 5.22 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'} = J_{4',5'} = 10.0$  Hz, H-4'), 5.11 (dd, 1 H, H-3'), 4.26 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'a} = 5.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.18 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{2,3} = 7.0$  Hz, H-2), 4.11 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 2.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.86 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 2.18, 2.11, 2.05, 1.99 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.96 (d, 3 H, H-3), 1.74-1.65 (2 ddd, 2 H, H-1a, H-1b); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  20.6, 20.7, 20.8 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 22.1 (C2), 28.3 (C3), 42.8 (C1), 62.8 (C6'), 66.2 (C4'), 69.1 (C2'), 72.2 (C3'), 76.3 (C1'), 77.2 (C5'), 169.7, 170.1, 170.5, 170.6 (COCH<sub>3</sub>); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>9</sub>INa: 523.0435. Found 523.0447.

## $1-C-(2',3',4',6'-O-Acetyl-\beta-D-galactopyranosyl)-2(S)-$ and 2(R)-iodopropane (15a, 15b)



From **12a,b**. Flash chromatography (7:3 Petroleum ether / EtOAc) afforded **15a,b** as a 3:1 mixture. (4.8 g, 100%) The two isomers were separated by HPLC (Column dimension: 250 x 20 mm; Material: SiO<sub>2</sub>, 5µm; Mobile phase: 45:55 Et<sub>2</sub>O – Cyclohexane; Flow rate: 20 mL / min). Eluted first was **15a**: Mp. 147-148 °C (cyclohexane);  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = -19.6$  (c = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.45 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'} = 3.5$  Hz,  $J_{4',5'} = 0.5$  Hz, H-4'), 5.16 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = J_{2',3'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2'), 5.07 (dd, 1 H, H-3'), 4.35 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,2} = 11.5$  Hz,  $J_{1b,2} = 2.5$  Hz,  $J_{2,3} = 7.0$  Hz, H-2), 4.16 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 11.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'a} = 7.0$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.07 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 6.0$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.91 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 3.64 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,1'} = 2.0$  Hz,  $J_{1b,1'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-1'), 2.15, 2.09, 2.08, 1.99 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.97 (d, 3 H, H-3), 1.87 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,1b} = 14.5$  Hz, H-1a), 1.64 (ddd, 1 H, H-1b); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  20.5, 20.6 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 25.0 (C2), 29.2 (C3), 43.7 (C1), 61.4 (C6'), 67.6 (C4'), 68.8 (C2'), 71.8 (C3'), 74.4 (C1'), 78.3 (C5'),

169.9, 170.0, 170.2 (COCH<sub>3</sub>); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for  $C_{17}H_{25}O_9INa$ : 523.0435. Found 523.0433; Anal. Calcd for  $C_{17}H_{25}O_9I$  (%): C, 40.81; H, 5.04; O, 28.78. Found: C, 41.09; H, 5.08; O, 28.97.

Eluted second was **15b**: White crystals from cyclohexane (mp. 73-74 °C);  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = +10.8$  (c = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  5.43 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'} = 9.5$ ,  $J_{4',5'} = 0.5$  Hz, H-4'), 5.11 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = J_{2',3'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2'), 5.04 (dd, 1 H, H-3'), 4.40 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,2} = 4.5$  Hz,  $J_{1b,2} = 11.5$  Hz,  $J_{2,3} = 7.0$  Hz, H-2), 4.15 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 11.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'a} = 7.0$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.06 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 6.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.87 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 3.57 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,1'} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{1b,1'} = 2.5$  Hz, H-1'), 2.28 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1a,1b} = 14.5$  Hz, H-1a), 2.17, 2.09, 2.06, 2.00 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 2.12 (ddd, 1 H, H-1b), 1.91 (d, 3 H, H-3); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  20.4, 20.5 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 22.0 (C2), 27.2 (C3), 44.2 (C1), 61.5 (C6'), 67.5 (C4'), 68.9 (C2'), 71.9 (C3'), 74.3 (C1'), 78.2 (C5'), 169.9, 170.0, 170.2 (COCH<sub>3</sub>); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>9</sub>INa: 523.0435. Found 523.0441.

### Experimental procedure and characterisation of products 16a,b; 17a,b; 18a,b

To a degassed solution of camphorsultam derivative (-)-1 or (+)-1 (75 mg, 0.20 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2 mL) were added  $Zn(OTf)_2$  (145 mg, 0.40 mmol), iodinated compound **13a,b** or **14a,b** or **15a,b** (300 mg, 0.60 mmol), Bu<sub>3</sub>SnH (140 µL, 0.50 mmol) and Et<sub>3</sub>B was added (2 mL of a 1 M solution in hexane, 2 mmol) by portion of 400 µL each 30 min. After the last addition, the reaction mixture was stirred 2 h at -78°C then diluted with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography (3:97 acetone-CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) to give the product as a diastereoisomeric mixture (90 mg, 60 %).

#### C-glucosides 16a and 16b



From camphorsultam derivative (-)-1 and 13a,b, compounds 16a and 16b were obtained as a 80:20 diastereoisomeric mixture. The major isomer 16a was isolated by HPLC (Column

dimension: 250 x 21.2 mm; Material: Hypersil APS 2, 5µm; Mobile phase: 25:75 EtOAc – Cyclohexane; Flow rate: 20 mL / min) and crystallization from cyclohexane - EtOAc.

**16a**: Mp. 154-155 °C (*i*Pr<sub>2</sub>O);  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = -28.2$  (*c* = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 7.39-7.29 (m, 5 H, HAr), 6.38 (d, 1 H,  $J_{2,NH}$  = 12.5 Hz, NH), 5.17 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'}$  =  $J_{2',3'}$  = 9.5 Hz, H-3'), 5.13 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{4',5'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-4'), 4.81 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2'), 4.66 (d, 1 H, J = 12.0 Hz, NHOCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.62 (d, 1 H, J = 12.0 Hz, NHOCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.38 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 3.0$ Hz,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.32 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2,3} = 3.0$  Hz, H-2), 4.07 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 2.0$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.98 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2'',3''a} = 5.0$  Hz,  $J_{2'',3''b} = 7.5$  Hz, H-2''), 3.58 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 3.46 (s, 2 H, H-10", H-10", 3.38 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1',1a} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{1',1b} = 1.0$  Hz, H-1"), 2.29 (dddd, 1 H, H-3), 2.10 (m, 2 H, Hsult), 2.11, 2.08, 2.05, 2.02 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.95-1.80 (m, 4 H, 3 Hsult, H-4a), 1.60 (s, 1 H, Hsult), 1.42 (s, 1 H, Hsult), 1.32 (ddd, 1 H, H-4b), 1.10 (s, 3 H, H-8''), 0.97 (s, 3 H, H-9''), 0.73 (s, 3 H,  $J_{CH3,3} = 7.0$  Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  15.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 19.9 (C8''), 20.6, 20.7, 20.8, 20.9 (COCH<sub>3</sub>, C9''), 26.5 (C5''), 30.0 (C3), 32.8 (C6''), 35.5 (C4), 38.5 (C3''), 44.6 (C4''), 47.8 (C7''), 48.6 (C1''), 53.0 (C10''), 61.8 (C6'), 64.3 (C2), 65.0 (C2''), 68.4 (C4'), 72.1 (C2'), 74.7 (C3'), 75.0 (C1'), 75.2 (C5'), 75.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>OPh), 127.8, 128.4, 128.5, 138.0 (CAr), 169.5, 169.8, 170.4, 170.9 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 173.3 (C1); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>50</sub>O<sub>13</sub>N<sub>2</sub>SNa: 773.2926. Found 773.2933; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>33</sub>O<sub>12</sub>N (%): C, 57.59; H, 6.71; N, 3.73; O, 27.70; S, 4.27. Found: C, 57.52; H, 6.71; N, 3.68; O, 27.85; S, 4.04.

#### C-mannosides 17a and 17b



From camphorsultam derivative (-)-1 and 14a,b, compounds 17a and 17b were obtained as a 85:15 diastereoisomeric mixture. The major isomer 17a was isolated by HPLC (Column dimension: 250 x 21.2 mm; Material: Hypersil APS 2, 5 $\mu$ m; Mobile phase: 25:75 EtOAc – Cyclohexane; Flow rate: 20 mL / min) and crystallization from *i*Pr<sub>2</sub>O.

**17a**: Mp. 133-134 °C (*i*Pr<sub>2</sub>O); [α]<sub>D</sub><sup>28</sup> = - 48.4 (*c* = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm): δ 7.49-7.34 (m, 5 H, HAr), 6.37 (d, 1 H,  $J_{2,NH}$  = 12.0 Hz, NH), 5.23 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'}$  =

 $J_{4',5'} = 10.0$  Hz, H-4'), 4.98 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2',3'} = 3.5$  Hz, H-3'), 4.94 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = 1.0$  Hz, H-2'), 4.69 (d, 1 H, J = 12.5 Hz, NHOC $H_2$ ), 4.54 (d, 1 H, J = 12.5 Hz, NHOC $H_2$ ), 4.42 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 3.5$  Hz,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.07 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 3.0$  Hz, H-6'b), 4.20-3.95 (m, 2 H, H-2'', H-2), 3.52-3.38 (m, 3 H, H-5', H-10''), 3.10 (ddd, 1 H, H-1'), 2.20-1.95 (m, 2 H, H-3, Hsult), 2.14, 2.08, 2.03, 2.00 (4 s, 12 H, Ac) 1.95-1.80 (m, 4 H, Hsult), 1.45-1.31 (m, 2 H, H-4a, H-4b), 1.06 (s, 3 H, H-8''), 0.96 (s, 3 H, H-9''), 0.68 (d, 3 H, J = 7.0 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  14.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 19.9 (C8''), 20.6 (C9''), 20.7, 20.8, 20.8, 21.0 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 26.5 (C5''), 30.1 (C3), 32.7 (C6''), 34.6 (C4), 38.4 (C3''), 44.5 (C4''), 47.8 (C7''), 48.7 (C1''), 53.0 (C10''), 62.4 (C6'), 64.9 (C2), 65.1 (C2''), 66.4 (C4'), 70.6 (C2'), 72.4 (C3'), 73.8 (C1'), 75.6 (C5'), 76.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>OPh), 128.0, 128.4, 129.0, 138.4 (CAr), 169.7, 170.1, 170.5, 170.9 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 173.4 (C1); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>50</sub>O<sub>13</sub>N<sub>2</sub>SNa: 773.2926. Found 773.2916; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>33</sub>O<sub>12</sub>N (%): C, 57.59; H, 6.71; N, 3.73; O, 27.70; S, 4.27. Found: C, 57.70; H, 6.37; N, 3.73; O, 27.85; S, 4.06.

#### C-galactosides 18a and 18b



From camphorsultam derivative (-)-1 and 15a,b, compounds 18a and 18b were obtained as a 80:20 diastereoisomeric mixture. The major isomer 18a was isolated by HPLC (Column dimension: 250 x 21.2 mm; Material: Hypersil APS 2, 5µm; Mobile phase: 25:75 EtOAc – Cyclohexane; Flow rate: 20 mL / min). Eluted first was 18a: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.41-7.28 (m, 5 H, HAr), 6.40 (d, 1 H,  $J_{2,NH} = 12.0$  Hz, NH), 5.41 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'} = 3.0$  Hz,  $J_{4',5'} = 0.2$  Hz, H-4'), 5.02 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2',3'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-3'), 4.98 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2'), 4.65 (s, 2 H, J = 12.5 Hz, NHOCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.32 (dd, 1 H, H-2), 4.21 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 5.5$  Hz,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 10.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.05 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 9.0$  Hz, H-6'b), 4.01 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2'',3''a} = 5.0$  Hz,  $J_{2'',3''b} = 7.5$  Hz, H-2''), 3.80 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 3.50 (dd, 2 H,  $J_{10''a,1''} = J_{10''b,1''} = 14.0$  Hz, H-10''a, H-10''b), 3.36 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1',4a} = 1.0$  Hz,  $J_{1',4b} = 9.5$  Hz, H-1'), 2.27 (dddd, 1 H, H-3), 2.13, 2.05, 2.04, 1.98 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.95-1.70 (m, 6 H, Hsult), 1.45-1.30 (m, 3 H, H-4a, H-4b, Hsult), 1.09 (s, 3 H, H-8''), 0.97 (s, 3 H, H-9''), 0.72 (d, 3 H,  $J_{CH3,3} = 7.0$  Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  14.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 19.8 (C8''), 20.6, 20.7, 20.8, (C9'', COCH<sub>3</sub>), 26.4 (C5''),

30.0 (C3), 32.6 (C6''), 35.7 (C4), 38.3 (C3''), 44.5 (C4''), 47.8 (C7''), 48.6 (C1''), 52.9 (C10''), 60.2 (C6'), 64.3 (C2), 64.8 (C2''), 67.5 (C4'), 68.2 (C2'), 69.6 (C3'), 72.1 (C1'), 75.2 (C5'), 75.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>OPh), 127.7, 128.3, 128.4, 138.0 (CAr), 169.9, 170.1, 170.2, 170.3 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 173.3 (C1); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for  $C_{36}H_{50}O_{13}N_2SNa$ : 773.2926. Found 773.2908; Anal. Calcd for  $C_{22}H_{33}O_{12}N$  (%): C, 57.59; H, 6.71; N, 3.73; O, 27.70; S, 4.27. Found: 57.42, 6.55, 3.71, 27.58, 4.72.

Eluted second was 18b contaminated by 18a.

**18b:** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.41-7.28 (m, 5 H, HAr), 6.18 (d, 1 H,  $J_{2,NH} = 11.0$  Hz, NH), 5.39 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'} = 2.0$  Hz,  $J_{4',5'} = 0.2$  Hz, H-4'), 5.08-4.95 (m, 2 H, H-2', H-3'), 4.71 (d, 1 H, J = 12.5 Hz, NHOCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.62 (d, 1 H, J = 12.5 Hz, NHOCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.20 (dd, 1 H, H-2), 4.10-3.92 (m, 3 H, H-6'a, H-6'b, H-2''), 3.80 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 1.5$  Hz,  $J_{5',6'b} = 7.0$ ,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 9.0$  Hz H-5'), 3.50 (s, 2 H, H-10''a, H-10''b), 3.46-3.32 (m, 1 H, H-1'), 2.20-1.62 (m, 7 H, H-3, Hsult), 2.15, 2.04, 2.03, 1.98 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.50-1.20 (m, 3 H, H-4a, H-4b, Hsult), 1.14 (s, 3 H, H-8''), 1.01 (d, 3 H,  $J_{CH3,3} = 7.0$  Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.99 (s, 3 H, H-9'').

#### C-glucosides 19a and 19b



From camphorsultam derivative (+)-1 and 13a,b, compounds 19a and 19b were obtained as a 75:25 diastereoisomeric mixture. The major isomer 19a was isolated by HPLC (Column dimension: 250 x 21.2 mm; Material: Hypersil APS 2, 5µm; Mobile phase: 25:75 EtOAc – Cyclohexane; Flow rate: 20 mL / min). Eluted first was 19a: Mp. 133-134 °C (*i*Pr<sub>2</sub>O);  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = +19 (c = 1, CHCl_3)$ ; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm):  $\delta$  7.40-7.28 (m, 5 H, HAr), 5.96 (d, 1 H,  $J_{2,NH} = 12.0$  Hz, NH), 5.02 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'} = J_{2',3'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-3'), 4.90 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{4',5'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-4'), 4.70 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2'), 4.68, 4.62 (2 d, 2 H, J = 12.0 Hz, NHOCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.32 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2,3} = 8.0$  Hz, H-2), 4.05 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 5.5$  Hz,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.02 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',4a} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{1',4b} = 3.0$  Hz, H-2''), 3.96 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 2.0$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.57 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1',4a} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{1',4b} = 3.0$  Hz, H-1'), 3.52 (2 d, 2 H,  $J_{10',a,1''} = J_{10',b,1''} = 14.0$  Hz, H-10''a, H-10''b), 2.97 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 2.12 (m, 2 H, Hsult), 2.07, 2.05, 2.01 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.95-1.85 (m, 3 H, Hsult), 1.80 (dddd, 1 H, H-3), 1.56 (s, 1 H, Hsult), 1.55-

1.46 (m, 2 H, H-4a, H-4b), 1.44 (s, 1 H, Hsult), 1.14 (s, 3 H, H-8''), 0.99 (s, 3 H, H-9''), 0.98 (d, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  18.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.0 (C8''), 20.6, 20.7, 20.8 (COCH<sub>3</sub>, C9''), 26.4 (C5''), 31.8 (C3), 33.0 (C6''), 36.7 (C4), 38.4 (C3''), 44.6 (C4''), 47.8 (C7''), 48.3 (C1''), 53.3 (C10''), 62.3 (C6'), 65.4 (C2), 67.2 (C2''), 68.6 (C4'), 72.6 (C2'), 74.4 (C3'), 74.9 (C1'), 75.0 (C5'), 75.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>OPh), 127.7, 128.4, 128.5, 138.9 (Ar), 169.5, 169.9, 170.4, 170.7 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 174.3 (C1); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>50</sub>O<sub>13</sub>N<sub>2</sub>SNa: 773.2926. Found 773.2923; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>33</sub>O<sub>12</sub>N (%): C, 57.59; H, 6.71; N, 3.73; O, 27.70; S, 4.27. Found: C, 57.01; H, 6.54; N, 3.71; O, 27.15; S, 4.25.

Eluted second was 19b contaminated by 19a.

**19b** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm):  $\delta$  7.40-7.24 (m, 5 H, HAr), 6.24 (d, 1 H,  $J_{2,NH}$  = 11.0 Hz, N*H*), 5.21-5.05 (m, 2 H, H-3', H-4'), 4.70 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'}$  = 9.5 Hz, H-2'), 4.85-4.78 (m, 1H, H-2), 4.68, (d, 1 H, J = 12.0 Hz, NHOC*H*<sub>2</sub>), 4.62 (d, 1 H, J = 12.0 Hz, NHOC*H*<sub>2</sub>), 4.38 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b}$  = 3.0 Hz,  $J_{6'a,6'b}$  = 12.5 Hz, H-6'a), 4.21 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'a}$  = 1.5 Hz, Hz, H-6'a), 4.02-3.95 (m, 1H, H-2''), 3.78-3.65 (m, 2 H, H-1', H-5'), 3.52 (s, 2 H, H-10''a, H-10''b), 2.20-1.82 (m, 6 H, Hsult, H-3), 2.07, 2.02, 1.84, 1.60 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.50-1.30 (m, 3 H, H-4a, H-4b, Hsult), 1.15 (s, 3 H, H-8''), 1.02 (s, 3 H, H-9''), 0.98 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>).

#### C-mannosides 20a and 20b



From camphorsultam derivative (+)-1 and 14a,b, compounds 20a and 20b were obtained as a 75:25 diastereoisomeric mixture. The major isomer 20a was isolated by HPLC (Column dimension: 250 x 21.2 mm; Material: Hypersil APS 2, 5 $\mu$ m; Mobile phase: 25:75 EtOAc – Cyclohexane; Flow rate: 20 mL / min).

**20a**:  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = +43$  (*c* = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (360 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm):  $\delta$  7.41-7.30 (m, 5 H, HAr), 5.98 (d, 1 H,  $J_{2,NH} = 12.0$  Hz, N*H*), 5.18 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = 1.0$  Hz,  $J_{2',3'} = 3.5$  Hz, H-2'), 5.11 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'} = J_{4',5'} = 10.0$  Hz, H-4'), 4.90 (dd, 1 H, H-3'), 4.70, 4.65 (2 d, 2 H, J = 12.5 Hz, NHOC*H*<sub>2</sub>), 4.31 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2,3} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2), 4.14 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 5.5$  Hz,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$ 

Hz, H-6'a), 4.07 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 2.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 4.04 (dd, 1H, H-2''), 3.76 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1',4a} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{1',4b} = 3.0$  Hz, H-1'), 3.54 (2 d, 2 H,  $J_{10''a,1''} = J_{10'b,1''} = 14.0$  Hz, H-10''a, H-10''b), 3.08 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 2.13, 2.09, 2.07, 2.00 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.96-1.80 (m, 3 H, Hsult, H-3), 1.76-1.70 (m, 4 H, Hsult), 1.52-1.38 (m, 3 H, H-4a, H-4b, Hsult), 1.15 (s, 3 H, H-8''), 1.00 (s, 3 H, H-9''), 0.99 (d, 3 H, CH\_3); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl\_3):  $\delta$  17.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 19.9 (C8''), 20.6, 20.7 (C9'', COCH<sub>3</sub>), 26.4 (C5''), 31.5 (C3), 32.9 (C6''), 35.8 (C4), 38.4 (C3''), 44.5 (C4''), 47.7 (C7''), 48.2 (C1''), 53.2 (C10''), 62.7 (C6'), 65.3 (C2), 66.2 (C2''), 68.3 (C4'), 70.2 (C2'), 72.4 (C3'), 74.7 (C1'), 74.9 (C5'), 75.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>OPh), 127.5, 128.0, 128.3, 128.7, 138.9 (CAr), 169.7, 170.1, 170.6, 170.7 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 174.2 (C1); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>50</sub>O<sub>13</sub>N<sub>2</sub>SNa: 773.2926. Found 773.2928; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>33</sub>O<sub>12</sub>N: C, 57.59; H, 6.71; N, 3.73; O, 27.70; S, 4.27. Found: C, 57.63; H, 6.31; N, 3.66; O, 27.55; S, 4.03.

#### C-galactosides 21a and 21b



From camphorsultam derivative (+)-1 and 15a,b, compounds 21a and 21b were obtained as a 67:33 diastereoisomeric mixture. The major isomer 21a was isolated by HPLC (Column dimension: 250 x 21.2 mm; Material: Hypersil APS 2, 5 $\mu$ m; Mobile phase: 25:75 EtOAc – Cyclohexane; Flow rate: 20 mL / min).

**21a**: <sup>1</sup>H NMR (360 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  (ppm):  $\delta$  7.41-7.29 (m, 5 H, HAr), 5.95 (d, 1 H,  $J_{2,NH} =$  12.0 Hz, NH), 5.12 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'} = 3.5$  Hz,  $J_{4',5'} = 0.5$  Hz, H-4'), 4.89 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = J_{2',3'} =$  9.5 Hz, H-2'), 4.80 (dd, 1 H, H-3'), 4.70, 4.62 (2 d, 2 H, J = 12.5 Hz, NHOCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.25 (dd, 1 H, H-2), 4.04 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2'',3''a} = 5.5$  Hz,  $J_{2'',3''b} = 7.5$  Hz, H-2''), 3.92 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{H5',H6'a} = 7.5$  Hz,  $J_{H6'a,H6'b} = 11.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 3.85 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 5.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.54 (2 d, 2 H,  $J_{10''a,1''} = J_{10''b,1''} = 14.0$  Hz, H-10''a, H-10''b), 3.53 (ddd, 1 H, H-1'), 2.84 (ddd, 1 H, H-5') 2.12 (dddd, 1 H, H-3), 2.12, 2.10, 2.07, 1.97 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 2.00-1.80 (m, 4 H, Hsult), 1.60-1.30 (m, 5 H, H-4a, H-4b, Hsult), 1.14 (s, 3 H, H-8''), 0.98 (s, 3 H, H-9''), 0.97 (d, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  18.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.0, 20.7, 20.8, 20.9 (C8'', C9'', COCH<sub>3</sub>), 26.4 (C5''), 31.5 (C3), 33.0 (C6''), 37.2 (C4), 38.4 (C3''), 44.6 (C4''), 47.8 (C7''), 48.3 (C1''), 53.3 (C10''), 62.1 (C2), 65.4 (C2''), 67.5 (C6'), 68.1 (C4'), 70.1 (C2'), 72.1 (C3'), 73.4

(C1'), 75.0 (C5'), 76.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>OPh), 127.7, 128.4, 139.2 (CAr), 170.1, 170.2, 170.4, 170.5 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 174.3 (C1); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>50</sub>O<sub>13</sub>N<sub>2</sub>SNa: 773.2926. Found 773.2929; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>33</sub>O<sub>12</sub>N: C, 57.59; H, 6.71; N, 3.73; O, 27.70; S, 4.27. Found: C, 57.37; H, 6.76; N, 3.57; O, 27.65; S, 4.33.

### **Compound 22a**



To a solution of **15a** (100mg, 0.13 mmol) in dry MeOH (10 mL) was added a solution of MeONa in MeOH (1mL, 1 M). The reaction mixture was stirred for 1 hour, then treated with Dowex 50 X-8 200 H+ to reach pH 6. The resin was filtered and the solution was concentrated to give **22a** (79 mg, 97 %), as a white solid. (mp. 109-110 °C); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (360 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  (ppm):  $\delta$  7.40-7.28 (m, 5 H, HAr), 7.07 (d, 1 H, N*H*), 4.69 (2 d, 2 H, NHOC*H*<sub>2</sub>), 4.26 (d, 1 H, N*H*), 3.90-3.00 (m, 10 H, H-1', H-2', H-3', H-4', H-5', H-6', H-2'', H-10''), 2.30-1.50 (m, 10 H, H-3, H-4a, H-4b, Hsult), 1.28 (s, 3 H, H-8''), 0.94 (m, 6 H, H-9'', CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  16.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.2 (C8''), 20.6 (C9''), 26.9 (C5''), 30.7 (C3), 31.8 (C6''), 35.2 (C2), 39.5 (C3''), 44.6 (C4''), 48.9 (C7''), 49.2 (C1''), 54.5 (C10''), 61.8 (C6'), 67.6 (C2), 70.1, 73.6, 76.2, 78.5, 79.6 (C2'', C1', C2', C3', C4', C5', CH<sub>2</sub>OPh), 128.2, 128.6, 129.6, 136.7 (CAr), 172.9 (C1); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>46</sub>O<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>SNa: 637.2765. Found 637.2776.

### **Compound 23a**



To a solution of **15a** (170 mg, 0.23 mmol) in MeOH (5 mL) was added concentrated HCl (250  $\mu$ L). The reaction mixture was refluxed for 5 h, then cooled to r.t. and treated with Dowex 1X8 (HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> form) to reach pH 7. The resin was filtered and the solution was

concentrated. Flash chromatography of the residue afforded **23a** (130 mg, 98 %) as a white solid (mp 88-89 °C);  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = -45$  (c = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (360 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  (ppm):  $\delta$  7.40-7.24 (m, 5 H, HAr), 4.69, 4.61 (2 d, 2 H, J = 12.0 Hz, NHOC*H*<sub>2</sub>), 4.45 (d, 1 H, N*H*), 3.98 (dd, 1H,  $J_{2'',3''a} = 5.0$  Hz,  $J_{2'',3''b} = 6.5$  Hz, H-2''), 3.84 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 2.5$  Hz,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.0$  Hz, H-6'a), 3.70 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 5.0$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.70, 3.60 (2 d, 2 H,  $J_{10''a,1''} = J_{10''b,1''} = 14.0$  Hz, H-10''a, H-10''b), 3.37 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2,3} = 2.5$  Hz, H-2) 3.29 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 2.42-2.30 (m, 2 H, H-3, Hsult), 2.10-1.83 (m, 5 H, Hsult), 1.49 (ddd, 1 H, H-4a), 1.40-1.25 (m, 2 H, H-4b, Hsult), 1.15 (s, 3 H, H-8''), 1.02 (s, 3 H, H-9''), 0.80 (s, 3 H,  $J_{CH3,3} = 6.5$  Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD):  $\delta$  15.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 19.9 (C8''), 20.8 (C9''), 26.4 (C5''), 30.6 (C3), 32.7 (C6''), 35.5 (C2), 38.5 (C3''), 44.6 (C4''), 47.8 (C7''), 48.6 (C1''), 53.0 (C10''), 62.1 (C6'), 62.3 (C2), 65.1 (C2''), 70.3, 74.2, 75.2, 75.6, 75.9, 79.0 (C1', C2', C3', C4', C5', CH<sub>2</sub>OPh), 127.8, 128.2, 128.3, 128.7, 138.0 (CAr), 173.5 (C1); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>42</sub>O<sub>9</sub>N<sub>2</sub>SNa: 605.2503. Found 605.2503; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>33</sub>O<sub>12</sub>N (%): C, 57.71; H, 7.26; N, 4.81; S, 5.50.

### **Compound 24a**



To a warmed (60 °C) solution of **23a** (50 mg, 0.09 mmol) in phosphate buffer (0.1 M, 1 mL, pH 7) was added 40% aqueous formaldehyde (150 µL). The reaction mixture was stirred overnight at 60 °C, then cooled to room temperature, extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and concentrated. The residue was eluted on a Sephadex-DEAE column with 0.2 M triethylammonium bicarbonate eluent. The collected fractions were lyophilized three times to afford **24a** as a white solid (26 mg, 75%). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (360 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  (ppm):  $\delta$  3.87 (dd, 1 H, *J*<sub>5',6'a</sub> = 1.5 Hz, *J*<sub>6'a,6'b</sub> = 12.0 Hz, H-6'a), 3.65 (ddd, 1 H, *J*<sub>5',6'b</sub> = 4.0 Hz, *J*<sub>4',5'</sub> = 11.5 Hz, H-5'), 3.55-3.29 (m, 5 H, H-1', H-2', H-3', H-4', H-6'b), 3.22 (dd, 6 H, N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 2.28 (ddd, 1 H, *J*<sub>3,4a</sub> = 4.5 Hz, *J*<sub>3,4b</sub> = 12.0 Hz, *J*<sub>3,CH3</sub> = 6.5 Hz, H-3), 1.88 (ddd, 1 H, *J*<sub>4a,1'</sub> = 4.5 Hz, *J*<sub>4a,4b</sub> = 12.0 Hz, H-4a), 1.55 (ddd, 1 H, *J*<sub>4b,1'</sub> = 14.5 Hz, H-4b), 1.33 (dd, 9 H, N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, 0.87 (d, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  7.8 (N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 15.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 32.9 (C4), 34.8 (C3), 46.2 (N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 61.8 (C-6'), 71.1 (C4'), 73.9 (C3'), 75.0 (C5'), 75.4 (C2'), 80.8 (C1'), 97.1 (C2), 175.4 (C1); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>8</sub>: 277.0918. Found 277.0865.





**24a** (26 mg, 0.07 mmol) was treated with CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub> in MeOH (500 µL). The solution was concentrated, then suspended in 2:1 pyridine-acetic anhydride (1.5 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight, then concentrated. The residue was suspended in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and washed with water and brine. The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated. Flash chromatography (95:5 CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>-acetone) afforded **25a** (27 mg, 94 %). Mp 134-135 °C (*i*Pr<sub>2</sub>O);  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = 8$  (c = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (360 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD)  $\delta$  (ppm):  $\delta$  5.18 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2',3'} = J_{3',4'} = 10.0$  Hz, H-3'), 5.02 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{4',5'} = 10.0$  Hz, H-4'), 4.22 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 5.0$  Hz,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.11 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 2.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.93 (d, 1 H,  $J_{OHb,3} = 1.5$  Hz, OH), 3.85 (s, 3 H, CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.84 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = 10.0$  Hz, H-2'), 3.70 (ddd, 1 H, H-5'), 3.37 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1',4a} = 4.5$  Hz,  $J_{1',4b} = 14.5$  Hz, H-1'), 2.28 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{3,4a} = 4.5$  Hz,  $J_{3,4b} = 12.5$  Hz,  $J_{-2,5}$  Hz, H-4b), 0.88 (d, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>11</sub>Na: 441.1367. Found 441.1368.

#### **Compound 26a**



To a solution of **23a** (60 mg, 0.1 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (1.5 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (100  $\mu$ L) was added Mo(CO)<sub>6</sub> (80 mg, 3 equiv) under argon at room temperature. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 6 h, then coevaporated with toluene. The residue was suspended in acetone, and treated at 0 °C with Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (32 mg, 0.3 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (200  $\mu$ L) then benzyl chloroformate (21  $\mu$ L, 0.15 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature, then concentrated. The residue was suspended in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and washed with water and brine. The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated. Flash chromatography of the residue (85:15 CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>-MeOH) afforded **26a** (30 mg, 50 %) as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (360 MHz,

CD<sub>3</sub>OD) selected data  $\delta$ : 7.40-7.30 (m, 5 H, HAr), 5.60 (d, 1 H,  $J_{2,NH} = 9.0$  Hz, N*H*), 4.70, 4.60 (2 d, 2 H, J = 12.0 Hz, NHOC*H*<sub>2</sub>), 3.90-3.00 (m, 9 H, H-1', H-2', H-3', H-4', H-5', H-6'a, H-6'b, H-2'', H-10''), 2.20-1.80 (m, 5 H, Hsult), 1.40-1.20 (m, 3 H, H-4a, H-4b, Hsult), 1.11 (s, 3 H, H-8''), 0.96 (s, 3 H, H-9''), 0.78 (s, 3 H,  $J_{CH3,3} = 6.5$  Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) selected data  $\delta$  14.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 19.8 (C8''), 20.7 (C9''), 26.5 (C5''), 32.0 (C3), 32.7 (C6''), 35.4 (C2), 38.4 (C3''), 44.6 (C4''), 47.8 (C7''), 48.7 (C1''), 52.9 (C10''), 62.6 (C6'), 65.0, 65.1 (C2, C2''), 67.6, 70.8, 74.0, 79.2 (C1', C2', C3', C4', C5', *C*H<sub>2</sub>OPh), 128.1, 128.3, 128.6, 135.9 (CAr), 155.9 (NH(*C*O)OCH<sub>2</sub>), 171.7 (C1); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>42</sub>O<sub>10</sub>N<sub>2</sub>SNa: 633.2452. Found 633.2461.

# Methyl-4-*C*-(2',3',4',6'-*O*-acetyl-**β**-D-glucopyranosyl)-2-*S*-benzyloxycarbonylamino-3-*R*methyl-butanate (27a)



To a solution of 26a (70 mg, 0.11 mmol) in THF (1.1 mL) was added 37 % aqueous H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (30 µL, 0.22 mmol) and 35 % aqueous tetrabutyl ammonium hydroxyde (80 µL, 0.22 mmol) at -10 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 h, then warmed to r.t. and treated with Dowex 50X8 (H<sup>+</sup> form) to reach pH 3. The resin was filtered and the solution was concentrated. The residue was eluted on a Sephadex-DEAE column with 0.2 M triethylammonium bicarbonate eluent. The collected fractions were lyophilized three times and the residue was treated with  $CH_2N_2$  in MeOH (500  $\mu$ L). The solution was concentrated, then suspended in 2:1 pyridine / acetic anhydride (1.5 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight, then concentrated. The residue was suspended in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and washed with water and brine. The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated. Flash chromatography of the residue (95:5 CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>-acetone) afforded **27a** (27 mg, 40 % for 3 steps) as an oil;  $[\alpha]_D^{28} = -3$  (c = 1, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ (ppm): δ 7.43-7.32 (m, 5 H, HAr), 5.27 (d, 1 H, *J*<sub>2,NH</sub> = 9.5 Hz, NH), 5.24 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{3',4'} = J_{2',3'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-3'), 5.13 (2 d, 2 H, J = 14.0 Hz, NHOCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.05 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{4',5'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-4'), 4.85 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{1',2'} = 9.5$  Hz, H-2'), 4.51 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{2,3} = 3.5$  Hz, H-2), 4.26 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'a} = 5.5$  Hz,  $J_{6'a,6'b} = 12.5$  Hz, H-6'a), 4.11 (dd, 1 H,  $J_{5',6'b} = 2.5$  Hz, H-6'b), 3.76 (s, 3 H, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 3.78-3.60 (2 ddd, 2 H, H-1', H-5'), 2.43 (ddd, 1 H, H-3), 2.08, 2.04, 2.01, 1.97 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.55 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1',4a} = 2.5$  Hz,  $J_{4a,4b} = 14.5$  Hz,  $J_{4a,3} = 9.5$  Hz, H-4a), 1.39 (ddd, 1 H,  $J_{1',4b} = 9.5$  Hz,  $J_{4b,3} = 4.5$  Hz, H-4b), 0.85 (s, 3 H,  $J_{CH3,3} = 7.0$  Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  15.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.7 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 29.7 (C4), 34.9 (C4), 52.5 (CO<sub>2</sub>*Me*), 55.8 (C2), 62.5 (C6'), 67.2 (NH(CO)OCH<sub>2</sub>), 68.7 (C4'), 72.4 (C2'), 74.3 (C3'), 75.3 (C1'), 75.7 (C5'), 128.1, 128.3, 128.6, 136.1 (CAr), 156.5 (NH(CO)OCH<sub>2</sub>), 169.6, 169.9, 170.3, 170.7 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 172.5 (CO<sub>2</sub>*Me*); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>37</sub>O<sub>13</sub>NNa: 618.2157. Found 618.2168; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>37</sub>O<sub>13</sub>N (%): C, 56.46; H, 6.26; N, 2.35; O, 34.92. Found: C, 56.22; H, 6.27; N, 2.28; O, 35.16.

# Methyl-4-*C*-(2',3',4',6'-*O*-acetyl-**β**-D-glucopyranosyl)-2-(benzyloxyamino)-3-methylbutanate 29a,b,c,d



To a degassed solution of **13a** (500 mg, 1 mmol) and methyl *E*-2-(benzyloxyimino)ethanate **28** (39 mg, 0.2 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 mL) were added Bu<sub>3</sub>SnH (120  $\mu$ L, 2.5 éq) and Et<sub>3</sub>B (0.5 mL, 2.5 eq) under argon. The reaction mixture was stirred overnight, then diluted with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub>. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated. Flash chromatography of the residue (5:95 acetone-CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) afforded the coupling product as an 1:1:1:1 mixture (82 mg, 74 %).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) selected data:  $\delta$  (ppm): 7.40-7.30 (m, 5 H, HAr); 6.12-5.95 (m, 1 H, N*H*), 5.20-4.58 (m, 4 H, H-2', H-3', H'4, H-2).4.69-4.60 (m, 2 H, OC*H*<sub>2</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), 4.27-3.90 (2 dd, 2 H, H-6'a, H-6'b), 3.75 (s, 3 H, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 3.63-3.05 (2 ddd, 2 H, H-1', H-5'), 2.09-1.98 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.90-1.24 (m, 3 H, H-3, H-4a, H-4b), 0.90-0.77 (d, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) selected data:  $\delta$  14.5, 16.0, 17.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.5 (OAc), 29.8, 30.1, 30.2, 30.6 (C3), 34.4, 35.0, 35.1, 36.5 (C4), 51.5, 51.8, 53.3 (CO<sub>2</sub>Me, C2), 62.2, 62.2, 65.5 (C6'), 67.6, 68.5, 68.6, 68.7 (C4'), 71.9, 72.1, 72.3, 72.5 (C2'), 74.0, 74.1, 74.2 (C3'), 75.0-76.0 (C1', C5'), 127.7-128.5, 137.7, 138.8 (CAr), 169.3-170.4 (OAc), 173.8 (CO<sub>2</sub>Me); HRMS (ESI) Calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>37</sub>O<sub>12</sub>NNa: 590.2208. Found 590.2218; Anal. Calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>37</sub>O<sub>12</sub>N (%): C, 57.14; H, 6.57; N, 2.47. Found: C, 57.08; H, 6.62; N, 2.41.

# Methyl-4-*C*-(2',3',4',6'-tetra-*O*-acetyl-**β**-D-glucopyranosyl)-2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-3-methyl-butanate (27a,b,c,d)



To a solution of **29a,b,c,d** (100 mg, 0.18 mmol) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (2.3 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (170 µL) was added Mo(CO)<sub>6</sub> (142 mg, 3 equiv) under argon at room temperature. The reaction mixture was refluxed for 6 h, then coevaporated with toluene. The residue was suspended in acetone, and treated at 0°C with Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> (52 mg, 0.5 mmol) in H<sub>2</sub>O (330 µL) then benzyl chloroformate (35 µL, 0.25 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature, then concentrated. The residue was suspended in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and washed with water and brine. The organic layer was dried (MgSO<sub>4</sub>) and concentrated. Flash chromatography of the residue (5:95 acetone-CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) afforded **27a,b,c,d** (55 mg, 40 %) as an oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (250 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) selected data:  $\delta = 7.40-7.30$  (m, 5 H, HAr), 5.59, 5.48, 5.34, 5.28 (d, 1 H,  $J_{2.NH}$ = 9.5 Hz, NH), 5.24-5.14 (dd, 1 H, H-3'), 5.12, 5.11 (2 d, 2 H, J = 14.0 Hz, NHOCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.09-4.98 (dd, 1 H, J<sub>4',5'</sub> = 9.5 Hz, H-4'), 4.89-4.80 (dd, 1 H, H-2'), 4.51-4.06 (m, 3 H, H-2, H-6'a, H-6'b), 3.77-3.45 (m, 5 H, CO<sub>2</sub>Me, H-1', H-5'), 2.45-2.20 (dddd, 1 H, H-3), 2.08, 2.06, 2.04, 2.03, 2.02, 2.01, 1.97 (4 s, 12 H, 4 Ac), 1.68-1.28 (2 ddd, 2 H, H-4a, H-4b), 0.97, 0.96, 0.89, 0.85 (d, 3 H,  $J_{CH3,3} = 7.0$  Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (90 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) selected data:  $\delta$  14.8, 15.6, 17.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.4-20.8 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 29.6 (C4), 52.1, 52.2, 52.3, 52.4 (CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 55.8, 57.6, 58.1, 58.4 (C2), 62.1, 62.3, 62.4 (C6'), 66.9, 67.0, 67.1 (NH(CO)OCH<sub>2</sub>), 68.5, 68.6, 68.7, (C4'), 72.0, 72.1, 72.2, 72.3 (C2'), 74.3-74.4 (C3'), 75.3, 75.6, 75.7, 75.8, 75.9 (C1',C5'), 126.9, 127.6, 128.0-128.3, 128.6, 136.1-136.2 (CAr), 155.8, 156.0, 156.1, 156.2, 156.3, 156.5 (NH(CO)OCH<sub>2</sub>), 169.4-170.7 (COCH<sub>3</sub>), 171.7, 172.1, 172.2, 172.4 (CO<sub>2</sub>Me).





![](_page_22_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_23_Figure_1.jpeg)

RI Glue B

![](_page_23_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_24_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_25_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_27_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_28_Figure_2.jpeg)

29

16 off 1544.66 Hz 1544.66 Hz

zg30 20 Hz 250.1315447 MHz

CDCl3 20.6930 ppm 5175.983 Hz

16384

0.0000000fqc 0.0000000

0.0000000 0.00 Hz

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0 16.522 ppm 0.000 degree 0.000 degree 250.1300000 MHz 8192 0.0000000

![](_page_29_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_30_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_31_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_32_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_33_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_34_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Figure_1.jpeg)