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Oxygen-promoted ligand-free palladium-catalyzed Suzuki reaction in aqueous media

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Materials and Methods

All aryl bromides and aryl boronic acids were used as received (Alfa Aesar, Avocado). All other chemicals were purchased from commercial sources and used without further purification. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a Varian Inova 400 spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm relative to TMS. UV-vis spectroscopy measurements (300 nm-700 nm) were performed on a Beijing Rui-Li UV-2100 using quartz cells. All products were isolated by short chromatography on a silica gel (200-300 mesh) column using petroleum ether (60-90°C), unless otherwise noted. Compounds described in the literature were characterized by comparison of their ¹H NMR spectra to reported data.

Typical procedure for Suzuki-Miyaura reaction

A mixture of aryl bromide (0.5 mmol), arylboronic acid (0.75 mmol), palladium loading (0.5 mol %), K_2CO_3 (1 mmol, 138 mg) and 50% ethanol (4 mL) was stirred at 25 °C for the indicated time. The mixture was then added to brine (10 mL) and extracted four times with ethyl acetate (4 ×10 mL). The solvent was concentrated *in vacuo* and the product was isolated by short chromatography on a silica gel (200-300 mesh) column.

Control experiments under different atmosphere

Suzuki reaction performed in oxygen for example:

A mixture of aryl bromide (0.5 mmol), phenylboronic acid (0.75 mmol), $PdCl_2$ (0.5 mol %, 0.44 mg), K_2CO_3 (1 mmol) and 50% ethanol (4 mL) was stirred at 25 °C for indicated time with a balloon full of oxygen. The mixture was added to brine (10 mL) and extracted four times with ethyl acetate (4 ×10 mL), the solvent was evaporated *in vacuo* and the product isolated by column chromatography.

Tabel 1 Effects of bases on the reaction of 4-bromoanisole with phenylboronic acid

Entry	Base	Isolated Yield (%)
1	K_2CO_3	100
2	NaOH	78
3	t-BuOK	84
4	K ₃ PO ₄ ·7H ₂ O	83
5	Na ₂ CO ₃	10
6	CH ₃ COONa	71
7	K_2CO_3	99^b

^{*a*} Reaction conditions: 4-bromoanisole (0.5 mmol), phenylboronic acid (0.75 mmol), PdCl₂ (0.5 mol%), base (1.0 mmol), reaction time: 30 min, 50% EtOH (4 mL), 25 °C, in air. ^{*b*} 1.5 mmol K₂CO₃ was used.

Table 2 Effects of the ratio of ethanol to water on the Suzuki reaction.

Entry	Solvent	Isolated Yield (%)
1	Pure H ₂ O	Trace
2	$EtOH/H_2O = 1/2$	37
2	$EtOH/H_2O = 1/1$	100
3	$EtOH/H_2O = 2/1$	92
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Reaction conditions: 4-bromoanisole (0.5 mmol), phenylboronic acid (0.75 mmol), PdCl2 (0.5 mol%), K_2CO_3 (1.0 mmol), reaction time: 30 min, 25 °C, in air.

Characterization Data

4-methoxybiphenyl¹

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 7.54 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.6, 2H), 7.31 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), ppm.

4-acetylbiphenyl²

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 8.04 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.63 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (s, 3H), ppm.

4-phenylbenzonitrile³ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 7.00 (m, 4H), 7.59 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H), ppm. 4-methoxyl-2'-methylbiphenyl⁴ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 7.19-7.23 (m, 6H), 6.92 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H), ppm. 4-methoxvl-3'-methylbiphenyl⁴ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 7.52 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (m, 3H), 7.12 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H), ppm. 4-methoxyl-4'-methylbiphenyl⁵ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 7.48 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), ppm. 2-methoxylbiphenyl¹ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 6.95 - 7.60 (m, 9H), 3.81 (s, 3H), ppm. 2-methoxyl-2'-methylbiphenyl⁶ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 7.40 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 - 7.32 (m, 5H), 7.08 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H), ppm. 2-methoxyl-3'-methylbiphenyl⁷ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 7.31-7.37 (m, 5H), 7.70 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H), ppm. 2-methoxyl-4'-methylbiphenyl⁷ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 7.42 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.96 - 7.03 (m, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H), ppm. 2,4'-dimethoxybiphenyl⁵ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 7.47 (d, J = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (t, J = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 6.93 - 7.03 (m, 4H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), ppm. 4-methoxyl-4'-fluorobiphenyl⁵ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 7.50 (m, 4H), 7.10 (t, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), ppm. 4-acetyl-4'-fluorobiphenyl⁸ ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 8.03 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.59 (m, J = 3.2 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.54 (s, 3H), ppm. 4'-methoxy-4-biphenylaldehyde⁵

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 10.05 (s, 1H), 7.95 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.70 (d, J =

8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.0 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), ppm.

2-phenylpyridine⁹

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 8.70 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.49-7.39 (m, 3H), 7.25 - 7.21 (m, 1H), ppm.

2-(2-tolyl) pyridine⁹

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 8.68 (m, 1H), 7.68-7.72 (m, 1H), 7.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.18 - 7.28 (m, 4H), 2.36 (s, 3H), ppm.

2-(3-tolyl) pyridine⁹

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 8.68 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (s, 1H), 7.70 - 7.76 (m, 3H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.19 - 7.25 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), ppm.

2-*p*-tolylpyridine⁹

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 8.66 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.72-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.21-7.18(m, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H), ppm.

2-(2-methoxylphenyl) pyridine⁹

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 8.69 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.65 - 7.80 (m, 3H), 7.37 (t, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.09(t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.98(d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 3H), ppm.

2-(4-methoxyphenyl) pyridine⁹

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 8.66 (d, J = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 7.95 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.65-7.73 (m, 2H), 7.17 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), ppm.

2-(4-fluorophenyl)pyridine⁹

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 8.66 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.94 - 7.98 (m, 2H), 7.65 - 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.12 - 7.25 (m, 3H), ppm.

5-(4-methyl phenyl) pyrimidine⁹

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 9.18 (s, 1H), 8.93 (s, 2H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), ppm.

5-phenylpyrimidine⁹

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, TMS): δ 9.17 (s, 1H), 8.92 (s, 2H), 7.43 - 7.59 (m, 5H), ppm.

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