## **Electronic Supplementary Information:**

## Synthesis of the Four Stereoisomers of 2,3-Epoxy-4-hydroxynonanal, Potential Genotoxic Products of Lipid Peroxidation, and Their Reactivity with Deoxyguanosine

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## Procedures for the synthesis of (4S)- and (4R)-4-hydroxy-2E-nonenal

(2S,3S)-2,3-Epoxy-1-octanol. Prepared in 79% yield by Sharpless epoxidation of 2E-octen-1-ol as previously described.<sup>1,2</sup>  $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$  -40.7° (*c* 0.43, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). lit:<sup>2</sup>  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  -40.4° (*c* 1.08, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>);  $\delta$  0.91 (t, 3H, *J*=7.0 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.31-1.36 (m, 4H, 2CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.42-1.49 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.55-1.64 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.73 (br. t, 1H, OH), 2.92-3.0 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.62-3.65 (m, 1H), 3.88-3.90 (m, 1H).

(2*R*,3*R*)-2,3-Epoxy-1-octanol. Prepared in 87 % yield.<sup>2</sup>  $[\alpha]^{24.5}_{D}$  +40.0° (*c* 1.11, CHCl<sub>3</sub>). lit:<sup>3</sup>  $[\alpha]^{27}_{D}$  +38.9° (*c* 1.11, CHCl<sub>3</sub> 99 % ee); lit:<sup>2</sup>  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  +40.0° (*c* 0.56, CHCl<sub>3</sub>) <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>);  $\delta$  0.91 (t, 3H, *J*=6.9 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.31-1.35 (m, 4H, 2CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.44-1.46 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.55-1.59 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.73 (br. d, 1H, OH), 2.91-2.99 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.68 (ddd, 1H, *J*=4.2, 7.2, 12.4 Hz), 3.93 (ddd, 1H, *J*=2.5, 5.3, 12.5 Hz).

(2*R*,3*S*)- Epoxyoctanal. (Diacetoxyiodo)benzene (4.61 g, 14.3 mmol) was added to a solution of (2*S*,3*S*)-epoxy-1-octanol (1.90 g, 13.0 mmol) and 2,2,6,6-tetramethyl-1-piperidinyloxyl (TEMPO) (0.20 g 1.3 mmol) in 25 mL dry methylene chloride. The reaction mixture was stirred at ambient temperature until the starting material was no longer detectable by GC/MS. The reaction mixture was diluted with methylene chloride (50 mL), then washed with a saturated aqueous solution of Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (25 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with methylene chloride (5 x 25 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with 5 % NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (25 mL) and brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtrated and evaporated. Purification by flash chromatography on silica, eluting with 10 % ethyl acetate in hexanes afforded (2*R*,3*S*)-epoxyoctanal (1.51 g, 82 %). [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>24.7</sup><sub>D</sub>+98.3° (*c* 0.48, CHCl<sub>3</sub>) <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>);  $\delta$  0.91 (t, 3H, *J*=7.1 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.31-1.37 (m, 4H, 2CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.46-1.52 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.63-1.71 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.14 (dd, 1H, *J*=2.0, 6.3 Hz, H-2), 3.24 (ddd, 1H, *J*=2.0, 5.6, 11.0 Hz, H-3), 9.01 (d, 1H, *J*=6.3 Hz, CHO); *m/z* (GC-EI) 143 (0.5, M<sup>+</sup>+1), 71 (100), 55 (20), 41 (25).

(2S,3R)-Epoxyoctanal. Prepared from (2R,3R)-epoxy-1-octanol in 84 % yield following the procedure described above for (2R,3S)-epoxyoctanal.  $[\alpha]_D^{25.7}$ -98.6° (*c* 0.35, CHCl<sub>3</sub>).

(4S)-4-Hydroxy-2E-nonenal (1). (Methoxymethyl)triphenylphosphonium chloride (2.74 g, 7.98 mmol), which was dried before use, was placed in a flame-dried flask and dry THF (10 mL) was added. The suspension was cooled to -40 °C and potassium *tert*-butoxide (1.12 g, 9.98 mmol) dissolved in dry THF (10 mL) was added dropwise resulting in an orange solution. The mixture was stirred 15 min at -40 °C, then cooled to -78 °C. A solution of (2R,3S)-epoxyoctanal (0.85 g, 6.0 mmol) in dry THF (5 mL) was stirred over activated 4Å molecular sieves for 15 min, then added dropwise to the Wittig reagent at -78 °C. The mixture was stirred for 15 min at -78 °C, then

allowed to warm to room temperature over 1h. The reaction was quenched by the addition of saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (15 mL) to the reaction, and the mixture was stirred for 30 min. The mixture was extracted with methylene chloride (3 x 50 mL); the combined organics were washed with water, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtrated and concentrated. Purification by flash chromatography on silica, eluting at the beginning with 3:1 methylene chloride:hexanes (v/v) to remove trace of impurities, then followed by 65:35 hexanes:ether (v/v) to afford (4*S*)-HNE (**1**, 0.53 g, 56 %).  $[\alpha]^{24.5}$  D +44.7° (*c* 0.36, CHCl<sub>3</sub>) (lit:<sup>4</sup>  $[\alpha]^{20}$  D = +48° (*c* 0.69, CHCl<sub>3</sub>)); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CD<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>);  $\delta$  0.91 (t, 3H, *J*=6.9 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.29-1.51 (m, 6H, 3CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.54-1.69 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.86 (br.s., 1H, OH), 4.43 (m, 1H, *J*=5.2 Hz, H-4), 6.27 (ddd, 1H, *J*=1.6, 7.9, J=15.7 Hz, H-2), 6.84 (dd, 1H, *J*=4.4, 15.6 Hz, H-3), 9.56 (d 1H, *J*=8.0 Hz, CHO); *m/z* (GC-EI) 157 (100, M<sup>+</sup>+1), 139 (25), 109 (40), 81 (30).

(4*R*)-Hydroxy-2*E*-nonenal (2). (4*R*)-HNE was prepared from (2*S*,3*R*)-epoxyoctanal in 68 % yield following the procedure described above for synthesis of 1.  $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$ -46.7° (*c* 0.73, CHCl<sub>3</sub>) (lit:<sup>4</sup>  $[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$ -46° (*c* 0.45, CHCl<sub>3</sub>));

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Figure S2. Selective NOE spectra of tetracyclic adduct 18





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Figure S4. Selective NOE spectra of tetracyclic adduct 20



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Figure S6. Selective NOE spectra of tetracyclic adduct 22





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Figure S7. 1D 1H homonuclear decoupling experiments for tetracyclic adduct 15

Figure S8. 1D 1H homonuclear decoupling experiments for tetracyclic adduct 16





Figure S9. 1D 1H homonuclear decoupling experiments for tetracyclic adduct 21

Figure S10. 1D 1H homonuclear decoupling experiments for tetracyclic adduct 22







Figure 15. Spectra of C7-(1,2-dihydroxyheptyl)-εdGuo adducts 13 and 14



**Figure S16.** HPLC chromatograms of four C7-(1,2-dihydroxyheptyl)ɛdGuo adducts **11-14** and eight tetracyclic adducts **15-22** 



HPLC separation of EHN-dGuo adducts was conducted on a Beckman gradient HPLC system with a diode array UV detector monitoring at 260 nm using a Waters YMC ODS-AQ column (250 mm  $\times$  4.6 mm) at flow rate 1.0 mL/min. The mobile phase consisted of H<sub>2</sub>O and CH<sub>3</sub>CN using the following gradients: initially 90 % H<sub>2</sub>O; a 3 min linear gradient to 78 % H<sub>2</sub>O; isocratic at 78 % H<sub>2</sub>O for 25 min, 4 min linear gradient to 20 % H<sub>2</sub>O, followed by a 4 min linear gradient to 90 % H<sub>2</sub>O and remained for 1 min at the initial conditions.











5

7



Figure S20. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra





















<sup>1</sup>H (CD3CN/D2O) for 1S2R-C7-substituted etheno-dGuo



**Figure S31.** <sup>1</sup>H spectrum and HPLC chromatogram of **15** 



1H, bicyclic isomer RSSS 3mm nmr tube, 1.0mg/ 85uL D2O+85uL CD3CN deggasing sample with He(10min) 1H-nmr



**Figure S32.** <sup>1</sup>H spectrum and HPLC chromatogram of **16** 



**Figure S33.** <sup>1</sup>H spectrum and HPLC chromatogram of **17** 



1H, bicyclic isomer SRRR 3mm nmr tube, 0.7 mg/ 85uL D2O+85uL CD3CN degassing sample with He (11min)



8.0

0.88

7.5

7.0

6.5

6.0

10

5.5

八96.0

5.0

1.08

4.5

2.19

4.0

1.33

3.5

3.0

**Figure S34.** <sup>1</sup>H spectrum and HPLC chromatogram of **18** 

2.5 2.0

1.29

1.5

2.59 4.51 7.38

1.0

4.90

ppm



Figure S35. <sup>1</sup>H spectrum and HPLC chromatogram of 19



Figure S36. <sup>1</sup>H spectrum and HPLC chromatogram of 20



**Figure S37.** <sup>1</sup>H spectrum and HPLC chromatogram of **21** 



Figure S38. <sup>1</sup>H spectrum and HPLC chromatogram of 22

