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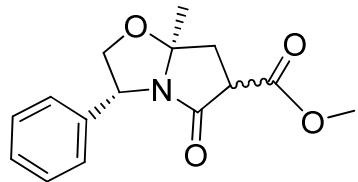
### I. General

All reactions were carried out in oven-dried glassware under atmosphere of argon or nitrogen with magnetic stirring, unless otherwise noted. Bicyclic lactam **I-IV** were prepared from established literature procedures.<sup>1,2</sup> Lithium hexamethyldisilazane and aryl fluorides were purchased from Aldrich. Dichloromethane was distilled over CaO before use.

All NMR spectra were recorded in DMSO-D<sub>6</sub> or CDCl<sub>3</sub>, unless otherwise noted.

### II. Synthesis of monoacylated bicyclic lactam

**General procedure for the synthesis of monoacylated bicyclic lactams (1-4).** A solution of **lactam** in THF was added to a cooled (-78°C) solution of LiHMDS in THF. After stirring the solution at -78°C for 30 minutes methyl chloroformate was added and stirred for 30 minutes at -78°C (The reaction progress was monitored by quenching saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and extracting with EtOAC, spotting the reaction mass over an analytical silica gel TLC plate and visualizing respective spots using 254 nm UV light and KMnO<sub>4</sub> charring shows yellow colour, 30 % EtOAC/Hexane, (SM and product was same Rf if double run the TLC its slight polar than the SM). The reaction mixture was quenched by addition saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and extracting with EtOAC. The combined organic layer was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated on reduced pressure to afford the desired **monoester**, the crude was proceeds next step without further purification.



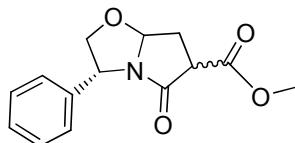
**Compound 1.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **I** (2g, 9.2mmol), LHMDS, 1M in THF (9.2mL, 9.2mmol), methyl chloroformate (1.1mL, 13.8mmol) and THF (20mL). Flash column chromatography furnished the product (1.2g, 73%) as off white solid.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.36-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.21 (m, 3H), 5.19-5.17 (m, 1H), 4.69-4.64 (m, 1H), 4.19-4.16 (m, 0.5H), 4.11-4.07 (m, 0.5H), 3.97-3.95 (m, 0.5H), 3.83 (s, 1.5H), 3.81 (s, 1.5H), 3.83-3.72 (m, 0.5H), 2.75-2.65 (m, 1H), 2.56-2.47 (m, 1H), 1.60 (s, 1.5H), 1.53 (s, 1.5H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 172.7, 169.1, 139.2, 129.1, 127.8, 125.9, 98.2, 73..2, 57.7, 52.7, 51.1, 36.7, 24.5.

FTIR (thin film) 2978, 2784, 1713, 1435 cm<sup>-1</sup>

LC-MS calc. for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>17</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> (M + H) 276.12, found 276.34



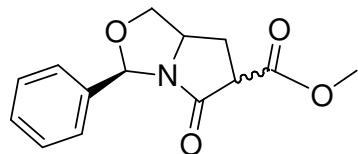
**Compound 2.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **II** (10 g, 49.26 mmol), LHMDS, 1M in THF (123.15mL, 123.15 mmol), methyl chloroformate (5.72mL, 73.15mmol) and THF (75 mL). Flash column chromatography furnished the product (12g, crude) as white solid.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 7.39-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.28 (m, 3H), 5.42-5.36 (m, 1H), 4.98-4.93 (m, 1H), 4.69-4.62 (m, 1H), 4.10-4.06 (t,  $J = 12\text{Hz}$ ,  $J = 12\text{Hz}$ , 0.5H), 3.80-3.77 (m, 0.5H), 3.76-4.68 (m, 3H), 2.77-2.68 (m, 1H), 2.33-2.27 (m, 1H), obscured peak under 3.76-4.68 (m, 1H)

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 172.6, 169.1, 139.2, 129.1, 127.8, 125.9, 98.2, 73.3, 57.7, 52.7, 51.1, 36.8, 24.6.

FTIR (thin film) 2965, 2864, 1728, 1448  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

LC-MS calc. for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_4$  ( $\text{M} + \text{H}$ ) 262.1, found 262.00



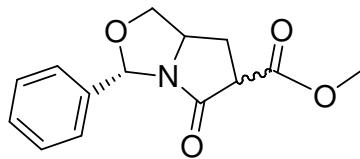
**Compound 3.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **III** (1g, 4.93mmol), LHMDS, 1M solution in THF (12.3mL, 12.3mmol), methyl chloroformate (0.6mL, 7.32mmol) and THF (20mL). Flash column chromatography furnished the product (1g, 77%) as white solid.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 7.46-7.31 (m, 5H), 6.32(s, 1H), 4.33-4.25(m, 1.5H), 4.17-4.09(m, 0.5H), 3.92-3.91(m, 0.5H), 3.81-3.79(d,  $J=9.2\text{Hz}$ , 3H), 3.72-3.66(m, 1 H), 3.54-3.51(m, 0.5H), 2.81-2.75(m, 0.5 H), 2.64-2.54(m, 0.5H), 2.46-2.39(m, 0.5H), 2.19-2.12(m, 0.5H)

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 172.1, 171.9, 169.7, 169.4, 138.3, 137.9, 128.7, 128.8, 128.5, 126.2, 125.9, 87.3, 87.1, 71.8, 71.6, 57.9, 56.9, 53.0, 52.8, 52.0, 51.3, 27.7, 27.5.

FTIR (thin film) 2953, 1715, 1166  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

LC-MS calc. for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{15}\text{NO}_4$  ( $\text{M} + \text{H}$ ) 262.2 found 262.12



**Compound 4.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **IV** (1g, 4.93mmol), LHMDS, 1M solution in THF (12.3mL, 12.3mmol), methyl chloroformate (0.6mL, 7.32mmol) and THF (20mL). Flash column chromatography furnished the product (1.1g, 79%) as white solid.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 7.45-7.31 (m, 5H), 6.33(s, 1H), 4.33-4.25(m, 1.5H), 4.16-4.09(m, 0.5H), 3.92-3.9(m, 0.5H), 3.81(d, J=9.2Hz, 3H), 3.7-3.66(m, 1 H), 3.54-3.51(m, 0.5H), 2.81-2.75(m, 0.5 H), 2.62-2.54(m, 0.5H), 2.46-2.39(m, 0.5H), 2.19-2.12(m, 0.5H)

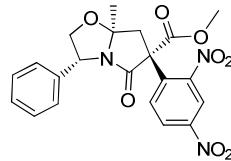
<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 172.0, 171.9, 169.6, 169.4, 138.2, 137.9, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 126.0, 125.9, 87.3, 87.1, 71.8, 71.6, 57.9, 56.9, 53.0, 52.8, 52.0, 51.3, 27.7, 27.5.

FTIR (thin film) 2953, 1715, 1166 cm<sup>-1</sup>

LC-MS calc. for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> (M + H) 262.2 found 262.16

### III. Arylation of monoacylated bicyclic lactam

**General procedure for the arylation of monoacylated bicyclic lactams.** To a suspension of sodium hydride (50% in mineral oil) in dry tetrahydrofuran at 0°C was added dropwise a solution of monoacylated bicyclic lactam in THF. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0°C for 1h. Then 2,4-dinitro fluorobenzene was charged dropwise for 5 min. The resulting pale yellow solution was stirred at 0°C for 2 to 3 h. Reaction progress was monitored by TLC (eluent: 30% EA in n-hexane). After completion of the reaction, the reaction mixture was neutralised (pH:6-6.5) with 1N HCl solution and water added water, ethyl acetate and stirred for 5 min, the organic layer was separated and the aq layer was extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were washed with water and brine, dried over anh. sodium sulphate and evaporated under vacuum to generate the crude product. It was purified by column chromatography (silica:100-200 mesh, eluent: 12-15% EtOAc in peteher) to afford white solid compound.



**Compound 8.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **1** (3g, 10.9mmol), aryl fluoride **5** (7.6g, 10.9mmol) NaH in 50% dispersion in oil (0.6g, 12.1mmol) and THF (20mL). Flash column chromatography furnished the product (3.5g, 72%) as white solid.

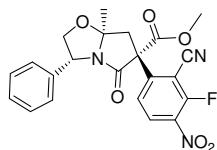
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>) 8.96-8.95 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H), 8.79-8.77 (m, 1H), 7.78-7.76 (d, J = 8Hz, 1H), 7.46-7.44 (m, 2H), 7.38-7.36 (m, 3H), 5.29-5.25 (m, 1H), 4.84-4.80 (m, 1H), 4.05-4.01 (m, 1H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.51-3.47 (d, J = 16Hz, 1H), 2.75-2.72 (m, 1H), 1.19-1.17 (d, J = 8Hz, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>) 173.1, 168.8, 147.8, 147.5, 140.2, 139.4, 131.7, 129.8, 129.3, 128.1, 126.0, 122.4, 97.9, 73.6, 66.9, 58.8, 53.9, 47.3, 25.1.

FTIR (thin film) 3029, 2941, 1732, 1523 cm<sup>-1</sup>

HRMS calc. for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>3</sub>NaO<sub>8</sub> 464.1172, found 464.1172

Specific Optical Rotation [α]<sup>25</sup><sub>589</sub>: +82.200° (CHCl<sub>3</sub>, c=1)



**Compound 9.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam 1 (3g, 10.9mmol), aryl fluoride 6 (7.4g, 10.9mmol), NaH (0.6g, 12.1 mmol) and THF (20mL). Flash column chromatography furnished the product (4.0g, 75%) as white solid.

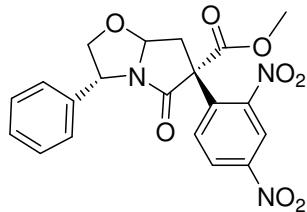
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 8.38-8.34 (t,  $J = 8\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 7.52-7.50 (d,  $J = 8\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 7.43-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.33 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.25 (m, 1H), 5.36-5.32 (t,  $J = \text{Hz}$ , 1H), 4.76-4.72 (t,  $J = \text{Hz}$ , 1H), 4.22-4.18 (m, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.80-3.77 (d,  $J = \text{Hz}$ , 1H), 2.78-2.74 (m, 1H), 1.22 (s, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 171.9, 167.7, 158.9, 156.1, 150.9, 138.3, 130.3, 129.1, 128.1, 125.5, 125.3, 124.4, 110.8, 97.7, 73.5, 66.5, 58.8, 54.4, 47.4, 25.4.

$^{19}\text{F}$  NMR (MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) (-)108.08 - (-)108.11 (d,  $J = 12\text{Hz}$ , 1F)

FTIR (thin film) 3039, 2901, 1712, 1503  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

HRMS calc. for  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{18}\text{FN}_3\text{NaO}_6$  462.1180, found 462.1180. Specific Optical Rotation  $[\alpha]^{25}_{589}: +112.200^\circ$  ( $\text{CHCl}_3$ , c=1)



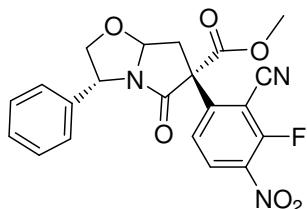
**Compound 10.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam 2 (8 g, 30.65 mmol), aryl fluoride 5 (5.7 g, 30.65 mmol), NaH (3 g, 122.4mmol) and tetrahydrofuran (80 mL). The crude product was recrystallized in EtOH to afford off white solid compound (7.2g, 55 %)

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-D}_6$ ) 9.00-9.04 (d,  $J = 2.33\text{ Hz}$ , 1 H), 8.48-8.46 (d,  $J = 8.4\text{Hz}, J=2.8\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 7.75-7.73 (d,  $J = 8.64\text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}$ ), 7.44-7.40 (m,  $J = 7.57\text{Hz}$ , 2H), 7.38-7.36 (m,  $J = 7.27\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 7.31-7.28 (d,  $J = 1.8\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 7.28-7.32 (m, 1H), 5.30-5.26 (m,  $J = 6.53\text{Hz}$ , 2H), 4.74-4.70 (dd,  $J = 8.8\text{Hz}, J = 7.44\text{Hz}, 1\text{H}$ ), 4.01-3.96 (dd,  $J = 9.06\text{Hz}, J = 7.3\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.66-3.61 (dd,  $J = 15.4\text{Hz}, J=3.18\text{ Hz}$ , 1H), 2.74-2.68 (dd,  $J = 15.4\text{Hz}, J = 6.33\text{Hz}$ , 0.33H),

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-D}_6$ ): 173.1, 168.0, 148.0, 147.4, 141.0, 138.3, 131.1, 128.2, 125.9, 121.6, 75.1, 65.1, 59.0, 53.7, 39.6.

FTIR (thin film) 3397, 2953, 2238, 1746, 1704, 1545, 1355, 1229  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

HRMS calc. for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_8$  450.1016, found 450.1012 ;  $[\alpha]^{23}_{D}=+55.80^\circ$  ( $\text{CHCl}_3, \text{c}=1$ )



**Compound 11.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **2** (0.4 g, 1.53 mmol), aryl fluoride **6** (0.28 g, 1.53 mmol), NaH (0.14 g, 6.12 mmol) and tetrahydrofuran (8 mL). The crude product was recrystallized from EtOH to afford off white solid compound. (0.350 g, 58 %).

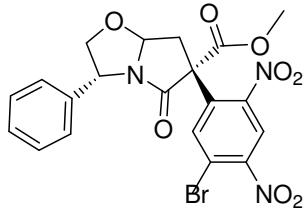
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 8.30-8.26 (dd,  $J = 8.82\text{Hz}$ ,  $J = 7.95\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 7.47-7.42 (d,  $J = 9.16$ ,  $J = 1.83\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 7.42-7.26 (m,  $J = 7.44$ , 3H), 7.27 (d, 1H), 7.25 (t, 1H), 5.29-5.23 (m,  $J = 6.47$ , 2H), 4.75-4.70 (dd,  $J = 9.04\text{Hz}$ ,  $J = 7.45\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 4.0-3.96 (dd,  $J = 9.15$ ,  $J = 7.2\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.61-3.57 (m, 1H), 2.94-2.89 (dd,  $J = 14.92$ ,  $J = 6\text{Hz}$ , 1H)

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ): 171.7, 167.7, 159.2, 155.5, 150.8, 138.1, 136.8, 130.3, 130.3, 129.1, 128.3, 125.9, 124.1, 124.0, 110.9, 105.4, 90.0, 75.3, 65.3, 58.8, 54.4, 39.3.

FTIR (thin film): 3429, 2924, 2238, 1740, 1709, 1540, 1363, 1240, 1091  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

HRMS calc. for  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{16}\text{FN}_3\text{NaO}_8$  448.1023, found 448.1023.

Specific Optical Rotation  $[\alpha]^{25}_{589}$ : +103.600° ( $\text{CHCl}_3$ , c=1)



**Compound 12.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **2** (0.4 g, 1.53 mmol), aryl fluoride **7** (0.4 g, 1.53 mmol), NaH (0.14 g, 6.12 mmol) and tetrahydrofuran (8 mL). The crude product was recrystallized from EtOH to afford off white solid compound (0.57 g, 75 %)

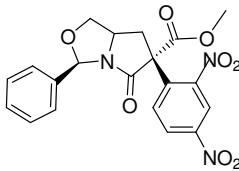
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) : 8.71 (s, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.45-7.28 (m, 5H), 5.31-5.27 (m, 2H), 4.38 (dd,  $J=8.99$ ,  $J=7.46\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 3.99-3.95 (dd,  $J=8.95$ ,  $J=6.88\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 3.76 (s, 1H), 3.63-3.58 (m, 1H), 2.73-2.68 (m, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ): 172.3, 167.7, 148.6, 146.4, 139.5, 138.1, 136.7, 129.2, 128.3, 125.8, 123.7, 121.4, 89.9, 65.3, 58.8, 53.8, 39.6.

FTIR (thin film): 3416, 1742, 1708, 1584, 1531, 1338, 704  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

HRMS calc. for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{16}\text{BrN}_3\text{NaO}_8$  528.0121, found 528.0118

Specific Optical Rotation  $[\alpha]^{25}_{589}$ : +2.200° ( $\text{CHCl}_3$ , c=1)



**Compound 13.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **3** (0.5g, 1.92mmol), aryl fluoride **5** (0.36g, 1.92 mmol), NaH (0.1g, 2.1 mmol) and tetrahydrofuran (15mL). Flash column chromatography furnished the product (0.53g, 65%) as white solid.

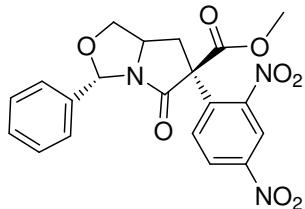
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 8.99 (s, 1H), 8.45-8.44 (d,  $J = 8\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 7.75-7.74 (d,  $J=8.8\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 7.58-7.51 (m, 5H), 6.43 (s, 1H), 4.41-4.39 (m, 1H), 4.09-4.05 (m, 1H), 3.96-3.92 (t,  $J=8.4\text{Hz}$ ,  $J=7.6\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.46-3.42 (dd,  $J=5.2$ ,  $J = 10.4\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 2.58-2.52 (m, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 171.9, 168.4, 148.0, 147.4, 140.7, 137.8, 131.3, 129.2, 128.7, 128.1, 125.9, 121.6, 87.94, 71.7, 66.6, 56.1, 53.8, 36.3

FTIR (KBr) 2938, 1737, 1533, 1349  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

HRMS calc. for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_8$  450.1016 found 450.1016.

Specific Optical Rotation  $[\alpha]^{25}_{589}$ : +13.500° ( $\text{CHCl}_3$ , c=1)



**Compound 14.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **4** (5g, 19.16mmol), aryl fluoride **5** (3.56g, 19.16 mmol), NaH (1.01g, 21mmol) and tetrahydrofuran (75mL). Flash column chromatography furnished the product (6.5g, 80%) as white solid.

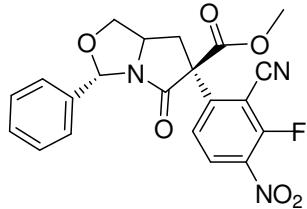
$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 8.98(s, 1H), 8.45-8.41(d,  $J = 8\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 7.78-7.73(d,  $J=8.8\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 7.52-7.38(m, 5H), 6.41(s, 1H), 4.41-4.39(m, 1H), 4.09-4.04(m, 1H), 3.92-3.88 (t,  $J=8.4\text{Hz}$ ,  $J=7.6\text{Hz}$ , 1H), 3.76(s, 3H), 3.46-3.42(dd,  $J=5.2$ , 10.4Hz, 1H), 2.58-2.52(m, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 171.9, 168.4, 148.0, 147.4, 140.7, 137.8, 131.3, 129.2, 128.7, 128.1, 125.9, 121.6, 87.94, 71.7, 66.6, 56.1, 53.8, 36.3

FTIR (KBr) 2938, 1737, 1533, 1349  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

HRMS calculated for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_8$  450.1016 found 450.1008.

Specific Optical Rotation  $[\alpha]^{25}_{589}$ : -37.000° ( $\text{CHCl}_3$ , c=1)



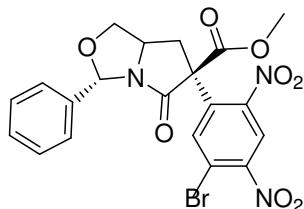
**Compound 15.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **4** (0.5g, 1.91mmol), aryl fluoride **6** (0.351g, 1.91mmol), NaH (101mg, 2.1mmol) and tetrahydrofuran 7.5 ml. Flash column chromatography furnished the product (0.56g, 69%) as light yellow solid.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 8.27(t,  $J=7.6$ , 8.4Hz, 1H), 7.47(d,  $J=6.4$ , 2H), 7.43(d,  $J=6$ , 1H), 7.41-7.26(m, 3H), 6.43(s, 1H), 4.37(t,  $J=6.8$ , 7.6Hz, 1H), 4.08-4.03(m, 1H), 3.9(t,  $J=7.2$ ,7.2Hz, 1H), 3.8(s, 3H), 3.44(dd,  $J=5.6$ , 14.4, 1H), 2.76-2.71(m, 1H).  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ) 170.6, 168.0, 158.7, 156.0, 150.6, 137.5, 136.7, 130.3, 129.2, 128.7, 125.9, 124.2, 110.9, 105.2, 87.9, 71.3, 66.5, 56.3, 54.4, 36.4.

FTIR (thin film) 2963, 2234, 1743, 1531,1349  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

LC-MS calc. for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{16}\text{FN}_3\text{O}_8$  ( $M + H$ ) 426.3, found 426.11.

HPLC purity: 99.35% using Chiralpak AD-H column (hexane/EtOH 40:60); flow rate 0.80 mL/min;  
 $\tau_{\text{product}} = 23.33 \text{ min.}$   
Specific Optical Rotation  $[\alpha]^{25}_{589}$ : -11.280° (CHCl<sub>3</sub>, c=1)



**Compound 16.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **4** (0.5g, 1.91mmol), aryl fluoride **7** (0.506g, 1.91mmol), NaH (101mg, 2.1mmol) and tetrahydrofuran 7.5 ml .Flash column chromatography furnished the product (0.57g, 59%) as light yellow solid.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 8.67(s, 1H), 7.92(s, 1H), 7.38-7.52(m, 5H), 6.44(s, 1H), 4.38(t, J=6.4, J=7.6Hz, 1H), 4.11-4.07(m, 1H), 3.91(t, J=8.4, J=8.0Hz, 1H), 3.77(s, 3H), 3.43(m, 1H), 2.57-2.51(m, 1H)

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 171.1, 168.0, 148.5, 146.4, 139.1, 137.6, 136.9, 129.1, 128.7, 125.8, 123.6, 121.3, 87.6, 71.5, 66.2, 59.9, 53.8, 36.3.

FTIR (thin film) 2993, 1737, 1527, 700 cm<sup>-1</sup>

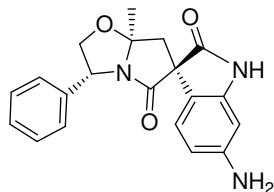
LC-MS calc. for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>16</sub>BrN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>8</sub> (M- H) 505.2, found 442.1.

HPLC purity: 99.32% using Eclipse XDB-C8 column (0.01M Ammonium Acetate/ACN 0:30, 4/70, 15/95, 15.1/30); flow rate 0.80 mL/min;  $\tau_{\text{product}} = 7.67 \text{ min.}$

Specific Optical Rotation  $[\alpha]^{25}_{589}$ : -8.650° (CHCl<sub>3</sub>, c=1)

#### IV. Formation of spiropyrrolidoneoxindole scaffold

**General procedure for the synthesis of spiropyrrolidoneoxindole scaffold.** A flask was charged with the substrate, it was then evacuated with argon three times. The appropriate volume of tetrahydrofuran was added, followed by ammonium formate and Pd-C (10% w/w). The solution was stirred at reflux for 12h. Once TLC indicates complete consumption of the starting material, the reaction was exposed to air and was filtered through a bed of celite. The filtrate was diluted with ethyl acetate and was washed with water. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and was evaporated under vacuum to obtain the crude product, which was purified by flash column chromatography (2-3 % methanol in DCM), to generate the desired compound as off white solid.



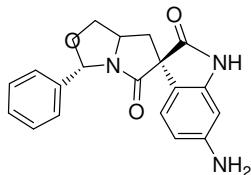
**Compound 17.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **8** (200mg, 0.45mmol), ammonium formate (200mg, 2.27mmol), 10% (w/w) Pd-C (50mg) and THF (5mL). Flash column chromatography furnished the product (100mg, 63%) as white solid.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>) 10.43 (s, 1H), 7.41-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.23 (m, 3H), 7.13-7.11 (d, J = 8Hz, 1H), 6.23-6.21 (m, 1H), 6.17-6.16 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H), 5.29 (m, 2H), 5.10-5.07 (t, J = 8Hz, J = 8Hz, 1H), 4.82-4.77 (t, J = 8Hz, J = 8Hz, 1H), 4.02-3.96 (m, 1H), 3.30 (s, 3H), 2.78-2.75 (d, J = 12Hz, 1H), 2.40-2.37 (d, J = 12Hz, 1H), 1.65 (m, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>) 176.9, 176.4, 150.4, 143.7, 140.5, 129.1, 127.8, 125.8, 123.9, 117.4, 107.5, 98.5, 96.6, 73.3, 61.4, 60.1, 43.9, 25.1.

FTIR (thin film) 3045, 2981, 1680, 1493 cm<sup>-1</sup>

HRMS calc. for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>3</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> 372.1426, found 372.1422



**Compound 18.** The general procedure was followed. Bicyclic lactam **14** (1g, 2.34 mmol), ammonium formate (913mg, 11.7mmol), 10% (w/w) Pd-C (200mg) and tetrahydrofuran (30mL). Flash column chromatography furnished the product (490mg, 62%) as white solid.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 10.4(s, 1H), 7.44-7.36(m, 5H), 6.98( d, J=8.4,1H), 6.16-6.14(d, J=9.2Hz, 2H), 6.11(s, 1H), 5.26(s, 2H), 4.54-4.47(m, 1H), 4.31(t, J=7.8Hz,J=6.4Hz, 1H), 3.67(t, J=8.0, J=8.4Hz, 1H), 2.54-2.44(m, 2H).

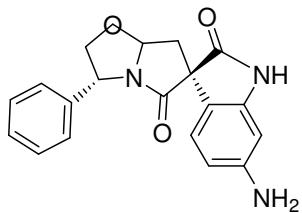
$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>) 176.4, 174.4, 149.8, 143.0, 138.7, 128.6, 128.4, 126.1, 123.2, 116.8, 106.9, 95.9, 86.7, 71.5, 61.3, 56.7, 33.4.

FTIR (KBr) 3454, 2937,1729, 1395, 1166 cm<sup>-1</sup>

LC-MS calc. for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (M + H) 336.3, found 334.3 as M-H

HPLC purity: 98.18% using using Eclipse XDB-C8 column (0.01M Ammonium Acetate/ACN 0:30, 4/70, 15/95, 15.1/30); flow rate 0.80 mL/min;  $\tau_{\text{product}} = 4.62$  min.

Specific Optical Rotation  $[\alpha]^{25}_{589}$ : +199.600° (CHCl<sub>3</sub>, c=1)



**Compound 19.** The general procedure was followed. **10** (6 g, 0.45mmol), ammonium formate (200 mg, 2.27 mmol), Pd(OH)<sub>2</sub> (600 mg, 10% w/w) and THF (120 mL). Flash column chromatography furnished the product **19** (4.6 g, 63 %) as off white solid.

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>) 8.77 (s, 1H), 7.35-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.25 (m, 3H), 6.93-6.91 (d, J = 7.58 Hz, 1H), 6.25-6.22 (m, 1H), 6.14 (s, 1H), 5.61-5.86 (dd, J = 6.16 Hz, J = 3.85 Hz, 1H), 5.21-5.17 (m, 1H), 4.73-4.68 (dd, J =

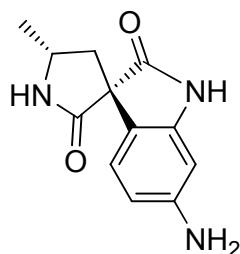
8.88 Hz, J = 7.74 Hz, 1H), 3.99-3.95 (dd, J = 8.8 Hz, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.86-2.81 (dd, J = 14.04 Hz, J = 4.29 Hz, 1H), 2.64-2.59 (d, J = 13.87 Hz, 6.27 Hz, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>): 174.2, 169.5, 150.2, 143.17, 139.5, 128.7, 127.6, 126.0, 123.2, 112.1, 107.3, 93.9, 90.5, 75.8, 60.9, 59.2, 57.2, 54.9, 25.1.

FTIR (thin film) : 3416, 3106, 1742, 1584, 1531, 1338 cm<sup>-1</sup>

LC-MS calc. for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (M + H) 336.36, found 336.36.

Specific Optical Rotation [α]<sup>25</sup><sub>589</sub>: +55.800° (CHCl<sub>3</sub>, c=1)



**Compound 20.** Compound **17** (300mg, 0.91 mmol) was dissolved in dichloromethane (7mL) under nitrogen atmosphere and was cooled to -78°C. Titanium chloride (1mL, 0.91mmol) was added to the solution and the resulting mixture was stirred for 10-15minutes. Triethylsilane (0.1mL, 0.3 mmol) was then added to the reaction mixture, which was then stirred for another 30minutes. The mixture was then allowed to warm to rt over night. Once TLC confirms total consumption of starting material the reaction was quenched with ammonium chloride solution (10mL), extracted with dichloromethane (3 X 10), dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to yield the crude product which was directly taken to the next step.

The crude alcohol was dissolved in dichloromethane and was treated with PPh<sub>3</sub> (240mg, 0.9mmol), followed by CCl<sub>4</sub> (146mg, 0.95mmol) and the resulting mixture was refluxed until TLC confirms total consumption of starting alcohol. The reaction mixture was then cooled to rt, quenched with water and extracted with ethyl acetate (10 X 2). The organic layer was dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to the yield the crude compound. It was taken to the next step without any purification.

The chloride was dissolved in dioxane (5mL) and treated with DBU (275mg, 0.9mmol). The resulting mixture was refluxed for about 4h, after which TLC confirmed the complete consumption of starting material. The reaction was cooled to rt, quenched with water and the mixture extracted with dichloromethane (10mL). The organic layer was dried with anh. magnesium sulfate, filtered and evaporated under reduced pressure to yield the intermediate enamide, which was immediately taken to the final step, due to the sensitive nature of the compound.

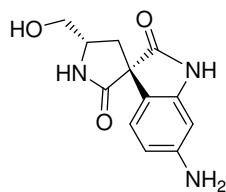
The enamide was dissolved in 1:1 mixture of methanol and 6M HCl (20mL). It was allowed to stir for 4h at about 50°C and then was allowed to cool to rt. It was then concentrated under reduced pressure and was extracted with dichloromethane (10mL x 3). The combined organic layers were then washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, dried and concentrated under reduced pressure, to yield the crude compound, which was then purified by flash column chromatography (2→10% DCM-MeOH) to generate the desired compound (76mg, 30%).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>) 10.50 (s, 1H), 6.75-6.76 (d, J = 8Hz, 1H), 6.23-6.17 (m, 2H), 4.18-4.16 (m, 1H), 2.32-2.27 (m, 1H), 2.03-1.99 (m, 1H), 1.05-1.03 (d, J = 7.96Hz, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>) 177.9, 172.4, 150.0, 140.0, 128.7, 118.9, 107.5, 107.2, 58.9, 57.9, 49.1, 38.2, 22.5

FTIR (thin film): 3151, 2954, 1745, 1680, 1599 cm<sup>-1</sup>

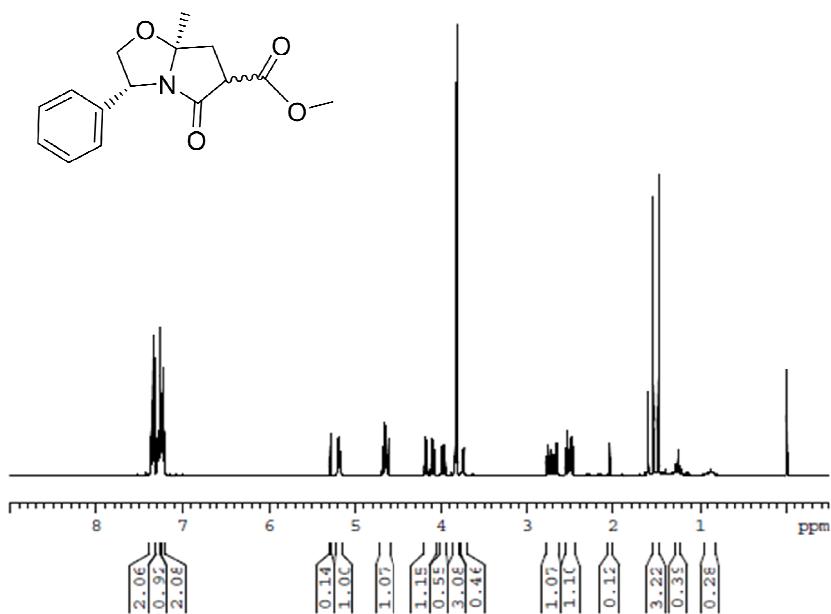
HRMS calc. for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>3</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> 256.1008, found 256.1002

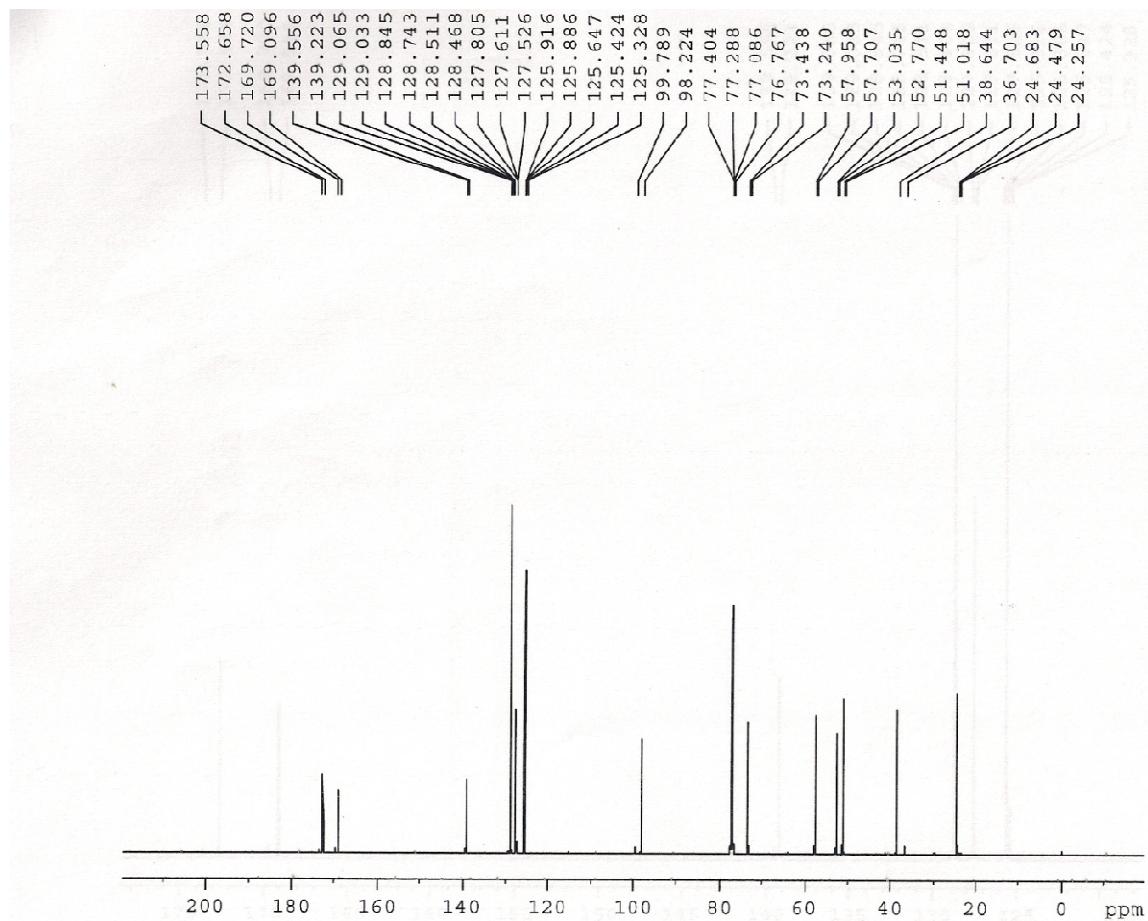


**Compound 21.** To a solution of compound **18** (200 mg, 0.6mmol) in dry dichloromethane(5ml) was added 1 ml of trifluoro acetic acid at room temperatute. The reaction mass was stirred for 3 h and checked TLC (10 methanol in DCM). After the reaction was completed the reaction mass was concentrated under vaccum and the residue was triturated with diethyl ether to get pure compound **21** (103mg, 70%) as off white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>) 10.33(s, 1H), 8.18(s, 1H), 6.96(d, J=7.6, 1H), 6.33-6.29(m, 2H), 3.81-3.79(m, 1H), 3.5(d, J=5.6, 2H), 2.23(d, J=6.8, 2H), 1.99(s, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-D<sub>6</sub>) 177.4, 172.8, 143.4, 123.3, 122.3, 109.6, 98.5, 64.8, 59.7, 57.5, 53.2, 33.8, 14.0. FTIR (KBr) 3224, 2920, 1719 cm<sup>-1</sup>. HRMS calc. for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>3</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub> 270.0957, found 270.0824. Specific Optical Rotation [α]<sup>25</sup><sub>589</sub>: +15.280° (CHCl<sub>3</sub>, c=1)

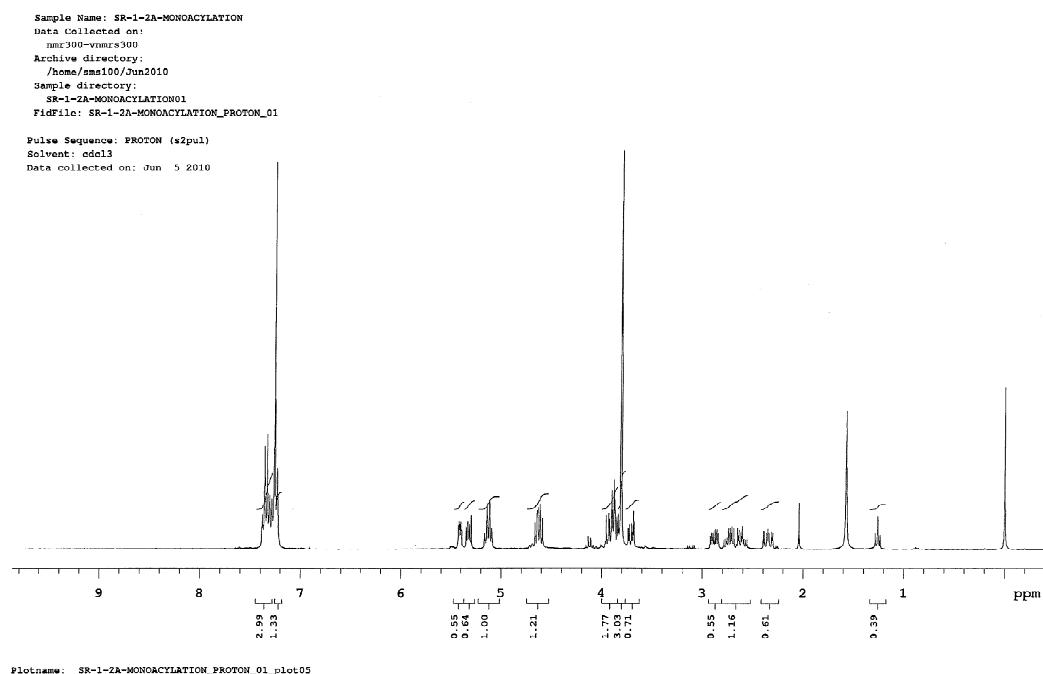
- 
1. a) L. B. Burgess, A. I. Meyers, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1991**, *113*, 9858-9859; b) M. Penhoat, S. Leleu, G. Dupass, C. Papamicaël, F. Marsais, V. Levacher, *Tetlett.* **2005**, *46*, 8385-8389.
  2. M. D. Groaning, A. I. Meyers, *Tetlett.* **1999**, *40*, 4639-4642.
  3. M. J. Beard, J. H. Bailey, D. T. Cherry, M. G. Moloney; S. B. Shim, *Tetrahedron*, **1996**, *52*( 10), 3719 – 3740.
  4. Y. Hamada, O. Hara, A. Kawai, K. Yasushi, T. Shioiri, *Tetrahedron*, **1991** , *47*(40), 8635 - 8652

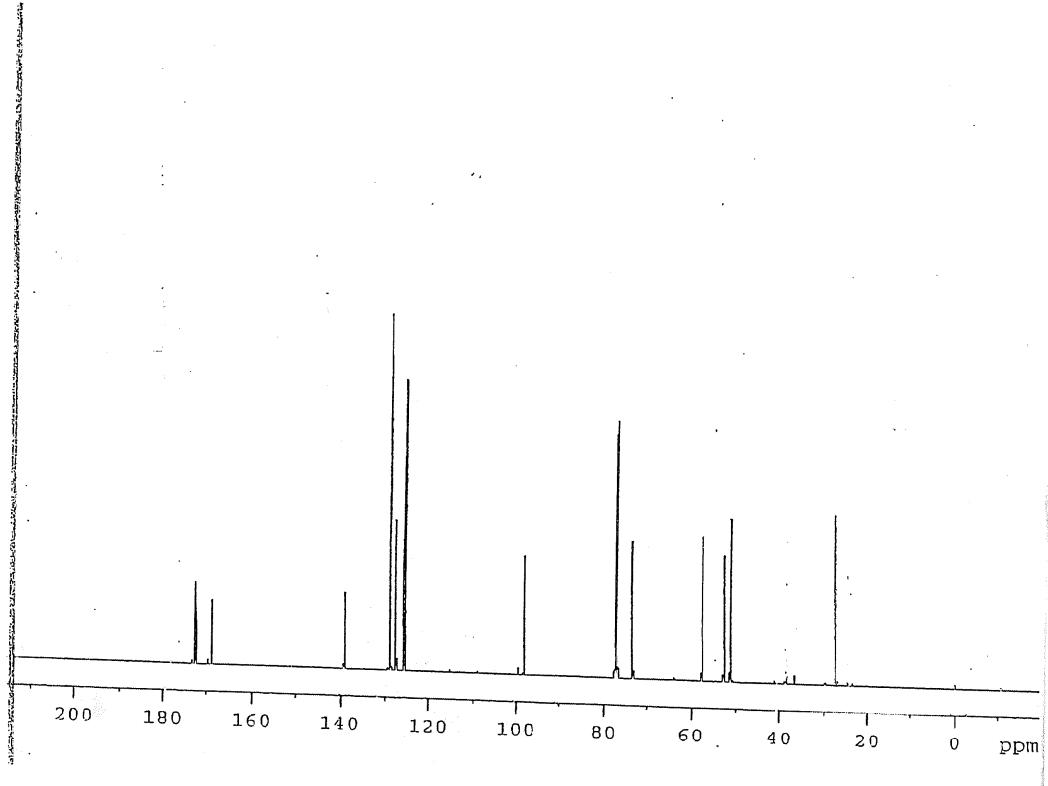
Spectra:  
Compound 1



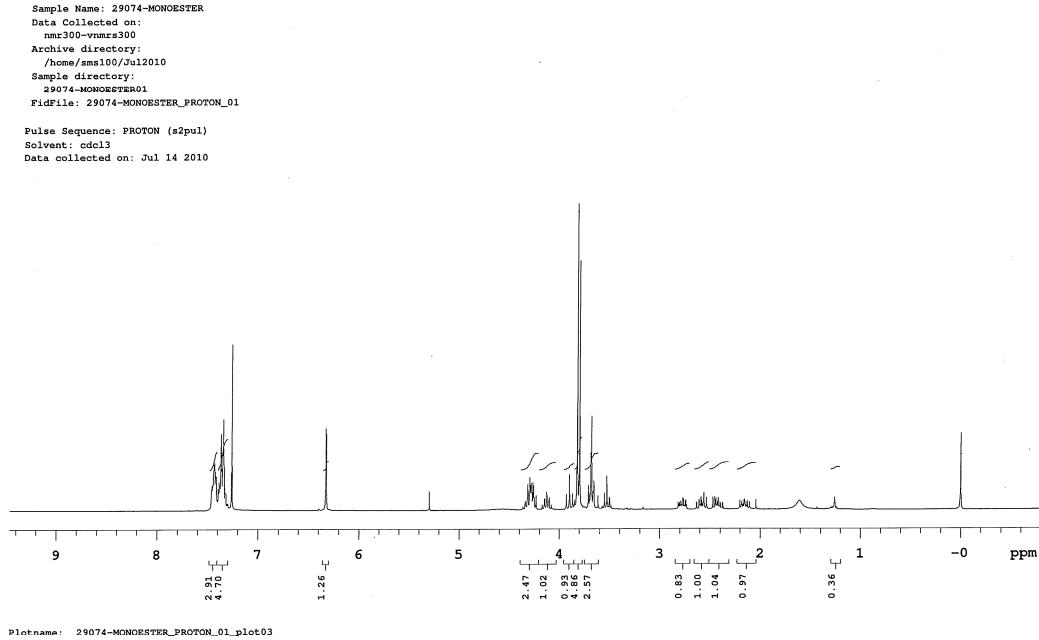


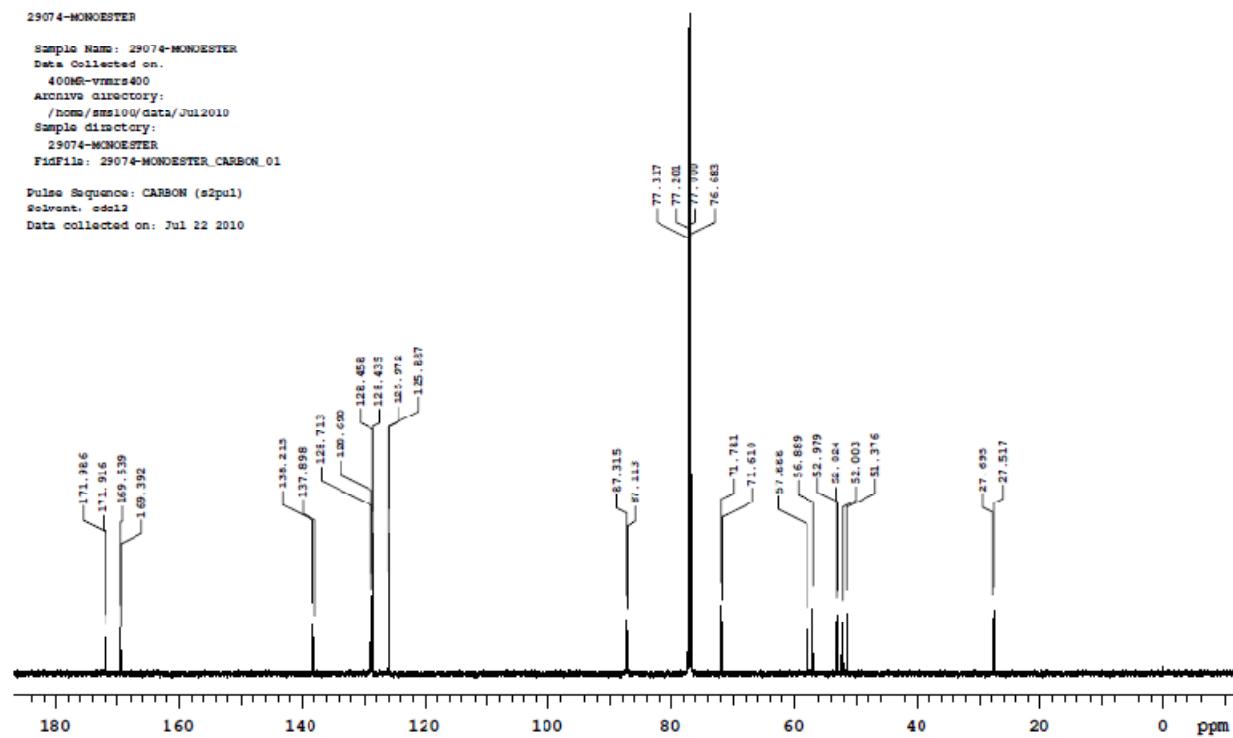
Compound 2



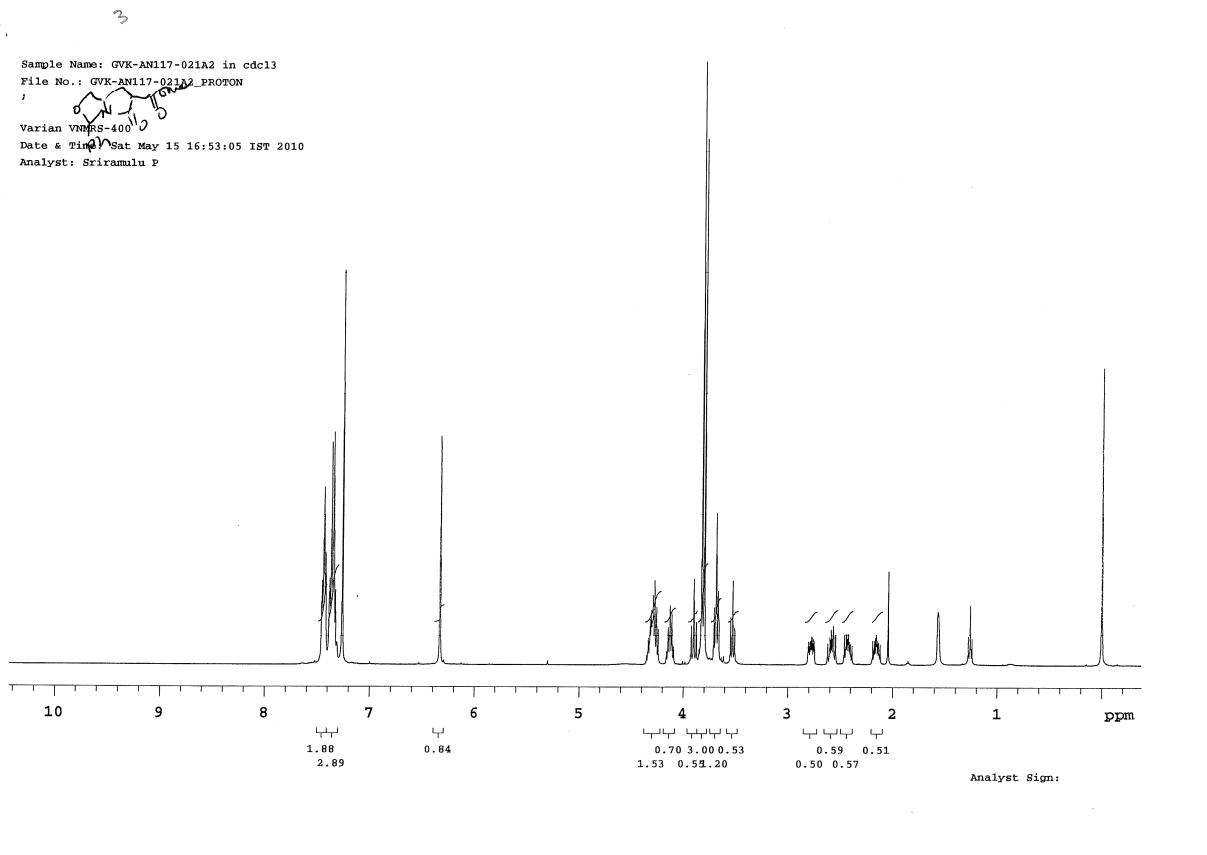


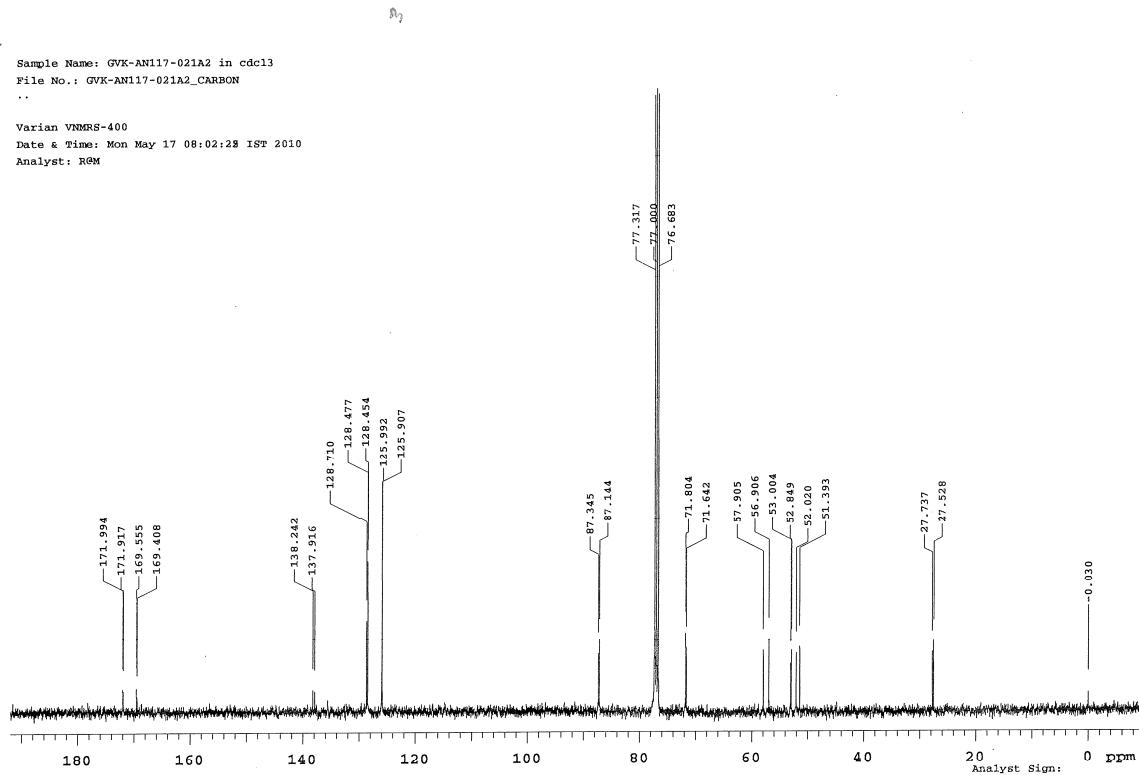
## Compound 3



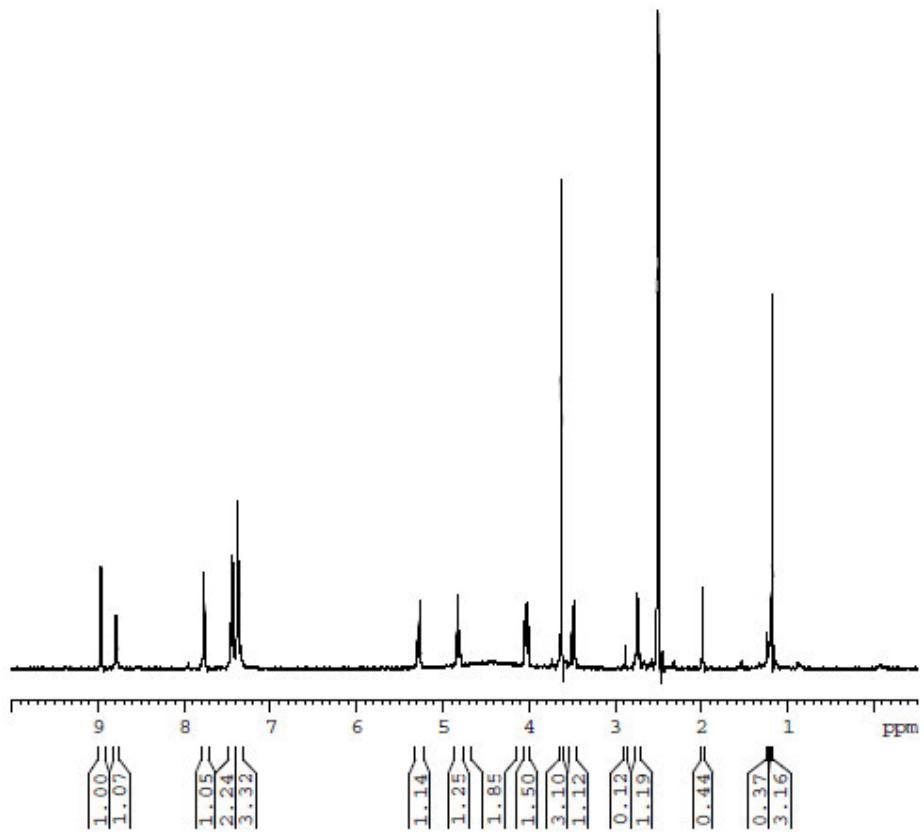


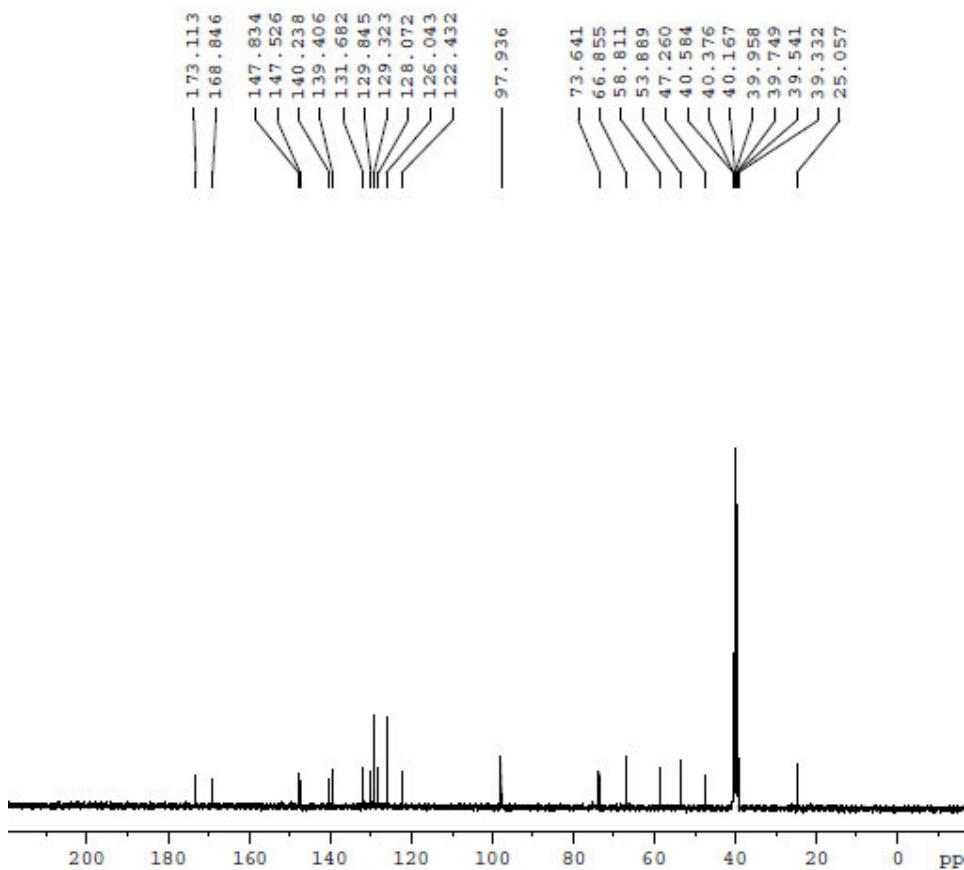
Compound 4



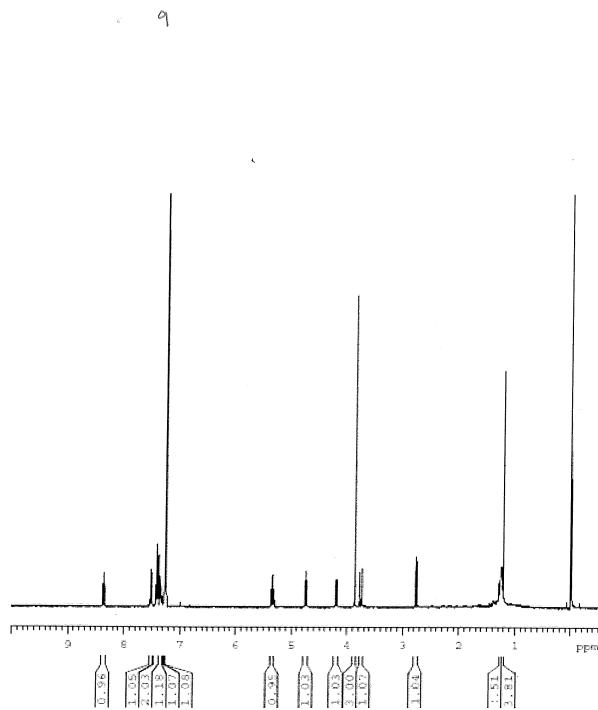


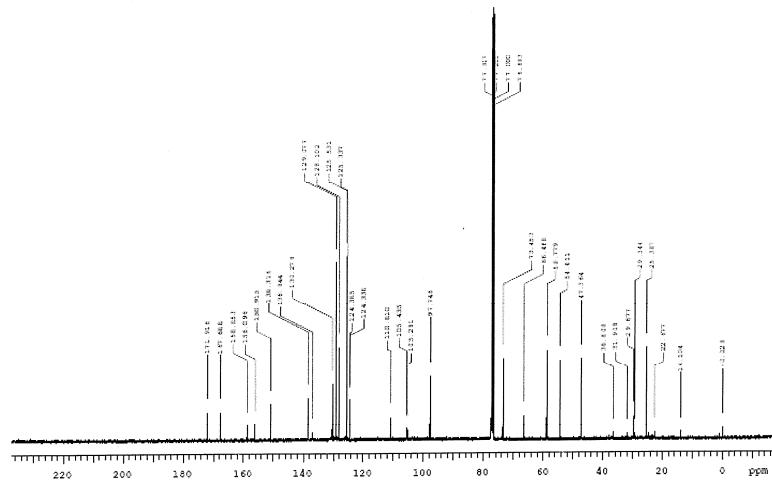
Compound 8



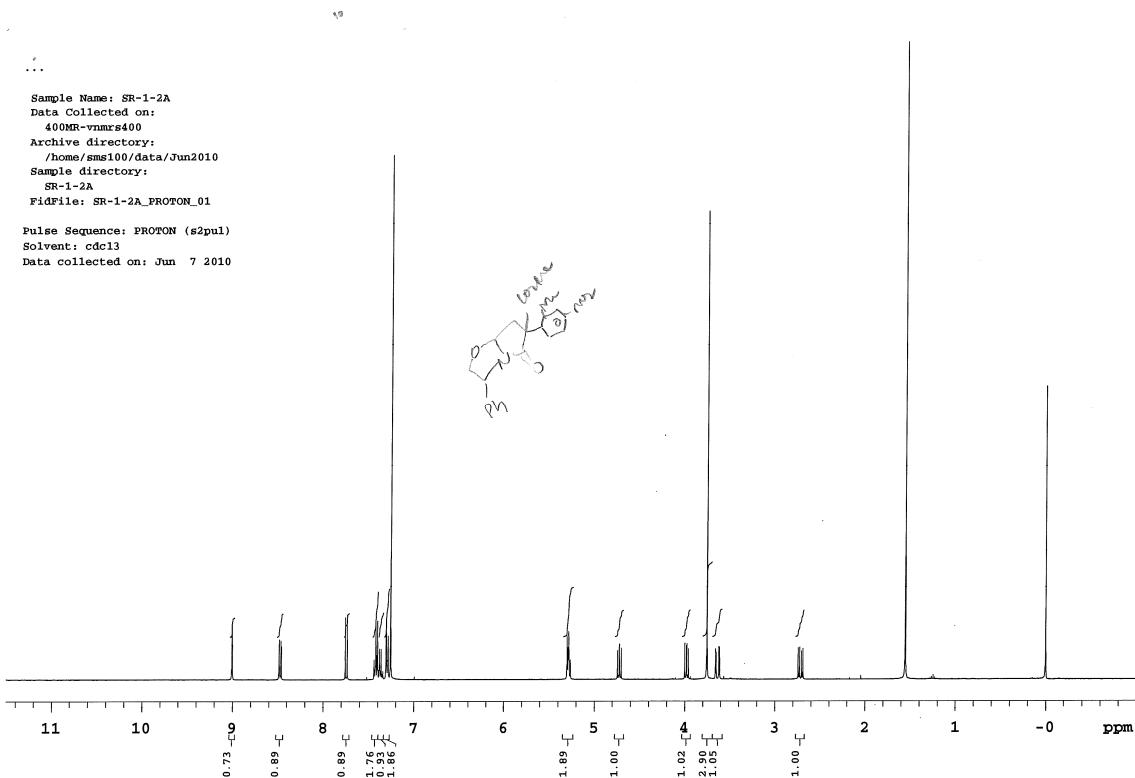


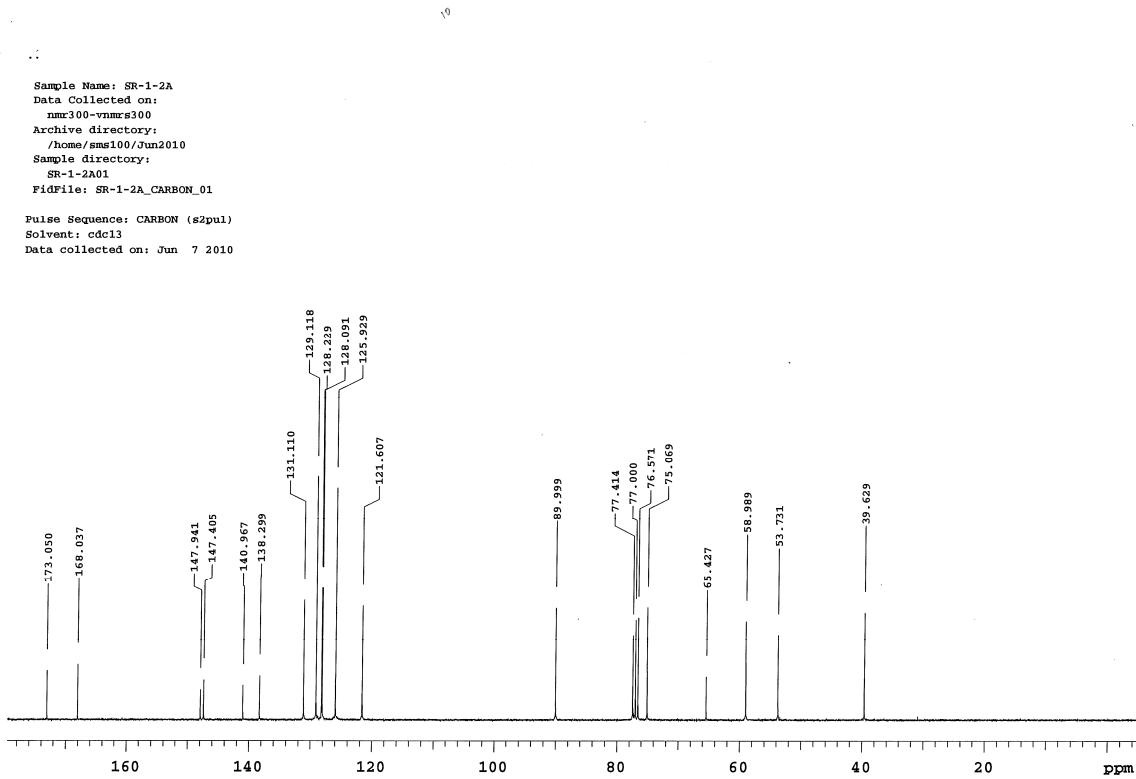
Compound 9



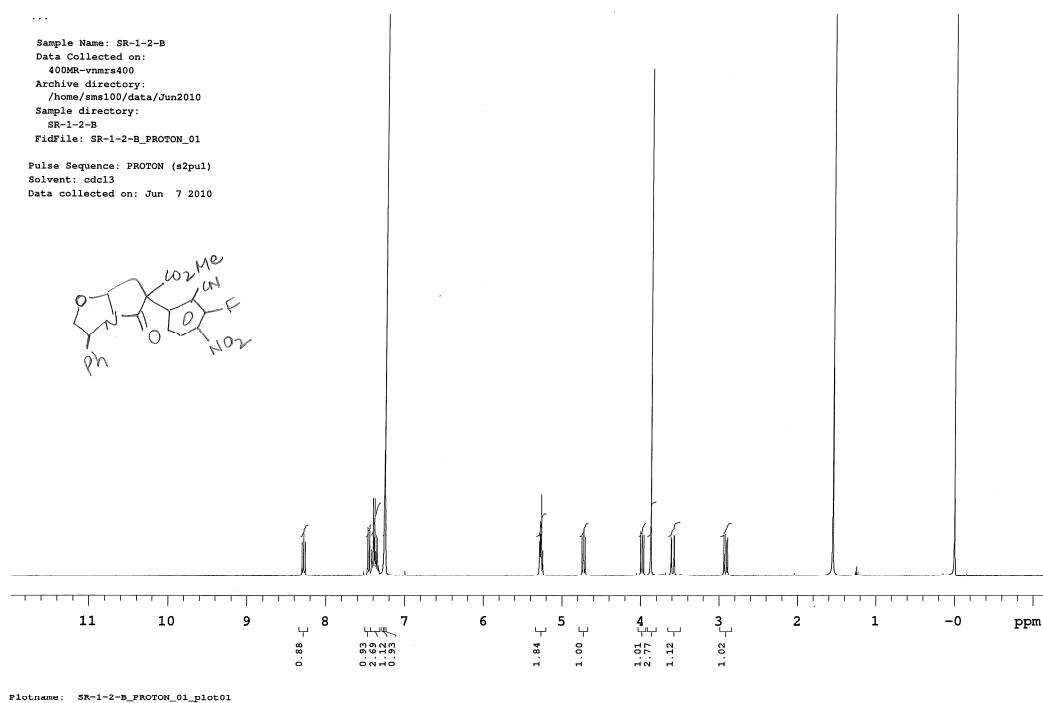


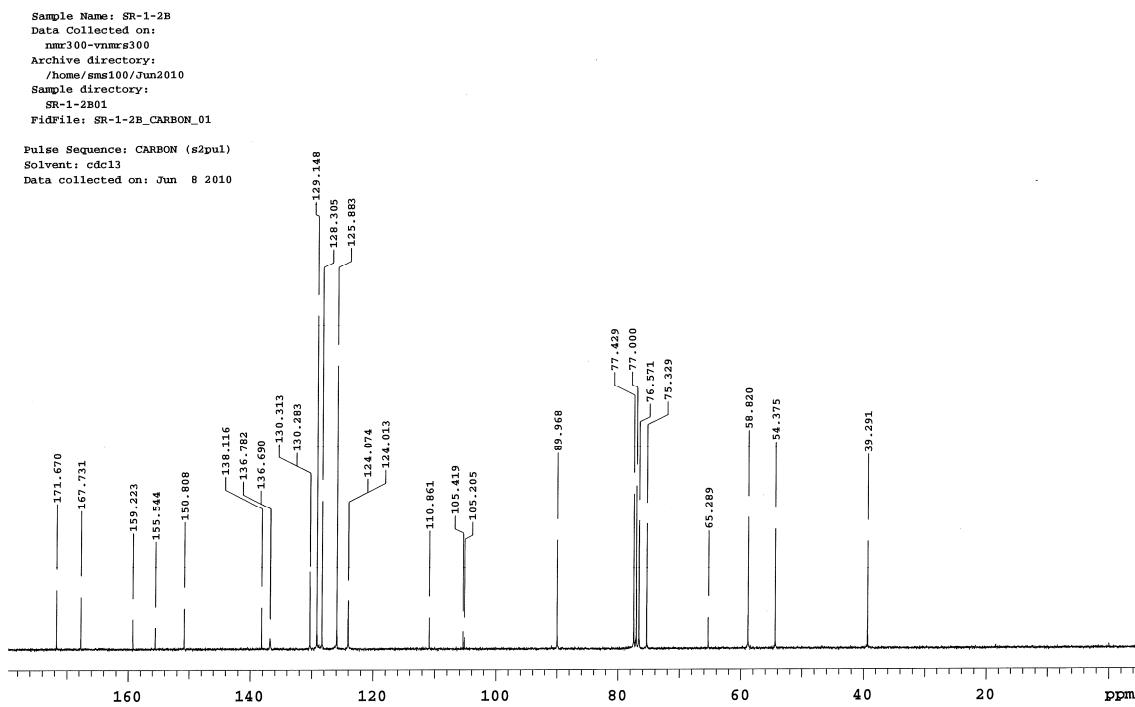
Compound 10



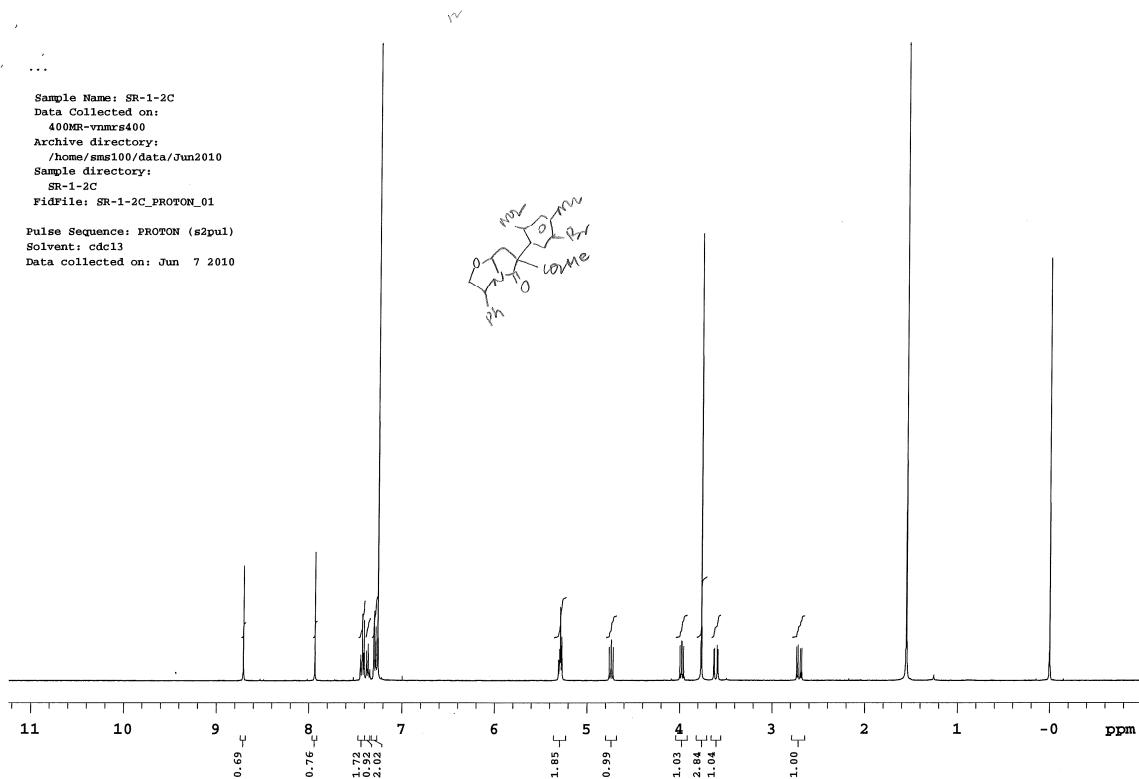


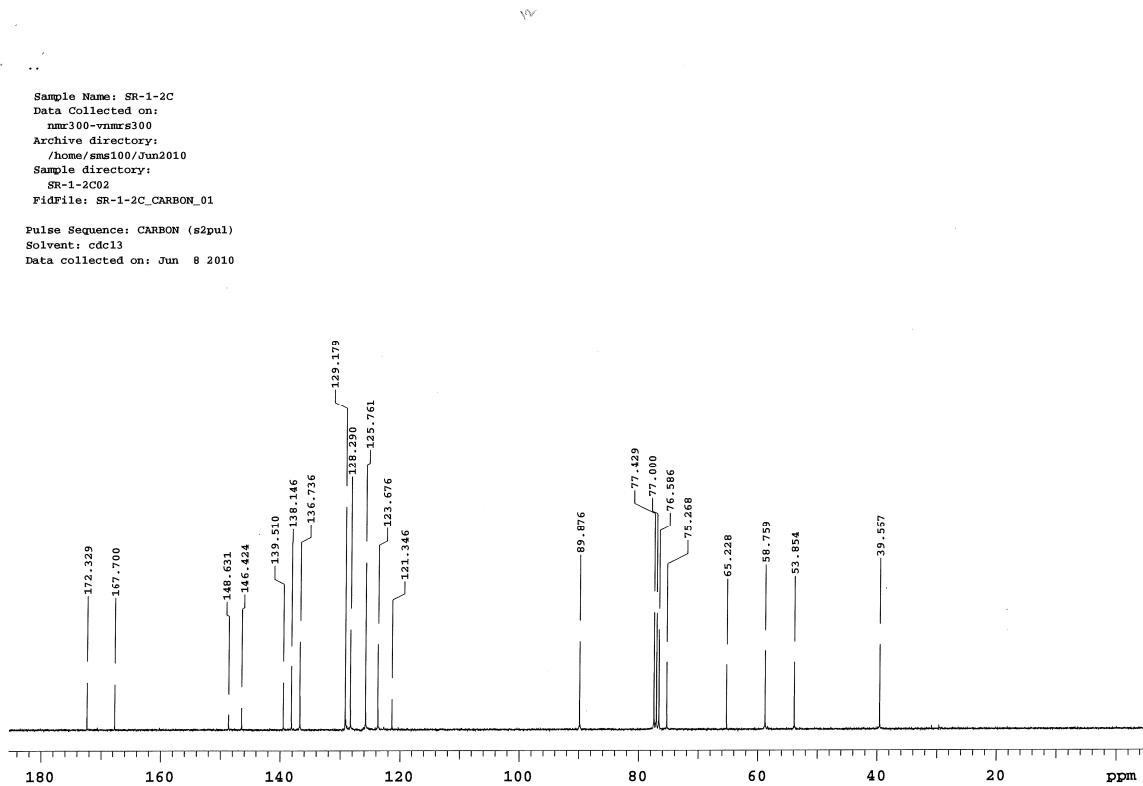
Compound 11



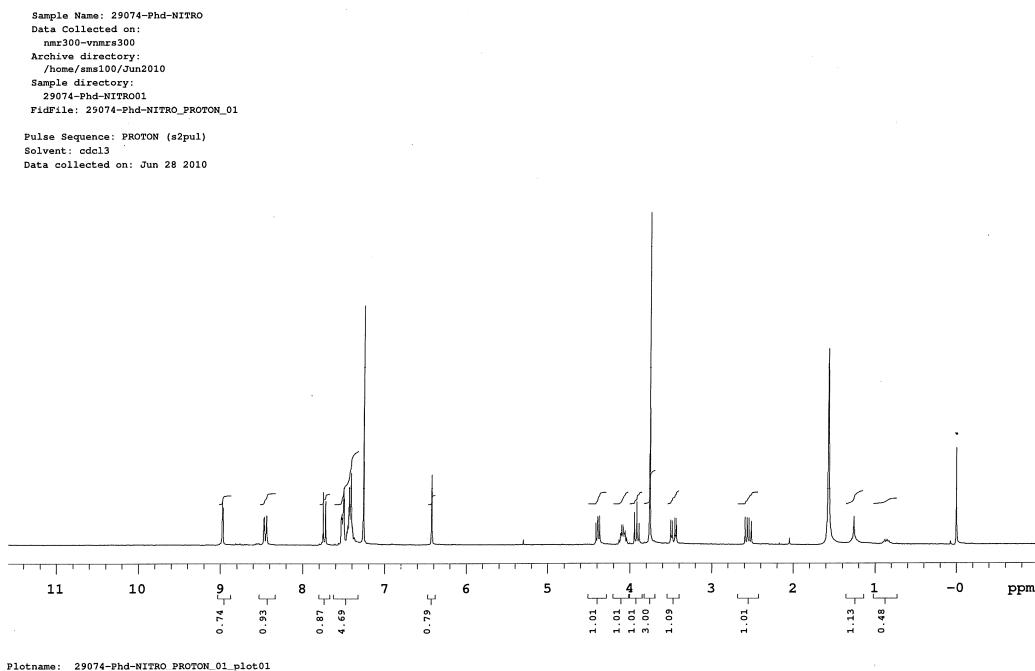


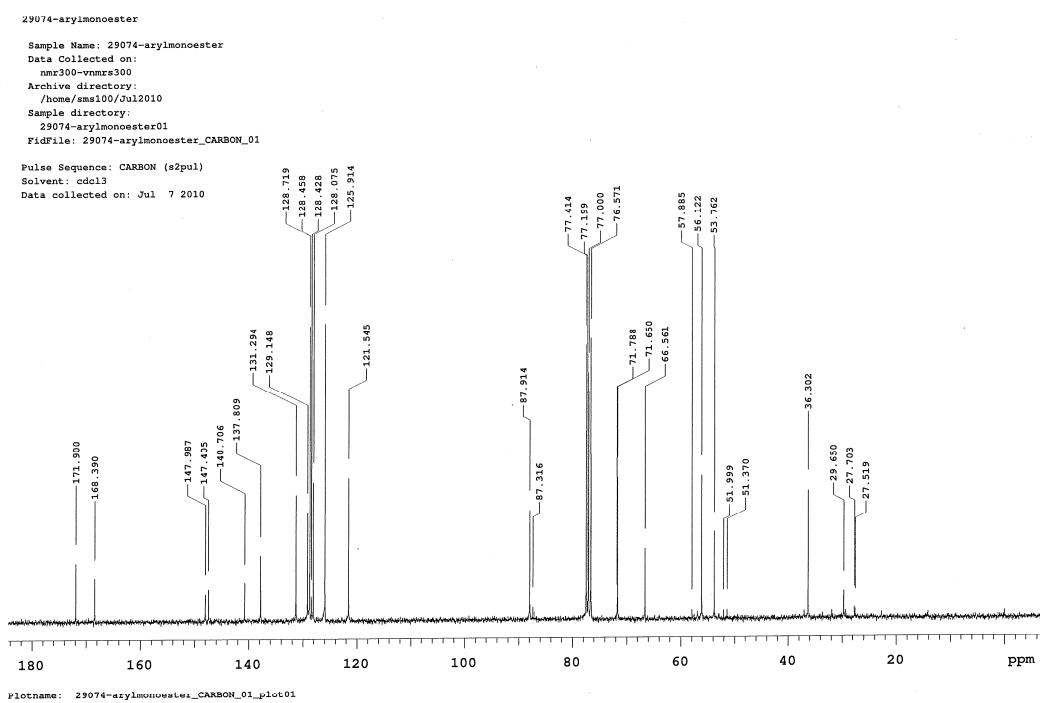
Compound 12



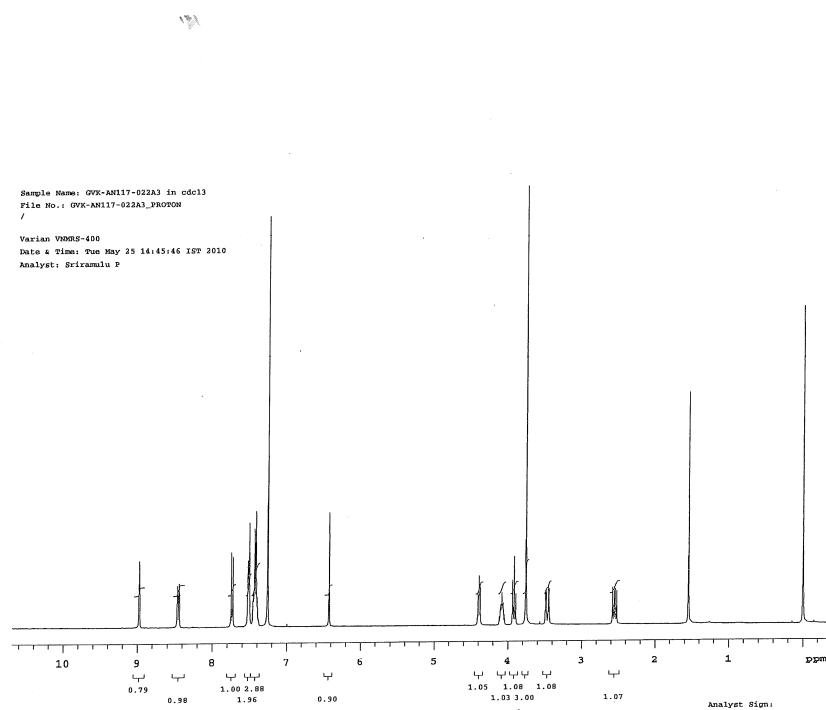


## Compound 13



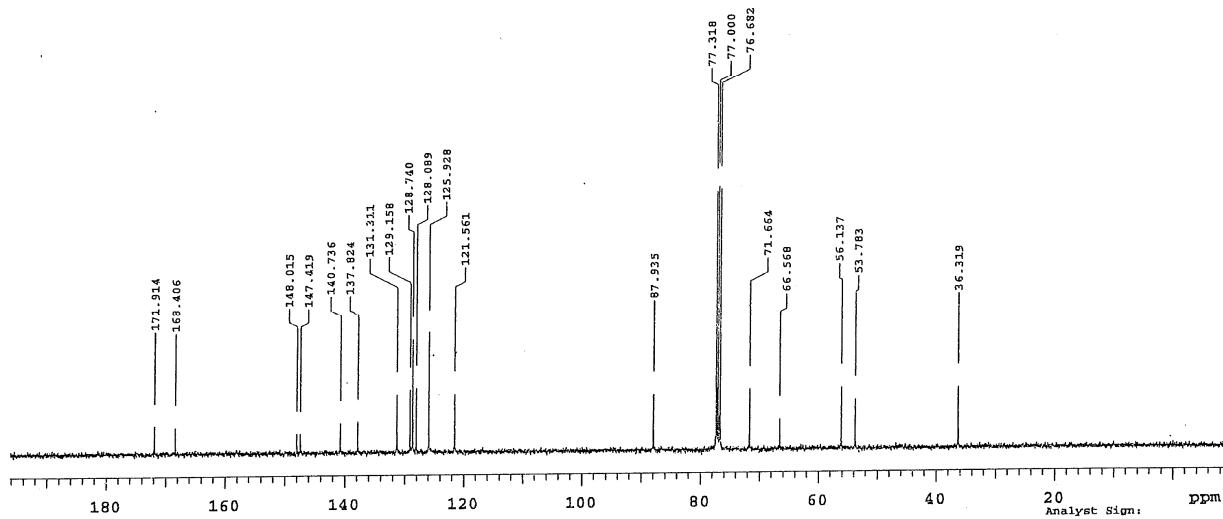
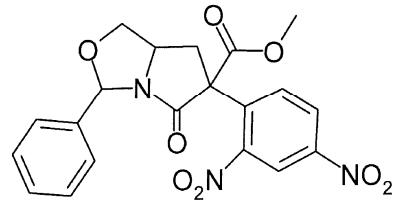


Compound 14

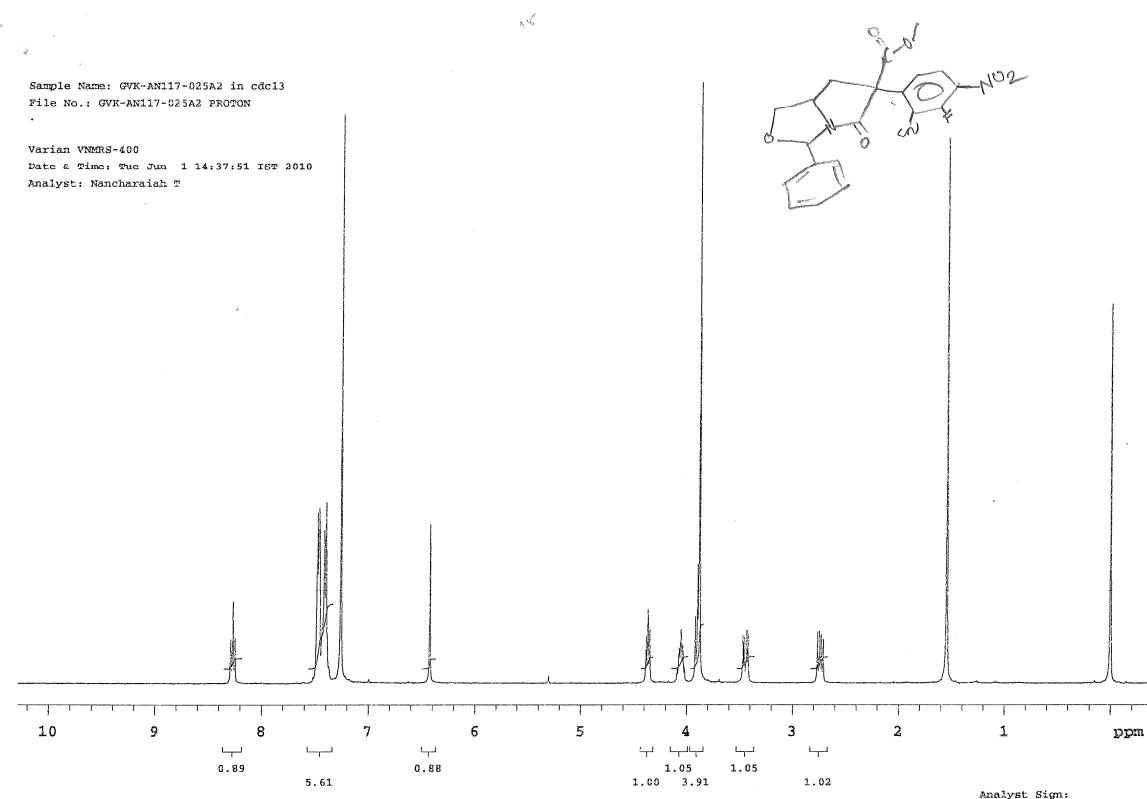


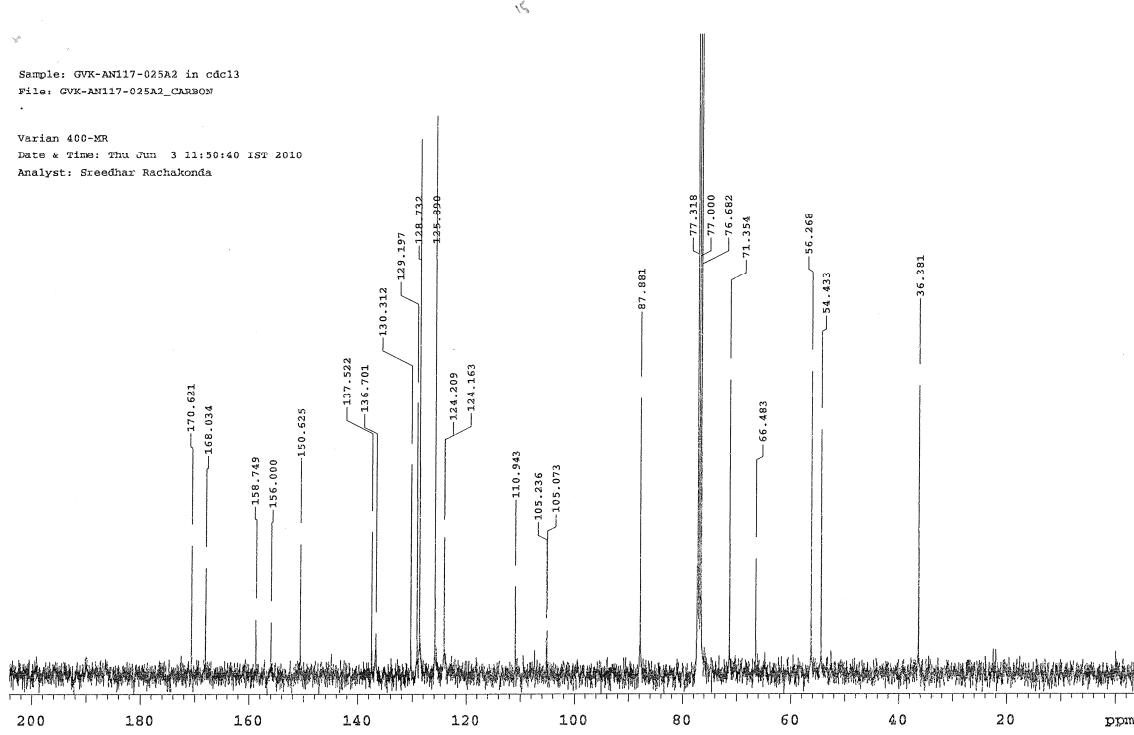
Sample: DJ110552-022A3 in cdc13  
File: DJ110552-022A3\_CARBON

Varian 400-MR  
Date & Time: Thu May 27 10:27:10 IST 2010  
Analyst: Rama Krishna



Compound 15





Analyst Sign:



Project Name: NRM1\_2010\NRM1\_GSK\_JUNE\_10\NRM1\_PDA4

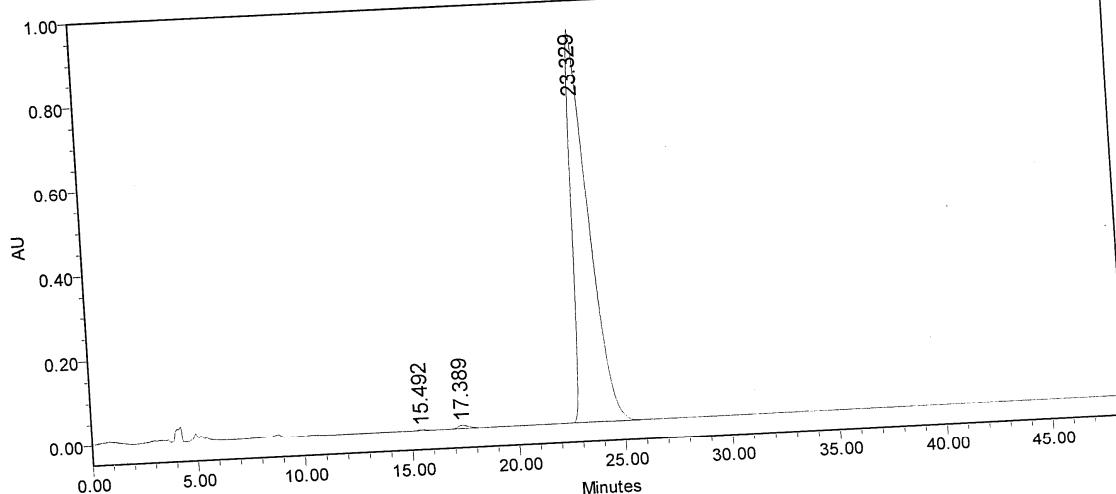
GVK BIOSCIENCES (P) LTD

MCL Analytical-Nacharam

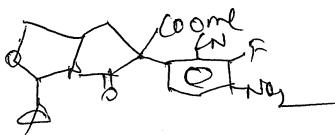
Sample Name: GVK-AN117-025A2  
Vial: 50  
Injection Volume: 15.00 ul  
Run Time: 60.0 Minutes

Acquired By: nrm12\_mcl  
Date Acquired: 6/4/2010 8:22:26 AM IST  
Proc. Chnl. Descr.: PDA MaxPlot (190.0 nm to 800.0 nm)

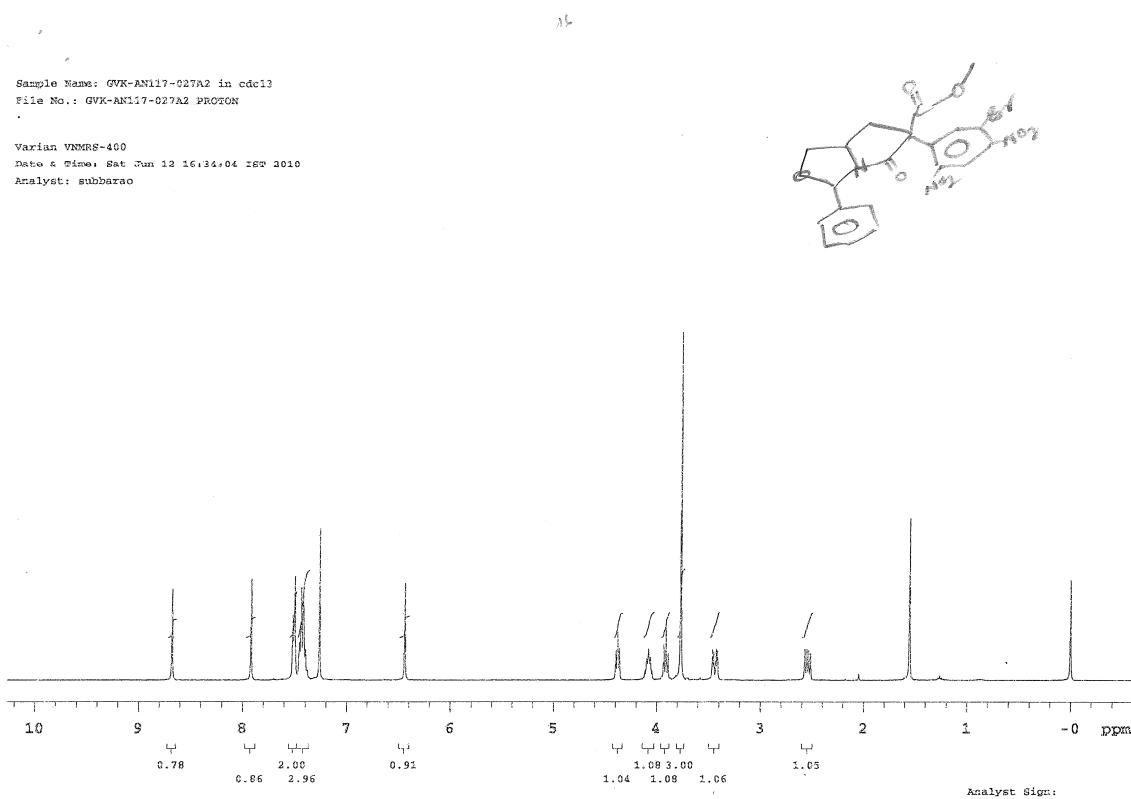
Column: CHIRALPAK AD-H (4.6X250mm) 5 $\mu$   
Mobile Phase: A: Hexane B: EtOH  
A:B (40:60)  
Flow Rate: 0.8 ml/min  
TEMP: AMBIENT

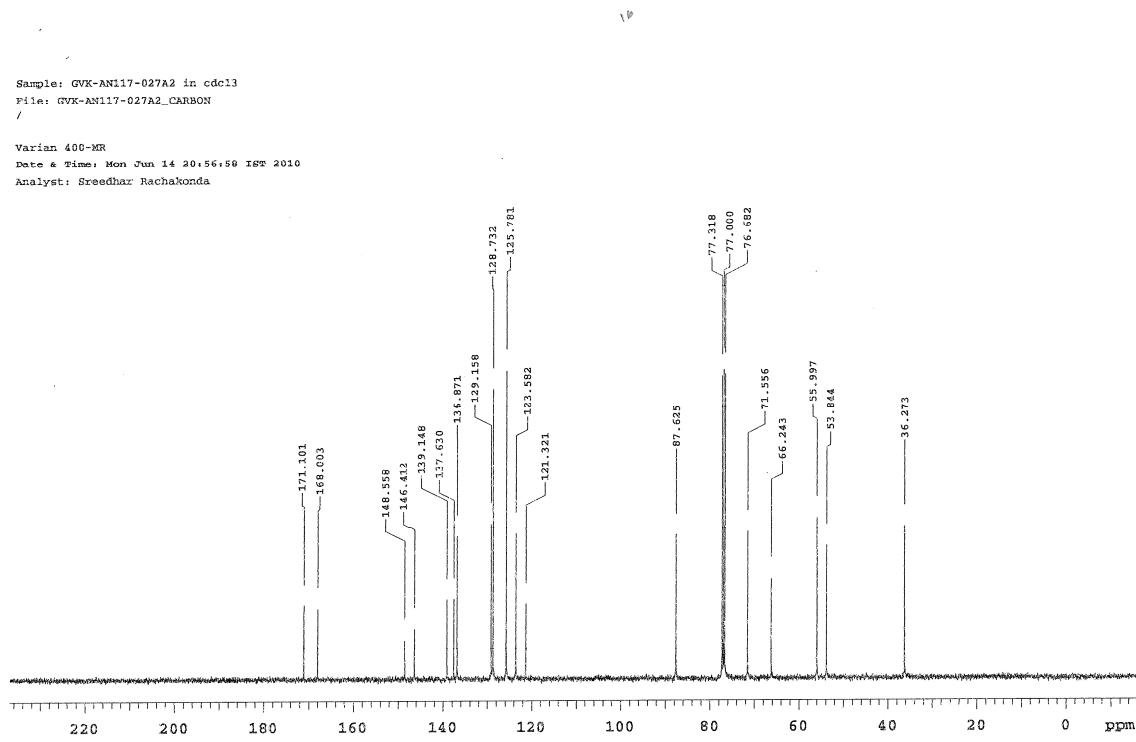


	RT	Area	% Area
1	15.49	58420	0.12
2	17.39	264906	0.53
3	23.33	49628093	99.35



Compound 16





Analyst Sign:

**GVK<sup>TM</sup>BIO**

**Eclipse XDBC8\_DUP**

Project Name: NRM1\_2010\NRM1\_JUNE\_2010\NRM12\_PDA05

**GVK BIOSCIENCES (P) LTD**

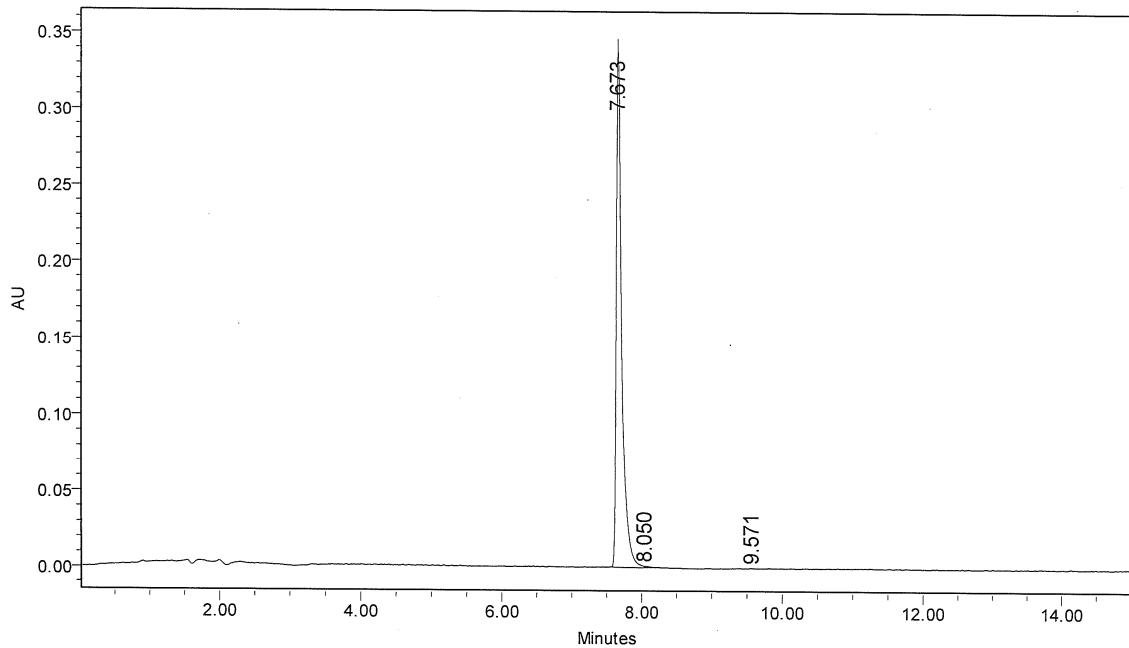
MCL Analytical-Nacharam

Sample Name:	GVK-AN117-027A2	Acquired By:	nrm12_mcl
Vial:	7	Date Acquired:	6/14/2010 1:03:28 PM IST
Injection Volume:	2.00 ul	Proc. Chnl. Descr.:	PDA MaxPlot (190.0 nm to 800.0 nm)
Run Time:	15.0 Minutes		

**Chromatographic Conditions:**

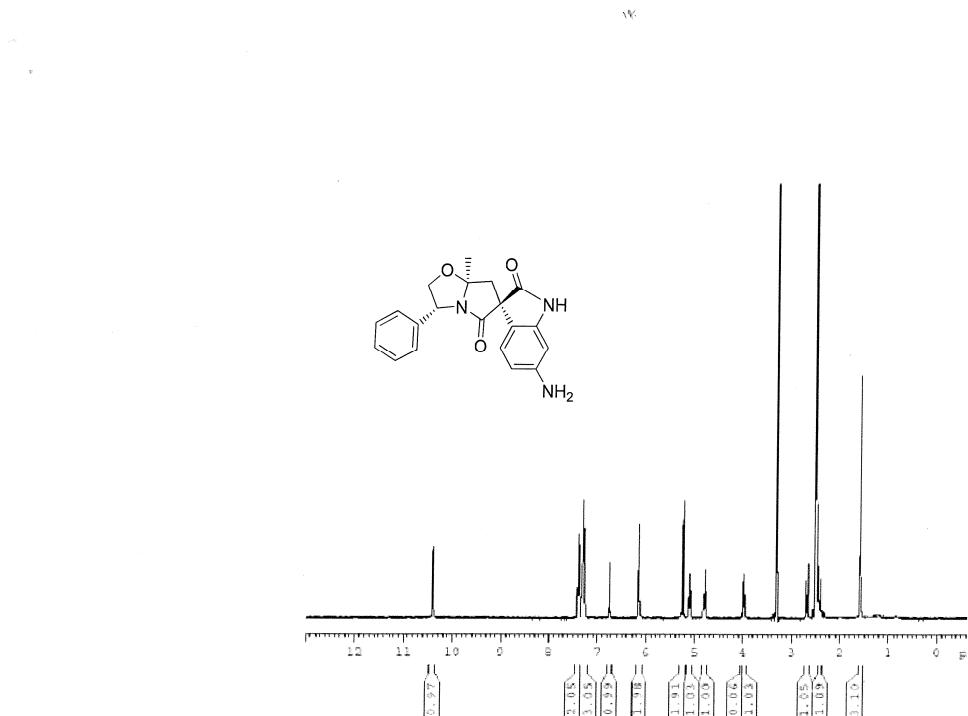
Column:Eclipse XDB-C8(4.6X150mm)5 $\mu$   
Mobile Phase:A:0.01M Ammonium Acetate B:ACN  
T%:B:0/30,4/70,6/95,15/95,15.1/30.  
Flow Rate:0.8 ml/min  
Temp:Ambient  
Diluent:ACN

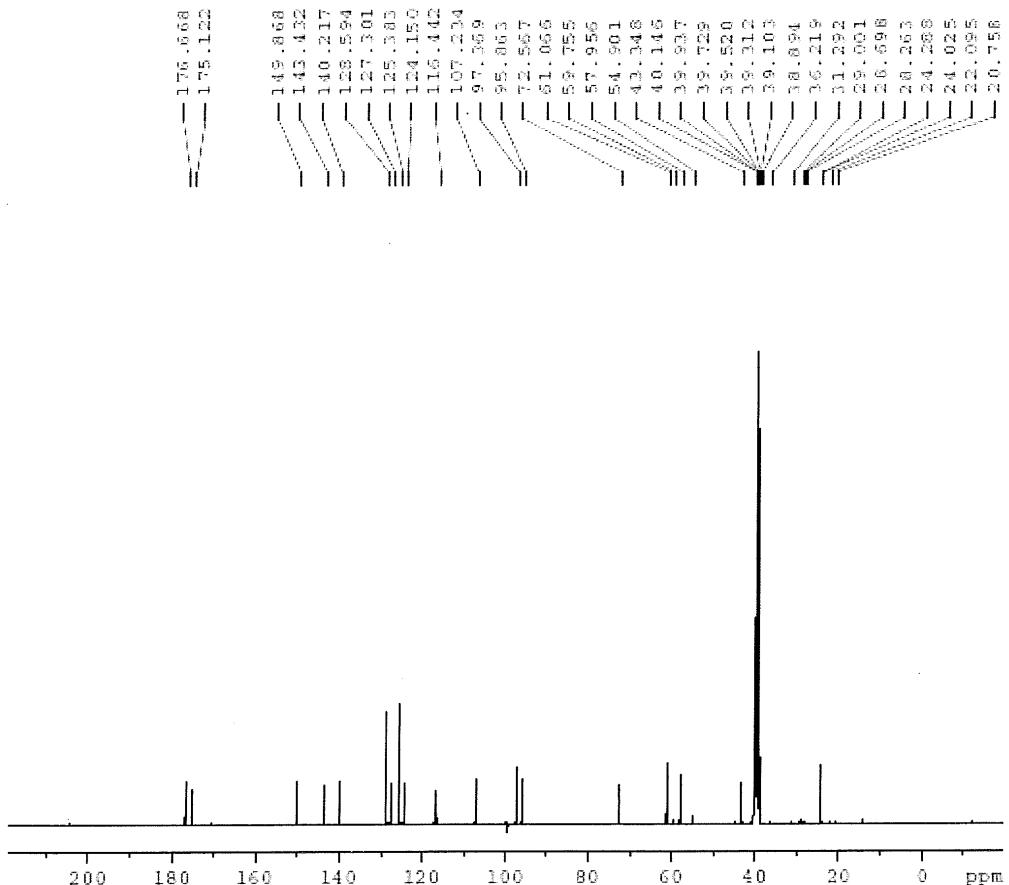
**Purity Chromatogram**



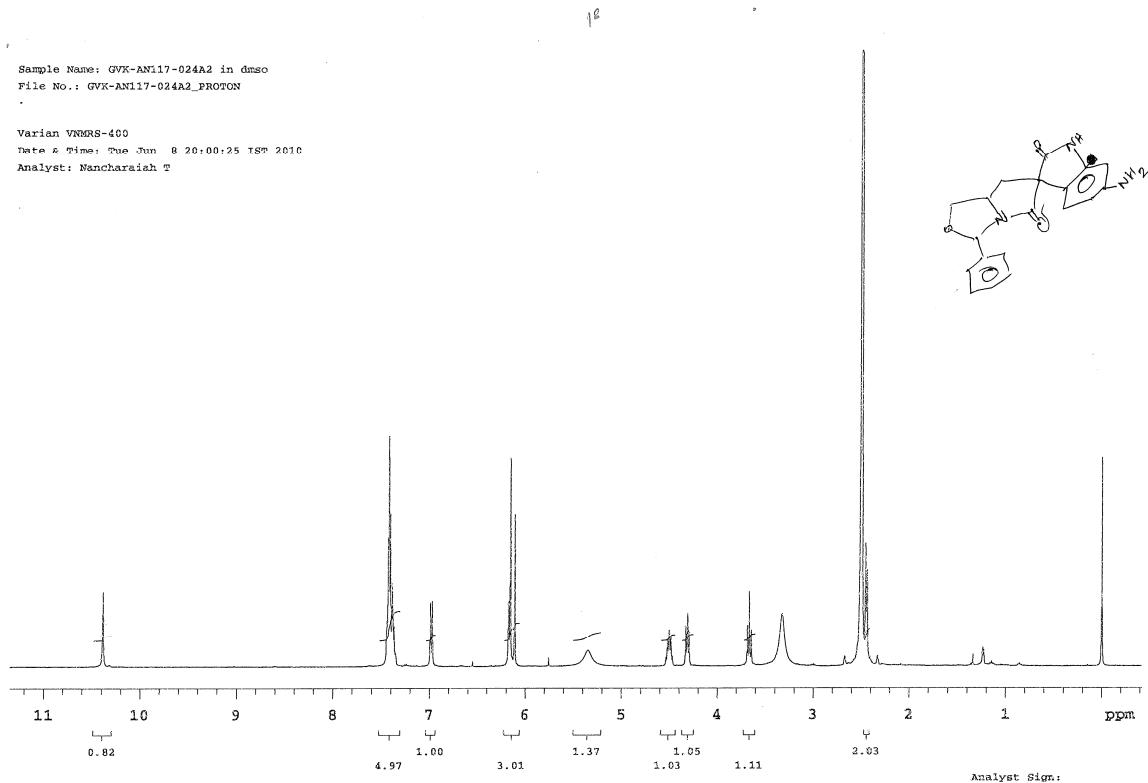
	RT	Area	% Area
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3	9.57	3733	0.20

Compound 17



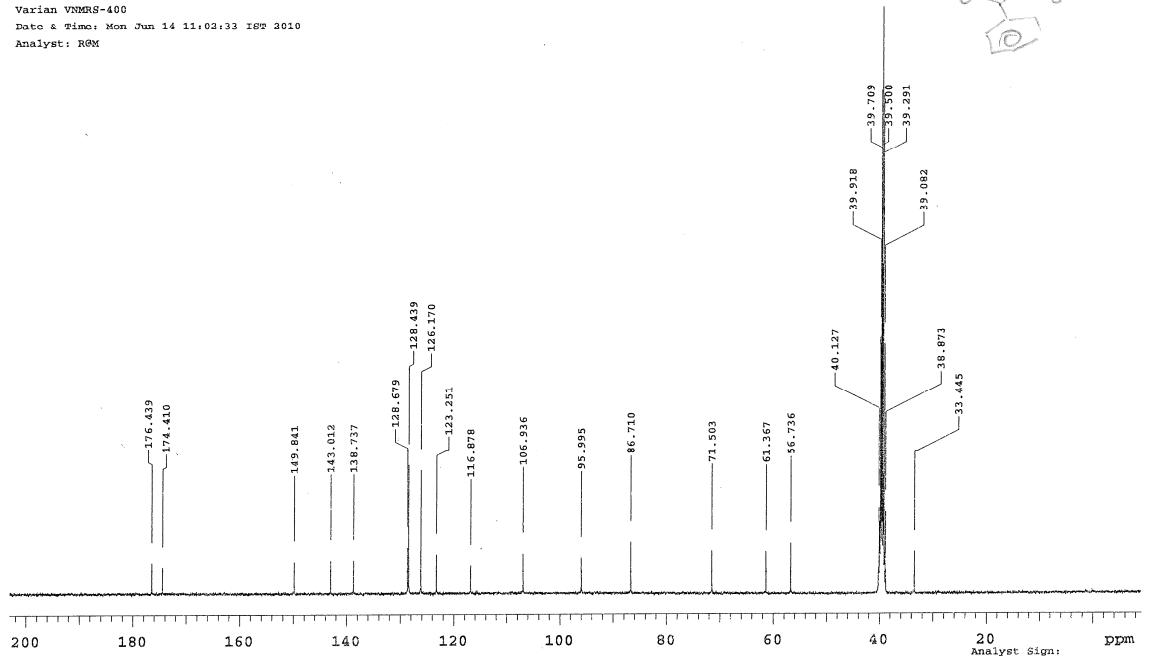


Compound 18



Sample Name: GVK-AN117-024A2 in dmso  
File No.: GVK-AN117-024A2 CARBON

Varian VNMRS-400  
Date & Time: Mon Jun 14 11:02:33 IST 2010  
Analyst: RGM



GVK BIO

Eclipse XDBC8\_DUP

Project Name: NRM1\_2010\NRM1\_JUNE\_2010\NRM12\_PDA05

GVK BIOSCIENCES (P) LTD

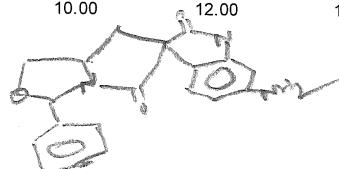
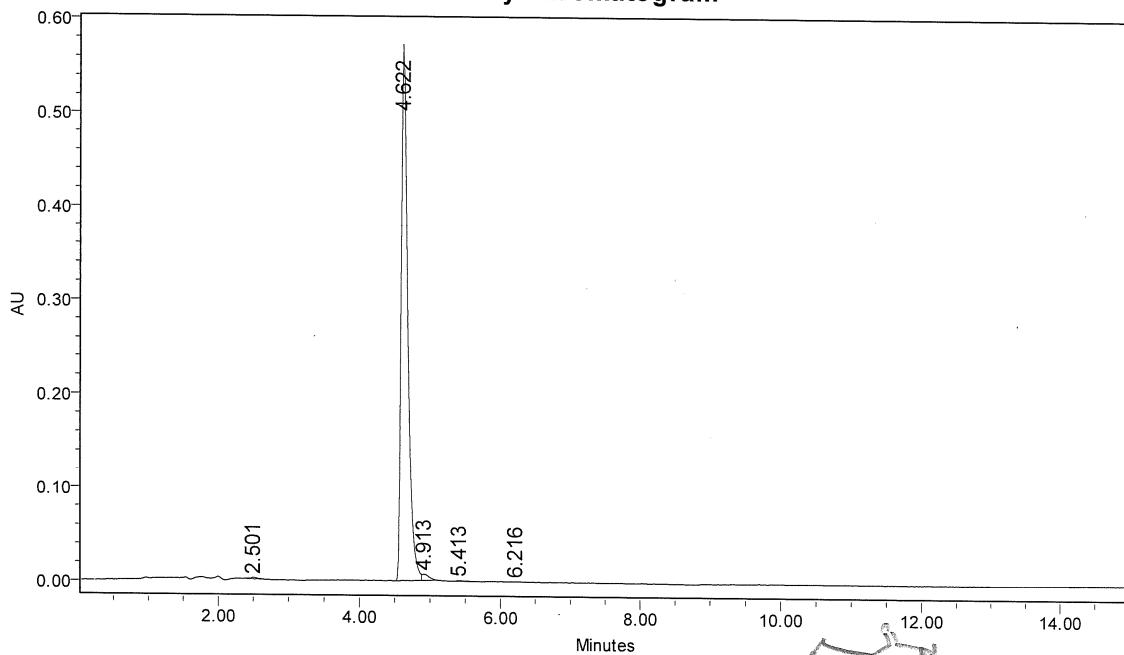
MCL Analytical-Nacharam

Sample Name:	GVK-AN117-024A2	Acquired By:	nrm12_mcl
Vial:	6	Date Acquired:	6/14/2010 12:43:34 PM IST
Injection Volume:	2.00 ul	Proc. Chnl. Descr.:	PDA MaxPlot (190.0 nm to 800.0 nm)
Run Time:	15.0 Minutes		

**Chromatographic Conditions:**

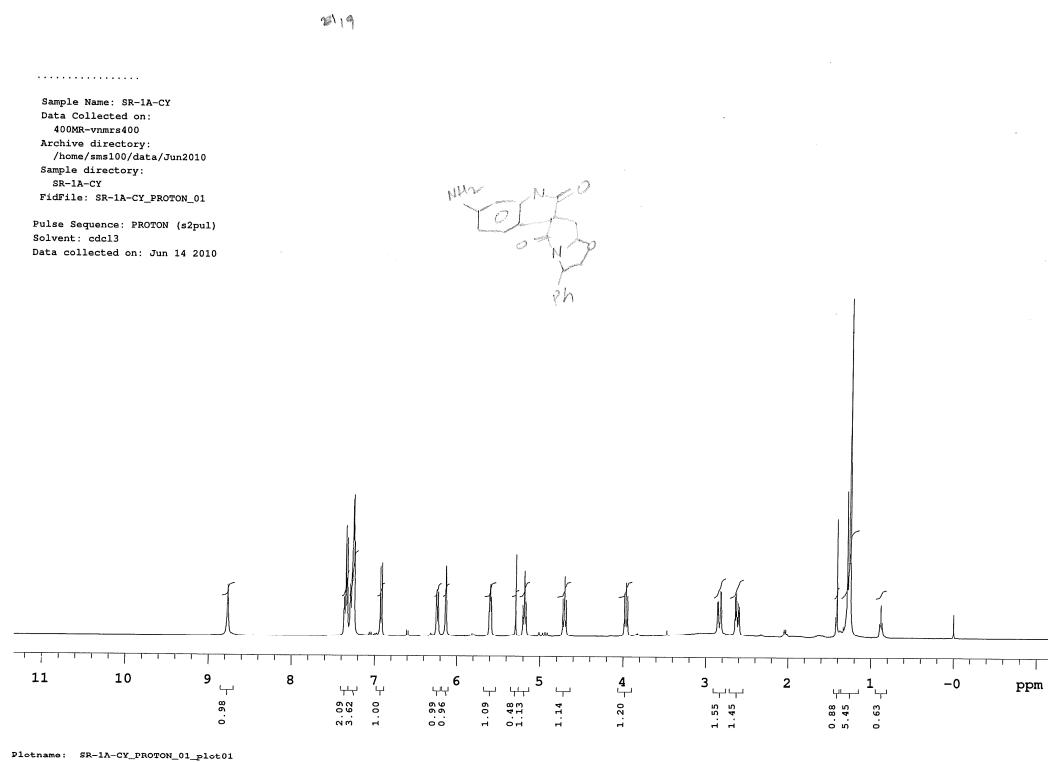
Column:Eclipse XDB-C8(4.6X150mm)5μ  
Mobile Phase:A:0.01M Ammonium Acetate B:ACN  
T/%B:0/30,4/70,6/95,15/95,15.1/30.  
Flow Rate:0.8 ml/min  
Temp:Ambient  
Diluent:ACN

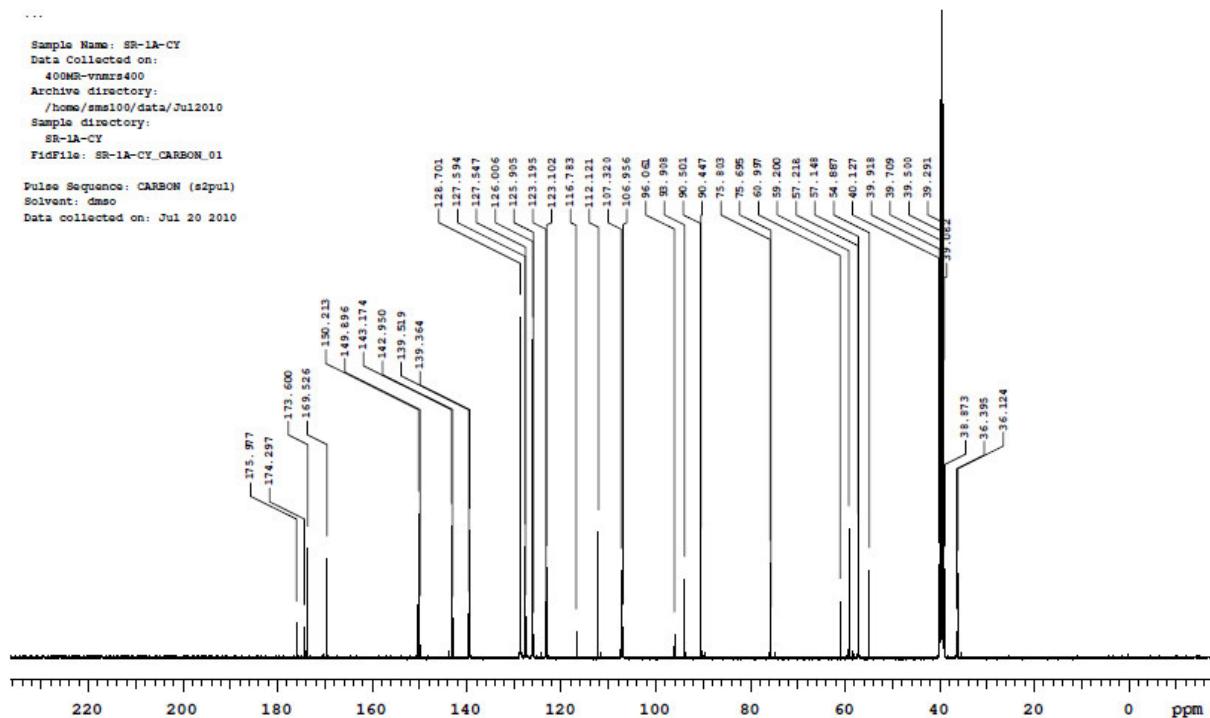
**Purity Chromatogram**



	RT	Area	% Area
1	2.50	12610	0.33
2	4.62	3723200	98.18
3	4.91	46511	1.23
4	5.41	6628	0.17
5	6.22	3454	0.09

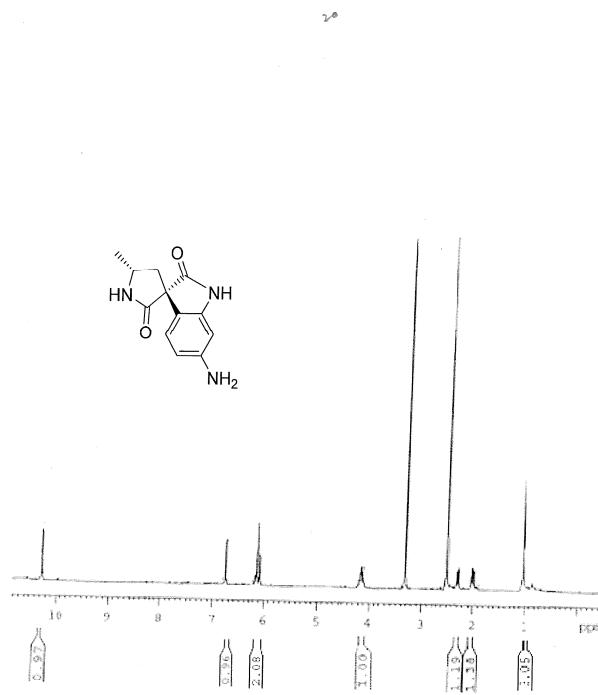
## Compound 19

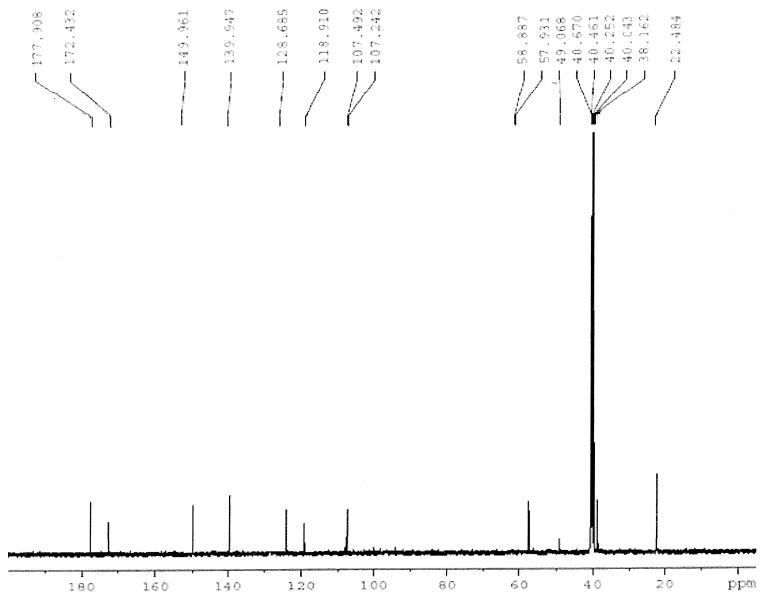




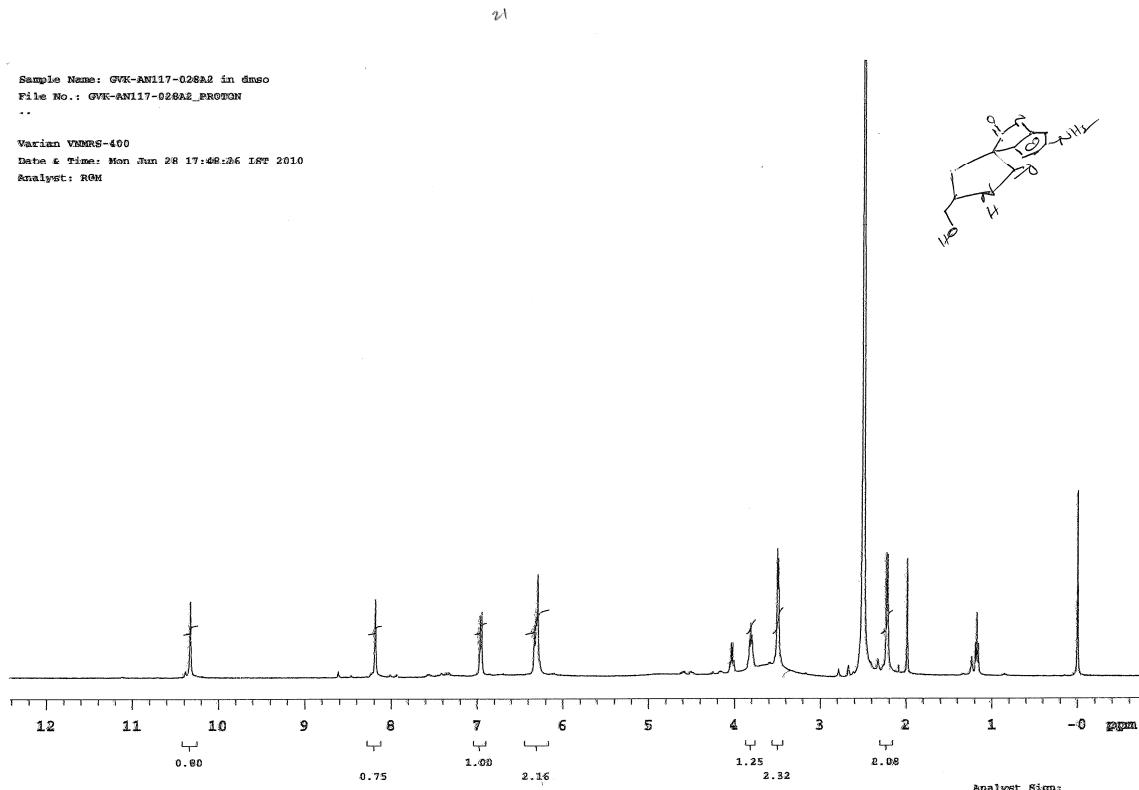
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Compound 20





Compound 21



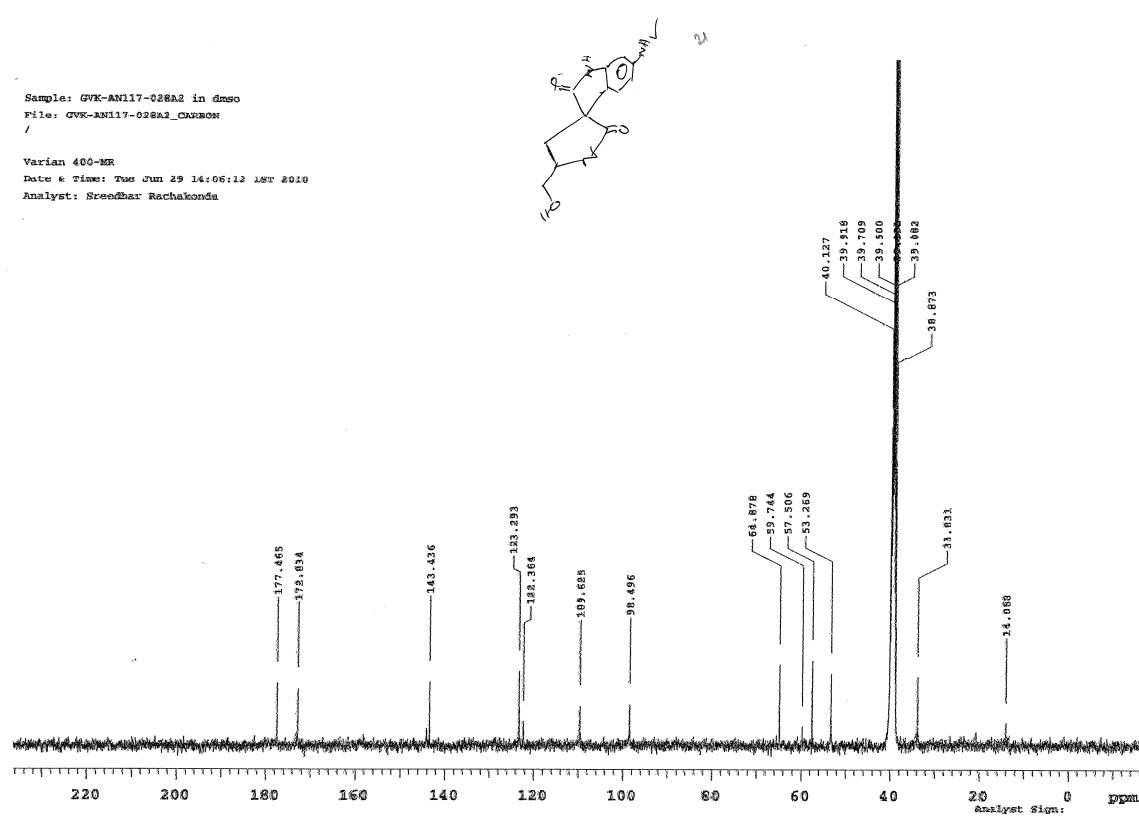


Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinement for **10**.

Identification code	egvk23
Empirical formula	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub>
Formula weight	427.37
Temperature	293(2) K
Wavelength	0.71073 Å
Crystal system	Orthorhombic
Space group	P 21 21 21
Unit cell dimensions	a = 9.7745(6) Å b = 9.7915(4) Å c = 20.5118(9) Å
Volume	1963.12(17) Å <sup>3</sup>
Z	4
Density (calculated)	1.446 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Absorption coefficient	0.114 mm <sup>-1</sup>
F(000)	888
Crystal size	0.34 x 0.30 x 0.24 mm <sup>3</sup>
Theta range for data collection	2.88 to 26.37°.
Index ranges	-12<=h<=11, -12<=k<=11, -20<=l<=25
Reflections collected	7779
Independent reflections	4020 [R(int) = 0.0317]
Completeness to theta = 26.37°	99.9 %
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents
Max. and min. transmission	0.9732 and 0.9623
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>
Data / restraints / parameters	4020 / 0 / 281
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	0.833
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0406, wR2 = 0.0662
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0805, wR2 = 0.0733
Absolute structure parameter	-0.4(11)
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.152 and -0.165 e.Å <sup>-3</sup>

Table 2. Atomic coordinates ( $\times 10^4$ ) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$ ) for egvk23. U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized  $U^{ij}$  tensor.

	x	y	z	U(eq)
C(1)	8616(3)	4824(2)	705(1)	42(1)
C(2)	8680(3)	5650(2)	1791(1)	45(1)
C(3)	9546(4)	6530(3)	1316(1)	71(1)
C(4)	8821(3)	3175(2)	1531(1)	36(1)
C(5)	9127(2)	2388(2)	882(1)	32(1)
C(6)	9032(3)	3528(2)	358(1)	39(1)
C(7)	10607(3)	1886(2)	972(1)	41(1)
C(8)	11931(3)	-31(3)	1279(2)	67(1)
C(9)	8148(3)	1212(2)	768(1)	32(1)
C(10)	8167(3)	375(2)	211(1)	33(1)
C(11)	7289(3)	-709(2)	118(1)	35(1)
C(12)	6310(3)	-945(2)	579(1)	35(1)
C(13)	6186(3)	-131(2)	1121(1)	44(1)
C(14)	7112(3)	917(2)	1212(1)	42(1)
C(15)	7431(3)	6380(2)	2039(1)	40(1)
C(16)	6126(3)	6023(2)	1859(1)	46(1)
C(17)	5003(3)	6718(2)	2106(1)	60(1)
C(18)	5185(4)	7774(3)	2536(1)	68(1)
C(19)	6486(4)	8143(3)	2718(1)	74(1)
C(20)	7611(4)	7460(2)	2474(1)	61(1)
N(1)	8389(2)	4457(2)	1378(1)	35(1)
N(2)	9149(2)	595(2)	-330(1)	38(1)
N(3)	5350(3)	-2068(2)	477(1)	44(1)
O(1)	9717(2)	5778(2)	744(1)	70(1)
O(2)	8969(2)	2729(2)	2076(1)	49(1)
O(3)	11601(2)	2558(2)	859(1)	54(1)
O(4)	10609(2)	617(2)	1215(1)	50(1)
O(5)	10237(2)	1155(2)	-217(1)	57(1)
O(6)	8811(2)	180(2)	-866(1)	53(1)
O(7)	5731(2)	-3042(2)	150(1)	58(1)
O(8)	4214(2)	-1972(2)	723(1)	63(1)

Table 3. Bond lengths [ $\text{\AA}$ ] and angles [ $^\circ$ ] for egvk23.

C(1)-O(1)	1.427(3)
C(1)-N(1)	1.443(3)
C(1)-C(6)	1.511(3)
C(1)-H(1)	0.9800
C(2)-N(1)	1.471(2)
C(2)-C(15)	1.503(4)
C(2)-C(3)	1.552(3)
C(2)-H(2)	0.9800
C(3)-O(1)	1.395(3)
C(3)-H(3A)	0.9700
C(3)-H(3B)	0.9700
C(4)-O(2)	1.209(2)
C(4)-N(1)	1.361(3)
C(4)-C(5)	1.565(3)
C(5)-C(9)	1.516(3)
C(5)-C(7)	1.539(3)
C(5)-C(6)	1.553(3)
C(6)-H(6A)	0.9700
C(6)-H(6B)	0.9700
C(7)-O(3)	1.196(3)
C(7)-O(4)	1.339(3)
C(8)-O(4)	1.446(3)
C(8)-H(8A)	0.9600
C(8)-H(8B)	0.9600
C(8)-H(8C)	0.9600
C(9)-C(14)	1.392(3)
C(9)-C(10)	1.407(3)
C(10)-C(11)	1.377(3)
C(10)-N(2)	1.482(3)
C(11)-C(12)	1.365(3)
C(11)-H(11)	0.9300
C(12)-C(13)	1.373(3)
C(12)-N(3)	1.461(3)
C(13)-C(14)	1.380(3)
C(13)-H(13)	0.9300
C(14)-H(14)	0.9300
C(15)-C(16)	1.373(4)

C(15)-C(20)	1.395(3)
C(16)-C(17)	1.387(4)
C(16)-H(16)	0.9300
C(17)-C(18)	1.370(3)
C(17)-H(17)	0.9300
C(18)-C(19)	1.375(5)
C(18)-H(18)	0.9300
C(19)-C(20)	1.380(4)
C(19)-H(19)	0.9300
C(20)-H(20)	0.9300
N(2)-O(6)	1.219(2)
N(2)-O(5)	1.219(3)
N(3)-O(8)	1.223(3)
N(3)-O(7)	1.224(2)
O(1)-C(1)-N(1)	103.01(18)
O(1)-C(1)-C(6)	112.0(2)
N(1)-C(1)-C(6)	106.47(16)
O(1)-C(1)-H(1)	111.7
N(1)-C(1)-H(1)	111.7
C(6)-C(1)-H(1)	111.7
N(1)-C(2)-C(15)	114.5(2)
N(1)-C(2)-C(3)	100.63(17)
C(15)-C(2)-C(3)	113.07(19)
N(1)-C(2)-H(2)	109.4
C(15)-C(2)-H(2)	109.4
C(3)-C(2)-H(2)	109.4
O(1)-C(3)-C(2)	107.49(18)
O(1)-C(3)-H(3A)	110.2
C(2)-C(3)-H(3A)	110.2
O(1)-C(3)-H(3B)	110.2
C(2)-C(3)-H(3B)	110.2
H(3A)-C(3)-H(3B)	108.5
O(2)-C(4)-N(1)	125.64(19)
O(2)-C(4)-C(5)	125.80(19)
N(1)-C(4)-C(5)	108.55(18)
C(9)-C(5)-C(7)	111.67(18)
C(9)-C(5)-C(6)	113.59(18)
C(7)-C(5)-C(6)	111.6(2)

C(9)-C(5)-C(4)	112.64(18)
C(7)-C(5)-C(4)	103.66(19)
C(6)-C(5)-C(4)	102.91(15)
C(1)-C(6)-C(5)	107.02(16)
C(1)-C(6)-H(6A)	110.3
C(5)-C(6)-H(6A)	110.3
C(1)-C(6)-H(6B)	110.3
C(5)-C(6)-H(6B)	110.3
H(6A)-C(6)-H(6B)	108.6
O(3)-C(7)-O(4)	125.6(2)
O(3)-C(7)-C(5)	124.4(2)
O(4)-C(7)-C(5)	110.0(2)
O(4)-C(8)-H(8A)	109.5
O(4)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.5
H(8A)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.5
O(4)-C(8)-H(8C)	109.5
H(8A)-C(8)-H(8C)	109.5
H(8B)-C(8)-H(8C)	109.5
C(14)-C(9)-C(10)	114.8(2)
C(14)-C(9)-C(5)	121.08(19)
C(10)-C(9)-C(5)	124.1(2)
C(11)-C(10)-C(9)	123.6(2)
C(11)-C(10)-N(2)	114.34(19)
C(9)-C(10)-N(2)	122.1(2)
C(12)-C(11)-C(10)	118.1(2)
C(12)-C(11)-H(11)	120.9
C(10)-C(11)-H(11)	120.9
C(11)-C(12)-C(13)	121.6(2)
C(11)-C(12)-N(3)	118.6(2)
C(13)-C(12)-N(3)	119.8(2)
C(12)-C(13)-C(14)	118.8(2)
C(12)-C(13)-H(13)	120.6
C(14)-C(13)-H(13)	120.6
C(13)-C(14)-C(9)	122.9(2)
C(13)-C(14)-H(14)	118.5
C(9)-C(14)-H(14)	118.5
C(16)-C(15)-C(20)	118.8(3)
C(16)-C(15)-C(2)	122.9(2)
C(20)-C(15)-C(2)	118.3(3)

C(15)-C(16)-C(17)	120.8(2)
C(15)-C(16)-H(16)	119.6
C(17)-C(16)-H(16)	119.6
C(18)-C(17)-C(16)	120.2(3)
C(18)-C(17)-H(17)	119.9
C(16)-C(17)-H(17)	119.9
C(17)-C(18)-C(19)	119.5(3)
C(17)-C(18)-H(18)	120.2
C(19)-C(18)-H(18)	120.2
C(18)-C(19)-C(20)	120.7(3)
C(18)-C(19)-H(19)	119.6
C(20)-C(19)-H(19)	119.6
C(19)-C(20)-C(15)	119.9(3)
C(19)-C(20)-H(20)	120.0
C(15)-C(20)-H(20)	120.0
C(4)-N(1)-C(1)	113.66(17)
C(4)-N(1)-C(2)	122.72(17)
C(1)-N(1)-C(2)	108.88(16)
O(6)-N(2)-O(5)	123.9(2)
O(6)-N(2)-C(10)	116.8(2)
O(5)-N(2)-C(10)	119.3(2)
O(8)-N(3)-O(7)	124.2(2)
O(8)-N(3)-C(12)	117.8(2)
O(7)-N(3)-C(12)	118.0(2)
C(3)-O(1)-C(1)	107.6(2)
C(7)-O(4)-C(8)	116.3(2)

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Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

Table 4. Anisotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$ ) for egvk23. The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form:  $-2p^2 [ h^2 a^* a^* U^{11} + \dots + 2 h k a^* b^* U^{12} ]$

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{23}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{12}$
C(1)	44(2)	35(1)	46(1)	1(1)	1(1)	2(1)
C(2)	48(2)	37(1)	49(1)	-11(1)	-7(1)	-5(2)
C(3)	72(3)	55(2)	87(2)	-18(2)	21(2)	-24(2)
C(4)	34(2)	35(1)	39(1)	-4(1)	-1(1)	-4(1)
C(5)	31(2)	27(1)	37(1)	-1(1)	6(1)	1(1)
C(6)	44(2)	37(1)	36(1)	3(1)	4(1)	-2(1)
C(7)	36(2)	42(1)	45(1)	-6(1)	3(1)	0(1)
C(8)	46(2)	57(2)	98(2)	-4(2)	-6(2)	20(2)
C(9)	32(2)	29(1)	34(1)	1(1)	3(1)	4(1)
C(10)	33(2)	31(1)	34(1)	3(1)	4(1)	7(1)
C(11)	40(2)	27(1)	39(1)	-1(1)	-2(1)	2(1)
C(12)	31(2)	26(1)	48(1)	2(1)	-6(1)	-2(1)
C(13)	39(2)	51(1)	43(1)	3(1)	8(1)	-10(2)
C(14)	42(2)	45(1)	39(1)	-9(1)	5(1)	-6(1)
C(15)	55(2)	31(1)	33(1)	-2(1)	-2(1)	3(1)
C(16)	54(2)	35(1)	50(1)	-7(1)	8(2)	-1(2)
C(17)	57(2)	51(2)	72(2)	-4(2)	18(2)	-3(2)
C(18)	84(3)	58(2)	63(2)	-2(2)	24(2)	18(2)
C(19)	116(4)	52(2)	54(2)	-22(2)	-5(2)	28(2)
C(20)	77(3)	51(2)	55(2)	-20(1)	-20(2)	10(2)
N(1)	40(1)	29(1)	36(1)	-6(1)	1(1)	3(1)
N(2)	45(2)	28(1)	42(1)	-1(1)	10(1)	6(1)
N(3)	40(2)	36(1)	58(1)	7(1)	-9(1)	-4(1)
O(1)	93(2)	46(1)	69(1)	-11(1)	26(1)	-29(1)
O(2)	65(1)	44(1)	37(1)	2(1)	-4(1)	1(1)
O(3)	36(1)	56(1)	69(1)	-3(1)	4(1)	-10(1)
O(4)	38(1)	39(1)	72(1)	7(1)	1(1)	7(1)
O(5)	51(1)	56(1)	64(1)	-16(1)	25(1)	-14(1)
O(6)	64(1)	60(1)	34(1)	-4(1)	5(1)	12(1)
O(7)	61(2)	31(1)	80(1)	-9(1)	-2(1)	2(1)
O(8)	38(1)	56(1)	94(1)	-7(1)	6(1)	-12(1)

Table 5. Hydrogen coordinates ( $\times 10^4$ ) and isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$ )  
for egvk23.

	x	y	z	U(eq)
H(1)	7799	5233	509	50
H(2)	9249	5369	2161	53
H(3A)	9082	7383	1223	86
H(3B)	10429	6736	1508	86
H(6A)	9909	3649	145	47
H(6B)	8357	3288	30	47
H(8A)	12199	-411	867	100
H(8B)	11877	-746	1598	100
H(8C)	12595	633	1415	100
H(11)	7363	-1265	-248	42
H(13)	5491	-283	1422	53
H(14)	7040	1449	1586	50
H(16)	5993	5307	1568	55
H(17)	4125	6466	1980	72
H(18)	4432	8237	2703	82
H(19)	6611	8861	3009	89
H(20)	8487	7720	2600	73

Table 1. Crystal data and structure refinement for **14**.

Identification code	egvk22		
Empirical formula	C <sub>20</sub> H <sub>17</sub> N <sub>3</sub> O <sub>8</sub>		
Formula weight	427.37		
Temperature	293(2) K		
Wavelength	0.71073 Å		
Crystal system	Monoclinic		
Space group	P 1 21 1		
Unit cell dimensions	a = 6.8966(12) Å	α= 90°.	
	b = 11.252(2) Å	β= 103.09(2)°	
	c = 12.799(4) Å	γ = 90°.	
Volume	967.4(4) Å <sup>3</sup>		
Z	2		
Density (calculated)	1.467 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Absorption coefficient	0.116 mm <sup>-1</sup>		
F(000)	444		
Crystal size	0.42 x 0.32 x 0.14 mm <sup>3</sup>		
Theta range for data collection	3.03 to 26.37°.		
Index ranges	-8<=h<=8, -13<=k<=14, -15<=l<=15		
Reflections collected	4448		
Independent reflections	3445 [R(int) = 0.0239]		
Completeness to theta = 26.37°	99.9 %		
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents		
Max. and min. transmission	0.9840 and 0.9530		
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>		
Data / restraints / parameters	3445 / 1 / 281		
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	0.856		
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0446, wR2 = 0.0737		
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0968, wR2 = 0.0854		
Absolute structure parameter	0.3(13)		
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.134 and -0.142 e.Å <sup>-3</sup>		

Table 2. Atomic coordinates ( $\times 10^4$ ) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$ ) for egvk22. U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized  $U^{ij}$  tensor.

	x	y	z	U(eq)
C(1)	1729(5)	10335(3)	4806(3)	48(1)
C(2)	-443(4)	9277(3)	3351(3)	44(1)
C(3)	-1106(5)	10552(3)	3448(3)	60(1)
C(4)	3034(5)	9035(3)	3548(3)	42(1)
C(5)	2075(4)	8425(3)	2469(3)	41(1)
C(6)	-122(4)	8855(3)	2269(3)	52(1)
C(7)	3306(5)	8918(3)	1725(3)	51(1)
C(8)	4162(6)	10688(4)	942(3)	82(1)
C(9)	2216(4)	7088(3)	2554(3)	38(1)
C(10)	1897(5)	6302(3)	1679(3)	47(1)
C(11)	2021(4)	5097(3)	1798(3)	56(1)
C(12)	2464(5)	4630(3)	2817(4)	53(1)
C(13)	2794(5)	5325(3)	3703(3)	54(1)
C(14)	2666(4)	6552(3)	3560(3)	47(1)
C(15)	2144(4)	9995(3)	5961(3)	44(1)
C(16)	2057(5)	8835(3)	6307(3)	52(1)
C(17)	2463(5)	8569(3)	7390(3)	64(1)
C(18)	2922(5)	9446(4)	8149(3)	64(1)
C(19)	3002(5)	10608(4)	7811(3)	60(1)
C(20)	2628(4)	10880(3)	6732(3)	51(1)
N(1)	1562(3)	9353(2)	4040(2)	41(1)
N(2)	1392(5)	6739(3)	567(3)	65(1)
N(3)	2567(5)	3323(3)	2943(4)	79(1)
O(1)	-211(3)	10874(2)	4530(2)	63(1)
O(2)	4800(3)	9205(2)	3890(2)	60(1)
O(3)	4603(4)	8379(2)	1438(2)	72(1)
O(4)	2877(3)	10045(2)	1493(2)	62(1)
O(5)	1911(4)	6145(3)	-120(2)	98(1)
O(6)	457(4)	7670(3)	374(2)	82(1)
O(7)	2237(5)	2725(3)	2142(3)	120(1)
O(8)	2987(5)	2941(3)	3851(4)	114(1)

Table 3. Bond lengths [ $\text{\AA}$ ] and angles [ $^\circ$ ] for egvk22.

C(1)-O(1)	1.439(4)
C(1)-N(1)	1.465(4)
C(1)-C(15)	1.490(4)
C(1)-H(1)	0.9800
C(2)-N(1)	1.465(3)
C(2)-C(3)	1.520(4)
C(2)-C(6)	1.527(4)
C(2)-H(2)	0.9800
C(3)-O(1)	1.429(4)
C(3)-H(3B)	0.9700
C(3)-H(3A)	0.9700
C(4)-O(2)	1.212(3)
C(4)-N(1)	1.358(4)
C(4)-C(5)	1.550(4)
C(5)-C(9)	1.510(4)
C(5)-C(7)	1.517(4)
C(5)-C(6)	1.556(4)
C(6)-H(6B)	0.9700
C(6)-H(6A)	0.9700
C(7)-O(3)	1.205(4)
C(7)-O(4)	1.321(4)
C(8)-O(4)	1.446(4)
C(8)-H(8A)	0.9600
C(8)-H(8C)	0.9600
C(8)-H(8B)	0.9600
C(9)-C(14)	1.391(4)
C(9)-C(10)	1.404(4)
C(10)-C(11)	1.364(5)
C(10)-N(2)	1.471(5)
C(11)-C(12)	1.375(5)
C(11)-H(11)	0.9300
C(12)-C(13)	1.354(5)
C(12)-N(3)	1.479(5)
C(13)-C(14)	1.393(4)
C(13)-H(13)	0.9300
C(14)-H(14)	0.9300
C(15)-C(16)	1.384(4)

C(15)-C(20)	1.389(5)
C(16)-C(17)	1.383(5)
C(16)-H(16)	0.9300
C(17)-C(18)	1.371(5)
C(17)-H(17)	0.9300
C(18)-C(19)	1.383(5)
C(18)-H(18)	0.9300
C(19)-C(20)	1.380(5)
C(19)-H(19)	0.9300
C(20)-H(20)	0.9300
N(2)-O(5)	1.221(4)
N(2)-O(6)	1.226(4)
N(3)-O(7)	1.204(4)
N(3)-O(8)	1.212(4)
O(1)-C(1)-N(1)	103.1(3)
O(1)-C(1)-C(15)	108.1(3)
N(1)-C(1)-C(15)	116.1(3)
O(1)-C(1)-H(1)	109.8
N(1)-C(1)-H(1)	109.8
C(15)-C(1)-H(1)	109.8
N(1)-C(2)-C(3)	99.0(2)
N(1)-C(2)-C(6)	104.6(2)
C(3)-C(2)-C(6)	118.4(3)
N(1)-C(2)-H(2)	111.3
C(3)-C(2)-H(2)	111.3
C(6)-C(2)-H(2)	111.3
O(1)-C(3)-C(2)	104.3(3)
O(1)-C(3)-H(3B)	110.9
C(2)-C(3)-H(3B)	110.9
O(1)-C(3)-H(3A)	110.9
C(2)-C(3)-H(3A)	110.9
H(3B)-C(3)-H(3A)	108.9
O(2)-C(4)-N(1)	125.9(3)
O(2)-C(4)-C(5)	125.6(3)
N(1)-C(4)-C(5)	108.5(3)
C(9)-C(5)-C(7)	111.9(3)
C(9)-C(5)-C(4)	111.7(3)
C(7)-C(5)-C(4)	102.2(3)

C(9)-C(5)-C(6)	111.5(3)
C(7)-C(5)-C(6)	116.5(3)
C(4)-C(5)-C(6)	102.3(3)
C(2)-C(6)-C(5)	106.4(2)
C(2)-C(6)-H(6B)	110.4
C(5)-C(6)-H(6B)	110.4
C(2)-C(6)-H(6A)	110.4
C(5)-C(6)-H(6A)	110.4
H(6B)-C(6)-H(6A)	108.6
O(3)-C(7)-O(4)	124.0(3)
O(3)-C(7)-C(5)	124.6(3)
O(4)-C(7)-C(5)	111.3(3)
O(4)-C(8)-H(8A)	109.5
O(4)-C(8)-H(8C)	109.5
H(8A)-C(8)-H(8C)	109.5
O(4)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.5
H(8A)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.5
H(8C)-C(8)-H(8B)	109.5
C(14)-C(9)-C(10)	115.3(3)
C(14)-C(9)-C(5)	119.7(3)
C(10)-C(9)-C(5)	125.0(3)
C(11)-C(10)-C(9)	122.8(3)
C(11)-C(10)-N(2)	115.8(3)
C(9)-C(10)-N(2)	121.4(3)
C(10)-C(11)-C(12)	118.7(4)
C(10)-C(11)-H(11)	120.6
C(12)-C(11)-H(11)	120.6
C(13)-C(12)-C(11)	122.2(3)
C(13)-C(12)-N(3)	119.2(4)
C(11)-C(12)-N(3)	118.6(4)
C(12)-C(13)-C(14)	117.9(4)
C(12)-C(13)-H(13)	121.0
C(14)-C(13)-H(13)	121.0
C(9)-C(14)-C(13)	123.1(4)
C(9)-C(14)-H(14)	118.5
C(13)-C(14)-H(14)	118.5
C(16)-C(15)-C(20)	118.0(3)
C(16)-C(15)-C(1)	123.2(3)
C(20)-C(15)-C(1)	118.9(3)

C(17)-C(16)-C(15)	120.8(3)
C(17)-C(16)-H(16)	119.6
C(15)-C(16)-H(16)	119.6
C(18)-C(17)-C(16)	121.1(4)
C(18)-C(17)-H(17)	119.5
C(16)-C(17)-H(17)	119.5
C(17)-C(18)-C(19)	118.6(4)
C(17)-C(18)-H(18)	120.7
C(19)-C(18)-H(18)	120.7
C(20)-C(19)-C(18)	120.8(4)
C(20)-C(19)-H(19)	119.6
C(18)-C(19)-H(19)	119.6
C(19)-C(20)-C(15)	120.8(4)
C(19)-C(20)-H(20)	119.6
C(15)-C(20)-H(20)	119.6
C(4)-N(1)-C(2)	114.1(3)
C(4)-N(1)-C(1)	123.8(3)
C(2)-N(1)-C(1)	111.6(2)
O(5)-N(2)-O(6)	123.3(4)
O(5)-N(2)-C(10)	118.0(4)
O(6)-N(2)-C(10)	118.6(3)
O(7)-N(3)-O(8)	125.2(4)
O(7)-N(3)-C(12)	117.9(5)
O(8)-N(3)-C(12)	116.9(4)
C(3)-O(1)-C(1)	107.7(2)
C(7)-O(4)-C(8)	117.3(3)

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Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

Table 4. Anisotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$ ) for egvk22. The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form:  $-2\alpha^2 [ h^2 a^* a^* U_{11} + \dots + 2 h k a^* b^* U_{12} ]$

	$U_{11}$	$U_{22}$	$U_{33}$	$U_{23}$	$U_{13}$	$U_{12}$
C(1)	46(2)	32(2)	74(3)	-8(2)	27(2)	-2(2)
C(2)	35(2)	36(2)	65(2)	0(2)	18(2)	1(2)
C(3)	55(2)	43(2)	87(3)	12(2)	25(2)	17(2)
C(4)	42(2)	41(2)	46(2)	0(2)	15(2)	1(2)
C(5)	36(2)	39(2)	51(2)	5(2)	15(2)	4(2)
C(6)	42(2)	48(2)	63(3)	2(2)	8(2)	4(2)
C(7)	57(2)	48(2)	49(2)	2(2)	15(2)	-2(2)
C(8)	119(3)	68(3)	65(3)	10(2)	33(3)	-28(3)
C(9)	31(2)	38(2)	45(2)	1(2)	11(2)	2(2)
C(10)	41(2)	50(2)	50(3)	-2(2)	13(2)	4(2)
C(11)	40(2)	49(2)	82(3)	-13(2)	16(2)	-1(2)
C(12)	44(2)	32(2)	85(3)	4(2)	21(2)	-1(2)
C(13)	46(2)	45(2)	75(3)	16(2)	23(2)	1(2)
C(14)	44(2)	43(2)	56(3)	-1(2)	16(2)	2(2)
C(15)	41(2)	38(2)	57(3)	-7(2)	20(2)	-3(2)
C(16)	60(2)	37(2)	60(3)	-8(2)	17(2)	-7(2)
C(17)	75(3)	47(2)	68(3)	1(2)	13(2)	-7(2)
C(18)	69(2)	60(3)	61(3)	-6(2)	14(2)	-10(2)
C(19)	53(2)	58(3)	73(3)	-18(2)	20(2)	-5(2)
C(20)	46(2)	36(2)	76(3)	-12(2)	24(2)	-2(2)
N(1)	38(1)	36(2)	51(2)	-3(1)	13(1)	3(1)
N(2)	61(2)	74(3)	58(3)	-13(2)	11(2)	1(2)
N(3)	62(2)	50(3)	125(4)	-1(3)	23(3)	-6(2)
O(1)	74(2)	48(2)	71(2)	-1(2)	24(1)	22(1)
O(2)	35(1)	75(2)	70(2)	-15(2)	15(1)	-1(1)
O(3)	80(2)	60(2)	93(2)	9(2)	58(2)	7(1)
O(4)	78(2)	45(2)	67(2)	11(1)	26(1)	-2(1)
O(5)	126(3)	107(3)	68(2)	-21(2)	35(2)	18(2)
O(6)	99(2)	78(2)	61(2)	-2(2)	3(1)	29(2)
O(7)	152(3)	51(2)	154(4)	-26(2)	26(2)	-4(2)
O(8)	147(3)	55(2)	139(4)	32(2)	29(3)	1(2)

Table 5. Hydrogen coordinates ( $\times 10^4$ ) and isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$ )  
for egvk22.

	x	y	z	U(eq)
H(1)	2734	10902	4687	58
H(2)	-1274	8717	3642	53
H(3B)	-643	11064	2945	72
H(3A)	-2546	10603	3314	72
H(6B)	-354	9501	1753	62
H(6A)	-1027	8210	1993	62
H(8A)	4743	10143	523	123
H(8C)	5197	11074	1457	123
H(8B)	3397	11273	478	123
H(11)	1810	4602	1201	68
H(13)	3097	4993	4387	65
H(14)	2892	7035	4165	56
H(16)	1721	8228	5806	62
H(17)	2424	7782	7606	76
H(18)	3175	9263	8876	76
H(19)	3310	11214	8316	72
H(20)	2701	11666	6520	61