

Probing the acceptor substrate binding site of *Trypanosoma cruzi* trans-sialidase with systematically modified substrates and glycoside libraries

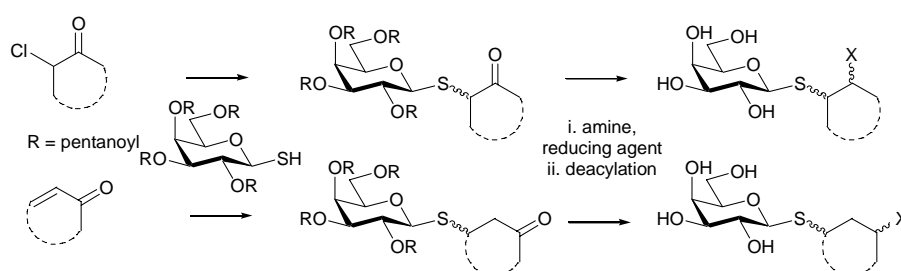
Jennifer A. Harrison,^a K. P. Ravindranathan Kartha,^b Eric J. L. Fournier,^c Todd L. Lowary,^c Carles Malet,^c Ulf J. Nilsson,^d Ole Hindsgaul,^{c,e} Sergio Schenkman,^f James H. Naismith^a and Robert A. Field^{g,*}

Electronic supplementary information

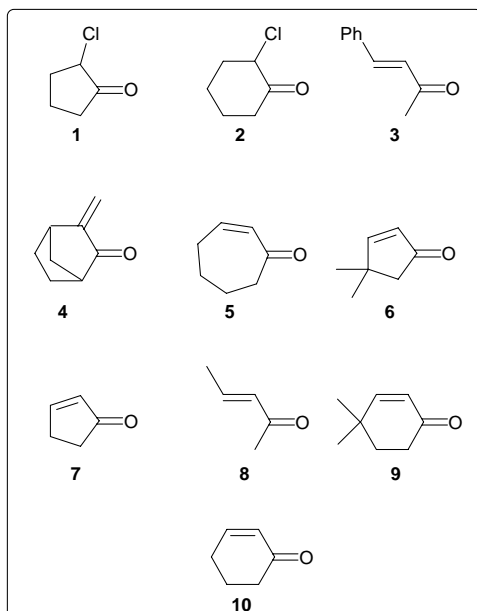
β -Thiogalactoside library information – for experimental details see:

(a) U. J. Nilsson, E. J. L. Fournier and O. Hindsgaul, *Bioorg. Med. Chem.*, 1998, **6**, 1563-1575

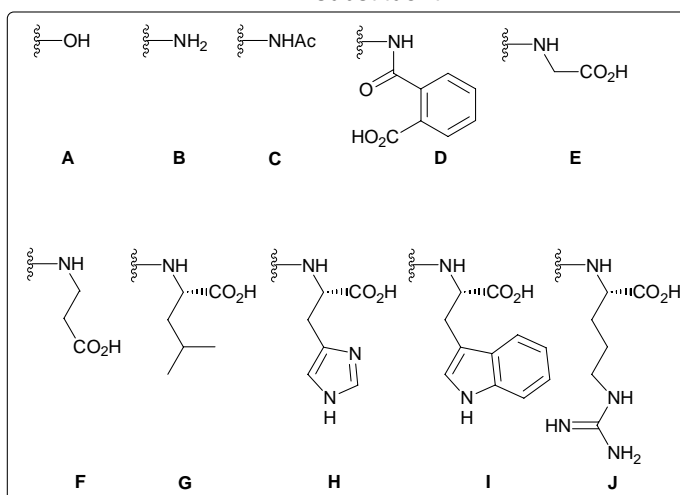
(b) U. J. Nilsson, E. J. L. Fournier, E. J. Fryz and O. Hindsgaul, *Combi. Chem. High Throughput Screen.*, 1999, **2**, 335-352.



Ketone reactant



X substituent



For A entries the ketone intermediate was reduced.

For C and D entries, the ketone intermediate was reductively aminated with ammonia and subsequently *N*-acylated.