

Electronic Supporting Information (ESI)

A Formal [3+3]-Annulation-based Approach to Pancratistatins: Total Synthesis of (+/-)-7-Deoxy-pancratistatin and its 2-*epi* and 2,4-di-*epi* analogues

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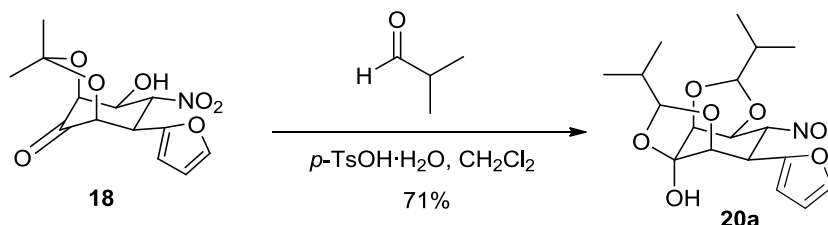
General Remarks

Solvents for moisture-sensitive reactions were distilled and dried according to standard procedures. Anhydrous Na_2SO_4 was used to dry organic solutions during workups. Reagents were purchased in the highest available commercial quality and used as supplied except where noted. Reactions were monitored by TLC with pre-coated silica gel 60 F254 aluminum plates (Merck KGaA, Darmstadt) using UV light as the visualizing agent and by dipping the plate into a solution of $(\text{NH}_4)_6\text{Mo}_7\text{O}_{24} \cdot 4 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (12.5 g) and $\text{Ce}(\text{SO}_4)_2 \cdot 4 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ (5 g) in 10% aqueous H_2SO_4 (500 mL), followed by heating. Flash column chromatography was performed with silica gel (0.035-0.070 mm, 60 Å) from Merck. Concentrations were carried out in a rotary evaporator. ^1H , ^{13}C , DEPT and 2D NMR were recorded using either Bruker DPX-250, AMX-300 and WM-500 spectrometers, or Varian Mercury 300 and Inova 400 spectrometers, as indicated; chemical shifts are reported in ppm and coupling constants in Hz; multiplicities are given as follows: s (singlet), br s (broad singlet), br d (broad doublet), d (doublet), t (triplet), and m (multiplet). Mass spectra were recorded on Micromass Autospec, TRACE MS and HP-5988-A spectrometers using Electronic Impact (EI, 70 eV), Electrospray (ESI) or Chemical Ionization (CI). IR spectra were recorded on BIO RAD FTS135 and MATTSON CYGNUS-100 spectrometers. Melting points were determined on a Büchi apparatus (Dr. Tottoli, Flawil, Switzerland).

Experimental procedures

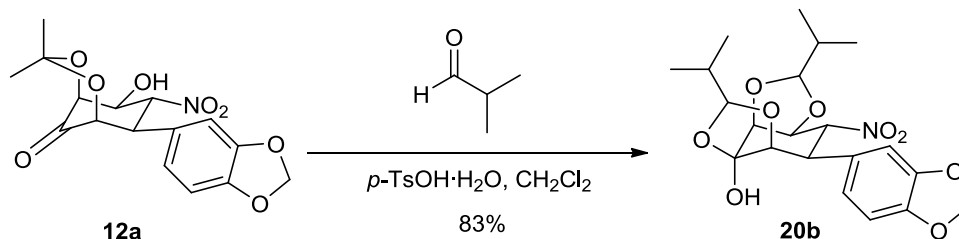
Re face-Reduction at C2: MODEL STUDIES on **18** and PRELIMINARY STUDIES with **12a**

Nitrocompound (+/-)-**20a**.



Isobutyraldehyde (550 μL , 6.05 mmol) and $p\text{-TsOH}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (13 mg, 0.07 mmol) were added to a solution of **18**¹ (100 mg, 0.34 mmol), in dry CH_2Cl_2 (2.5 mL) under argon. After stirring for 1.5 h at rt, the pH of the mixture was adjusted to 7 by adding Et_3N and the volatiles were evaporated in vacuo. Chromatography (silica gel, 15% EtOAc/hexane) gave **20a** (91 mg, 71%) as a yellow oil: $R_f = 0.44$ (30% EtOAc/hexane); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 400 MHz) δ : 7.33 (dd, $J = 1.8, 0.8$ Hz, 1H), 6.37-6.29 (m, 2H), 5.21 (dd, $J = 12.5, 7.7$ Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, $J = 5.3$ Hz, 1H), 4.80-4.72 (m, 2H), 4.39 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, $J = 3.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.59 (dd, $J = 12.5, 3.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.28 (s, 1H), 2.05-1.92 (m, 2H), 1.10-0.96 (m, 12H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 100 MHz) δ : 147.3, 142.6, 110.8, 110.2, 109.4, 107.3, 101.8, 85.0, 80.4, 77.6, 76.6, 40.6, 31.6, 31.6, 17.3, 17.3, 17.1, 17.0; LRMS (CI) m/z (%): 384.2 $[(\text{M}+\text{H})^+]$, 5], 366.2 (25), 193.0 (100); HRMS [CI, $(\text{M}+\text{H})^+$] m/z : calc. for $(\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{26}\text{NO}_8)$: 384.1658, found: 384.1658.

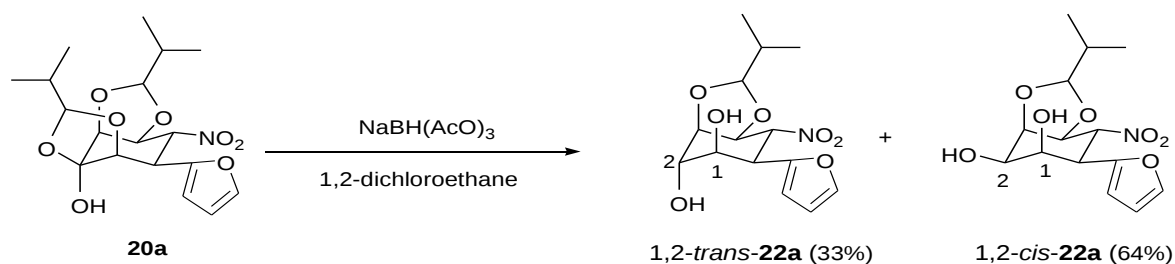
Nitrocompound (+/-)-**20b**.



¹ A multigram-scale detailed preparation of **18** from furfural, including a timetable, is described in the experimental section and the supporting information of: F. Cagide-Fagin and R. Alonso, *Eur. J. Org. Chem.*, 2010, **35**, 6741-6747.

Treatment of **12a**² (300 mg, 0.85 mmol) under the same conditions reported to convert **18** into **20a**, afforded **20b** (310 mg, 83%) as a white solid: R_f = 0.43 (30% EtOAc/hexane); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ 6.80 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.77-6.61 (m, 2H), 5.93 (s, 2H), 5.27 (dd, J = 12.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.85-4.68 (m, 2H), 4.42 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.25 (dd, J = 12.5, 3.2 Hz, 2H), 2.06-1.94 (m, 2H), 1.10-0.97 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 147.8 (2C), 127.0, 123.0, 110.2, 109.5, 108.4, 107.3, 101.9, 101.3, 86.2, 82.2, 78.2, 77.0, 46.2, 31.7, 31.6, 17.5, 17.3 (2C), 17.0; LRMS (CI) m/z (%): 437.2 (M^+ , 3); HRMS (CI, M^+) m/z : calc. for (C₂₁H₂₇NO₉): 438.1764, found: 438.1761.

Diols (+/-)-**22a**.



A solution of **20a** (100 mg, 0.26 mmol) in dry 1,2-dichloroethane (1 mL) was added to a solution of NaBH(AcO)₃ (221 mg, 1.04 mmol) in the same solvent (4 mL) under argon. After stirring for 24 h at 45 °C, the solution was quenched with 30% aqueous hydrogen peroxide (106 μ L), neutralized with 5% aqueous KOH (pH = 7) and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 x 1 mL). Chromatography (20% EtOAc/hexane) afforded **1,2-trans-22a** [27 mg, 33%, R_f = 0.30 (40% EtOAc/hexane)] and **1,2-cis-22a** [52.65 mg, 64%, R_f = 0.23 (40% EtOAc/hexane)] as white solids.

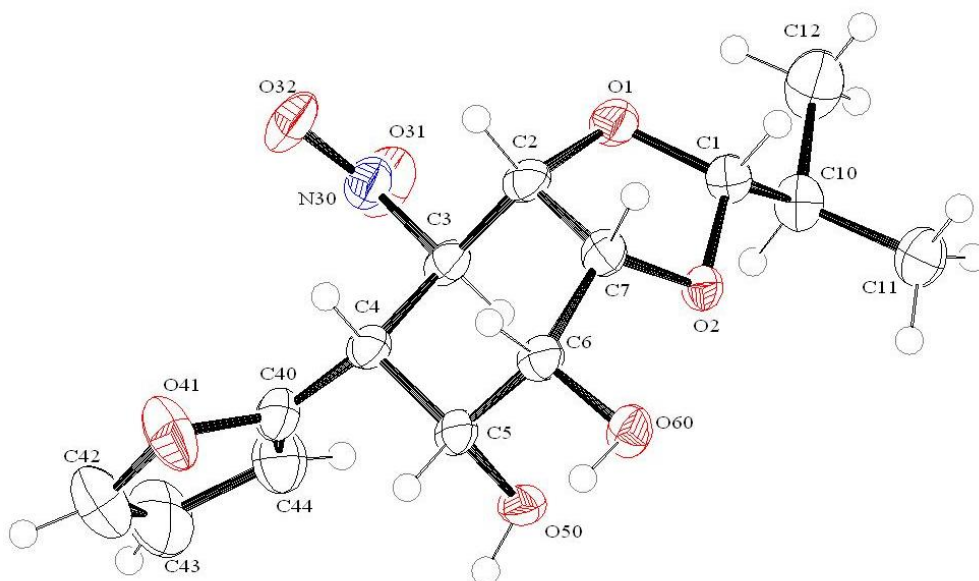
1,2-trans-22a: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 250 MHz) δ : 7.39 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.38 – 6.22 (m, 2H), 5.06 (dd, J = 12.2, 8.5 Hz, 1H), 4.85-4.72 (m, 2H), 4.52-4.38 (m, 1H), 4.33-4.22 (m, 1H), 4.20-4.12 (m, 1H), 3.84 (dd, J = 12.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 2.20 (m, 1H), 2.02-1.85 (m, 1H), 1.07-0.97 (m, 6H); ¹³C

² A detailed preparation procedure and full characterization data for **12a** can be found in: J. C. Ortiz, L. Ozores, F. Cagide-Fagin and R. Alonso, *Chem. Comm.*, 2006, 4239-4241

NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 143.0, 110.8, 109.7, 109.0, 88.0, 79.9, 75.0, 72.4, 68.5, 39.3, 32.1, 17.0, 16.7;
 LRMS (CI) m/z (%): 314.2 [(M+H)⁺, 40], 267.2 (27), 249.2 (11); HRMS [CI, (M+H)⁺] m/z: calc. for (C₁₄H₂₀NO₇): 314.1239, found: 314.1227.

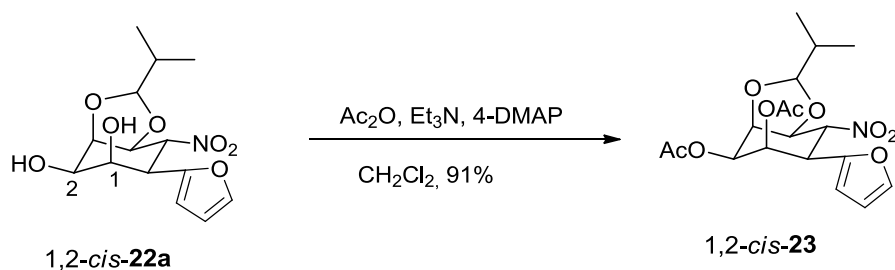
1,2-*cis*-22a: ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ : 7.36 (dd, *J* = 4.9, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 6.37-6.23 (m, 2H), 5.07 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.32-4.24 (m, 1H), 4.08-3.97 (m, 1H), 3.36 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 2.61 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.02-1.91 (m, 1H), 1.07-0.9; (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ : 149.1, 142.8, 110.6, 109.9, 108.5, 87.0, 78.1, 75.9, 71.1, 68.4, 41.6, 31.9, 16.9, 16.5; LRMS (CI) m/z (%): 314.2 [(M+H)⁺, 100], 267.2 (40), 249.2 (37); HRMS [CI, (M+H)⁺] m/z: calc. for (C₁₄H₂₀NO₇): 314.1239, found: 314.1239.

X Ray for 1,2-*cis*-22a



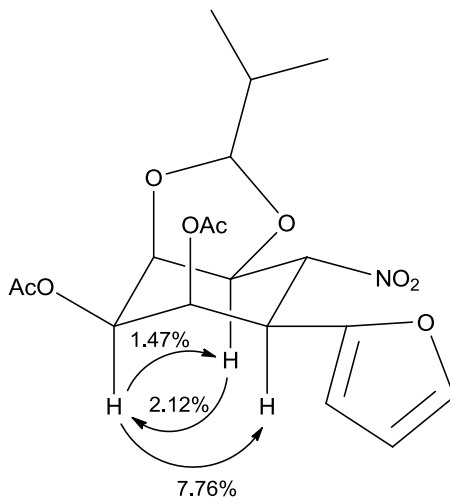
Compound reference	1,2- <i>cis</i> -22a	Temperature/K	90(2)
Chemical formula	C ₁₄ H ₁₉ NO ₇	Space group	<i>P</i> 1,
Formula Mass	313.30	No. of formula units per unit cell, <i>Z</i>	2
Crystal system	Triclinic	No. of reflections measured	8754
<i>a</i> /Å	13.063(2)	No. of independent reflections	8754
<i>b</i> /Å	13.707(2)	<i>R</i> _{int}	0.0000
<i>c</i> /Å	13.950(2)	Final <i>R</i> _i values (<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>))	0.0501
<i>α</i> /°	99.713(2)	Final <i>wR</i> (<i>F</i> ²) values (<i>I</i> > 2σ(<i>I</i>))	0.1423
<i>β</i> /°	99.524(2)	Final <i>R</i> _i values (all data)	0.1024
<i>γ</i> /°	99.393(2)	Final <i>wR</i> (<i>F</i> ²) values (all data)	0.1755
Unit cell volume/Å ³	2380.8(7)		

Acetate (+/-)-23.

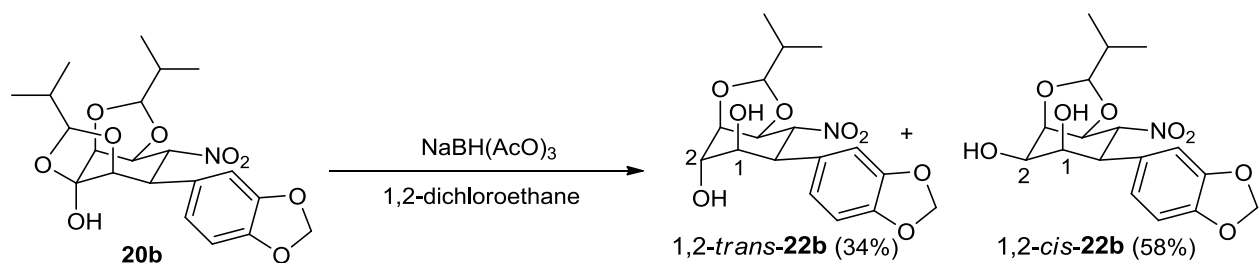


To a solution of the diol 1,2-*cis*-22a (10 mg, 0.032 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL) under argon, Et₃N (22 μL, 0.16 mmol), Ac₂O (7.5 μL, 0.080 mmol) and 4-DMAP (1 mg, 0.006 mmol) were added. After stirring for 30 min at rt, the solution was neutralized with 0.1 M HCl_(aq) (0.8 mL) and extracted (CH₂Cl₂, 3 x 1 mL). Chromatography (30% EtOAc/hexane) gave 1,2-*cis*-23 (11 mg, 91%) as a yellow solid: *R*_f = 0.38 (30% EtOAc/hexane); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz) δ: 7.31 (dd, *J* = 1.8, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (dd, *J* = 3.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (dd, *J* = 3.3, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.56-5.53 (m, 1H), 5.36-5.25 (m, 1H), 5.11 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 8.4 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.46-4.37 (m, 1H), 3.63 (dd, *J* = 12.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 2.09-2.00 (m, 4H), 1.13-1.03 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz) δ: 170.1, 169.6, 147.5, 143.2, 110.6, 110.4, 108.6, 87.1, 76.0, 75.9, 68.6, 68.0, 40.0, 31.8, 20.8 (2C), 17.0, 16.3; LRMS (EI) *m/z* (%): 398.3 [(*M*+H)⁺, 3].

Selected NOE data for 1,2-*cis*-23

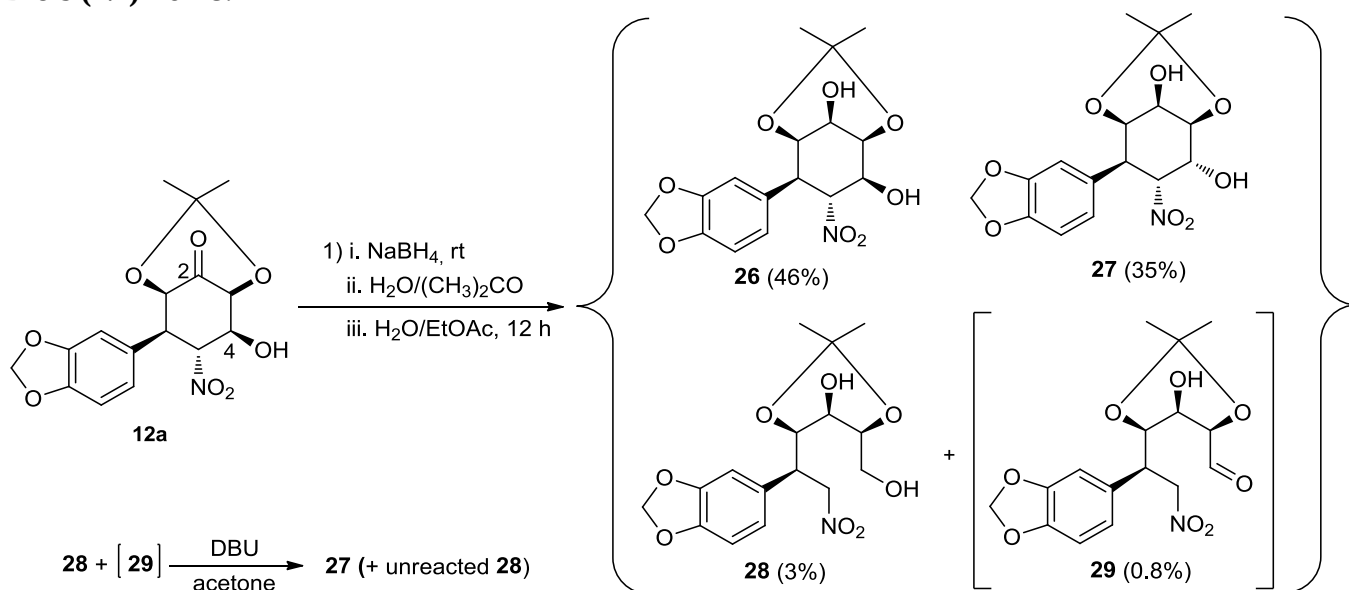


Diols (+/-)-22b.



Treatment of **20b** (30 mg, 0.07 mmol) with $\text{NaBH}(\text{AcO})_3$, as reported for **20a**, afforded a mixture of **1,2-trans-22b** (8.4 mg, 0.02 mmol, 34%) and **1,2-cis-22b** (14.5 mg, 0.04 mmol, 58%). Yields were determined by ^1H NMR integration with 1,4-dichlorobenzene as internal standard. ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 250 MHz) δ : 6.89 (s, 1H_{cis} , 1H_{trans}), 6.74 (s, 2H_{cis} , 2H_{trans}), 5.94 (s, 2H_{cis} , 2H_{trans}), 5.18-5.02 (m, 1H_{cis} , 1H_{trans}), 4.90-4.73 (m, 1H_{cis} , 2H_{trans}), 4.71-4.60 (m, 1H_{cis}), 4.50-4.35 (m, 1H_{cis} , 1H_{trans}), 4.31-4.24 (m, 1H_{trans}), 4.04 (br s, 2H_{cis}), 3.95 (br s, 1H_{trans}), 3.52 (dd, $J = 12.7, 2.0$ Hz, 1H_{trans}), 3.02 (br d, $J = 12.6$ Hz, 1H_{cis}), 2.08-1.88 (m, 1H_{cis} , 1H_{trans}), 1.11-0.97 (m, 6H_{cis} , 6H_{trans}).

Diols (+/-)-26-28.



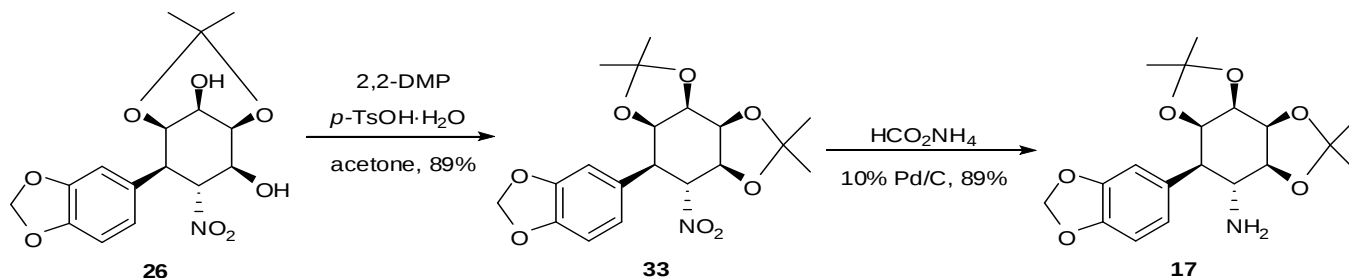
NaBH_4 (300 mg, 7.94 mmol) was added to a solution of **12a** (2.59 g, 7.38 mmol) in MeOH (50 mL) under argon and the mixture stirred for 15 min. A solution of H_2O /acetone (8:2, 50 mL) was then added. After stirring for 30 min, the volatiles were evaporated under vacuum, the crude dissolved in $\text{H}_2\text{O}/\text{EtOAc}$ (1:1,

100 mL), and the mixture stirred for 12 h at rt and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 30 mL). Chromatography (50% EtOAc/hexane) afforded **26** (1,195 g, 3.39 mmol, 46%, R_f = 0.36) and **27** (0.916 g, 2.59 mmol, 35%, R_f = 0.5) as white solids, and a mixture of **28** and putative aldehyde **29** (0.104 g, R_f = 0.28) in a 3:0.8 ratio. A mixture of **28** (10 mg, 0.03 mmol) and **29** (10 mg, 0.03 mmol) was dissolved in dry acetone (1 mL), treated with DBU (10 μ L, 0.07 mmol), stirred for 40 min, quenched with a saturated aqueous solution of NH_4Cl (5 mL) and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 x 5 mL). Chromatography (50% EtOAc/hexane) afforded **27** (10 mg, 100% from **29**) and unreacted **28** (10 mg) as white solids.

(+/-)-28: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.84 (dd, J = 1.5, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 6.78-6.71 (m, 2H), 5.94 (s, 2H), 4.85 (dd, J = 13.0, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (dd, J = 13.0, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (dd, J = 9.5, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (ddd, J = 9.5, 4.7, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 3.78-3.73 (m, 2H), 3.66 (td, J = 9.2, 3.7, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (dt, J = 9.2, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (d, J = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (t, J = 5.2, 1H), 1.44 (s, 3H), 1.41 (s, 3H), ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 148.0, 147.2, 132.0, 121.6, 108.5, 108.2, 101.1, 99.0, 77.0, 75.7, 73.2, 64.9, 62.4, 44.7, 29.0, 19.3.

Putative aldehyde intermediate (+/-)-29: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.67 (s, 1H), 6.96-6.70 (m, 3H), 5.95 (s, 2H), 4.80 (dd, J = 13.1, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (dd, J = 13.1, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 3.93 (dd, J = 9.5, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (ddd, J = 9.5, 5.3, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (dt, J = 9.5, 9.5, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.82 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.48 (s, 3H).

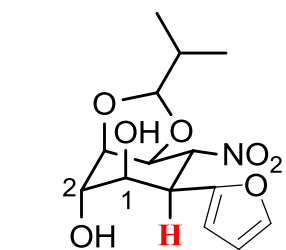
Amine (+/-)-17. B) From 12a in 3 steps ($12\text{a} \rightarrow 26 \rightarrow 33 \rightarrow 17$) and 74% overall yield (Scheme 5)³



³ Experimental details for the first step, the conversion of **12a** into **26**, are described in the experimental section of the article.

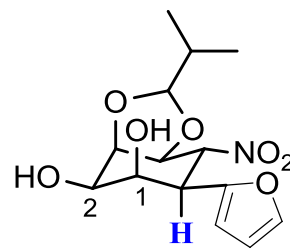
2,2-Dimethoxypropane (14 mL, 11.4 mmol) and *p*-TsOH.H₂O (544 mg, 2.86 mmol) were added to a solution of **26** (505 mg, 1.43 mmol) in distilled acetone (30 mL) at rt under argon. After stirring for 2 h, the pH was adjusted to 7 with a saturated aqueous solution of NaHCO₃ and Et₃N. Then, the solvent was partially concentrated and subsequently extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were dried and concentrated. Chromatography (silica gel, 20% EtOAc/hexane) afforded **33** (503 mg, 89%). Distilled MeOH (5 mL) was added to a mixture of **33** (223 mg, 0.57 mmol), 10% Pd/C (400 mg) and HCO₂NH₄ (429 mg, 6.80 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred for 18 h and filtered over a Celite pad washing with MeOH (2 x 10 mL). Volatiles were completely removed in vacuo and the residue was purified by flash chromatography (silica gel, MeOH/EtOAc 1:9), which afforded **17** (185 mg, 89 %).

(+/-)-**33**: mp = 201-202 °C (CH₂Cl₂/hexane); *R*_f = 0.54 (30% AcOEt/hexane); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.77 (s, 1H), 6.70 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.65 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 5.26 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.91 (s, 2H), 4.84 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (dd, *J* = 6.3, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.41 (dd, *J* = 6.3, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 1.62 (s, 3H), 1.57 (s, 3H), 1.36 (s, 3H), 1.30 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.6, 147.5, 127.5, 122.7, 111.6, 109.7, 109.4, 108.2, 101.1, 87.1, 77.3, 75.6, 73.4, 73.0, 46.1, 26.2, 26.2, 25.5, 23.9; LRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* (%): 394.1507 (*M*+1, 21), 245.0772 (34), 177.0542 (51), 149.0241 (100); HRMS (ESI-TOF, *M*+1) *m/z*: calc. for (C₁₉H₂₄NO₈): 394.1496, found: 394.1507.



(+/-)-1,2-*trans*-**22a**

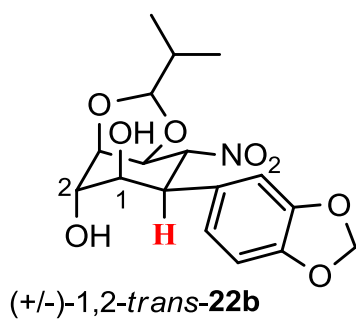
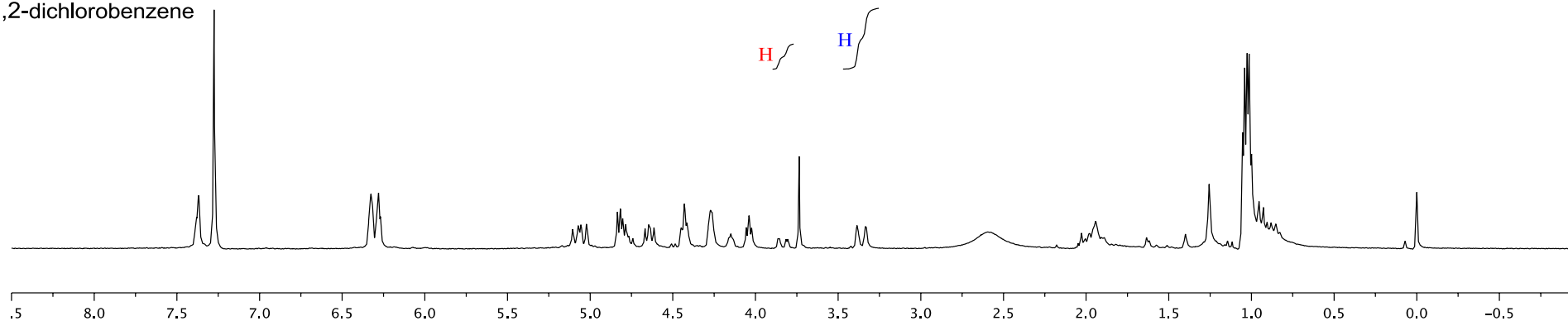
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(+/-)-1,2-*cis*-**22a**

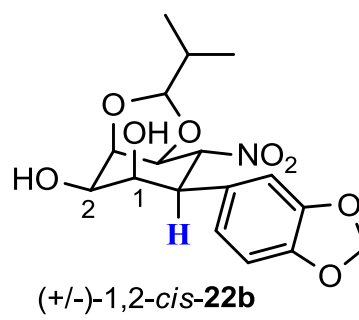


1,2-dichlorobenzene



(+/-)-1,2-*trans*-**22b**

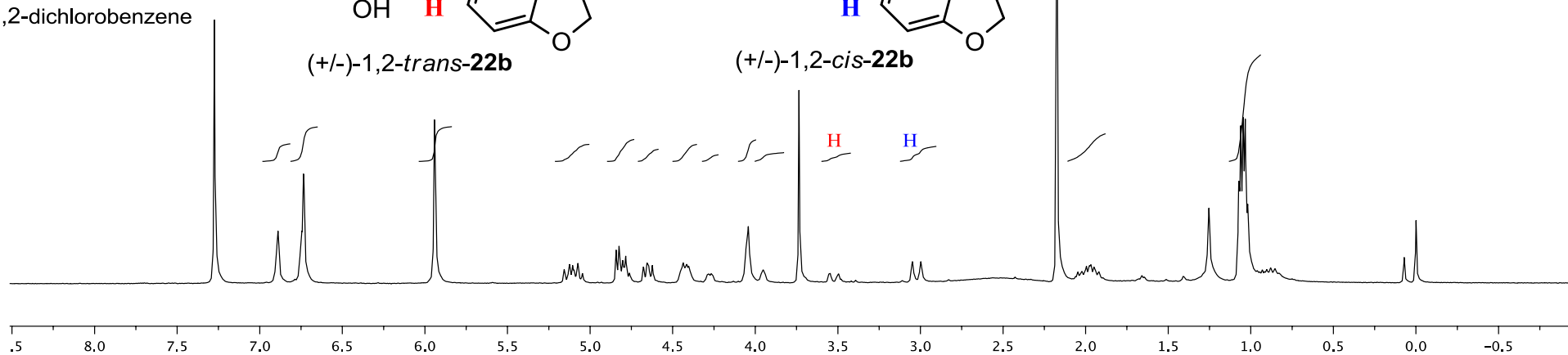
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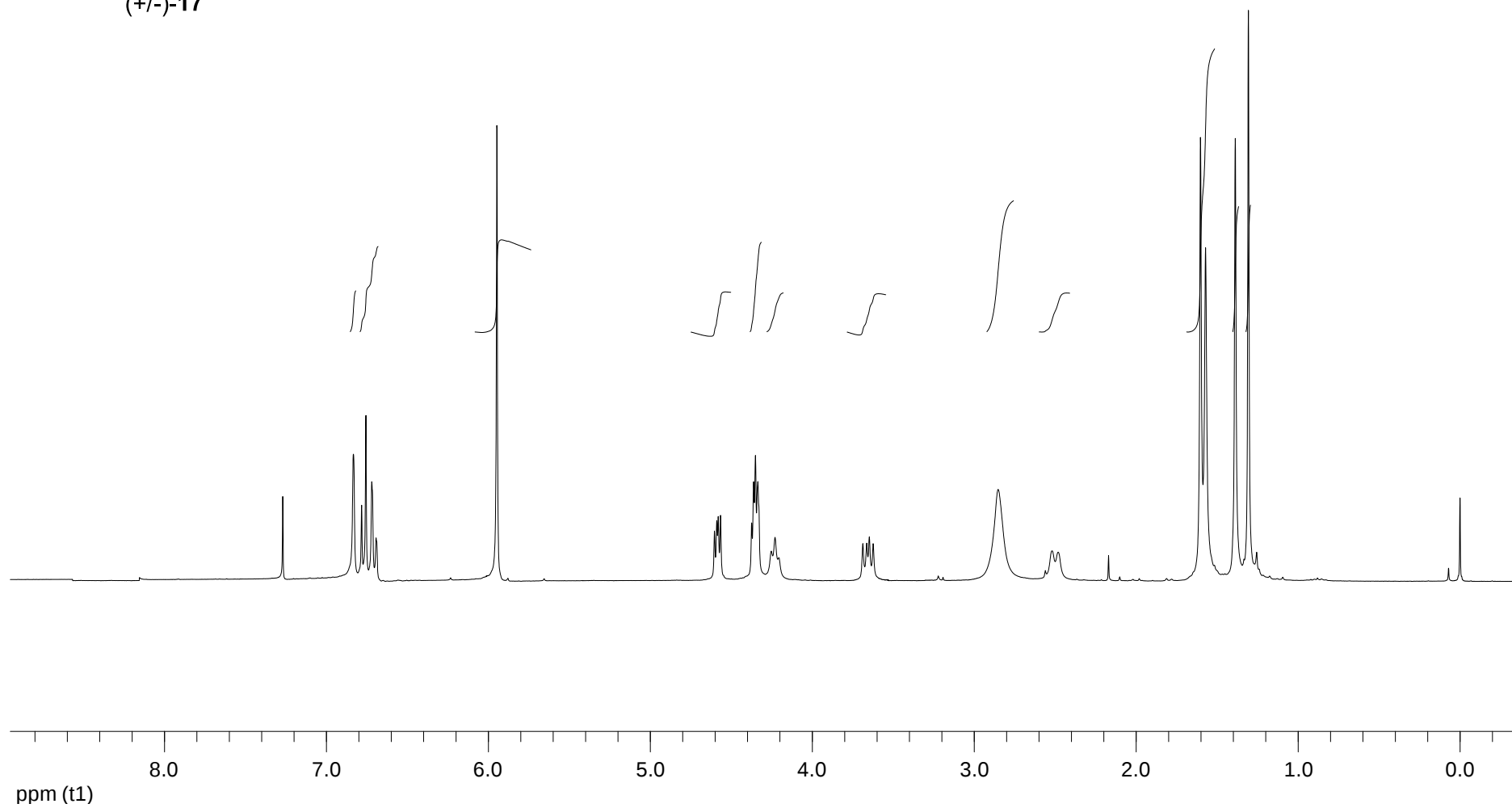
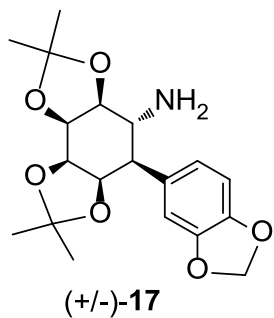


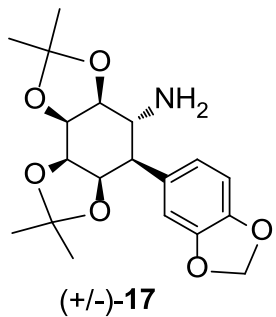
(+/-)-1,2-*cis*-**22b**



1,2-dichlorobenzene







147.6
146.8

130.5

123.4

110.1

109.9

109.0

108.2

100.9

81.3

76.0

73.7

73.0

49.6

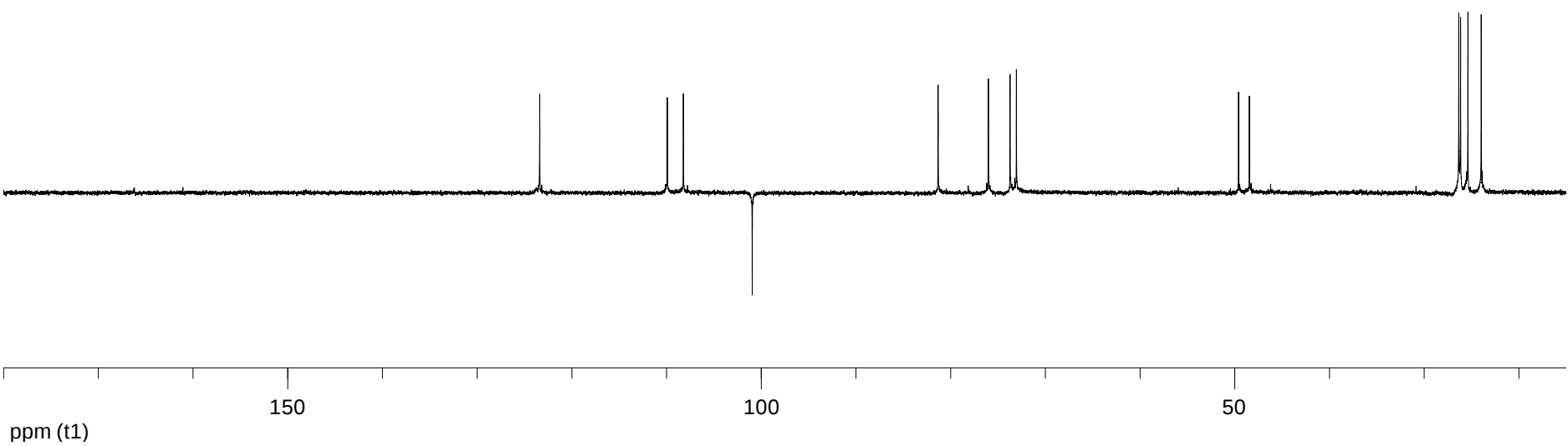
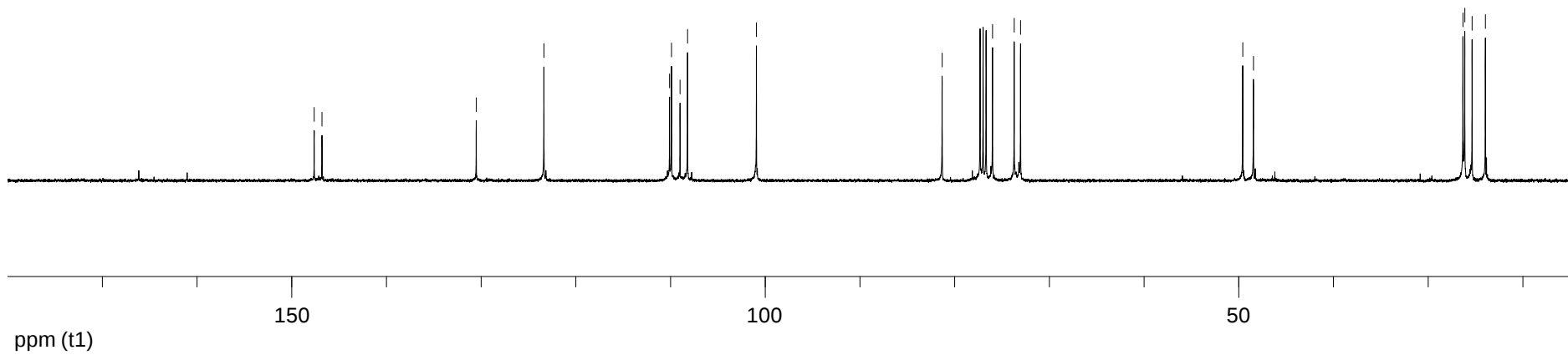
48.4

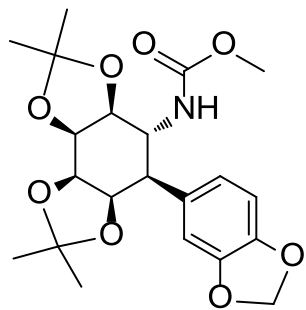
26.3

26.1

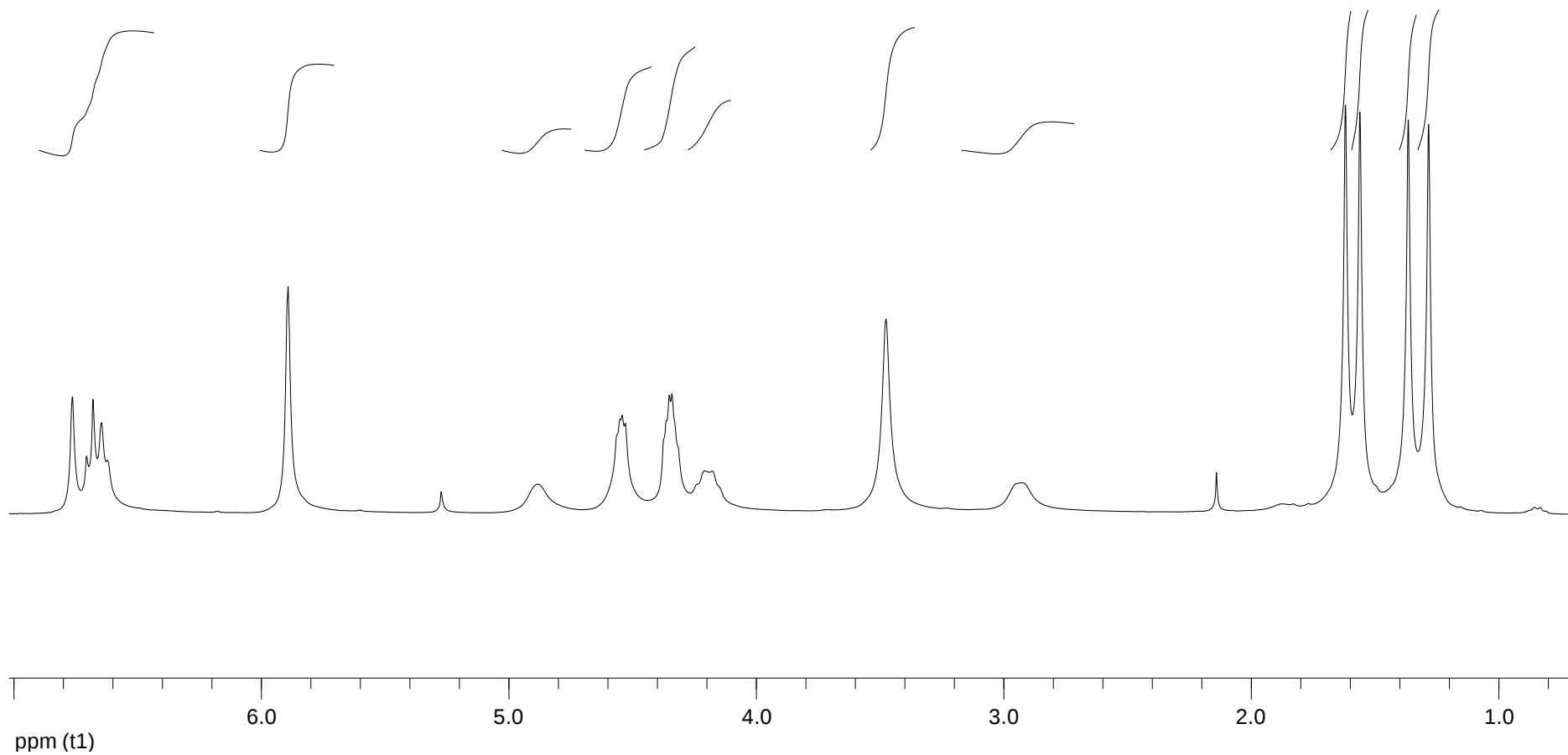
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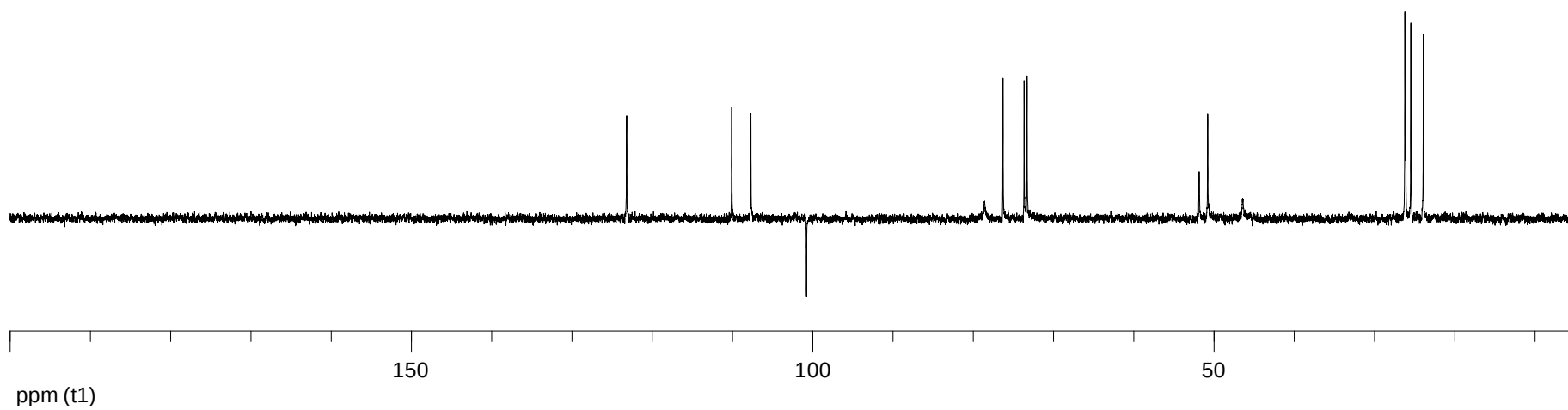
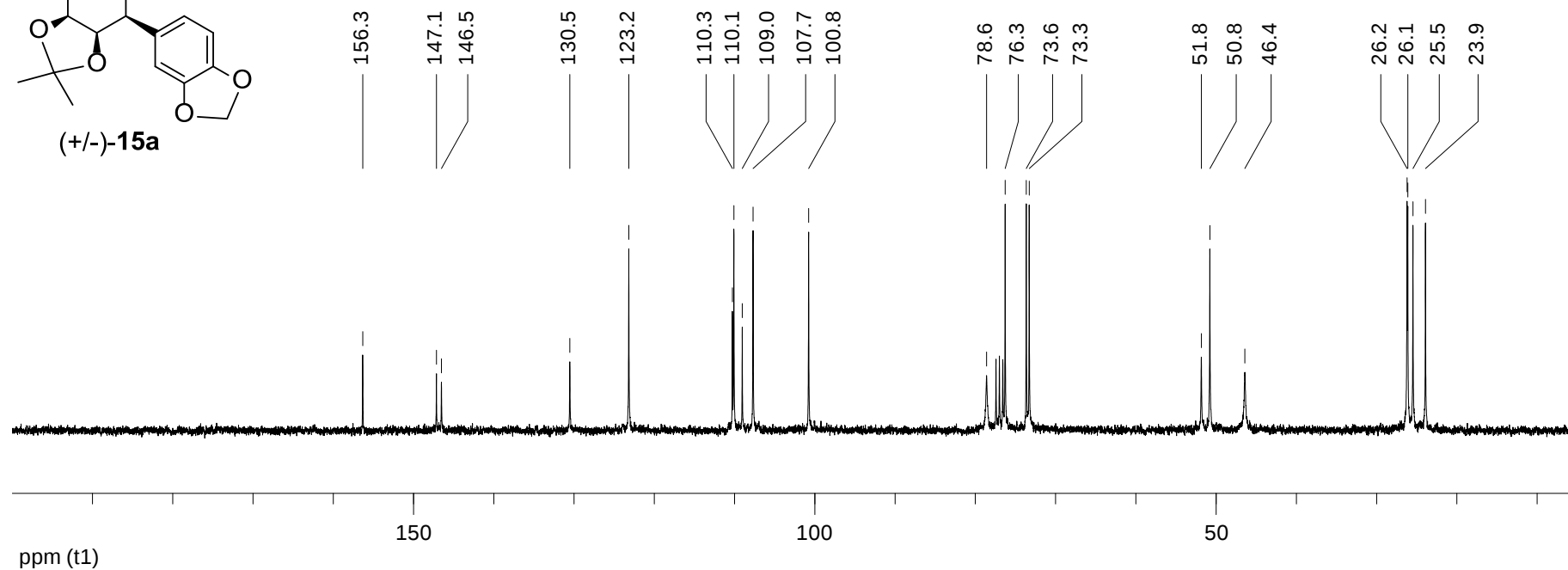
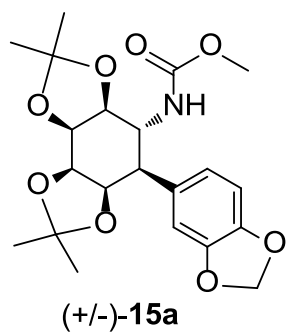
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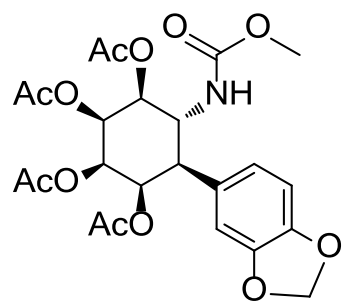




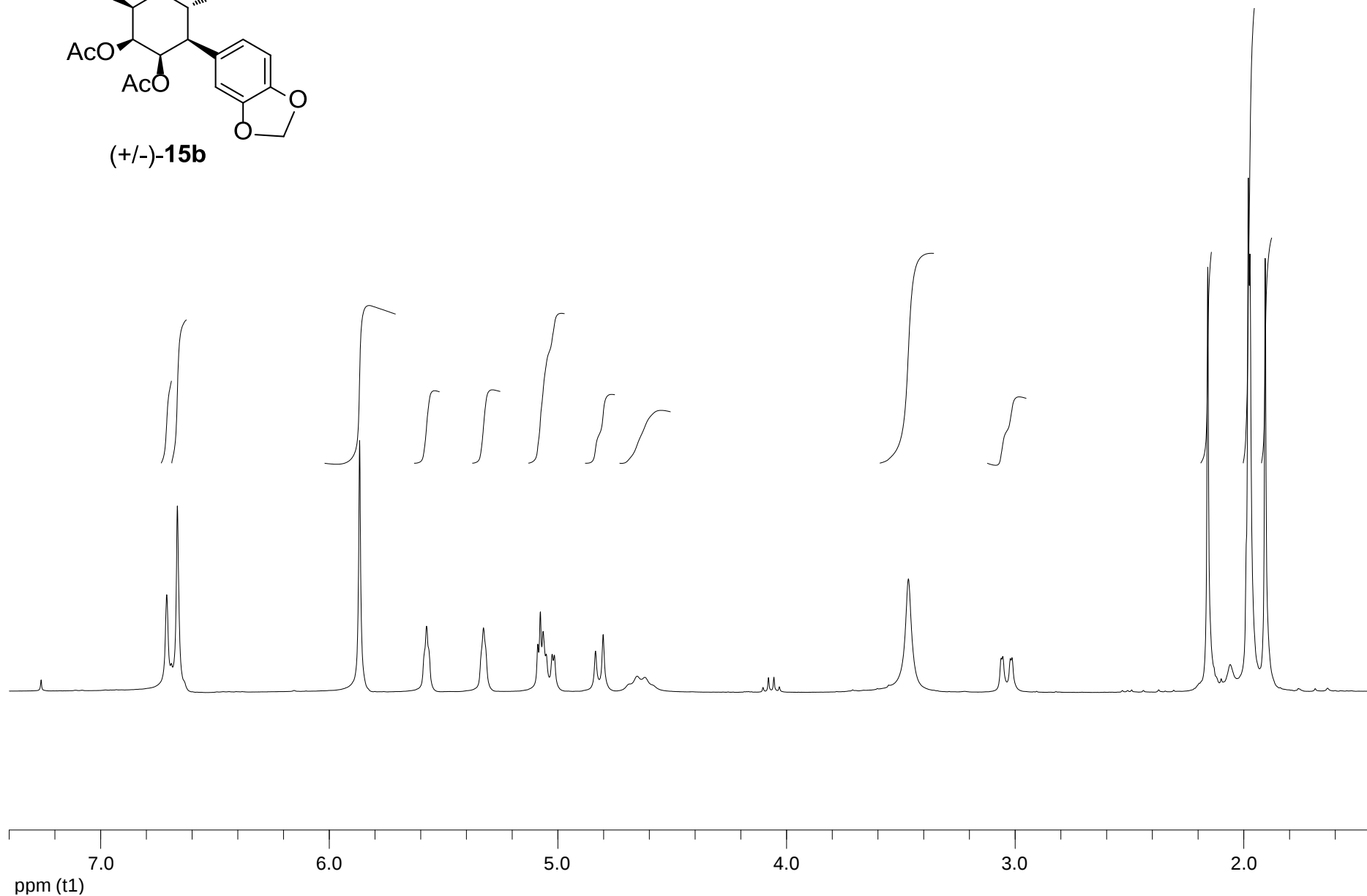
(+/-)-15a

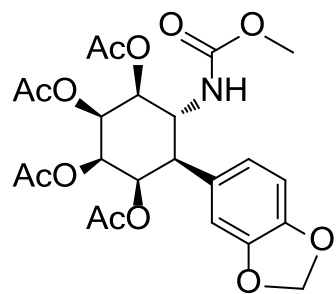




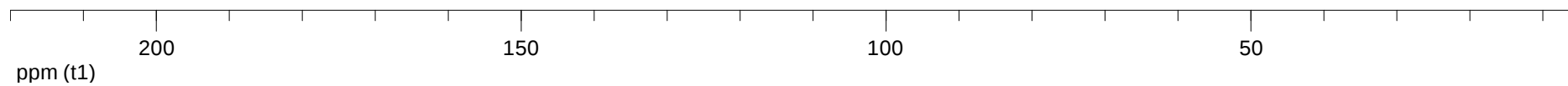
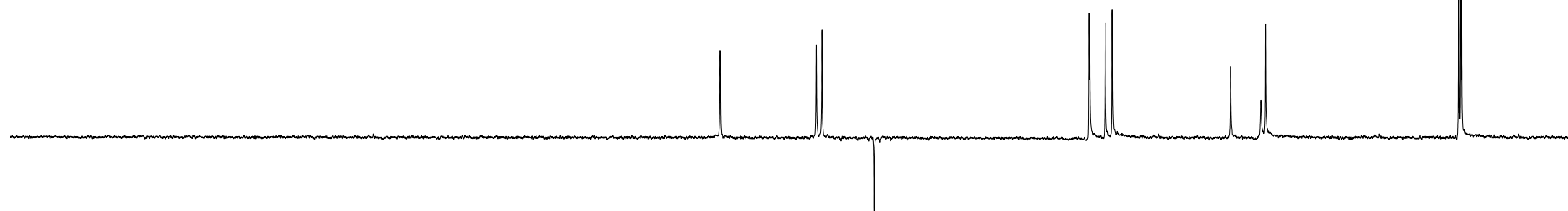
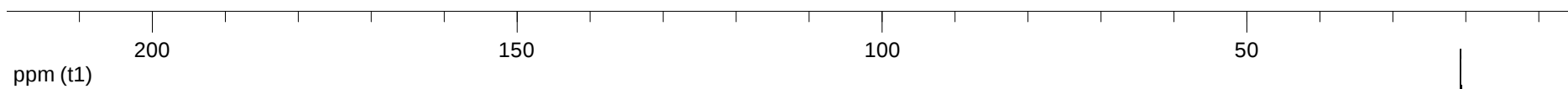
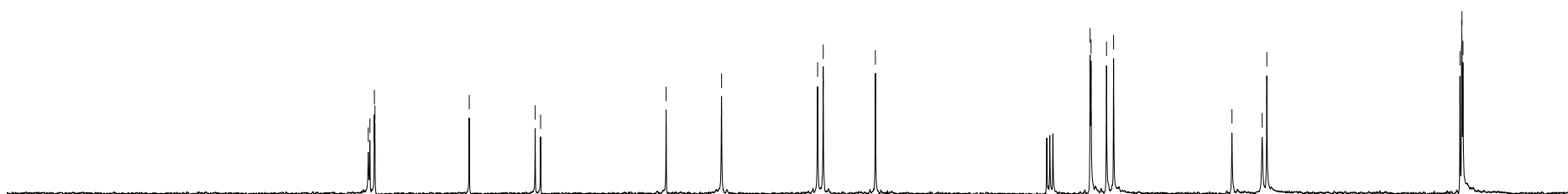
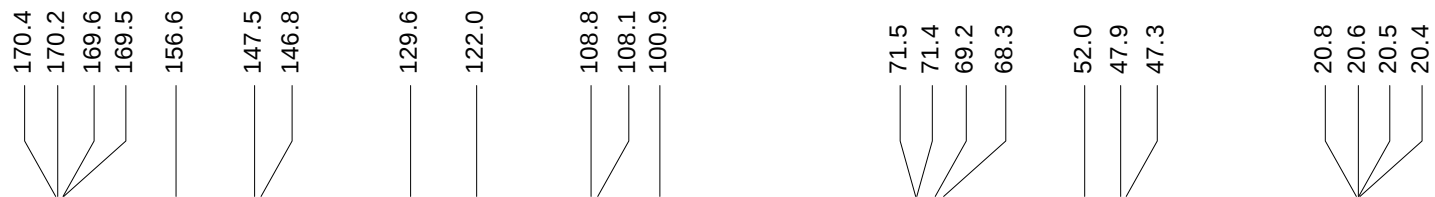


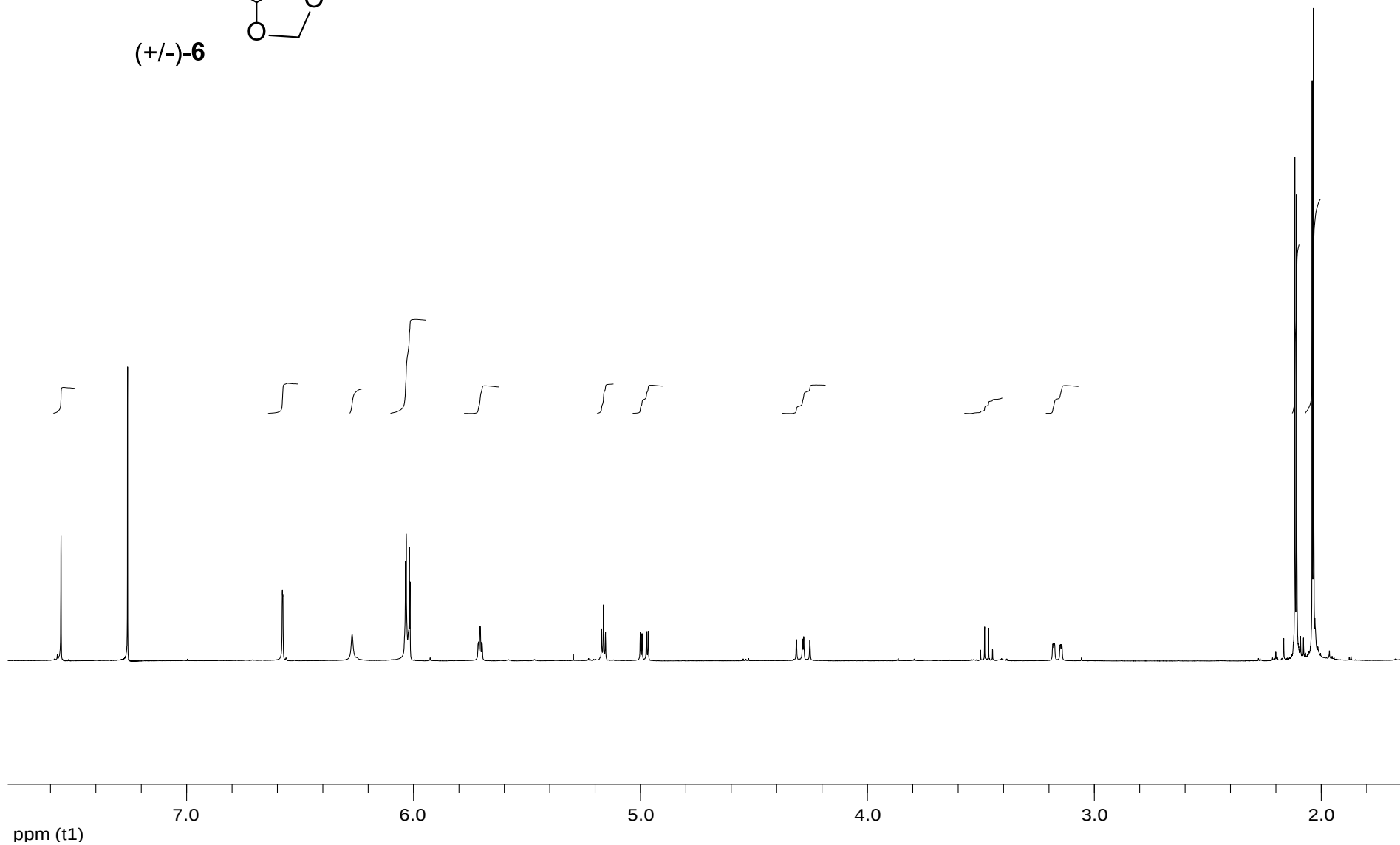
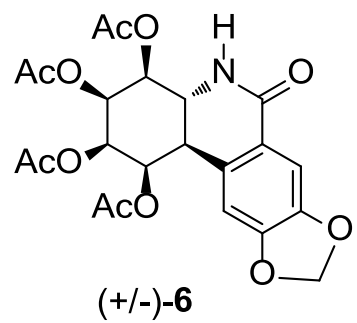
(+/-)-**15b**

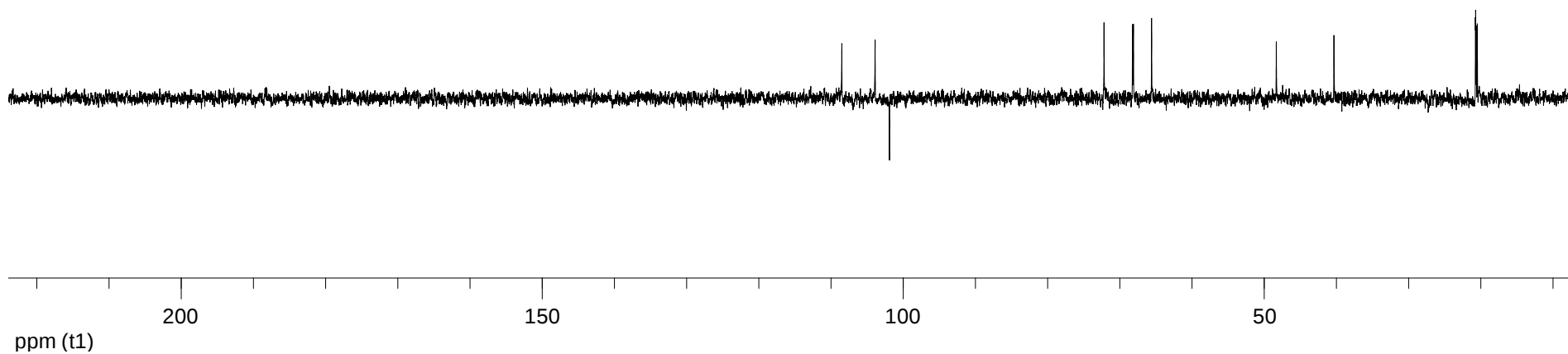
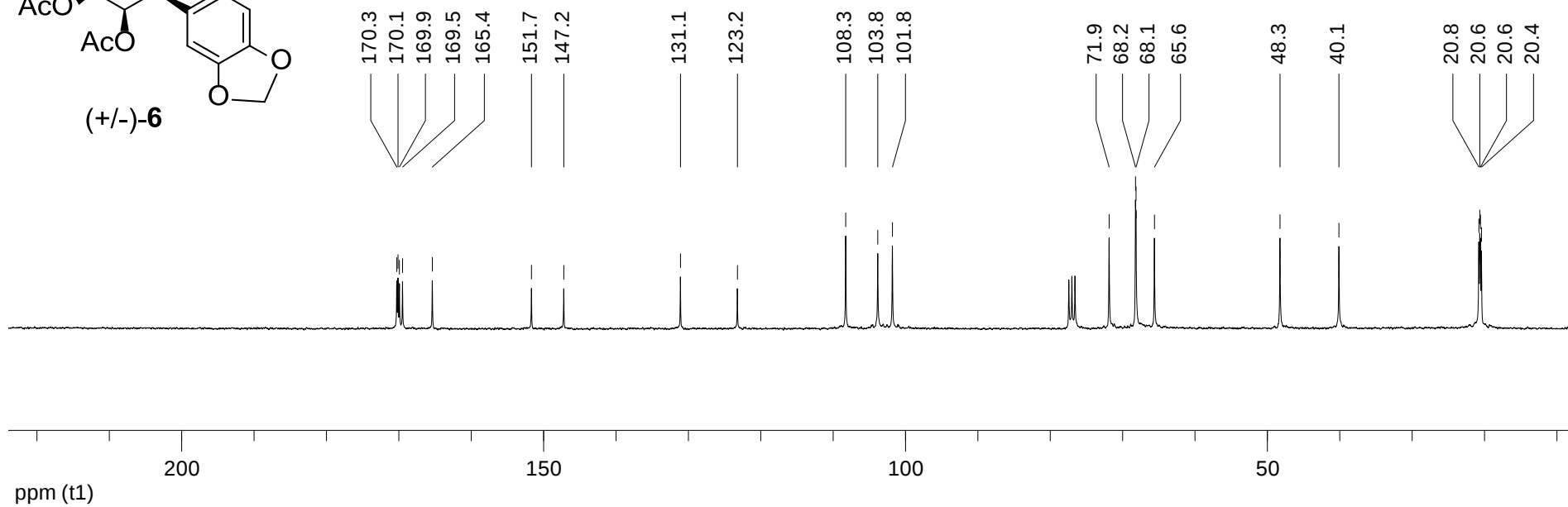
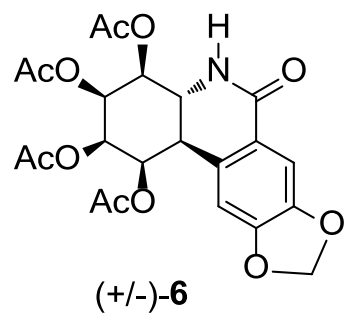


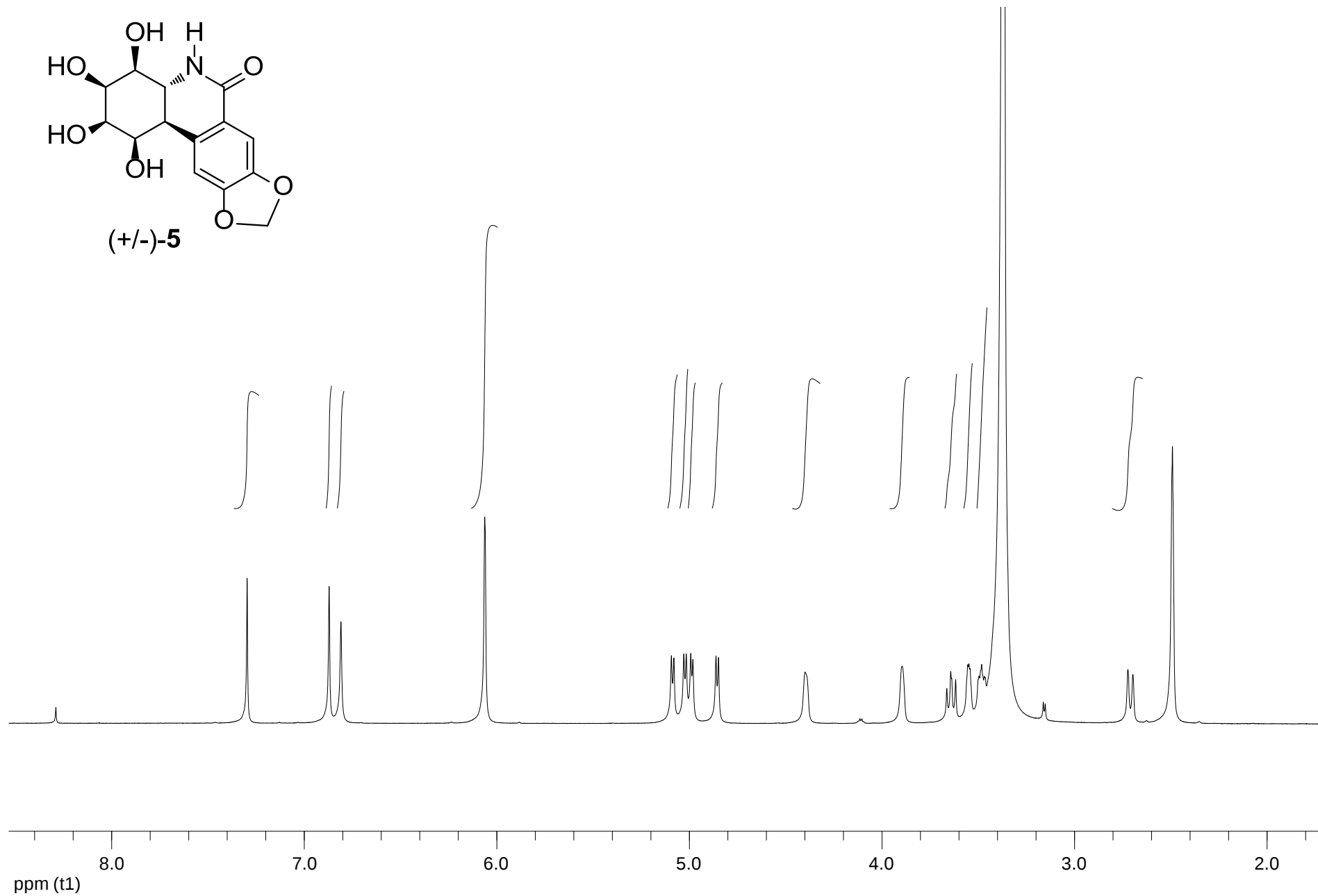
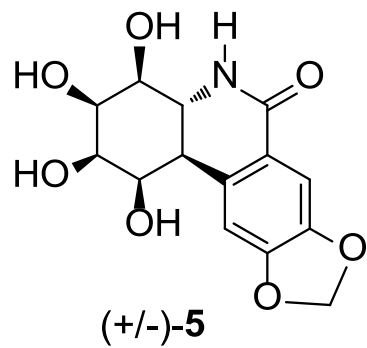


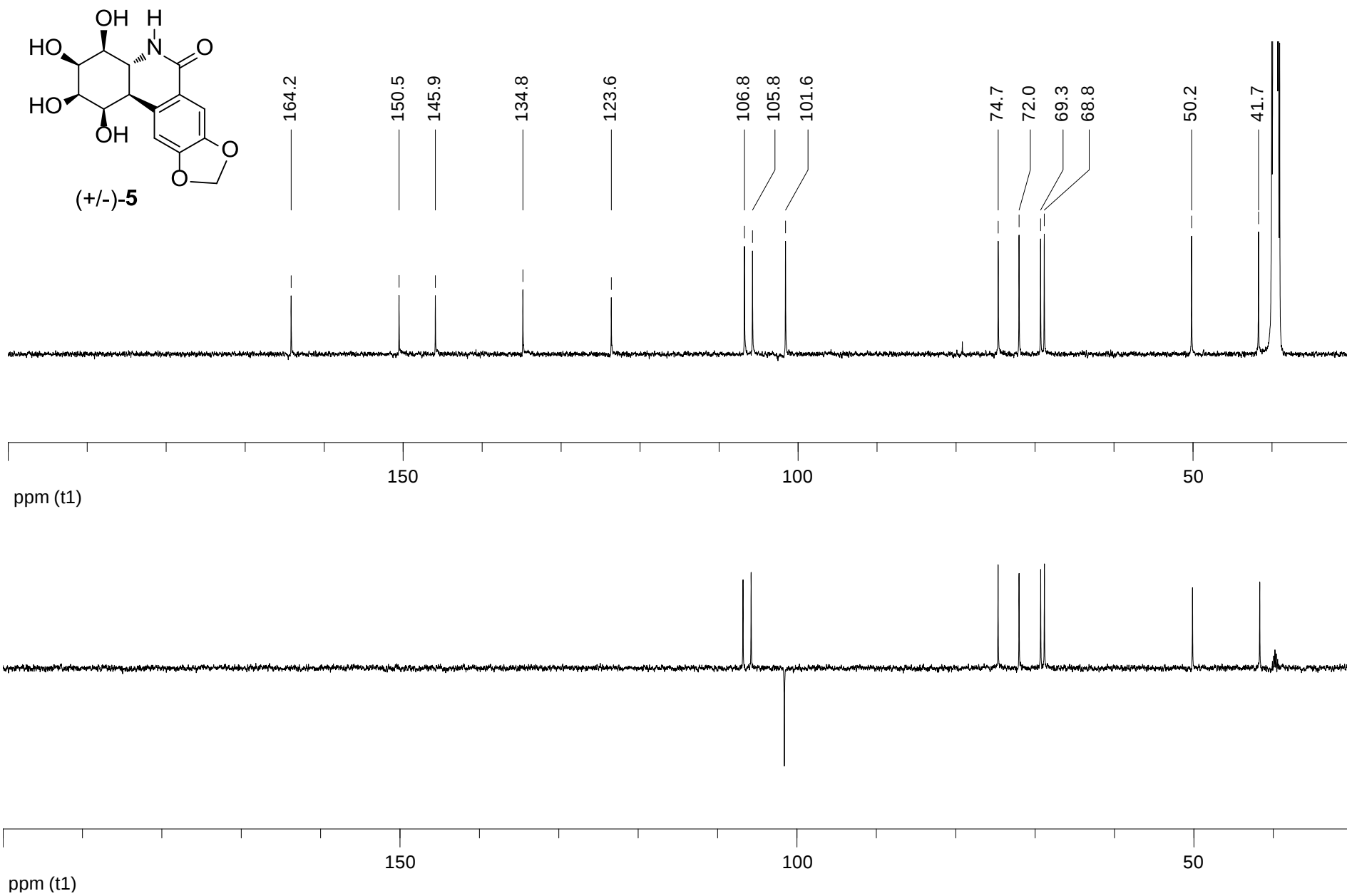
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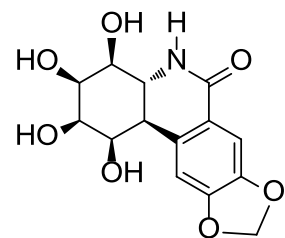




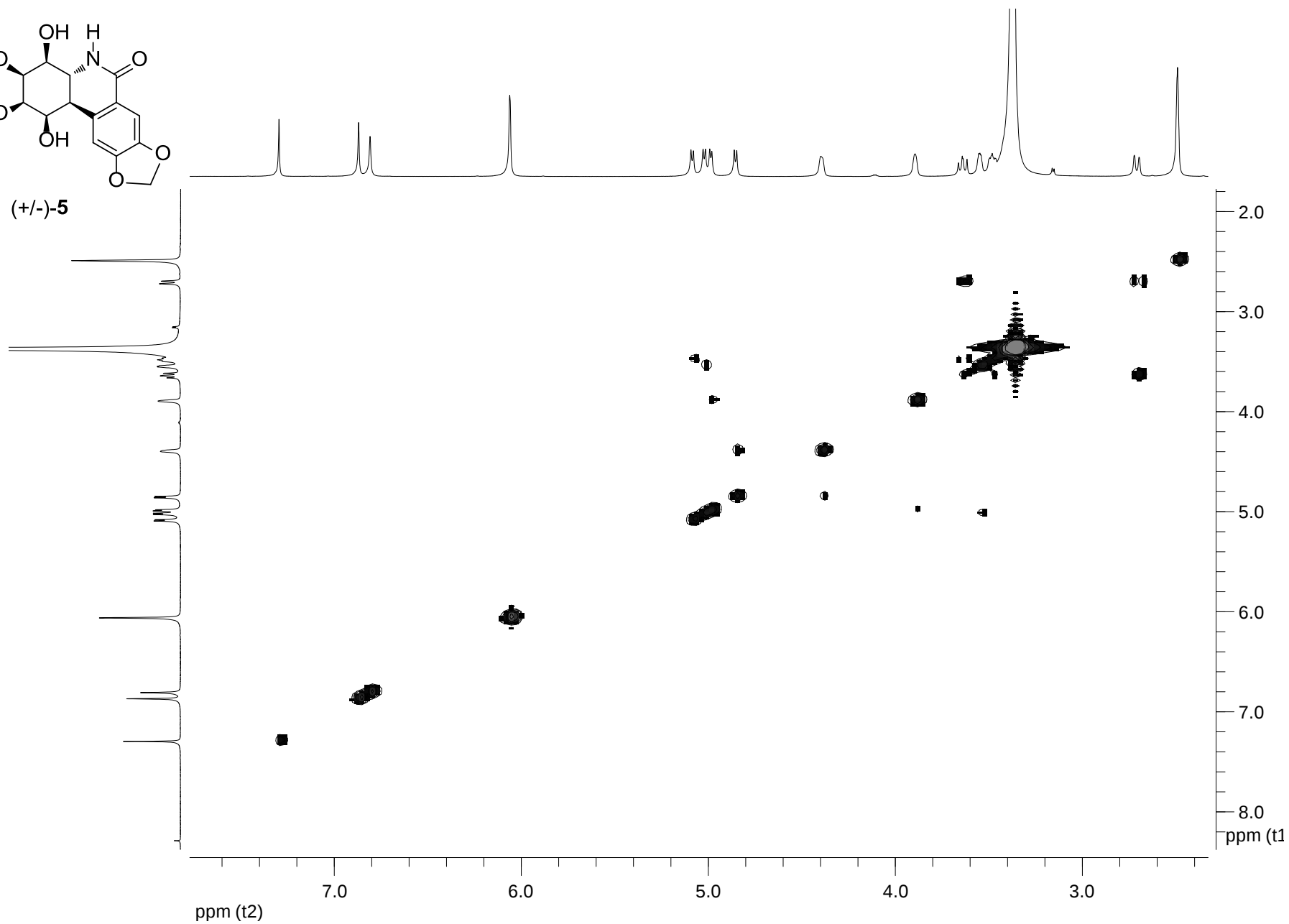


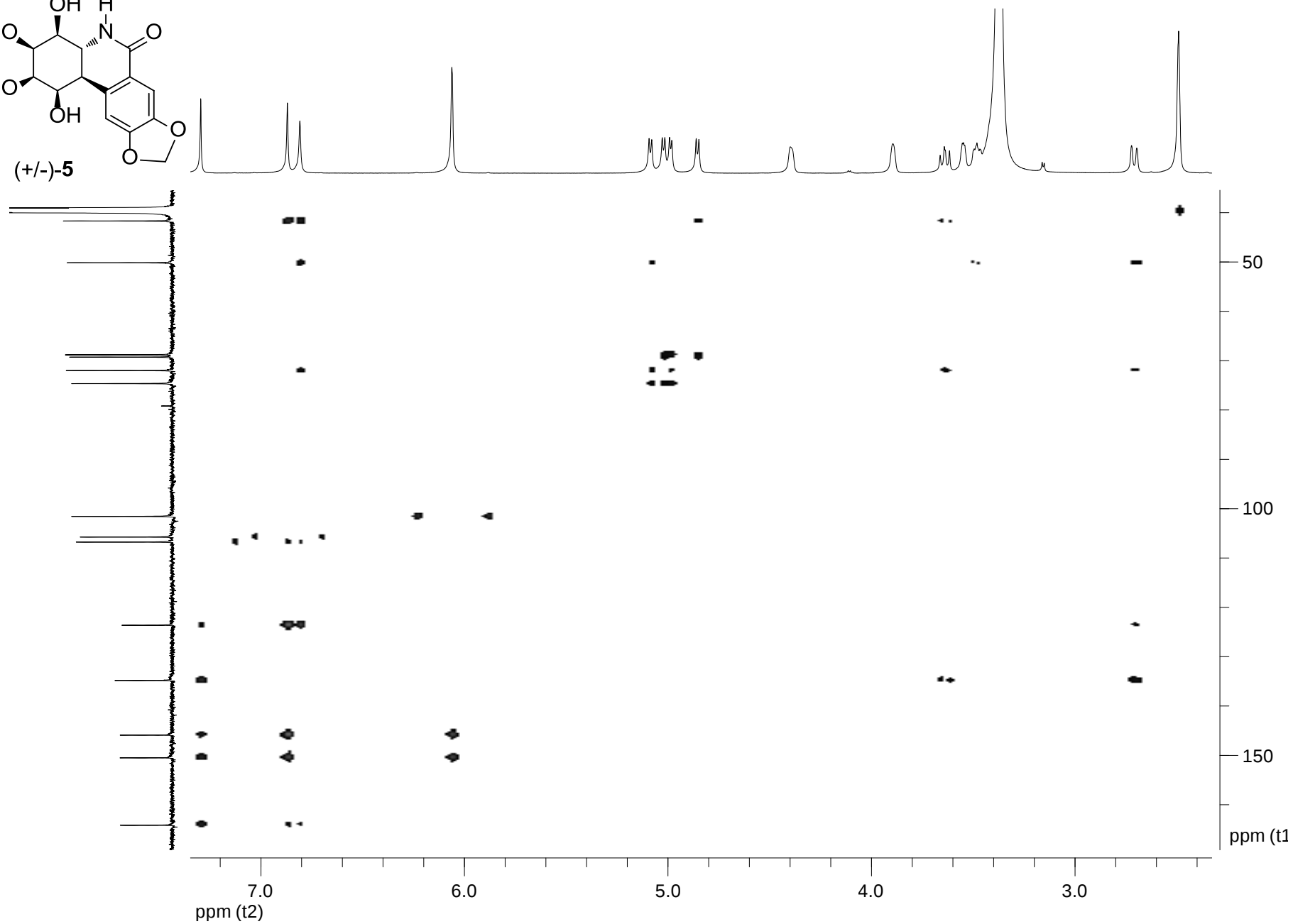
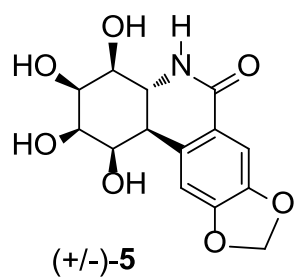


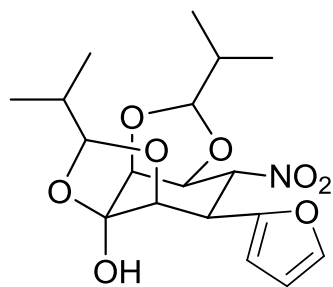




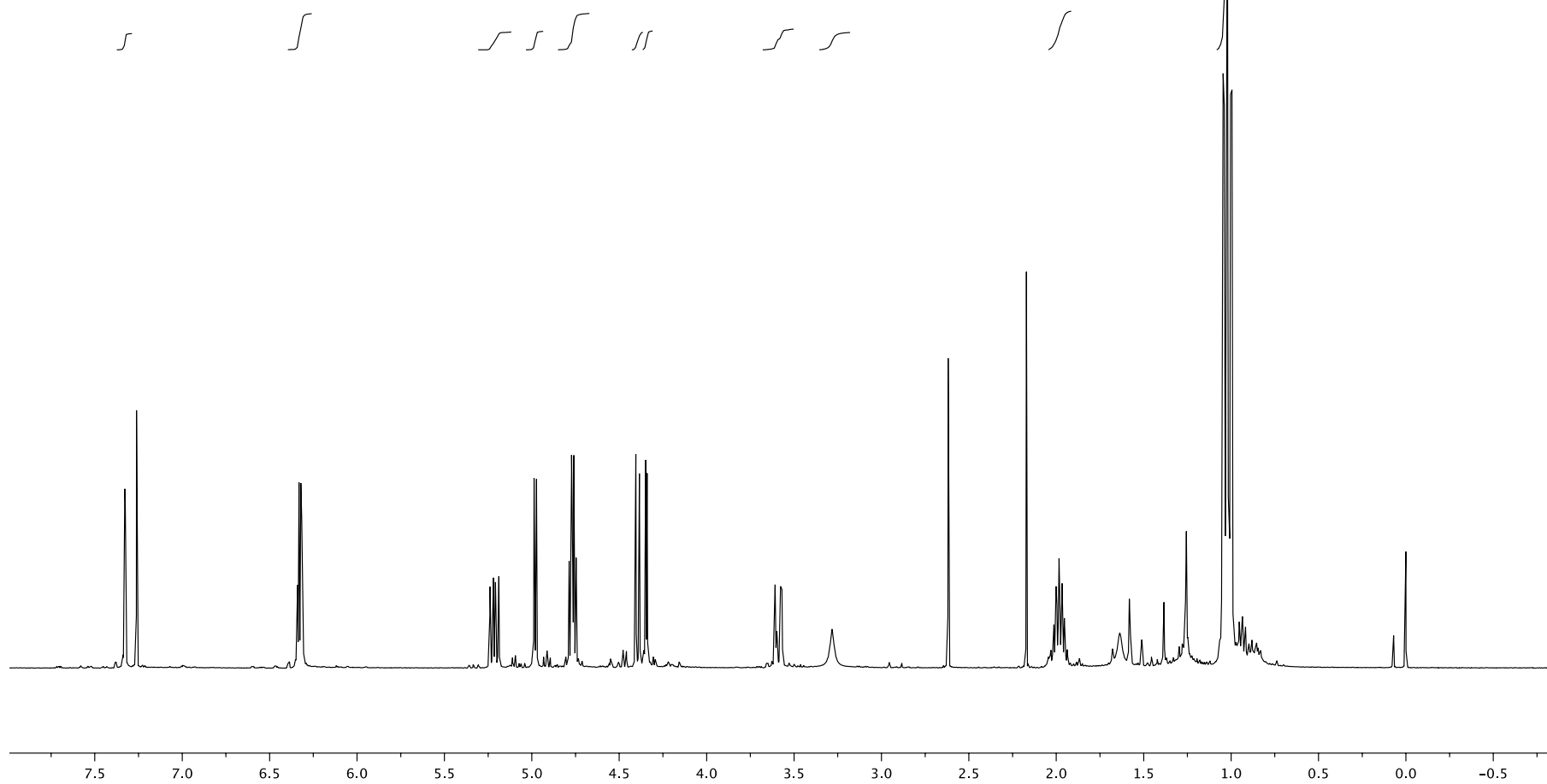
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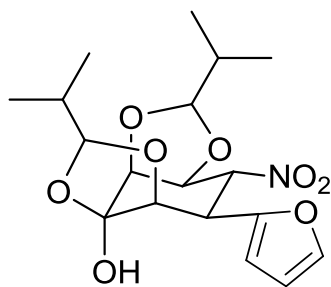




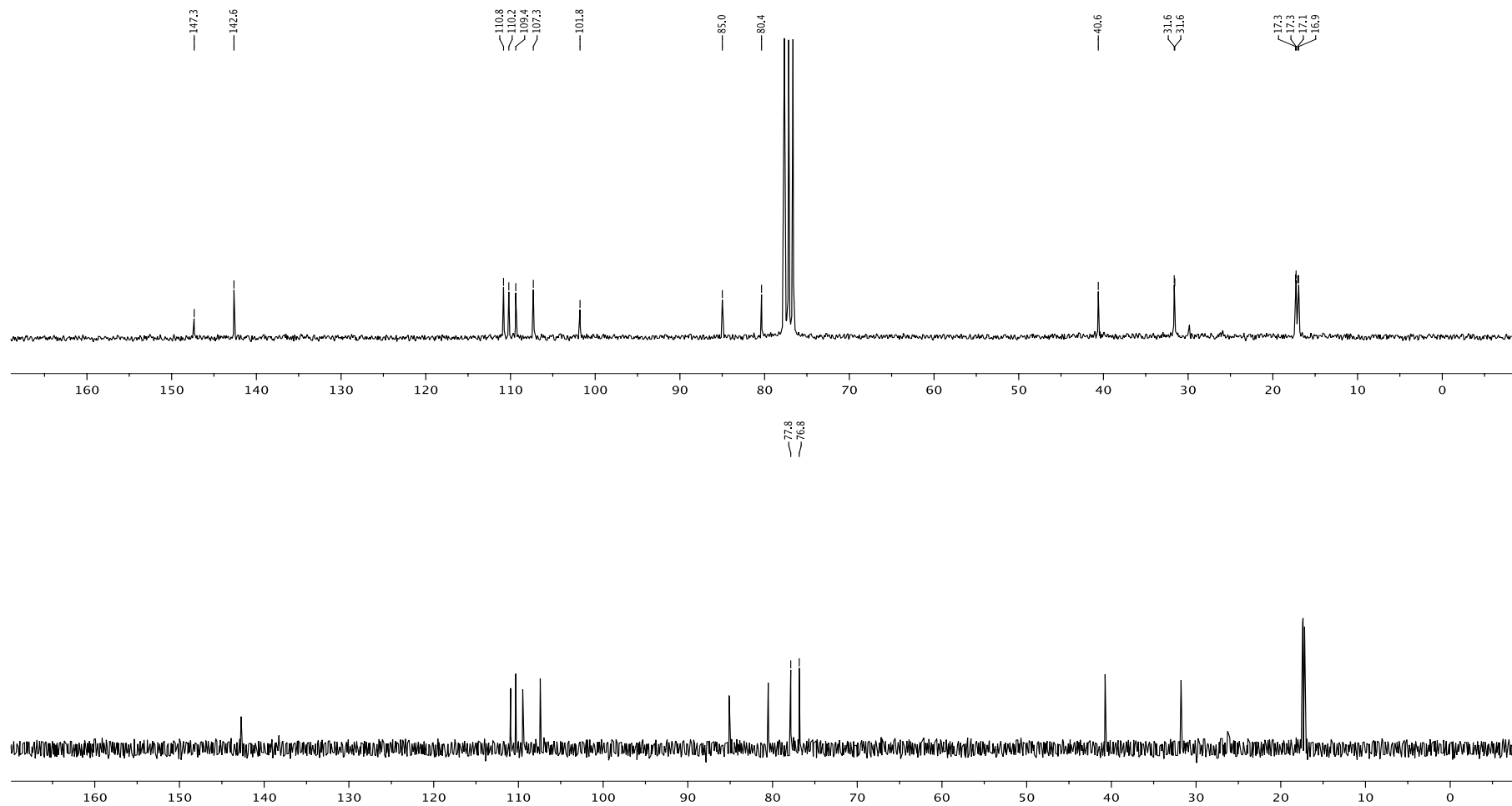


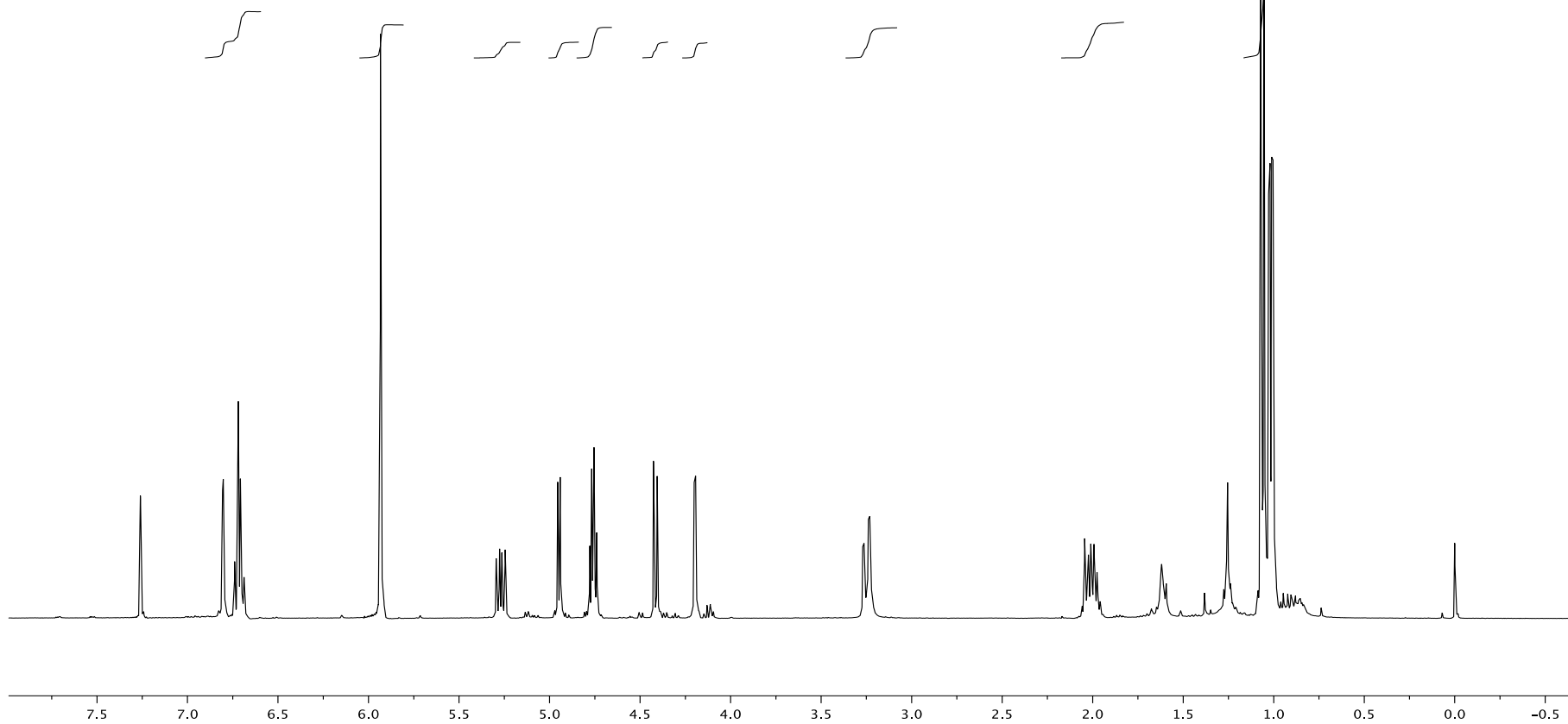
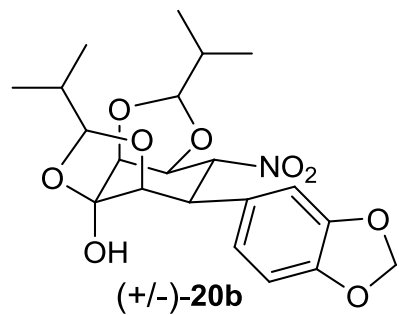
(+/-)-20a

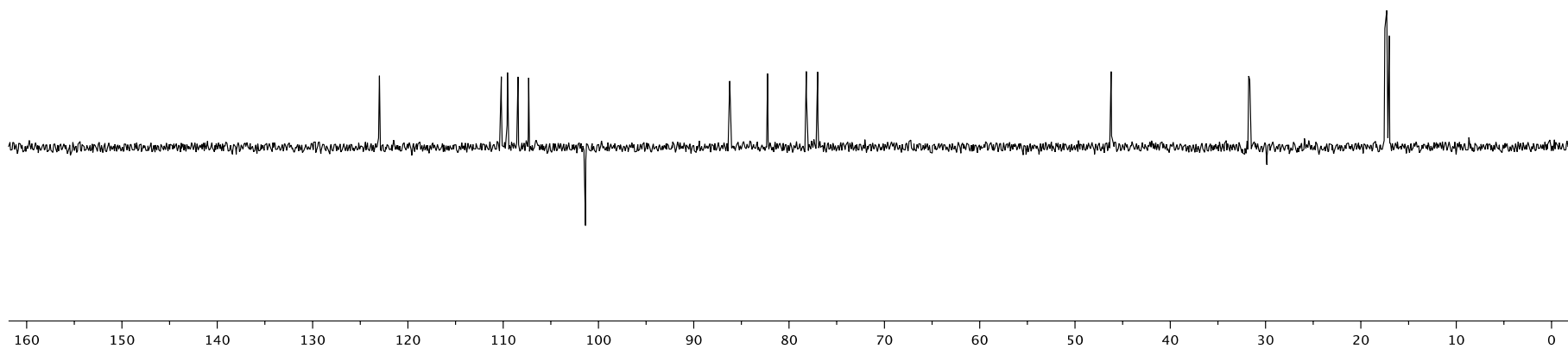
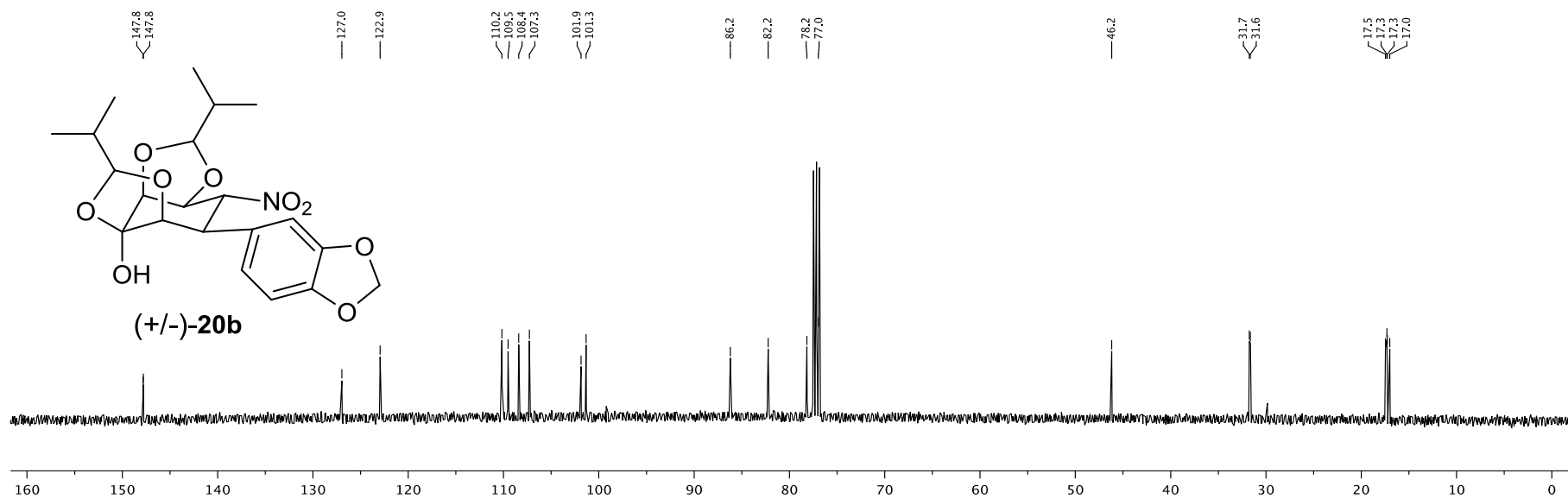


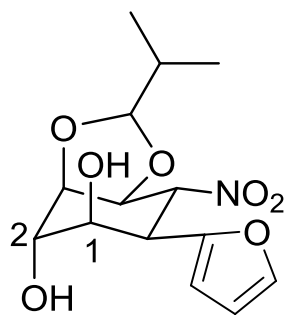


(+/-)-20a

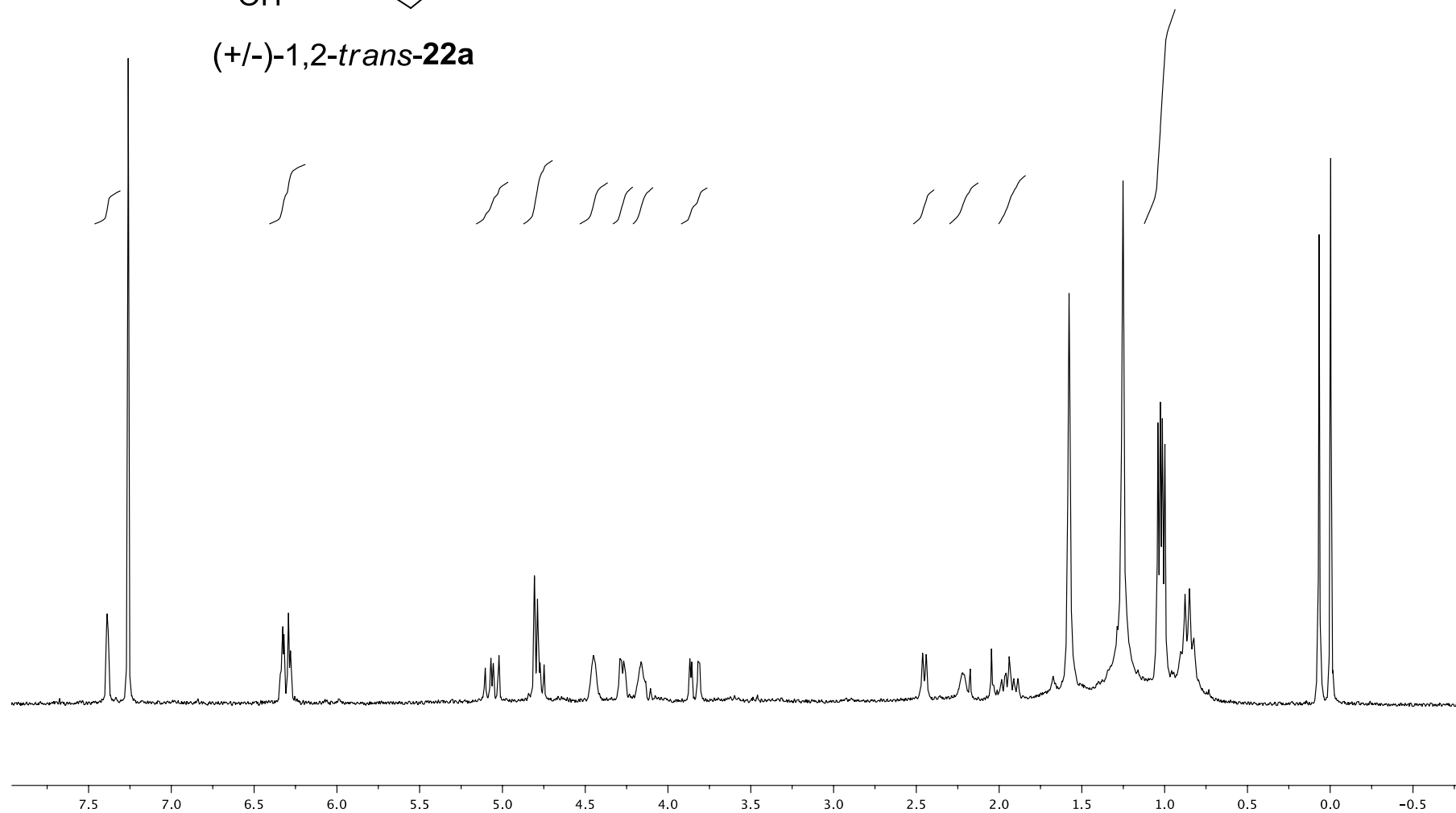


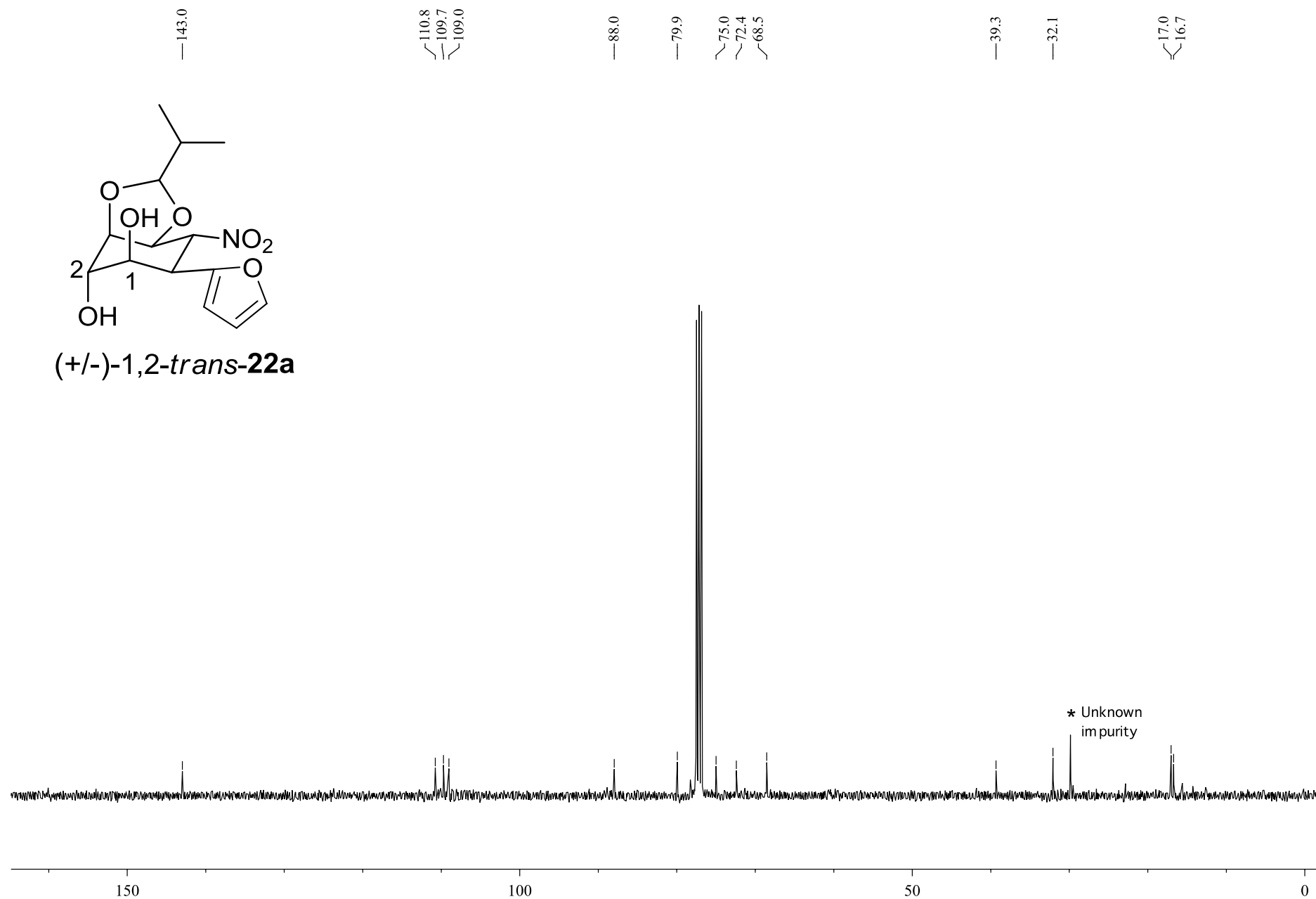
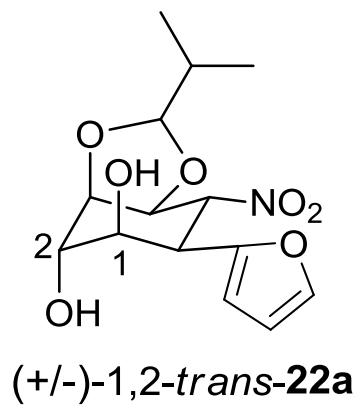


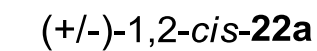


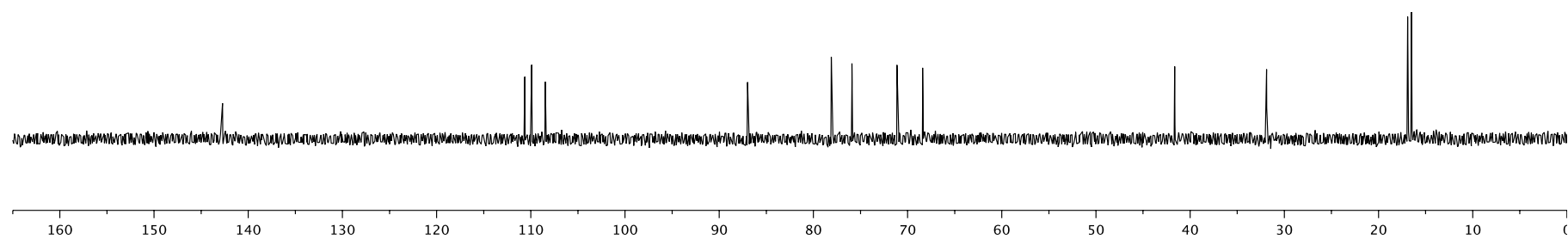
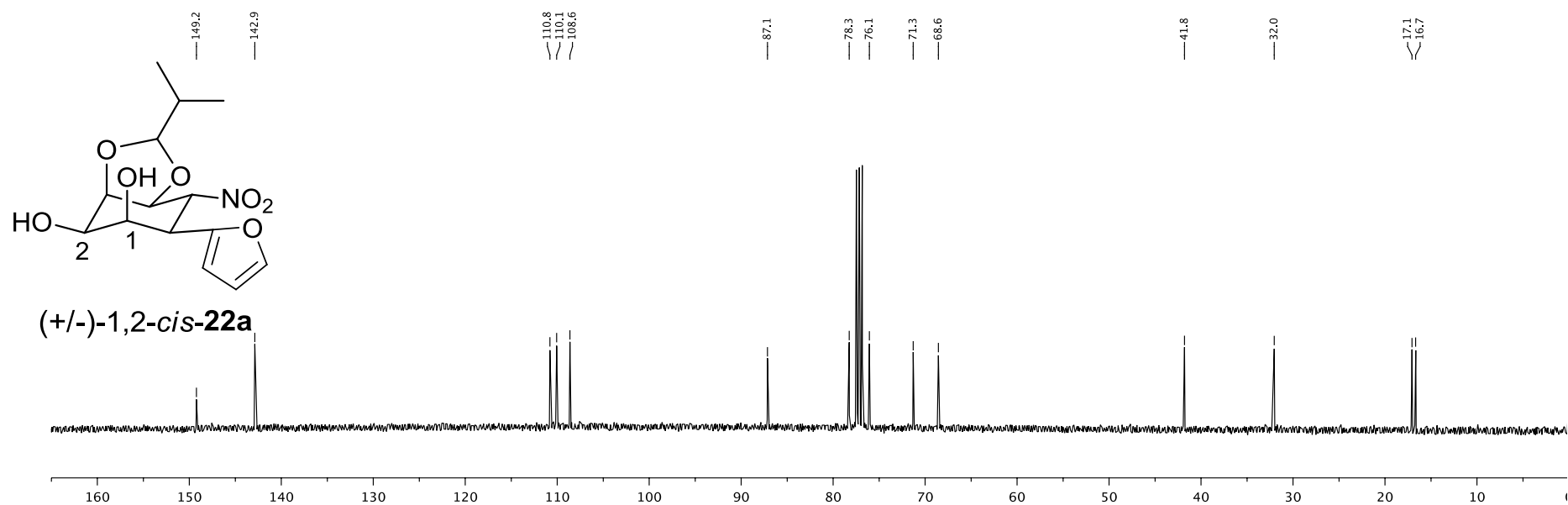


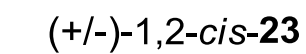
(+/-)-1,2-trans-22a

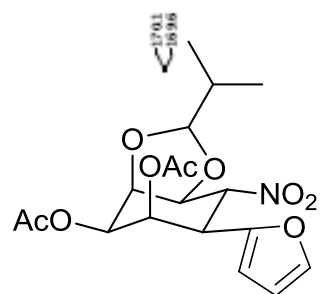




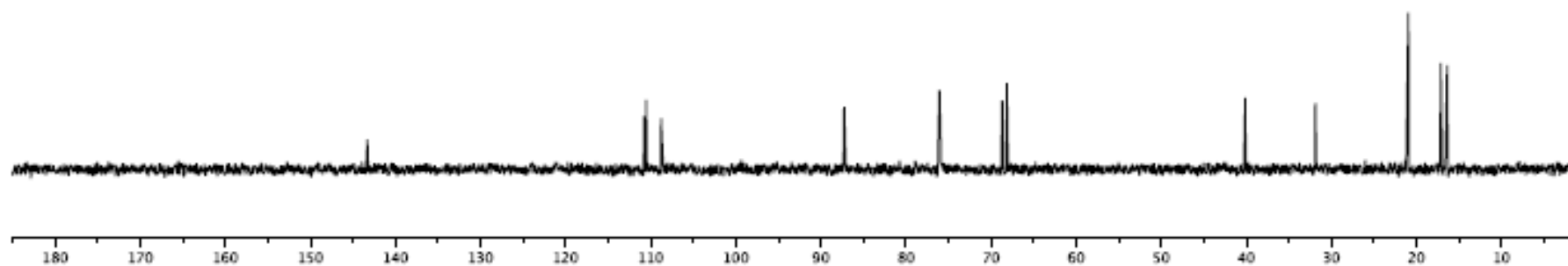
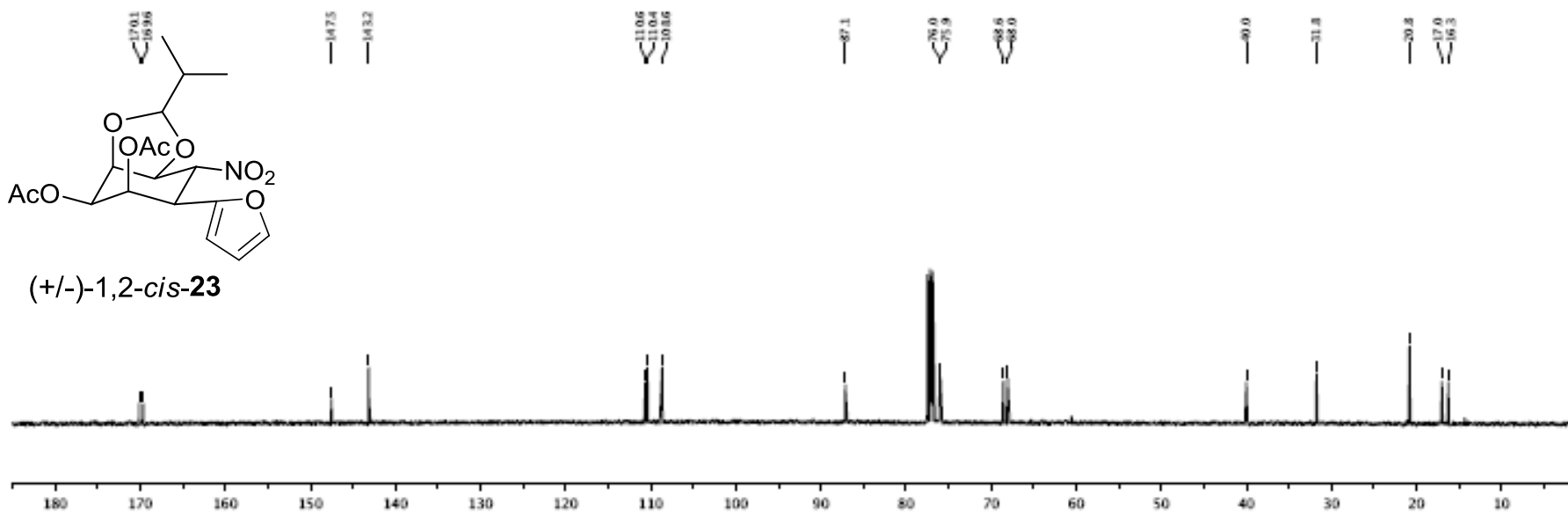


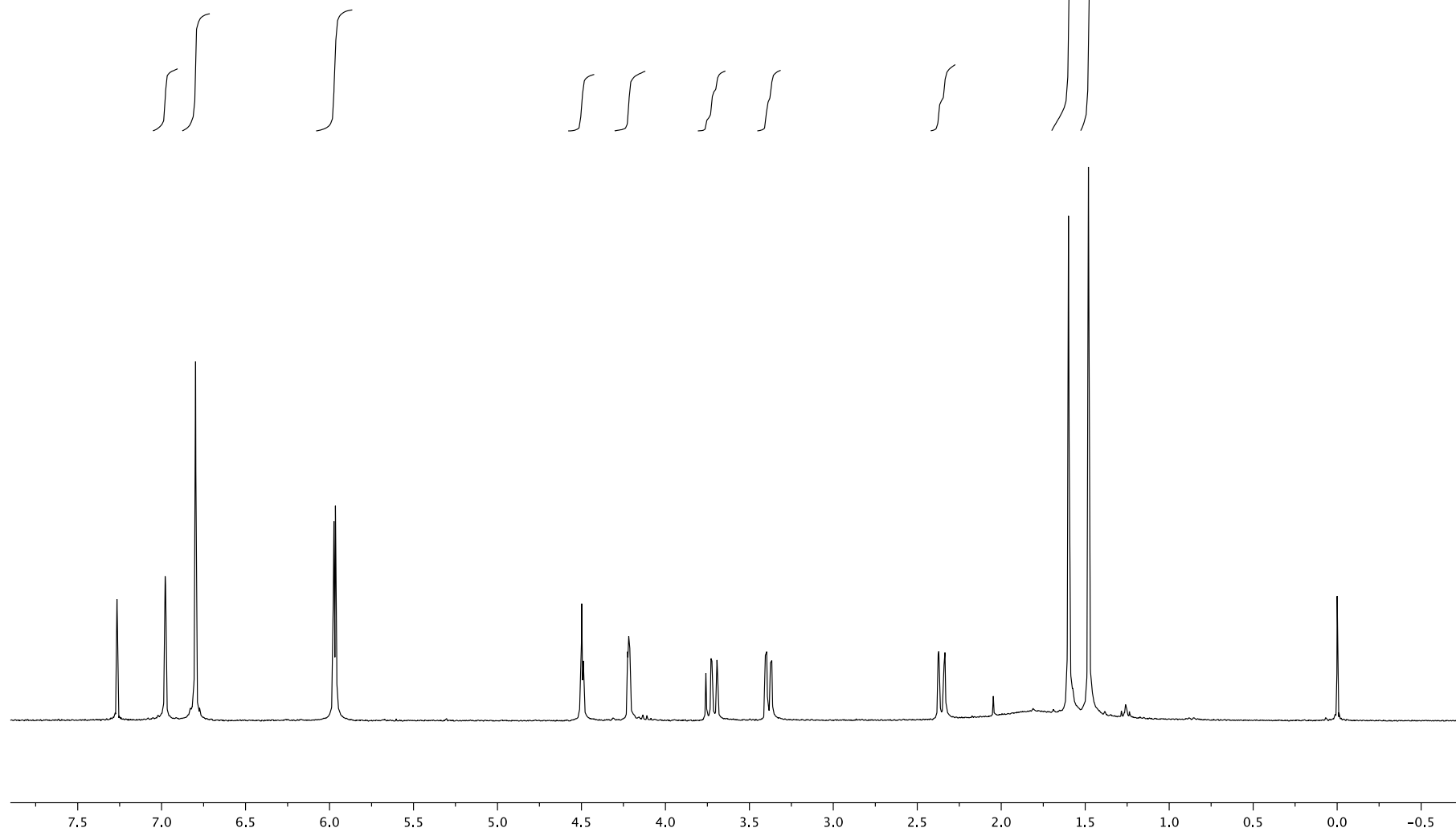
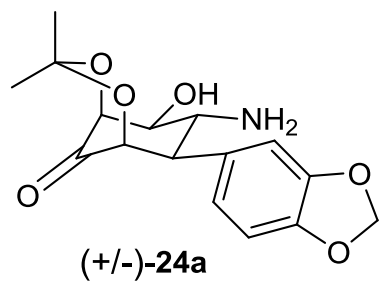


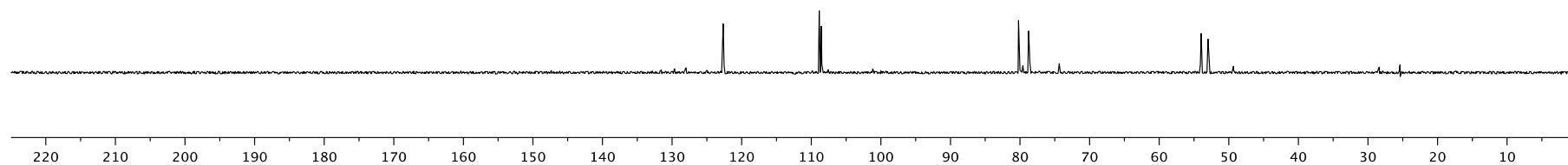
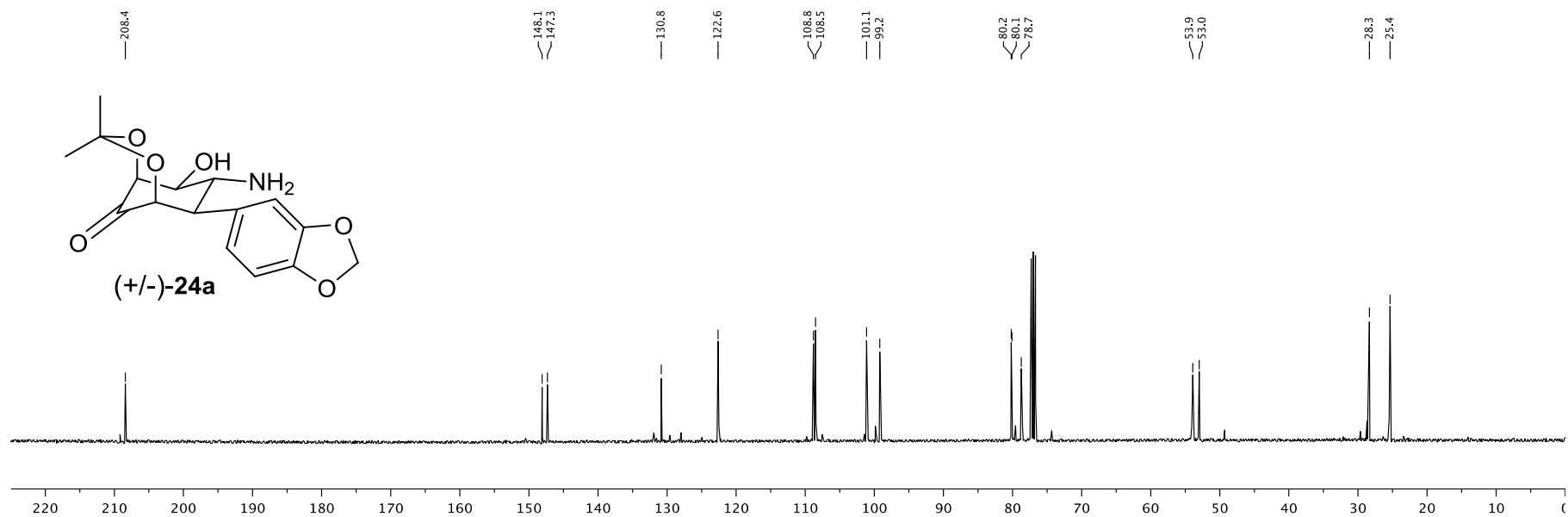


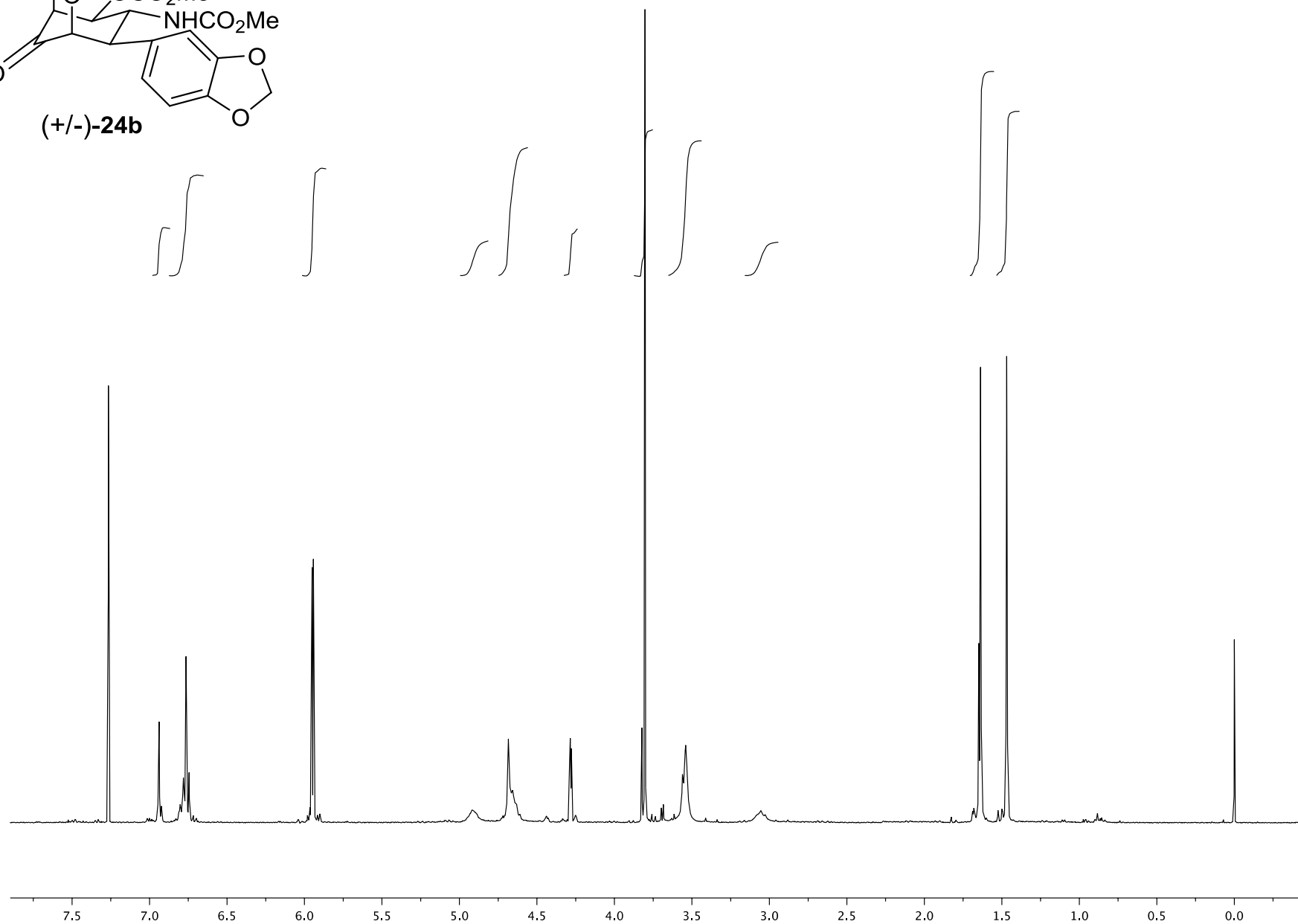
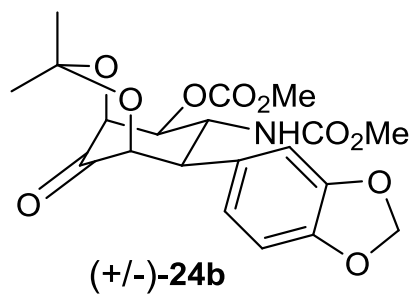


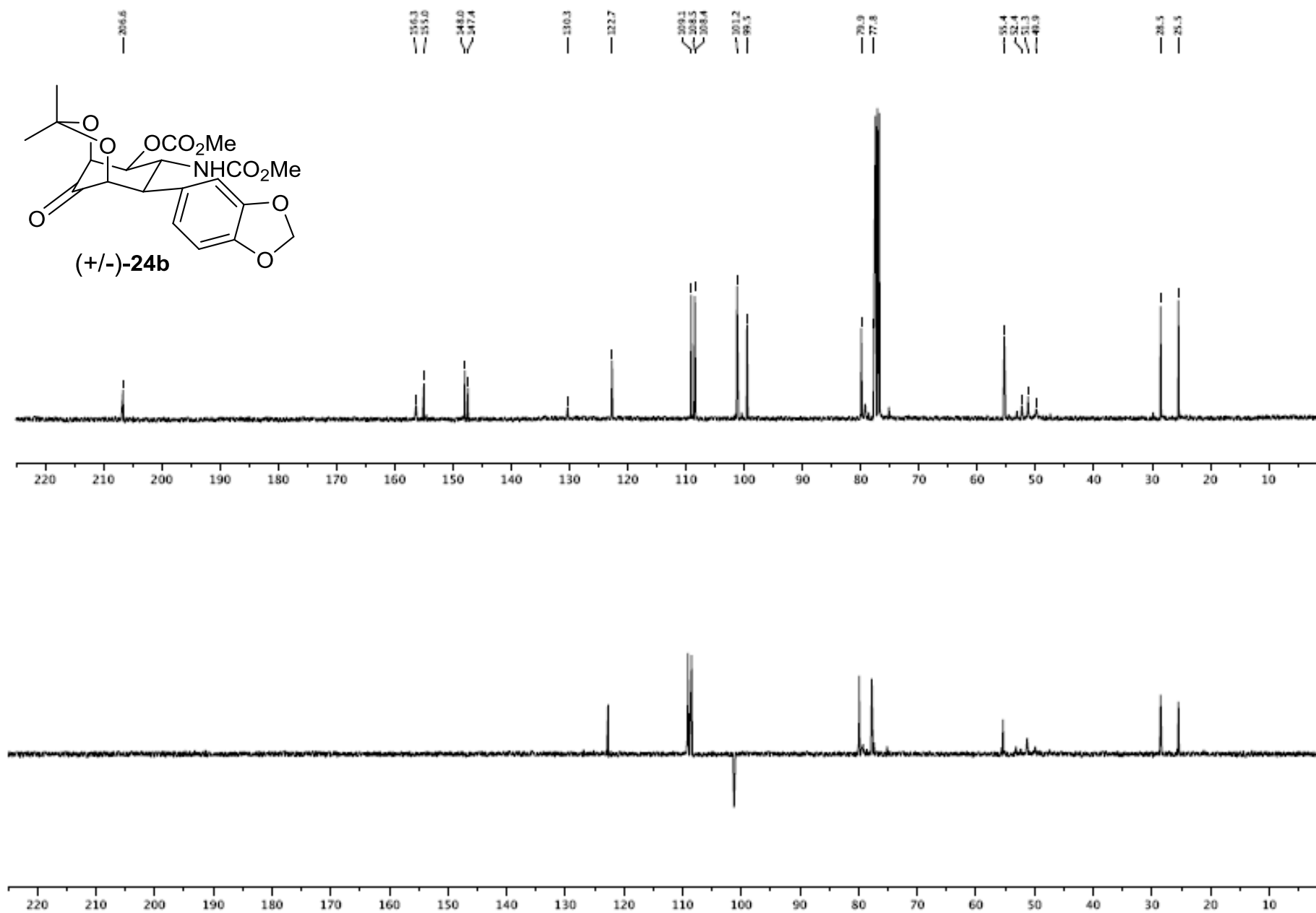
(+/-)-1,2-*cis*-**23**

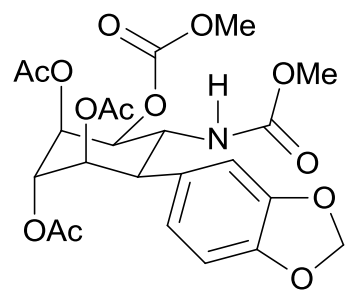




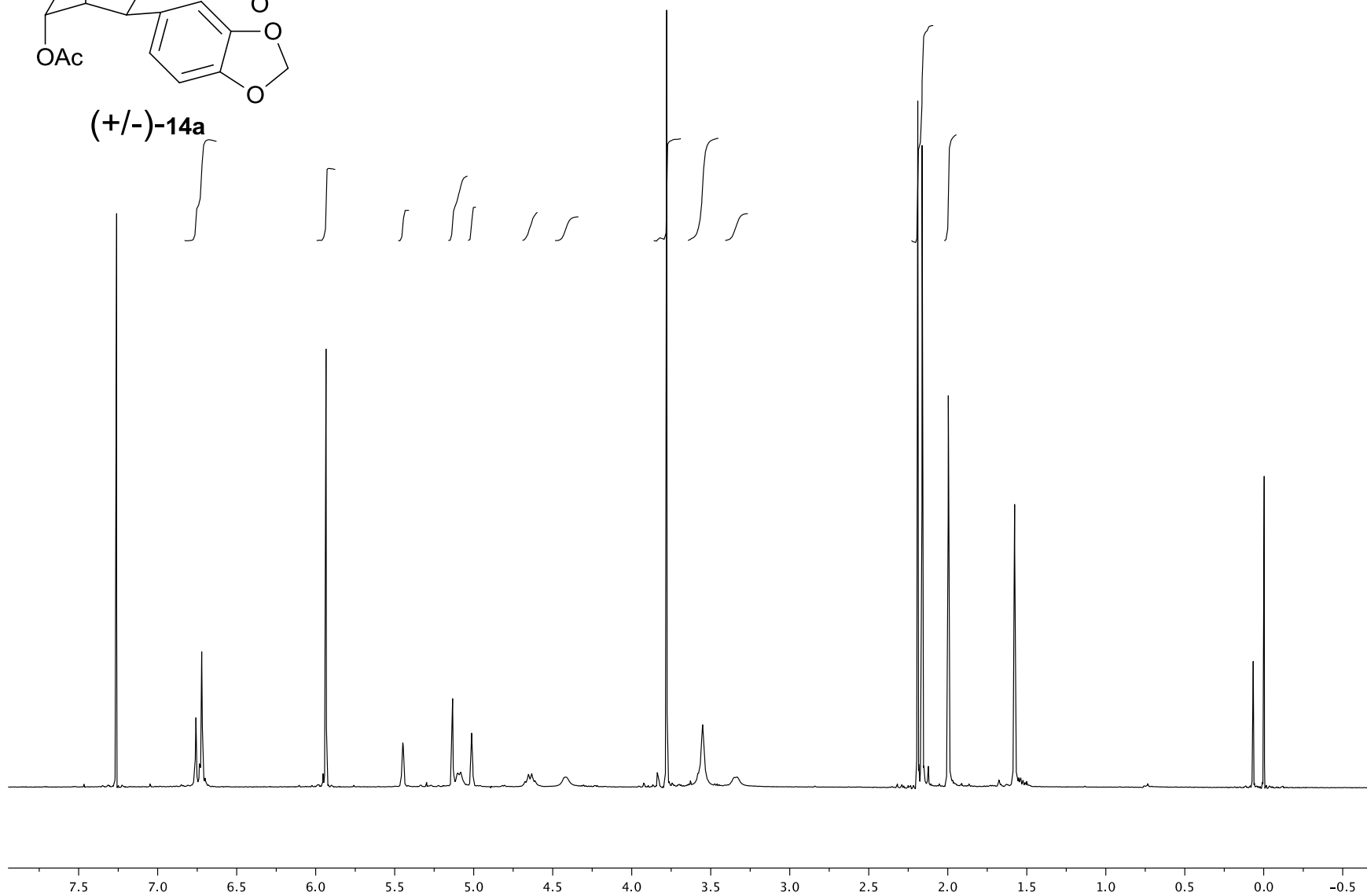


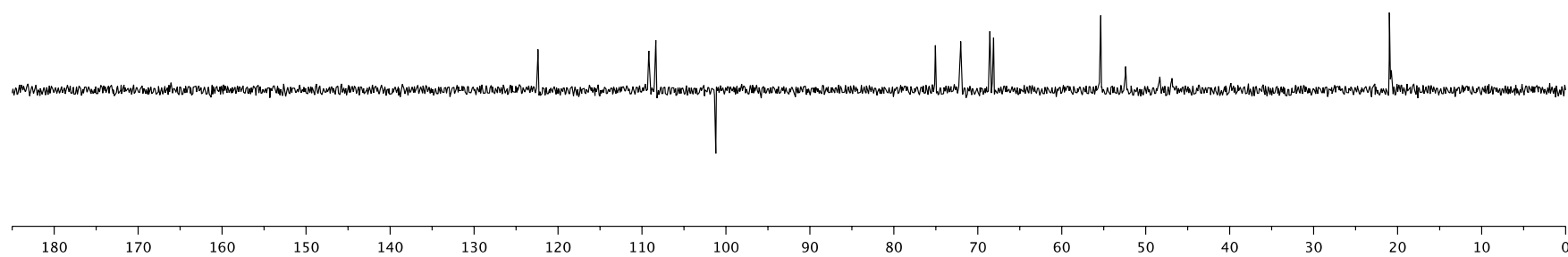
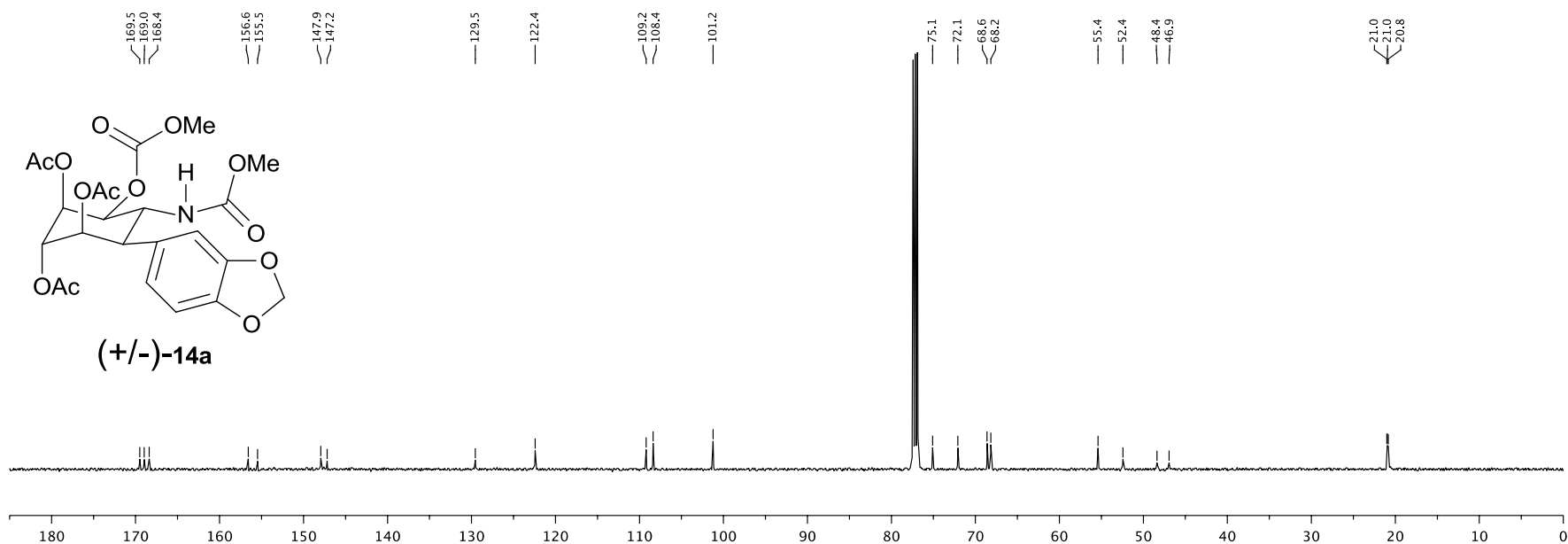


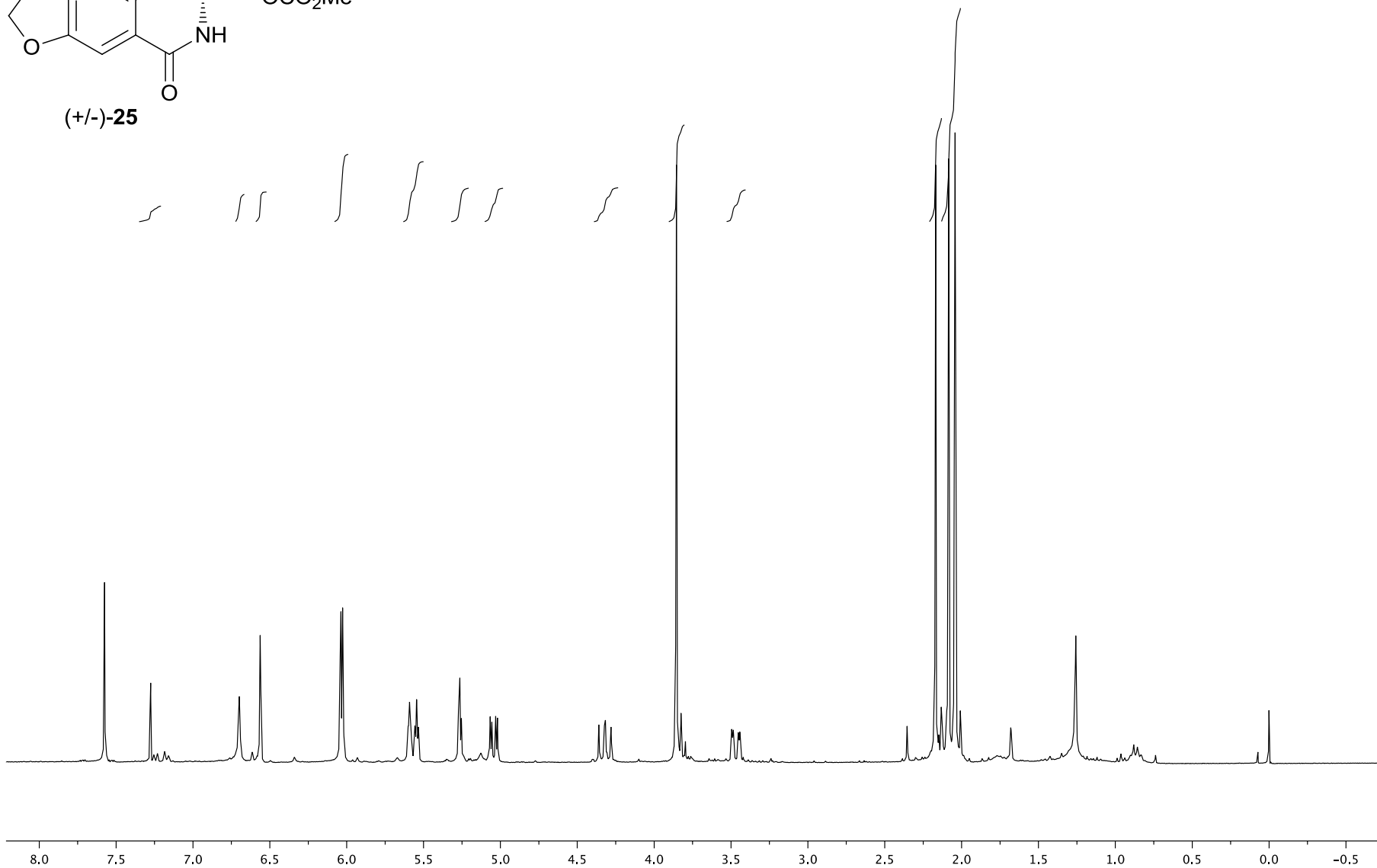
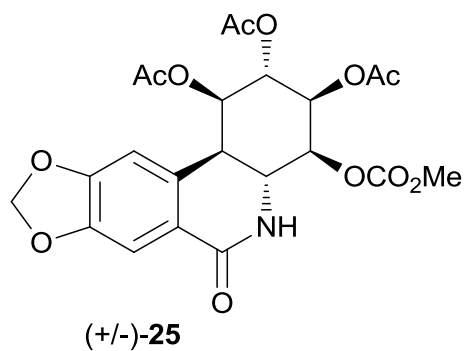


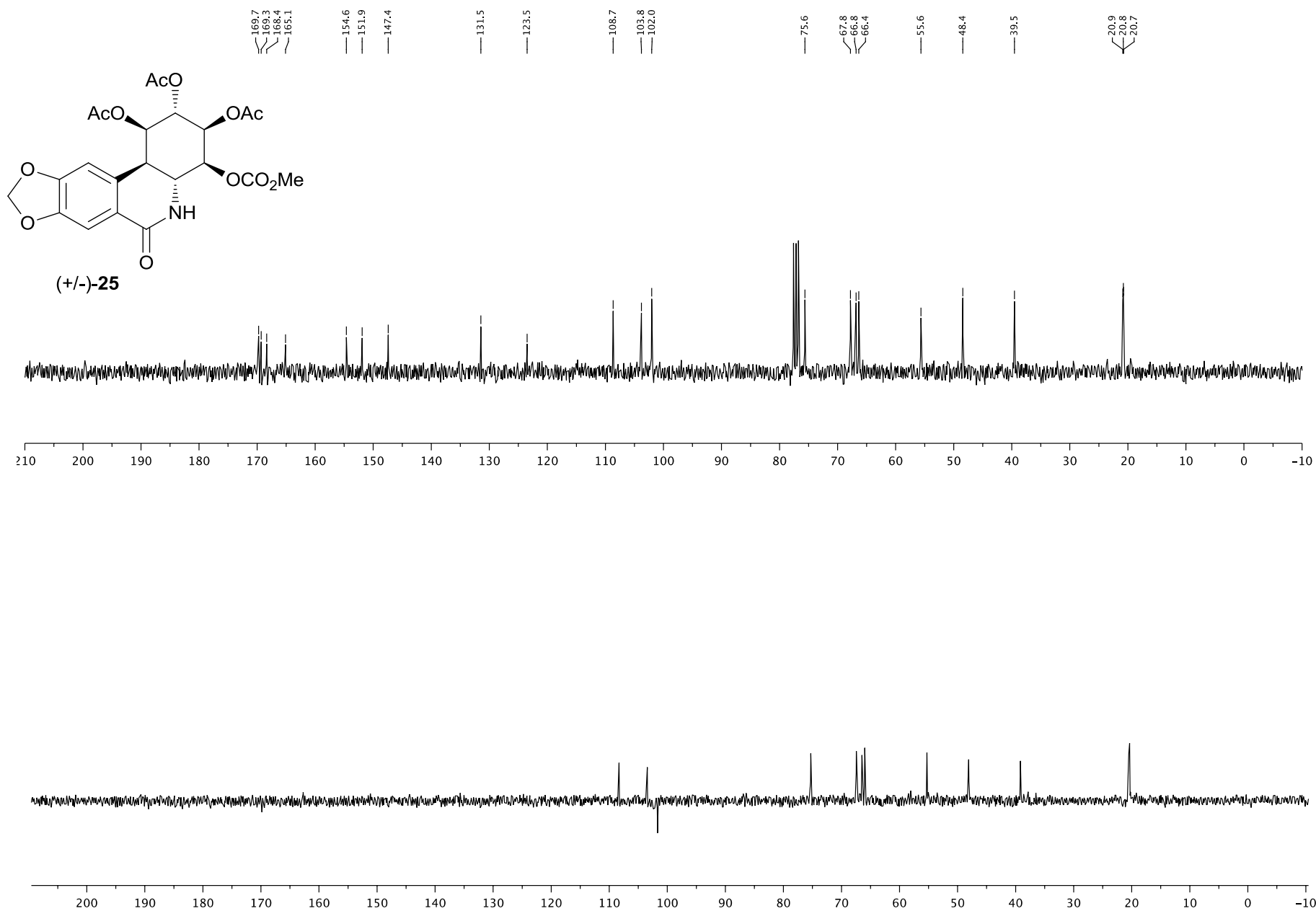


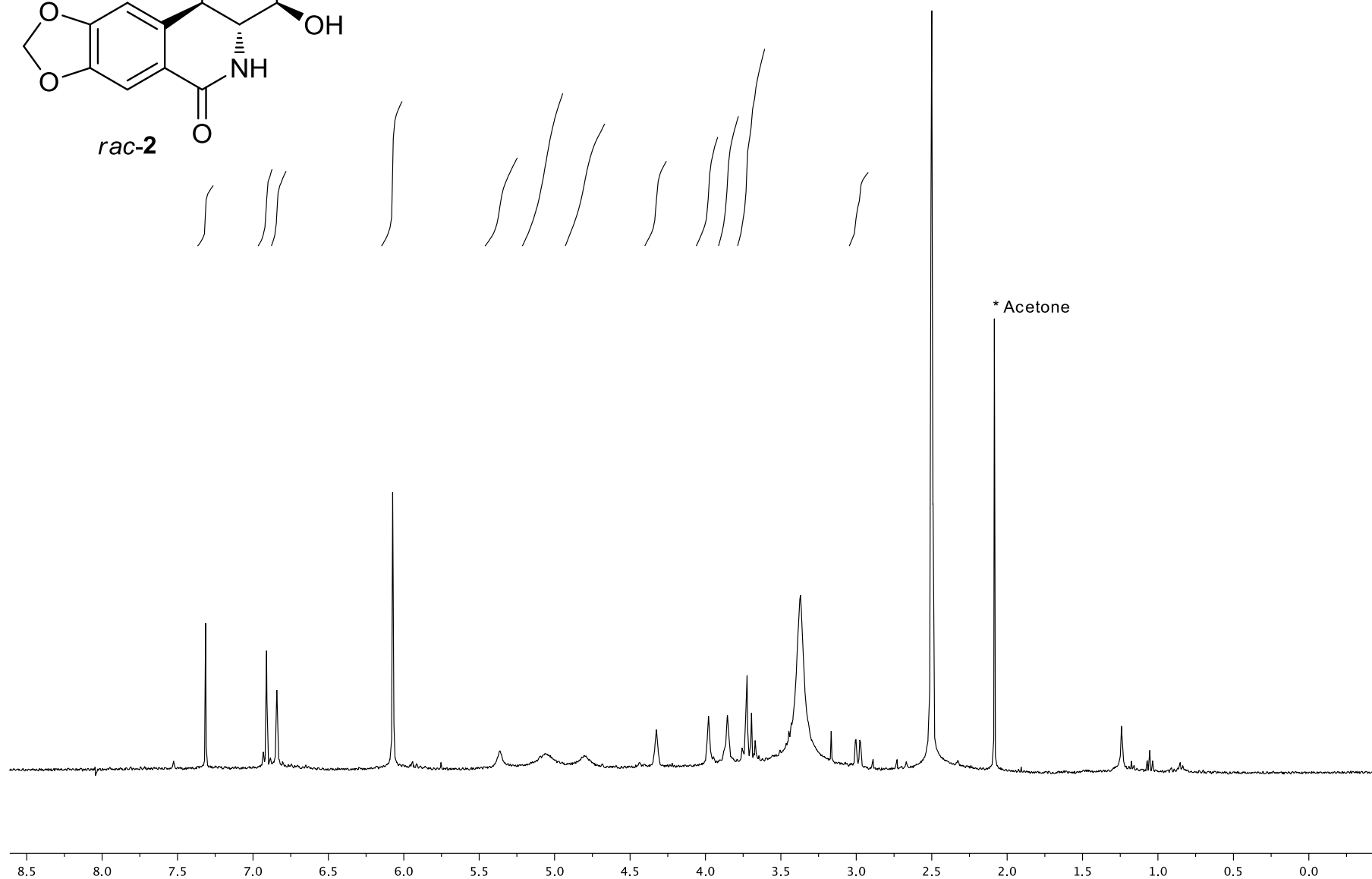
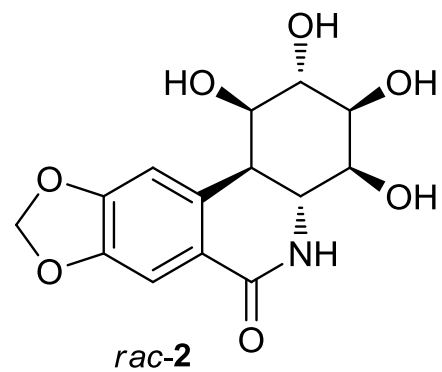
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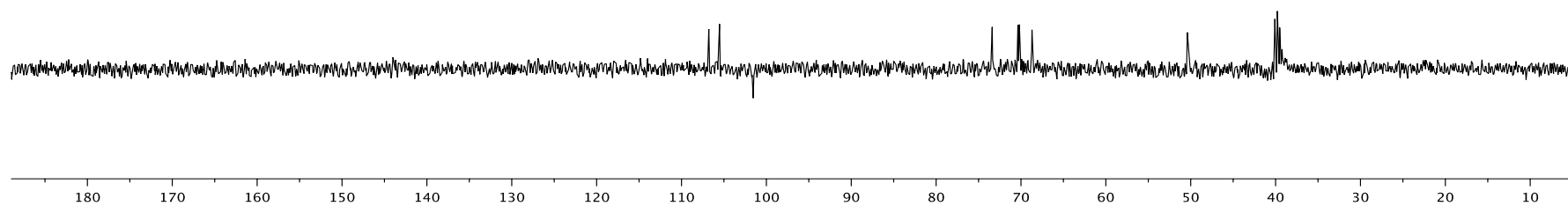
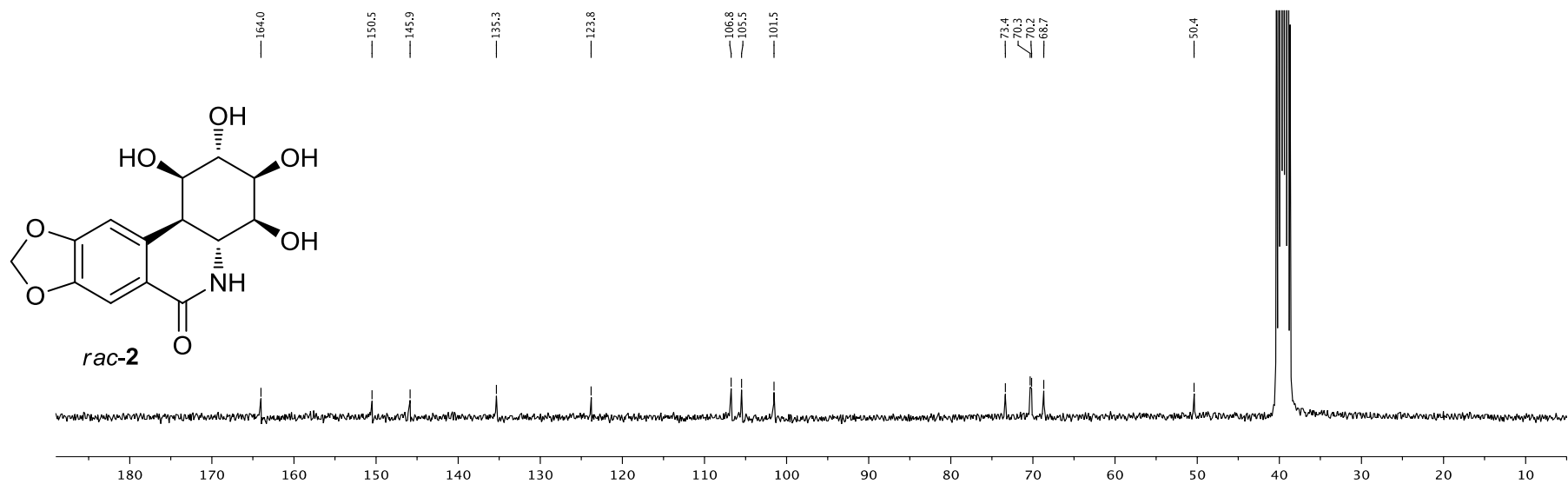


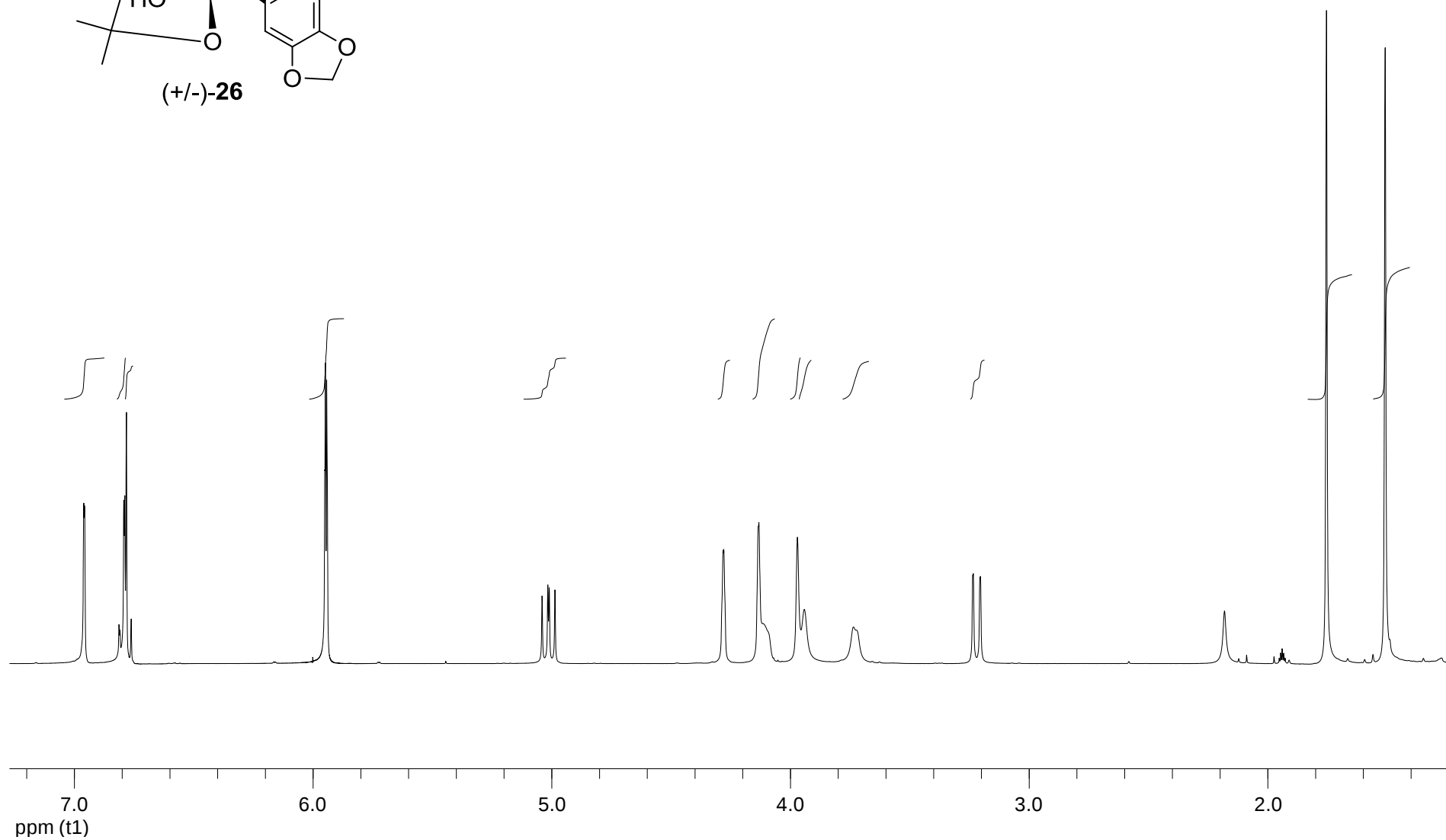
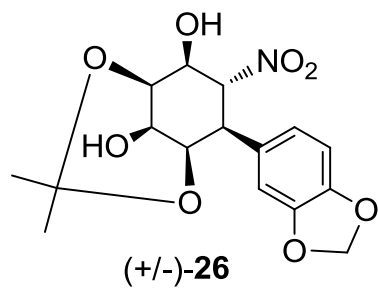


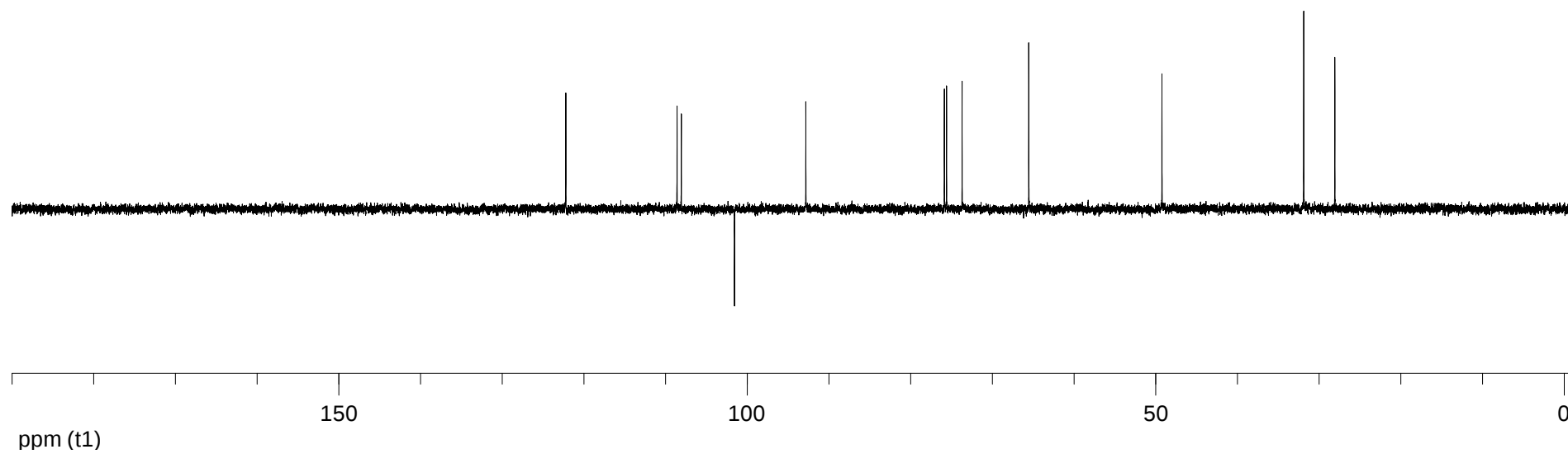
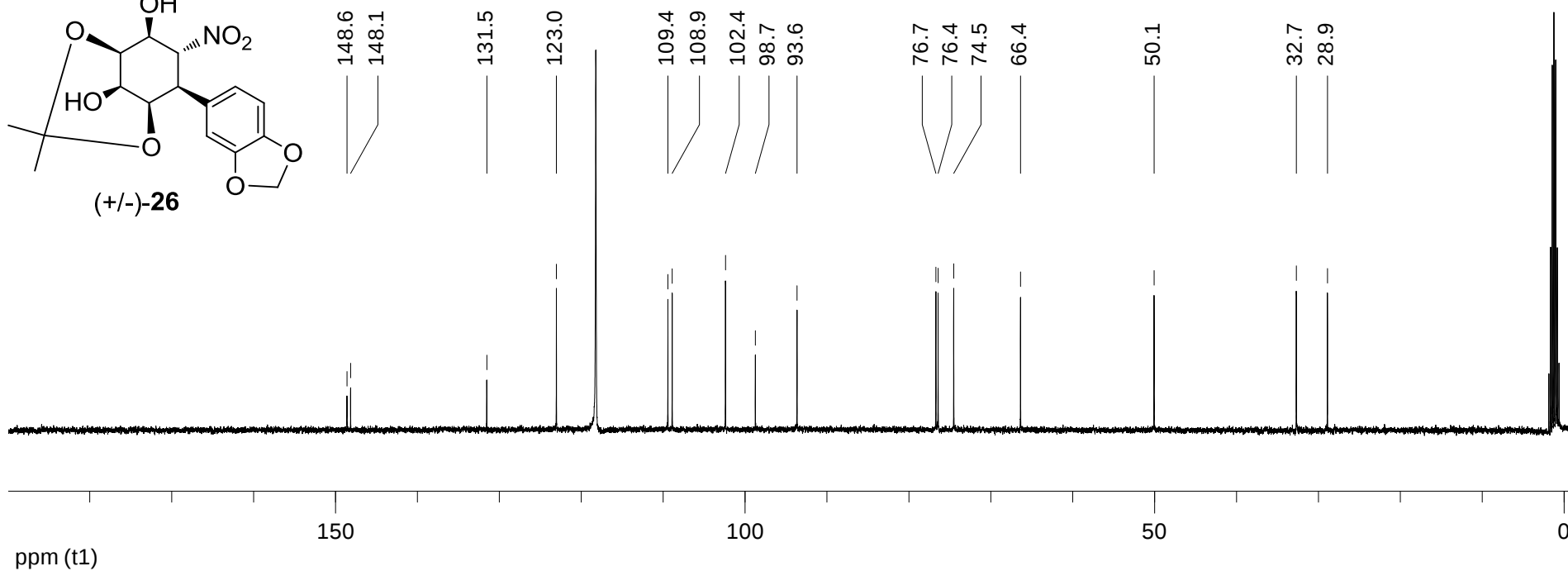
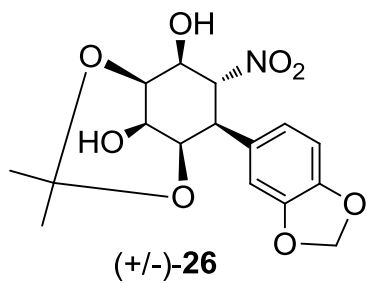


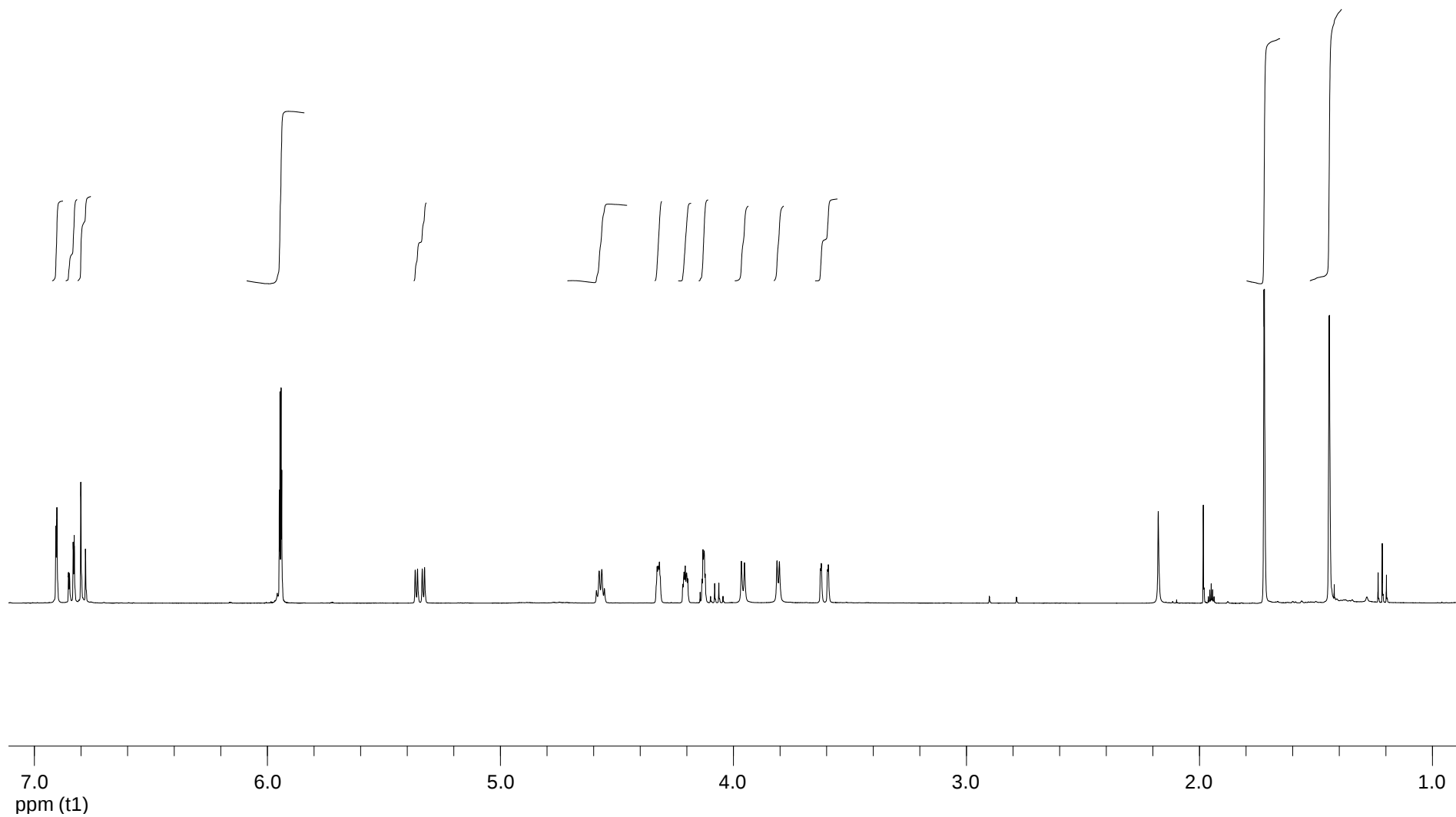
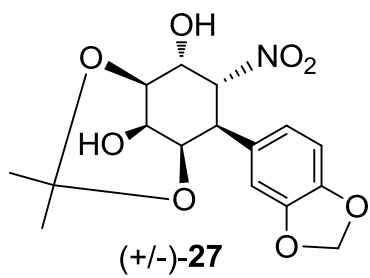




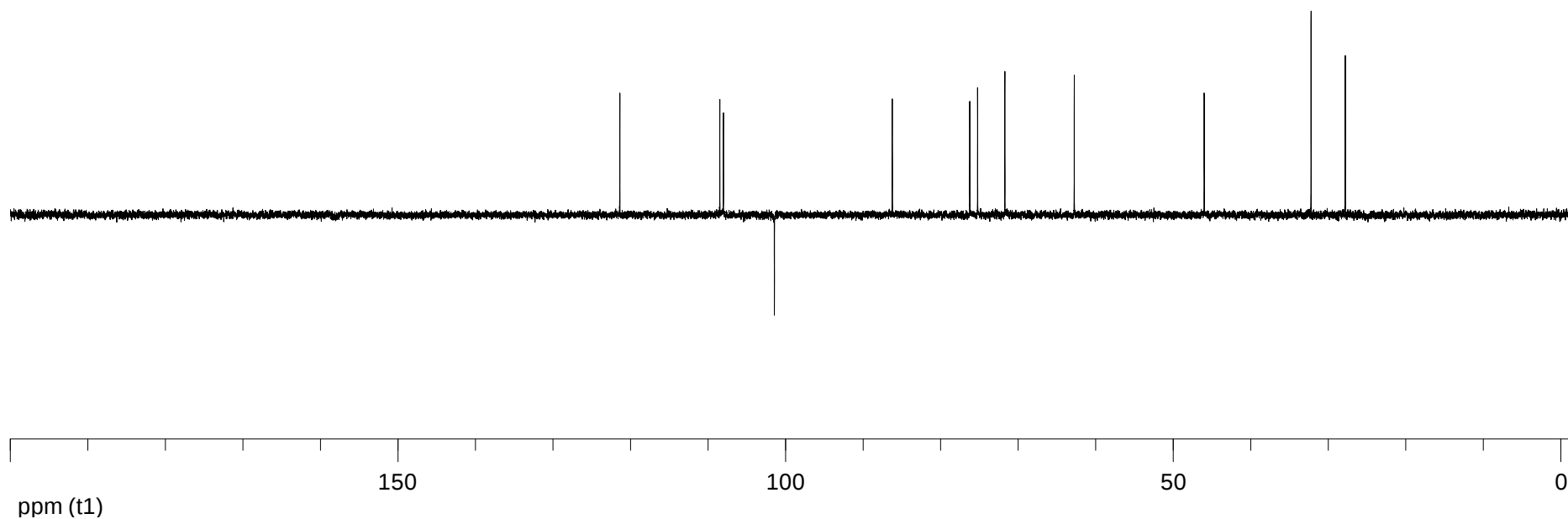
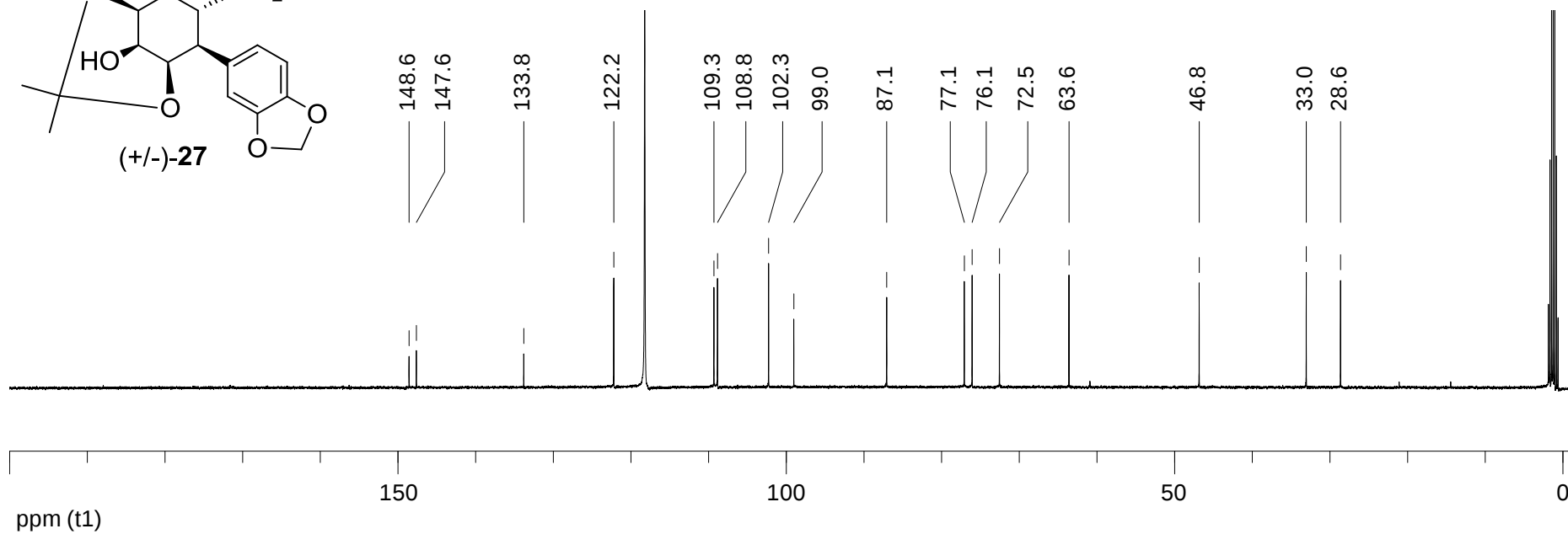
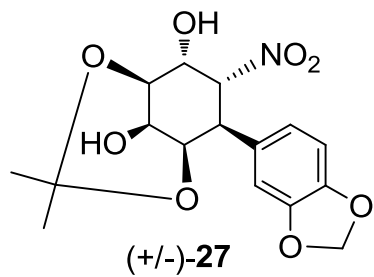




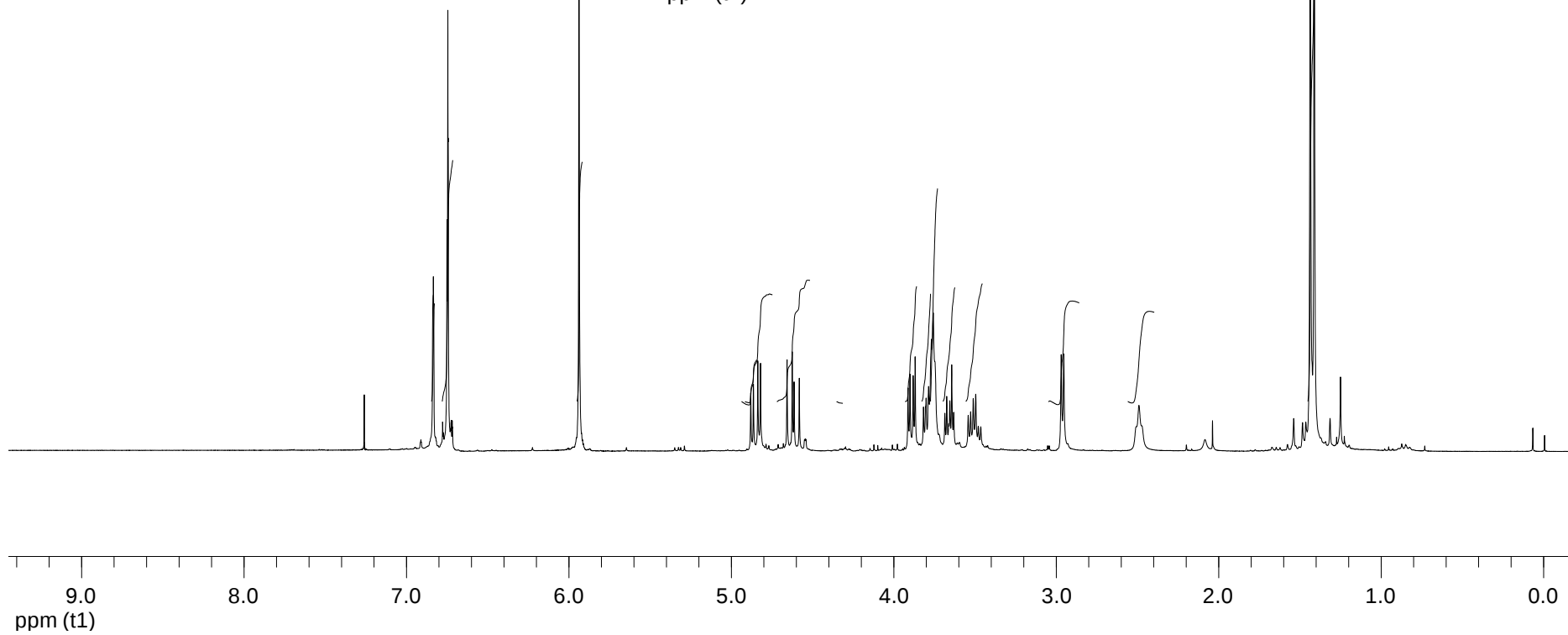
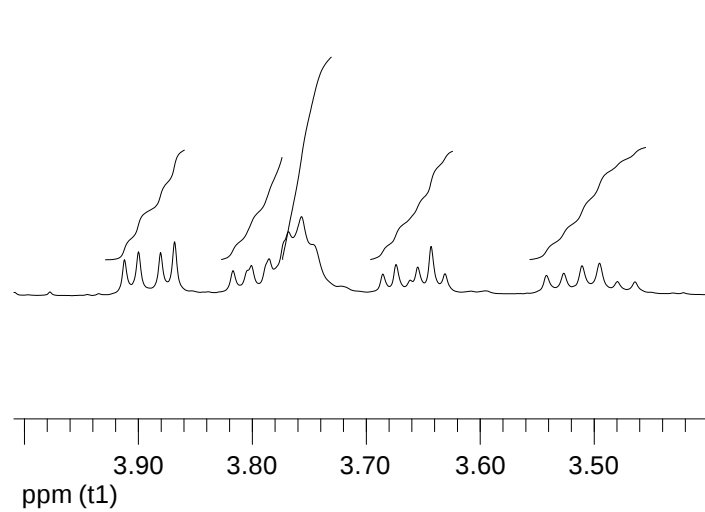
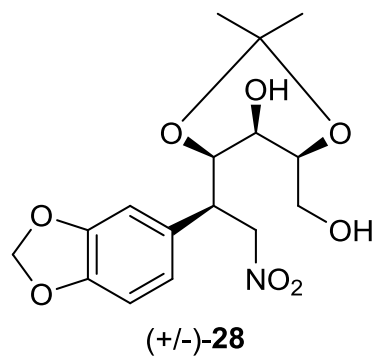


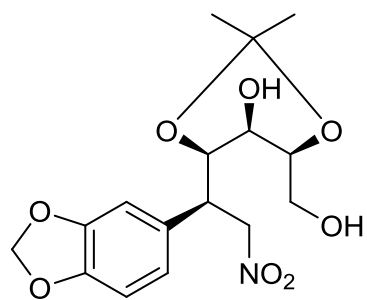


S45

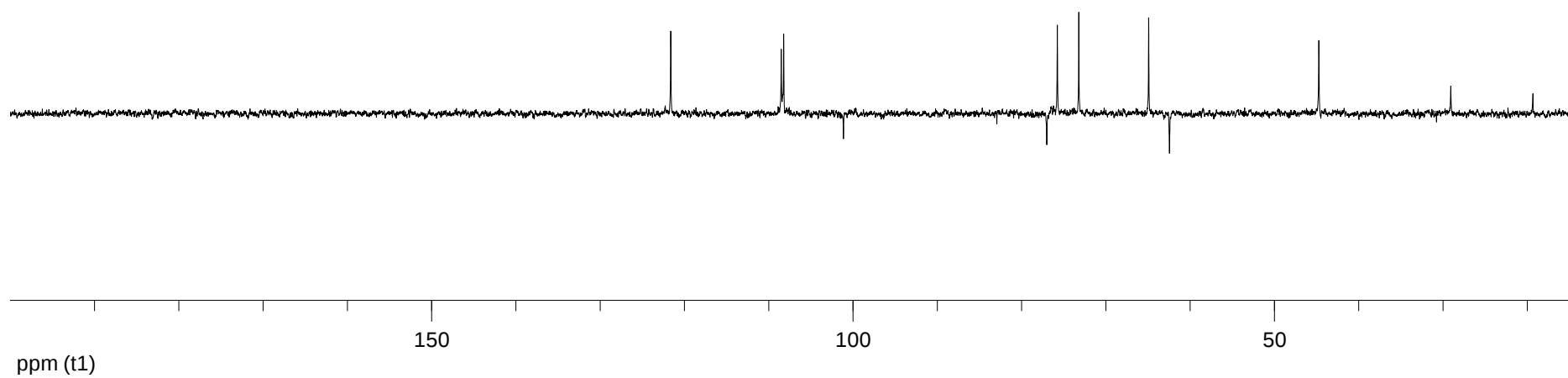
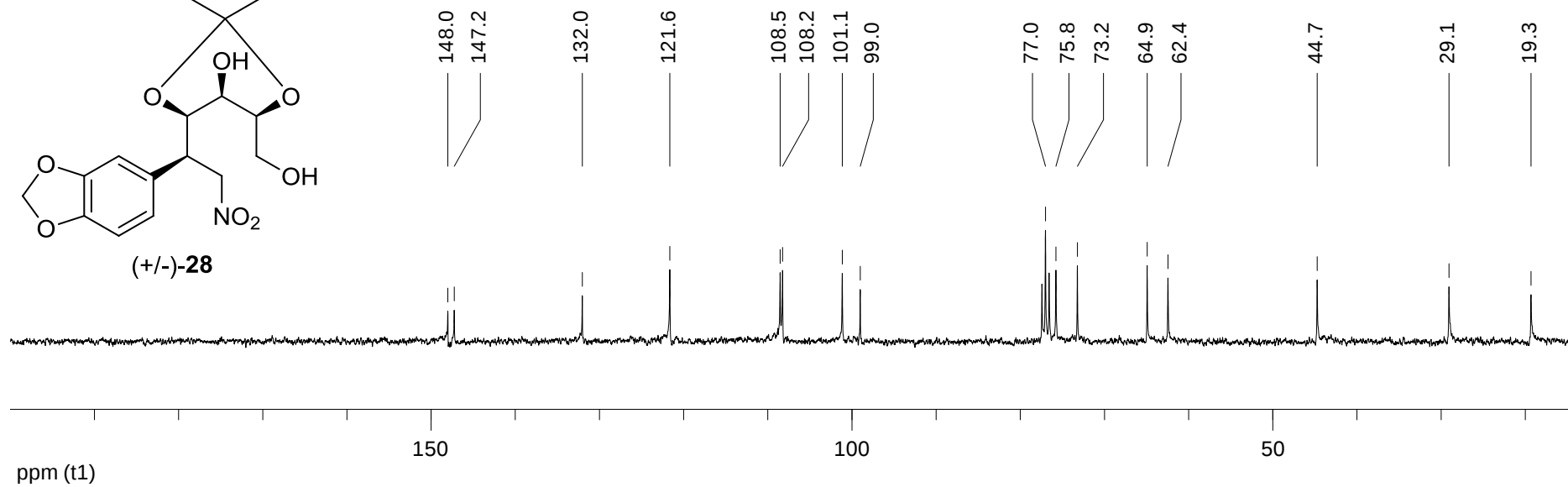


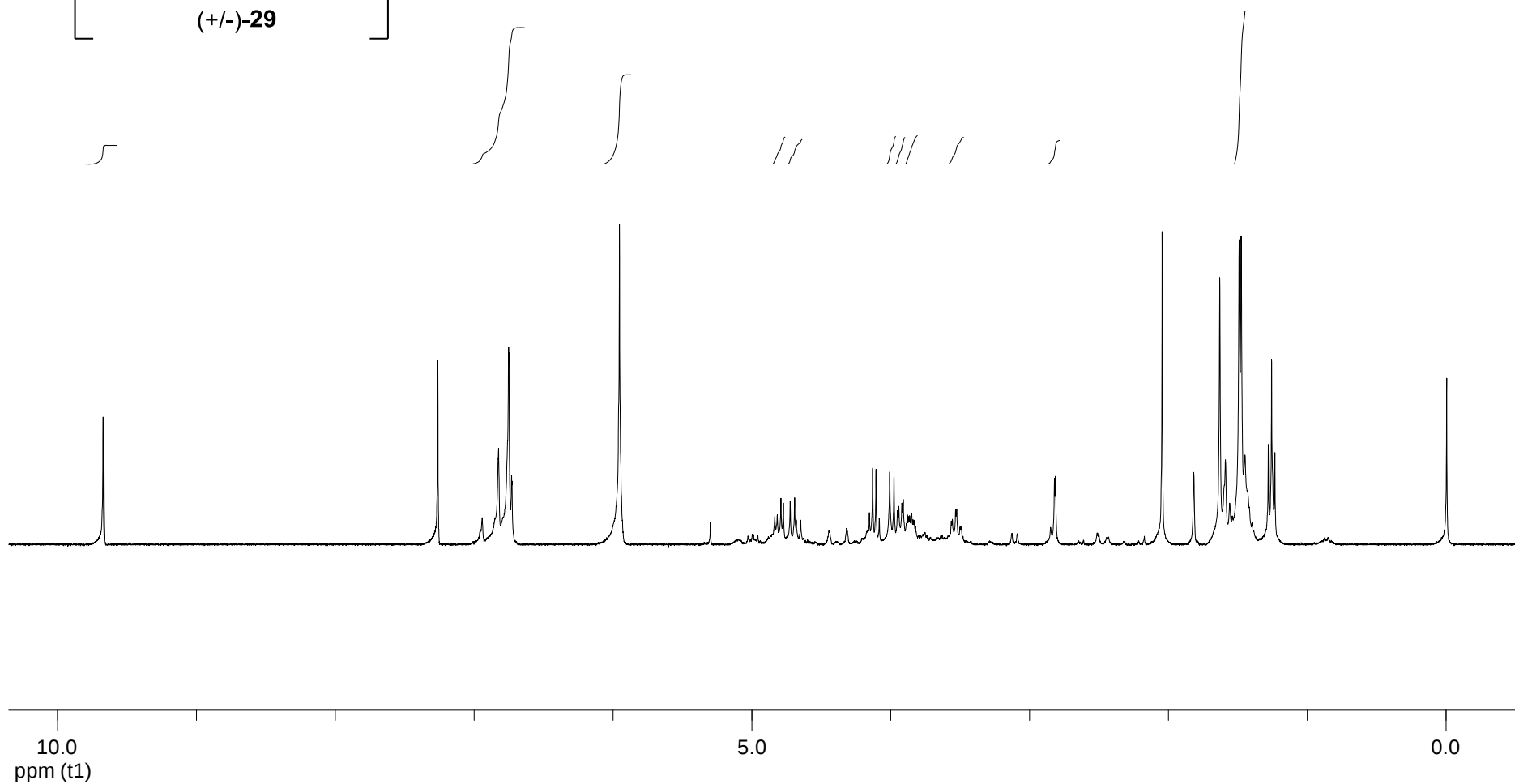
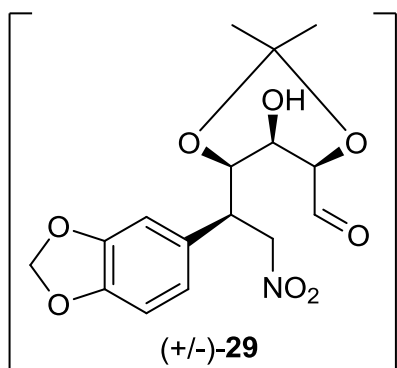
S46

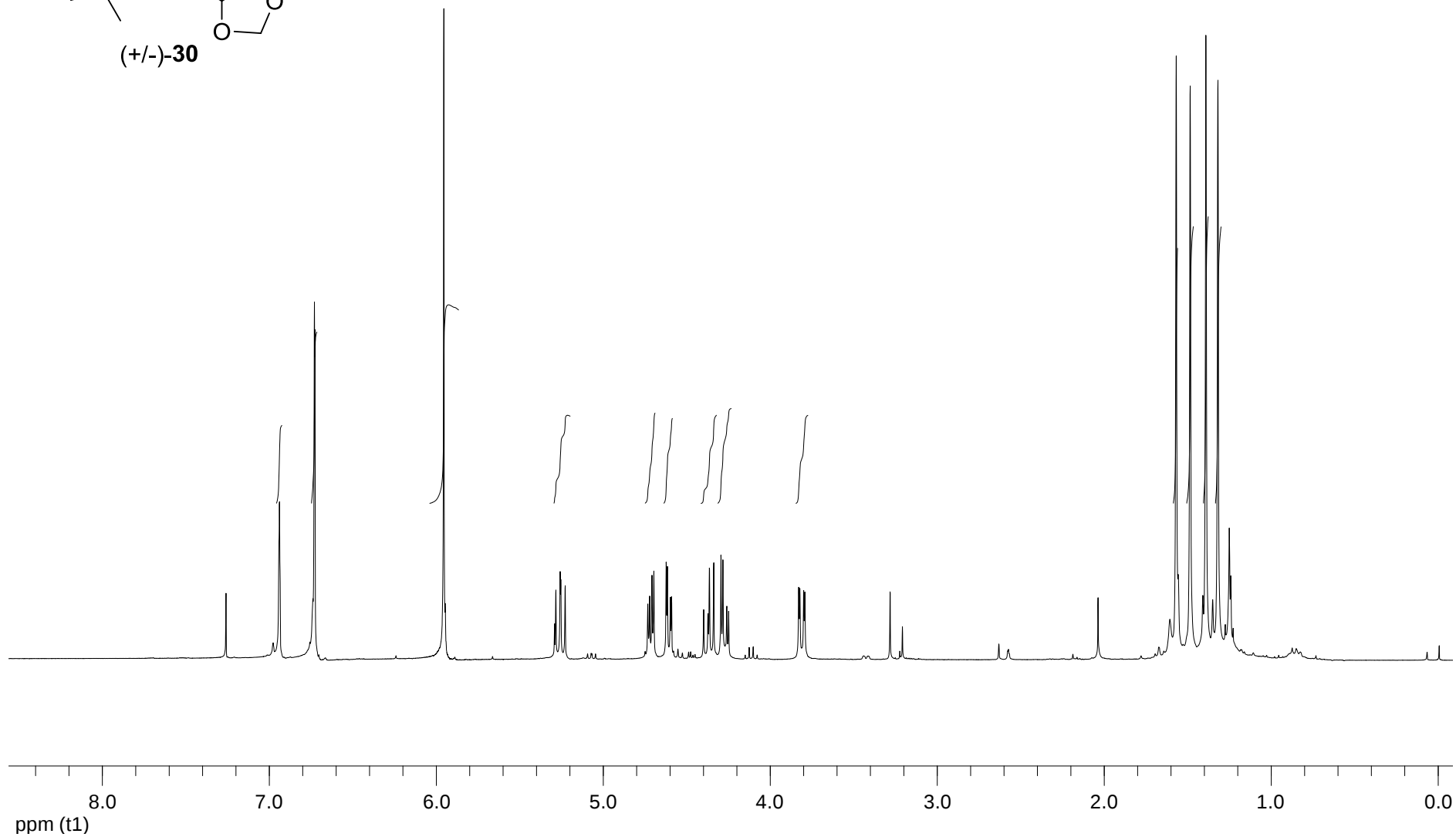
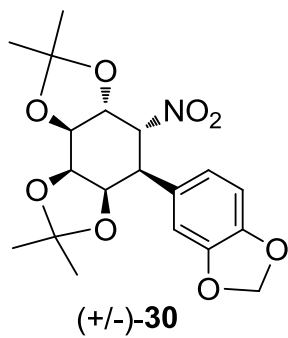




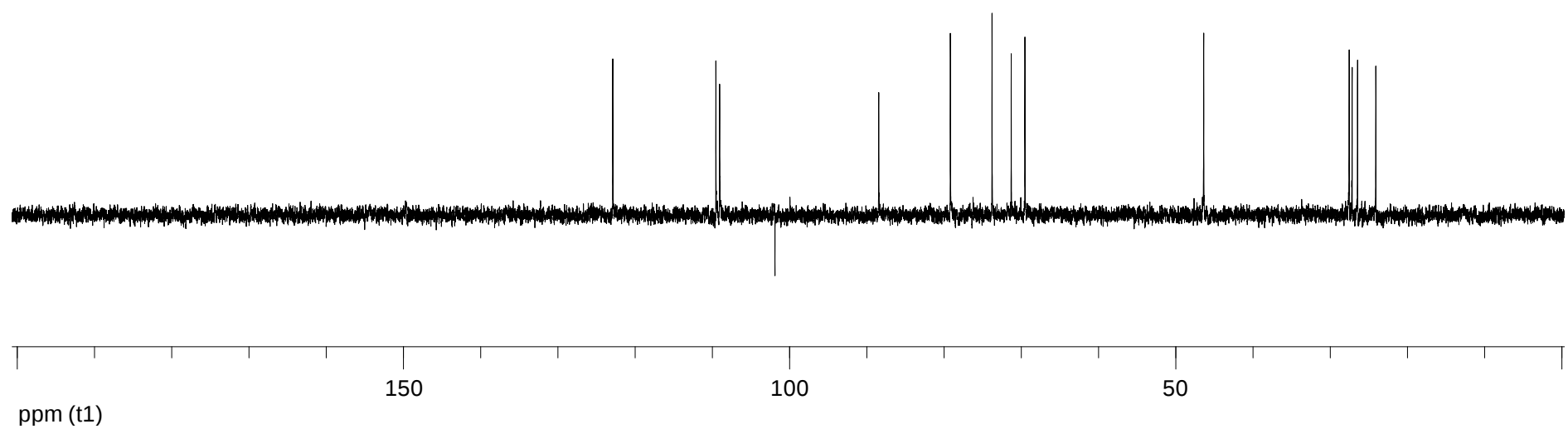
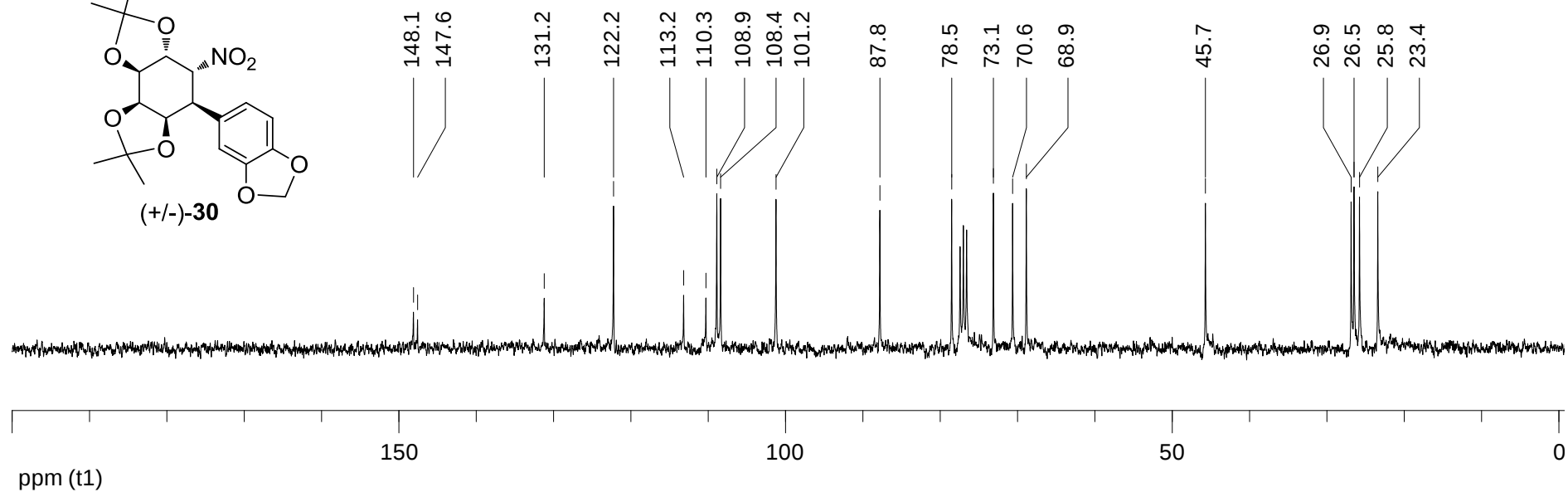
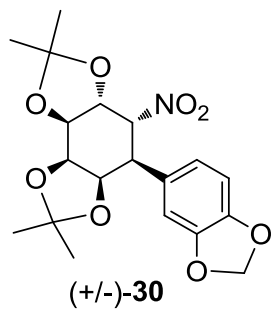
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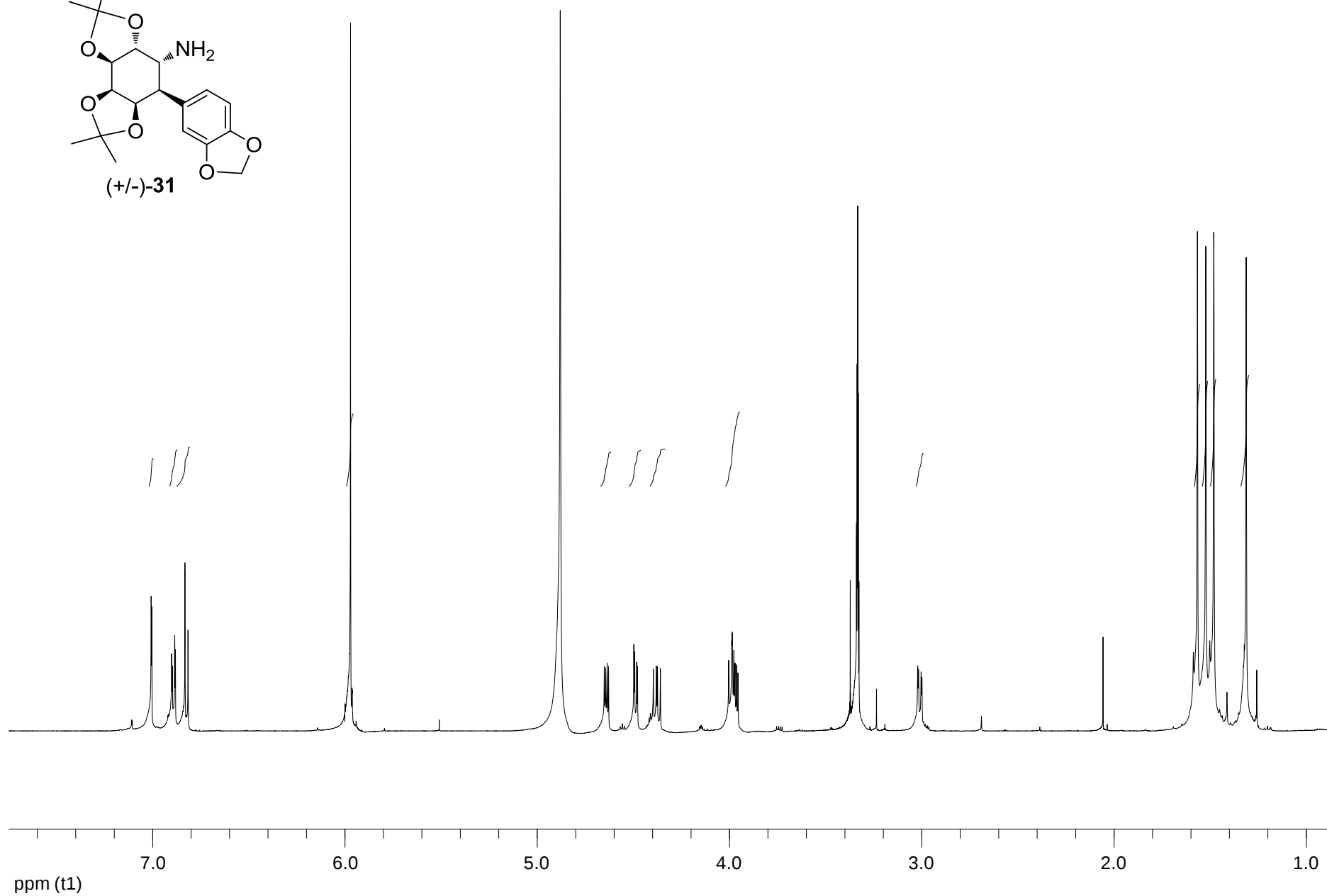
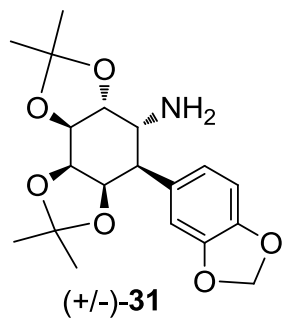


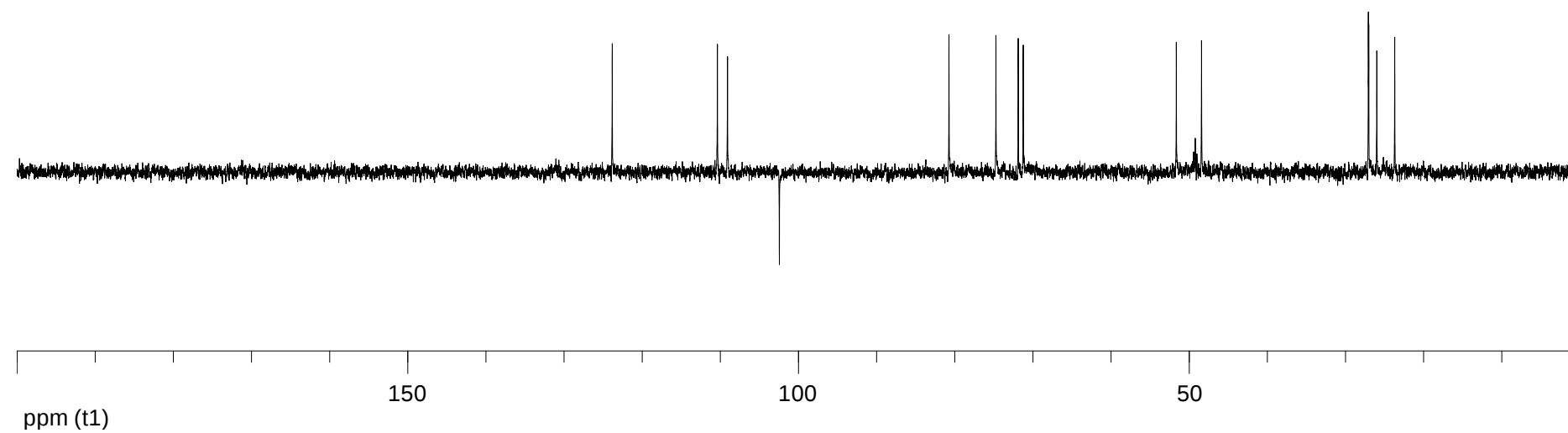
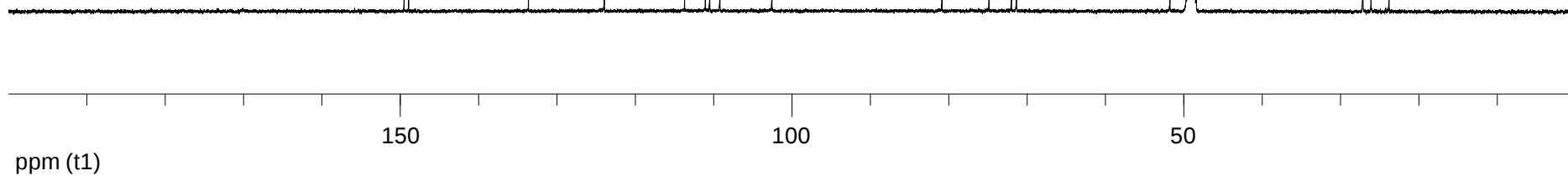
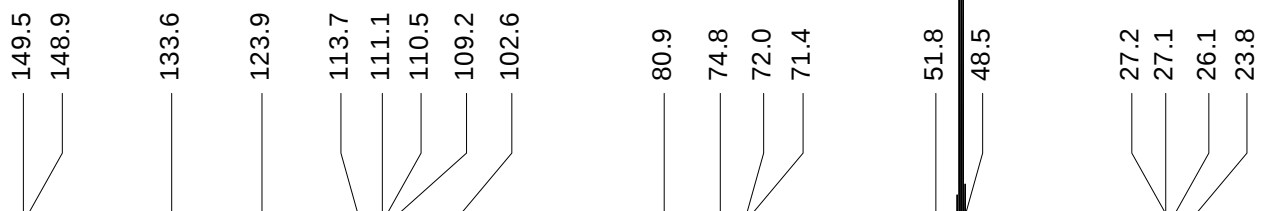
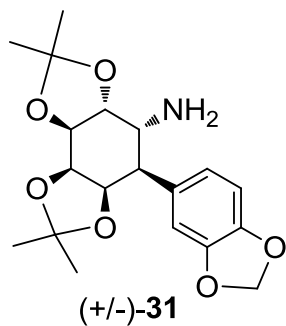


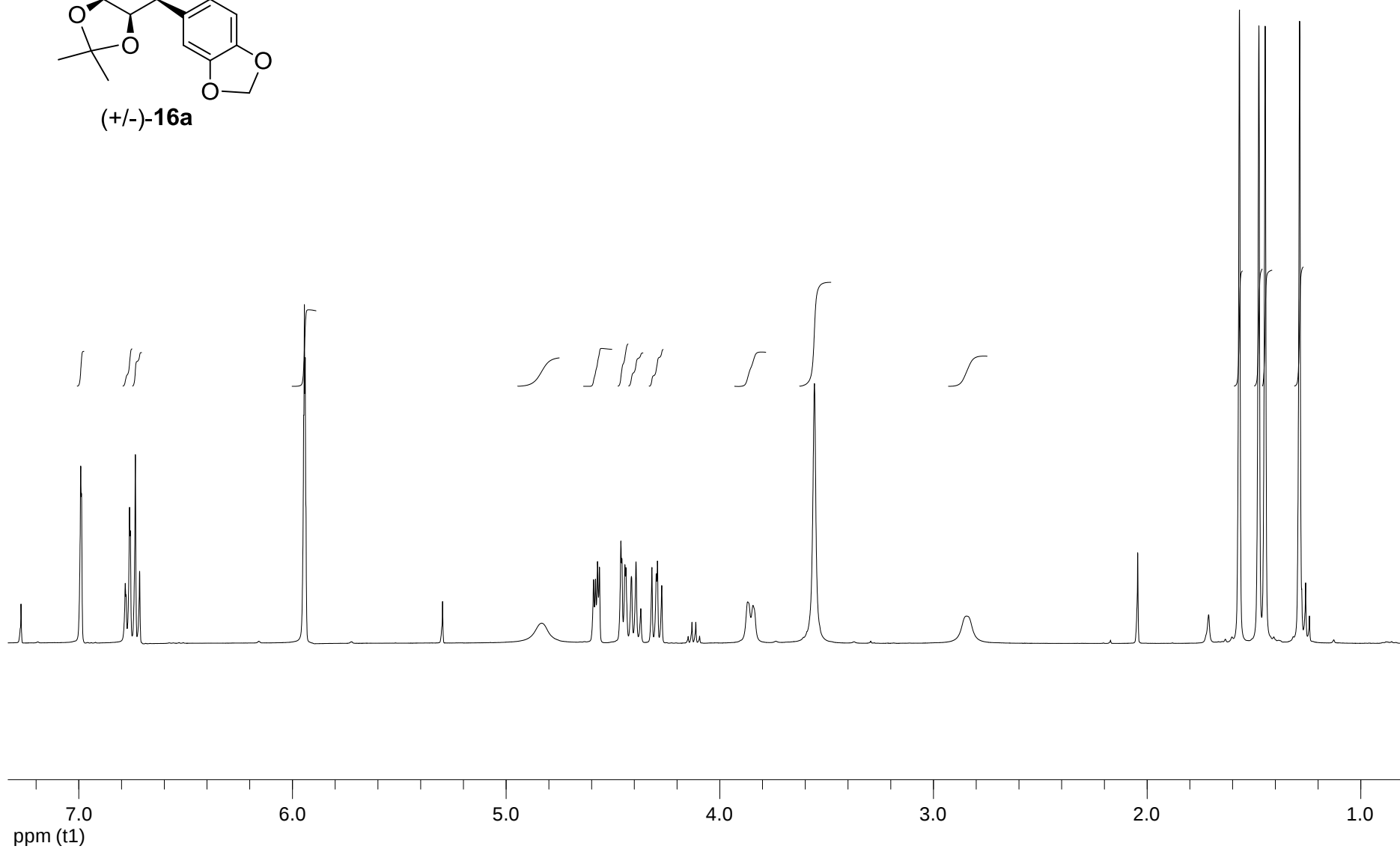
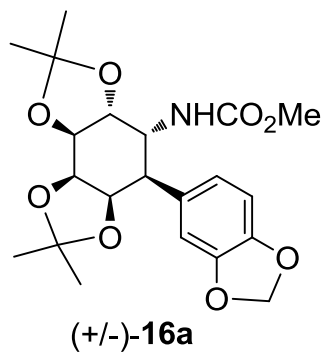


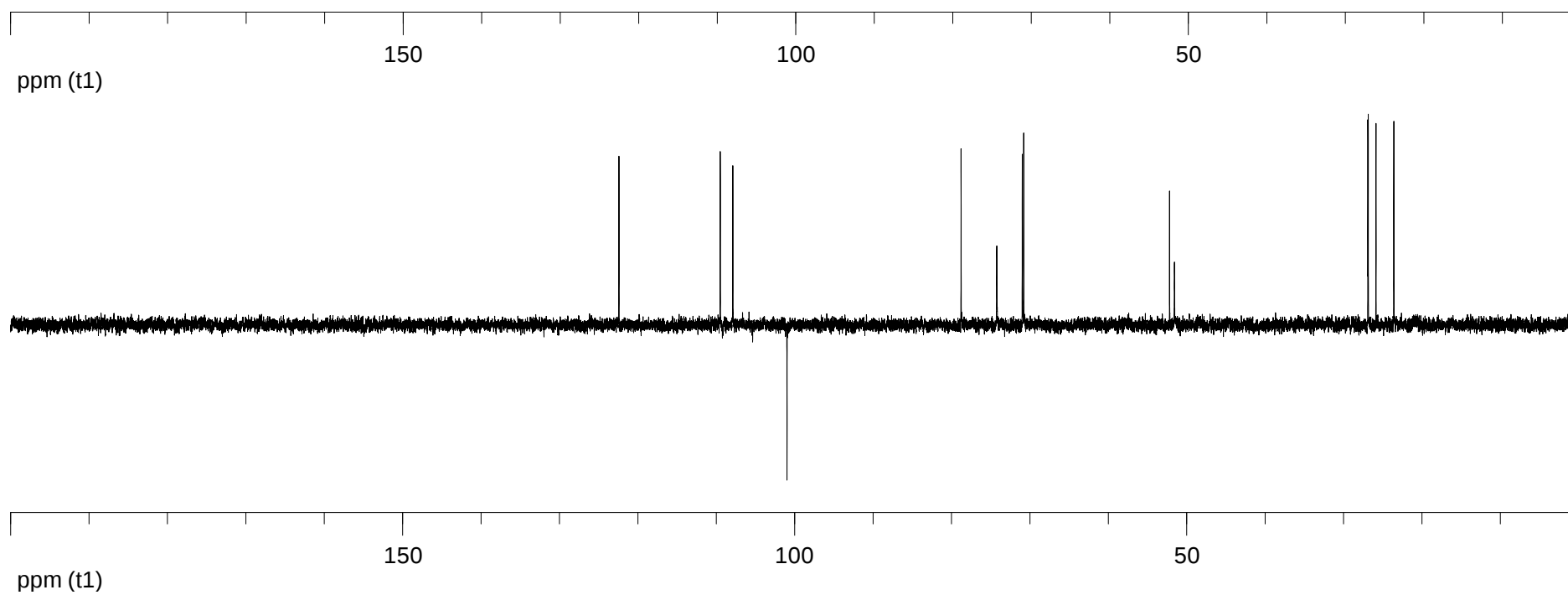
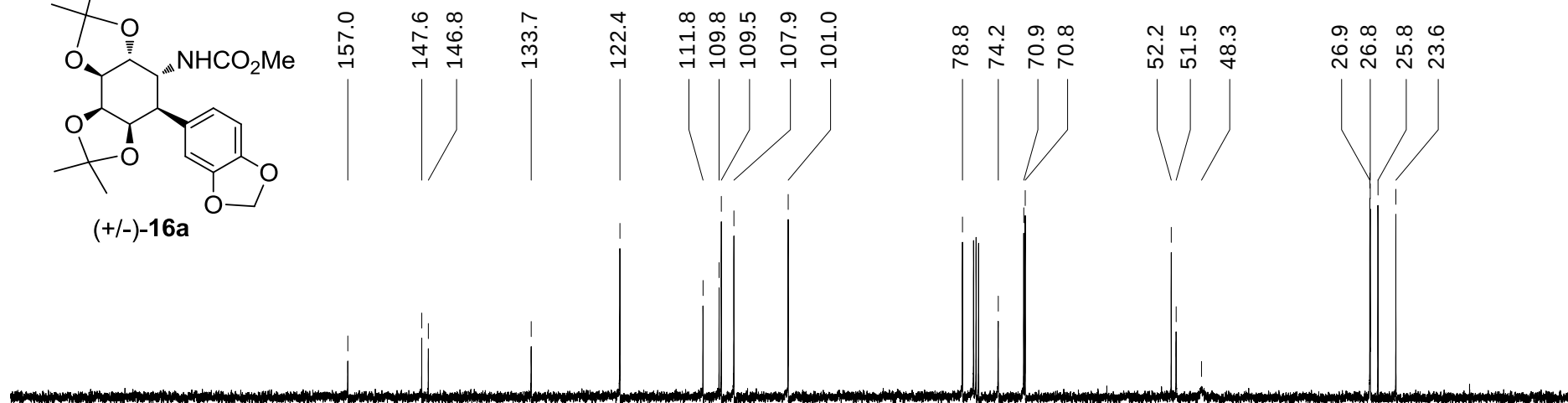
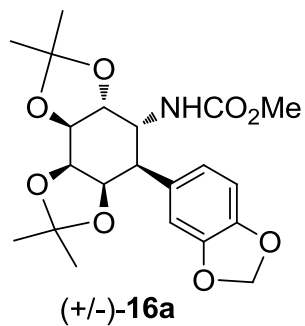
S50



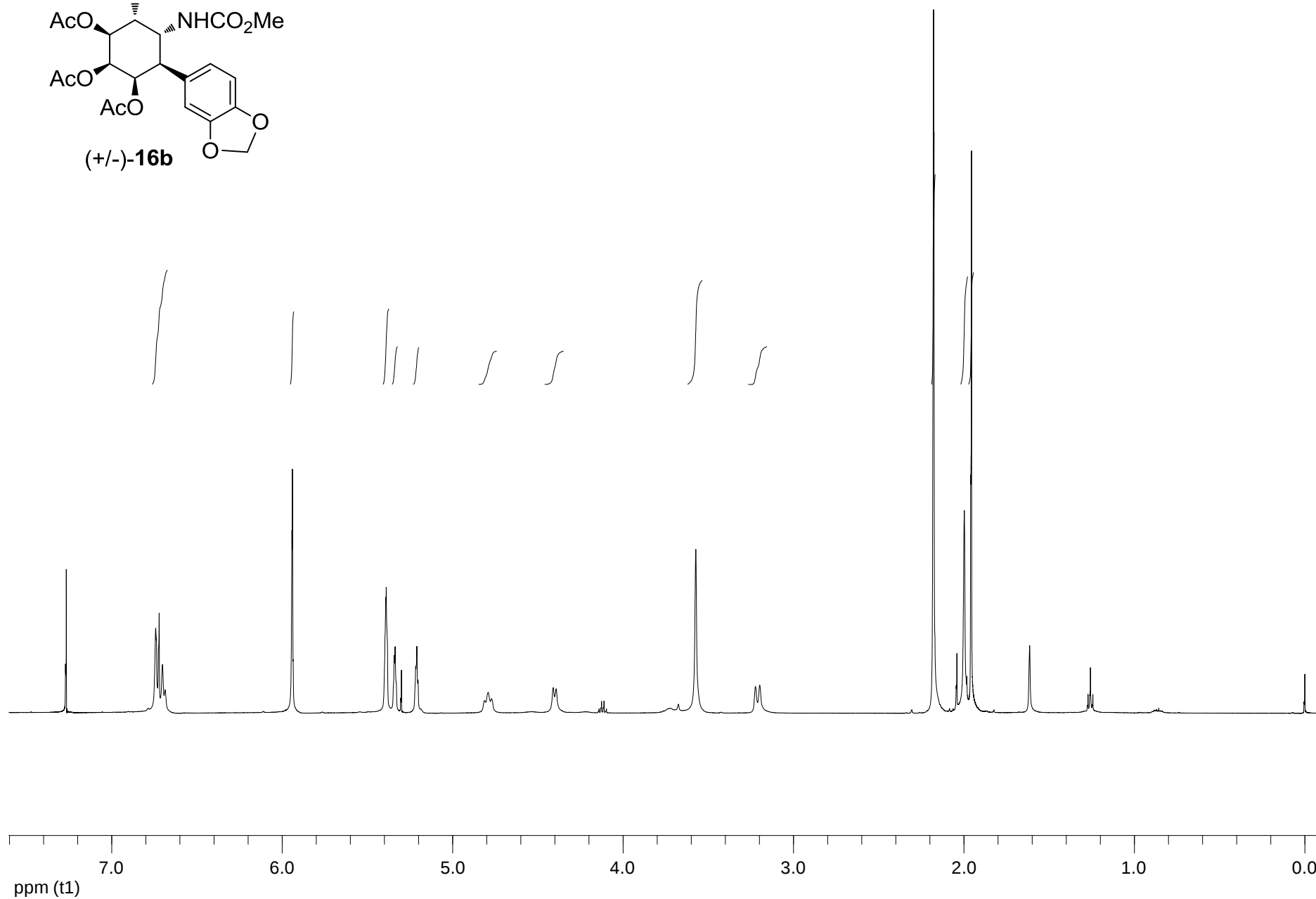
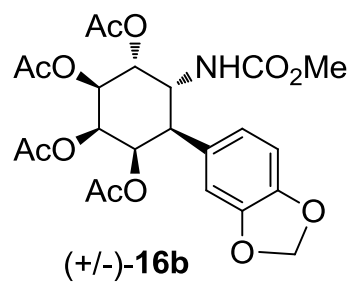


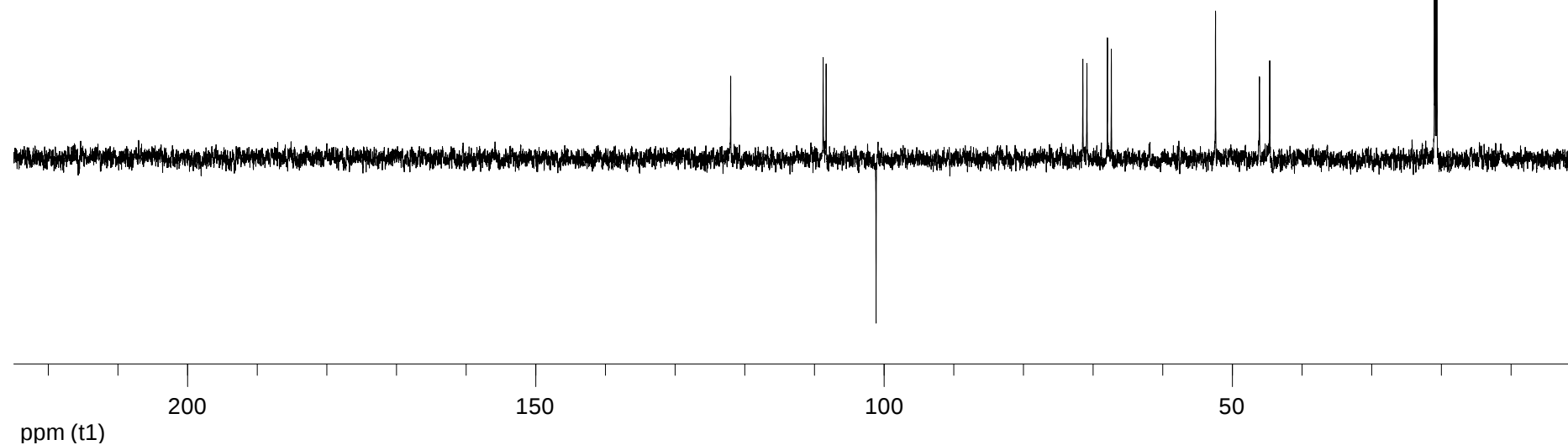
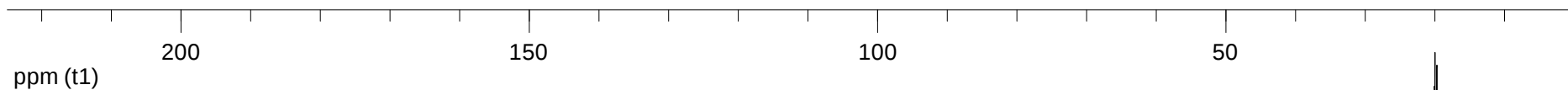
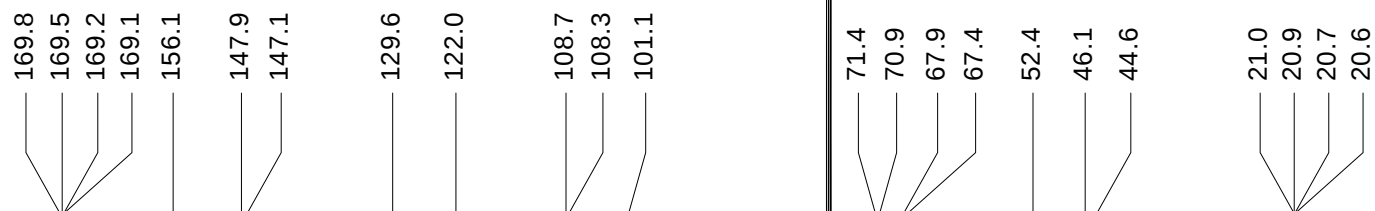
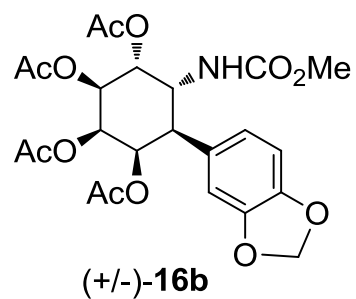


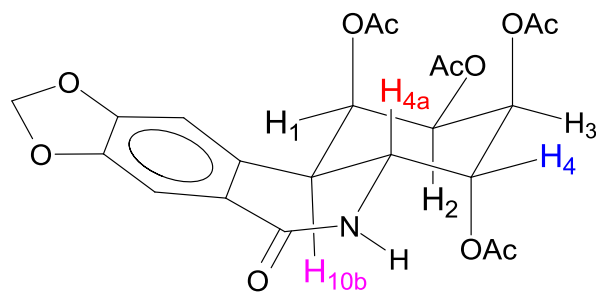
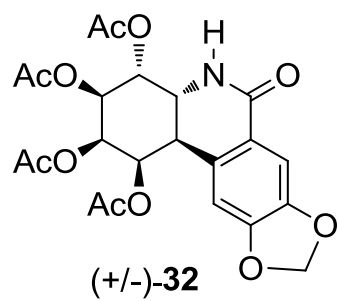




S55



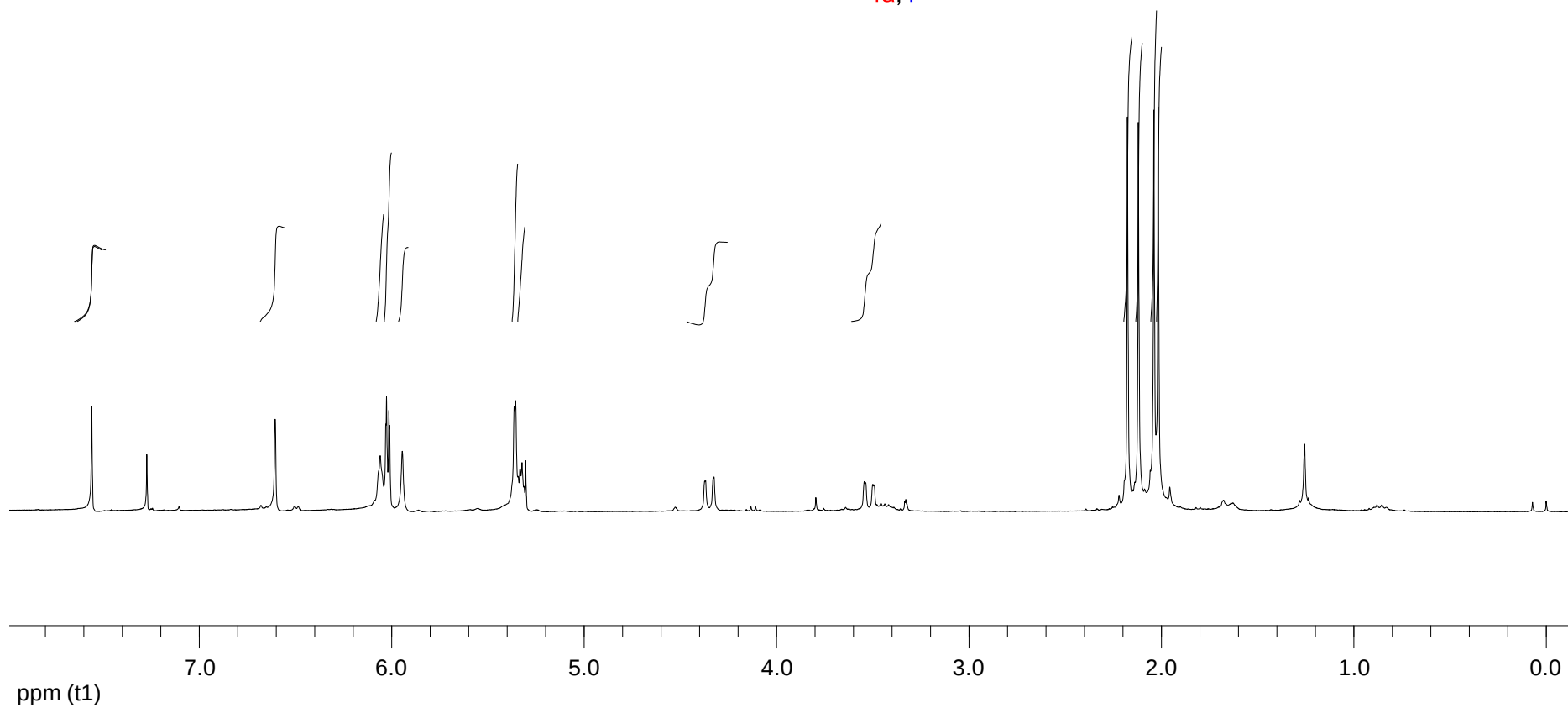


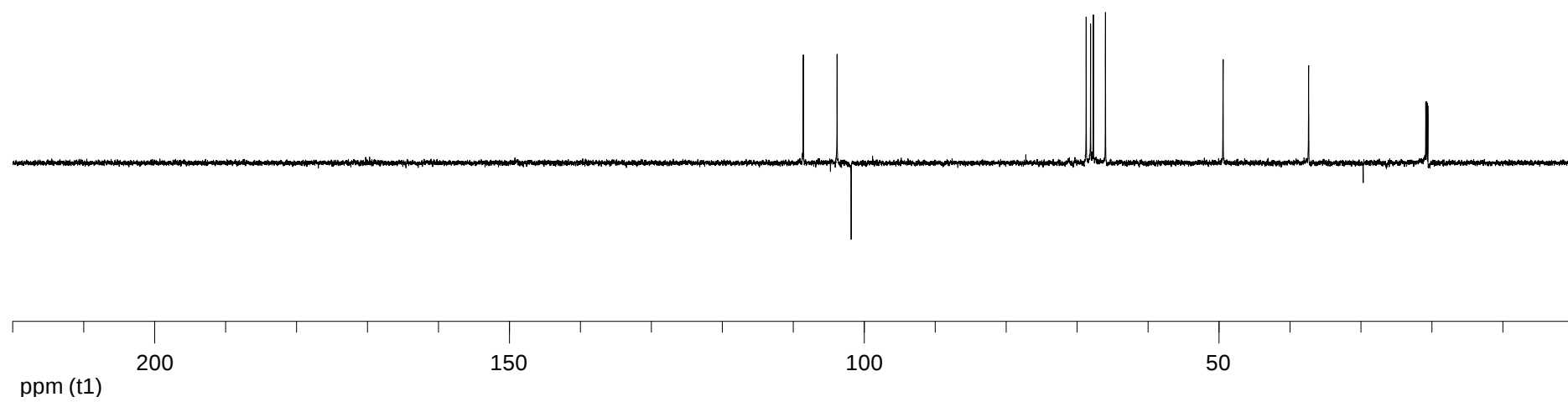
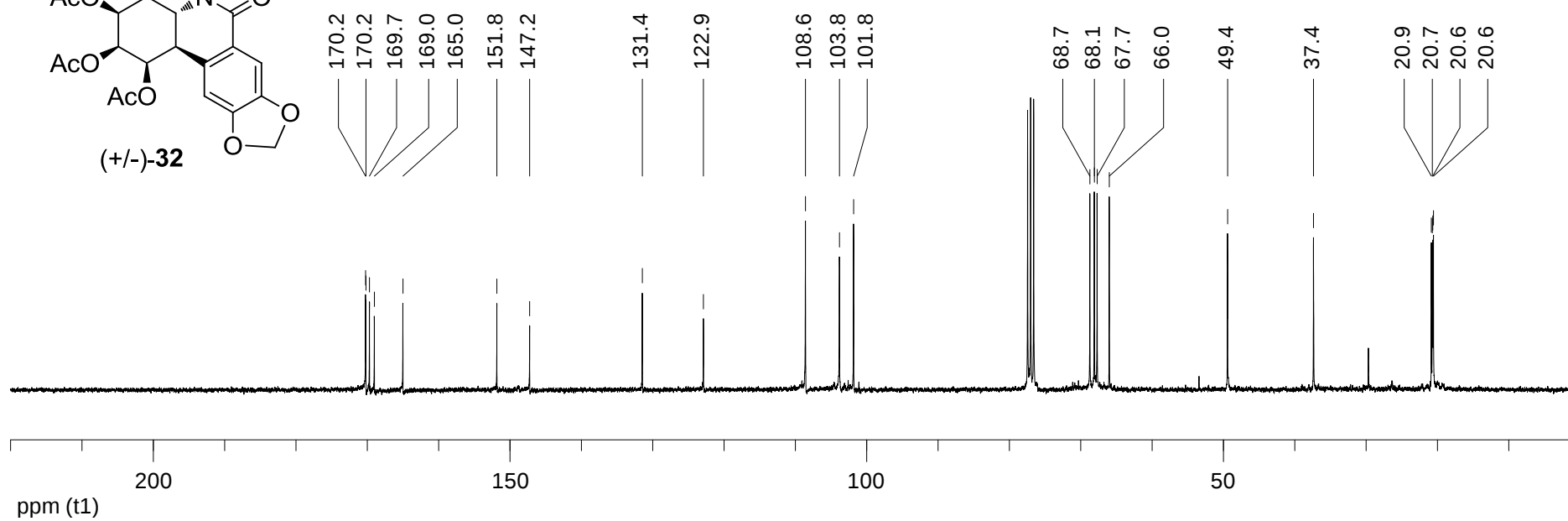
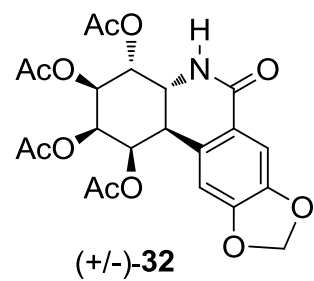


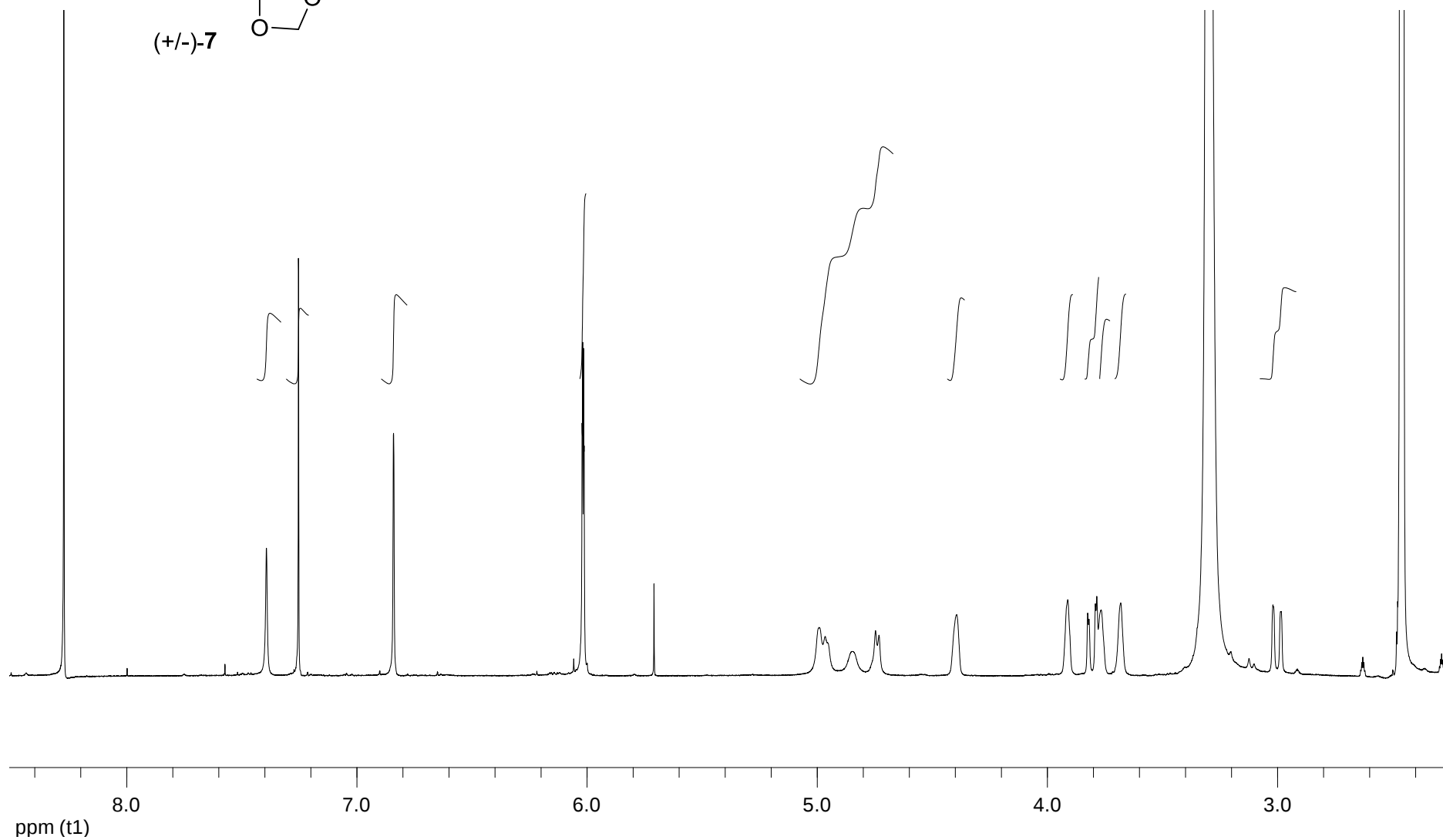
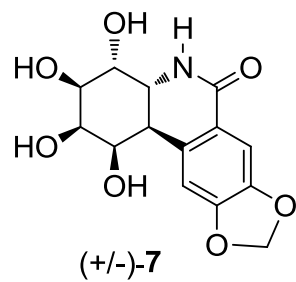
$$J_{1, 10b} = 2.1 \text{ Hz}$$

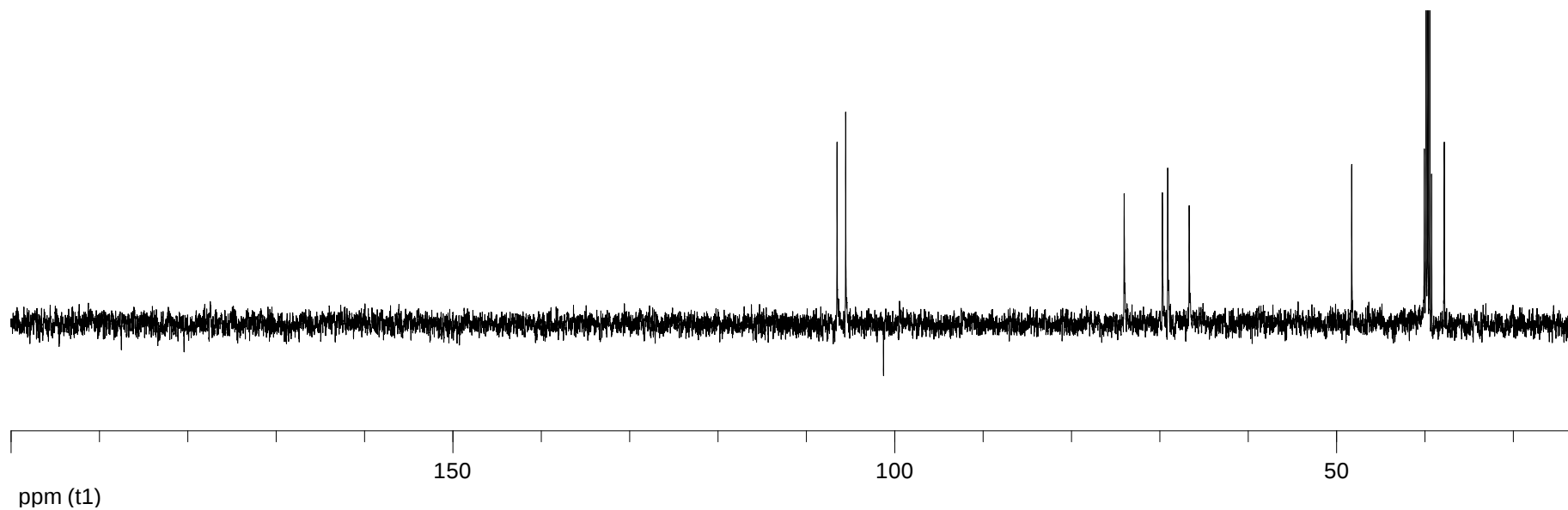
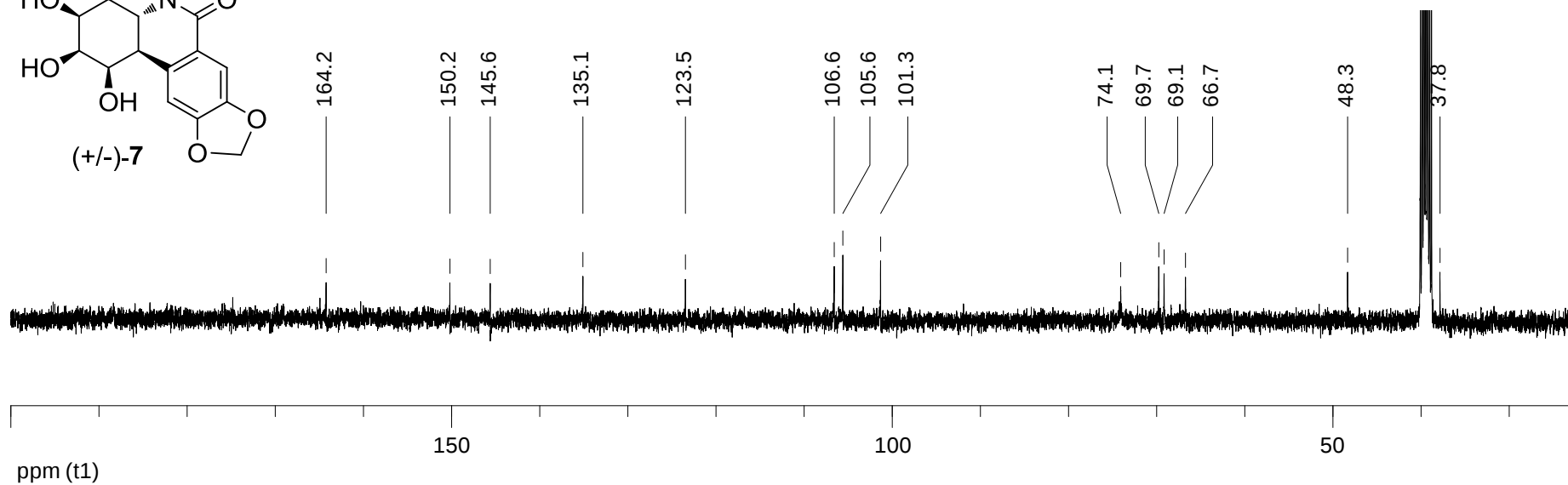
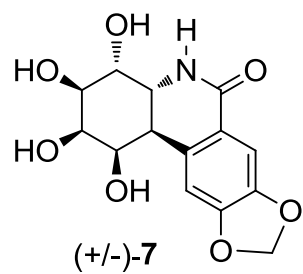
$$J_{10b, 4a} = 13.3 \text{ Hz}$$

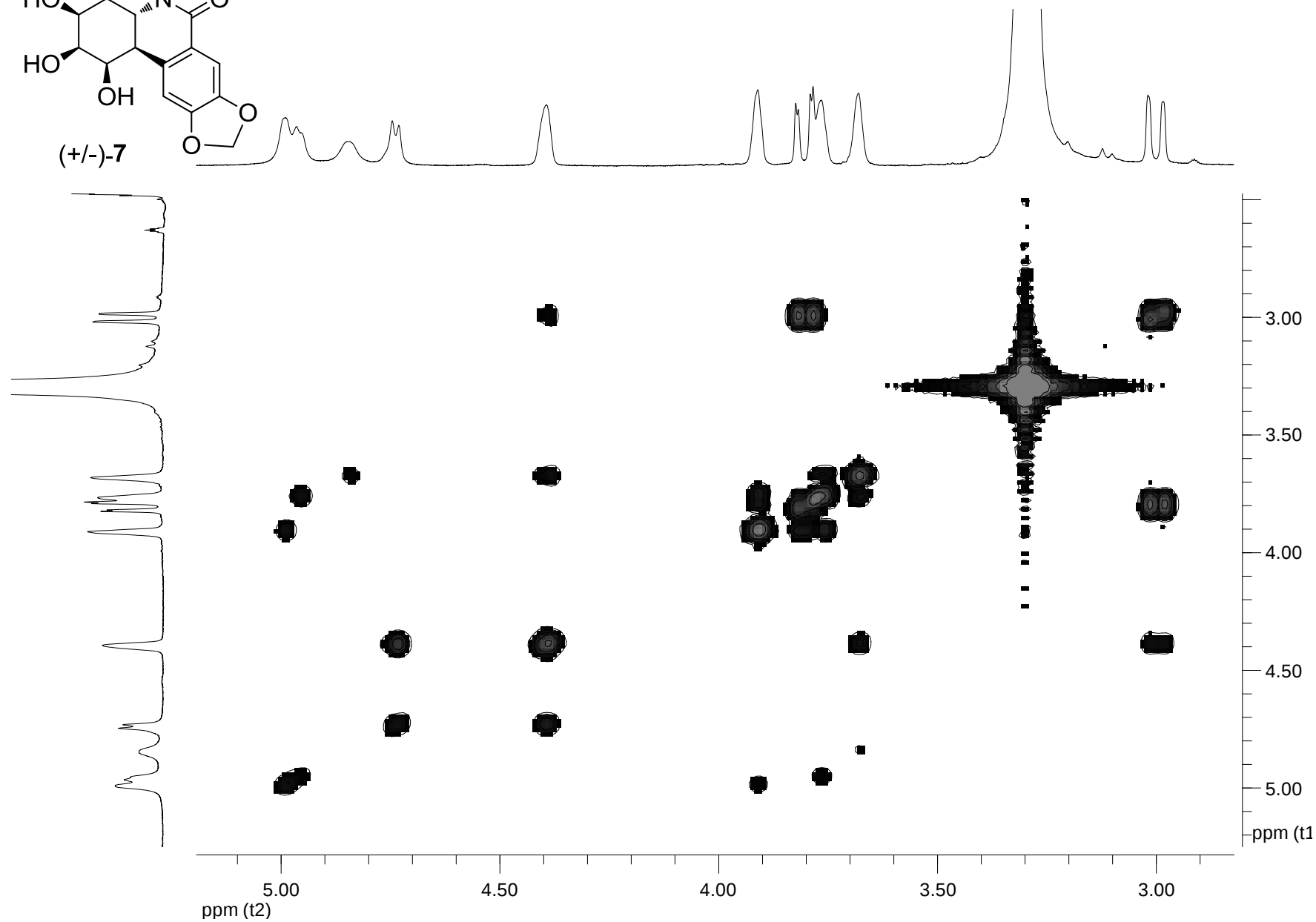
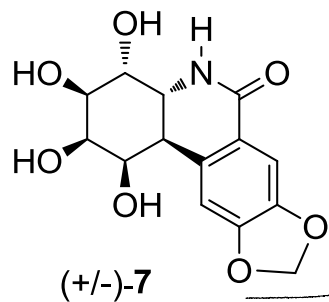
$$J_{4a, 4} = 1.3 \text{ Hz}$$

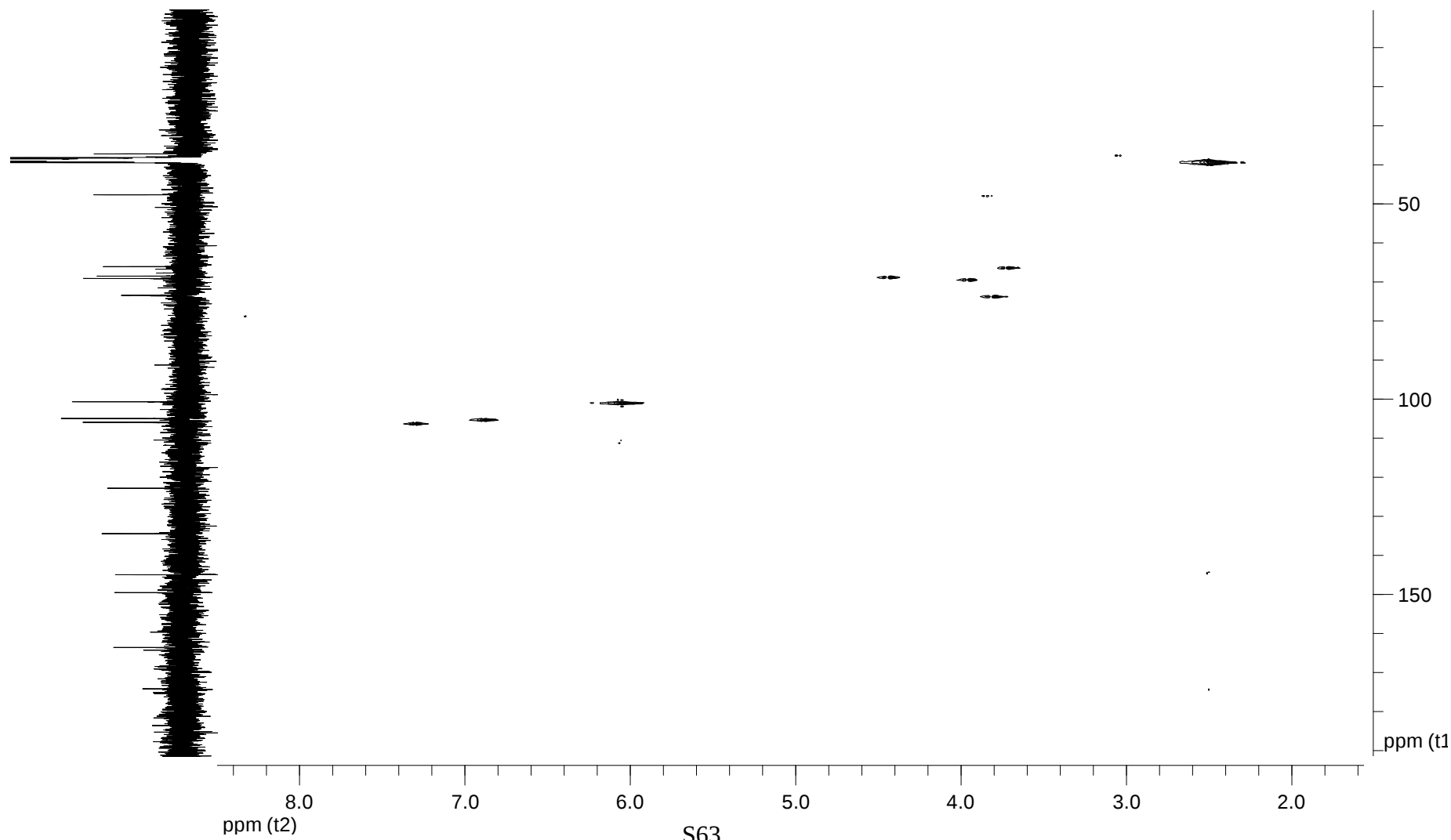
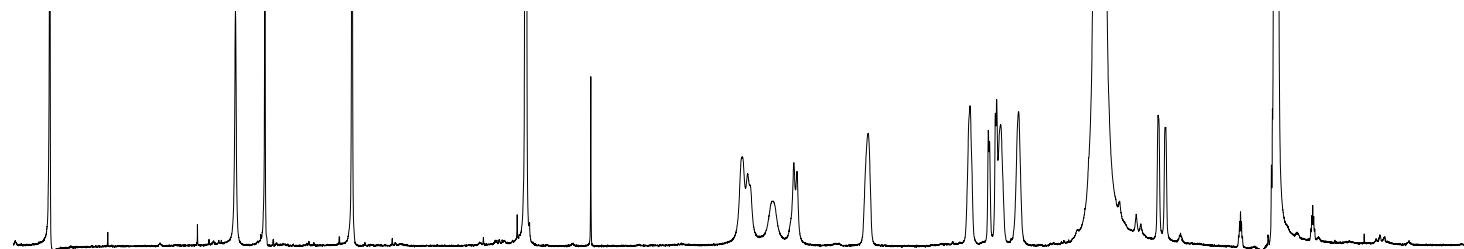
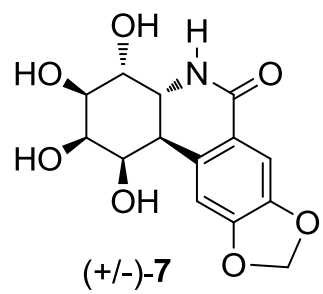


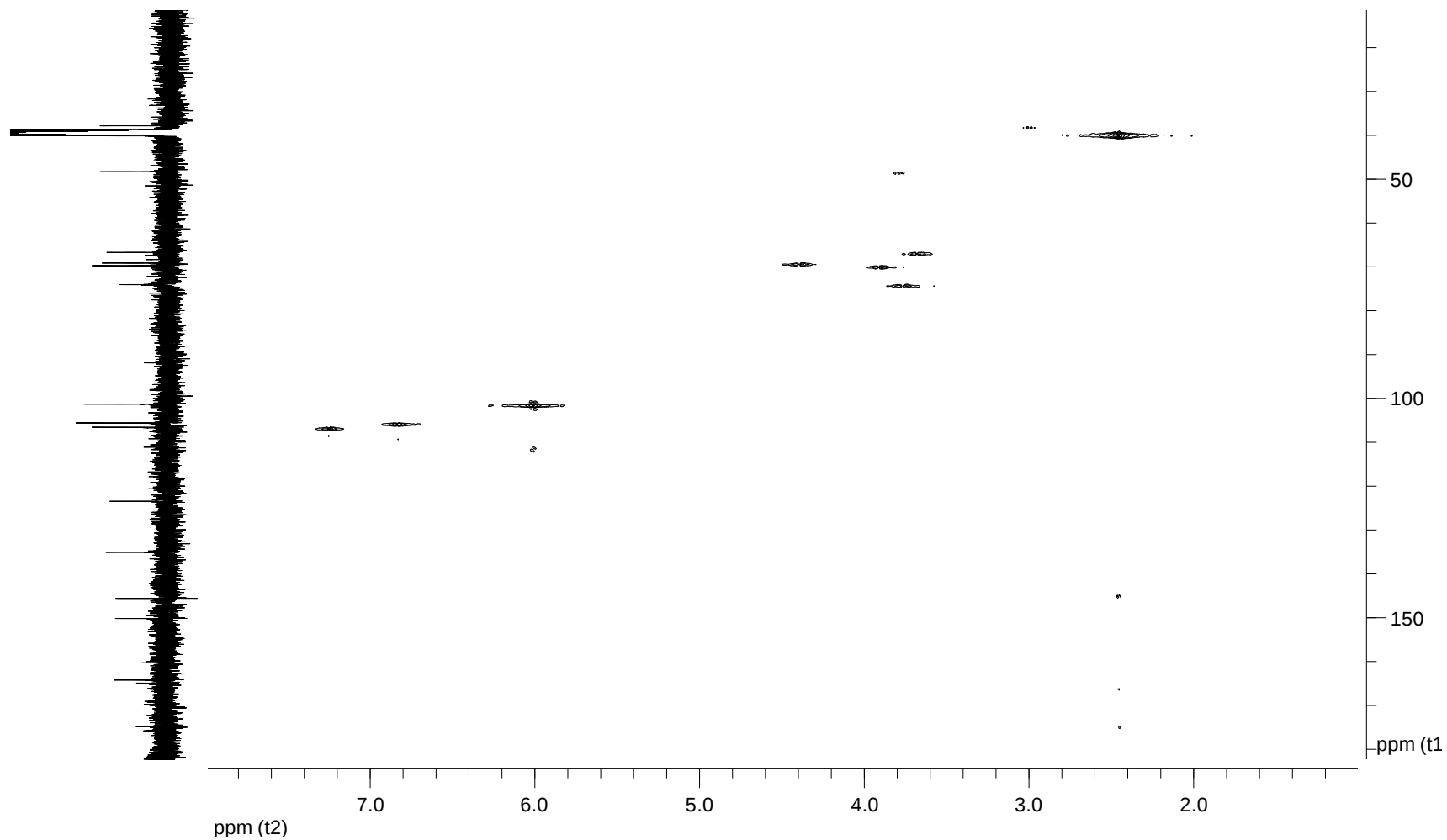
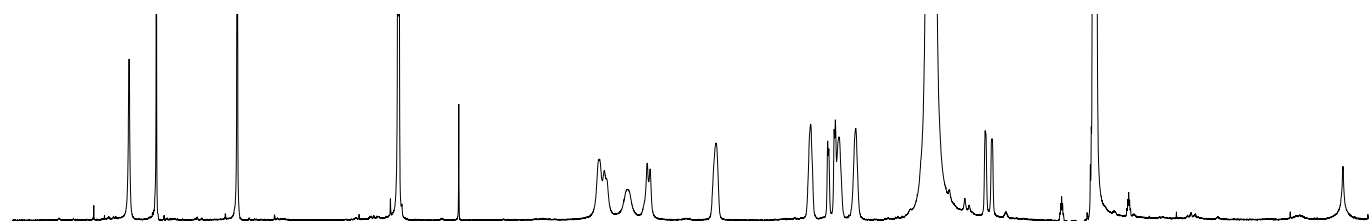
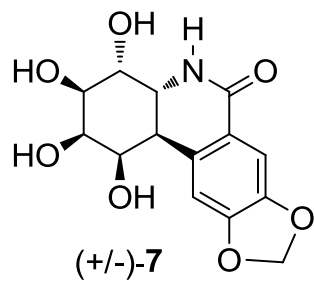


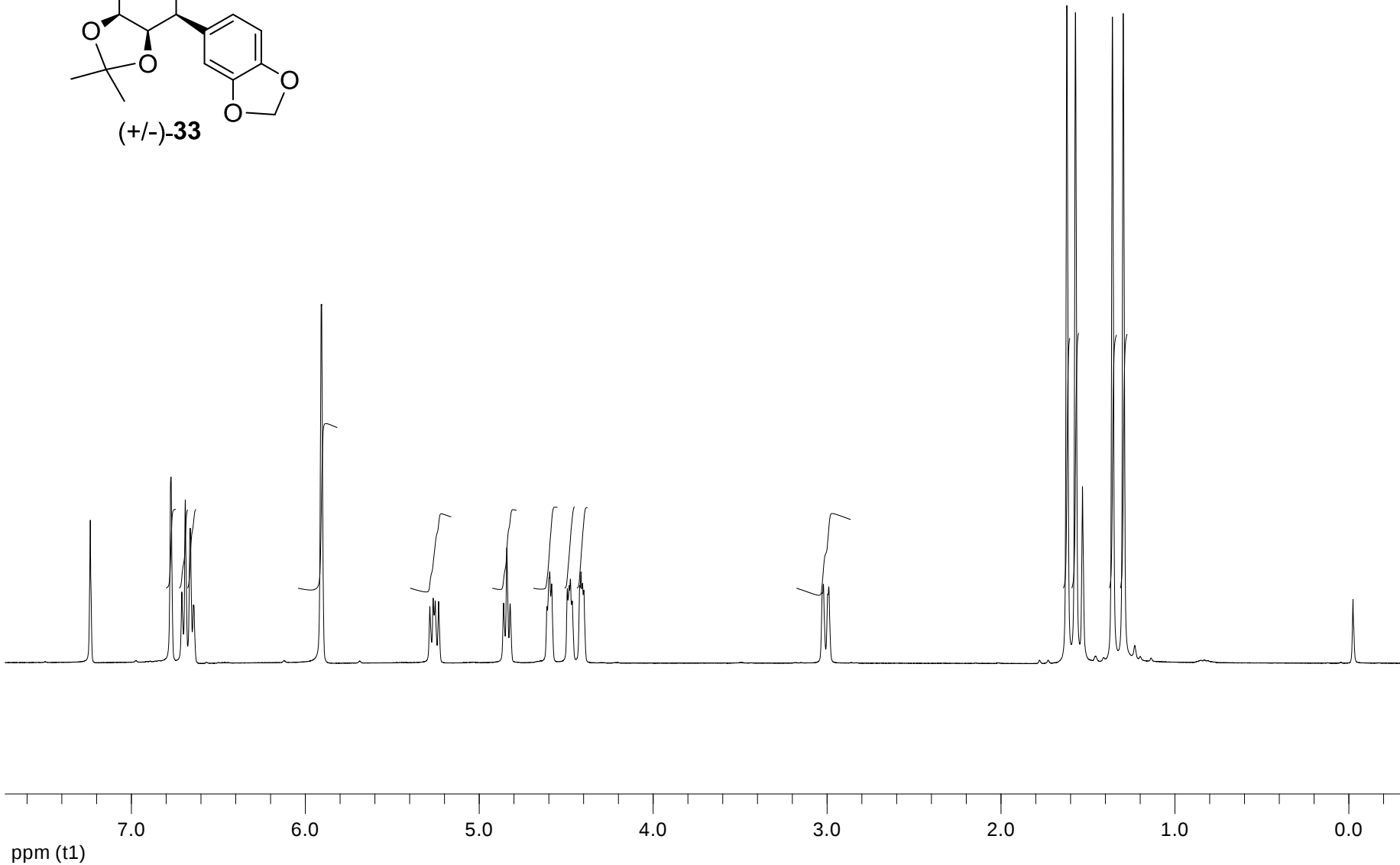


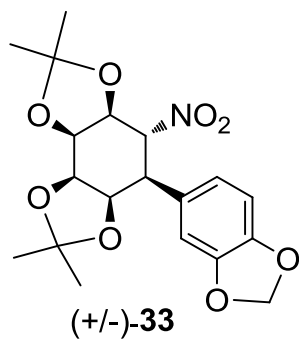












147.6
147.5

127.5
122.7

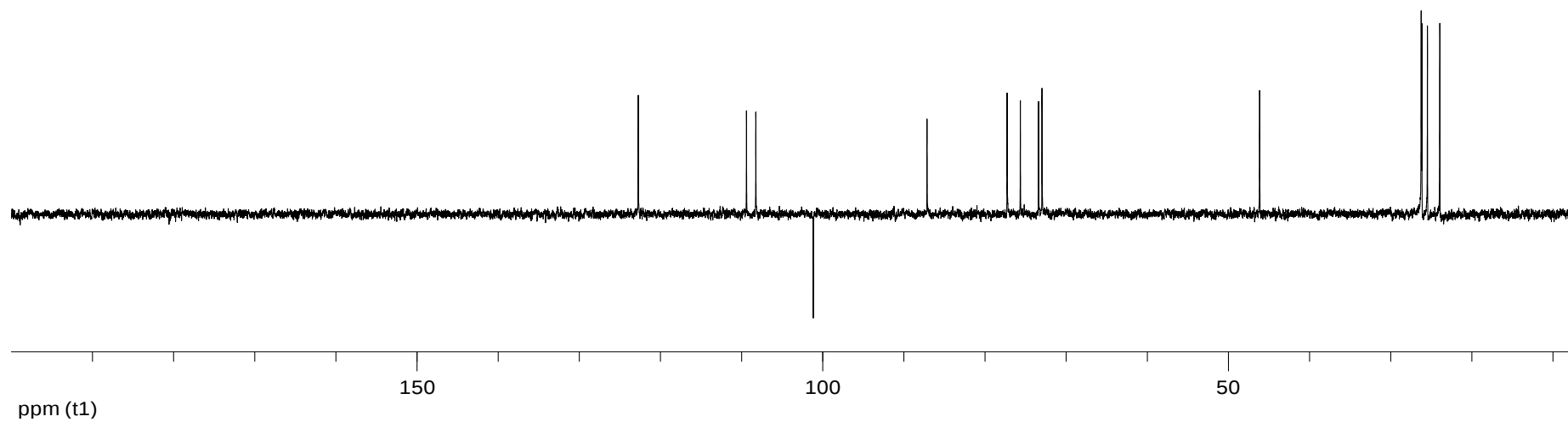
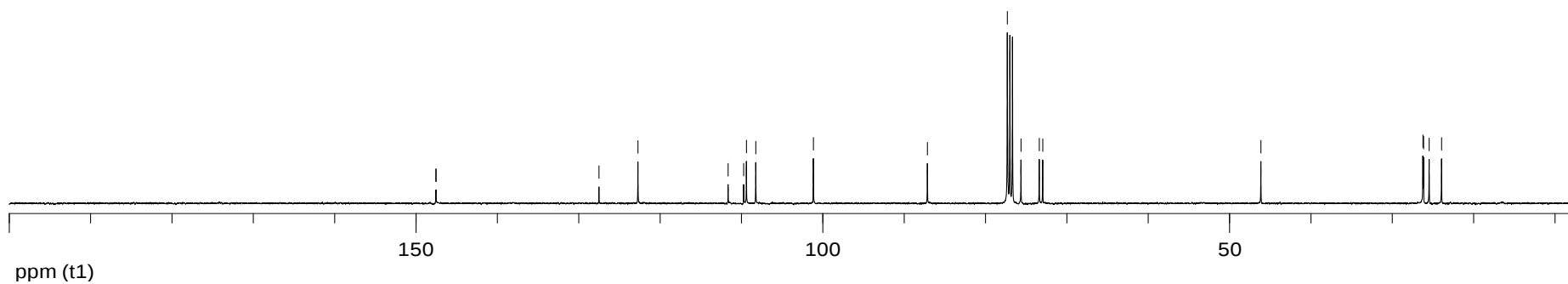
111.6
109.7
109.4
108.2
101.1

87.1

77.3
75.6
73.4
73.0

46.1

26.2
26.2
25.5
23.9



Cytotoxicity data

Cell line: NCI-H460

Culture conditions: RPMI 1640 supplemented with 10% FBS (Fetal Bovine Serum) in air/CO₂ (95:5) at 37°C.

Method: cellular growth inhibition was determined using a system based on the use of Sulforhodamine B at the USEF Drug Screening Platform at the University of Santiago de Compostela.

Compound	MW	IC ₅₀ (μ M and μ g/mL)	Standard error (μ M)	% Growth inhibition at 100 μ M
Narciclasine (3)	307.26	0.12 μ M = 0.037 μ g/mL	0.002	
(+/-)-7-Deoxy-PST (<i>rac</i> - 2)	309.27	5.08 μ M = 1.57 μ g/mL	0.09	85 +/- 1
(+/-)-7-Deoxy-2- <i>epi</i> -PST (5)	309.27	> 100 μ M $\approx$ 31 μ g/mL		16 +/- 5
(+/-)-7-Deoxy-2,4- <i>di-epi</i> -PST (7)	309.27			1 +/- 1

