

Rapid Synthesis of Substituted Pyrrolines and Pyrrolidines by Nucleophilic Ring Closure at Activated Oximes

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General Procedures

(A) Michael addition (methyl vinyl ketone)¹⁻⁷

Methyl vinyl ketone (1.2 eq.) was added dropwise to a well-stirred mixture of malonate (1.0 eq.) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (1.5 eq.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ and the mixture stirred for 15 hr at rt or till completion of the reaction by TLC. Water and EtOAc was added sequentially and the organic layer was separated, washed with 1 M HCl, water, brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration of the organic layer gave the crude product, which was purified by flash column chromatography (eluting with EtOAc : petrol) to afford the Michael adduct.

(B) Michael addition (chalcone)¹⁻⁷

Chalcone (1.1 eq.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ was added dropwise to a well-stirred mixture of malonate (1.0 eq.) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (1.5 eq.) in dry CH₂Cl₂ and the mixture was heated to reflux for 15 hr or till completion of the reaction by TLC. H₂O and EtOAc were added sequentially; the organic layer was separated, washed with 1 M HCl, water, brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration of the organic layer gave the crude product, which was purified by flash column chromatography (eluting with EtOAc : petrol) to afford the Michael adduct.

(C) Oxime from Michael adduct^{8,9}

To a solution of the Michael adduct from procedure **A** or **B** (1.0 eq.) in EtOH, was added NH₂OH·HCl (2.0 eq.) and Et₃N (2.5 eq.) and the reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 2 hr (7 hr in case of chalcone adduct). The progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC, and on

completion, the reaction mixture was allowed to cool to rt. EtOH was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in EtOAc and H₂O added. The organic layer was separated, washed with brine and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration of the organic layer gave the crude product, which was purified by flash column chromatography (eluting with EtOAc : petrol) to afford the oxime product.

(D) Oxime ether (2,4-dinitrofluorobenzene) from oxime^{8,9}

The oxime (1.0 eq.) from procedure **C** was dissolved in EtOH and sodium metal (1.1 eq.) was added. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at rt to ensure complete reaction. The reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C before 2,4-dinitrofluorobenzene (1.5 eq.) was added slowly, during which the reaction colour suddenly changes to deep yellow-orange. The reaction was stirred till completion by TLC. After completion of the reaction, EtOH was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in dilute HCl. The oxime ether was extracted by EtOAc, washed with saturated NaHCO₃, water and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and on concentration gave the product, which was purified by flash column chromatography (eluting with EtOAc : petrol).

(E) Tosyl or mesyl oxime from oxime¹⁰

To a stirred solution of oxime (1.0 eq.) from procedure **C** in dry CH₂Cl₂ at 0 °C was treated with Et₃N or pyridine (2.0 eq.) followed by slow addition of *p*-toluenesulphonyl chloride or methanesulfonyl chloride (1.2 eq.). The reaction was further stirred for 2 hr while progress was monitored by TLC, and after completion of reaction, HCl (1 M) was added, the product was extracted by CH₂Cl₂, and the extracts were washed with saturated NaHCO₃ and dried over Na₂SO₄. Concentration of CH₂Cl₂ gave crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography (eluting with EtOAc : petrol).

(F) Ring closure reaction^{8,9}

To a solution of oxime ether or tosyl oxime (1.0 eq.) from procedure **D** or **E** in dry THF at rt, a dispersion of NaH (3.0 eq. 60% dispersion in mineral oil) was added and heated to reflux for 30 min to 1 hr and the progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC. After completion of the

reaction, saturated NH₄Cl was added and the pyrroline product was extracted with EtOAc. The extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentration of reaction mixture gave the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography (eluting with EtOAc : petrol).

(G) Reduction of the cyclised product (H-Cube Hydrogenation)

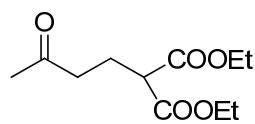
The solution of the cyclised product pyrroline (1.0 eq.) in EtOH was passed through the capillary of a H-Cube hydrogenation plant (0.5 mL per min) at 50 °C, using 10% Pd/C as catalyst. EtOH was removed under reduced pressure and the crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (eluting with EtOAc : petrol).

H) Reduction of the cyclised product (NaBH₃CN)¹¹

To a solution of pyrroline product (1.0 eq.) in MeOH was added 2 M HCl in MeOH, followed by NaBH₃CN (3.0 eq.) and additional 2 M HCl in MeOH was added periodically to maintain the acidic pH of the reaction mixture. The progress of the reaction was monitored by TLC, and after 30-60 min, MeOH was removed and the residue extacted with dilute NaHCO₃ and EtOAc, washed with water, brine, dried over Na₂SO₄ and the organic layer concentrated and purified by flash column chromatography (eluting with EtOAc : petrol).

Experimental Procedures

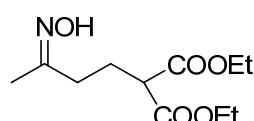
Diethyl 2-(3-ox butyl)malonate, 3a



Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (2.84 g, 40.6 mmol) was added to a solution of diethyl malonate (5.01 g, 31.3 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (6.28 g, 46.9 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) stirred at rt, to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3a** (6.40 g, 90%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.51 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:2); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2983, 1730, 1447, 1367, 1157, 1097, 860; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.25 (6H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 2.12 (3H, s, COCH₃), 2.13 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.56 (2H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH),

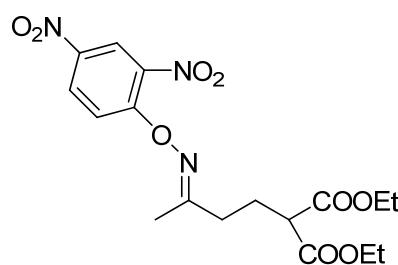
3.36 (1H, t, J 7.3 Hz, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 4.17 (4H, q, J 7.1 Hz, $2 \times \text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl_3 ; Me_4Si) 14.1 ($2 \times \text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$), 22.4 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 29.9 (COCH_3), 40.4 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 50.7 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 61.4 ($2 \times \text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$), 169.1 ($2 \times \text{COO}$), 207.2 (CO); m/z (ESI $^+$) 289 ($[\text{M}+\text{CH}_3\text{CN}+\text{NH}_4]^+$, 50%), 229 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$, 100%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_5^+$ ($[\text{M}^+]$) requires 230.1154; found 230.1149.

Diethyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)butyl)malonate, 4a



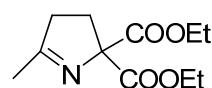
Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **3a** (6.20 g, 27.0 mmol) in EtOH (40 mL), was added $\text{NH}_2\text{OH.HCl}$ (3.72 g, 53.9 mmol) and Et_3N (6.80 g, 67.4 mmol) which was heated to reflux for 2 hr, to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4a** (5.70 g, 86%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.47$ (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3440, 3260, 2983, 1732, 1447, 1370, 1153, 1096, 861; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl_3 ; Me_4Si) 1.26 (6H, t, J 7.1 Hz, $2 \times \text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$), 1.88 (3H, s, COCH_3), 2.10 (2H, m, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 2.24, 2.41 (2H, t, J 7.7 Hz, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 3.36 (1H, t, J 7.2 Hz, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 4.19 (4H, q, J 7.1 Hz, $2 \times \text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$), 8.73 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl_3 ; Me_4Si) 13.5 (CNOHCH_3), 14.0 ($2 \times \text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$), 25.2 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 33.4 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 51.1, 51.6 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 61.5 ($2 \times \text{OCH}_2\text{CH}_3$), 156.9 ($\text{C}=\text{NOH}$), 169.1 ($2 \times \text{COO}$); m/z (ESI $^+$) 304 ($[\text{M}+\text{CH}_3\text{CN}+\text{NH}_4]^+$, 100%), 268 ($[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 35%), 244 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$, 100%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_5^+$ ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$) requires 244.1190; found 244.1180.

Diethyl 2-(3-(2,4-dinitrophenoxyimino)butyl)malonate, 5a



Following general procedure **D**, to a solution of oxime **4a** (501 mg, 2.04 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL), was added sodium metal (52 mg, 2.24 mmol) followed by 2,4-dinitrofluorobenzene after 30 min at 0 °C. EtOH was removed to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford ether **5a** (569 mg, 68%) as a yellow oil; $R_f = 0.61$ (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3040, 2984, 1730, 1606, 1533, 1473, 1343, 1289, 1147, 1066, 925, 831, 743, 719; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.28 (6H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 2.19 (3H, s, COCH₃), 2.26 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.49 and 2.67 (2H, t, *J* 7.7 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.44 (1H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.20-4.30 (4H, m, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 7.94 (1H, d, *J* 7.4 Hz, ArH), 8.41 (1H, dd, *J* 7.4, 2.7 Hz, ArH), 8.87 (1H, d, *J* 2.7 Hz, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 16.4 (CNOHCH₃), 24.6 (CH₂CH₂CH), 33.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 50.1 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.7 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 117.2, 122.1, 129.4, 135.8, 140.6 (ArC), 157.3 (C=NOAr), 165.8 and 166.5 (quaternary ArC), 168.7 and 168.9 (2 × COO); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 470 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₇H₂₁N₃O₉⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 434.1170; found 434.1160.

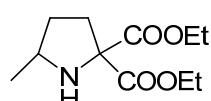
Diethyl 5-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrrole-2,2-dicarboxylate, **7a**



Following general procedure **F**, to ether **5a** (402 mg, 0.97 mmol) in dry THF (15 mL) was added NaH (70 mg, 2.91 mol, 60%) and the mixture heated to reflux for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrroline **7a** (119 mg, 54%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.15$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2984, 1735, 1644, 1446, 1380, 1267, 1158, 1022; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.27 (6H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 2.14 (3H, s,

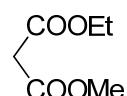
$\text{CH}_3\text{C}=\text{N}$), 2.45 (2H, t, J 7.5 Hz, C(4)HH), 2.67 (2H, t, J 7.7 Hz, C(3)HH), 4.23 (4H, q, J 7.1 Hz, 2 \times OCH₂CH₃); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (2 \times OCH₂CH₃), 19.9 (CH₃C=N), 30.4 (C4), 39.5 (C3), 61.9 (2 \times OCH₂CH₃), 86.6 (C2), 169.9 (2 \times COO), 180.9 (C5); m/z (ESI⁺) 513 ([2M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 455 ([2M+H]⁺, 75%), 286 ([M+CH₃CN+ NH₄]⁺, 60%), 228 ([M+H]⁺, 72%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₁H₁₇NO₄⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 228.1236; found 228.1230.

(±)Diethyl 5-methylpyrrolidine-2,2-dicarboxylate, 9a¹¹



Following general procedure **H**, to a solution of pyrroline **7a** (51 mg, 0.22 mmol) in MeOH (3 mL) was added NaBH₃CN (21 mg, 0.33 mmol) and 2 M HCl in MeOH (2 mL), which after work-up gave crude product which was purified by column chromatography to afford pyrrolidine **9a** (47 mg, 93%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.63 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3353, 2966, 1734, 1448, 1367, 1272, 1190, 1145, 1026, 863; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.11 (3H, d, J 6.2 Hz, CH₃CHNH), 1.20 (6H, t, J 7.1 Hz, 2 \times OCH₂CH₃), 1.33 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 1.86 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.20 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.41 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 3.27 (1H, m, (C5)H), 4.10-4.20 (4H, m, 2 \times OCH₂CH₃); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (2 \times OCH₂CH₃), 21.0 (CH₃CHNH), 32.9 (C4), 33.4 (C3), 54.9 (C5), 61.9 (2 \times OCH₂CH₃), 72.3 (C2), 171.6, 172.3 (2 \times COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 230 ([M+H]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₁H₁₉NO₄⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 230.1387; found 230.1384.

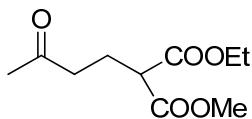
Ethyl methyl malonate



To a solution of ethyl 3-chloro-3-oxopropanoate (519 mg, 3.46 mmol) in MeOH (20 mL) was added Et₃N (698 mg, 6.92 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt to afford ethyl methyl malonate (486 mg, 96%) as a colourless oil; $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2986, 1736, 1438, 1370, 1336, 1152, 1034; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.28 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.38 (2H, s, CH₂), 3.75 (3H, s, COOCH₃),

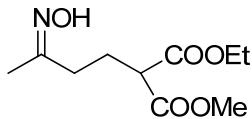
4.20 (2H, q, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), δ _C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 41.4 (CH₂), 52.5 (COOCH₃), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 166.5, 167.1 (2 \times COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 169 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 145 ([M-H]⁻, 30%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₆H₁₀NaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 169.0471; found 169.0470.

(\pm)1-Ethyl 3-methyl 2-(3-oxobutyl)malonate, 3b



Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (259 mg, 3.70 mmol) was added to a solution of methyl ethyl malonate (451 mg, 3.08 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (620 mg, 4.63 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) and the mixture stirred at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3b** (608 mg, 91%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.48 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:2); v _{max}(film)/cm⁻¹ 2956, 1732, 1438, 1370, 1158, 1097, 858; δ _H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.24 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.12 (3H, s, COCH₃), 2.23 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.52 (2H, t, J 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.38 (1H, dd, J 7.3, 7.0 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.72 (3H, s, COOCH₃), 4.18 (2H, q, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃); δ _C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 22.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 29.9 (COCH₃), 40.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 50.5 (CH₂CH₂CH), 52.5 (COOCH₃), 61.4 (OCH₂CH₃), 169.0, 169.6 (2 \times COO), 207.2 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 239 ([M+Na]⁺, 75%), 455 ([2M+Na]⁺, 20%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₀H₁₆NaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 239.0890; found 239.0890.

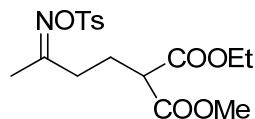
(\pm)1-Ethyl 3-methyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)butyl)malonate, 4b



Following general procedure B, to a solution of adduct **3b** (586 mg, 2.71 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (374 mg, 5.42 mmol) and Et₃N (685 mg, 6.78 mmol) and heated to reflux for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4b** (583 mg, 93%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.43 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); v _{max}(film)/cm⁻¹ 3263, 2955,

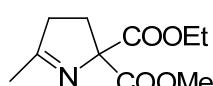
1733, 1438, 1370, 1154, 1025; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.27 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.89 (3H, s, CNOHCH₃), 2.13 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.25 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.40 (1H, dd, *J* 7.3, 7.0 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.75 (3H, s, COOCH₃), 4.20 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 8.36 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.5 (CNOHCH₃), 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 25.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 33.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 50.9 (COOCH₃), 52.5 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 157.0, 157.3 (CNOH), 168.9, 169.6 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 230 ([M-H]⁺, 100%), 254 ([M+Na]⁺, 65%), 290 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 5%), 485 ([2M+Na]⁺, 60%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₀H₁₇NaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 254.0999; found 254.0994.

(±)1-Ethyl 3-methyl 2-(3-(tosyloxyimino)butyl)malonate, 6b



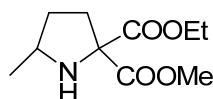
Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **4b** (100 mg, 0.86 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added Et₃N (175 mg, 1.73 mmol) at 0 °C, followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl choride (197 mg, 1.03 mmol), and the mixture stirred at rt for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime **6b** (305 mg, 92%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.53 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3069, 2982, 1713, 1656, 1494, 1258, 1187, 995, 838, 766; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.12, 1.26 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.92, 1.95 (3H, s, CNOTsCH₃), 2.06 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.29 (2H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.44, 2.49 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 3.31 (1H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.72, 3.75 (3H, s, COOCH₃), 4.18, 3.22 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 7.34, 7.41 (2H, d, *J* 8.5 Hz, ArH), 7.85, 7.92 (2H, d, *J* 8.5 Hz, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (CNOTsCH₃), 15.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 21.4, 21.6, (ArCH₃), 24.3 (CH₂CH₂CH), 33.2, (CH₂CH₂CH), 50.5 (COOCH₃), 52.6 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 127.0, 128.8, 129.5, 129.6, 130.7, 137.4, 141.6, 142.9 (ArC), 144.9, 146.8 (quarternary ArC) 165.9, 157.3 (CNOTs), 168.7, 169.3 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 793 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 444 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 25%), 408 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₇H₂₃NNaO₆S⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 408.1087; found 408.1086.

(±)2-Ethyl 2-methyl 5-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrrole-2,2-dicarboxylate, 7b



Following general procedure F, to tosyl oxime **6b** (210 mg, 0.54 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) was added NaH (39 mg, 1.63 mmol, 60%) and heated to reflux for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrroline **7b** (76 mg, 65%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.14$ (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2983, 1713, 1657, 1596, 1462, 1211, 1187, 995; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.28 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.15 (3H, s, NCCH₃), 2.46 (2H, m, C(4)HH), 2.68 (2H, t, *J* 7.2 Hz, C(3)HH), 3.78 (3H, s, COOCH₃), 4.20-4.30 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 19.9 (CH₃C=N), 30.4 (C4), 39.5 (C3), 52.9 (COOCH₃), 61.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 86.6 (C2), 169.8 and 170.4 (2 × COO), 180.9 (C5); m/z (ESI⁺) 214 ([M+H]⁺, 40%), 236 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 449 ([2M+Na]⁺, 65%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₀H₁₅NNaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 236.0893; found 236.0899.

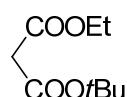
(±)2-Ethyl 2-methyl 5-methylpyrrolidine-2,2-dicarboxylate, 9b



Following general procedure H, to a solution of pyrroline **7b** (52 mg, 0.24 mmol) in MeOH (3 mL) was added NaBH₃CN (21 mg, 0.33 mmol) and 2 M HCl in MeOH at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrrolidine **9b** (48 mg, 91%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.57$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3255, 2955, 1729, 1438, 1369, 1222, 1151, 1095, 937; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.16 (3H, d, *J* 6.1 Hz, CH₃CH), 1.25 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.38 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 1.91 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.26 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.47 (1H, C(3)HH), 2.78 (1H, bs, NH), 3.32 (1H, m, C(5)H), 3.75 (3H, s, COOCH₃), 4.22 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 and 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 20.9 and 21.0 (CH₃CH), 32.9 and 33.0 (C4), 33.1 and 33.3 (C3), 52.82 and 52.84 (C5), 54.8 and 54.9 (COOCH₃), 61.7 and 61.8

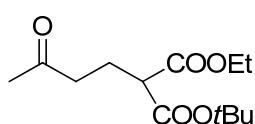
(OCH₂CH₃), 72.2 and 72.3 (C2), 171.6 and 171.63, 172.0 and 172.3 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 216 ([M+H]⁺, 30%), 238 ([M+Na]⁺, 65%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₀H₁₇NNaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 238.1050; found 238.1050.

tert-Butyl ethyl malonate



To a solution of ethyl 3-chloro-3-oxopropanoate (712 mg, 4.74 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added *tert*-butyl alcohol (385 mg, 5.21 mmol) and Et₃N (718 mg, 7.11 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt, to afford *tert*-butyl ethyl malonate (809 mg, 94%) as a colourless oil; ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2982, 1731, 1369, 1333, 1144, 1034, 967, 839; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.27 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.48 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃C), 3.27 (2H, s, CH₂), 4.18 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 27.9 (CH₃)₃C), 42.9 (CH₂), 61.3 (OCH₂CH₃), 81.9 (CH₃)₃C), 165.8, 167.1 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 211 ([M+Na]⁺, 35%), 399 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₉H₁₆NaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 211.0941; found 211.0942.

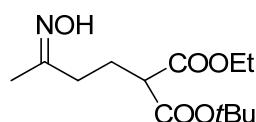
(±)1-*tert*-Butyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-oxobutyl)malonate, 3c



Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (340 mg, 4.87 mmol) was added to a solution of *tert*-butyl ethyl malonate (763 mg, 4.05 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (814 mg, 6.07 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) and the mixture stirred at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3c** (947 mg, 90%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.53 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:2); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2983, 1734, 1256, 1368, 1334, 1145, 967, 838; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.25 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.44 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃C), 2.10 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.13 (3H, s, COCH₃), 2.52 (2H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.26 (1H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.10-4.20

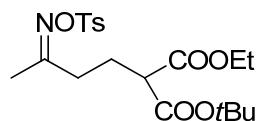
(2H, m, OCH_2CH_3), δ_C (100 MHz; $CDCl_3$; Me_4Si) 14.1 (OCH_2CH_3), 22.4 (CH_2CH_2CH), 27.8 ($CH_3)_3C$), 29.9 ($COCH_3$), 40.5 (CH_2CH_2CH), 51.7 (CH_2CH_2CH), 61.2 (OCH_2CH_3), 81.9 ($CH_3)_3C$), 168.2, 169.4 ($2 \times COO$), 207.4 ($COCH_3$); m/z (ESI $^+$) 257 ([M-H] $^-$, 100%), 281 ([M+Na] $^+$, 65%), 317 [M+CH₃CN+NH₄] $^+$, 100%], 539 ([2M+Na] $^+$, 20%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) C₁₃H₂₂NaO₅ $^+$ ([M+Na] $^+$) requires 281.1359; found 281.1359.

(±)1-tert-Butyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)butyl)malonate, 4c



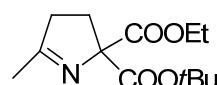
Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **3c** (906 mg, 3.51 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (485 mg, 7.02 mmol) and Et₃N (886 mg, 8.77 mmol) and the mixture heated to reflux for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4c** (892 mg, 93%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.57 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3287, 2980, 1729, 1449, 1369, 1254, 1149, 1026, 848; (major isomer) δ_H (400 MHz; $CDCl_3$; Me_4Si) 1.26 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH_2CH_3), 1.45 (9H, s, ($CH_3)_3C$), 1.88 and 1.89 (3H, s, CNOHCH₃), 2.08 (2H, m, CH_2CH_2CH), 2.23 (2H, t, J 7.2 Hz, CH_2CH_2CH), 3.25 (1H, t, J 7.2 Hz, CH_2CH_2CH), 4.10-4.20 (2H, m, OCH_2CH_3), 7.75 (1H, bs, OH); δ_C (100 MHz; $CDCl_3$; Me_4Si) 13.6 (CNOHCH₃), 14.0 (OCH_2CH_3), 24.4 (CH_2CH_2CH), 27.8, 27.9 ($CH_3)_3C$, 33.2, 33.4 (CH_2CH_2CH), 51.2 (CH_2CH_2CH), 61.3 (OCH_2CH_3), 82.0 ($CH_3)_3C$, 157.3, 157.6 (CNOHCH₃), 168.2, 169.2 ($2 \times COO$); m/z (ESI $^+$) 272 ([M-H] $^-$, 85%), 296 ([M+Na] $^+$, 65%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) C₁₃H₂₃NNaO₅ $^+$ ([M+Na] $^+$) requires 296.1468; found 296.1470.

(±)1-tert-butyl 3-Ethyl 2-(3-(tosyloxyimino)butyl)malonate, 6c



Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **4c** (651 mg, 2.38 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL) was added Et₃N (482 mg, 4.77 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl choride (542 mg, 2.85 mmol) and the mixture stirred for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime **6c** (996 mg, 97%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.54 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2981, 1732, 1450, 1254, 1149, 1023, 847; (major isomer) δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.26, 1.28 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.45 and 146 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃C), 1.58, 1.57 (3H, s, CNOTsCH₃), 2.11 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.14 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 2.53 (2H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.28 (1H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.19 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 7.33 (2H, d, *J* 8.2 Hz, ArH), 7.86 (2H, d, *J* 8.2 Hz, ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 15.7 (CNOHCH₃), 22.4 (ArCH₃), 27.8 (CH₃)₃C), 29.9 (CH₂CH₂CH), 40.6 (CH₂CH₂CH), 51.7 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.3 (OCH₂CH₃), 82.1 (CH₃)₃C), 128.8, 128.8, 129.5, 129.6 (ArC), 132.8, 144.8 (quaternary C), 166.2 (CNOTsCH₃) and 168.2, 169.9 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 450 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 877 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₀H₂₉NNaO₇S⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 450.1557; found 450.1559.

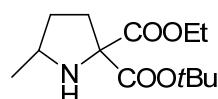
(±)2-*tert*-Butyl 2-ethyl 5-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-pyrrole-2,2-dicarboxylate, 7c



Following general procedure F, to tosyl oxime **6c** (176 mg, 0.41 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) was added NaH (32 mg, 1.23 mol, 60%) and heated to reflux for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrroline **7c** (73 mg, 69%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.16 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2979, 1730, 1367, 1278, 1154, 1034; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.29 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.46 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃C), 2.13 (3H, s, NCCH₃), 2.35 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.44 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.47 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.65 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 4.20 and 4.29 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 19.7, 19.8 (NCCH₃), 27.9 (CH₃)₃C), 30.3 (C4), 39.4 (C3), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 82.4

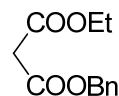
(CH₃)₃C), 87.2 (C2) 168.9, 170.1 (2 × COO), 180.6 (C5); m/z (ESI⁺) 256 ([M+H]⁺, 40%), 278 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 533 ([2M+Na]⁺, 80%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₂₁NNaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 278.1363; found 278.1360.

(±)2-tert-Butyl 2-ethyl 5-methylpyrrolidine-2,2-dicarboxylate, 9c



Following general procedure **H**, to a solution of pyrrolidine **7c** (53 mg, 0.21 mmol) in MeOH (3 mL) was added NaBH₃CN (20 mg, 0.31 mmol) and 2 M HCl in MeOH (2 mL), to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrrolidine **9c** (49 mg, 92%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.77 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2976, 1732, 1368, 1282, 1144; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.14 (3H, d, *J* 6.2 Hz, CH₃CH), 1.24 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.43 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃C), 1.91 (2H, m, C(4)HH), 2.32 (2H, m, C(3)HH), 3.30 (1H, m, C(5)H), 4.19 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 20.9 (CH₃CH), 28.0 (CH₃)₃C), 32.9 (C4), 33.5 (C3), 54.9 (C5), 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 72.9 (C2), 82.0 (CH₃)₃C), 171.0, 172.3 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 258 ([M+H]⁺, 85%), 537 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₂₄NO₄⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 258.1700; found 258.1707.

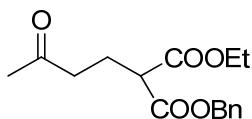
Benzyl ethyl malonate



To a solution of ethyl 3-chloro-3-oxopropanoate (524 mg, 3.49 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was treated with benzyl alcohol (414 mg, 3.84 mmol) and Et₃N (529 mg, 5.24 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt, to afford benzyl ethyl malonate (721 mg, 93%) as a colourless oil; $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3082, 2970, 1733, 1455, 1370, 1272, 1149, 1032, 738; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.26 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.43 (2H, s, CH₂), 4.20 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 5.19 (2H, s, COOCH₂), 7.35-7.38

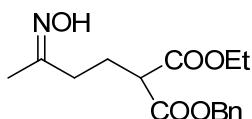
(5H, m, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 41.6 (CH₂), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 67.2 (COOCH₂), 126.9-129.7 (ArC), 135.3 (quaternary ArC), 166.4, 166.5 (2 \times COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 221 ([M-H]⁻, 75%), 245 ([M+Na]⁺, 20%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₂H₁₄NaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 245.0784; found 245.0780.

(\pm)1-Benzyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-oxobutyl)malonate, 3d



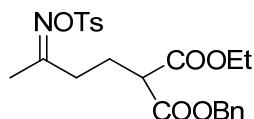
Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (185 mg, 2.65 mmol) was added to a solution of benzyl ethyl malonate (491 mg, 2.21 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (444 mg, 3.31 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) and the mixture stirred at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3d** (573 mg, 89%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.51 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:2); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3079, 2981, 1729, 1497, 1454, 1370, 1163, 1096, 740; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.15-1.25 (3H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 2.09 (3H, s, COCH₃), 2.18 (1H, m, CH₂CHHCH), 2.38 (1H, m, CH₂CHHCH), 2.50 (2H, t, J 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.45 (1H, t, J 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.10-4.20 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 5.19 (2H, s, COOCH₂), 7.35-7.37 (5H, m, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 22.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 29.9 (COCH₃), 40.3 (CH₂CH₂CH), 50.6 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 67.1 (COOCH₂), 126.9, 127.6, 128.2, 128.5, 129.7 (ArC), 135.4 (quaternary ArC), 168.9, 169.0 (2 \times COO), 207.1 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 291 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), 351 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 65%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₆H₂₀NaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 315.1203; found 315.1197.

(\pm)1-Benzyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)butyl)malonate, 4d



Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **3d** (551 mg, 1.88 mmol) in EtOH (25 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (260 mg, 3.77 mmol) and Et₃N (475 mg, 4.70 mmol) and the mixture heated to reflux for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4d** (520 mg, 90%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.71 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3263, 3077, 2981, 1731, 1498, 1454, 1370, 1152, 1025, 751; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.19 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.86 (3H, s, CNOHCH₃), 2.13 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.23 (2H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.43 (1H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.15 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 5.14, 5.20 (2H, d, *J* 12.3 Hz, COOCH₂), 7.35-7.37 (5H, m, ArH), 8.68 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 13.9, 14.0 (CNOHCH₃), 25.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 33.3, 33.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 51.1 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.5, 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 67.1 (COOCH₂), 128.2, 128.3, 128.5, 128.6, (ArC), 135.4 (quaternary ArC), 156.9 (CNOH), 168.9, 169.0 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 306 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), 330 ([M+Na]⁺, 10%), 366 [M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 15%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₆H₂₁NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 330.1312; found 330.1305

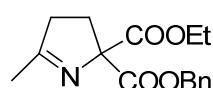
(±)-1-Benzyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-(tosyloxyimino)butyl)malonate, 6d



Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **4d** (561 mg, 1.82 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added Et₃N (367 mg, 3.64 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl choride (415 mg, 2.18 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime **6d** (721 mg, 86%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.56 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3075, 2983, 1731, 1157, 1033, 1009, 817, 751; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.19 and 1.25 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.89 (3H, s, CNOTsCH₃), 2.08 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.27 (2H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.41 and 2.43 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 3.35 (1H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.16 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 5.14 and 5.19 (2H, 2 x d, *J* 12.2 Hz, COOCH₂), 7.28 (2H, d, *J* 8.6 Hz, SO₂ArH), 7.35-7.37 (5H, m, ArH), 7.83 (2H, d, *J* 8.6 Hz, SO₂ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz;

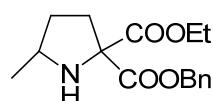
CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 and 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 15.8 and 19.7 (CNOTsCH₃), 21.6 and 21.7 (ArCH₃), 24.3 and 24.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 33.1 and 33.3 (CH₂CH₂CH), 50.6 and 50.7 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.6 and 61.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 67.2 and 67.3 (COOCH₂), 128.2, 129.3, 128.5, 128.6, 128.8, 129.5, 129.6 (ArC), 132.7, 135.3, 144.9 (quaternary ArC), 165.9 and 166.6 (CNOTs), 168.5 and 168.6, 168.7 and 168.8 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 484 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 945 ([2M+Na]⁺, 85%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₃H₂₇NNaO₇S⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 484.1400; found 484.1402.

(±)2-Benzyl 2-ethyl 5-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrrole-2,2-dicarboxylate, 7d



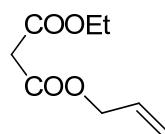
Following general procedure F, to tosyl oxime **6d** (206 mg, 0.44 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) was added NaH (32 mg, 1.34 mol, 60%) and the mixture heated to reflux for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrrolidine **7d** (82 mg, 63%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.20 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); ν_{max}(film)/cm⁻¹ 3161, 2929, 1732, 1618, 1445, 1325, 1229, 1092, 977, 840, 728; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.14 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.14 (3H, s, NCCH₃), 2.45 (2H, m, C(4)HH), 2.67 (2H, t, J 7.6 Hz, C(3)HH), 4.10-4.30 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 5.18 and 5.26 (2H, 2 x d, J 12.2 Hz, COOCH₂), 7.31 (5H, m, ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 19.9 (NCCH₃), 30.5 (C4), 39.6 (C3), 62.0, (OCH₂CH₃), 67.4 (COOCH₂), 86.7 (C2), 128.1, 128.2, 128.3, 128.5, (ArC), 135.4 (quaternary ArC), 169.6, 169.7 (2 × COO), 181.2 (C5); m/z (ESI⁺) 290 ([M+H]⁺, 63%), 312 ([M+Na]⁺, 90%), 601 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₆H₁₉NNaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 312.1206; found 312.1206.

(±)2-Benzyl 2-ethyl 5-methylpyrrolidine-2,2-dicarboxylate, 9d



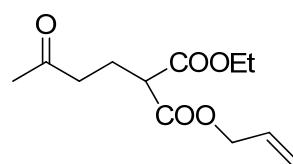
Following general procedure **H**, to a solution of pyrroline **7d** (63 mg, 0.22 mmol) in MeOH (3 mL) was added NaBH₃CN (21 mg, 0.33 mmol) and 2 M HCl in MeOH (2 mL), to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrrolidine **9d** (56 mg, 88%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.77$ (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3466, 3092, 2981, 1728, 1664, 1587, 1369, 1216, 1147, 946, 825, 739; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.10 – 1.20 (6H, m, CH₃CH and OCH₂CH₃), 1.38 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 1.90 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.25 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.48 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 3.32 (1H, m, C(5)H), 4.10-4.30 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 5.10 - 5.30 (2H, m, COOCH₂), 7.31-7.33 (5H, m, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.8 and 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 21.0 and 21.04 (CHCH₃), 32.9 and 33.0 (C4), 33.4 (C3), 54.9 (C5), 61.7 and 61.9, (OCH₂CH₃), 67.2 (COOCH₂), 72.3 (C2), 128.0, 128.1, 128.3, 128.5 (ArC), 135.5 (quaternary ArC), 171.4 and 172.1 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 292 ([M+H]⁺, 100%), 314 ([M+Na]⁺, 55%), 605 ([2M+Na]⁺, 15%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₆H₂₂NO₄⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 292.1543; found 292.1543.

Allyl ethyl malonate



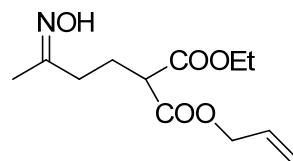
To a solution of ethyl 3-chloro-3-oxopropanoate (1.63 g, 10.9 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) was added allyl alcohol (693 mg, 12.0 mmol) and Et₃N (1.65 g, 16.3 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt to afford allyl ethyl malonate (1.79 g, 96%) as a colourless oil; $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2981, 1741, 1690, 1649, 1566, 1440, 1366, 1250, 1080, 799; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.24 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.36 (2H, s, CH₂), 4.17 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 4.61 (2H, d, *J* 5.1 Hz, OCH₂), 5.26 (2H, dd, *J* 17.2, 10.4 Hz, CH=CH₂), 5.87 (1H, m, CH=CH₂); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 41.3 (CH₂), 61.3 (OCH₂CH₃), 65.7 (OCH₂), 118.4 (CH=CH₂), 131.2 (CH=CH₂), 165.9, 166.1 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 195 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 171 ([M-H]⁻, 50%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₈H₁₂NaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺)] requires 195.0628; found 195.0628.

(±)1-Allyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-oxobutyl)malonate, 3e



Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (708 mg, 10.1 mmol) was added to solution of allyl ethyl malonate (1.45 g, 8.43 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (1.69 g, 12.6 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) and the mixture stirred at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3e** (1.72 g, 84%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.41 (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2984, 1731, 1649, 1446, 1370, 1154, 1097, 1026, 939, 859; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.16 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.03 (3H, s, CH₃CO), 2.06 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.45 (2H, t, *J* 7.2 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.33 (1H, t, *J* 7.2 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.09 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 4.52 (2H, d, *J* 5.5 Hz, OCH₂), 5.18 (2H, dd, *J* 17.2, 10.4 Hz, CH=CH₂), 5.79 (1H, m, CH=CH₂); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 22.5 (CH₂CH₂CH), 29.9 (CH₃CO), 40.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 50.6 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 65.8 (OCH₂), 118.6 (CH=CH₂), 131.6 (CH=CH₂), 168.8, 168.9 (2 × COO), 207.1 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺), 265 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 241 ([M-H]⁻, 50%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₂H₁₈NaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺] requires 265.1046; found 265.1052.

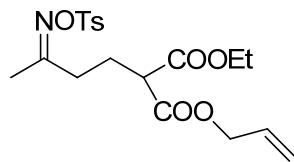
(±)1-Allyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)butyl)malonate, 4e



Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **3e** (1.46 g, 6.03 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (832 mg, 12.06 mmol) and Et₃N (1.52 g, 15.1 mmol) and the mixture heated to reflux for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4e** (1.43 mg, 92%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.52, 0.37 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3261, 2986, 1732, 1447, 1370, 1152, 1096, 1024 and 936; (major isomer) δ_H(400

MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.24 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.86 (3H, s, CH₃CNOH), 2.11 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.23 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.39 (1H, t, *J* 7.1Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.17 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 4.61 (2H, d, *J* 5.6Hz, OCH₂), 5.26 (2H, dd, *J* 17.2, 10.4 Hz, CH=CH₂) 5.87 (1H, m, CH=CH₂) and 8.85 (1H, bs, OH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.3 (CH₃CNOH), 13.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 24.9 (CH₂CH₂CH), 33.1 (CH₂CH₂CH), 50.8 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.3 (OCH₂CH₃), 65.7 (OCH₂), 118.3 (CH=CH₂), 131.3 (CH=CH₂), 156.6 (C=NOH), 168.5, 168.7 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 537 ([2M+Na]⁺, 55%), 280 ([M+Na]⁺, 80%), 256 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₂H₁₉NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺] requires 280.1155; found 280.1156.

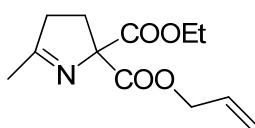
(±)1-Allyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-(tosyloxyimino)butyl)malonate, 6e



Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **4e** (1.29 g, 5.05 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) was added Et₃N (764 mg, 7.57 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl choride (1.06 g, 5.55 mmol) and the mixture stirred for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime **6e** (1.62 g, 78%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.61 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); *v*_{max}(film)/cm⁻¹ 2983, 1732, 1371, 1191, 1179, 1096, 1021, 789; (major isomer) δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.26 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.91 (3H, s, CH₃CNO), 2.04 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.43 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 2.48 (2H, t, *J* 7.3Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.32 (1H, t, *J* 7.3Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.20 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 4.63 (2H, d, *J* 5.7Hz, OCH₂), 5.29 (2H, dd, *J* 17.9, 10.8 Hz, CH=CH₂) 5.89 (1H, m, CH=CH₂), 7.32 (2H, d, *J* 8.0Hz, ArH), 7.83 (2H, d, *J* 8.0 Hz, ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 19.4 (CH₃CNO), 21.4 (ArCH₃), 24.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 27.7 (CH₂CH₂CH), 50.8 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 65.9 (OCH₂), 118.6 (CH=CH₂), 128.5, 128.6, 129.3 (ArC), 131.1 (CH=CH₂), 132.4 144.8 (quaternary ArC), 166.3

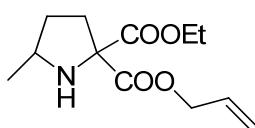
(C=NO), 168.0, 168.2 ($2 \times$ COO); m/z (ESI $^+$), 845 ($[2M+Na]^+$, 100%), 434 ($[M+Na]^+$, 85%), 412 ($[M+H]^+$, 20%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) C₁₉H₂₅NNaO₇S $^+$ ($[M+Na]^+$) requires 434.1244; found 434.1243.

(±)2-Allyl 2-ethyl 5-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrrole-2,2-dicarboxylate, 7e



Following general procedure F, to tosyl oxime **6e** (238 mg, 0.57 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) was added NaH (41 mg, 1.73 mol, 60%) and the mixture heated to reflux for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrroline **7e** (78 mg, 56%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.39 (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2983, 1735, 1268, 1158, 1089; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.27 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.14 (3H, s, CH₃C=N), 2.40-2.50 (2H, m, C(4)HH), 2.60-2.70 (2H, m, C(3)HH), 4.10-4.30 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.60-4.70 (2H, m, OCH₂), 5.28 (1H, d, *J* 5.0 Hz, CH=CH), 5.40 (1H, d, *J* 16.5 Hz, CH=CH), 5.85-5.95 (1H, m, CH=CH₂); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 19.5 (CH₃C=N), 30.2 (C4), 39.2 (C3), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 65.9 (OCH₂), 86.3 (C2), 118.3 (CH=CH₂), 131.1 (CH=CH₂), 169.2, 169.4 (2 \times COO), 180.8 (C5); m/z (ESI $^+$) 501 ($[2M+Na]^+$, 100%), 262 ($[M+Na]^+$, 100%), 240 ($[M+H]^+$, 70%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) C₁₂H₁₇NNaO₄ $^+$ ($[M+Na]^+$) requires 262.1050; found 262.1051.

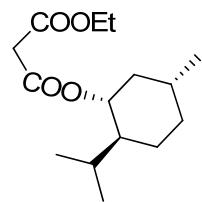
(±)2-Allyl 2-ethyl 5-methylpyrrolidine-2,2-dicarboxylate, 9e



Following general procedure H, to a solution of pyrroline **7e** (52 mg, 0.22 mmol) in MeOH (3 mL) was added NaBH₃CN (20 mg, 0.33 mmol) and 2 M HCl in MeOH (2 mL), to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrrolidine **9e** (48 mg, 92%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.54 (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3352, 2965, 1732, 1649, 1453, 1368,

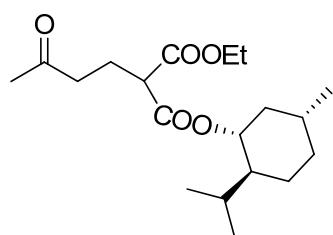
1273, 1190, 1022, 936; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.11 (3H, d, *J* 6.2 Hz, CH₃CHNH), 1.19 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.35 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 186 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.21 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.43 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.83 (1H, bs, NH), 3.28 (1H, m, C(5)H), 4.15 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.59 (2H, m, OCH₂), 5.17 (1H, d, *J* 10.5 Hz, CH=CHH), 5.25 (1H, d, *J* 15.3 Hz, CH=CHH), 5.83 (1H, m, CH=CH₂); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 20.7 (CH₃CH), 33.0 (C3), 33.1 (C4), 54.9 (C5), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 66.0 (OCH₂), 72.3 (C2), 118.4 (CH=CH₂), 131.3 (CH=CH₂), 171.2 and 171.4, 171.7 and 171.8 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 264 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 242 ([M+H]⁺, 75%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₂H₂₀NO₄⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 242.1387; found 242.1387.

Ethyl (1*R*,2*S*,5*R*)-2-isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl malonate



To a solution of ethyl 3-chloro-3-oxopropanoate (100 mg, 1.33 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added (1*R*, 2*S*, 5*R*)-menthol (228 mg, 1.46 mmol) and Et₃N (202 mg, 2.00 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt, to afford ethyl menthyl malonate (340 mg, 94%) as a colourless oil; ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2956, 1733, 1459, 1369, 1258, 1147, 1036, 990; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.74 (3H, d, *J* 6.9 Hz, CH₃CH), 0.84 (1H, m, CH₃CHCHH), 0.90 (6H, d, *J* 6.8 Hz, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.94 (1H, m, OCHCHH), 0.99 (1H, m, CHCHH), 1.28 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.39 (1H, m, OCHCH), 1.49 (1H, m, CH₃CH), 1.66 (1H, m, CH₃CHCHH), 1.70 (1H, m, CHCHH), 1.89 (1H, m, CH₃CHCH₃), 2.03 (1H, m, OCHCHH), 3.35 (2H, s, CH₂), 4.20 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 4.73 (1H, m, OCH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 16.1 (CH₃CH), 20.7, 21.9 (CH₃CHCH₃), 23.3 (CHCH₂), 26.0 (CH₃CHCH₃), 31.4 (CH₃CH), 34.1 (CH₃CHCH₂), 40.6 (OCHCH₂), 42.1 (CH₂), 46.9 (OCHCH), 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 75.6 (OCH), 166.1, 166.7 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 329 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 269 ([M-H]⁻, 25%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₅H₂₆NaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 293.1723; found 293.1719.

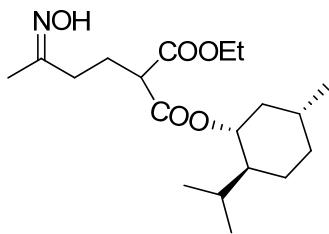
(±)-1-Ethyl 3-(1*R*,2*S*,5*R*)-2-isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl 2-(3-oxobutyl)malonate, 3f



Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (124 mg, 1.77 mmol) was added to solution of ethyl menthyl malonate (319 mg, 1.18 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (237 mg, 1.77 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) and the mixture stirred at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3f** (396 mg, 98%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.43 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2956, 2871, 1728, 1454, 1369, 1159, 1097, 1036, 985, 913; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.70 (3H, d, *J* 6.9 Hz, CH₃CH), 0.84 (6H, d, *J* 6.8 Hz, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.92 (1H, m, CHCHH), 0.99 (1H, m, OCHCHH), 1.20 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.33 (1H, m, OCHCH), 1.43 (1H, m, CH₃CH), 1.60 (1H, m, CHCHH), 1.64 (2H, m, CH₃CHCH₂), 1.81 (1H, m, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.94 (2H, m, OCHCH₂), 2.08 (3H, s, COCH₃), 2.11 (2H, m, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.48 (2H, t, *J* 7.0 Hz, CHCH₂CH₂), 3.31 (1H, dd, *J* 7.4, 7.0, CHCH₂CH₂), 4.10-4.20 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.65 (1H, m, OCH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 15.7 (CH₃CH), 20.5 (CH₃CHCH₃), 22.1 (CHCH₂), 22.8 (CHCH₂CH₂), 25.7 (CH₃CHCH₃), 29.6 (CH₃CH), 31.1 (COCH₃), 33.8 (CH₃CHCH₂), 40.1 (OCHCH₂), 40.4 (CHCH₂CH₂), 46.7 (OCHCH), 50.9 (CHCH₂CH₂), 61.4 (OCH₂CH₃), 75.2 (OCH), 168.6 and 169.0 (2 × COO), 207.1 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺), 399 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 339 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₉H₃₂NaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺] requires 363.2166; found 363.2151.

(±)-1-Ethyl 3-(1*R*,2*S*,5*R*)-2-isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)-butyl)malonate,

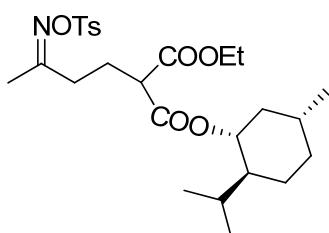
4f



Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **3f** (382 mg, 1.12 mmol) in EtOH (15 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (115 mg, 1.68 mmol) and Et₃N (226 mg, 2.24 mmol) and heated to reflux for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4f** (347 mg, 87%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.49 (EtOAc : petrol, 6:4); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3264, 2956, 2871, 1730, 1430, 1453, 1369, 1149, 1096, 983, 845; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.73 (3H, d, *J* 6.9 Hz, CH₃CH), 0.87 (6H, d, *J* 6.8 Hz, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.88 (1H, m, CHCHH), 0.95 (1H, m, OCHCHH), 1.04 (1H, m, CH₃CHCHH), 1.24 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.37 (1H, m, OCHCH), 1.46 (1H, m, CH₃CH), 1.63 (1H, CH₃CHCHH), 1.67 (1H, m, CHCHH), 1.82 (1H, m, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.86 (3H, s, CH₃C≡N), 1.94 (1H, m, OCHCHH), 2.09 (2H, m, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.22 (2H, t, *J* 7.5 Hz, CHCH₂CH₂), 3.33 (1H, t, *J* 7.5 Hz, CHCH₂CH₂), 4.10-4.20 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.70 (1H, m, OCH), 8.75 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.4 (OCH₂CH₃), 15.9 (CH₃C≡N), 20.7 (CH₃CH), 21.9 (CH₃CHCH₃), 23.1 (CHCH₂CH₂), 25.1 (CHCH₂), 25.8 (CH₃CHCH₃), 31.3 (CH₃CH), 33.4 (CHCH₂CH₂), 34.1 (CH₃CHCH₂), 40.4 (OCHCH₂), 46.7 (OCHCH), 51.4 (CHCH₂CH₂), 61.4 (OCH₂CH₃), 75.3 (OCH), 156.8 (CH₃C≡N), 168.5, 168.9 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 414 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 354 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₉H₃₃NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 378.2251; found 378.2249.

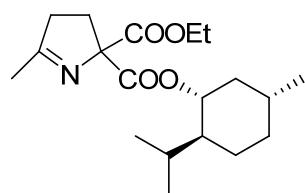
(±)-1-Ethyl 3-(1*R*,2*S*,5*R*)-2-isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl 2-(3-(tosyloxyimino)-butyl)malonate,

6f



Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **4f** (308 mg, 5.09 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added Et₃N (130 mg, 1.29 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl choride (197 mg, 1.04 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime **6f** (373 mg, 84%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.63 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2956, 1730, 1179, 1453, 1009, 816, 682; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.72 (3H, d, *J* 6.9 Hz, CH₃CH), 0.88 (6H, d, *J* 6.8 Hz, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.95 (1H, m, CHCHH), 1.00 (1H, m, CH₃CHCHH), 1.10 (1H, m, OCHCHH), 1.24 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.36 (1H, m, OCHCH), 1.46 (1H, m, CH₃CH), 1.65 (1H, CH₃CHCHH), 1.68 (1H, m, CHCHH), 1.82 (1H, m, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.92 (1H, m, OCHCHH), 1.94 (3H, s, CH₃C=N), 2.04 (2H, m, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.26 (2H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CHCH₂CH₂), 2.42 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 3.26 (1H, t, *J* 7.5 Hz, CHCH₂CH₂), 4.10-4.30 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.69 (1H, m, OCH), 7.31 (2H, d, *J* 8.2 Hz, ArH), 7.83 (2H, d, *J* 8.2 Hz, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 15.8 (CH₃C=N), 20.6 (CH₃CH), 21.6 (CH₃CHCH₃), 21.9 (ArCH₃), 23.1 CHCH₂CH₂), 24.3 (CHCH₂), 25.8 (CH₃CHCH₃), 31.2 (CH₃CH), 33.1 (CHCH₂CH₂), 34.0 (CH₃CHCH₂), 40.6 (OCHCH₂), 46.8 (OCHCH), 50.9 (CHCH₂CH₂), 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 75.6 (OCH), 128.7, 128.8, 129.4, 129.5 (ArC), 132.6, 144.7 (quaternary ArC), 165.9 (CH₃C=N), 168.3 and 168.7 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 532 ([M+Na]⁺, 60%), 509 ([M-H]⁻, 35%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₆H₃₉NNaO₇⁺ ([M+Na]⁺] requires 532.2339; found 532.2338.

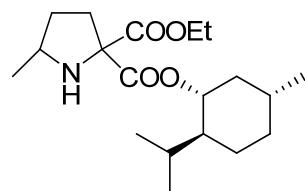
(±)-2-Ethyl 2-(1*R*,2*S*,5*R*)-2-isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl 5-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-pyrrole-2,2-dicarboxylate, 7f



Following general procedure F, to tosyl oxime **6f** (146 mg, 0.23 mmol) in dry THF (7 mL) was added NaH (21 mg, 0.86 mol, 60%) and the mixture heated to reflux for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrroline **7f** (51 mg, 70%) as

a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.43$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2956, 2870, 1732, 1645, 1455, 1379, 1269, 1161, 1088, 956, 845, 731; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.73 (3H, d, J 6.9 Hz, CH₃CH), 0.86 (6H, d, J 7.0 Hz, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.89 (1H, m, CHCHH), 0.98 (1H, m, CH₃CHCHH), 1.04 (1H, m, OCHCHH), 1.27 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.44 (1H, m, OCHCH), 1.46 (1H, m, CH₃CH), 1.63 (1H, m, CH₃CHCHH), 1.67 (1H, m, CHCHH), 1.88 (1H, m, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.98 (1H, m, OCHCHH) 2.12 (3H, s, CH₃C=N), 2.29 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.43 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.54 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.65 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 4.10-4.40 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.7-4.80 (1H, m, OCH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 15.9 (CH₃CH), 19.8 (CH₃C=N), 20.6 and 21.8 (CH₃CHCH₃), 23.0 (C4), 25.7 (CH₃CHCH₃), 30.5 (CHCH₂), 31.3 (CH₃CH), 34.1 (C3), 39.4 (CH₃CHCH₂), 40.2 (OCHCH₂), 46.7 (OCHCH), 61.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 75.7 (OCH), 86.7 (C2), 169.4, and 169.5 (2 × COO), 180.7 and 180.8 (C5); m/z (ESI⁺), 697 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 360 ([M+Na]⁺, 60%), 338 ([M+H]⁺, 40%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₉H₃₁NNaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 360.2145; found 360.2150.

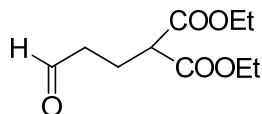
(±)2-Ethyl 2-(1*R*,2*S*,5*R*)-2-isopropyl-5-methylcyclohexyl 5-methylpyrrolidine-2,2-dicarboxylate, 9f



Following general procedure **H**, to a solution of pyrroline **7f** (53 mg, 0.16 mmol) in MeOH (3 mL) was added NaBH₃CN (6 mg, 0.23 mmol) and 2 M HCl in MeOH (2 mL), to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrrolidine **9f** (48 mg, 90%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.25$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3351, 2955, 2870, 1731, 1524, 1440, 1207, 1123, 910, 860, 776; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.73 (3H, d, J 6.9 Hz, CH₃CH), 0.86 (6H, d, J 6.6 Hz, CH₃CHCH₃), 0.89 (1H, m, CHCHH), 0.98 (1H, m, CH₃CHCHH), 1.04 (1H, m, OCHCHH), 1.13 (3H, d, J 6.1 Hz, CH₃CHNH), 1.23 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.36 (1H, m,

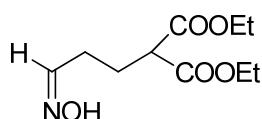
OCHCH), 1.63 (1H, m, CH₃CHCHH), 1.67 (1H, m, CHCHH), 1.88 (1H, m, CH₃CHCH₃), 1.98 (1H, m, OCHCHH) 2.12 (3H, s, CH₃C=N), 2.29 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.40-2.50 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.50-2.60 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.60-2.70 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 4.00-4.25 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.73 (1H, m, OCH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 15.7 (CH₃CH), 19.6 (CH₃C=N), 20.9 and 21.3 (CH₃CHCH₃), 22.9 and 23.0 (C4), 25.7 (CH₃CHCH₃), 31.3 (CHCH₂), 31.2 (C5), 33.1 (C3), 40.2 (CH₃CHCH₂), 40.3 (OCHCH₂), 46.5 (OCHCH), 61.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 75.6 (OCH), 86.5 (C2), 171.4 and 171.7 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 340 ([M+H]⁺, 40%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₉H₃₃NNaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 340.2482; found 340.2472.

Diethyl 2-(3-isopropyl)malonate, 3g



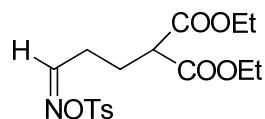
Following general procedure A, acrolein (1.14 g, 19.6 mmol) was added to a solution of diethyl malonate (2.09 g, 13.1 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (1.98 g, 14.5 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL) and the mixture stirred at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3g** (2.41 g, 85%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.57 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:3); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2957, 1730, 1436, 1234, 1155, 1048; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.15-1.30 (6H, m, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 2.19 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.57 (2H, t, J 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.38 (1H, t, J 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.10-4.30 (4H, m, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 9.75 (1H, t J 1.0 Hz, HC=O); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.4 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 20.9 (CH₂CH₂CH), 40.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 50.6 (CH₂CH₂CH), 60.9 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 168.3 (2 × COO), 100.1 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 491 ([2M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 215 ([M-H]⁻, 70%), HRMS (ESI⁻) C₁₀H₁₅O₅⁻ ([M-H]⁻) requires 215.0925; found 215.0923.

Diethyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)propyl)malonate, 4g



Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **3g** (2.20 g, 10.2 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (1.41 g, 20.4 mmol) and Et₃N (3.08 g, 30.5 mmol) and heated to reflux for 1 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4g** (2.13 g, 90%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.30, 0.22 (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3454, 2983, 1731, 1447, 1367, 1157, 1096, 932, 861; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.25 (6H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 2.09 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.26 (1H, m, CHHCH₂CH), 2.43 (1H, m, CHHCH₂CH), 3.36 (1H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.19 (4H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 6.71 and 7.39 (1H, t, *J* 5.7 Hz, HC=NOH), 8.52, 8.94 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 22.8, 27.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 25.1, 25.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 51.0 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.5, 61.6 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 150.28, 150.7 (HC=NOH), 169.0 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 485 ([2M+Na]⁺, 35%), 254 ([M+Na]⁺, 55%), 230([M-H]⁻, 100%) HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₀H₁₇NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 254.0999; found 254.0998.

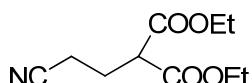
Diethyl 2-(3-(tosyloxyimino)propyl)malonate, **6g**



Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **4g** (262 mg, 1.13 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added Et₃N (229 mg, 2.27 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl chloride (322 mg, 1.69 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt for 2 hr, to give the crude products which were purified by flash column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime **6g** (140 mg, 32%) and diester nitrile **10** (135 mg, 56%) both as colourless oils; **6g** R_f = 0.43 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3068, 2986, 1729, 1656, 1495, 1252, 1187, 995, 838, 769; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.23 (6H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 1.62 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.02 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 2.41 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.38 (1H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.16 (4H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 7.29 (2H, d, *J* 7.6 Hz, ArH), 7.35 (1H, t, *J* 7.3 Hz, HC=NOAr), 7.77 (2H, d, *J* 8.1 Hz, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 21.7 (ArCH₃), 22.6 (CH₂CH₂CH), 29.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 51.3 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.5, 61.7 (2

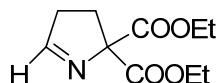
\times OCH₂CH₃), 126.3-129.5 (ArC), 130.1, 130.2 (quaternary ArC), 154.0, 150.7 (C=NOTs), 169.1, 171.5 (2 \times COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 408 ([M+Na]⁺, 20%), 384 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₇H₂₃NNaO₇S⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 408.1087; found 408.1095.

Diethyl 2-(2-cyanoethyl)malonate, 10



Isolated from the above procedure, R_f = 0.58 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2938, 2360, 1730, 1436, 1234, 1155, 1048; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.26 (6H, t, J 7.1 Hz, 2 \times OCH₂CH₃), 2.22 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.49 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.48 (1H, t, J 7.3 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.20 (4H, q, J 7.1 Hz, 2 \times OCH₂CH₃); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (2 \times OCH₂CH₃), 15.0 (CH₂CH₂CH), 24.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 50.1 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.8 (2 \times OCH₂CH₃), 118 (CN), 168.0 (2 \times COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 236 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₀H₁₅NNaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 236.0893; found 236.0892.

Diethyl 3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrrole-2,2-dicarboxylate, 7g

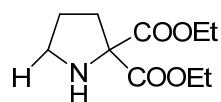


Following general procedure D, to a solution of oxime 4g (103 mg, 0.44 mmol) in EtOH (5 mL) sodium metal (11 mg, 0.49 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred at rt for 30 min followed by slow addition of 2,4-dinitrofluorobenzene (99 mg, 0.53 mmol) at 0 °C to give product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrroline 7g (42 mg, 45%) as a colourless oil;

OR Following general procedure F, tosyl oxime 6g (73 mg, 0.19 mmol) in dry THF (5 mL) was added NaH (14 mg, 0.57 mol, 60%) and heated to reflux for 30 min, to give ring closure product pyrroline 7g after flash column chromatography (13 mg, 32%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.22 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2987, 1733, 1542, 1495, 1253, 1202, 1121, 861; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.20-1.35 (6H, m, 2 \times OCH₂CH₃), 2.20-2.30 (2H, m, C(4)H₂), 2.50-2.60 (2H, m, C(3)H₂),

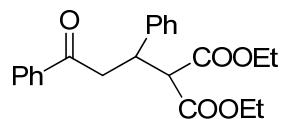
4.15-4.30 (4H, m, $2 \times$ OCH₂CH₃), 7.85 (1H, t, J 8.1 Hz, C(5)H); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 21.0 (C4), 27.1 (C3), 61.9 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 75.5 (C2), 168.1 (C1), 168.9 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 427 ([2M+H]⁺, 80%), 214 ([M+H]⁺, 40%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₀H₁₆NO₄⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 214.1074; found 214.1080.

Diethyl pyrrolidine-2,2-dicarboxylate, 9g



Following general procedure **H**, to a solution of pyrroline **7g** (30 mg, 0.14 mmol) in MeOH (2 ml) NaBH₃CN (18 mg, 0.28 mmol) and 2 M HCl in MeOH (1 mL) was added at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrrolidine **9g** (22 mg, 74%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.16 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3378, 29738 1738, 1512, 1362, 1234, 1213, 1177, 1077, 836; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.15-1.30 (6H, m, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 2.31 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.44 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.60 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.71 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.93 (1H, m, C(5)HH), 3.04 (1H, m, C(5)HH), 4.10-4.40 (4H, m, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 6.38 (1H, bs, NH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0, 14.2 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 27.9 (C4), 29.2 (C3), 51.0 (C5), 61.9 and 62.7 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 67.9 (C2), 168.6 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 429 ([2M-H]⁻, 100%), 216 ([M+H]⁺, 15%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₀H₁₈NO₄⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 216.1230; found 216.1235.

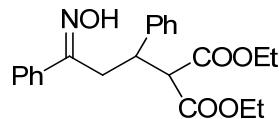
(±)Diethyl 2-(3-oxo-1,3-diphenylpropyl)malonate, 3h



Following general procedure **B**, chalcone (3.15 g, 15.2 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added to a solution of diethyl malonate (2.02 g, 12.6 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (2.51 g, 18.9 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (30 ml) and was heated to reflux for 15 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3h** (3.99 g, 86%) as a white solid; m.p. = 76-78 °C;

$R_f = 0.31$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:9) ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3029, 2982, 1731, 1686, 1597, 1496, 1449, 1255, 1154, 1096, 861, 750; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.01 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.25 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.46 (1H, dd, *J* 16.7, 6.9 Hz, PhCOCHH), 3.55 (1H, dd, *J* 16.7, 9.1 Hz, PhCOCHH), 3.83 (1H, d, *J* 9.7 Hz, CHCHPh), 3.95 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 4.18 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 4.20 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 7.15-7.90 (10H, m, 2 × ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.8 and 14.0 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 40.8 (CHCHPh), 42.6 (PhCOCH₂), 57.6 (CHCHPh), 61.6 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 127.1, 128.0, 128.2, 128.4, 128.5, 133.0 (ArC), 136.78, 140.0 (quaternary ArC), 167.7, 168.4 (2 × COO), 197.5 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺), 367 ([M-H]⁻, 75%), 391 ([M+Na]⁺, 10%), 427 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₂H₂₄NaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 391.1516; found 391.1520.

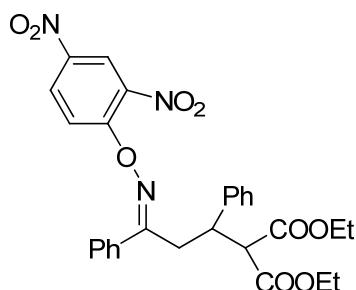
(±)Diethyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)-1,3-diphenylpropyl)malonate, 4h



Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **3h** (3.69 g, 10.0 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (1.38 g, 20.1 mmol) and Et₃N (2.53 g, 25.1 mmol) and heated to reflux for 7 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4h** (3.72 g, 97%) as a semi-solid; $R_f = 0.26$ (EtOAc : petrol, 2:8); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3441, 3027, 2982, 1731, 1496, 1454, 1369, 1301, 1252, 1156, 1095, 914, 880, 759; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.88 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.28 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.14 (1H, m PhCHCHH), 3.44 (1H, m, PhCHCHH), 3.78 (1H, d, *J* 9.6 Hz, CHCHPh), 3.82 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 3.85 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.24 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 7.01-7.30 (10H, m, 2 × ArH), 8.70 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.6 and 14.1 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 30.2 (CH₂CHPh), 42.4 (CHCHPh), 58.2 (CHCHPh), 61.2, 61.8 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 126.6, 127.1, 127.9, 128.1, 128.2, 128.3, 128.6, 129.0, (ArC), 135.2, 139.0 (quaternary ArC), 157.4 (CNOH), 167.6 and 168.3 (2 × COO);

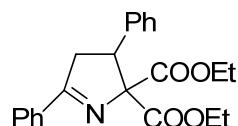
m/z (ESI⁺), 442 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 406 ([M+Na]⁺, 15%), 384 ([M+H]⁺, 15%), 382 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₂H₂₅NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺] requires 406.1625; found 406.1621.

(±)Diethyl 2-(3-(2,4-dinitrophenoxyimino)-1,3-diphenylpropyl)malonate, 5h



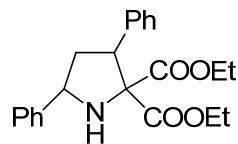
Following general procedure **D**, to a solution of oxime **4h** (2.11 g, 5.51 mmol) in EtOH (30 mL) was added sodium metal (139 mg, 6.06 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt 30 min followed by 2,4-dinitrofluorobenzene (1.53 g, 8.26 mmol) at 0 °C slowly, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford ether **5h** (2.26 g, 75%) as a yellow semi-solid; R_f = 0.50 (EtOAc : petrol, 2:8); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3028, 2985, 1731, 1605, 1532, 1473, 1343, 1259, 1144, 925, 831, 761; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.85 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.33 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.33 (1H, dd, *J* 13.4, 9.7 Hz, PhCHCHH), 3.63 (1H, m, PhCHCHH), 3.82 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 3.86 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 3.96 (1H, d, *J* 9.3 Hz, CHCHPh), 4.31 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 7.23-7.73 (10H, m, 2 × ArH), 7.63 (1H, d, *J* 9.4 Hz, ArH), 8.29 (1H, dd, *J* 9.4, 2.7 Hz, ArH), 8.87 (1H, d, *J* 2.7 Hz, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.6 and 14.1 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 32.3 (PhCHCH₂), 43.1 (CHCHPh), 57.4 (CHCHPh), 61.4, 62.0 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 127.3, 127.5, 127.9, 128.4, 128.9, 129.2, 131.1, 132.4, 135.76 (ArC), 137.9, 134.6 (quaternary ArC), 156.9 (CNOAr), 164.9 (quaternary ArOC), 167.3 and 168.3 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 608 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 572 ([M+Na]⁺, 20%), 548 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₂₇N₃NaO₉⁺ ([M+Na]⁺] requires 572.1664; found 572.1650.

(±)Diethyl 3,5-diphenyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrrole-2,2-dicarboxylate, 7h



Following general procedure F, to ether **5h** (506 mg, 0.92 mmol) in dry THF (15 mL) was added NaH (66 mg, 2.76 mmol, 60%) and the mixture heated to reflux for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrroline **7h** (262 mg, 78%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.73$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3023, 2982, 1731, 1611, 1448, 1345, 1266, 1216, 1098, 1044, 760; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.85 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.32 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.42 (1H, dd, *J* 17.4, 9.0 Hz, C(4)HH), 3.60 (1H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCHHCH₃), 3.67 (1H, dd, *J* 17.4, 6.8 Hz, C(4)HH), 3.83 (1H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCHHCH₃), 4.22 (1H, m, OCHHCH₃), 4.41 (1H, m, OCHHCH₃), 4.54 (1H, dd, *J* 9.0, 5.5 Hz, C(3)H), 7.20-8.02 (10H, m, 2 × ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.5 and 14.0 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 43.7 (C4), 48.4 (C3), 61.3, 62.3 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 91.6 (C2), 127.3, 128.3, 128.3, 128.5, 128.6, 131.6, (ArC), 133.2, 139.6 (quaternary ArC), 167.7 and 169.0 (2 × COO), 177.8 (C5); m/z (ESI⁺), 424 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 366 ([M+H]⁺, 85%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₂H₂₃NO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 388.1519; found 388.1523.

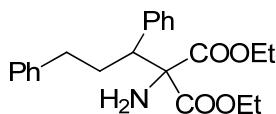
(±)Diethyl 3,5-diphenylpyrrolidine-2,2-dicarboxylate, 9h



Following general procedure H, to a solution of pyrroline **7h** (108 mg, 0.29 mmol) in MeOH (5 mL) was added NaBH₃CN (27 mg, 0.43 mmol) and 2 M HCl in MeOH (2 mL), to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrrolidine **9h** (104 mg, 96%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.65$ (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3392, 3027, 2981, 1739, 1602, 1494, 1454, 1367, 1197, 1094, 1028, 861, 752; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.65 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.10 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.24 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.41 (1H, m,

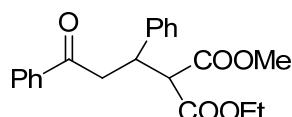
C(4)HH), 3.47 and 3.73 (2H, 2 x m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.07 and 4.18 (2H, 2 x m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.24 (1H, t, *J* 7.0 Hz, C(3)H), 4.42 (1H, m, C(5)H), 7.09-7.58 (10H, m, 2 × ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.2 and 13.7 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 42.2 (C4), 50.4 (C3), 60.9 (C5), 61.3 and 61.5 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 77.2 (C2), 126.8, 126.9, 127.4, 127.5, 127.6, 127.8, 127.9, 128.5 (ArC), 140.2 and 142.8 (quaternary ArC), 170.6 and 171.3 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 757 ([2M+Na]⁺, 80%), 426 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 75%), 368 ([M+H]⁺, 75%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₂H₂₆NO₄⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 368.1856; found 368.1852.

(±)Diethyl 2-amino-2-(1,3-diphenylpropyl)malonate, 11



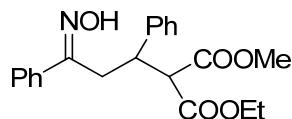
Following general procedure G, pyrroline **7h** (59 mg, 0.16 mmol) in EtOH (10 mL) was passed through H-Cube hydrogenation plant (0.5 mL per min) at 50 °C loaded with 10% Pd/C as a catalyst. EtOH was removed on reduced pressure and the crude product amino ester **11** was obtained (57 mg, 96%) as a colourless oil, R_f = 0.38 (EtOAc : petrol, 2:8); *v*_{max}(film)/cm⁻¹ 3297, 3005, 2981, 1728, 1604, 1496, 1454, 1367, 1267, 1205, 1112, 1038, 761, 699; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.13 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.27 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.94 (1H, m, PhCH₂CHH), 1.98 (2H, bs, NH₂), 2.29 (1H, m, PhCH₂CHH), 2.41 (2H, m, PhCH₂CH₂), 3.64 (1H, dd, *J* 11.6, 8.8 Hz, PhCHCH₂), 3.99 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.25 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 7.07-7.36 (10H, m, 2 × ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 and 14.0 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 32.2 (PhCH₂CH₂), 33.7 (PhCH₂CH₂), 49.6 (PhCHCH₂), 61.9 and 62.2 (2 × OCH₂CH₃), 70.4 (quaternary CNH₂), 125.7, 127.4, 128.2, 128.3, 128.4, 129.6 (ArC), 138.6, 141.9 (quaternary ArC), 170.5, 170.6 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 428 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 392 ([M+Na]⁺, 20%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₂H₂₇NNaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 392.1832; found 392.1830.

(±)1-Ethyl 3-methyl 2-(3-oxo-1,3-diphenylpropyl)malonate, 3i



Following general procedure **B**, chalcone (3.13 g, 15.1 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added to a solution of ethyl methyl malonate (2.00 g, 13.7 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (2.75 g, 20.5 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) and the mixture heated to reflux for 15 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3i** (3.95 g, 81%) as a white solid; m.p. = 79-82 °C; R_f = 0.46 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:4); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3029, 2954, 1733, 1686, 1597, 1449, 1258, 1155, 1027, 750, 700; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.99 and 1.24 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.51 (2H, m, PhCOCH₂), 3.73 (3H, s, OCH₃), 3.86 (1H, d, *J* 7.2 Hz, CHCHPh), 3.95 and 4.17 (2H, 2 × m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.22 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 7.18-7.55 (10H, m, 2 × ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.7 and 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 40.7 and 40.8 (CHCHPh), 42.3 and 42.6 (PhCOCH₂), 52.4 and 52.6 (OCH₃), 57.3 and 57.4 (CHCHPh), 61.4 and 61.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 127.2, 128.1, 128.2, 128.4, 128.5, 128.6 (ArC), 133.1, 136.8, 140.4, 140.5 (quaternary ArC), 167.7, 168.1, 168.3, 168.7, 168.8 (2 × COO), 197.5 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺), 731 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 413 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 20%), 377 ([M+Na]⁺, 95%), 353 ([M-H]⁻, 75%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₁H₂₂NaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 377.1359; found 377.1360.

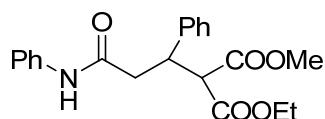
(±)1-Ethyl 3-methyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)-1,3-diphenylpropyl)malonate, 4i



Following general procedure **C**, to a solution of adduct **3i** (3.64 g, 10.3 mmol) in EtOH (50 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (1.41 g, 20.6 mmol) and Et₃N (2.59 g, 25.7 mmol) and heated to reflux for 7 hr to give crude product, which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4i** (3.22 g, 85%) as a semi-solid; R_f = 0.59 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3463, 2954, 1735, 1687, 1598, 1496, 1256, 1026, 756, 699; (major isomer) δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.87 and 1.28

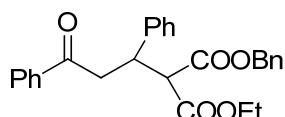
(3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.14 (2H, m, PhCHCH₂), 3.38 and 3.76 (3H, 2 x s, OCH₃), 3.43 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 3.81 (1H, d, *J* 4.9, CHCHPh), 3.85 and 4.25 (2H, 2 x m, OCH₂CH₃), 7.02-7.31 (10H, m, 2 × ArH), 8.72 (1H, bs, OH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.5 and 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 29.9 and 30.1 (PhCHCH₂), 42.4 and 42.5 (CHCHPh), 52.4 and 52.6 (OCH₃), 57.9 and 58.0 (CHCHPh), 61.3 and 61.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 126.5, 127.2, 128.0, 128.2, 128.3, 129.0 (ArC), 135.2 and 139.0 (quaternary ArC), 157.4 (CNOH), 167.5, 167.9, 168.0, 168.6, 168.8 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 761 ([2M+Na]⁺, 80%), 392 ([M+Na]⁺, 95%), 370 ([M+H]⁺, 50%), 368 ([M-H]⁻, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₁H₂₃NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 392.1468; found 392.1468.

(±)1-Ethyl 3-methyl 2-(3-oxo-1-phenyl-3-(phenylamino)propyl)malonate, 8i



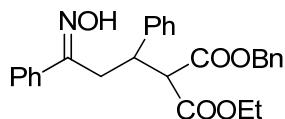
Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **4i** (124 mg, 0.33 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added Et₃N (67 mg, 0.66 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl chloride (94 mg, 0.50 mmol) and the mixture stirred for 3 hr, to give crude product, which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford amide **8** (67 mg, 67%) as a white solid; m.p. = 154-156 °C; R_f = 0.26 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); *v*_{max}(film)/cm⁻¹ 3309, 3076, 2977, 1734, 1661, 1600, 1543, 1310, 1151, 757, 699; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.99 and 1.26 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.76 and 2.92 (2H, m, PhCHCH₂), 3.49 and 3.76 (3H, s, OCH₃), 3.87 and 3.90 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 4.00 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 3.94 and 4.23 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 7.07 (1H, bs, NH), 7.29-7.35 (10H, m, 2 × ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.7 and 13.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 41.7 and 42.0 (CHCHPh), 42.2 and 42.3 (COCH₂), 52.4 and 52.7 (OCH₃), 56.7 and 56.9 (CHCHPh), 61.6 and 61.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 119.7-128.0 (ArC), 137.6 and 140.0 (quaternary ArC), 167.5, 168.1, 168.4, 168.6, 167.0, 172.4 (2 × COO, CONH); m/z (ESI⁺), 761 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 368 ([M-H]⁻, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₁H₂₃NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 392.1468; found 392.1471.

(±)1-Benzyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-oxo-1,3-diphenylpropyl)malonate, 3j



Following general procedure **B**, chalcone (1.77 g, 8.52 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added to a solution of benzyl ethyl malonate (1.72 g, 7.74 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (1.55 g, 11.6 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) and the mixture heated to reflux for 15 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3j** (2.93 g, 88%) as a white solid; m.p. = 96-98 °C; R_f = 0.59 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:4); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3072, 2954, 1733, 1687, 1598, 1496, 1448, 1256, 1026, 757, 699; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.98 and 1.19 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.47 (2H, d, *J* 7.2 Hz, PhCHCH₂), 3.89 (1H, d, *J* 7.2 Hz, CHCHPh), 3.90-4.00 and 4.10-4.20 (3H, m, OCH₂CH₃ and CHCHPh), 5.20 and 5.25 (2H, 2 x d, *J* 12.2 Hz, CH₂Ph), 7.17-7.90 (15H, m, 3 × ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.7 and 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 40.7 and 40.8 (CHCHPh), 42.4 and 42.5 (PhCOCH₂), 57.3 and 57.6 (CHCHPh), 61.4 and 61.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 67.0 and 67.3 (CH₂Ph), 127.1, 128.1, 128.2, 128.3, 128.4, 128.5, 128.6 (ArC), 133.0, 135.3, 136.7, 140.4 (quaternary ArC), 167.6, 167.7, 168.1 (2 × COO), 197.4 and 197.5 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 883 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 453 ([M+Na]⁺, 50%), 429 ([M-H]⁻, 20%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₇H₂₆NaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 453.1672; found 453.1663.

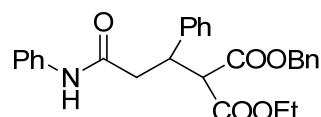
(±)-1-Benzyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)-1,3-diphenylpropyl)malonate, 4j



Following general procedure **C**, to a solution of adduct **3j** (2.43 g, 5.65 mmol) in EtOH (30 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (780 mg, 11.3 mmol) and Et₃N (1.43 g, 14.1 mmol) and the mixture heated to reflux for 7 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4j** (2.17 g, 86%) as a semi-solid; R_f = 0.38 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:4); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3445, 3032, 2982, 1732, 1599, 1566, 1496, 1370, 1253, 1154, 755, 697; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si)

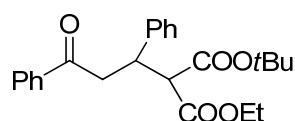
0.86 and 1.24 (3H, 2 x t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.12 (2H, m, PhCHCH₂), 3.46 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 3.87 (1H, d, J 6.6 Hz, CHCHPh), 3.8 and 4.22 (2H, 2 x m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.83 and 5.20 (2H, 2 x d, J 12.3 Hz, CH₂Ph), 7.03-7.37 (15H, m, 3 × ArH), 8.82 (1H, bs, OH); δ _C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.6 and 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 29.9 and 30.1 (PhCOCH₂), 42.4 and 42.5 (CHCHPh), 58.1 and 58.2 (CHCHPh), 61.3 and 61.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 66.9 and 67.3 (CH₂Ph), 126.6, 127.2, 127.9, 128.0, 128.1, 128.3, 128.4, 128.5, 128.6, 129.0 (ArC), 135.1, 135.2, 135.3, 139.0 (quaternary ArC), 157.4 (CNOH), 167.4, 167.5, 168.1 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 913 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 468 ([M+Na]⁺, 75%), 446 ([M+H]⁺, 40%), 444 ([M-H]⁻, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₇H₂₇NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 468.1781; found 468.1784.

(±)-1-Benzyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-oxo-1-phenyl-3-(phenylamino)propyl)malonate, 8j



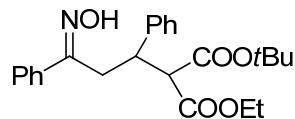
Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **4j** (1.53 g, 3.43 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added Et₃N (694 mg, 6.87 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl chloride (979 mg, 5.15 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt for 4 hr, to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to give the product **8** (1.67 mg, 81%) as a white solid; m.p. = 162-164 °C; R_f = 0.39 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:4); ν _{max}(film)/cm⁻¹ 3430, 3033, 2970, 1732, 1542, 1443, 1378, 12534, 1148, 697; δ _H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.95 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.70-2.90 (2H, m, PhCHCH₂), 3.89 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 3.92 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 4.01 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 5.26 (2H, s, CH₂Ph), 7.16 (1H, s, NH), 7.26-7.33 (15H, m, 3 × ArH); δ _C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 41.8 (PhCHCH₂), 42.4 (CHCHPh), 57.0 (CHCHPh), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 67.1 (CH₂Ph), 119.8, 129.2, 127.2, 127.5, 128.0, 128.2, 128.3, 128.4, 128.6, 128.7, 128.8 (ArC), 135.2, 137.6, 140.0 (quaternary ArC), 167.4, 168.3, 168.5 (CONH, 2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 913 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 468 ([M+Na]⁺, 65%), 444 ([M-H]⁻, 20%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₇H₂₇NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 468.1781; found 468.1782.

(±)1-*tert*-Butyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-oxo-1,3-diphenylpropyl)malonate, 3k



Following general procedure **B**, chalcone (1.89 g, 9.13 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added to a solution of *tert*-butyl ethyl malonate (1.56 g, 8.29 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (1.66 g, 12.4 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL) and heated to reflux for 15 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3k** (2.72 g, 83%) as a white solid m.p. = 72-74 °C; R_f = 0.53 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:4); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3032, 2979, 1729, 1687, 1598, 1496, 1449, 1368, 1257, 1145, 1028, 848, 750, 699; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.18 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃C), 1.26 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.35-3.55 (2H, m, PhCHCH₂), 3.74 (1H, d, *J* 5.6 Hz, CHCHPh), 4.12 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 4.23 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 7.16-7.90 (10H, m, 2 × ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.8 and 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 27.5 and 27.9 (CH₃)₃C), 40.8 and 40.9 (CHCHPh), 42.6 and 43.3 (PhCOCH₂), 58.4 and 58.5 (CHCHPh), 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 81.9 (CH₃)₃C), 127.0, 128.1, 128.3, 128.5, 128.51, 132.9 (ArC), 136.8 and 140.6 (quaternary ArC), 166.7, 167.5, 168.7 (2 × COO), 197.7 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺), 395 ([M-H]⁻, 20%), 419 ([M+Na]⁺, 40%), 455 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 15%), 815 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₄H₂₈NaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 419.1829; found 419.1824.

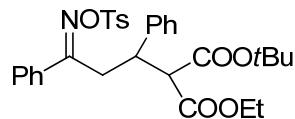
(±)1-*tert*-Butyl 3-ethyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)-1,3-diphenylpropyl)malonate, 4k



Following general procedure **C**, to a solution of adduct **3k** (2.45 g, 6.18 mmol) in EtOH (30 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (1.06 g, 15.5 mmol) and Et₃N (1.87 g 18.6 mmol) and the mixture heated to reflux for 7 hr, to give crude product which was purified by column chromatography to afford oxime **4k** (2.30 g, 90%) as a semi-solid; R_f = 0.37 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:4); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3470, 3031,

2980, 1730, 1598, 1449, 1369, 1256, 1147, 1027, 848, 759, 698; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.93 and 1.30 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.08 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃C), 3.13 and 3.44 (2H, m, PhCHCH₂), 3.69 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 3.72 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 3.87 and 4.26 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 7.03-7.36 (10H, m, 2 \times ArH), 8.20 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.7 and 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 27.3 and 27.9 (CH₃)₃C), 30.0 and 30.4 (PhCHCH₂), 42.3 and 42.5 (CHCHPh), 58.9 and 59.2 (CHCHPh), 60.9 and 61.4 (OCH₂CH₃), 81.7 and 82.3 (CH₃)₃C), 125.8 - 130.0 (ArC), 135.3, 135.4, 139.2, 139.3 (quaternary ArC), 157.7, 157.8 (C=NOH), 166.6, 167.3, 167.8 (2 \times COO); m/z (ESI⁺), 845 ([2M+Na]⁺, 85%), 823 ([2M+H]⁺, 75%), 513 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 434 ([M+Na]⁺, 50%), 412 ([M+H]⁺, 60%), 310 ([M-H]⁻, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₄H₂₉NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 434.1938; found 434.1933.

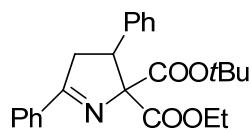
(\pm)1-*tert*-Butyl 3-ethyl 2-(1,3-diphenyl-3-(tosyloxyimino)propyl)malonate, 6k



Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **4k** (1.25 g, 3.04 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL) was added Et₃N (614 mg, 6.08 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl chloride (866 mg, 4.56 mmol) and the mixture stirred for 5 hr, to give mixture of crude products which were purified by column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime **6k** (692 g, 40%) as a semi-solid and pyrrolidine **7k** (413 mg 24%) as a colourless oil; tosyl oxime **6k** R_f = 0.42 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:5); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3065, 2980, 1729, 1598, 1494, 1454, 1370, 1256, 1192, 1178, 1097, 816, 736, 698; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.93 and 1.26 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.08 and 1.45 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃C), 2.48 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 2.91 and 3.23 (2H, m, PhCOCH₂), 3.37 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 3.49 (1H, m, CHCHPh), 3.85 and 4.25 (2H, 2 \times m, OCH₂CH₃), 6.84-7.69 (10H, m, 2 \times ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.7 and 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 21.7 (ArCH₃), 27.3 and 27.6 (CH₃)₃C), 38.5 and 39.1 (PhCHCH₂), 42.0 and 42.2 (CHCHPh), 58.7 and 58.9 (CHCHPh), 61.1 and 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 81.9 and 82.4 (CH₃)₃C), 126.7-129.8 (ArC), 130.1-144.5 (quaternary ArC), 165.0 and 165.1

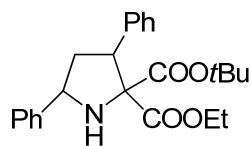
(C=NOAr), 166.3, 166.9, 167.6, 168.2 ($2 \times$ COO); m/z (ESI $^+$), 588 ([M+Na] $^+$, 100%); HRMS (ESI $^+$) C₃₁H₃₅NNaO₇S $^+$ ([M+Na] $^+$) requires 588.2026; found 588.2026.

(±)2-tert-Butyl 2-ethyl 3,5-diphenyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrrole-2,2-dicarboxylate, 7k



Following general procedure F, to a solution of tosyl oxime **6k** (51 mg, 0.09 mmol) in dry THF (5 mL) was added NaH (6 mg, 0.27 mmol, 60%) and the mixture heated to reflux for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrroline **7k** (24 mg, 69%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.65 (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2987, 1739, 1588, 1549, 1369, 1266, 1147, 1043, 848, 758, 688; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.04 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃C), 1.34 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.38 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 3.67 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 4.20 and 4.40 (2H, 2 x m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.49 (1H, dd, *J* 5.6, 4.6 Hz C(3)H), 7.24-8.01 (10H, m, 2 \times ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.6 and 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 27.3 and 27.9 (CH₃)₃C), 44.2 and 44.6 (C4), 48.1 and 48.4 (C3), 60.9 and 62.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 81.9 and 82.9 (CH₃)₃C), 91.7 and 92.5 (C2), 127.1-131.4 (ArC), 133.4, 133.5, 140.3, 140.6 (quaternary ArC), 166.3, 167.3, 167.7, 168.0, 169.3 (2 \times COO), 177.6 (PhCN); m/z (ESI $^+$), 809 ([2M+Na] $^+$, 95%), 416 ([M+Na] $^+$, 100%), 394 ([M+H] $^+$, 80%); HRMS (ESI $^+$) C₂₄H₂₈NaO₄ $^+$ ([M+H] $^+$) requires 394.2013; found 394.2013.

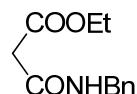
(±)2-tert-Butyl 2-ethyl 3,5-diphenylpyrrolidine-2,2-dicarboxylate, 9k



Following general procedure O, to a solution of pyrroline **7k** (53 mg, 0.13 mmol) in MeOH (3 mL) was added NaBH₃CN (6 mg, 0.27 mmol) and 2 M HCl in MeOH (2 mL) to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrrolidine **9k** (51 mg, 94%) as a

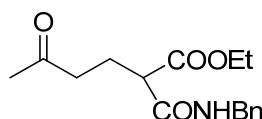
colourless oil; $R_f = 0.79$ (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3395, 2977, 1722, 1588, 1368, 1266, 1155, 689; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.02 (9H, s, (CH₃)₃C), 1.30 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.19 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.58 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 3.13 (1H, bs, NH), 4.17 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 4.24 (1H, m, C(3)H), 4.37 (1H, m, C(5)H), 7.21-7.59 (10H, m, 2 × ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 27.2 (CH₃)₃C), 42.4 (C4), 49.5 (C3), 61.1 (C5), 61.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 76.7 (C2), 82.0 (CH₃)₃C), 126.9, 127.5, 128.1, 128.5, 129.1 (2 × ArC), 140.4, 142.1 (quaternary ArC), 168.9 and 171.6 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 813 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 418 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 396 ([M+H]⁺, 100%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₄H₃₀NO₄⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 396.2169; found 396.2169.

Ethyl 3-(benzylamino)-3-oxopropanoate



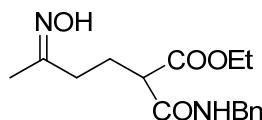
To a solution of ethyl 3-chloro-3-oxopropanoate (1.26 g, 8.40 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added benzyl amine (988 mg, 9.24 mmol) and Et₃N (1.27 g, 12.7 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt for 2 hr then washed with HCl (1 M), followed by water, extracted by CH₂Cl₂ and extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated to afford malonamide (1.80 g, 97%) as a pale yellow oil; $R_f = 0.29$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3295, 3066, 2983, 1739, 1653, 1552, 1497, 1369, 1188, 1030, 734; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.28 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.35 (2H, s, CH₂), 4.19 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 4.48 (2H, d, *J* 5.7 Hz, CONHCH₂), 7.26-7.35 (5H, m, ArH), 7.47 (1H, bs, NH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 41.1 (CH₂), 43.5 (CONHCH₂), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 127.5, 127.7, 127.8, 128.4, 128.6 (ArC), 137.8 (quaternary ArC), 164.9 (CONH), 169.8 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 280 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 244 ([M+Na]⁺, 20%), 220 ([M-H]⁻, 60%); HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₂H₁₅NNaO₃⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 244.0944; found 244.0946.

(±)Ethyl 2-(benzylcarbamoyl)-5-oxohexanoate, 3l



Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (676 mg, 9.66 mmol) was added to a solution of the above malonamide (1.78 g, 8.05 mmol) and anhydrous K_2CO_3 (1.62 mg, 12.07 mmol) in dry CH_2Cl_2 (30 mL) and the mixture stirred at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3l** (573 mg, 89%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.31$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $v_{\max}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3372, 3064, 2981, 1717, 1658, 1605, 1538, 1454, 1367, 1262, 1185, 858; $\delta_{\text{H}}(400 \text{ MHz}; \text{CDCl}_3; \text{Me}_4\text{Si})$ 1.29 (3H, m, OCH_2CH_3), 2.15 (3H, s, COCH_3), 2.20 (2H, m, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 2.37 (2H, m, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 3.33 (1H, t, J 7.2 Hz, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 4.21 (2H, m, OCH_2CH_3), 4.49 (2H, m, CONHCH_2), 7.23 (1H, bs, NH), 7.29-7.39 (5H, m, ArH); $\delta_{\text{C}}(100 \text{ MHz}; \text{CDCl}_3; \text{Me}_4\text{Si})$ 14.0 (OCH_2CH_3), 24.1 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 29.9 (COCH_3), 30.4 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 43.6 (CONHCH_2), 51.5 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 61.6 (OCH_2CH_3), 127.5, 127.6, 127.7, 127.8, 128.7 (ArC), 137.9 (quaternary ArC), 167.9 (CONH), 169.3 (COO), 207.1 and 207.7 (CO); m/z (ESI $^+$) 350 ($[\text{M}+\text{CH}_3\text{CN}+\text{NH}_4]^+$, 75%), 290 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$, 100%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{21}\text{NNaO}_4^+$ ($[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$) requires 314.1363; found 314.1355.

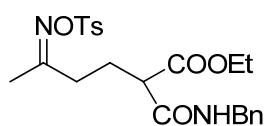
(\pm)Ethyl 2-(benzylcarbamoyl)-5-(hydroxyimino)hexanoate, **4l**



Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **3l** (1.89 g, 3.51 mmol) in EtOH (30 mL) was added $\text{NH}_2\text{OH.HCl}$ (672 mg, 9.74 mmol) and Et_3N (1.31 g, 13.0 mmol) and heated to reflux for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4l** (1.85 g, 92%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.44$ (EtOAc : petrol, 6:4); $v_{\max}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3374, 3279, 3066, 2935, 1736, 1652, 1548, 1453, 1368, 1254, 1027, 914, 854, 732; (major isomer) $\delta_{\text{H}}(400 \text{ MHz}; \text{CDCl}_3; \text{Me}_4\text{Si})$ 1.22 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH_2CH_3), 1.82 (3H, s, CH_3CNOH), 2.12 (2H, m,

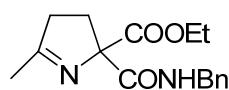
CH₂CH₂CH), 2.19 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.27 (1H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.14 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.43 (2H, m, CONHCH₂), 7.07 (1H, bs, NH), 7.24-7.33 (5H, m, ArH), 8.70 (1H, s, OH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 14.0 (CH₃CNOH), 26.1 (CH₂CH₂CH), 33.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 43.6 (CONHCH₂), 51.9 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 127.4, 127.6, 127.8, 128.2 (ArC), 138.0 (ArC), 157.4 (CNOH) 168.2 (CONH), 171.1 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 365 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 305 ([M-H]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₆H₂₂N₂NaO₄⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 307.1652; found 307.1647.

(±)Ethyl 2-(benzylcarbamoyl)-5-(tosyloxyimino)hexanoate, 6l



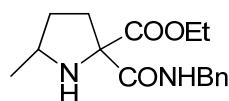
Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime 4l (1.56 g, 5.09 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) was added Et₃N (771 mg, 7.63 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl choride (1.16 g, 6.11 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime 6l (1.82 g, 77%) as a white semi-solid; R_f = 0.61 (EtOAc : petrol, 6:4); ν_{max}(film)/cm⁻¹ 3273, 3065, 2983, 1734, 1668, 1554, 1496, 1372, 1212, 1158, 1008, 815, 725; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.23 (3H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 1.90 (3H, s, CH₃CNOAr), 1.8-2.1 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.26 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.39 and 2.40 (3H, 2 x s, ArCH₃), 3.23 (1H, t, J 7.2 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.16 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.4-4.50 (2H, m, CONHCH₂), 6.78 (1H, bs, NH), 7.24-7.81 (10H, m, ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 and 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 15.59 and 15.62 (CH₃CNOAr), 21.4 and 21.6 (ArCH₃), 24.8 and 25.0 (CH₂CH₂CH), 32.2 and 32.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 43.6 and 43.7 (CONHCH₂), 51.2 and 51.8 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.6 and 61.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 136.0, 127.5, 127.6, 128.5, 128.6, 128.7, 128.8, 129.1, 129.5 (ArC), 132.6, 132.7, 137.9, 138.0, 145.0 (quaternary ArC), 166.1 and 166.2 (CNOAr), 166.5, 166.8, 167.1 and 167.4 (CONH), 169.2, 169.6, 170.2 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 943 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 483 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₃H₂₈N₂NaO₆S⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 483.1560; found 483.1562.

(±)Ethyl 2-(benzylcarbamoyl)-5-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate, 7l



Following general procedure **F**, to tosyl oxime **6l** (91 mg, 0.19 mmol) in dry THF (5 mL) was added NaH (14 mg, 0.59 mol, 60%) and the mixture heated to reflux for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrroline **7l** (27 mg, 48%) as a colourless oil; **OR** To a stirring solution of tosyl oxime **6l** (96 mg, 0.21 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added anhydrous Cs₂CO₃ (136 mg, 0.42 mmol) and the mixture heated to reflux for 30 min to give the crude product, which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrroline **7l** (39 mg, 65%) as colourless oil: R_f = 0.15 (EtOAc : petrol, 8:2) ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3387, 2982, 1737, 1672, 1523, 1454, 1262, 1172, 1090, 1022, 700; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.27 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.11 (3H, s, CH₃C≡N), 2.31 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.64 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.75 - 2.79 (2H, m, C(4)HH), 4.21 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.32 (1H, dd, *J* 14.9, 5.2 Hz, NHCHH), 4.67 (1H, dd, *J* 14.9, 5.9 Hz, NHCHH), 7.13 (1H, bs, NH), 7.26-7.31 (5H, m, ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 19.9 (CH₃C≡N), 29.9 (C4), 40.1 (C3), 43.2 (NHCH₂), 62.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 87.3 (C2), 127.3, 127.5, 127.6, 128.5, 128.7 (ArC), 138.1 (quaternary ArC), 169.9 (CONH), 170.4 (COO), 181.3 (C5); m/z (ESI⁺) 347 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 289 ([M+H]⁺, 32%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₆H₂₀N₂NaO₃⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 311.1366; found 311.1369.

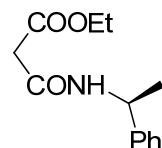
(±)Ethyl 2-(benzylcarbamoyl)-5-methylpyrrolidine-2-carboxylate, 9l



Following general procedure **H**, to a solution of pyrroline **7l** (41 mg, 0.14 mmol) in MeOH (2 mL) was added NaBH₃CN (13 mg, 0.21 mmol) and 2 M HCl in MeOH (1 ml), to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrrolidine **9l** (40 mg, 97%) as a colourless oil; ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3369, 2958, 1728, 1680, 1243, 1192, 1090, 921; R_f = 0.16 (EtOAc : petrol, 8:2) δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.1 and 1.27 (3H, 2 x m, OCH₂CH₃), 1.41 (3H, d, *J* 6.7

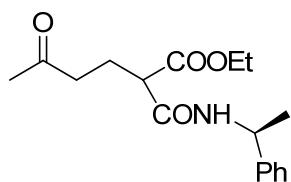
Hz, CH_3CHNH), 1.61 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.11 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.54 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.60 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 3.63 (1H, m, C(5)H), 4.0 and 4.27 (2H, 2 x m, OCH_2CH_3), 4.39 (1H, dd, J 14.7, 5.7 Hz, NHCHH), 4.52 (1H, dd, J 14.7, 5.2 Hz, NHCHH), 7.26-7.36 (5H, m, ArH), 8.27 (1H, bs, NH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl_3 ; Me_4Si) 13.8, 13.9, 14.0 (OCH_2CH_3), 19.1 (CH_3CHNH), 25.2 and 29.6 (C_4), 32.3, 33.3 and 34.1 (C_3), 43.9 (NHCH_2), 56.5 (C_5), 62.0, 62.3 and 63.3 (OCH_2CH_3), 74.1 (C_2), 125.7, 127.4, 127.5, 127.7, 128.2, 128.4, 128.6, 128.7 (ArC), 137.8 and 141.8 (quaternary ArC), 169.1 (CONH), 170.3 (COO); m/z (ESI $^+$) 313 ($[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 65%), 291 ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, 95%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3^+$ ($[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$) requires 291.1703; found 291.1709.

(S)-Ethyl 3-oxo-3-(1-phenylethylamino)propanoate



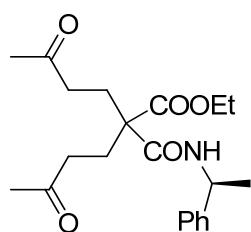
To a solution of ethyl 3-chloro-3-oxopropanoate (1.36 g, 9.06 mmol) in dry CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) was added (S)-methyl benzylamine (1.21 g, 9.96 mmol) and Et_3N (1.37 g, 9.06 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt for 2 hr, washed with HCl (1 M) followed by water and the product was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 , dried over Na_2SO_4 and concentrated to afford malonamide (2.10 g, 98%) as a pale yellow oil; R_f = 0.30 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1), $[\alpha]_D^{21} = -29^\circ$ (c = 2.0, MeOH), $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3289, 3064, 2980, 1740, 1649, 1550, 1495, 1369, 1157, 1034, 763; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl_3 ; Me_4Si) 1.28 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH_2CH_3), 1.50 (3H, d, J 6.9 Hz, CH_3CHNH), 3.30 (2H, s, CH_2), 4.19 (2H, q, J 7.1 Hz, OCH_2CH_3), 5.14 (1H, m, CH_3CHNH), 7.23-7.36 (5H, m, ArH), 7.52 (1H, d, J 6.3 Hz NH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl_3 ; Me_4Si) 13.9 (OCH_2CH_3), 22.0 (CH_3CHNH), 41.0 (CH_2), 48.8 (CH_3CHNH), 61.6 (OCH_2CH_3), 126.0, 127.3, 128.6 (ArC), 142.9 (quaternary ArC), 164.0 (CONH), 169.6 (COO); m/z (ESI $^+$) 294 ($[\text{M}+\text{CH}_3\text{CN}+\text{NH}_4]^+$, 100%), 258 ($[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 15%), 234 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$, 55%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{17}\text{NNaO}_3^+$ ($[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$) requires 258.1101; found 258.1133.

(±)Ethyl 5-oxo-2-((S)-1-phenylethylcarbamoyl)hexanoate, 3m



Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (441 mg, 5.74 mmol) was added to solution of the above malonamide (1.35 g, 6.31 mmol) and anhydrous K_2CO_3 (769 mg, 5.74 mmol) in dry CH_2Cl_2 (20 ml) and the mixture stirred at rt, to give crude products which were purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3m** (1.16 g, 66%) as a colourless oil and double Michael addition product (351 mg, 20%) as a colourless oil; **3m** $R_f = 0.27$ (EtOAc : petrol, 6:4); $\nu_{max}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3293, 3064, 2977, 1736, 1715, 1645, 1540, 1414, 1259, 1129, 948, 861, 804; $\delta_H(400 \text{ MHz}; CDCl_3; Me_4Si)$ 1.26 (3H, m, OCH_2CH_3), 1.48 (3H, d, J 6.3 Hz, CH_3CHNH), 2.09 (3H, s, CH_3CO), 2.15 (2H, m, CH_2CH_2CH), 2.49 (2H, m, CH_2CH_2CH), 3.24 (1H, m, CH_2CH_2CH), 4.17 (2H, m, OCH_2CH_3), 5.08 (1H, m, CH_3CHNH), 6.83 (1H, m, NH), 7.23-7.34 (5H, m, ArH); $\delta_C(100 \text{ MHz}; CDCl_3; Me_4Si)$ 14.1 (OCH_2CH_3), 21.9 (CH_3CHN), 23.9 (CH_2CH_2CH), 29.9 (CH_3CO), 40.3 (CH_2CH_2CH), 48.9 (CH_3CHN), 51.4 (CH_2CH_2CH), 61.5 (OCH_2CH_3), 125.9, 126.0, 127.2, 127.3, 128.6 (ArC), 142.9 (quaternary ArC), 166.9 (CONH), 171.3 (COO), 207.8 (CO); m/z (ESI $^+$) 633 ($[2M+Na]^+$, 55%), 328 ($[M+Na]^+$, 100%), 304 ($[M-H]^-$, 65%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) $C_{17}H_{23}NNaO_4^+$ ($[M+Na]^+$) requires 328.1519; found 328.1520.

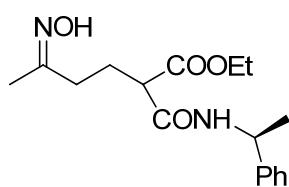
(\pm)(S)-Ethyl 5-oxo-2-(3-oxobutyl)-2-(1-phenylethylcarbamoyl)hexanoate



This by-product isolated from the above reaction (351 mg, 20%, 0:1 dr) as a colourless oil $R_f = 0.26$ (EtOAc : petrol, 6:4); $\nu_{max}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3294, 3066, 2979, 1732, 1718, 1645, 1540, 1414, 1258, 1125, 948, 861, 804, 753; $\delta_H(400 \text{ MHz}; CDCl_3; Me_4Si)$ 1.27 (3H, m, OCH_2CH_3), 1.50 (3H, d, J 6.9 Hz, CH_3CHNH), 1.96 and 2.12 (6H, s, 2 x CH_3CO), 2.07-2.34 (4H, m, CH_2CH_2C), 2.37-2.49 (4H, m, CH_2CH_2C), 4.19 (2H, q, J 7.1 Hz, OCH_2CH_3), 5.09 (1H, m, CH_3CHNH), 7.23-7.36 (5H, m, ArH),

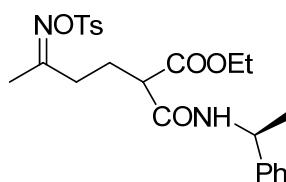
8.11 (1H, d, *J* 7.6 Hz, NH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 22.2 (CH₃CHN), 29.8, 29.9 (CH₂CH₂C), 30.2, 30.7 (2 x CH₃CO), 38.9, 39.3 (CH₂CH₂C), 49.3 (CH₃CHN), 55.7 (CH₂CH₂C), 61.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 126.0, 127.3, 128.6 (ArC), 143.5 (quaternary ArC), 168.9 (CONH), 174.5 (COO), 207.1, 207.2 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 773 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 398 ([M+Na]⁺, 10%), 374 ([M-H]⁻, 80%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₁H₂₉NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 398.1938; found 398.1924.

(±)Ethyl 5-(hydroxyimino)-2-((S)-1-phenylethylcarbamoyl)hexanoate, 4m



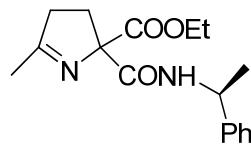
Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **3m** (969 mg, 3.18 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (328 mg, 4.76 mmol) and Et₃N (642 mg, 6.36 mmol) and the mixture heated to reflux for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4m** (947 mg, 93%) as a semi-solid; R_f = 0.34 (EtOAc : petrol, 6:4); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3381, 3294, 3088, 2980, 1731, 1650, 1606, 1538, 1453, 1254, 1187, 915, 859, 729; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.18 and 1.23 (3H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 1.45 (3H, d, *J* 6.8 Hz, CH₃CHN), 1.80 and 1.82 (3H, 2 x s, CH₃C=N), 2.09 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.16 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.25 (1H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.13 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 5.07 (1H, m, CH₃CHN), 7.02 (1H, m, NH), 7.22-7.31 (5H, m, ArH), 9.34 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.6 and 13.7 (CH₃C=N), 13.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 21.7 and 21.8 (CH₃CHN), 25.5 and 25.9 (CH₂CH₂CH), 33.18 and 33.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 45.8 and 48.9 (CH₃CHN), 51.9 and 52.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 125.9, 126.1, 127.2, 127.3, 128.5, 128.6 (ArC), 142.9, 143.0, 143.1 (quaternary ArC), 157.2, 157.3, 157.6 (C=NOH), 167.2 and 167.3 (CONH), 170.9, 171.0. 171.1 and 171.2 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 663 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 343 ([M+Na]⁺, 15%), 321 ([M+H]⁺, 25%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₇H₂₄N₂NaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 343.1628; found 343.1628.

(±)Ethyl 2-((S)-1-phenylethylcarbamoyl)-5-(tosyloxyimino)hexanoate, 6m



Following general procedure E, to a solution of **4m** (789 mg, 2.46 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added Et₃N (372 mg, 3.69 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl chloride (562 mg, 2.95 mmol) and the mixture stirred for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime **6m** (968 mg, 83%) as white semi-solid; R_f = 0.63 (EtOAc : petrol, 6:4); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3273, 3061, 2979, 1734, 1649, 1550, 1495, 1375, 1264, 1207, 1121, 913, 815, 733; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.21 and 1.28 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.49 (3H, 2 x d, *J* 6.7 Hz, CH₃CHN), 1.87 and 1.93 (3H, 2 x s, ArCH₃), 2.07 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.26 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.40 and 2.42 (3H, s, CH₃C=N), 3.25 (1H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.17 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 5.10 (1H, m, CH₃CHN), 6.66 (1H, m, NH), 7.26-7.83 (10H, m, 2 x ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 and 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 15.8 and 15.9 (ArCH₃), 21.6 and 21.7 (CH₃CHN), 21.8 (CH₃C=N), 24.8 (CH₂CH₂CH), 32.9 and 33.0 (CH₂CH₂CH), 49.0 and 49.1 (CH₃CHN), 51.0 and 51.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.6 and 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 126.0, 126.1, 127.3, 127.4, 128.6, 128.7, 128.8, 129.6 (ArC), 132.7, 142.9, 143.1, 144.9 (quaternary ArC), 166.4 and 166.5 (C=NOAr), 166.8 and 166.9 (CONH), 170.4 and 170.5 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 497 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 475 ([M+H]⁺, 25%), 473 ([M-H]⁻, 75%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₄H₃₀N₂NaO₆S⁺ ([M+Na]⁺] requires 497.1717; found 497.1710.

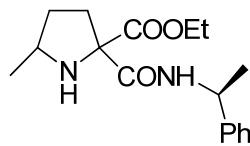
(±)Ethyl 5-methyl-2-((S)-1-phenylethylcarbamoyl)-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate, 7m



Following general procedure F, to tosyl oxime **6m** (109 mg, 0.23 mmol) in dry THF (5 mL) was added NaH (17 mg, 0.68 mol, 60%) and heated to reflux for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by column chromatography to afford pyrroline **7m** (51 mg, 73%) as a colourless oil; R_f

= 0.32 (EtOAc : petrol, 6:4); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3294, 3063, 2977, 1736, 1714, 1645, 1541, 1495, 1369, 1258, 1208, 1129, 1097, 949, 861, 762; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.16 and 1.30 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.48 and 1.55 (3H, d, *J* 6.9 Hz, CH₃CHN), 2.10 and 2.14 (3H, s, CH₃C=N), 2.32 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.64 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.67 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.76 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 4.10-4.30 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 5.14 (1H, m, CH₃CHN), 7.07 (1H, d, *J* 7.9 Hz, NH), 7.23-7.39 (5H, m, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 and 14.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 19.91 and 19.93 (CH₃C=N), 21.7 and 21.8 (CH₃CHN), 29.7 and 29.8 (C4), 40.0 and 40.1 (C3), 48.5 and 48.7 (CH₃CHN), 62.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 87.2 and 87.3 (C2), 125.9, 126.1, 126.3, 127.1, 127.3, 128.2, 128.4, 128.6, 129.8 (ArC), 142.9 and 143.0 (quaternary ArC), 169.4 (CONH), 170.0 (COO), 180.1 and 181.3(C5); m/z (ESI⁺) 325 ([M+Na]⁺, 80%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₇H₂₂N₂NaO₃⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 325.1523; found 325.1522.

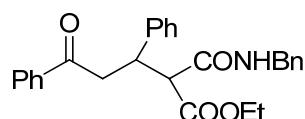
(±)Ethyl 5-methyl-2-((S)-1-phenylethylcarbamoyl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxylate, 9m



Following general procedure **H**, to a solution of pyrroline **7m** (43 mg, 0.14 mol) in MeOH (3 ml) was added NaBH₃CN (13 mg, 0.21 mmol) and 2 M HCl in MeOH (1 mL) at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford **9m** (39 mg, 90%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.18 (EtOAc : petrol, 8:2); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3271, 3060, 2975, 1736, 1535, 1495, 1365, 1281, 1213, 1177, 1077, 836, 762; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.17 (3H, d, *J* 6.2 Hz, CH₃CHCH₂), 1.23 (3H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 1.49 (3H, m, CH₃CHNH), 1.93 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.26 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.30 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.49 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 3.10-3.40 (1H, m, C(5)H), 4.20 (2H, OCH₂CH₃), 5.06 (1H, m, CH₃CHNH), 7.24 (1H, d, *J* 7.3 Hz, NH), 7.26-7.35 (5H, m, ArH), 8.15 (1H, d, *J* 8.1 Hz, CH₃CHNH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 21.8 and 21.9 (CH₃CHNH), 29.7 and 30.1 (CH₃CHN), 31.9 and 33.1 (C4), 34.2 and 34.2 (C3), 48.3 and 48.4 (C2), 54.3 and 55.1 (C5), 62.0 and 62.2 (OCH₂CH₃), 73.0 and 73.1 (C2), 125.8, 125.9, 126.0, 127.1, 127.2, 128.5, 128.6, 129.7 (ArC), 143.1, 143.2, 143.4 (quaternary ArC), 170.3, 170.7, 172.3,

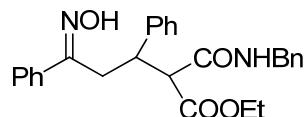
172.5 (CONH), 172.0 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 327 ([M+Na]⁺, 75%), 305 ([M+H]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₇H₂₅N₂NaO₃⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 305.1860; found 305.1858.

(±)Ethyl 2-(benzylcarbamoyl)-5-oxo-3,5-diphenylpentanoate, 3n



Following general procedure **B**, chalcone (1.05 g, 5.07 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added to a solution of benzyl ethyl malonamide (1.02 g, 4.62 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (637 mg, 4.62 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) and heated to reflux for 15 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3n** (911 mg, 92%) as a pale yellow solid; m.p. = 162-164 °C; R_f = 0.50 (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3302, 3063, 2980, 1734, 1651, 1597, 1545, 1496, 1452, 1204, 1156, 1028, 911, 749, 699; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.87 and 1.25 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.48 (1H, m, CH₂CHPh), 3.60 (1H, m, CHHCHPh), 3.73 and 3.77 (1H, d, *J* 8.6 Hz, CHPhCH), 3.87 and 4.12 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 4.09 (1H, m, CHHCHPh), 4.26 and 4.44 (2H, d, *J* 8.4 Hz, NHCH₂Ph), 6.82 (1H, t, *J* 5.5 Hz, NH), 7.22-7.92 (15H, m, 3 x ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.6, 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 42.3 (CH₂CHPh), 43.3 (NHCH₂Ph), 43.7 (CHPhCH), 58.0, 59.3 (CHPhCH), 61.4, 61.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 127.1-133.0 (3 x ArC), 136.7, 137.6, 139.6 (3 x quaternary ArC), 166.4 (CONH), 170.8 (COO), 197.6 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 881 ([2M+Na]⁺, 40%), 452 ([M+Na]⁺, 45%), 428 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₇H₂₇KNO₄⁺ ([M+K]⁺) requires 468.1572; found 468.1556.

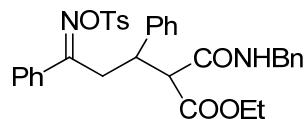
(±)Ethyl 2-(benzylcarbamoyl)-5-(hydroxyimino)-3,5-diphenylpentanoate, 4n



Following general procedure **C**, to a solution of adduct **3n** (1.01 g, 2.35 mmol) in EtOH (40 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (324 mg, 4.70 mmol) and Et₃N (712 mg, 7.05 mmol) and the mixture heated to reflux for 7 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4n** (918 mg, 88%) as a white solid; m.p. = 136-138 °C; R_f = 0.41, 0.36 (EtOAc :

petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3302, 3293, 3087, 2980, 1731, 1606, 1539, 1497, 1367, 1254, 1187, 1158, 1096, 935, 859, 731; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.81 and 1.27 (3H, 2 x t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.14, 3.40 (2H, 2 x m, CH₂CHPh), 3.68 (1H, m, CHPhCH), 3.81 and 4.22 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.14 (1H, d, *J* 6.3 Hz, CHPhCH), 4.37, 4.60 (2 x 2H, 2 x m, NHCH₂Ph), 6.40 and 6.78 (1H, t, *J* 5.7 Hz, NH), 6.99-7.33 (15H, m, 3 x ArH), 9.07 (1H bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.5, 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 30.3, 30.6 (CH₂CHPh), 43.45, 43.5 (CHPhCH), 43.8, 44.7 (NHCH₂Ph), 59.5, 59.7 (CHPhCH), 60.0, 61.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 126.4-128.6 (3 x ArC), 135.2, 137.5, 138.9 (3 x quaternary ArC), 157.5, 157.7 (C=NOH), 166.4, 167.2 (CONH), 170.5, 170.9 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 467 ([M+Na]⁺, 35%), 443 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₇H₂₇N₂O₄⁻ ([M-H]⁻) requires 443.1965; found 443.1972.

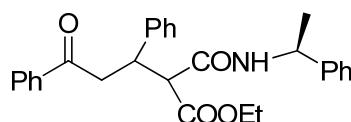
(±)Ethyl 2-(benzylcarbamoyl)-3,5-diphenyl-5-(tosyloxyimino)pentanoate, 6n



Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **4n** (503 mg, 1.32 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added Et₃N (266 mg, 2.64 mol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl chloride (376 mg, 1.98 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt for 5 hr, to give crude product which was purified by column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime **6n** (289 mg, 42%) as a white semi-solid; R_f = 0.53 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3269, 3060, 2980, 1739, 1649, 1552, 1495, 1307, 1264, 1207, 1152, 1008, 914, 815, 763; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.86 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.48 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 2.94 (1H, dd, *J* 15.3, 10.5 Hz, CHHCHPh), 3.09 (1H, dd, *J* 15.3, 4.1 Hz CHHCHPh), 3.35 (1H, m, CHPhCH), 3.55 (1H, d, *J* 10.8 Hz, CHPhCH), 3.83 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 4.35 (1H, dd, *J* 14.7, 5.6 Hz, NHCHHPh), 4.52 (1H, dd, *J* 14.7, 6.1 Hz, NHCHHPh), 6.96 (1H, t, *J* 5.6 Hz, NH), 6.81-7.71 (15H, m, 3 x ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 21.7 (ArCH₃), 38.7 (CH₂CHPh), 43.7 (CHPhCH), 44.5 (NHCH₂Ph), 58.5 (CHPhCH), 61.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 127.1-129.3 (3 x ArC), 132.4, 137.6, 137.9, 144.4 (4 x quaternary

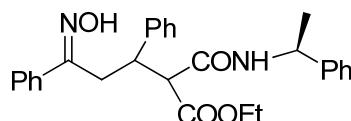
ArC), 166.7 (C=NOAr), 170.3 (CONH), 170.5 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 621 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 597 ([M-H]⁻, 30%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₃₄H₃₄N₂NaO₆S⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 621.2030; found 621.2029.

(±)Ethyl 5-oxo-3,5-diphenyl-2-((S)-1-phenylethylcarbamoyl)pentanoate, 3o



Following general procedure **B**, chalcone (508 mg, 2.44 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (5 mL) was added to a solution of ethyl (S)-methyl benzyl malonamide (522 mg, 2.22 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (306 mg, 2.22 mol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (15 mL) and heated to reflux for 15 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3o** (911 mg, 92%) as a pale yellow solid; m.p. = 171-174 °C; R_f = 0.49 (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3302, 3063, 2980, 1734, 1651, 1597, 1545, 1496, 1452, 1204, 1156, 1028, 911, 749, 699; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.25 (3H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 1.29 (3H, d, *J* 6.6Hz, CH₃CHNH), 3.50 – 3.80 (4H, m, CH₂CHPh, CHPhCH, and CH(C(O)₂), 4.13 (1H, m, CH₂CHPh), 4.20 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.94 (1H, m, CH₃CHNH), 6.72 (1H, d, *J* 7.7Hz, NH), 7.05-7.94 (15H, m, 3 x ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 21.5 (CH₃CHNH), 42.3 (CH₂CHPh), 42.5 (CH₂CHPh), 48.6 (CH₃CHNH), 57.7 (CHPhCH), 61.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 125.8-128.5 (3 x ArC), 133.0, 136.7, 139.7 (3 x quaternary ArC), 165.5 (CONH), 171.1 (COO), 197.7 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 502 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 100%), 444 ([M+H]⁺, 10%), 442 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₂₉NNaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 466.1989; found 466.1998.

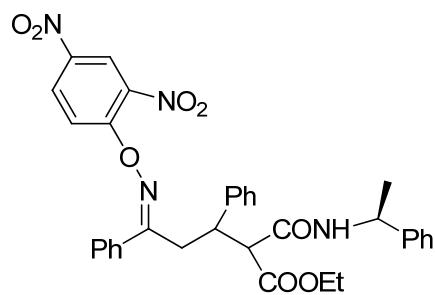
(±)Ethyl 5-(hydroxyimino)-3,5-diphenyl-2-((S)-1-phenylethylcarbamoyl)pentanoate, 4o



Following general procedure **C**, to a solution of adduct **3o** (816 mg, 1.84 mmol) in EtOH (15 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (254 mg, 3.68 mmol) and Et₃N (465mg, 4.60 mol) and the mixture heated to reflux for 7 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to

afford oxime **4o** (801 mg, 95%) as a pale yellow solid; m.p. = 86-88 °C; R_f = 0.41, 0.36 (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3302, 3283, 3063, 2982, 1730, 1649, 1602, 1543, 1446, 1325, 1215, 1177, 1094, 983, 929, 859, 756; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.80 and 0.87, (3H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 1.04 and 1.19 (3H, d, *J* 6.8Hz, CH₃CHNH), 3.14 (2H, m, CH₂CHPh), 3.39 (1H, m, CHPhCH), 3.68 (1H, m, CH₂CHPh), 3.81 and 4.21 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.81 (1H, m, CH₃CHNH), 6.37 (1H, d, *J* 8.4 Hz, NH), 6.87-7.38 (15H, m, 3 x ArH), 9.44 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.5 and 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 21.8 and 22.6 (CH₃CHNH), 30.1 (CH₂CHPh), 43.3 and 44.6 (CH₂CHPh), 49.2, 48.5 (CH₃CHNH), 59.7, 59.6 (CHPhCH), 61.9, 61.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 125.9-128.7 (3 x ArC), 135.3-142.0 (3 x quaternary ArC), 157.5, 157.4 (C=NOH), 166.4, 165.6 (CONH), 171.1, 70.5 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 939 ([2M+Na]⁺, 60%), 517 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 75%), 481 ([M+Na]⁺, 80%), 459 ([M+H]⁺, 35%), 457 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₃₀N₂NaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 481.2098; found 481.2094.

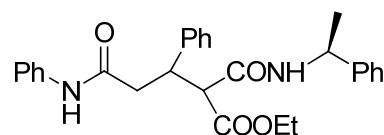
(±)Ethyl 5-(2,4-dinitrophenoxyimino)-3,5-diphenyl-2-((S)-1-phenylethyl- carbamoyl) pentanoate, 5o



Following general procedure **D**, to a solution of oxime **4o** (507 mg, 1.10 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) sodium metal (30 mg, 1.32 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred at rt for 30 min and followed by 2,4-dinitrofluorobenzene (308 mg, 1.66 mmol) at 0 °C slowly, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford ether **5o** (499 mg, 72%) as a yellow semi-solid; R_f = 0.55 (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3320, 3052, 2982, 1738, 1659, 1605, 1531, 1473, 1343, 1260, 1056, 909, 831, 761, 699; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 0.83 and 1.26 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 0.99 and 1.53 (3H, d, *J* 6.9Hz, CH₃CHNH), 3.20 and 3.30 (2H, dd, *J* 13.0, 4.0 Hz, CH₂CHPh), 3.6 – 3.90 (2H, m, CHPhCH and CHPhCH), 3.83 and 4.25 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz,

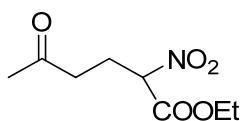
OCH₂CH₃), 4.76 (1H, m, CH₃CHNH), 5.90 and 6.90 (1H, d, *J* 8.0 Hz, NH), 6.99-8.88 (18H, m, 4 x ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.4 and 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 20.7 and 21.9 (CH₃CHNH), 32.1 and 32.5 (CH₂CHPh), 43.5 and 44.5 (CH₂CHPh), 48.6 and 49.4 (CHPhCH), 59.2 and 59.3 (CH₃CHNH), 61.5 and 61.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 116.9-132.6 (4 x ArC), 135.6-142.6 (5 x quaternary ArC), 157.0 and 157.1 (C=NOAr), 165.1 and 165.2 (CONH), 165.8 (quaternary ArC), 169.3 and 169.7 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 683 ([M+CH₃CN+NH₄]⁺, 65%), 647 ([M+Na]⁺, 45%), 623 ([M-H]⁻, 35%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₃₄H₃₂N₄NaO₈⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 647.2112; found 647.2114.

(±)Ethyl 5-oxo-3-phenyl-5-(phenylamino)-2-(1-phenylethylcarbamoyl) pentanoate, 8



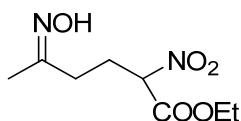
Following general procedure F, ether **5o** (139 mg, 0.22 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) was added NaH (16mg, 0.66 mol, 60%) and the mixture heated to reflux for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography as the Beckman rearrangement product **8** (262 mg, 78%) as a yellow crystal m.p. = 236-238 °C; R_f = 0.43 (EtOAc : petrol, 2:1); ν_{max}(film)/cm⁻¹ 3311, 3205, 3064, 2980, 1737, 1678, 1654, 1601, 1548, 1364, 1263, 1180, 1082, 990, 860, 753; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.29 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.37 (3H, d, *J* 6.9 Hz, CH₃CHNH), 2.60 (1H, dd, *J* 13.3, 5.5 Hz CHHCHPh), 3.14 (1H, dd, *J* 13.3, 10.1 Hz CHHCHPh), 3.75 (1H, d, *J* 6.1 Hz, CHPhCH), 3.87 (1H, m, CHPhCH), 4.18 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 5.12 (1H, m, CH₃CHNH), 6.90-7.36 (15H, m, 3 x ArH), 7.56 (1H, d, *J* 7.9 Hz, CH₃CHNH), 9.04 (1H, s, CONH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.7, 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 21.2, 21.4 (CH₃CHNH), 41.3, 41.7 (CH₂CHPh), 44.5 (CHPhCH), 48.6 (CH₃CHNH), 53.7 (CHPhCH), 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 119.4, 123.6, 126.0, 127.1, 127.2, 127.5, 128.1, 128.2, 128.3, 128.5 (3 x ArC), 137.8, 138.6, 142.0 (3 x quaternary ArC), 165.8 (CONH), 169.3 (CONH), 171.1 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 481 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 459 ([M+H]⁺, 95%), 457 ([M-H]⁻, 95%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₃₀N₂NaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 481.2098; found 481.2102.

(±)Ethyl 2-nitro-5-oxohexanoate 3p



Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (400 g, 3.81 mmol) was added to a solution of ethyl nitroacetate (508 mg, 3.81 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (789 mg, 5.72 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) and the mixture stirred at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3p** (612 mg, 80%) as a semi-solid; R_f = 0.33 (EtOAc : petrol, 6:4); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2981, 1747, 1554, 1445, 1339, 1240, 860; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.28 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.14 (3H, s, COCH₃), 2.45 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.58 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.25 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 5.21 (1H, dd, *J* 8.3, 6.1 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 24.0 (CH₂CH₂CH), 29.9 (COCH₃), 38.3 (CH₂CH₂CH), 63.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 86.7 (CH₂CH₂CH), 164.2 (COO), 206.0 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 202 ([M-H]⁻, 75%), HRMS (ESI⁻) C₈H₁₂NO₃⁻ ([M-H]⁻) requires 202.0721; found 202.0722.

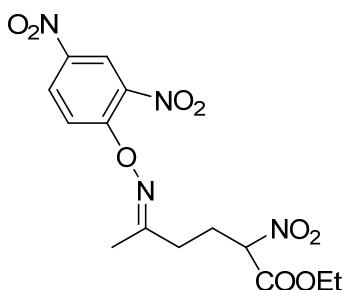
(±)Ethyl 5-(hydroxyimino)-2-nitrohexanoate, 4p



Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **3p** (572 mg, 2.81 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (486 mg, 7.04 mmol) and Et₃N (853 mg, 8.45 mmol) and heated to reflux for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **4p** (602 mg, 98%) as a pale yellow solid; m.p. = 94 °C; R_f = 0.47 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3319, 2983, 1748, 1555, 1445, 1371, 1243, 858; (major isomer) δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.29 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.88 and 1.90 (3H, s, CNOHCH₃), 2.30 – 2.42 (4H, m, CH₂CH₂), 4.27 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 5.22 (1H, dd, *J* 8.9, 6.8 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 7.98 (1H, bs, OH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 19.9 (CNOHCH₃), 26.0

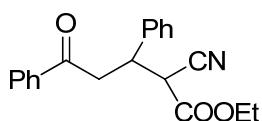
(CH₂CH₂CH), 31.5 (CH₂CH₂CH), 63.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 87.0 (CH₂CH₂CH), 155.9 (CNOHCH₃), 164.3 and 164.4 (COO); m/z (ESI⁻) 217 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), 241 ([M+Na]⁺, 20%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₈H₁₃N₂O₅⁻ ([M-H]⁻) requires 217.0830; found 217.0821.

(±)Ethyl 5-(2,4-dinitrophenoxyimino)-2-nitrohexanoate, 5p



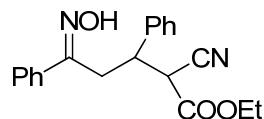
Following general procedure **D**, to a solution of oxime **4p** (201 mg, 0.92 mmol) in EtOH (10 mL) sodium metal (23 mg, 1.02 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred at rt for 30 min and followed by slow addition of 2,4-dinitrofluorobenzene (256 mg, 1.38 mmol) at 0 °C, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford ether **5p** (252 mg, 65%) as a yellow semi-solid; R_f = 0.44 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2983, 1750, 1607, 1562, 1532, 1473, 1343, 1287, 925, 831, 743; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.32 and 153 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.21 (3H, s, CNOArCH₃), 2.57 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.64 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.32 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 5.26 (1H, dd, *J* 8.6, 5.9 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 7.89 (1H, d, *J* 9.3 Hz, ArH), 8.43 (1H, dd, *J* 9.3, 2.7 Hz, ArH), 8.88 (1H, d, *J* 2.7 Hz, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 and 14.3 (OCH₂CH₃), 16.6 (CNOArCH₃), 25.9 (CH₂CH₂CH), 31.8 (CH₂CH₂CH), 63.3 (OCH₂CH₃), 86.7 (CH₂CH₂CH), 117.0, 121.8, 122.1, 129.0, 129.5 (ArC), 157.0 (CNOArCH₃), 164.0 (quaternary ArC), 164.5 (COO); m/z (ESI⁻) 383 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), 407 [M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₄H₁₆N₄O₉⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 407.0809; found 407.0806.

(±)Ethyl 2-cyano-5-oxo-3,5-diphenylpentanoate, 3q



Following general procedure **B**, chalcone (2.26 g, 10.9 mmol) was added to a solution of ethyl cyanoacetate (1.12 g, 9.91 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (1.36 g, 10.9 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (50 mL) and the mixture heated to reflux for 15 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3q** (2.87 g, 93%) as a white solid; m.p. = 147-150 °C ;R_f = 0.53 (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3065, 2984, 2210, 1744, 1685, 1597, 1497, 1449, 1370, 1253, 1210, 853, 754, 702; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.1, 1.20 and 1.32 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.54 and 3.68 (2H, m, CH₂CHPh), 3.83 (1H, d, *J* 6.8 Hz, CHPhCH), 4.17, 4.27 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 4.18, 5.53 (1H, m, CHPhCH), 7.26-7.61 (10H, m, 2 x ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 40.3 (CHPhCH), 41.8 (CH₂CHPh), 43.5 (CHPhCH), 62.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 115.8 (CN), 127.9-133.9 (ArC), 136.4, 138.5 (quaternary ArC), 165.1 (COO), 196.6 and 197.1 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 665 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 344 ([M+Na]⁺, 90%), 320 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₀H₁₉NNaO₃⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 344.1257; found 344.1261.

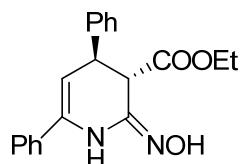
(±)Ethyl 2-cyano-5-(hydroxyimino)-3,5-diphenylpentanoate, 4q



Following general procedure **J**, to a solution of adduct **232** (1.12 g, 3.48 mmol) in EtOH (30 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (264 mg, 3.83 mmol) and sodium acetate (342 mg, 1.2 mmol) and heated to reflux for 1 hr, gave a mixture of crude products from which was isolated by column chromatography substituted pyridine **17** (355 mg, 30%) as a crystals, along with oxime **4q** (680 mg, 58%) as a colourless oil, R_f = 0.47 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3417, 3073, 2986, 2208, 1743, 1605, 1476, 1454, 1255, 1026, 953, 853, 762; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.00-1.20 (3H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 3.28 and 3.59 (2H, m, CH₂CHPh), 3.79 (1H, m, CHPhCH), 3.88 (1H, d, *J* 6.6 Hz, CHPhCH), 4.00-4.20 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 7.18-7.44 (10H, m, 2 x ArH), 9.56 (1H, bs, OH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 29.2 and 30.4 (CH₂CHPh), 42.7 (CHPhCH), 44.0 and 44.5 (CHPhCH), 62.8 and 62.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 115.5 (CN), 126.2-129.4 (ArC), 134.6, 137.6 (quaternary

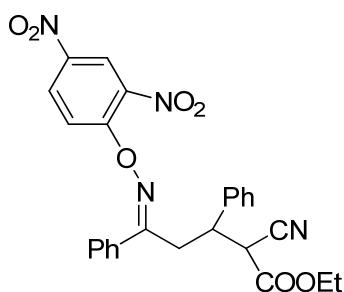
ArC), 156.8 and 156.9 (CNOH), 165.0 and 165.2 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 695 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 359 ([M+Na]⁺, 65%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₀H₂₀N₂NaO₃⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 359.1366; found 359.1362.

(±) (3*S*,4*R*)-ethyl 2-(hydroxyimino)-4,6-diphenyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydropyridine-3-carboxylate, 17



Pyridine **17** was isolated as a by-product which after recrystallisation (355 mg, 30%) was obtained as pale yellow crystals; m.p. = 92-94 °C; R_f = 0.30 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3423, 3074, 2985, 1735, 1607, 1476, 1248, 1026, 910, 762, 698; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.16 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.06 (1H, bs, OH), 3.57 (1H, d, J 7.1 Hz, (C3)H), 4.10-4.20 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 4.22 (1H, dd, J 7.1, 4.6 Hz, (C4)H), 5.29 (1H, d, J 4.6 Hz, (C5)H), 7.22-7.54 (10H, m, 2 x ArH), 8.06 (1H, bs, NH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 and 14.2 (OCH₂CH₃), 41.8 (C4), 49.7 (C3), 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 102 (C5), 125.4-128.9 (ArC), 135.6, 136.5 (quaternary ArC), 141.5 (C5), 145.9 (C2), 169.7 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 335 ([M-Na]⁻, 35%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₀H₁₉N₂O₃⁻ ([M-Na]⁻) requires 335.1401; found 335.1401.

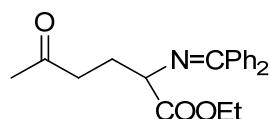
(±)Ethyl 2-cyano-5-(2,4-dinitrophenoxyimino)-3,5-diphenylpentanoate, 5q



Following general procedure **D**, to a solution of oxime **4q** (357 mg, 1.06 mmol) in EtOH (15 mL) sodium metal (29 mg, 1.27 mmol) was added followed by 2,4-dinitrofluorobenzene (296 mg, 1.59 mmol) at 0 °C slowly and the mixture stirred at rt for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by column chromatography to afford ether **5q** (385 mg, 72%) as a yellow semi-solid; R_f =

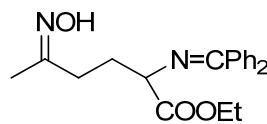
0.36 (EtOAc : petrol, 2:8); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3016, 2983, 2203, 1731, 1605, 1532, 1473, 1259, 1144, 925, 761; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.05 and 1.13 and 1.53 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.50-3.70 (2H, m, CH₂CHPh), 3.78-3.80 (1H, m, CHPhCH), 3.93 (1H, d, *J* 6.5 Hz, CHPhCH), 4.04 and 4.13 and 4.32 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 7.10-8.93 (13H, m, 3 x ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.6, 13.8 and 14.2 (OCH₂CH₃), 31.9, 32.9 (CH₂CHPh), 43.0 (CHPhCH), 43.6 (CHPhCH), 63.0, 63.1 and 66.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 114.2 (CN), 117.0-129.4 (ArC), 131.2, 132.4, 135.5, 136.3 (quaternary ArC); m/z (ESI⁺) 525 ([M+Na]⁺, 95%), 501 ([M-Na]⁻, 45%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₆H₂₂N₄NaO₇⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 525.1381; found 525.1379.

(±)Ethyl 2-(diphenylmethylenamino)-5-oxohexanoate, 3r



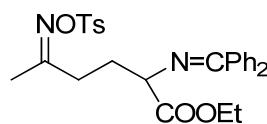
Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (666 mg, 9.52 mmol) was added to solution of ethyl 2-(diphenylmethylenamino)acetate (2.12 g, 7.94 mmol) and anhydrous Cs₂CO₃ (3.87 g, 11.91 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL) and the mixture heated to reflux for 1 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **3r** (2.39 g, 89%) as a white solid; m.p. = 87-90 °C; R_f = 0.65 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3059, 2981, 1734, 1657, 1598, 1446, 1318, 1276, 1192, 941, 857; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.25 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.11 (3H, s, COCH₃), 2.17 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.51 (2H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.08 (1H, t, *J* 6.8 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.16 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 7.16-7.64 (10H, m, 2 x ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 27.3 (CH₂CH₂CH), 29.5 (COCH₃), 39.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 60.6 (OCH₂CH₃), 63.8 (CH₂CH₂CH), 127.4, 127.7, 128.2, 128.4, 128.5, 130.1 (ArC), 135.9, 139.0 (quaternary ArC), 170.5 (N=CPh₂), 171.5 (COO), 207.7 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 338 ([M+H]⁺, 40%), 360 ([M+Na]⁺, 90%), 697 ([2M+Na]⁺, 85%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₁H₂₃NNaO₃⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 360.1570; found 360.1569.

(±)Ethyl 2-(diphenylmethylenamino)-5-(hydroxyimino)hexanoate, 4r



Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **3r** (2.02 g, 5.99 mmol) in EtOH (30 mL) NH₂OH.HCl (454 mg, 6.59 mmol) and Et₃N (908 mg, 8.99 mmol) was added and stirred at rt for 1 hr, to give crude product which was purified by column chromatography to afford oxime **4r** (1.39 g, 66%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.52 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3153, 3080, 3023, 2982, 1734, 1649, 1598, 1429, 1274, 1188, 1031, 998, 811, 767; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.24, 1.28 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.84 (3H, s, CNOHCH₃), 2.19 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.53 (2H, t, *J* 6.9 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.07, 4.66 (1H, t, *J* 6.8 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.17 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 7.16-7.65 (10H, m, 2 x ArH), 8.19, 9.34 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.2, 13.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 19.3 CNOHCH₃), 26.2, 29.8 (CH₂CH₂CH), 32.0, 38.9 (CH₂CH₂CH), 60.6, 60.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 64.3, 73.7 (CH₂CH₂CH), 127.3-132.5 (ArC), 136.1, 139.0 (quaternary ArC), 157.1, 157.4 C=NOH), 170.6, 171.5 (N=CPh₂), 172.1, 176.4 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 353 ([M+H]⁺, 65%), 375 ([M+Na]⁺, 95%), 727 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₁H₂₄N₂NaO₃⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 375.1679; found 375.1680.

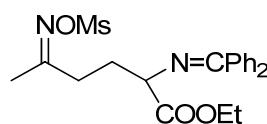
(±)Ethyl 2-(diphenylmethyleneamino)-5-(tosyloxyimino)hexanoate, 5r



Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **4r** (509 mg, 1.44 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added Et₃N (290 mg, 2.88 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl choride (410 mg, 2.16 mmol) and the mixture stirred for 5 hr at rt to give crude product, which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime **5r** (496 mg, 67%) as a colourless semi-solid; R_f = 0.62 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3032, 2982, 1734, 1649, 1444, 1275, 1190, 997, 910, 767, 727; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.26 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.91 (3H,

s, CNOArCH₃), 2.10 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.31 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.41 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 4.11 (1H, t, *J* 6.9 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.18 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 7.09-7.82 (10H, m, 2 x ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9, 15.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 19.5 CNOArCH₃), 21.1, 21.4 (ArCH₃), 26.9 (CH₂CH₂CH), 32.0 (CH₂CH₂CH), 60.7, 61.2 (OCH₂CH₃), 63.7, 64.1 (CH₂CH₂CH), 127.7-129.7 (ArC), 137.4, 139.3, 144.5 (quaternary ArC), 166.6 (C=NOAr), 167.0 (N=CPh₂), 170.7 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 507 ([M+H]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₈H₃₀N₂O₅S⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 507.1948; found 507.1947.

(±)Ethyl 2-(diphenylmethylenamino)-5-(methylsulfonyloxyimino)hexanoate



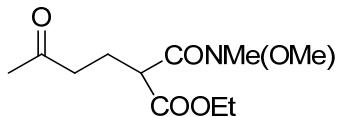
Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **4r** (241 mg, 0.68 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was added pyridine (108 mg, 1.37 mmol) at 0 °C followed by methanesulphonyl chloride (93 mg, 0.82 mmol) and the mixture stirred for 2 hr at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford mesyl oxime (213 mg, 73%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.42 (EtOAc : petrol, 3:7); ν_{max}(film)/cm⁻¹ 2986, 1738, 1623, 1523, 1445, 1367, 1223, 1156, 1097, 860, 782; (major isomer) δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.26 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.01 (3H, s, CNOMsCH₃), 2.19 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.37 (2H, t, *J* 6.8 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.01, 3.03 (3H, s, SO₂CH₃), 4.10 (1H, t, *J* 6.8 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.16 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 7.15-7.64 (10H, m, 2 x ArH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 15.7 (CNOMsCH₃), 29.3 (CH₂CH₂CH), 32.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 36.2 (SO₂CH₃), 61.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 64.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 127.5-130.5 (ArC), 136.0, 138.9 (quaternary ArC), 167.5 C=NOMs), 168.1 (N=CPh₂), 171.3 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 453 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 883 ([2M+Na]⁺, 90%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₂H₂₆N₂NaO₅S⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 453.1455; found 453.1441.

Ethyl 3-(methoxy(methyl)amino)-3-oxopropanoate, 13a



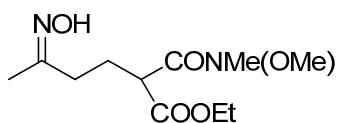
To a solution of ethyl 3-chloro-3-oxopropanoate (2.12 g, 14.1 mmol) in dry CH_2Cl_2 (30 mL) was added *N,O*-dimethylhydroxylamine (1.51 g, 15.5 mmol) and Et_3N (3.56 g, 35.3 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt to afford malonamide **13a** (2.34 g, 95%) as a pale yellow oil; $R_f = 0.24$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1) ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2983, 1741, 1671, 1302, 1254, 1181, 936, 810; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl_3 ; Me₄Si) 1.24 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 3.18 (3H, s, NCH₃), 3.45 (2H, s, CH₂), 3.67 (3H, s, NOCH₃), 4.16 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl_3 ; Me₄Si) 13.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 31.9 (NCH₃), 39.9 (CH₂), 61.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 61.1 (NOCH₃), 162.1 (CON), 167.1 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 198 ([M+Na]⁺, 50%), 373 ([2M+Na]⁺, 20%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₇H₁₃NNaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 198.0737; found 198.0739.

(±)Ethyl 2-(methoxy(methyl)carbamoyl)-5-oxohexanoate, 14a



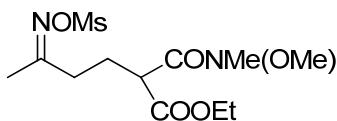
Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (0.94 g, 11.2 mmol) was added to a solution of malonamide **13a** (1.96 g, 13.4 mmol) and anhydrous Cs₂CO₃ (4.00 g, 12.3 mmol) in dry CH_2Cl_2 (30 mL) and the mixture stirred at rt for 3 hr, to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **14a** (2.23 g, 81%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.22$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2981, 1732, 1370, 1163, 1097, 1028, 860; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl_3 ; Me₄Si) 1.20-1.21 (3H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 2.09 (3H, s, COCH₃), 2.10-2.10 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.50-2.60 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.17 (3H, s, NCH₃), 3.65 (3H, s, NOCH₃), 3.65-3.66 (1H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.10-4.11 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl_3 ; Me₄Si) 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 22.3 (CH₂CH₂CH), 29.9 (COCH₃), 32.4 (NCH₃), 40.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 47.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.3 (OCH₂CH₃), 61.9 (NOCH₃), 167.4 (CON), 169.7 (COO), 207.8 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 246 ([M+H]⁺, 40%), 268 ([M+Na]⁺, 90%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₁H₁₉NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 268.1155; found 268.1158.

(\pm)Ethyl 5-(hydroxyimino)-2-(methoxy(methyl)carbamoyl)hexanoate, **14b**



Following the general procedure **C**, to a solution of adduct **14a** (1.91 g, 7.79 mmol) in EtOH (30 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (1.07 g, 15.6 mmol) and Et₃N (1.96 g, 19.5 mmol) and the mixture heated to reflux for 2 hr, to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **14b** (1.89 g, 93%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.26 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 3295, 2983, 1731, 1523, 1442, 1218, 1044, 853; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.20-1.30 (3H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 1.86 (3H, s, CNOHCH₃), 2.00-2.10 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.20-2.30 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.18 (3H, s, NCH₃), 3.66 (3H, s, NOCH₃), 3.60-3.70 (1H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.10-4.20 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 8.83 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.5 (CNOHCH₃), 14.0 and 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 24.3 and 24.9 (CH₂CH₂CH), 32.5 (NCH₃), 33.3 and 33.5 (CH₂CH₂CH), 47.7 and 48.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 61.27 and 61.33 (NOCH₃), 157.4 and 157.8 (CONOH), 167.4 (CON), 169.7 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 283 ([M+Na]⁺, 80%), 543 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₁H₂₀N₂NaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 283.1264; found 283.1264.

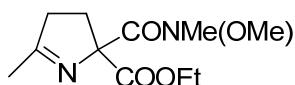
(\pm)Ethyl 2-(methoxy(methyl)carbamoyl)-5-(methylsulfonyloxyimino)hexanoate, **14c**



Following general procedure **E**, to a solution of oxime **14b** (1.73 g, 6.65 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) was added Et₃N (1.01 g, 9.97 mmol) at 0 °C followed by methanesulfonyl chloride (0.91 g, 7.98 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt for 4 hr, to give the crude product which was purified by column chromatography to afford mesyl oxime **14c** (1.92 g, 85%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.48 (EtOAc : petrol, 6:4); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2982, 1734, 1667, 1446, 1363, 1181, 1025, 972, 876, 793;

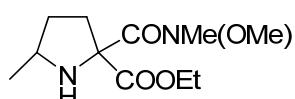
(major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.19 and 1.20 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.97 and 1.99 (3H, s, CNOMsCH₃), 2.0-2.2 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.30-2.40 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.07 (3H, s, NCH₃), 3.15 (3H, s, SO₂CH₃), 3.64 (3H, s, NOCH₃), 3.69 (1H, t, *J* 6.8 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.11 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 15.8 (CNOMsCH₃), 24.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 32.4 (SO₂CH₃), 33.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 36.4 (NCH₃), 47.4 and 47.8 (CH₂CH₂CH), 61.4 and 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 61.2 (NOCH₃), 167.2 and 166.7 (CONOMs), 169.1 (CON), 169.4 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 361 ([M+Na]⁺, 85%), 699 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₂H₂₂N₂NaO₇S⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 361.1040; found 361.1035.

(±)Ethyl 2-(methoxy(methyl)carbamoyl)-5-methyl-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyrrole-2-carboxylate, 15



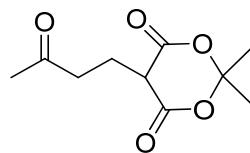
Following general procedure F, to a solution of mesyl oxime **14c** (512 mg, 1.52 mmol) in dry acetonitrile (20 mL) was added DBU (345 mg, 2.27 mmol) at 0 °C and the mixture stirred at rt for 1 hr, to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrroline **15** (253 mg, 69%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.24 (EtOAc : petrol, 8:2); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2952, 1733, 1706, 1667, 1528, 1438, 1258, 1028, 917, 752; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.24 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 2.07 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.11 (3H, s, CH₃C=N), 2.63 (2H, m, C(4)HH), 2.78 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 3.20 (3H, s, NCH₃), 3.77 (3H, s, NOCH₃), 4.19 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 19.8 (CH₃C=N), 30.6 (C3), 32.9 (NCH₃), 39.1 (C4), 60.9 (OCH₂CH₃), 61.2 (NOCH₃), 85.4 (C2), 154.8 (CON), 170.4 (COO), 180.0 (C5); m/z (ESI⁺) 265 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 507 ([2M+Na]⁺, 85%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₁H₁₈N₂NaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 265.1159; found 265.1162.

(±)Ethyl 2-(methoxy(methyl)carbamoyl)-5-methylpyrrolidine-2-carboxylate, 16



Following general procedure H, to a solution of pyrroline **15** (248 mg, 1.02 mmol) in MeOH (10 mL) NaBH₃CN (76 mg, 1.23 mmol) and 2 M HCl in MeOH (5 mL) was added and the mixture stirred at rt, to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford pyrrolidine **16** (248 mg, 98%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.49$ (EtOAc : petrol, 8:2); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3336, 2965, 1742, 1668, 1454, 1376, 1292, 1258, 1175, 1023, 983, 895; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.10-1.15 (3H, m, CH₃CH), 1.20-1.25 (3H, m, OCH₂CH₃), 1.30-1.35 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 1.80-2.00 (1H, m, C(4)HH), 2.10-2.20 (1H, m, C(3)HH), 2.40-2.50 (2H, m, C(3)HH), 3.15 (3H, s, NCH₃), 3.260-3.30 (1H, m, CH₃CH), 3.60 (3H, s, NOCH₃), 4.0-4.2 (2H, m, OCH₂CH₃); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 20.8 and 20.9 (CH₃CH), 33.4 (C4), 33.87 (NCH₃), 33.89 (C3), 55.0, 55.2 (C5), 60.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 61.2 (NOCH₃), 71.3 and 71.35 (C2), 171.9 and 172.5 (COO), 173.3, 174.1 (CON); m/z (ESI⁺) 267 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 511 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₁H₂₁N₂O₄⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 245.1496; found 245.1495.

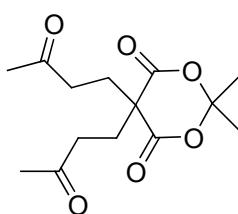
Dimethyl-5-(3-oxobutyl)-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione, 18a¹²



To a stirring solution of Meldrum's acid (2.21 g, 15.3 mmol) in acetonitrile (40 mL) was added anhydrous K₂CO₃ (2.05 g, 15.34 mmol) and benzyltriethylammonium chloride (3.48 g, 15.34 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 15 min at rt and methyl vinyl ketone (1.07 g, 15.34 mmol) was then added and the resultant mixture was stirred for 8 hr at 50 °C. After monitoring by TLC, the mixture was cooled to rt, the reaction was quenched with water and mixture was washed with diethyl ether and then acidified by 6 N HCl. The adduct was extracted by diethyl ether, dried over Na₂SO₄, to give crude product, which was purified by recrystallization using EtOAc and petroleum ether to afford adduct **18a** (2.67 g, 81%) as pale yellow solid (m.p. = 116-118 °C, lit.¹³ 119-120 °C) and the double Michael addition product was also isolated in 18% as pale yellow solid m.p. 102-104 °C; $R_f = 0.16$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2892, 1785, 1747, 1710, 1382, 1303, 1249,

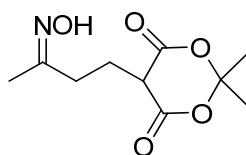
1165, 1010, 986, 730; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.74 and 1.78 (6H, s, C(CH₃)₂), 2.13 (3H, s, COCH₃), 2.78 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.75 (2H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.86 (1H, t, *J* 5.4 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 20.1 (CH₂CH₂CH), 26.4 and 28.5 C(CH₃)₂), 30.1 (COCH₃), 39.2 (CH₂CH₂CH), 44.6 (CH₂CH₂CH), 105.1 (C(CH₃)₂), 165.3 (2 x COO), 208.1 (CO); m/z (ESI⁻) 213 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁻) C₁₀H₁₃O₅⁻ ([M-H]⁻) requires 213.0768; found 213.0762.

2,2-Dimethyl-5,5-bis(3-oxobutyl)-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione



The double Michael adduct was isolated in the above reaction R_f = 0.23 (EtOAc : petrol, 8:3); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2846, 1771, 1734, 1721, 1420, 1394, 1315, 1270, 1203, 1166, 1119, 1062, 993; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.72 (6H, s, C(CH₃)₂), 2.04 (6H, s, 2 x COCH₃), 2.10-2.20 (4H, m, CH₂CH₂C), 2.44 (4H, t, *J* 7.7 Hz, CH₂CH₂C); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si), 29.1 C(CH₃)₂), 29.8 (2 x COCH₃), 30.9 (CH₂CH₂C), 38.0 (CH₂CH₂C), 50.9 (CH₂CH₂C), 105.8 (C(CH₃)₂), 168.5 (2 x COO), 206.2 (CO); m/z (ESI⁻) 307 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 275 ([M+H]⁺, 70%); HRMS (ESI⁻) C₁₄H₂₀O₆⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 307.1152; found 307.1148.

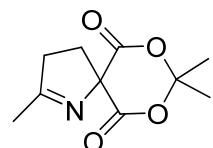
5-(3-(Hydroxyimino)butyl)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxane-4,6-dione, 18b



Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **18a** (1.38 g, 6.44 mmol) in EtOH (30 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (489 mg, 7.09 mmol) and Et₃N (1.30 g, 12.89 mmol) and the mixture was gently heated (50 °C) for 30 min, to give crude product which was purified by flash column

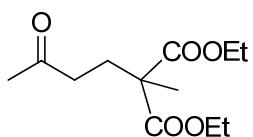
chromatography to afford oxime **18b** (1.14 g, 77%) as pale yellow semi-solid; $R_f = 0.23$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3319, 2982, 1786, 1743, 1715, 1372, 1307, 1240, 1176, 1012, 982, 731; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.74 and 1.78 (6H, s, C(CH₃)₂), 1.94 and 1.91 (3H, s, CNOHCH₃), 2.31 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.44 and 2.63 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 3.68 (1H, m, CH₂CH₂CH), 9.33 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.2 and 15.3 (CNOHCH₃), 21.3 and 22.1 (CH₂CH₂CH), 26.4 and 27.6 (C(CH₃)₂), 32.4 and 36.1 (CH₂CH₂CH), 45.0 and 45.7 (CH₂CH₂CH), 105.1 and 106.3 (C(CH₃)₂), 156.1, 157.9, 158.4 (C=NOH), 162.9, 165.2 (2 x COO); m/z (ESI⁻) 228 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁻) C₁₀H₁₄NO₅⁻ ([M-H]⁻) requires 228.0877; found 228.0881.

2,8,8-Trimethyl-7,9-dioxa-1-azaspiro[4.5]dec-1-ene-6,10-dione, **19**



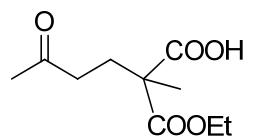
Following general procedure **L**, to a solution of oxime **18b** (412 mg, 1.79 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added Et₃N (363 mg, 3.59 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl chloride (410 mg, 2.15 mol) and the mixture stirred for 30 min to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford spirobicyclic pyrroline **19** (297 mg, 78%) as a crystalline solid; m.p. = 98 °C; $R_f = 0.63$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2933, 1782, 1731, 1452, 1170, 914, 731; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.78 and 2.06 (C(CH₃)₂), 2.12 (3H, s, COCH₃), 2.58 (2H, t, *J* 7.6 Hz, C(4)HH), 2.94 (2H, t, *J* 7.6 Hz, C(3)HH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 19.5 (COCH₃), 28.6, 28.8 C(CH₃)₂, 31.8 (C4), 41.5 (C3), 81.0 (C2), 106.5 C(CH₃)₂, 167.8 (2 x COO), 183.3 (C5); m/z (ESI⁺) 445 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 234 ([M+Na]⁺, 95%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₀H₁₃NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 234.0737; found 234.0737.

Diethyl 2-methyl-2-(3-oxobutyl)malonate, **20a**



Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (0.92 g, 11.9 mmol) was added to a solution of diethyl 2-methylmalonate (2.08 g, 13.1 mmol) and anhydrous K_2CO_3 (2.48 g, 17.9 mmol) in dry CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) heated to reflux for 5 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **20a** (2.71 g, 96%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.48$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:2); $\nu_{max}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2982, 1729, 1447, 1377, 1171, 1097, 940; $\delta_H(400 \text{ MHz}; CDCl_3; Me_4Si)$ 1.21 (6H, t, J 7.1 Hz, $2 \times OCH_2CH_3$), 1.35 (3H, s, CH_3C), 2.07 (2H, t, J 7.3 Hz, CH_2CH_2C), 2.10 (3H, s, $COCH_3$), 2.45 (2H, t, J 7.3 Hz, CH_2CH_2C), 4.13 (4H, q, J 7.1 Hz, $2 \times OCH_2CH_3$); $\delta_C(100 \text{ MHz}; CDCl_3; Me_4Si)$ 14.0 ($2 \times OCH_2CH_3$), 20.3 (CH_3C), 29.3 (CH_2CH_2C), 29.8 ($COCH_3$), 38.8 (CH_2CH_2C), 52.7 (CH_2CH_2C), 61.3 ($2 \times OCH_2CH_3$), 171.9 ($2 \times COO$), 207.4 (CO); m/z (ESI $^+$) 267 ([M+Na] $^+$, 45%), 283 ([M+K] $^+$, 100%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) $C_{12}H_{20}NaO_5^+$ ([M+Na] $^+$) requires 267.1203; found 267.1210.

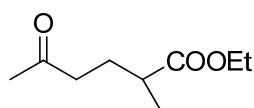
(\pm)2-(Ethoxycarbonyl)-2-methyl-5-oxohexanoic acid, 20c



A solution of KOH (609 mg, 10.9 mmol) in EtOH was added to a solution of adduct **20a** (2.66 g, 10.9 mmol) in EtOH at 0 °C and reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hr. The reaction mixture was then heated to reflux for 1 hr, cool and quenched with 1 M HCl, washed with water, extracted by EtOAc, and concentrated to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford acid **20c** (312 mg, 16%) and ketone **20b** (1.51 g, 79%) as colourless oils; **20a** $R_f = 0.21$ (EtOAc : petrol, 3:1); $\nu_{max}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2980, 1715, 1594, 1462, 1355, 1255, 1173, 1115, 863; $\delta_H(400 \text{ MHz}; CDCl_3; Me_4Si)$ 1.24 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH_2CH_3), 1.41 (3H, s, CH_3C), 2.11 (2H, t, J 7.3 Hz, CH_2CH_2C), 2.13 (3H, s, $COCH_3$), 2.50 (2H, t, J 7.3 Hz, CH_2CH_2C), 4.17 (2H,

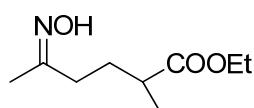
q, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 9.04 (1H, bs, COOH); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.8 (OCH₂CH₃), 20.6 (CH₃C), 29.3 (CH₂CH₂C), 29.8 (COCH₃), 38.7 (CH₂CH₂C), 52.6 (CH₂CH₂C), 61.7 (OCH₂CH₃), 171.8 (COO), 177.0 (COOH), 207.5 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 239 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), 215 ([M-H]⁻, 40%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₀H₁₆NaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 239.0895; found 239.0890.

(±)Ethyl 2-methyl-5-oxohexanoate, 20b



A solution of KOH (59 mg, 1.06 mmol) in EtOH was added to a solution of acid **20c** (260 mg, 1.06 mmol) in EtOH at 0 °C and reaction mixture stirred for 2 hr. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux for 15 hr, cooled and quenched with 1 M HCl, washed with water, extracted by EtOAc, and concentrated to give crude product which was purified by column chromatography to afford ketone **20b** (163 mg, 91%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.36 (EtOAc : petrol, 1:2); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2982, 1729, 1594, 1377, 1256, 1171, 940; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.10 (3H, d, J 7.0 Hz, CH₃CH), 1.20 (3H, t, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.69 (1H, m, CH₂CHHCH), 1.81 (1H, m, CH₂CHHCH), 2.08 (3H, s, COCH₃), 2.37 (1H, m, CH₃CH), 2.42 (2H, t, J 6.9 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 4.07 (2H, q, J 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.2 (OCH₂CH₃), 17.1 (CH₃CH), 27.3 (CH₂CH₂CH), 29.9 (COCH₃), 38.6 (CH₃CH), 40.9 (CH₂CH₂CH), 60.2 (OCH₂CH₃), 176.0 (COO), 208.0 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 195 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₉H₁₆NaO₃⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 195.0992; found 195.0992.

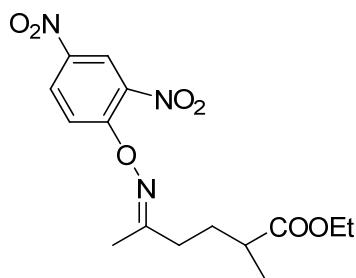
(±)Ethyl 5-(hydroxyimino)-2-methylhexanoate, 21a



Following general procedure **C**, to a solution of ketone **20b** (1.48 g, 8.60 mmol) in EtOH (25 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (1.18 g, 17.2 mmol) and Et₃N (1.73 g, 17.2 mmol) and heated to reflux for

1 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **21a** (1.46 g, 91%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.73, 0.61$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3309, 2981, 1731, 1448, 1379, 1186, 1110, 1030; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.13 (3H, d, *J* 7.0 Hz, CH₃CH), 1.22 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.58 (1H, m, CH₂CHHCH), 1.86 (1H, m, CH₂CHHCH), 1.85 (3H, s, CH₃CNOH), 2.17 (2H, t, *J* 7.8 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.41 (1H, m, CH₃CH), 4.10 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 8.22 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 13.5 (CH₃CNOH), 14.2 (OCH₂CH₃), 17.0 (CH₃CH), 29.9 (CH₂CH₂CH), 33.4 (CH₂CH₂CH), 38.9 (CH₃CH), 60.3 (OCH₂CH₃), 157.8 (CH₃CNOH), 176.2 (COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 210 ([M+Na]⁺, 85%), 397 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₉H₁₇NNaO₃⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 210.1101; found 210.1108.

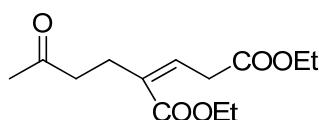
(±)Ethyl 5-(2,4-dinitrophenoxyimino)-2-methylhexanoate, 21b



Following general procedure **D**, to a solution of oxime **20b** (1.09 g, 5.83 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) sodium metal (134 mg, 5.83 mmol) was added and the mixture stirred for 30 min at rt and followed by the addition of 2,4-dinitrofluorobenzene (1.30 g, 6.99 mmol) at 0 °C slowly, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford ether **21b** (1.67 g, 81%) as a yellow semi-solid; $R_f = 0.53$ (EtOAc : petrol, 2:8); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3117, 2979, 1729, 1606, 1535, 1473, 1343, 1289, 1143, 831, 743, 719; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.19 (3H, d, *J* 7.0 Hz, CH₃CH), 1.23 (3H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 1.72 (1H, m, CH₂CHHCH), 2.00 (1H, m, CH₂CHHCH), 2.14 (3H, s, CH₃CNOAr), 2.39 (2H, t, *J* 7.8 Hz, CH₂CH₂CH), 2.48 (1H, m, CH₃CH), 4.11 (2H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, OCH₂CH₃), 7.89 (1H, d, *J* 9.3 Hz, ArH), 8.37 (1H, dd, *J* 9.3, 2.7 Hz, ArH), 8.83 (1H, d, *J* 2.7 Hz, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.2 (CH₃CNOAr), 16.1 (OCH₂CH₃),

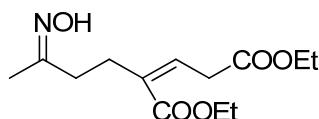
17.1 (CH_3CH), 29.4 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 33.3 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}$), 38.8 (CH_3CH), 60.4 (OCH_2CH_3), 117.1, 122.0, 122.4, 129.3 (ArC), 140.4, 166.5 (quaternary ArC), 157.3 (CH_3CNOAr), 175.8 (COO); m/z (ESI $^+$) 412 ($[\text{M}+\text{CH}_3\text{CN}+\text{NH}_3]^+$, 45%), 352 ($[\text{M}-\text{H}]^-$, 55%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_7^+$ ($[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$) requires 376.1115; found 376.1109.

(\pm) (*Z*)-Diethyl 2-(3-oxobutyl)pent-2-enedioate, 22a



Following general procedure A, methyl vinyl ketone (346 mg, 4.95 mmol) was added to a solution of diethyl glutaconate (768 mg, 4.13 mmol) and anhydrous K_2CO_3 (830 mg, 6.19 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) and the mixture stirred at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **22a** (799 mg, 76%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.32$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $v_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2981, 1721, 1650, 1602, 1493, 1371, 1258, 1177, 1029, 954, 756; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl_3 ; Me_4Si) 1.26 and 1.29 (6H, t, J 7.1 Hz, 2 x OCH_2CH_3), 2.12 (3H, s, COCH_3), 2.54 (2H, t, J 6.9 Hz, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{C}$), 2.60 (2H, t, J 6.9 Hz, $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{C}$), 3.29 (2H, d, J 7.3, CH_2COOEt), 4.15 and 4.20 (4H, q, J 7.1 Hz, 2 x OCH_2CH_3), 6.93 (1H, t, J 7.3 Hz, $\text{CHCH}_2\text{COOEt}$); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl_3 ; Me_4Si) 14.1 (2 x OCH_2CH_3), 21.3 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{C}$), 29.9 (COCH_3), 34.1(CH_2COOEt), 42.3 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{C}$), 60.7, 61.1 (2 x OCH_2CH_3), 133.7, 134.2 ($\text{CHCH}_2\text{COOEt}$), 144.3 ($\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{C}$), 166.8, 170.5 (2 x COO), 207.1 (CO); m/z (ESI $^+$) 279 ($[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$, 100%), 255 ($[\text{M}-\text{Na}]^-$, 100%), HRMS (ESI $^+$) $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{20}\text{NaO}_5^+$ ($[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$) requires 279.1203; found 279.1203.

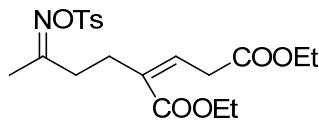
(\pm)(*Z*)-Diethyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)butyl)pent-2-enedioate, 22b



Following general procedure C, to a solution of adduct **22a** (729 mg, 2.85 mmol) in EtOH (20 mL) was added $\text{NH}_2\text{OH.HCl}$ (392 mg, 5.69 mmol) and Et_3N (719 mg, 7.13 mmol) and heated to reflux

for 2 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **22b** (568 mg, 74%) as a colourless oil; (major isomer) $R_f = 0.38$ (EtOAc : petrol, 1:1); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3509, 2983, 1732, 1653, 1258, 1178, 1029, 876; δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.26 and 1.31 (6H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, 2 x OCH₂CH₃), 1.35 (3H, s, CNOHCH₃), 1.880-1.90 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂C), 2.31 and 2.56 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂C), 3.19 (2H, d, *J* 4.6, CH₂COOEt), 4.12 and 4.22 (4H, 2 x q, *J* 7.1 Hz, 2 x OCH₂CH₃), 6.53 (1H, bs, OH), 6.94 (1H, t, *J* 4.9 Hz, CHCH₂COOEt); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.2 (2 x OCH₂CH₃), 21.0 (CNOHCH₃), 21.6 (CH₂CH₂C), 28.8 (CH₂CH₂C), 48.6, 48.7 (CH₂COOEt), 60.4, 61.0 (2 x OCH₂CH₃), 129.6 (CHCH₂COOEt), 132.9 (CH₂CH₂C), 165.7 (C=NOH), 171.2 and 176.3 (2 × COO); *m/z* (ESI⁺) 272 ([M+H]⁺, 30%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₂₂NO₅⁺ ([M+H]⁺) requires 272.1492; found 272.1494.

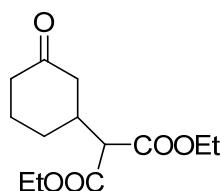
(±)(2Z)-Diethyl 2-(3-(tosyloxyimino)butyl)pent-2-enedioate, 22c



Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **22b** (432 mg, 1.59 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added Et₃N (240 mg, 2.38 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulfonyl chloride (362 mg, 1.90 mmol) and the mixture stirred at rt for 2 hr, to give the crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime **22c** (521 mg, 76%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.53$ (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3032, 2983, 1715, 1605, 1345, 1260, 1168, 1088, 915, 676; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.31 (6H, t, *J* 7.1 Hz, 2 x OCH₂CH₃), 1.80 (3H, s, CNOArCH₃), 2.10 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂C), 2.35, 2.62 (2H, m, CH₂CH₂C), 2.46 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 3.53 (2H, d, *J* 5.0 Hz, CH₂COOEt), 4.13, 4.22 (4H, q, *J* 7.1 Hz, 2 x OCH₂CH₃), 6.84 (1H, t, *J* 4.8 Hz, CHCH₂COOEt), 7.37 (2H, d, *J* 8.1 Hz, ArH), 7.86 (2H, d, *J* 8.3 Hz, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1, 14.2 (2 x OCH₂CH₃), 21.2 (CNOArCH₃), 21.3 (CH₂CH₂C), 21.7 (ArCH₃), 29.7 (CH₂CH₂C), 48.7 (CH₂COOEt), 61.2 (2 x OCH₂CH₃), 128.2 (CHCH₂COOEt), 129.3, 129.8 (ArC),

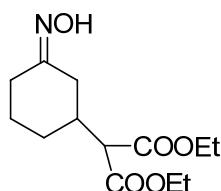
133.3 (quaternary ArC), 133.6 (CH₂CH₂C), 145.9 (quaternary ArC), 165.5 (C=NOAr), 171.3 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 448 ([M+H]⁺, 70%).

(±)Diethyl 2-(3-oxocyclohexyl)malonate, 23a



Following general procedure **A**, cyclohex-2-enone (2.25 g, 23.4 mol) was added to a solution of diethyl malonate (3.12 g, 19.5 mmol) and anhydrous K₂CO₃ (3.92 g, 29.3 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) and the mixture stirred at rt, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford adduct **23a** (4.10 g, 82%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.53 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2982, 1731, 1448, 1423, 1297, 1229, 1156, 1061, 965; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.23 (6H, m 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 1.47 and 1.65 (2H, m, COCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.90 (2H, m, COCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.23 (2H, m, COCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.39 (2H, m, COCH₂CH), 2.49 (1H, m, COCH₂CH), 3.26 (1H, d, J 7.9 Hz CH(COOEt)₂), 4.17 (4H, m, 2 × OCH₂CH₃); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.1 (OCH₂CH₃), 24.5 (COCH₂CH₂CH₂), 28.8 (COCH₂CH₂CH₂), 38.0 (COCH₂CH), 41.0 (COCH₂CH₂CH₂), 45.0 (COCH₂CH), 56.9 (CH(COOEt)₂), 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 167.8 and 167.9 (2 × COO), 209.7 (CO); m/z (ESI⁺) 535 ([2M+Na]⁺, 85%), 279 ([M+Na]⁺, 60%), 255 ([M-H]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₂₀NaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 279.1203; found 279.1199.

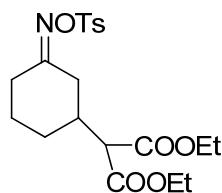
(±)Diethyl 2-(3-(hydroxyimino)cyclohexyl)malonate, 23b



Following general procedure **C**, to a solution of adduct **23a** (3.82 g, 14.9 mmol) in EtOH (40 mL) was added NH₂OH.HCl (1.54 g, 22.4 mmol) and Et₃N (3.01 g, 29.8 mmol) and the mixture heated

to reflux for 1 hr, to give crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford oxime **23b** (3.82 g, 94%) as a colourless oil; $R_f = 0.45, 0.37$ (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 3240, 2938, 1731, 1448, 1369, 1233, 1156, 1096, 966, 862; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.17 (6H, m, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 1.34 (2H, m, CCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.70 (2H, m, CCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.93 (2H, m, CCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.26 (2H, m, CCH₂CH), 3.11 (1H, m, CCH₂CH), 3.19 (1H, d, *J* 8.3 Hz CH(COOEt)₂), 4.11 (4H, m, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 9.40 (1H, bs, OH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 23.7 and 23.8 (CCH₂CH₂CH₂), 25.1 and 27.8 (CCH₂CH₂CH₂), 29.4 and 29.5 (CCH₂CH₂CH₂), 31.6 and 35.5 (CCH₂CH), 36.7 and 37.7 (CCH₂CH), 56.9 and 57.0 (CH(COOEt)₂), 61.3 and 61.4 (OCH₂CH₃), 158.4 and 158.7 (C=NOH), 168.02, 168.08, 168.1 and 168.2 (2 × COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 565 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 294 ([M+Na]⁺, 50%), 270 ([M-H]⁻, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₂₁NNaO₅⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 294.1312; found 294.1310.

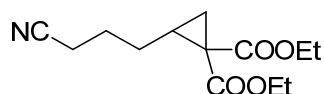
(±)Diethyl 2-(3-(tosyloxyimino)cyclohexyl)malonate, 23c



Following general procedure E, to a solution of oxime **23b** (1.38 g, 5.09 mmol) in dry CH₂Cl₂ (25 mL) was added Et₃N (1.02 g, 10.2 mmol) at 0 °C followed by *p*-toluenesulphonyl chloride (1.45 g, 7.63 mmol) and the mixture stirred for 2 hr at rt, to give crude product which was purified by column chromatography to afford tosyl oxime **23c** (1.82 g, 84%) as colourless a oil; $R_f = 0.59$ (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); $\nu_{\text{max}}(\text{film})/\text{cm}^{-1}$ 2938, 1730, 1447, 1369, 1155, 1032, 817, 732; (major isomer) δ_{H} (400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.23 (6H, m, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 1.47 (2H, m, CCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.86 (2H, m, CCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.03 (2H, m, CCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.28 (2H, m, CCH₂CH), 2.39 (3H, s, ArCH₃), 2.49 (1H, m, CCH₂CH), 3.26 (1H, d, *J* 7.9 Hz CH(COOEt)₂), 4.16 (4H, m, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 7.29 (2H, d, *J* 8.1 Hz, ArH), 7.79 (2H, d, *J* 8.1 Hz, ArH); δ_{C} (100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 21.7 (ArCH₃), 23.8 (CCH₂CH₂CH₂), 28.7 (CCH₂CH₂CH₂), 37.4 (CCH₂CH), 40.9 (CCH₂CH₂CH₂),

45.1 (CCH₂CH), 56.3 (CH(COOEt)₂), 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 128.7, 129.5, 132.7, 144.8 (ArC), 167.7 (C=NOTs), 167.8 and 167.8 (2 x COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 873 ([2M+Na]⁺, 100%), 448 ([M+Na]⁺, 80%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₂₀H₂₇NNaO₇S⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 448.1400; found 448.1400.

(±)Diethyl 2-(3-cyanopropyl)cyclopropane-1,1-dicarboxylate, 24



Following general procedure F, to tosyl oxime **23c** (256 mg, 0.60 mmol) in dry THF (10 mL) was added NaH (43 mg, 1.80 mmol, 60%) and the mixture heated to reflux for 30 min, giving crude product which was purified by flash column chromatography to afford cyclopropane **24** (113 mg, 74%) as a colourless oil; R_f = 0.49 (EtOAc : petrol, 4:6); ν_{max} (film)/cm⁻¹ 2938, 2256, 1731, 1431, 1447, 1369, 1156, 1096, 1030, 967, 916, 862; δ_H(400 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 1.24 and 1.27 (6H, m, 2 × OCH₂CH₃), 1.33 (2H, m, NCCH₂CH₂CH₂), 1.39 (1H, m, CHCHHC), 1.55 (1H, m, CHCH₂C), 1.74 (1H, m, CHCHHC), 1.82 (2H, m, NCCH₂CH₂CH₂), 2.33 (2H, t, J 7.1 Hz NCCH₂CH₂CH₂), 4.10-4.20 (4H, m, 2 × OCH₂CH₃); δ_C(100 MHz; CDCl₃; Me₄Si) 14.0 (OCH₂CH₃), 16.7 (NCCH₂CH₂CH₂), 20.5 (CHCH₂C), 24.8 (NCCH₂CH₂CH₂), 26.7 (CHCH₂C), 27.6 (NCCH₂CH₂CH₂), 34.0 (C(COOEt)₂), 61.5 (OCH₂CH₃), 119.2 (CN), 167.9 170.1 (2 x COO); m/z (ESI⁺) 276 ([M+Na]⁺, 100%), HRMS (ESI⁺) C₁₃H₁₉NNaO₄⁺ ([M+Na]⁺) requires 276.1206; found 276.1207.

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