Supporting Information

Copper-catalyzed Oxidative Condensation of α -Oxocarboxylic Acids with Formamides: Synthesis of α -Ketoamides

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General Information

All Reactions were carried out under an atmosphere of nitrogen with the strict exclusion of moisture. The dry DMF were distilled from CaH₂ under nitrogen and stored over molecular sieves under nitrogen. Column chromatography was carried out on silica gel. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Advance III-400 in solvents as indicate. Chemical shift are reported in ppm from CDCl₃ using TMS as internal standard. IR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Tensor 27 spectrometer and only major peaks are reported in cm⁻¹. HRMS were obtained on a Q-TOF micro spectrometer. Melting points were determined on a microscopic apparatus and were uncorrected.

Starting Materials

N,*N*-Diethylformamide, *N*-formylpiperidine, and *N*-formylmorpholine were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich and TCI. Phenylglyoxylic acid **1a** was purchased from Sigma-Aldrich. Other α -oxocarboxylic acids were prepared from the corresponding methyl ketones according to the reported procedure.¹

General Procedure for the Coupling of Formamides with α -Oxocarboxylic acids



A 10 mL oven-dried Schlenk-tube was charged with $Cu(OAc)_2$ (1.8 mg, 5 mol %). The tube was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen (three times). α -Oxocarboxylic acids (1, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and Di-*tert*-butyl peroxide (DTBP, 0.4 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in substituted formamides (2 mL) were added by syringe under nitrogen. The tube was then sealed and the mixture was stirred for 3 h at 110 °C. Upon completion of the reaction (monitored by TLC), the mixture was diluted with EtOAc, filtered through a pad of Celite, and the filtrate was washed with water, dried over Na₂SO₄. After the solvent was removed, the residue was purified with chromatography column on silica gel (gradient eluent of EtOAc/petroleum ether: 1/10 to 1/5) to give the corresponding products **3** or **4** in yields listed in Table 2 and Table 3.

Characterization of Products 3



N,N-Dimethyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-acetamide (3a):^{2a,2d} A pale yellow oil, R_f 0.3 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.94-7.92 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.65-7.61 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.48 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.11 (s, 3H), 2.95 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 191.7, 167.0, 134.7, 133.0, 129.6, 129.0, 37.0, 33.9 ppm.



N,N-Dimethyl-2-oxo-2-*p*-tolyl-acetamide (3b):^{2f} A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.3 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5), mp: 46-48 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.83-7.81 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.30-7.28 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.10 (s, 3H), 2.94 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 191.5, 167.2, 145.9, 130.6, 129.7, 37.0, 33.9, 21.9 ppm; IR (KBr): v_{max} 1651, 1406, 1254, 1144 cm⁻¹.



2-(4-Methoxy-phenyl)-*N*,*N***-dimethyl-2-oxo-acetamide** (**3c**):^{2b} A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.1 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.91-7.89 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.97-6.95 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.09 (s, 3H), 2.94 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 190.5, 167.3, 164.8, 132.1, 126.1, 114.3, 55.6, 37.1, 33.9 ppm.

2-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-*N*,*N*-dimethyl-2-oxo-acetamide (3d):^{2f} A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.3 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5), mp: 113-115 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.90-7.88 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.49-7.47 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.11 (s, 3H), 2.95 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 190.3, 166.4, 141.3, 131.4, 131.0, 129.4, 37.0, 34.1

ppm; IR (KBr): v_{max} 1641, 1406, 1246, 1147 cm⁻¹.



2-(4-Bromo-phenyl)-*N*,*N*-dimethyl-2-oxo-acetamide (3e): A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.3 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5), mp: 68-70 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.82-7.80 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.66-7.64 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.11 (s, 3H), 2.95 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 190.5, 166.4, 132.4, 131.8, 131.0, 130.2, 37.0, 34.1 ppm; IR (KBr): v_{max} 1641, 1400, 1246, 1145 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{10}H_{10}BrNNaO_2$ [M+Na]⁺ 277.9787, found 277.9794.



2-(4-Iodo-phenyl)-*N*,*N*-dimethyl-2-oxo-acetamide (3f): A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.3 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5), mp: 96-98 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.88-7.87 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.65-7.63 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.10 (s, 3H), 2.95 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 190.8, 166.4, 138.3, 132.4, 130.8, 103.3, 37.0, 34.1 ppm; IR (KBr): v_{max} 1637, 1396, 1247, 1144 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₀H₁₀INNaO₂ [M+Na]⁺ 325.9648, found 325.9658.



2-(4-Fluoro-phenyl)-*N*,*N*-dimethyl-2-oxo-acetamide (**3g**):^{2f} A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.3 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5), mp: 63-65 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.00-7.97 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 7.20-7.16 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.12 (s, 3H), 2.97 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 190.0, 166.7 (d, *J*_{C, F} = 256.0 Hz), 166.6, 132.5 (d, *J*_{C, F} = 9.8 Hz), 129.6, 116.3 (d, *J*_{C, F} = 22.1 Hz), 37.1, 34.1 ppm; IR (KBr): υ_{max} 1648, 1409, 1239, 1147 cm⁻¹.



N,*N*-Dimethyl-2-(4-nitro-phenyl)-2-oxo-acetamide (3h):^{2f} A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.2 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:2), mp: 136-138 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =

8.36-8.34 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.16-8.14 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.15 (s, 3H), 3.00 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 189.2$, 165.6, 151.1, 137.5, 130.8, 124.1, 37.1, 34.3 ppm; IR (KBr): v_{max} 1645, 1451, 1245, 1148 cm⁻¹.



N,*N*-Dimethyl-2-oxo-2-o-tolyl-acetamide (3i):^{2f} A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.25 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5), mp: 43-45 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.68-7.66 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.44 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.28 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.09 (s, 3H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 2.64 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 193.7, 167.7, 141.4, 133.6, 132.6, 132.5, 131.4, 126.1, 37.0, 34.0, 21.7 ppm; IR (KBr): ν_{max} 1638, 1405, 1240, 1153 cm⁻¹.



2-(2-Chloro-phenyl)-*N*,*N*-dimethyl-2-oxo-acetamide (**3j**): A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.3 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5), mp: 76-78 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.89-7.87 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.48 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.38 (m, 2H), 3.07 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 190.1, 166.9, 134.3, 133.7, 133.4, 132.2, 130.7, 127.3, 37.0, 34.5 ppm; IR (KBr): v_{max} 1644, 1412, 1275, 1151 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₀H₁₀ClNNaO₂ [M+Na]⁺ 234.0292, found 234.0304.

2-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-*N*,*N*-dimethyl-2-oxo-acetamide (3k): A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.2 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5), mp: 53-55 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.99-7.95 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.63-7.61 (m, 1H), 7.32-7.28 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.18-7.13 (t, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (s, 3H), 3.01 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 188.2, 167.4, 162.6 (d, *J*_{C, F} = 256.5 Hz), 136.5 (d, *J*_{C, F} = 9.3 Hz), 131.0, 124.8 (d, *J*_{C, F} = 3.5 Hz), 122.2, 116.7 (d, *J*_{C, F} = 21.6 Hz), 36.8, 34.1 ppm; IR (KBr): υ_{max} 1659, 1409, 1289, 1150 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₀H₁₀FNNaO₂ [M+Na]⁺ 218.0588, found 218.0591.



N,*N*-Dimethyl-2-naphthalen-2-yl-2-oxo-acetamide (3l): A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.15 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5), mp: 112-114 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.43 (s, 1H), 8.04-8.02 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.98-7.93 (m, 2H), 7.90-7.88 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66-7.62 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.59-7.55 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.18 (s, 3H), 3.00 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 191.9, 167.1, 136.3, 133.0, 132.4, 130.4, 129.9, 129.4, 129.1, 127.9, 127.1, 123.6, 37.1, 34.1 ppm; IR (KBr): υ_{max} 1641, 1458, 1274, 1145 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₄H₁₃NNaO₂ [M+Na]⁺ 250.0838, found 250.0850.



N,*N*-Dimethyl-2-naphthalen-1-yl-2-oxo-acetamide (3m):^{2f} A pale yellow oil, R_f 0.15 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 9.27-9.24 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 8.11-8.09 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.98 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.92-7.90 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.72-7.68 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.61-7.57 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.52 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.15 (s, 3H), 3.01 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 194.2, 167.6, 135.9, 134.3, 134.0, 130.9, 129.3, 128.7, 128.3, 126.9, 125.7, 124.5, 37.2, 34.1 ppm; IR (KBr): v_{max} 1647, 1404, 1270, 1069 cm⁻¹.

2-Furan-2-yl-*N***,***N***-dimethyl-2-oxo-acetamide** (**3n**):^{2f} A yellow oil, R_f 0.1 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.07 (s, 3H), 3.03 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 178.5, 165.4, 150.1, 148.7, 122.4, 112.8, 37.2, 34.5 ppm; IR (KBr): v_{max} 1637, 1460, 1259, 1150 cm⁻¹.

N,*N*-Dimethyl-2-oxo-2-thiophen-2-yl-acetamide (30): A pale yellow solid, $R_f 0.15$ (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5), mp: 57-59 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ =

7.80-7.77 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.16 (t, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.08 (s, 3H), 3.03 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 183.5$, 165.8, 140.3, 136.4, 136.1, 128.6, 37.3, 34.4 ppm; IR (KBr): v_{max} 1648, 1407, 1246, 1142 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₈H₉NNaO₂S [M+Na]⁺ 206.0246, found 206.0253.



N,N-dimethyl-4-nitrobenzamide (3h'):³ A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.2 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5), ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.28-8.27 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.59-7.57 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.14 (s, 3H), 2.96 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 169.2, 148.2, 142.5, 128.0, 123.8, 39.3, 35.3 ppm

Characterization of Products 4



N,N-Diethyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-acetamide (4a):^{2e} A pale yellow oil, R_f 0.3 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.93-7.92 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.64-7.61 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51-7.48 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 3.58-3.53 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.25-3.20 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.29-1.26 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.16-1.12 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 191.6, 166.7, 134.5, 133.2, 129.6, 128.9, 42.0, 38.7, 14.1, 12.8 ppm.



1-Phenyl-2-piperidin-1-yl-ethane-1,2-dione (**4b**):^{2c, 2d} A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.4 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5), mp: 102-104 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.95-7.93 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.65-7.61 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.52-7.48 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (s, 2H), 3.29-3.26 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 1.69-1.68 (m, 4H), 1.55-1.53 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 191.1, 165.4, 134.6, 133.2, 129.5, 128.9, 47.0, 42.1, 26.1, 25.4, 24.3 ppm; IR (KBr): v_{max} 1645, 1446, 1216, 1137 cm⁻¹.



1-Morpholin-4-yl-2-phenyl-ethane-1,2-dione (4c):^{2c, 2d} A pale yellow oil, R_f 0.2 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:2); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.96-7.94 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.68-7.64 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.54-7.50 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 4H), 3.66-3.64 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.39-3.37 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 191.1, 165.4, 134.9, 133.0, 129.7, 129.1, 66.7, 46.2, 41.6 ppm.



1-Morpholin-4-yl-2-*p***-tolyl-ethane-1,2-dione** (**4d**):^{2d} A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.15 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.85-7.83 (d, *J* = 7.6

Hz, 2H), 7.32-7.30 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (s, 4H), 3.65-3.62 (t, J = 4.4 Hz, 2H), 3.37-3.35 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 190.9$, 165.6, 146.3, 130.6, 129.8, 129.7, 66.7, 66.6, 46.2, 41.5, 21.9 ppm.



1-(4-Chloro-phenyl)-2-morpholin-4-yl-ethane-1,2-dione (**4e**):^{2d} A pale yellow solid, R_f 0.2 (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1:5); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.92-7.90 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.51-7.49 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 4H), 3.67-3.65 (t, J = 4.8 Hz, 2H), 3.39-3.37 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 189.7, 164.9, 141.6, 131.4, 131.0, 129.5, 66.7, 66.6, 46.3, 41.7 ppm.

Investigation of the Reaction Mechanism



When the TEMPO was added to the reaction of DMF with phenylglyoxylic acid 2a under the standard condition, only a trace amount of the desired product 3a was obtained suggesting that free radical intermediate was involved in the reaction (eq 1). In addition, benzaldehyde was used instead of phenylglyoxylic acid under the standard conditions, only a trace amount of α -ketoamide 3a was detected (eq 2). The result indicated that aldehyde was not the intermediates in this reaction.

C¹³-Isotope Labeling Experiment

N,*N*-dimethylformamide (carbonyl-¹³C, 99%, cat. No. CLM-503-0) were purchased from Cambridge Isotope Laboratories. The isotope reagent was used without further purification.

Cambridge Isotope Laboratories, Inc.		50 Frontage Road, Andover, MA 01810-5413 USA 800.322.1174 (N.AMERICA) 978.749.8000 (INTERNATIONAL) www.isotope.com
	See. Mar	CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS
Product Name: (Isotopic Label & Enrichment Specification)	N,N-DIMETHYLFORM (CARBONYL-13C, 99%	IAMIDE %)
Lot Number:	I1-11572	
Catalog Number:	CLM-503-0	
Product Information		
Chemical Purity Specification: Labeled CAS Number: Unlabeled CAS Number: MW of fully enriched product: Chemical Formula: Storage: Stability:	≥98% 32488-43-0 68-12-2 74.09 (CH3)2N*CHO Store at room temperature av Stable if stored under recomm	vay from light and moisture. mended conditions.
Certification		
Cambridge Isotope Laboratories, Inc. g as chemical and isotopic purities are as Results are representative of QC testing	uarantees that this material meets or sured by the use of unambiguous syn at time of release from Quality Cor	exceeds the specifications stated. Absolute identity as well thetic routes and multiple chemical analyses whenever possible. trrol unless otherwise stated.
	Approv	ed by: Jeffrey O Neill
Quality Control Tests and F	lesults	Jeffrey O'Neill, Quality Assurance
12C NMP for Identification	(courts	Conforms
		Dase
TH NMR for Chemical Purity		r ass
GC/MS for Chemical Purity		100%
		00 3%

The Coupling of Phenylglyoxylic Acid with ¹³C-Labeling DMF



Phenylglyoxylic acid (1, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and Di-*tert*-butyl peroxide (DTBP, 0.2 mmol, 2.0 equiv) in ¹³C-labeling DMF (1 mL) were added by syringe under nitrogen. The tube was then sealed and the mixture was stirred for 3 h at 110 °C. Upon completion of the reaction, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc, filtered through a pad of Celite, and the filtrate was washed with water, dried over Na₂SO₄. After the solvent was removed, the residue was purified with chromatography column on silica gel (gradient eluent of EtOAc/petroleum ether: 1/10 to 1/5) to give the corresponding products **3a** in 72% yield.

N,N-Dimethyl-2-oxo-2-phenyl-acetamide (3a): HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{10}H_{11}NNaO_2 [M+Na]^+ 200.0682$, found 200.0701.



The HRMS Spectra of 3a





Competing Kinetic Isotope Effect (KIE) Experiment

Figure. ¹H NMR spectra of the mixture of the product **3a** and **3a**'.

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¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR Spectra of the Products









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