### Diastereotopic group selectivity and chemoselectivity of alkylidene carbene reactions on 8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-ene ring systems

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### **Supplementary Electronic Information**

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#### **General Experimental**

Unless otherwise stated, all reactions were run under an argon atmosphere using dry solvents, and commercially available reagents were used as supplied. <sup>n</sup>BuLi was purchased as either 2.5 M or 1.6 M solutions in hexanes, and the solutions were titrated with menthol in the presence of 1-(biphenyl-4-yl)-3-phenyl-2-azapropene ("BLUE"). <sup>b</sup>BuOOH was prepared as a 3.3 M solution in toluene using a known literature procedure.<sup>5</sup> THF, Et<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and toluene were dried by passing through activated alumina columns. Iodoalkene **10**,<sup>1</sup> ketones **9a**<sup>2</sup> and **9b**<sup>3</sup> and aminoaziridine **15**<sup>4</sup> were prepared according to literature procedures. Analytical TLC was carried out on Merck 60 F245 aluminium backed silica plates. Short wave UV (245 nm) or vanillin solution were used to visualise components.

Flash chromatography was carried out using Merck silica gel 60.

<sup>1</sup>H spectra were obtained on a Bruker AVIII 300 Spectrometer and a Bruker AVIII 400 Spectrometer at 300 and 400 MHz, respectively. <sup>13</sup>C spectra were obtained on a Bruker AVIII 400 Spectrometer and Bruker AV 400 Spectrometer at 100 MHz. Chemical shifts ( $\delta$ ) are reported in ppm, and coupling constants (*J*) are reported in Hz and refer to <sup>3</sup>*J*<sub>H-H</sub> unless otherwise stated. <sup>1</sup>H NMR are referenced to residual CHCl<sub>3</sub> at 7.26 ppm, and <sup>13</sup>C NMR to CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 77.2 ppm. nOe spectra were obtained on a Bruker AV 400 Spectrometer.

FTIR spectra were obtained as neat compounds using a Perkin Elmer Spectrum 100 FT-IR Spectrometer.

Mass spectra were recorded on a LCT spectrometer utilising electrospray ionisation (ES) (recorded in the positive mode) with a methanol mobile phase, or electron impact ionisation (EI), and are reported as  $(m/z \ (\%))$ . HRMS were recorded on a LCT spectrometer using lock mass incorporated into the mobile phase.

Melting points were determined using open glass capillaries on a Gallenkamp melting point apparatus and are uncorrected.

#### X-ray crystallography

Suitable crystals of 22 were selected and a dataset was measured by the EPSRC UK National Crystallography Service<sup>6</sup> on a Bruker KappaCCD diffractometer at the window of a Bruker FR591 rotating anode. The data collection was driven by COLLECT<sup>7</sup> and processed by DENZO<sup>8</sup> and an absorption correction was applied using SADABS<sup>9</sup> The structure was solved in SHELXS-97,<sup>10</sup> and was refined by a full-matrix least-squares procedure on  $F^2$  in SHELXL-97.<sup>5</sup> All non-hydrogen atoms were refined with anisotropic displacement parameters. The hydrogen atoms were added at calculated positions and refined by use of a riding model with isotropic displacement parameters based on the equivalent isotropic displacement parameter (U<sub>eq</sub>) of the parent atom. Figures were produced using OLEX2.<sup>11</sup>

#### Experimental procedures and analytical data

#### 3-exo-((E)-3-Hydroxy-2-methylprop-1-en-1-yl)-2,4-endo,endo-dimethyl-8-

#### oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-ol (11a).

To a solution of  $10^{1c}$  (468 mg, 1.50 mmol) in THF (8 mL) at -78 °C, was HO added <sup>n</sup>BuLi (2.09 M in hexanes, 0.720 mL, 1.50 mmol) dropwise over 15 min. The reaction was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min before a solution of  $9a^2$ 11a (152 mg, 1.00 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added. The reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature and was stirred at room temperature for 16 h before being quenched with NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (15 mL of a saturated aqueous solution) and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 15 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in THF (20 mL) and TBAF (1 M in THF, 1.20 mL, 1.20 mmol) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 16 h before being washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL) and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 10 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 70:30 $\rightarrow$ 50:50) to afford **11a** (186 mg, 83%) as a white solid. m.p. 124-126 °C; R<sub>f</sub> 0.20 (hexane/EtOAc 50:50); v<sub>max</sub> neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3537, 3326, 2915, 1373, 1241, 1061, 1046, 930, 675; δ<sub>H</sub> (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.86 (d, 6H, J 7.3 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 1.85 (d, 3H, J 0.7 Hz, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.90 (s, 1H, OH), 2.18 (qd, 2H, J 7.3, 3.5 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 3.92 (s, 2H, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.51 (d, 2H, J 3.5 Hz, =CHCHOCH), 5.02 (s, 1H, C=CH), 6.55 (s, 2H, =CHCHOCH);  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 11.2 (2 x CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 14.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 42.7 (2 x CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 69.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 78.1 (C, COH), 82.7 (2 x CH, =CHCHOCH), 130.8 (CH, C=CH), 135.9 (2 x CH, =*C*HCHOCH), 136.4 (C, *C*=CH); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup> 247.1310, found 247.1307; (ES) 233 (11%), 247 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100).

#### (±)-(1*S*,2*R*,3*R*,5*S*)-2-Benzyloxy-3-((*E*)-3-hydroxy-2-methylprop-1-en-1-yl)-8-

#### oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-ol (11b).

To a solution of 10<sup>1c</sup> (2.04 g, 6.53 mmol) in THF (43 mL) at -78 °C was added <sup>n</sup>BuLi (1.41 M in hexanes, 4.63 mL, 6.53 mmol) dropwise over 15 min. The resulting mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min before a 11b solution of  $9b^3$  (1.00 g, 4.35 mmol) in THF (9 mL) was added. The reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature and was stirred at room temperature for 24 h before being quenched with NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (30 mL of a saturated aqueous solution) and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 25 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in THF (43 mL) and TBAF (1 M in THF, 5.20 mL, 5.20 mmol) was added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 18 h before being washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL) and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 25 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 40:60) to afford **11b** (858 mg, 62%) as a yellow solid. m.p. 52-54 °C; R<sub>f</sub> 0.14 (hexane/EtOAc 40:60); v<sub>max</sub> neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3443, 2940, 2873, 1454, 1314, 1053, 884, 731, 696;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 1.79 (d, 3H, <sup>4</sup>J 1.2 Hz, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.90 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.6 Hz, J 0.9 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 2.03 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.6 Hz, J 4.5 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 3.00 (s, 1H, OH), 3.76 (d, 1H, J 4.4 Hz, =CHCHCH), 3.87 (d, 2H, <sup>4</sup>J 0.8 Hz, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.62 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 12.0 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.64-4.68 (m, 2H, =CHCHCH, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.74 (br d, 1H, J 4.5 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.35 (m, 1H, C=CH), 6.26 (dd, 1H, J 6.2, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH), 6.32 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.25-7.40 (m, 5H,  $H_{Ar}$ );  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 14.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 38.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 69.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 72.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 73.4 (C, COH), 78.2 (CH, =CHCHCH), 78.8 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 78.8 (CH, =CHCHCH), 128.3 (3 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.6 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 130.9 (CH, =CHCHCH), 134.3 (CH, C=CH), 135.8 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 136.2 (C, *C*=CH), 137.8 (C, *C*CH<sub>Ar</sub>); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> 325.1416, found 325.1411; (ES) 325 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%).

### (±)-(1*R*,2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*)-3-(3-Hydroxymethyl-3-methyloxiran-2-yl)-2,4-dimethyl-8oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-ol (12a).

To a solution of **11a** (50 mg, 0.220 mmol) and VO(acac)<sub>2</sub> (1.20 mg, 4.4  $\mu mol)$  in CH\_2Cl\_2 (3 mL) at room temperature, was added  ${}^tBuOOH^5$  (3.3 M in toluene, 0.200 mL, 0.670 mmol) dropwise over 10 min. The reaction was stirred for 6 h at room temperature. Upon complete conversion, the reaction was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 50:50) to afford 12a (53mg, 100%) as a white solid. m.p. 94-96 °C;  $R_f 0.15$  (hexane/EtOAc 50:50);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3394, 2958, 2928, 2873, 1450, 1344, 1078, 1051, 933, 833, 670;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.89 (d, 3H, J 7.3 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 1.00 (d, 3H, J 7.3 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 1.48 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 1.76 (s, 1H, OH), 1.92 (br s, 1H, OH), 2.15 (qd, 1H, J 7.3, 3.7 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 2.30 (qd, 1H, J 7.3, 3.6 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 2.76 (s, 1H, CHOC), 3.48-3.58 (m, 2H, OCCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.46 (dd, 1H, J 3.6, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHOCH), 4.49 (dd, 1H, J 3.6, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHOCH), 6.43 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CH), 6.47 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CH); δ<sub>C</sub> (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 11.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 11.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 15.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 38.2 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 42.7 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 60.1 (C, COCH), 66.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CO), 66.8 (CH, COCH), 73.4 (C, COH), 82.6 (CH, =CHCHOCH), 82.7 (CH, =CHCHOCH), 134.7 (CH, =CH), 134.9 (CH, =*C*H); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> 263.1259, found 263.1268; (ES) 263  $([M+Na]^+, 100\%).$ 

### (±)-(1*S*,2*R*,3*S*,5*S*)-2-Benzyloxy-3-((2*R*,3*R*)-3-hydroxymethyl-3-methyloxiran-2-yl)-8oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-ol (12b).

To a solution of **11b** (621 mg, 2.06 mmol) and VO(acac)<sub>2</sub> (26.4 mg, 0.10 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (30 mL) at room temperature was added <sup>t</sup>BuOOH<sup>5</sup> (3.3 M in toluene, 1.87 mL, 6.18 mmol) dropwise over 10 min. The reaction was 12b stirred for 6 h at room temperature. Upon complete conversion the reaction was partially concentrated and purified by column chromatography (petrol/EtOAc 40:60) to afford 12b (446 mg, 68%, 9:1 d.r.) as a clear, pale yellow oil. Analytically pure 12b can be isolated in 49% yield from the crude reaction mixture as a white solid. Analytical data for 12b. m.p. 109-112 °C; R<sub>f</sub> 0.26 (petrol/EtOAc 40:60); v<sub>max</sub> neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3476, 3405, 2945, 2929, 1457, 1052, 982, 882, 741, 720, 682;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 1.49 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 1.69 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.4 Hz, =CHCHC $H_{2eq}$ ), 1.97 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.4 Hz, J 4.5 Hz, =CHCHC $H_{2ax}$ ), 2.81 (s, 1H, CHOC), 2.92 (br s, 1H, OH), 3.58 (ABq, 2H, <sup>2</sup>J 12.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>CO), 3.75 (d, 1H, J 4.4 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.63 (dd, 1H, J 4.4, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.69 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 11.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.74 (br d, 1H, J 4.5 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.81 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 11.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 6.25 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH), 6.30 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.28-7.50 (m, 5H, H<sub>Ar</sub>); δ<sub>C</sub> (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 14.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 33.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 60.7 (C, CHOC), 65.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CO), 66.0 (CH, CHOC), 70.0 (C, COH), 73.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 78.2 (2 x CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH), 79.3 (CH, =CHCHCH), 128.3 (3 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.7 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 131.1 (CH, =CHCHCH), 135.2 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 137.9 (C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NaO<sub>5</sub><sup>+</sup> 341.1365, found 341.1370; (ES) 341 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 342 ([M+Na+H]<sup>+</sup>, 17). Peaks in <sup>1</sup>H NMR in 9:1 mixture assignable to minor isomer: 1.46 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 1.85 (d, <sup>2</sup>J 14.5 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 2.13 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.5 Hz, J 4.2 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 2.90 (s, 1H, CHOC), 3.50-3.63 (m, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CO), 3.78 (d, 1H, J 4.3 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.68-4.75 (m, 3H,

=CHCHCH, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.81 (br d, 1H, J 4.4 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 6.30 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH), 6.35 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.31-7.44 (m, 5H, H<sub>Ar</sub>).

### (±)-3-((1*R*,2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*)-3-Hydroxy-2,4-dimethyl-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-yl)-2methyloxirane-2-carbaldehyde (13a).



To a solution of **12a** (833 mg, 3.47 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (43 mL) at room temperature, was added NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (2.92 g, 34.7 mmol). The resulting solution was stirred for 30 min before being cooled to 0 °C. DMP (2.21 g,

5.21 mmol) was added to the reaction, and the mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2.5 h. Upon completion, ice cold NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (20 mL of a saturated aqueous solution) was added, followed by Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (20 mL of a saturated aqueous solution), and the reaction mixture extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 x 25 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 75:25) to afford **13a** (741 mg, 90%) as a white solid. m.p. 83-85 °C; R<sub>f</sub> 0.58 (hexane/EtOAc 50:50);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3571, 2967, 2826, 1725, 1086, 1048, 935, 837, 741;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.88 (d, 3H, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 1.05 (d, 3H, *J* 7.3 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 1.63 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 1.75 (s, 1H, OH), 2.13 (qd, 1H, *J* 7.3, 3.6 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 2.39 (qd, 1H, *J* 7.3, 3.6 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 2.75 (s, 1H, CHOC), 4.51 (dd, 2H, *J* 3.6, 1.5 Hz, =CHCHOCH), 6.49 (app. qd, 2H, *J* 6.1, 1.5 Hz, =CH), 8.81 (s, 1H, CHO);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 10.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 11.4 (2 x CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 38.4 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 42.6 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 61.4 (C, COCH), 66.1 (CH, CHOC), 73.9 (C, COH), 82.4 (CH, =CHCHOCH), 82.5 (CH, =CHCHOCH), 134.9 (CH, =CH), 135.3 (CH, =CH), 200.1 (CH, CHO); *m*/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> 261.1103, found 261.1109; (ES) 261 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 6%), 293 ([M+Na+MeOH]<sup>+</sup>, 100).

### (±)-(2*S*,3*R*)-3-((1*S*,2*R*,3*S*,5*S*)-2-Benzyloxy-3-hydroxy-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-yl)-2methyloxirane-2-carbaldehyde (13b).

To a solution of **12b** (389 mg, 1.22 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (12 mL) at room temperature was added NaHCO3 (823 mg, 9.80 mmol). The resulting suspension was stirred at room temperature for 30 min before being cooled to 13b 0 °C. DMP (623 mg, 1.47 mmol) was added, the reaction was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 7 h before additional DMP (311 mg, 0.740 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred for a further 3 h. Additional DMP (311 mg, 0.740 mmol) was added and the reaction stirred for 12 h. Upon completion, the reaction was quenched with cold NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (6.1 mL of a saturated aqueous solution), followed by  $NaS_2O_3$  (6.1 mL of a saturated aqueous solution) and the reaction mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 x 10 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 70:30) to afford 13b (284 mg, 74%) as a white solid. m.p. 95-97 °C; R<sub>f</sub> 0.33 (petrol/EtOAc 70:30); v<sub>max</sub> neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3537, 2967, 2939, 1723, 1100, 1049, 887, 732, 695;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 1.62 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 1.67 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.4 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 1.90 (ddd, 1H,  ${}^{2}J$  14.4 Hz, J 4.5 Hz,  ${}^{4}J$  1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 2.81 (s, 1H, CHOC), 3.02 (d, 1H, <sup>4</sup>J 1.6 Hz, OH), 3.82 (d, 1H, J 4.4 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.66 (dd, 1H, J 4.4, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.71-4.76 (m, 2H, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.84 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 11.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 6.24 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH), 6.29 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.29-7.47 (m, 5H, H<sub>Ar</sub>), 8.82 (s, 1H, CHO); δ<sub>C</sub> (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 9.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 33.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 61.8 (C, CHOC), 65.7 (CH, CHOC), 70.2 (C, COH), 73.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 78.0 (2 x CH, =CHCHCH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 78.6 (CH, =CHCHCH), 128.3 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.5 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.8 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 130.8 (CH, =CHCHCH), 135.3 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 137.5 (C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 199.5 (CH, CHO); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NaO<sub>5</sub><sup>+</sup> 339.1208, found 339.1220; (ES) 339 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 60%), 371 ([M+Na+MeOH]<sup>+</sup>, 100).

### (±)-(2*S*,3*S*)-3-((1*R*,2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*)-2,4-Dimethyl-3-trimethylsilyloxy-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-yl)-2-methyloxirane-2-carbaldehyde (14a).

To a solution of **13a** (30 mg, 0.130 mmol) and Et<sub>3</sub>N (49 mg, 0.070 mL, 0.480 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.2 mL) at 0 °C was added TMSOTf (73 mg, 0.060 mL, тмѕо́ 0.320 mmol) dropwise over 10 min. The reaction was stirred at room 14a temperature for 4 h before being quenched with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (1 mL of a saturated aqueous solution) and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 x 5 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 90:10) to afford 14a (33 mg, 82%) as a white solid. m.p. 58-60 °C; R<sub>f</sub> 0.41 (petrol/EtOAc 90:10);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2963, 2935, 1731, 1250, 1088, 718;  $\delta_{H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.17 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 0.85 (d, 3H, J 7.2 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 0.89 (d, 3H, J 7.0 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 1.64 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 1.94-2.06 (m, 2H, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 3.09 (s, 1H, COCH), 4.37 (dd, 1H, J 3.7, 1.4 Hz, =CHCHO), 4.43 (dd, 1H, J 3.9, 1.3 Hz, =CHCHO), 6.18-6.23 (m, 2H, =CH), 8.74 (s, 1H, CHO);  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 2.6 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 10.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 12.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 13.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 37.8 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 40.7 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 62.0 (C, COCH), 66.2 (CH, CHCO), 78.7 (C, COSi), 82.5 (CH, =CHCHO), 82.6 (CH, =CHCHO), 132.6 (CH, =CH), 133.6 (CH, =CH), 199.7 (CH, CHO); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for  $C_{16}H_{26}NaO_4Si^+$  333.1498, found 333.1507; (ES) 333 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 12%), 365 ([M+Na+MeOH]<sup>+</sup>, 100).

#### (2S,3S)-3-((1S,2R,3S,5S)-2-Benzyloxy-3-trimethylsilyloxy-8-**Preparation** of oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-yl)-2-methyloxirane-2-carbaldehyde (14b).

To a solution of **13b** (204 mg, 0.650 mmol) and Et<sub>3</sub>N (263 mg, 0.360 mL,



2.60 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (6.5 mL) at 0 °C was added TMSOTf (376 mg, 0.310 mL, 1.69 mmol) dropwise over 10 min. The reaction was stirred at room 14b temperature for 4 h before being quenched with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (1 mL of a saturated aqueous solution) and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 x 10 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and dried *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 90:10) to afford 14b (201 mg, 80%) as a white solid. m.p. 107-109 °C; R<sub>f</sub> 0.21 (petrol/EtOAc 70:30);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2956, 2910, 2868, 2848, 1725, 1238, 1104, 907, 836, 690; δ<sub>H</sub> (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.13 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.49 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 1.63 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.5 Hz, J 1.0 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 1.91 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.5 Hz, J 4.4 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 2.88 (s, 1H, CHOC), 3.61 (d, 1H, J 4.0 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.62-4.72 (m, 4H, =CHCHCH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 6.19 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH), 6.26 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.28-7.41 (m, 5H,  $H_{Ar}$ ), 8.65 (s, 1H, CHO);  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 3.4 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 10.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 36.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 61.3 (C, CHOC), 66.5 (CH, CHOC), 71.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 75.1 (C, COH), 77.5 (CH, =CHCHCH), 78.1 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 79.1 (CH, =CHCHCH), 128.5 (CH, CHAr), 128.6 (2 x CH, CHAr), 128.8 (2 x CH, CHAr), 131.9 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 134.5 (CH, =CHCHCH), 137.7 (C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 199.4 (CH, CHO); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for  $C_{22}H_{32}NaO_6Si^+$  ([M+Na+MeOH]<sup>+</sup>) 443.1866, found 443.1871; (ES) 411 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 25%), 443 ([M+Na+MeOH]<sup>+</sup>, 100).

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### (±)-(*E*)-*N*-(((2*R*,3*S*)-3-((1*R*,2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*)-2,4-Dimethyl-3-trimethylsilyloxy-8-

### oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-yl)-2-methyloxiran-2-yl)methylene)-2-phenylaziridin-1amine (16a).



To a solution of 14a (547 mg, 1.78 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (25 mL) at 0 °C was added NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (1.5 g, 17.8 mmol) and  $15^4$  (690 mg, 3.56 mmol). The reaction was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h, then washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL)

dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 90:10) to afford 16a (548 mg, 73%, d.r. 1:1) as a bright yellow oil. R<sub>f</sub> 0.41 (petrol/EtOAc 90:10);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2955, 1456, 1250, 1086, 834;  $\delta_{H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.14 (2 x s, 9H, (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>Si), 0.84-0.90 (m, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 1.67 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO, Isomer A+B), 1.99-2.13 (m, 2H, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 2.38 (dd, 1H, J 4.8 Hz, <sup>2</sup>J 0.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer A+B), 2.41 (dd, 0.5H, J 7.8 Hz, <sup>2</sup>J 0.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer A), 2.51 (dd, 0.5H, J 7.8 Hz, <sup>2</sup>J 0.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer B), 2.97 (2 x s, 1H, CHOC, Isomer A+B), 3.01 (dd, 0.5H, J 7.7, 4.8 Hz, CHN, Isomer A), 3.04 (dd, 0.5H, J 7.8, 4.8 Hz, CHN, Isomer B), 4.36-4.38 (m, 1H, =CHCHOCH, Isomer A+B), 4.42 (dd, 1H, J 3.8, 0.9 Hz, =CHCHOCH, Isomer A+B), 6.17-6.22 (m, 2H, =CH, Isomer A+B), 7.22-7.36 (m, 6H, CH=N, H<sub>Ar</sub>, Isomer A+B); δ<sub>C</sub> (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 2.5 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 12.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 13.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 13.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CO, Isomer A+B), 38.0 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 40.6 (0.5 x CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer B), 40.7 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 41.1 (0.5 x CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer A), 44.0 (0.5 x CH, CHN, Isomer B), 44.8 (0.5 x CH, CHN, Isomer A), 58.7 (C, CHOC, Isomer A+B), 69.7 (0.5 x CH, CHOC, Isomer A), 69.8 (0.5 x CH, CHOC, Isomer B), 78.7 (C, COSi, Isomer A+B), 82.7 (2 x CH, =CHCHOCH, Isomer A+B), 126.6 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>, Isomer A+B), 127.6 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>, Isomer A+B), 128.7 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>, Isomer A+B), 132.6 (CH, =CH, Isomer A+B), 133.6 (CH, =CH, Isomer A+B), 138.3 (0.5 x C,

CCH<sub>Ar</sub>, Isomer A), 138.4 (0.5 x C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>, Isomer B), 163.9 (0.5 x CH, CH=N, Isomer A), 164.2 (0.5 x CH, CH=N, Isomer B); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>34</sub>N<sub>2</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub>Si<sup>+</sup> 449.2236, found 449.2244; (ES) 449 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%).

 $(\pm) - N - (((2R,3S)-3-((1S,2R,3S,5S)-2-Benzyloxy-3-trimethylsilyloxy-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1] oct-6-en-3-yl) - 2-methyloxiran-2-yl) methylene) - 2-phenylaziridin-1-amine and (\pm) - N - (((2R,3S)-3-((1S,2R,3S,5S)-2-Benzyloxy-3-trimethylsilyloxy-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1] oct-6-en-3-yl) - 2-methyloxiran-2-yl) methylene) - 2-phenylaziridin-1-amine (16b).$ 



To a solution of **14b** (250 mg, 0.640 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (9 mL) at 0 °C was added NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (521 mg, 6.20 mmol) followed by **15**<sup>4</sup> (239 mg, 1.23 mmol). The reaction was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h before being washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL) and extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (3 x 10 mL). The

combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 90:10) to afford **16b** (285 mg, 88%, 1:1 d.r.) as a yellow oil. Analytically pure samples of the diastereoisomers **16b** and **16b**' were obtained through column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 90:10). Analytical data for **16b** (Absolute stereochemistry on aziridine arbitrarily assigned). R<sub>f</sub> 0.14 (petrol/EtOAc 90:10);  $\nu_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3060, 3031, 2960, 2917, 2870, 1637, 1494, 1243, 1144, 1101, 899, 835, 694;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.11 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.55 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 1.65 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.5 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 1.99 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.5 Hz, J 4.5 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 2.36 (d, 1H, J 4.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>N), 2.41 (d, 1H, J 7.5 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>N), 2.80 (s, 1H, CHOC), 3.05 (dd, 1H, J 7.5, 4.9 Hz, CHN), 3.62 (d, 1H, J 4.0 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.62 (dd, 1H, J 4.0, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.66 (s, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.68 (br d, 1H, J 4.5 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 6.18 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 6.24 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH), 7.23-7.37 (m, 11H, H<sub>AP</sub>, CH=N);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 3.4 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 13.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 37.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 40.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>N), 44.0 (CH, CHN), 58.2 (C, CHOC), 69.8 (CH, CHOC), 72.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O),

75.2 (C, COSi), 77.8 (CH, =CHCHCH), 78.2 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 79.5 (CH, =CHCHCH), 126.6 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 127.6 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.3 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.5 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.6 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.7 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 131.9 (CH, =CHCHCH), 134.5 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 137.9 (C, CH<sub>2</sub>CCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 138.5 (C, CHCCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 163.5 (CH, CH=N); *m/z* HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>36</sub>N<sub>2</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub>Si<sup>+</sup> 527.2342, found 527.2355; (ES) 527 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%). Analytical data for 16b' (Absolute stereochemistry on aziridine arbitrarily assigned). R<sub>f</sub> 0.08 (petrol/EtOAc 90:10);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3032, 2952, 1636, 1455, 1244, 1146, 1100, 900, 835, 750, 694;  $\delta_{H}$  (400) MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.11 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.55 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 1.65 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.5 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ea</sub>), 1.99 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.5 Hz, J 4.3 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 2.37 (d, 1H, J 4.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>N), 2.46 (d, 1H, J 7.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>N), 2.81 (s, 1H, CHOC), 3.01 (dd, 1H, J 7.7, 4.9 Hz, CHN), 3.62 (d, 1H, J 3.9 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.62 (dd, 1H, J 3.9, 1.3 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.66 (d, 2H, <sup>2</sup>J 2.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.68 (br d, 1H, J 4.3 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 6.18 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.3 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 6.24 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.5 Hz, =CHCHCH), 7.22-7.38 (m, 11H,  $H_{Ar}$ , CH=N);  $\delta_{C}$ (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 3.4 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 13.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 37.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 40.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>N), 44.6 (CH, CHN), 58.2 (C, CHOC), 69.8 (CH, CHOC), 72.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 75.2 (C, COSi), 77.8 (CH, =CHCHCH), 78.2 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 79.5 (CH, =CHCHCH), 126.6 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 127.6 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.3 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.5 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.6 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.7 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 131.9 (CH, =CHCHCH), 134.5 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 138.0 (C, CH<sub>2</sub>CCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 138.4 (C, CHCCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 163.6 (CH, CH=N); *m/z* HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>29</sub>H<sub>36</sub>N<sub>2</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub>Si<sup>+</sup> 527.2342, found 527.2349; (ES) 395 ([M+Na-(N<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CHPh)]<sup>+</sup>, 3%), 527  $([M+Na]^+, 100).$ 

#### (±)-(1S,3aS,4S,7R,8S,8aS)-2,3a,8-Trimethyl-8a-trimethylsilyloxy-1,3a,4,7,8,8a-

hexahydro-4,7-epoxyazulen-1-ol (18) and  $(\pm)$ -(1*S*,3a*R*,4*R*,7*S*,8*R*,8a*R*)-2,3a,8-Trimethyl-8a-trimethylsilyloxy-1,3a,4,7,8,8a-hexahydro-4,7-epoxyazulen-1-ol (19).



A solution of **16a** (190 mg, 0.450 mmol) in toluene (90 mL) was heated at reflux for 3 h. After this time the toluene was evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column

chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 90:10) to afford 19 (27 mg, 21%) as a pale yellow solid followed by 18 (57 mg, 43%) as a pale yellow solid. Analytical data for 19. m.p. 140-142 °C;  $R_f 0.40$  (hexane/EtOAc 80:20);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3404, 2962, 2961, 2907, 2887, 1445, 1245, 909, 834, 730; δ<sub>H</sub> (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.11 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 0.85 (d, 3H, J 7.3 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 0.91 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>C), 1.25 (br s, 1H, OH), 1.74 (qd, 1H, J7.3, 3.6 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 1.80 (d, 3H, <sup>4</sup>J 1.5 Hz, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 3.60 (br s, 1H, CHOH), 4.33-4.42 (m, 2H, =CHCHOC), 5.59 (m, 1H, C=CH), 6.20 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH), 6.25 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHC); δ<sub>C</sub> (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 3.1 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 12.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 15.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 23.9 (CH<sub>3</sub> CH<sub>3</sub>C), 38.3 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 51.4 (C, CCHO), 82.8 (CH, =CHCHC), 83.8 (CH, CHCHCH), 83.9 (C, COSi), 84.0 (CH, CHOH), 132.3 (CH, =CHCHCH), 133.2 (CH, =CHCHC), 138.0 (CH, C=CH), 138.7 (C, C=CH); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub>Si 317.1549, found 317.1545; (ES) 317 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%). Analytical data for 18. m.p. 117-119 °C;  $R_f 0.53$  (hexane/EtOAc 80:20);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3403, 2963, 2931, 2908, 2888, 1246, 1050, 891, 834; δ<sub>H</sub> (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.14 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 0.78 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>C), 0.90 (d, 3H, J 7.1 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 1.25 (br s, 1H, OH), 1.70 (t, 3H, <sup>4</sup>J 1.3 Hz, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.19 (qd, 1H, J 7.1, 4.0 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 4.27 (d, 1H, J 1.0 Hz, =CHCHC), 4.35 (dd, 1H, J 4.0, 1.1 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.54 (br s, 1H, CHOH), 5.47 (m, 1H, C=CH), 6.17-6.21 (m, 2H, =CH);  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 2.4 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 13.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 13.9 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 20.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>C), 34.1 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 49.0 (C, CCHO), 82.4 (CH, =CHCHCH), 83.9 (CH, =CHCHC), 86.6 (CH, CHOH), 87.7 (C, COSi), 132.2 (CH, =CH), 132.6 (CH, =CH), 134.1 (CH, C=CH), 137.6 (C, C=CH); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub>Si<sup>+</sup> 317.1549, found 317.1552; (ES) 317 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%).

### (±)-(1*R*,2*S*,3*S*,4*R*,5*S*)-2,4-Dimethyl-3-((2*R*,3*R*)-3-methyl-3-((2-phenylaziridin-1yl)imino)methyl)oxiran-2-yl)-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-ol (20a).



To a solution of **16a** (50 mg, 0.120 mmol) in THF (2.4 mL) at room temperature was added TBAF (1 M in THF, 0.140 mL, 0.140 mmol) in one portion. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 16 h before being washed with  $H_2O$  (5 mL) and extracted with  $Et_2O$  (3 x 5

mL). The combined organics were dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (petrol/EtOAc 70:30, deactivated with 0.1% Et<sub>3</sub>N) to afford 402 (40 mg, 93%, d.r. 1:1) as a bright yellow oil. R<sub>f</sub> 0.40 (hexane/EtOAc 70:30);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3570, 2934, 1456, 1079, 1051, 932, 725, 697, 664;  $\delta_{H}$ (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.90 (2 x d, 3H, J 7.3 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 1.02 (2 x d, 3H, J 7.3 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 1.67 (2 x s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO, Isomer A+B), 1.74 (s, 1H, OH, Isomer A+B), 2.15 (qd, 1H, J 7.3, 3.7 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 2.31 (qd, 1H, J 7.0, 3.2 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 2.36 (dt, 1H, J 4.7 Hz, <sup>2</sup>J 0.5 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer A+B), 2.42 (dd, 0.5H, J 7.7 Hz, <sup>2</sup>J 0.5 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer B), 2.48 (dd, 0.5H, J 7.7 Hz, <sup>2</sup>J 0.5 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer A), 2.63 (2 x s, 1H, CHOC, Isomer A+B), 3.01 (dd, 0.5H, J 7.7, 4.7 Hz, CHN, Isomer A), 3.07 (dd, 0.5H, J 7.7, 4.7 Hz, CHN, Isomer B), 4.48 (dd, 1H, J 3.2, 1.4 Hz, =CHCHOCH, Isomer A+B), 4.49-4.51 (m, 1H, =CHCHOCH, Isomer A+B), 6.45 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.4 Hz, =CH, Isomer A+B), 6.48 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.4 Hz, =CH, Isomer A+B), 7.21-7.34 (m, 5H, H<sub>Ar</sub>), 7.38 (2 x s, 1H, CH=N, Isomer A+B);  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 11.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 14.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CO, Isomer A+B), 38.3 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 40.5 (0.5 x CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer A), 41.0 (0.5 x CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer B), 42.6 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 43.9 (0.5 x CH, CHN, Isomer B), 44.5 (0.5 x CH, CHN, Isomer A), 58.2 (C, CHOC, Isomer A+B), 69.5 (CH, CHOC, Isomer A+B), 73.7 (C, COH, Isomer A+B), 82.5 (2 x CH, =CHCHOCH, Isomer A+B), 126.5 (2 x CH,  $CH_{Ar}$ , Isomer A+B), 127.5 (CH,  $CH_{Ar}$ , Isomer A+B), 128.6 (2 x CH,  $CH_{Ar}$ , Isomer A+B), 134.8 (CH, =CH, Isomer A+B), 135.0 (CH, =CH, Isomer A+B), 138.3 (0.5 x C,  $CCH_{Ar}$ , Isomer A), 138.4 (0.5 x C,  $CCH_{Ar}$ , Isomer B), 163.5 (CH, CH=N, Isomer A+B); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for  $C_{21}H_{26}N_2NaO_3^+$  377.1847, found 377.1844; (ES) 377 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 378 ([M+Na+H]<sup>+</sup>, 17).

(±)-(1*S*,3a*S*,4*S*,7*R*,8*S*,8a*S*)-2,3a,8-Trimethyl-1,3a,4,7,8,8a-hexahydro-4,7-epoxyazulene-1,8a-diol (22) and (±)-(1*S*,3a*R*,4*R*,7*S*,8*R*,8a*R*)-2,3a,8-Trimethyl-1,3a,4,7,8,8a-hexahydro-4,7-epoxyazulene-1,8a-diol (23).



A solution of **20a** (154 mg, 0.440 mmol) in toluene (88 mL) was heated at reflux for 6 h. After this time the toluene was

evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 70:30 $\rightarrow$ 50:50) to afford **23** (28 mg, 30%) as a pale yellow solid followed by **22** (11 mg, 12%) as a pale yellow crystal. Analytical data for **23**. m.p. 109-112 °C; R<sub>f</sub> 0.28 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1);  $\nu_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3334, 2963, 2932, 2890, 1722, 1446, 1352, 1192, 1052, 952, 907, 654;  $\delta_{H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.90 (d, 3H, *J* 7.4 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 0.96 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>C), 1.82-1.88 (m, 4H, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.58 (s, 1H, OH), 3.66 (s, 1H, CHOH), 4.42-4.47 (m, 2H, =CHCHO), 5.65 (q, 1H, <sup>4</sup>*J* 1.5 Hz, C=CH), 6.43 (app. qd, 2H, *J* 6.2, 1.6 Hz, =CH);  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 11.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 15.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 22.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>C), 38.5 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 51.5 (C, CCHOH), 78.1 (C, COH), 82.5 (CH, =CHCHC), 83.6 (CH, =CHCHCH), 84.0 (CH, CHOH), 132.9 (CH, =CHCHCH), 134.5 (CH, =CHCHC), 137.5 (C, C=CH), 138.6 (CH, C=CH); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup> 245.1154, found 245.1149; (ES) 245 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%). Analytical data for **22**. m.p. 187-190 °C; R<sub>f</sub> 0.15 (hexane/EtOAc 1:1);  $\nu_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3516,

3401, 2927, 2871, 1721, 1447, 1285, 1041, 1029, 954, 734, 560;  $\delta_{H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.86 (s, 3H, *CH*<sub>3</sub>C), 0.99 (d, 3H, *J* 7.3 Hz, *CH*<sub>3</sub>CH), 1.73 (t, 3H, <sup>4</sup>*J* 1.5 Hz, =CC*H*<sub>3</sub>), 2.39 (qd, 1H, *J* 7.2, 3.6 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>C*H*), 4.37 (d, 1H, *J* 1.2 Hz, =CHC*H*C), 4.43 (dd, 1H, *J* 4.0, 1.2 Hz, =CHC*H*CH), 4.57 (br s, 1H, *CH*OH), 5.45-5.48 (m, 1H, C=*CH*), 6.44-6.48 (m, 2H, =*CH*);  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 12.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, *C*H<sub>3</sub>CH), 13.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 19.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, *C*H<sub>3</sub>C), 33.9 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 48.7 (C, *C*CHOH), 82.3 (CH, =CHCHCH), 83.7 (CH, =CHCHC), 84.8 (C, *C*OH), 86.3 (CH, *C*HOH), 132.6 (CH, C=*C*H), 134.0 (CH, =*C*HCHCH), 134.8 (CH, =*C*HCHC), 138.4 (C, *C*=CH); *m*/*z* HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NaO<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup> 245.1154, found 245.1159; (ES) 245 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%). Peaks in <sup>1</sup>H NMR assignable to **24**: 6.16 (s, 1H, CH<sub>3</sub>C=C*H*). Peaks in <sup>1</sup>H NMR assignable to **9b**: 2.80 (qd, 2H, *J* 7.0, 4.9 Hz, *CH*CH<sub>3</sub>).

#### 2,4-endo,endo-Dimethyl-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-one (9a).

*From* **20a** *with LiHMDS*: To a solution of **20a** (184.0 mg, 0.52 mmol) in toluene (104 mL) at room temperature was added LiHMDS (1 M in THF, 0.57 mL, 0.57 mmol). The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 15 min before being heated at reflux for 3 h. After cooling to room temperature, NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (10 mL of a saturated aqueous solution) was added and the reaction was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 x 10 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 90:10) to afford **9a** (17 mg, 22%) as a yellow oil.  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.95 (d, 6H, *J* 7.0 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.79 (qd, 2H, *J* 7.0, 4.6 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 4.83 (d, 2H, *J* 4.6 Hz, CHOCH), 6.32 (s, 2H, =CH);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 10.3 (2 x CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>), 50.6 (2 x CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 82.9 (2 x CH, =CHCHOCH), 133.7 (2 x CH, =CH), 206.1 (C, *C*=O); *m/z* (EI) 55 (5%), 67 (14), 68 (7), 81 (100), 95 (43), 96 (47), 109 (5), 137 ([M-O]<sup>+</sup>, 27), 152 (M<sup>+</sup>, 38), 153 ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>, 5). Analytical data in agreement with literature values.<sup>2</sup> *From* **20a** *with*  $PhB(OH)_2$ : A solution of **20a** (168 mg, 0.48 mmol) and  $PhB(OH)_2$  (59 mg, 0.48 mmol) in toluene (96 mL) was heated at reflux for 3 h with a Dean-Stark apparatus attached. The reaction was cooled to room temperature, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-diol (50mg, 0.48 mmol) added and the reaction stirred at room temperature for 30 min before the solvent was evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 90:10) to afford **9a** (38 mg, 52%) as a yellow oil. Analytical data as above.

*From* **26**: A solution of **26** (26.7 mg, 0.06 mmol) in toluene (12 mL) was heated at reflux for 3 h. After cooling to room temperature the solvent was evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 90:10) to afford **9a** (3 mg, 35%) as a yellow oil. Analytical data as above.

## $(\pm)-(2S,3S)-3-((1R,2S,3S,4R,5S)-2,4-Dimethyl-3-((1-methylsiletan-1-yl)oxy)-8-(1-methylan-1-yl)oxy)-8-(1-methylan-1-yl)oxy)-8-(1-methylan-1-yl)oxy)-8-(1-methylan-1-yl)oxy)-8-(1-methylan-1-yl)oxy)-8-(1-methylan-1-yl)oxy)-8-(1-methylan-1-yl)oxy)-8-($

### oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-yl)-2-methyloxirane-2-carbaldehyde (25).



To a solution of **13a** (50 mg, 0.210 mmol) in THF (1.2 mL) at 0 °C was added KHMDS (0.5 M in toluene, 1.26 mL, 0.630 mmol) dropwise over 5 min. 1-Chloro-1-methylsilacyclobutane (76 mg, 0.080 mL, 0.630 mmol) was

added immediately and the reaction stirred at room temperature for 30 min. The reaction was quenched with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (2 mL of a saturated aqueous solution) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 5 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (petrol/EtOAc 90:10) to afford **25** (38 mg, 56%) as a clear colourless oil. R<sub>f</sub> 0.26 (petrol/EtOAc 90:10);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2968, 2933, 1731, 1251, 1076;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.30 (s, 3H, SiCH<sub>3</sub>), 0.89 (2 x d, 6H, *J* 7.0 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 1.21-1.27 (m, 3H, SiCH<sub>2</sub>), 1.33-1.51 (m, 2H, SiCH<sub>2</sub>, SiCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.64 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CCO), 1.91-2.08 (m, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, SiCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.18 (s, 1H, CHOC), 4.40 (dd, 1H, *J* 3.5, 1.0 Hz, =CHCHOCH), 4.45 (dd, 1H, *J* 3.7, 1.0 Hz, =CHCHOCH), 6.23 (app. qd, 2H, *J* 6.3,

1.0 Hz, =C*H*), 8.74 (s, 1H, C*H*O);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.09 (CH<sub>3</sub>, Si*C*H<sub>3</sub>), 10.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CCHO), 12.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 12.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, SiCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 13.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 21.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Si*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 22.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, Si*C*H<sub>2</sub>), 37.5 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 40.7 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 61.9 (C, CHCO), 66.2 (CH, CHOC), 79.4 (C, COSi), 82.4 (2 x CH, =CHCHOCH), 132.7 (CH, =CH), 133.6 (CH, =CH), 199.7 (CH, CHO); *m*/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub>Si<sup>+</sup> 345.1498, found 345.1500; (ES) 345 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 8%), 377 ([M+Na+MeOH]<sup>+</sup>, 100).

 $(\pm)-(E)-N-(((2R,3S)-3-((1R,2S,3S,4R,5S)-2,4-Dimethyl-3-((1-methylsiletan-1-yl)oxy)-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-yl)-2-methyloxiran-2-yl)methylene)-2-phenylaziridin-1-amine (26).$ 



To a solution of **25** (38 mg, 0.120 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (2 mL) at 0 °C was added NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (101 mg, 1.20 mmol) and **15**<sup>4</sup> (47 mg, 0.240 mmol). The reaction was stirred at 0 °C for 2 h, then washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 mL) and extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (3 x 5 mL). The combined organics were

dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 90:10) to afford **26** (27 mg, 50%, d.r. 1:1) as yellow oil. R<sub>f</sub> 0.41 (petrol/EtOAc 90:10);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2964, 2932, 1457, 1122, 1083, 916, 720, 696;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.27 (2 x s, 3H, SiCH<sub>3</sub>, Isomer A+B), 0.87 (2 x d, 3H, *J* 6.9 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 0.91 (2 x d, 3H, *J* 7.1 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 1.13-1.37 (m, 5H, SiCH<sub>2</sub>, SiCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, Isomer A+B), 1.68 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>CO), 1.89-1.99 (m, 1H, SiCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>, Isomer A+B), 2.42 (dd, 0.5H, *J* 7.8 Hz, <sup>2</sup>*J* 0.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer A), 2.50 (dd, 0.5H, *J* 7.8 Hz, <sup>2</sup>*J* 0.6 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer A), 3.02 (dd, 0.5H, *J* 7.8, 4.9 Hz, CHN, Isomer B), 3.02 (dd, 0.5H, *J* 7.8, 4.9 Hz, CHN, Isomer B), 3.08-3.13 (m, 1.5H, CHOC, Isomer A+B, CHN, Isomer A), 4.38-4.42 (m, 1H, =CHCHO, Isomer A+B), 7.23-7.35 (m, 5H, H<sub>Ar</sub>);  $\delta_{\rm C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>, SiCH<sub>3</sub>, Isomer A+B), 12.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer

A+B), 12.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, SiCH<sub>2</sub>*C*H<sub>2</sub>, Isomer A+B), 13.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, *C*H<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 13.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, *C*H<sub>3</sub>CO, Isomer A+B), 21.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, SiCH<sub>2</sub>, Isomer A+B), 22.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, SiCH<sub>2</sub>, Isomer A+B), 37.6 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 40.6 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH, Isomer A+B), 41.2 (0.5 x CH<sub>2</sub>, *C*H<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer B), 42.0 (0.5 x CH<sub>2</sub>, *C*H<sub>2</sub>N, Isomer A), 44.0 (0.5 x CH, *C*HN, Isomer A), 44.7 (0.5 x CH, *C*HN, Isomer B), 58.7 (C, CHOC, Isomer A+B), 69.6 (0.5 x CH, *C*HOC, Isomer A), 69.7 (0.5 x CH, *C*HOC, Isomer B), 79.4 (C, *C*OSi, Isomer A+B), 82.5 (2 x CH, =CHCHO, Isomer A+B), 126.5 (2 x CH, *C*H<sub>Ar</sub>, Isomer A+B), 127.6 (CH, *C*H<sub>Ar</sub>, Isomer A+B), 128.6 (2 x CH, *C*H<sub>Ar</sub>, Isomer A), 138.4 (0.5 x C, *C*CH<sub>Ar</sub>, Isomer B), 163.8 (0.5 x CH, *C*H=N, Isomer A), 164.1 (0.5 x CH, *C*H=N, Isomer B); *m*/z HRMS (ES) calcd for  $C_{25}H_{34}N_2NaO_3Si^+$  461.2236, found 461.2239; (ES) 461 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%).

### (±)-(1*S*,3a*R*,4*S*,7*S*,8a*R*)-3a-(benzyloxy)-2-methyl-8a-((trimethylsilyl)oxy)-1,3a,4,7,8,8ahexahydro-4,7-epoxyazulen-1-ol 27



A solution of **16b** (55 mg, 0.110 mmol) in toluene (22 mL) was heated to reflux for 3 h. After cooling to room temperature the toluene

was evaporated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 85:15) to afford **27**, **28** and **9b** as a 2.4:1:1.2 mixture by <sup>1</sup>H NMR (79% combined, from which **27** was isolated in 41% yield). Analytical data for **27**. m.p. 94-97 °C; R<sub>f</sub> 0.32 (petrol/EtOAc 75:25);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3487, 3423, 3028, 2940, 1246, 1131, 1111, 1091, 1066, 907, 834, 743;  $\delta_{H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.09 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.56 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.1 Hz, J 1.3 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 1.87 (s, 3H, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.05 (d, 1H, J 7.5 Hz, OH), 2.21 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.1 Hz, J 5.2 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 4.42 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 11.6 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.47 (d, 1H, J 7.5 Hz, eCHOH), 4.50-4.55 (m, 2H, =CHCHC, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.73 (br d, 1H, J 5.2 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.51-5.61 (m, 1H, C=CH), 6.21 (dd, 1H, J 6.0, 1.5 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 6.31 (dd, 1H, J 6.0, 1.7

Hz, =CHCHC), 7.19-7.42 (m, 5H, H<sub>Ar</sub>); δ<sub>C</sub> (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 2.7 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 14.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 33.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 66.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 77.8 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 81.1 (CH, =CHCHC), 83.7 (C, =CHCHC), 84.2 (C, COSi), 86.2 (CH, CHOH), 127.3 (3 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.1 (CH, C=CH), 128.4 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 131.7 (CH, =CHCHC), 133.7 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 140.1 (C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 146.9 (C, C=CH); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub>Si<sup>+</sup> 395.1655, found 395.1654; (ES) 395 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%. Peaks in <sup>1</sup>H NMR of mixture assignable to **9b**: 2.38 (d, 1H,  ${}^{2}J$  15.2 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 2.76 (dd, 1H,  ${}^{2}J$  15.4 Hz, J 4.9 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 4.13 (d, 1H, J 5.0 Hz, CHOCH<sub>2</sub>). Peaks in <sup>1</sup>H NMR of mixture assignable to 28: 4.07 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 11.7 Hz, CHOH), 4.25 (d, 1H, J 3.8 Hz, =CHCHCH).

(±)-(1*S*,2*R*,2'*R*,3'*S*,5*S*)-2-Benzyloxy-4'-methyl-3'*H*-8-oxaspiro[bicyclo[3.2.1]oct[6]ene-3,2'-furan]-3'-ol (30) and (±)-(1S,2R,3R,5S)-2-Benzyloxy-3-((S)-1-hydroxybut-2-yn-1-yl)-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-ol (±)-(1S,3aR,4S,7S,8aR)-3a-Benzyloxy-2-(31) and methyl-1,3a,4,7,8,8a-hexahydro-4,7-epoxyazulene-1,8a-diol (29) and (±)-(15,2R,5S)-2-Benzyloxy-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-one (9b).



To a solution of 16b (241 mg, 0.480 of Pho mmol) in THF (10 mL) at room temperature was added TBAF (1 M in THF, 0.580 mL, 0.580 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 3 h before being quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL) and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 10 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 80:20, deactivated with 0.1% Et<sub>3</sub>N) to afford 20b as an impure mixture of diastereoisomers. A solution of crude 20b in toluene (74 mL) was heated to reflux for 3 h. After cooling to room temperature the toluene was evaporated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc

off-white solid followed by 31 (8.5 mg, 6%) as a clear oil followed by 29 (27 mg, 18%) as an off-white solid. Analytical data for **30**. m.p. 109-111 °C; R<sub>f</sub> 0.31 (petrol/EtOAc 75:25); v<sub>max</sub> neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3442, 2937, 1675, 1675, 1454, 1048, 982, 732, 696;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 1.66 (d, 1H, J 11.9 Hz, OH), 1.66 (br s, 3H,  $=CCH_3$ ), 1.74 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.2 Hz, J 1.1 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 1.95 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.2 Hz, J 3.9 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 4.08 (d, 1H, J 11.9 Hz, CHOH), 4.27 (d, 1H, J 3.9 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.63 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 11.8 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.72-4.77 (m, 3H, =CHCHCH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 6.13 (s, 1H, C=CH), 6.24 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH), 6.36 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.30-7.36 (m, 5H,  $H_{Ar}$ );  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 8.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 39.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 72.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 75.8 (CH, =CHCHCH), 77.1 (CH, =CHCHCH2), 78.6 (CH, =CHCHCH), 86.9 (CH, CHOH), 87.2 (C, CO), 111.9 (C, C=CH), 128.1 (2 x CH, CHAr), 128.3 (CH, CHAr), 128.8 (2 x CH, CHAr), 131.7 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 134.7 (CH, =CHCHCH), 138.1 (C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 142.9 (CH, C=CH); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub><sup>+</sup> 323.1259, found 323.1267; (ES) 323 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%). Analytical data for **31**. R<sub>f</sub> 0.22 (petrol/EtOAc 50:50); v<sub>max</sub> neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3416, 2922, 2868, 1719, 1050, 1454, 1050, 727, 697;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 1.70 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.5 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 1.86 (d, 3H,  ${}^{4}J$  2.1 Hz, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.26 (dd, 1H,  ${}^{2}J$  14.5 Hz, J 4.6 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 3.92 (d, 1H, J 4.5 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.14 (q, 1H, <sup>4</sup>J 2.1 Hz, CHOH), 4.62-4.73 (m, 3H, =CHCHCH, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.82 (d, 1H, J 4.6 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 6.25 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH), 6.31 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.34-7.38 (m, 5H,  $H_{Ar}$ );  $\delta_{C}$ (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 4.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, ≡CCH<sub>3</sub>), 31.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 70.0 (CH, CHOH), 73.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 74.6 (CH, =CHCHCH), 75.2 (C, COH), 76.6 (C, ≡CCH<sub>3</sub>), 77.0 (CH, =CHCHCH), 78.7 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 84.0 (C, C=CCH<sub>3</sub>), 128.3 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.5 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.8 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 130.6 (CH, =CHCHCH), 136.1 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 137.5 (C,  $CCH_{Ar}$ ); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for  $C_{18}H_{20}NaO_4^+$  323.1259, found 323.1258; (ES) 323  $([M+Na]^+, 100\%)$ . Analytical data for **29**. m.p. 93-95 °C; R<sub>f</sub> 0.16 (petrol/EtOAc 50:50); v<sub>max</sub> neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3508, 3370, 3035, 2937, 2875, 2851, 1316, 1051, 882, 737, 696; δ<sub>H</sub> (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 1.55 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.7 Hz, J 1.2 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 1.86 (t, 3H, <sup>4</sup>J 1.3 Hz, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.10 (dd, 1H,  ${}^{2}J$  14.7 Hz, J 4.4 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 4.43 (d, 1H,  ${}^{2}J$  11.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.49 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 11.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.54 (br s, 1H, CHOH), 4.69 (d, 1H, J 1.6 Hz, =CHCHC), 4.76 (d, 1H, J 4.4 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 5.64-5.69 (m, 1H, C=CH), 6.25 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 6.31 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHC), 7.24-7.38 (m, 5H,  $H_{Ar}$ );  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 14.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 31.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 66.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 78.1 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 79.5 (CH, =CHCHC), 81.7 (C, COH), 81.9 (C, =CHCHC), 86.4 (CH, CHOH), 125.3 (CH, C=CH), 127.6 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 127.9 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.7 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 130.7 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 135.1 (CH, =CHCHC), 138.7 (C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 149.7 (C, C=CH); *m/z* HRMS (ES) calcd for  $C_{18}H_{20}NaO_4^+$  323.1259, found 323.1244; (ES) 323 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%). Analytical data for **9b.**  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 2.38 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 15.4 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ea</sub>), 2.76 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>*J* 15.4 Hz, *J* 4.9 Hz, =CHCHC*H*<sub>2ax</sub>), 4.13 (d, 1H, *J* 5.0 Hz, CHOCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.64 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>*J* 12.1 Hz, C*H*<sub>2</sub>O), 4.91 (dd, 1H, *J* 5.0, 1.6 Hz, =CHC*H*CH), 4.96-5.01 (m, 2H, =CHC*H*CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 6.30 (dd, 1H, J 6.0, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 6.34 (dd, 1H, J 6.0, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH), 7.28-7.39 (m, 5H, H<sub>Ar</sub>). δ<sub>C</sub> (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 46.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 73.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 78.6 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 80.0 (CH, =CHCHCH), 84.4 (CH, CHOCH<sub>2</sub>), 128.1 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.2 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.7 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 132.0 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 134.8 (CH, =*C*HCHCH), 137.8 (C, *C*CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 205.1 (C, *C*=O). *m*/*z* (EI) 91 ([Bn]<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 139 ([M-Bn]<sup>+</sup>, 10), 158 (11), 201 (11), 230 ( $[M]^+$ , 9). Analytical data in agreement with literature values.<sup>3</sup>

#### 3-exo-(Prop-2-yn-1-yl)-2,4-endo,endo-dimethyl-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-ol (32).

To a suspension of Mg (314 mg, 13.1 mmol) and HgCl<sub>2</sub> (54 mg, 0.200 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (10 mL) at room temperature was added propargyl bromide (80% in toluene, 1.50 mL, 13.1 mmol) at a rate to maintain a gentle reflux. The resulting

solution was cooled to 0 °C and a solution of 9a (1.00 g, 6.57 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (6 mL) was

added in one portion. The reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature over 2 h before being stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The reaction was quenched with NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (15 mL of a saturated aqueous solution) and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 10 mL). The combined organics were washed with brine (10 mL), dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane:EtOAc 75:25) to afford **32** (958 mg, 76%) as a white solid. Analytical data in agreement with literature values.<sup>12</sup>

### ((2,4-endo,endo-Dimethyl-3-exo-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-

#### yl)oxy)trimethylsilane (33).

To a solution of **32** (732 mg, 3.80 mmol) and Et<sub>3</sub>N (1.56 g, 2.10 mL, 15.2 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (38 mL) at 0 °C was added TMSOTf (2.20 g, 1.79 mL, 9.90 mmol) dropwise over 10 mins. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for

5 h. The reaction was quenched with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (20 mL of a saturated aqueous solution), and extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (3 x 15 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane:EtOAc 95:5) to afford **33** (907 mg, 90%) as a white solid. Analytical data in agreement with literature values.<sup>12</sup>

### 1-(2,4-*endo*,*endo*-Dimethyl-3-*exo*-((trimethylsilyl)oxy)-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3yl)propan-2-one (34).



To a solution of **33** (200 mg, 0.750 mmol) and H<sub>2</sub>O (30  $\mu$ l, 1.50 mmol) in acetone (6 mL) at room temperature was added PPTS (283 mg, 1.13 mmol) and Hg(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (72 mg, 0.230 mmol). The reaction was stirred at room temperature

for 24 h. The reaction was diluted with  $Et_2O$ , filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane:EtOAc 90:10) to afford **34** (145 mg, 69%) as a colourless oil. Analytical data in agreement with literature values.<sup>12</sup>

### (±)-Trimethyl(((3a*R*,4*R*,7*S*,8*R*,8a*R*)-2,3a,8-trimethyl-1,3a,4,7,8,8a-hexahydro-4,7epoxyazulen-8a-yl)oxy)silane (3).



To a solution of (diazomethyl)trimethylsilane (2 M in hexanes, 0.140 mL, 0.270 mmol) in THF (6.9 mL) at -78 °C was added <sup>n</sup>BuLi (2.14 M in hexanes, 0.130

mL, 0.290 mmol) dropwise. The reaction was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min before a solution of 34 (50 mg, 0.180 mmol) in THF (2.1 mL) was added dropwise. The resulting mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h, then stirred at room temperature for 3 h, before being quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 5 mL) and the combined organics dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 98:2) to afford 3 (32 mg, 64%) as a clear, colourless oil. υ<sub>max</sub> neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2960, 2922, 1248, 1093, 901; δ<sub>H</sub> (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.08 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 0.78 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>C), 0.81 (d, 3H, J 7.3 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 1.67 (s, 3H, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.90 (qd, 1H, J 7.3, 3.4 Hz, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 1.98 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.8 Hz, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.40 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.8 Hz, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.33 (dd, 1H, J 3.4, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.36 (d, 1H, J 1.4 Hz, =CHCHC), 5.37 (s, 1H, C=CH), 6.15 (dd, 1H, J 6.2, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHC), 6.20 (dd, 1H, J 6.2, 1.4 Hz, =CHCHCH); δ<sub>C</sub> (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 2.5 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 12.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 17.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 19.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>C), 40.0 (CH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH), 49.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 52.0 (C, CCHO), 82.6 (CH, =CHCHCH), 83.7 (CH, =CHCHC), 84.5 (C, COSi), 132.1 (CH, =CHCHC), 132.7 (CH, =CHCHCH), 133.4 (CH, C=CH), 136.0 (C, C=CH). Analytical data in agreement with literature values.<sup>12</sup>

### (±)-Methyl 4-((1*S*,2*R*,3*R*,5*S*)-2-(benzyloxy)-3-hydroxy-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-yl)-3-oxobutanoate (35).

 $MeO_2C$  To a solution of diisopropylamine (1.76 g, 2.44 mL, 17.4 mmol) in THF (18 mL) at 0 °C was added <sup>n</sup>BuLi (1.60 M in hexanes, 10.9 mL, 17.4 mmol) in THF

mmol) dropwise. The resulting solution was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min before methyl acetoacetate (1.01 g, 0.940 mL, 8.70 mmol) was added dropwise. The reaction was stirred for 1 h at 0 °C before a solution of 9b (500 mg, 2.17 mmol) in THF (4 mL) was added in one portion. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 20 h before being quenched with HCl (20 mL of a 1 M aqueous solution) and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 15 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc  $70:30 \rightarrow 60:40$ ) to afford 35 (547 mg, 70%) as a bright yellow oil.  $R_f 0.09$  (hexane/EtOAc 75:25);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3535, 2951, 1742, 1704, 1322, 1052, 726, 699; <sup>1</sup>H NMR indicates that **35** exists in ~6:1 keto:enol ratio. The data reported is of the major keto tautomer with identifiable enol peaks following:  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 1.80 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.4 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 2.04 (ddd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.4 Hz, J 4.4 Hz, <sup>4</sup>J 1.2 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 2.41 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 13.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>C=O), 2.73 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 13.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>C=O), 3.46 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 15.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 3.54 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 15.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 3.66 (d, 1H, J 4.2 Hz, =CHCHCH), 3.68 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.61 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 11.6 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.66-4.70 (m, 2H, =CHCHCH, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.74 (d, 1H, J 4.4 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 6.26 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH), 6.33 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.36 (m, 5H, H<sub>Ar</sub>); Enol Peaks: 4.98 (s, 1H, CH=COH), 12.07 (s, 1H, CH=COH); δ<sub>C</sub> (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 37.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 51.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 52.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 56.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C=O), 72.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 77.3 (CH, =CHCHCH), 77.5 (C, COH), 77.9 (CH, =CHCHCH), 78.6 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 128.3 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.6 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.9 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 131.0 (CH, =CH), 136.3 (CH, =CH), 137.6 (C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 168.0 (C, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 201.7 (C, C=O); Enol Peaks: 92.3 (CH, CH=COH); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NaO<sub>6</sub><sup>+</sup> 369.1314, found 369.1330; (ES) 253 ([M-Bn]<sup>+</sup>, 47%), 369 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%).

### (±)-Methyl 4-((1*S*,2*R*,3*R*,5*S*)-2-Benzyloxy-3-trimethylsilyloxy-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6en-3-yl)-3-oxobutanoate (S1).

To a solution of **35** (393 mg, 1.10 mmol) and  $Et_3N$  (445 mg, 0.610 mL, 4.40 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (11 mL) at 0 °C was added TMSOTf (636 mg, 0.520 mL, 2.86 mmol) dropwise. The reaction was stirred at room

temperature for 5 h before being guenched with NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (10 mL of a saturated aqueous solution) and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 x 15 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and dried *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 85:15) to afford S1 (421 mg, 92%) as a bright yellow oil. Rf 0.11 (petrol/EtOAc 90:10); v<sub>max</sub> neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2952, 1747, 1718, 1650, 1626, 1242, 1077, 834, 750, 726. 698; <sup>1</sup>H NMR indicates that **S1** exists in  $\sim$ 3:1 keto:enol ratio. The data reported is of the major keto tautomer with identifiable enol peaks following:  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.04 (s, 9H, Si(CH)<sub>3</sub>), 1.80 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.0 Hz, J 1.1 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 2.09 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.0 Hz, J 4.2 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 2.56 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 15.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>C=O), 2.77 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 15.9 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>C=O), 3.31 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 15.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 3.36 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 15.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 3.68 (d, 1H, J 3.8 Hz, =CHCHCH), 3.71 (s, 3H, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 4.57 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 11.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.62 (dd, 1H, J 3.8, 1.4 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.66-4.70 (m, 2H, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 6.17 (app. qd, 2H, J 6.2, 1.4 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH), 7.31-7.38 (m, 5H,  $H_{Ar}$ ); Enol peaks: 1.65 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J) 14.1 Hz, J 1.1 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 2.18 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.1 Hz, J 4.2 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 2.31 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 13.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>C=O), 2.46 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 13.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>C=O), 4.93 (s, 1H, CH=COH), 12.08 (s, 1H, CH=OH); δ<sub>C</sub> (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 3.1 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 39.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 50.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 52.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 54.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C=O), 72.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 75.6 (C, COSi), 77.4 (CH, =CHCHCH), 78.6 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 78.7 (CH, =CHCHCH), 128.3 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.7 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.9 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 131.6 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 134.7 (CH, =CHCHCH), 138.0 (C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 167.6 (C, CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 200.3 (C,

C=O); Enol Peaks: 39.2 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 47.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C=O), 51.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>, OCH<sub>3</sub>), 92.6 (CH, CH=COH), 172.9 (C, CO<sub>2</sub>Me), 174.8 (CH=COH); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>30</sub>NaO<sub>6</sub>Si<sup>+</sup> 441.1709, found 441.1723; (ES) 441 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%).

# (±)-1-((1*S*,2*R*,3*R*,5*S*)-2-Benzyloxy-3-trimethylsilyloxy-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-

yl)propan-2-one (36).



To a solution of **S1** (53 mg, 0.130 mmol) and  $H_2O$  (0.05 mL, 0.520 mmol) in DMSO (0.34 mL) was added NaCl (15 mg, 0.250 mmol). The mixture was heated to reflux for 3 h before being allowed to cool to room temperature. The

reaction was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 90:10) to afford **36** (33 mg, 70%) as a clear colourless oil.  $R_f 0.31$  (petrol/EtOAc 90:10);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2951, 1703, 1354, 1243, 1102, 834, 750, 725, 698;  $\delta_H$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.04 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.79 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>*J* 14.0 Hz, *J* 1.2 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 2.04 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>C=O), 2.09 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>*J* 14.0 Hz, *J* 4.2 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 2.45 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>*J* 15.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>C=O), 2.69 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>*J* 15.3 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>C=O), 3.68 (d, 1H, *J* 3.8 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.58 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>*J* 11.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.62 (dd, 1H, *J* 3.8, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.65-4.71 (m, 2H, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 6.16 (dd, 1H, *J* 6.2, 1.5 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 6.19 (dd, 1H, *J* 6.2, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH), 7.28-7.39 (m, 5H, H<sub>Ar</sub>);  $\delta_C$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 3.1 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 32.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>C=O), 39.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 54.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>C=O), 72.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 75.6 (C, COSi), 77.5 (CH, =CHCHCH), 78.7 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 78.8 (CH, =CHCHCH), 134.7 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 138.1 (C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 206.5 (C, C=O); *m*/*z* HRMS (ES) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NaO<sub>4</sub>Si<sup>+</sup> 383.1655, found 383.1660; (ES) 383 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%).

 $(Z)-(\pm)-(((1S,2R,3S,5S)-2-Benzyloxy-3-(3-chloro-2-methylallyl)-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-yl)oxy) trimethylsilane ((Z)-37) and (E)-(\pm)-(((1S,2R,3S,5S)-2-Benzyloxy-3-(3-chloro-2-methylallyl)-8-oxabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-en-3-yl)oxy) trimethylsilane ((E)-37).$ 



To a solution of diisopropylamine (87 mg, 0.120 mL, 0.860 mmol) in THF (2.5 mL) at 0 °C was added <sup>n</sup>BuLi (1.42 M in hexanes, 0.610 mL, 0.860 mmol) dropwise. The reaction

was stirred for 45 min before being cooled to -78 °C. (Chloromethyl)triphenylphosphonium chloride (297 mg, 0.860 mmol) was added portion-wise and the suspension stirred at -78 °C for 30 min. A solution of 36 (142 mg, 0.390 mmol) in THF (2.5 mL) was added over 5 min and the reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature. After stirring for 16 h at room temperature the reaction was quenched with NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (10 mL of a saturated aqueous solution) and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 10 mL). The combined organics were washed with brine, dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 98:2) to afford (**Z**)-37 followed by (**E**)-37 (122 mg, 80% E:Z 1:1) as clear, colourless oils. Analytical data for (Z)-37. Rf 0.16 (petrol/EtOAc 99:1); v<sub>max</sub> neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2952, 1243, 1097, 833, 750, 724, 697;  $\delta_H$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.05 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.60 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.2 Hz, J 1.1 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 1.79 (d, 3H, <sup>4</sup>J 1.4 Hz, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 2.00 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.2 Hz, J 4.3 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 2.47 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 13.7 Hz, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.60 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 13.6 Hz, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.63 (d, 1H, J 3.8 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.63 (dd, 1H, J 3.8, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.65-4.69 (m, 2H, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.71 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 11.6 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 5.92 (br s, 1H, =CHCl), 6.16 (dd, 1H, J 6.2, 1.5 Hz, =CHCHCH), 6.19 (dd, 1H, J 6.2, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.28-7.43 (m, 5H,  $H_{Ar}$ );  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 3.5 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 23.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 38.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 44.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 72.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 77.2 (C, COSi), 77.4 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 78.8 (CH, =CHCHCH), 80.9 (CH, =CHCHCH), 115.1 (CH, =CHCl), 128.2 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.7 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.8 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 131.6 (CH,

=CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 134.6 (CH, =CHCHCH), 135.9 (C, C=CHCl), 138.2 (C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for  $C_{21}H_{29}^{35}Cl NaO_3Si^+ 415.1472$ , found 415.1479; (ES) 415 ( $[M(^{35}Cl)+Na]^+$ , 100%), 417 ( $[M(^{37}Cl)+Na]^+$ , 38%). Analytical data for (*E*)-37. R<sub>f</sub> 0.20 (petrol/EtOAc 99:1);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2951, 1244, 1100, 1077, 834, 750, 725, 698;  $\delta_{H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.04 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.59 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.1 Hz, J 1.2 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ea</sub>), 1.79 (d, 3H, <sup>4</sup>J 1.2 Hz, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.93 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.1 Hz, J 4.2 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 2.17 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.2 Hz, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.37 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.2 Hz, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.52 (d, 1H, 3.9 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.61 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 11.7 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.64-4.71 (m, 3H, =CHCHCH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 5.70 (d, 1H, <sup>4</sup>J 1.1 Hz, =CHCl), 6.16 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.6 Hz, =CHCHCH), 6.19 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.7 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 7.30-7.37 (m, 5H,  $H_{Ar}$ );  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 3.4 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 19.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 39.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 49.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 72.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 77.1 (C, COSi), 77.4 (CH, =CHCHCH), 78.8 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 79.3 (CH, =CHCHCH), 116.2 (CH, =CHCl), 128.4 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.7 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.9 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 131.6 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 134.5 (CH, =CHCHCH), 135.1 (C, C=CHCl), 138.0 (C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for  $C_{21}H_{29}^{35}ClNaO_3Si^+$  415.1472, found 415.1485; (ES) 415 ( $[M(^{35}Cl)+Na]^+$ , 100%), 417  $([M(^{37}Cl)+Na]^+, 20\%).$ 

 $(\pm)-((1S,2R,2'S,5S)-2-Benzyloxy-4'-methyl-3'H-8-oxaspiro[bicyclo[3.2.1]oct[6]ene-3,2'-furan]-5'-yl)trimethylsilane (38) and (\pm)-(3aR,4S,7S,8aS)-3a-Benzyloxy-2-methyl-1,3a,4,7,8,8a-hexahydro-4,7-epoxyazulen-8a-ol (39).$ 



Starting from ketone **36**. To a solution of (diazomethyl)trimethylsilane (2 M in hexanes, 0.110 mL, 0.210 mmol) in THF (5.4 mL) at -78 °C was added <sup>n</sup>BuLi (1.60 M in

hexanes, 0.140 mL, 0.220 mmol) dropwise. The reaction was stirred at -78 °C for 30 min before a solution of **36** (50 mg, 0.140 mmol) in THF (1.6 mL) was added dropwise over 10 min. The resulting mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 1 h, then stirred at room temperature for

3 h, before being quenched with H<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL). The aqueous layer was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 5 mL) and the combined organics dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude reaction mixture was dissolved in THF (1.4 mL) and TBAF (1 M in THF, 0.170 mL, 0.170 mmol) added. The reaction was stirred for 18 h at room temperature before being washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 mL) and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 5 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 98:2 $\rightarrow$ 90:10) to afford **38** (22 mg, 45%) as a clear, colourless oil followed by **39** (6 mg, 15%) as a clear, colourless oil.

*From vinyl chloride* **37**. To a mixture of (**Z**)- and (**E**)-**37** (36mg, 0.090 mmol) in THF (0.7 mL) at room temperature was added NaHMDS (2 M in THF, 0.180 mL, 0.360 mmol) dropwise. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 18 h. The reaction was quenched with NH<sub>4</sub>Cl (2 mL of a saturated aqueous solution) before H<sub>2</sub>O (2 mL) and EtOAc (5 mL) were added and the layers separated. The aqueous layer was washed with EtOAc (2 x 5 mL) and CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1 x 5 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude reaction mixture was dissolved in THF (1.8 mL) and TBAF (1 M in THF, 0.110 mL, 0.110 mmol) added. The reaction was stirred for 18 h at room temperature before being washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 mL) and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 5 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and temperature before being washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 mL) and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 5 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and temperature before being washed with H<sub>2</sub>O (2 mL) and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (3 x 5 mL). The combined organics were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 98:2→90:10) to afford **38** (8 mg, 25%) as a clear, colourless oil followed by **39** (7 mg, 29%) as a clear, colourless oil.

Analytical data for **38**. R<sub>f</sub> 0.13 (petrol/EtOAc 98:2);  $v_{max}$  neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 2951, 2911, 1309, 1246, 1050, 837, 696;  $\delta_{H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 0.08 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.60 (s, 3H, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.79 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.1 Hz, J 1.5 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2eq</sub>), 1.85 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 14.1 Hz, J 3.6 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 2.23 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 15.9 Hz, <sup>4</sup>J 0.9 Hz, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.44 (dd, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 15.9 Hz, <sup>4</sup>J 1.0 Hz, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.55 (d, 1H, J 3.7 Hz, =CHCHCH), 4.52 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 12.2 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.64-4.70 (m, 3H,

=CHCHCH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 6.13 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.4 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 6.20 (dd, 1H, J 6.1, 1.4 Hz, =CHCHCH), 7.19-7.33 (m, 5H,  $H_{Ar}$ );  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) -1.3 (3 x CH<sub>3</sub>, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 12.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 41.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 51.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 72.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 78.6 (CH, =CHCHCH), 79.1 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 83.3 (CH, =CHCHCH), 84.5 (C, COCSi), 117.6 (C, C=CSi), 127.4 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 127.6 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.4 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 131.3 (CH, =CHCHCH), 133.7 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 139.3 (C, CCH<sub>Ar</sub>), 153.8 (C, C=CSi); *m/z*. HRMS (ES) calcd for  $C_{21}H_{28}NaO_3Si^+$  379.1705, found 379.1717; (ES) 379 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%), 380 ([M+Na+H]<sup>+</sup>, 46). Analytical data for **39**. R<sub>f</sub> 0.10 (petrol/EtOAc 90:10); v<sub>max</sub> neat/cm<sup>-1</sup> 3537, 2918, 1441, 1086, 1051, 886, 727, 697;  $\delta_{\rm H}$  (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 1.76 (dd, 1H,  $^{2}J$  14.2 Hz, J 4.1 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ax</sub>), 1.85 (br s, 3H, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 1.95 (dd, 1H,  $^{2}J$  14.2 Hz, J 1.1 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2ea</sub>), 2.19 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 16.2 Hz, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 2.54 (d, 1H, <sup>2</sup>J 16.2 Hz, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.08 (s, 1H, OH), 4.49 (ABq, 2H, <sup>2</sup>J 11.4 Hz, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 4.67 (dt, 1H, J 4.1, 1.1 Hz, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 4.73 (s, 1H, =CHCHC), 5.56 (m, 1H, =CH), 6.29-6.33 (m, 2H, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH), 7.27-7.36 (m, 5H,  $H_{Ar}$ );  $\delta_{C}$  (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) 18.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, =CCH<sub>3</sub>), 39.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 54.7 (CH<sub>2</sub>, =CCH<sub>2</sub>), 65.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>O), 78.1 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 78.1 (C, =CHCHC), 79.9 (CH, =CHCHC), 85.2 (C, COH), 125.7 (CH, C=CH), 127.5 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 127.7 (CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 128.6 (2 x CH, CH<sub>Ar</sub>), 131.9 (CH, =CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>), 134.5 (CH, =CHCHC), 139.3 (C,  $CCH_{Ar}$ ), 147.8 (C, C=CH); m/z HRMS (ES) calcd for  $C_{18}H_{20}NaO_3^+$  307.1310, found 307.1295; (ES) 307 ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>, 100%).

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NMR Spectra

ΗΟ ΗÒ **11a** 400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Organic & Biomolecular Chemistry This journal is C The Royal Society of Chemistry 2013


но HÓ 11b







HO HÒ 12a

400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>



HO ΗÒ 12a

100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



ΗΟ нó 12b

400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>





0 || НÒ

**13a** 400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>



0 |\ НÒ

**13a** 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>



0 НÒ

**13b** 400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>







0 тмѕо́ 14a

100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>







Ph тмѕо́

**16a** 400 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



Ph TMSÒ

**16a** 100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



Ph TMSÒ

**16b** 400 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



TMSÒ

**16b** 100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



Ph TMSÓ

**16b'** 400 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



Ph TMSÒ

**16b'** 100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



тмѕо́

**18** 400 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



TMSÓ

**18** 100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>





HO тмѕо́

**19** 400 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



HO тмѕо́

**19** 100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>





Ph НÒ

**20a** 400 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



Ph НÓ

**20a** 100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



HC

**22** 400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>



HC

**22** 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>





HO HÒ 23 400 MHz,  $CDCI_3$ 



HO 23

**23** 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>





**9a** 400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>



**9a** 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>


0

**25** 400 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>





**25** 100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>









Ph Si-O

**26** 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>









**29** 400 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>





**29** 100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



ΗΟ

**30** 400 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>





**30** 100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



9b 400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>



9b 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>



HQ НÒ

**31** 400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>



HO HO

**31** 100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>





TMSÒ 3 100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>















тмѕо́

**36** 400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>



тмѕо́

**36** 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>







C1TMSÓ

**(E)-37** 400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>



TMSÒ

**(E)-37** 100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>





тмś **38** 100 MHz, CDCI<sub>3</sub>



НÒ 39

400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>



НÒ 39

100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>

