

Electronic Supplementary Information for

**Protecting Group Free Synthesis of Urea-linked Glycoconjugates:
Efficient Synthesis of β -Urea glycosides in Aqueous Solution**

**Yoshiyasu Ichikawa,^{*a} Takahiro Minami, Shohei Kusaba, Nobuyoshi Saeki, Yuta Tonegawa,
Yumiko Tomita, Keiji Nakano,^a Hiyoshizo Kotsuki^a, and Toshiya Masuda,^b**

^aFaculty of Science, Kochi University, Akebono-cho, Kochi 780-8520, Japan

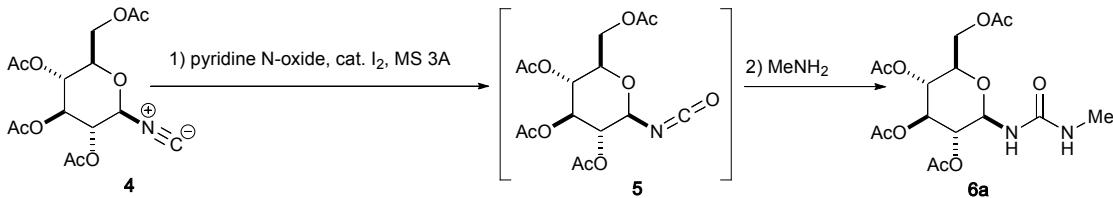
[†]Faculty of Integrated Arts and Sciences, University of Tokushima, Tokushima 770-8502, Japan

Tel: +81-88-844-8292, FAX: +81-88-844-8359

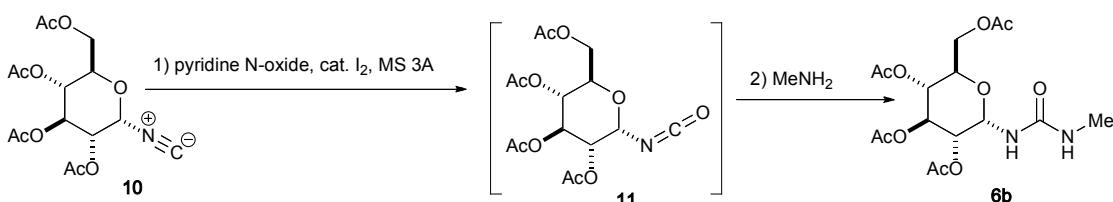
E-mail: ichikawa@kochi-u.ac.jp

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General: Melting points (Mp) were recorded on a Yanaco MP-S3 melting point apparatus and were not corrected. Optical rotations were measured on a JASCO DIP-370 digital polarimeter. Infrared spectra (IR) were recorded on a JASCO FT/IR-460 spectrophotometer and were reported in wave number (cm^{-1}). Proton nuclear magnetic resonance (^1H NMR) spectra were recorded on JEOL LA 400 (400 MHz) spectrometers and JEOL LA 500 (500 MHz) spectrometers. Chemical shifts (δ) were reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to tetramethylsilane (TMS, δ 0.00, in CDCl_3), CD_3OD (δ 3.31), DOH (δ 4.80) as internal standards. Coupling constants (J) are given in Hz. Data were reported as follows: chemical shift, integration, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, quint = quintet, br = broadened), coupling constant and assignment. Carbon nuclear magnetic resonance (^{13}C NMR) spectra were recorded on JEOL LA 400 (100 MHz) spectrometers and JEOL LA 500 (125 MHz) spectrometers. Chemical shifts (δ) were reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to CDCl_3 (δ 77.0), CD_3OD (δ 49.9), DMSO (δ 40.5), and 1,4-dioxane (δ 67.19 in D_2O) as internal standards. Reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography on glass plates 0.25 mm coated with silica gel 60 F₂₅₄ (MERCK 1.05715). Open-column chromatography was carried out with Silica gel 60 (particle size 0.063-0.200 mm, 70-230 mesh ASTM). Reactions were run under atmosphere of argon when the reactions were sensitive to moisture or oxygen. Dichloromethane, acetonitrile and toluene were stored over molecular sieves 3A. All other commercially available reagents were used as received.

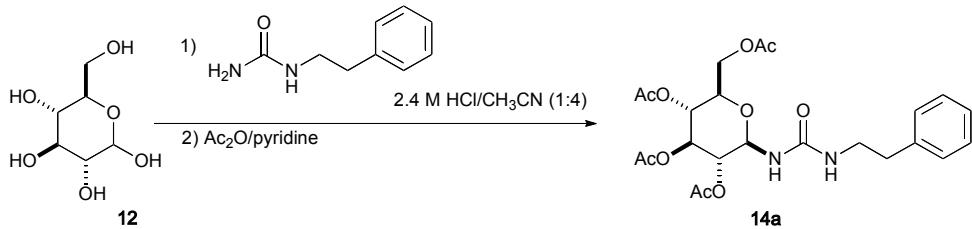


To a solution of pyridine *N*-oxide (16 mg, 0.17 mmol) and powdered molecular sieves 3A (60 mg) in acetonitrile (1.0 mL) under argon atmosphere was added glucosyl isonitrile **4** (20 mg, 0.056 mmol) and iodine (1.0 mg, 7.0 mol%). After being stirred at room temperature for 10 min, several drops of a solution methylamine in CH₂Cl₂ (prepared by extracting commercially available 40% aqueous methylamine with CH₂Cl₂ followed by drying on Na₂SO₄) was added. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min, and then filtered on Super Cell. The filtrate was poured into saturated aqueous NaHSO₃ solution, and aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (AcOEt) to afford *N*-methyl glucosylurea **6a** (21 mg, 90%) as a white solid: Mp 195–196 °C; [α]_D²⁵ = +2.88 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.76 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 3H), 3.83 (ddd, *J* = 9.5, 4.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.72 (q, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.56, 20.71, 20.74, 26.9, 61.9, 68.3, 70.4, 72.8, 73.0, 80.1, 157.1, 169.6, 169.9, 170.6, 170.9.



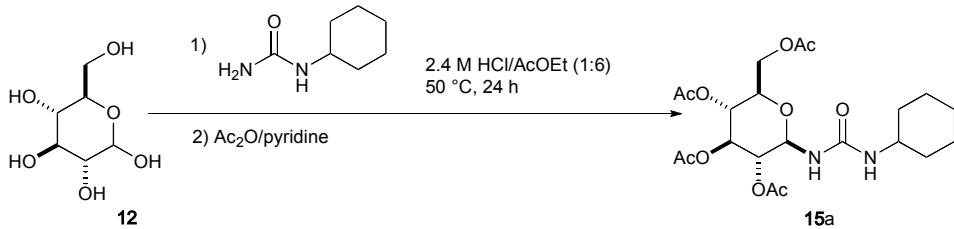
To a solution of pyridine *N*-oxide (16 mg, 0.17 mmol) and powdered molecular sieves 3A (60 mg) in acetonitrile (1.0 mL) under argon atmosphere was added glucosyl isonitrile **10** (20 mg, 0.056 mmol) and iodine (1.0 mg, 7.0 mol%). After

being stirred at room temperature for 10 min, several drops of a solution methylamine in CH_2Cl_2 was added. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min, and then filtered on Super Cell. The filtrate was poured into saturated aqueous NaHSO_3 solution, and aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt . The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (AcOEt) to afford *N*-methyl glucosylurea **6b** (21 mg, 90%) as a white solid: Mp 204 °C (dec); $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +134.3$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl_3); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3402, 3352, 2973, 2973, 2955, 2519, 2361, 1755 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 2.82 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 3H), 4.10–4.15 (2H), 4.21 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (t, *J* = 10.0, 1H), 5.07 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 5.32–5.37 (1H), 5.42 (t, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H); ^1H NMR (CD_3OD , 500 MHz) δ 2.00 (s, 6H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 3.89 (ddd, *J* = 10.0, 4.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 4.5, 1H), 5.01 (t, *J* = 10.0, 1H), 5.01 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.45 (t, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.70 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) δ 20.5, 20.6, 26.7, 61.7, 66.9, 68.3, 68.9, 69.9, 76.6, 158.3, 169.2, 169.3, 170.1, 170.5. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_{10}$: C, 47.52; H, 5.98; N, 6.93. Found: C, 47.43; H, 5.94; N, 6.78.



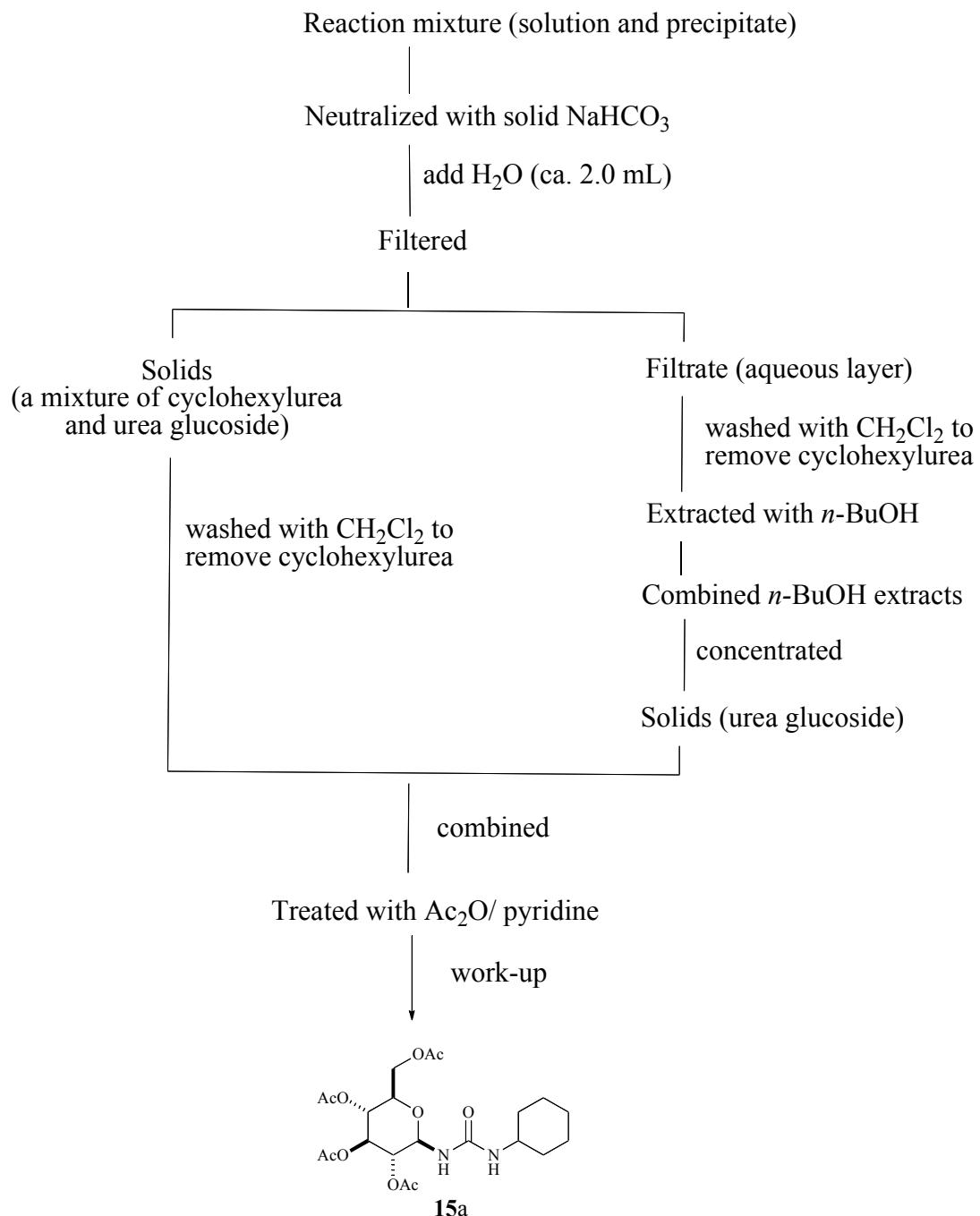
A solution of D-glucose **12** (300 mg, 1.67 mmol) and phenethylurea (547 mg, 3.33 mmol) in a mixture of CH₃CN (1.0 mL) and 2.4 N HCl (0.25 mL) was stirred at 50 °C for 1 day, and then was neutralized with solid NaHCO₃. The resulting reaction mixture was diluted with H₂O (ca. 2.0 mL) and washed with CH₂Cl₂. The separated aqueous layer was extracted with *n*-BuOH. The combined organic extracts were concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the solids.

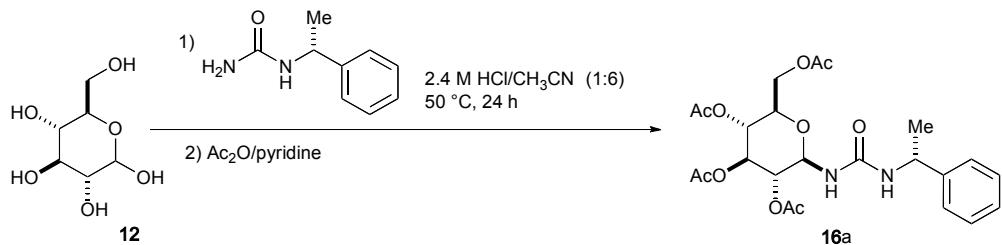
The resulting crude product was dissolved in a mixture of pyridine (10 mL) and Ac₂O (5.0 mL). The solution was stirred at 50 °C for 3 hours, and diluted with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The separated aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (2:1 AcOEt/hexane) to afford phenetyl glucosylurea **14a** (520 mg, 63%, $\beta:\alpha = 90:10$) as a white solid: Mp 58–59 °C (recrystallized from AcOEt/hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{26} = -1.11$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3367, 3028, 2942, 2358, 2338, 1750 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 2.01 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.75–2.85 (m, 2H), 3.38–3.50 (m, 2H), 3.79 (ddd, *J* = 10.5, 4.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H) 5.30 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 7.16–7.31 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.39, 20.49, 20.62, 20.94, 35.9, 41.4, 60.3, 61.7, 68.2, 70.4, 72.9, 80.0, 126.3, 128.4, 128.6, 138.7, 156.3, 169.5, 169.7, 170.5, 170.7; Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₃₀N₂O₁₀: C, 55.86; H, 6.12; N, 5.67. Found: C, 55.71; H, 5.99; N, 5.62.



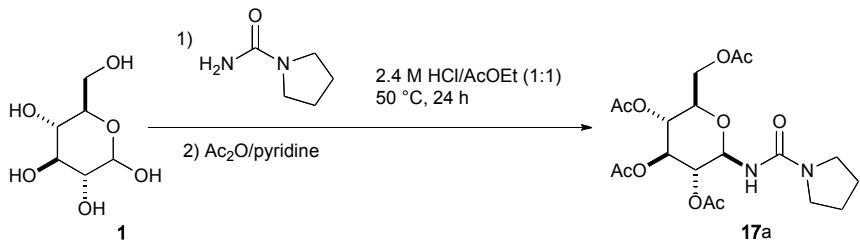
A solution of D-glucose **12** (300 mg, 1.67 mmol) and cyclohexylurea (474 mg, 3.33 mmol) in a mixture of AcOEt (1.5 mL) and 2.4 N HCl (0.25 mL) was stirred at 50 °C for 1 day. The reaction mixture was neutralized with solid NaHCO₃, diluted with H₂O (ca. 2.0 mL) and filtered to afford an aqueous filtrate and a solid. This solid, comprising urea glycoside and cyclohexylurea, was washed with CH₂Cl₂ to remove cyclohexylurea. The aqueous filtrate was washed with CH₂Cl₂ to remove cyclohexylurea and then extracted with *n*-BuOH. The combined *n*-BuOH extracts were concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude urea glycoside. The two solids of crude urea glycoside were combined and dissolved in a mixture of pyridine (10 ml) and Ac₂O (5.0 ml). The resulting solution was stirred at 50 °C for 3 hours, and then treated with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The separated aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O, and the combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (1:1 AcOEt/hexane) to afford cyclohexyl glucosylurea **15a** (537 mg, 68%, $\beta:\alpha \geq 98:2$) as a white solid; Mp 78–79 °C (recrystallized from AcOEt/hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -1.24$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3361, 2935, 2856, 2359, 1753 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.03–1.20, 1.28–1.38, 1.56–1.62, 1.65–1.72, 1.86–1.92 (10H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 3.44–3.53 (1H), 3.82 (ddd, *J* = 10.0, 4.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.44, 20.47, 20.6, 24.7, 25.4, 33.43, 33.45, 48.9, 61.8, 68.3, 70.4, 72.9, 80.0, 155.7, 169.5, 169.8, 170.6, 170.7. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₁H₃₃N₂O₁₀ [M+H]⁺ 473.2155, found 473.2141; m/z calcd for C₂₁H₃₂N₂O₁₀Na [M+Na]⁺ 495.1955, found 495.1934.

Process for the work-up of cyclohexylurea glucoside (**15a**)

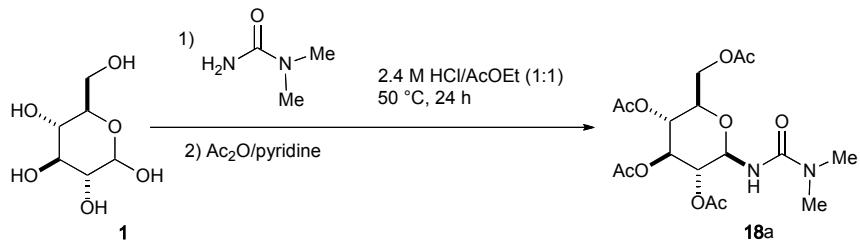




A solution of D-glucose **12** (300 mg, 1.67 mmol) and (*R*)-methylbenzylurea (546 mg, 3.33 mmol) in a mixture of CH₃CN (1.5 mL) and 2.4 N HCl (0.25 mL) was stirred at 50 °C for 1 day. The reaction mixture was neutralized with solid NaHCO₃, diluted with H₂O (ca. 2.0 mL) and filtered to afford an aqueous filtrate and a solid. This solid, comprising urea glycoside and (*R*)-methylbenzylurea, was washed with CH₂Cl₂ to remove (*R*)-methylbenzylurea. The aqueous filtrate was washed with CH₂Cl₂ to remove (*R*)-methylbenzylurea and then extracted with *n*-BuOH. The combined *n*-BuOH extracts were concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude urea glycoside. The two solids of crude urea glycoside were combined and dissolved in a mixture of pyridine (10 ml) and Ac₂O (5.0 ml). The resulting solution was stirred at 50 °C for 3 hours, and then treated with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The separated aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O, and the combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (2:3 AcOEt/hexane) to afford (*R*)-methylbenzylurea glucoside **16a** (594 mg, 72%, β:α ≥ 98:2) as a white solid; Mp 132–133 °C (recrystallized from AcOEt/hexane); [α]_D²⁴ = +2.76 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3361, 3061, 3030, 2971, 2359, 2341, 1752 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.45 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H) 1.97 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 3.75 (ddd, *J* = 10.0, 4.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.03 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.79–4.86 (br, 1H), 4.86 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H) 5.26 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 7.23–7.35 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.47, 20.48, 20.54, 20.59, 22.9, 49.7, 61.7, 68.2, 70.3, 72.9, 73.0, 79.9, 125.7, 127.2, 128.5, 143.5, 155.8, 169.6, 169.8, 170.57, 170.63. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₃H₃₁N₂O₁₀ [M+H]⁺ 495.1979, found 495.1991, m/z calcd for C₂₃H₃₁N₂O₁₀Na [M+Na]⁺ 517.1798, found 517.1790.

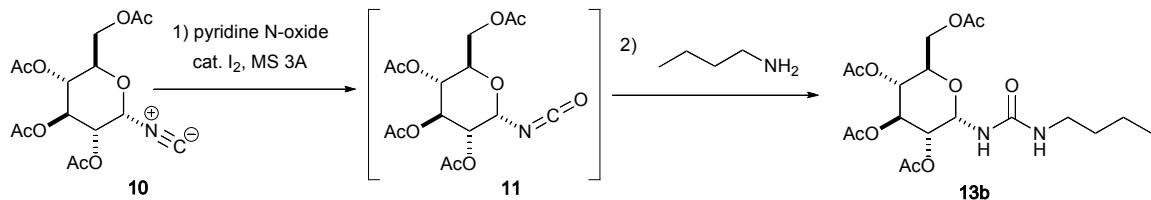


A solution of D-glucose **12** (300 mg, 1.67 mmol) and pyrrolidine urea (1.90 g, 16.7 mmol) dissolved in AcOEt (2.0 mL) and 2.4 N HCl (2.0 mL) was stirred at 50 °C for 1 day. The solution was neutralized with solid NaHCO₃, diluted with H₂O (ca. 2.0 mL) and filtered to afford an aqueous filtrate and a solid. The separated aqueous filtrate was washed with CH₂Cl₂ to remove excess pyrrolidine urea and then extracted with *n*-BuOH. The combined *n*-BuOH layer was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude solids, which were dissolved in pyridine (10 mL) and Ac₂O (5.0 mL). The solution was stirred at 50 °C for 3 hours, and then treated with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The separated aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O, and the combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (AcOEt) to afford pyrrolidine urea glucoside **17a** (303 mg, 40%, $\beta:\alpha = 95:5$) as a white solid; Mp 184–185 °C (recrystallized from AcOEt/hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -2.20$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3361, 2935, 2856, 2359, 1753 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.85–1.93 (4H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 3.18–3.39 (4H), 3.83 (ddd, *J* = 10.5, 4.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.4, 20.6, 20.7, 20.8, 25.2, 45.2, 61.5, 68.1, 70.5, 72.6, 72.8, 80.1, 154.3, 169.4, 169.6, 170.4, 171.1. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₉H₂₉N₂O₁₀ [M+H]⁺ 445.1822, found 445.1815; m/z calcd for C₁₉H₂₈N₂O₁₀Na [M+Na]⁺ 467.1642, found 462.1619.

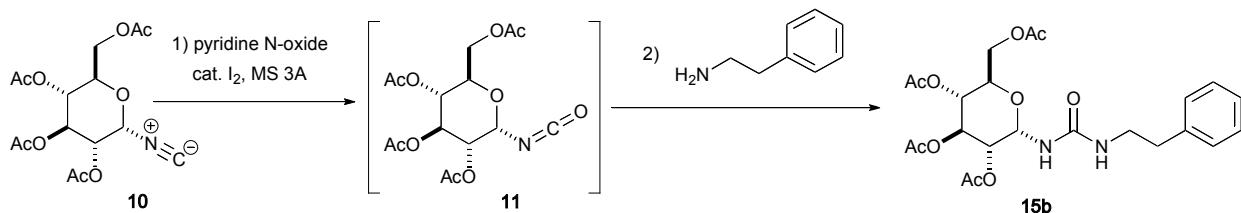


To a mixture of D-glucose **12** (300 mg, 1.67 mmol) and *N,N*-dimethyl urea (1.47 g, 16.7 mmol) in AcOEt (1.5 mL) was added 2.4 N HCl (1.5 mL). After being stirred at 50 °C for 1 day. The solution was neutralized with solid NaHCO₃, diluted with H₂O (ca. 2.0 mL) and washed with CH₂Cl₂. The separated aqueous layer was extracted with *n*-BuOH, and the combined *n*-BuOH layer was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude solids, which were dissolved in a mixture of pyridine (10 mL) and Ac₂O (5.0 mL). After stirring at 50 °C for 3 hours, the resulting reaction mixture was diluted with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ and extracted with Et₂O. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (AcOEt) to afford *N,N*-dimethyl glucosylurea **18a** (356 mg, 51%, $\beta:\alpha = 97:3$) as a white solid; Mp 165–166 °C (recrystallized from AcOEt/hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -0.82$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3407, 2945, 2359, 1749, 1661 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.87 (s, 6H), 3.83 (ddd, *J* = 10.0, 4.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.92 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.47 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.3, 20.4, 20.5, 35.7, 61.4, 68.0, 70.5, 72.6, 72.7, 80.3, 156.1, 169.3, 169.5, 170.3, 171.0.

Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₆N₂O₁₀: C, 48.80; H, 6.26; N, 6.70. Found: C, 48.84; H, 6.19; N, 6.69.

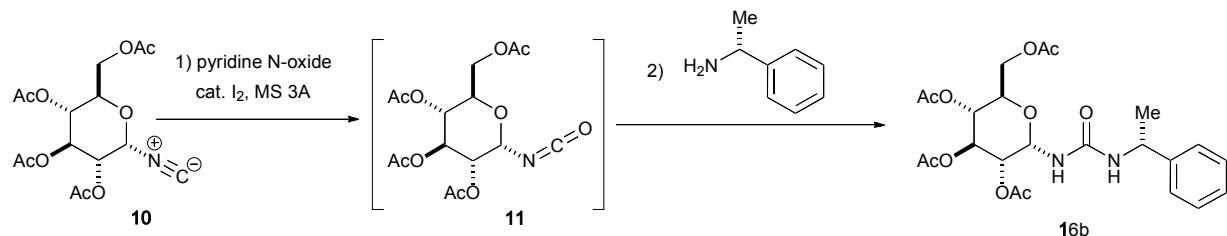


To a solution of pyridine *N*-oxide (16 mg, 0.17 mmol) and powdered molecular sieves 3A (60 mg) in acetonitrile (1.0 mL) under argon atmosphere was added glucosyl isonitrile **10** (20 mg, 0.056 mmol) and iodine (1.0 mg, 7.0 mol%). After being stirred at room temperature for 10 min, *n*-butylamine (0.017 mg, 0.17 mmol) was added. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min, and then filtered on Super Cell. The filtrate was poured into saturated aqueous NaHSO₃ solution, and aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (2:1 AcOEt/hexane) to afford *n*-butylurea glucoside **13b** (22 mg, 88%) as a white solid; Mp 154–155 °C; [α]_D²⁴ = +129.7 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3370, 3287, 2962, 2875, 1746 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 1.35 (sept, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.50 (quint, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 3.17–3.29 (m, 2H), 4.10 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12–4.16 (m, 1H), 4.23 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (t, *J* = 10.0, 1H), 5.07 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 5.30–5.33 (1H), 5.32 (t, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.40 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 3.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 13.7, 19.9, 20.51, 20.56, 20.66, 32.0, 39.9, 61.7, 66.9, 68.1, 68.8, 69.7, 157.5, 169.2, 169.3, 169.9, 170.4. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₉H₃₀N₂O₁₀Na [M+Na]⁺ 469.1798, found 469.1787.



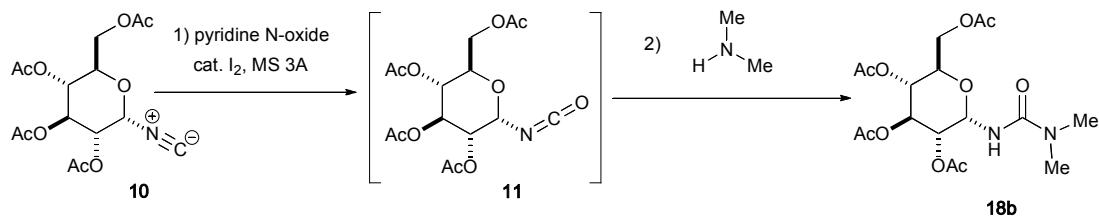
To a solution of pyridine *N*-oxide (16 mg, 0.17 mmol) and powdered molecular sieves 3A (60 mg) in acetonitrile (1.0 mL) under argon atmosphere was added glucosyl isonitrile **10** (20 mg, 0.056 mmol) and iodine (1.0 mg, 7.0 mol%). After

being stirred at room temperature for 10 min, phenethylamine (0.022 mg, 0.17 mmol) was added. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min, and then filtered on Super Cell. The filtrate was poured into saturated aqueous NaHSO₃ solution, and aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (2:1 AcOEt/hexane) to afford phenethylurea glucoside **15b** (25 mg, 87%) as a white solid; Mp 154–155 °C; [α]_D²⁵ = +130.4 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3396, 3280, 3084, 3063, 3028, 2952, 2891, 2362, 2344, 1742 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 2.01 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.81 (quint, *J* = 14.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.87 (quint, *J* = 14.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.44–3.54 (m, 2H), 3.73 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.01 (ddd, *J* = 10.5, 4.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (t, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (t, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.30–5.33 (1H), 5.34 (dd, *J* = 5.5, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.17–7.32 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.43, 20.47, 20.58, 35.8, 41.3, 61.4, 66.7, 67.9, 68.7, 69.7, 76.9, 126.4, 128.4, 128.5, 138.6, 157.5, 169.1, 169.2, 169.9, 170.3. Anal. Calcd for C₂₃H₃₀N₂O₁₀: C, 55.86; H, 6.12; N, 5.67. Found: C, 55.60; H, 5.86; N, 5.67.



To a solution of pyridine *N*-oxide (16 mg, 0.17 mmol) and powdered molecular sieves 3A (60 mg) in acetonitrile (1.0 mL) under argon atmosphere was added glucosyl isonitrile **10** (20 mg, 0.056 mmol) and iodine (1.0 mg, 7.0 mol%). After being stirred at room temperature for 10 min, (*R*)-methylbenzyl amine (0.022 mg, 0.17 mmol) was added. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min, and then filtered on Super Cell. The filtrate was poured into saturated aqueous NaHSO₃ solution, and aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and

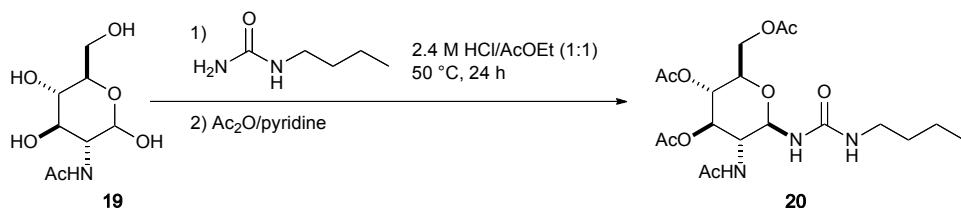
then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (2:3 AcOEt/hexane) to afford (*R*)-methylbenzyl glucosylurea **16b** (21 mg, 77%) as a white solid; Mp 118–119 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = +1.13$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3480, 3086, 3062, 3030, 2977, 2937, 2901, 2875, 2728, 2480, 2405, 2263, 2121, 1750 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.49 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.91 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 6H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 3.90 (brd, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 4.16 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.92–4.97 (br, 1H), 5.02 (t, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (dd, *J* = 9.0, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 5.23–5.29 (br, 1H), 5.49 (t, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H) 5.57 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.24–7.36 (m, 5H); ¹H NMR (CD₃OD, 500 MHz) δ 1.43 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H) 1.90 (s, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 3.85–3.93 (br, 1H), 4.04 (brd, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.80–4.85 (br, 1H), 4.99 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (t, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.40 (t, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.19–7.33 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.5, 22.7, 49.7, 61.4, 66.9, 68.0, 68.7, 69.8, 125.7, 127.3, 128.7, 143.7, 156.6, 169.2, 169.3, 170.0, 170.5. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₃H₃₁N₂O₁₀ [M+H]⁺ 495.1979, found 495.2000; m/z calcd for C₂₃H₃₁N₂O₁₀Na [M+Na]⁺ 517.1798, found 517.1798.



To a solution of pyridine *N*-oxide (16 mg, 0.17 mmol) and powdered molecular sieves 3A (60 mg) in acetonitrile (1.0 mL) under argon atmosphere was added glucosyl isonitrile **10** (20 mg, 0.056 mmol) and iodine (1.0 mg, 7.0 mol%). After being stirred at room temperature for 10 min, several drops of a solution *N,N*-dimethyl amine in CH₂Cl₂ (prepared by extraction of 40% aqueous methylamine with CH₂Cl₂ followed by drying on Na₂SO₄) was added. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min, and then filtered on Super Cell. The filtrate was poured into saturated aqueous NaHSO₃ solution, and aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting

residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (AcOEt) to afford *N,N*-dimethyl glucosylurea **18b** (19 mg, 81%) as a white solid; Mp 69–70 °C (recrystallized from AcOEt/hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{24} = +73.9$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3416, 2961, 1752 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 6H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.98 (s, 6H), 4.00 (ddd, *J* = 9.5, 3.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (dd, *J* = 9.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.54, 20.56, 20.58, 20.7, 36.2, 61.6, 67.0, 68.4, 70.3, 76.0, 156.6, 168.8, 169.3, 170.3, 170.7. Anal. Calcd for C₁₇H₂₆N₂O₁₀: C, 48.80; H, 6.26; N, 6.70. Found: C, 48.68; H, 6.12; N, 6.66.

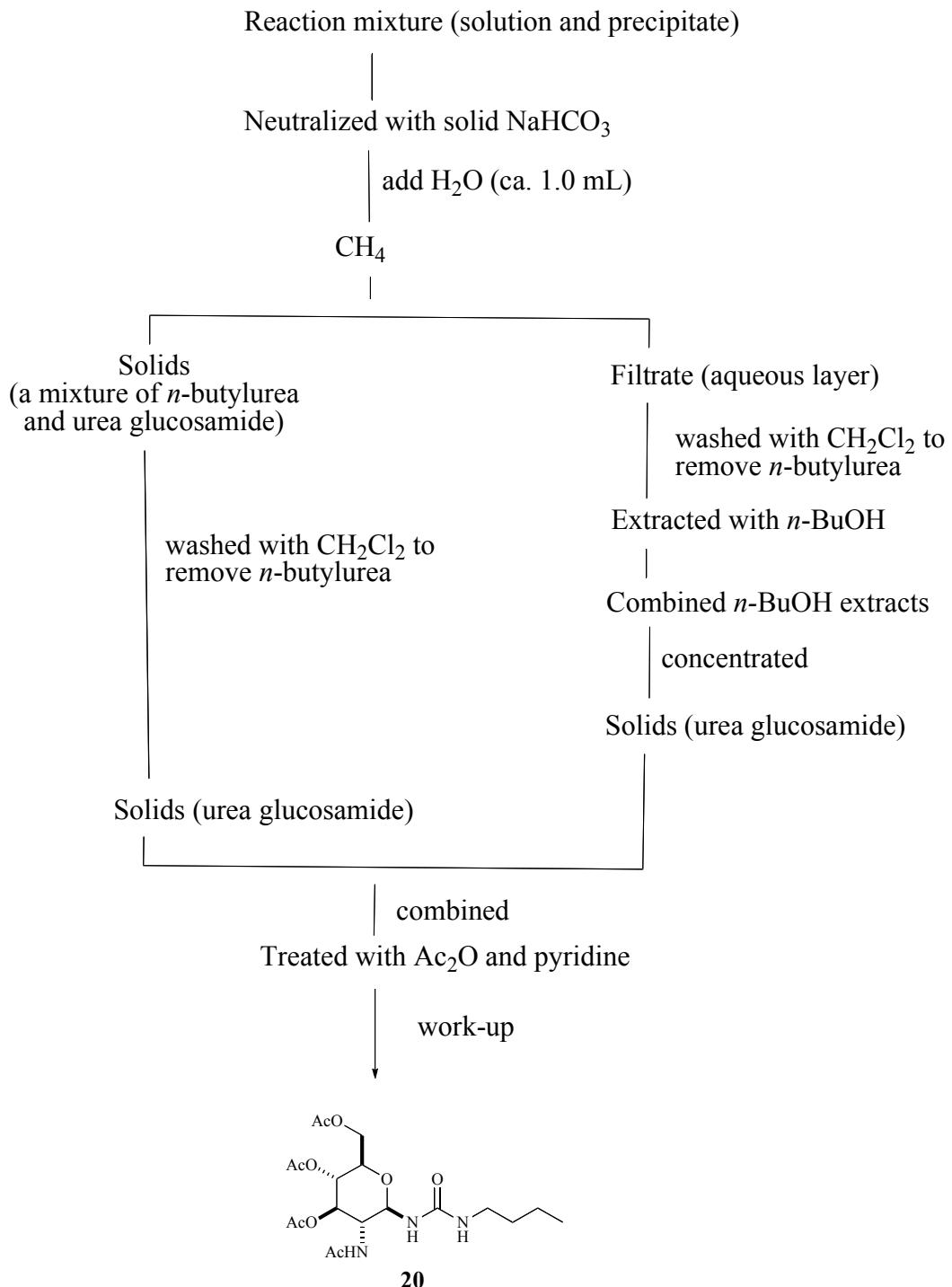
General Method A for the synthesis of β -urea glucosamides starting from N-acetyl-D-glucosamine (**19**)

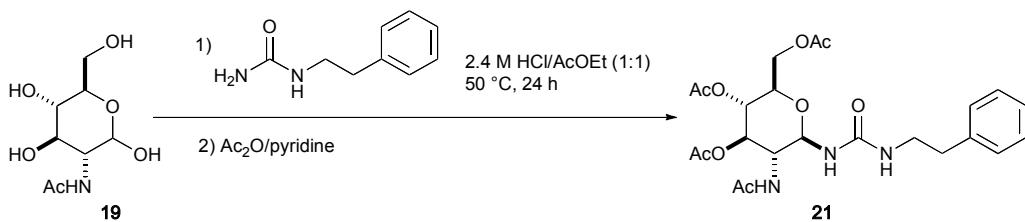


A solution of *n*-butylurea (879 mg, 7.56 mmol) dissolved in a mixture of AcOEt (1.00 mL) and 2.4 N HCl (1.0 mL) was stirred at 50 °C for 10 min to result in a clear homogeneous solution. To this solution was added *N*-acetyl-D-glucosamine **19** (335 mg, 1.51 mmol) dissolved in 2.4 N HCl (0.50 mL), and the reaction mixture was heated at 50 °C for one day. The solution was treated with solid NaHCO₃ (500 mg) and water (1.0 mL), and filtered to afford an aqueous filtrate and a solid. The solid, comprising *n*-butylurea glycoside and *n*-butylurea, was washed with CH₂Cl₂ to remove *n*-butylurea. The aqueous filtrate was washed with CH₂Cl₂ (\times 4) and then extracted with *n*-BuOH (\times 6). The combined *n*-BuOH extracts were concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude *n*-butylurea glycoside. The resulting two portions of crude *n*-butylurea glycoside were combined and dissolved in a mixture of pyridine (10 mL) and Ac₂O (5.0 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours, and then poured into water. After stirring for 30 minutes, the aqueous solution was extracted with AcOEt (\times 4). The combined extracts were washed with 1M aqueous KHSO₄, water and saturated aqueous NaHCO₃, dried (Na₂SO₄) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting solid (397 mg) was purified by recrystallization from hot AcOEt and hexane (55 mL AcOEt and 6 mL hexane, 1st crops, 171 mg; 27 mL AcOEt and 5 mL hexane, 2nd crops 64 mg). The residue obtained after recrystallization was purified by silica gel chromatography (25:1 CH₂Cl₂/ MeOH) to afford additional *n*-butylurea glycoside (97 mg, combined yield, 332 mg, 49%); Mp

154–155 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25} -11.9$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{\max} 3330, 1747, 1653, 1568, 1242 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 1.26–1.36 (m, 2H), 1.40–1.50 (m, 2H), 1.88 (s, 1H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 3.07–3.19 (m, 2H), 3.77 (ddd, *J* = 9.0, 4.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (t, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.03–5.14 (m, 3H), 5.98 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 13.7, 19.9, 20.62, 20.73, 20.79, 23.2, 31.9, 40.0, 53.4, 61.9, 67.9, 73.0, 73.1, 81.8, 156.7, 169.3, 170.7, 171.6, 171.9. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₉H₃₁N₃O₉Na [M+Na]⁺ 468.1958, found 468.1952.

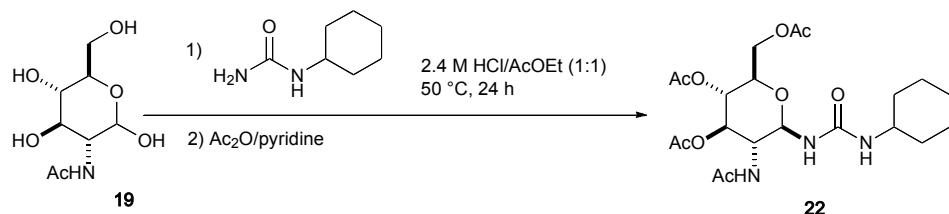
Work-up process of *n*-butylurea glucosamide (**20**)





N-Acetyl-D-glucosamine **19** (335 mg, 1.51 mmol) was transformed into phenylethylurea glucosamide **21** (333 mg, 45%) by employing Method A starting β -phenylethylurea (1.20 g, 7.56 mmol), AcOEt (1.00 mL) and 2.4 N HCl (1.0 mL), pyridine (10 mL) and Ac₂O (5.0 mL); Mp 246 °C (dec.); $[\alpha]_D^{25} -10.5$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3333, 1747, 1653, 1567, 1238 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.91 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 1H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.72–2.80 (m, 2H), 3.30–3.45 (m, 2H), 3.76 (br, 1H), 4.07 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 5.02–5.14 (m, 3H), 6.05 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.41 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.13–7.23 (m, 3H), 7.25–7.30 (m, 3H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.6, 20.72, 20.79, 23.1, 36.1, 41.5, 53.4, 61.8, 67.9, 73.06, 73.11, 81.7, 126.4, 128.53, 128.69, 138.7, 156.7, 169.3, 170.7, 171.63, 171.89. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₃H₃₂N₃O₉ [M+H]⁺ 494.2139, found 494.2136; m/z calcd for C₂₃H₃₁N₃O₉Na [M+Na]⁺ 516.1958, found 516.1953.

General Method B for the synthesis of β -urea glucosamides starting from N-acetyl-D-glucosamine (**19**)

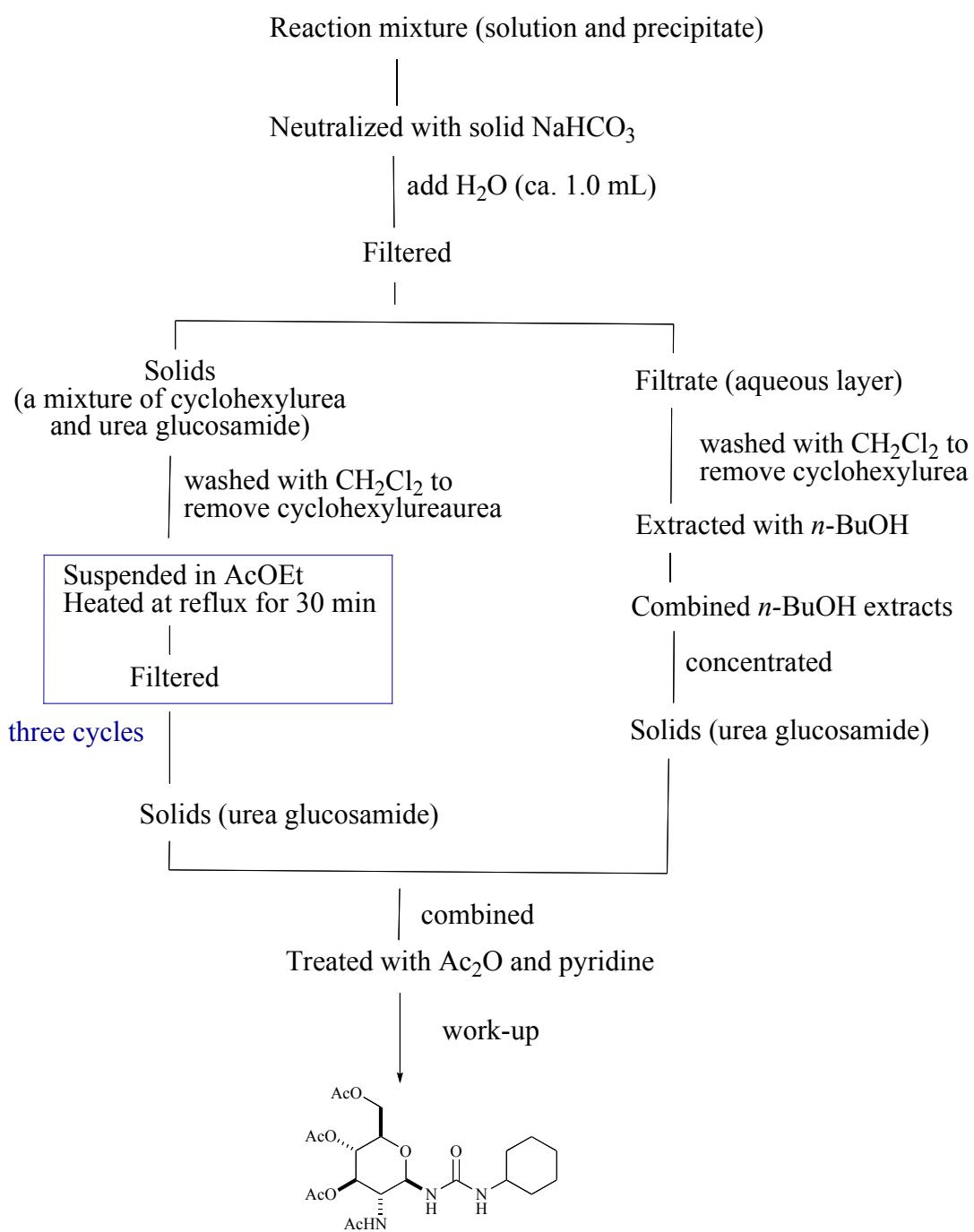


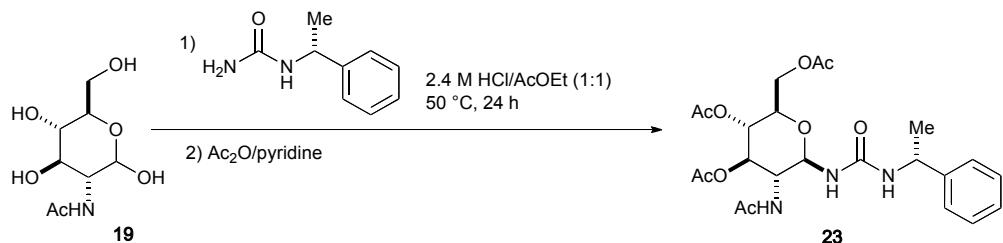
A solution of cyclohexylurea (1.10 g, 7.56 mmol) dissolved in a mixture of AcOEt (1.00 mL) and 2.4 N HCl (0.50 mL) was stirred at 50 °C for 30 min to result in a clear homogeneous solution. To this solution was added *N*-acetyl-D-glucosamine **19** (335 mg, 1.51 mmol) dissolved in 2.4 N HCl (0.50 mL), and the reaction mixture was heated at 50 °C for one day. The solution was treated with solid NaHCO₃ (500 mg) and water (1.0 mL), and filtered to afford an aqueous filtrate and a solid. This solid, comprising urea glycoside and cyclohexylurea, was washed with CH₂Cl₂, and suspended in AcOEt (50 mL). The suspension was heated at refluxed for 30 min, and filtered. This procedure was repeated more two times to remove cyclohexylurea, giving crude urea glycoside. The aqueous filtrate was washed with CH₂Cl₂ ($\times 4$) and then extracted with *n*-BuOH ($\times 6$). The combined *n*-BuOH extracts were concentrated under reduced pressure to afford crude urea glycoside.

The two portions of crude urea glycoside were combined and dissolved in a mixture of pyridine (10 mL) and Ac₂O (5.0 mL). The resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 12 hours, and then poured into water. After stirring for 30 minutes, the aqueous solution was extracted with AcOEt ($\times 4$). The combined extracts were washed with 1M aqueous KHSO₄, water and saturated aqueous NaHCO₃, dried (Na₂SO₄) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting solid (1.56 g) was purified by recrystallization from hot AcOEt (200 mL AcOEt, 1st crops, 353 mg; 200 mL AcOEt, 2nd crops 50 mg; 70 mL AcOEt, third crops 6

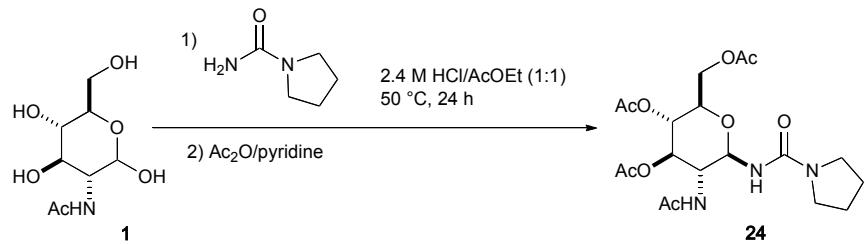
mg) to afford cyclohexylurea glucosamide **22** (combined yield, 409 mg, 57%): Mp 277 °C (dec.); $[\alpha]_D^{25} -9.3$ (*c* 0.25, CHCl_3); IR (KBr) ν_{\max} 3327, 1747, 1650, 1564, 1234 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 1.00–1.20 (m, 3H), 1.23–1.39 (m, 2H), 1.59 (br, 1H), 1.68 (br, 1H), 1.77 (s, 3H), 1.88 (br, 2H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 3.49 (br, 1H), 3.76 (ddd, *J* = 10.0, 4.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.05–4.15 (m, 2H), 4.31 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 5.86 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) δ 20.6, 20.7, 20.8, 23.2, 24.8, 25.4, 33.7, 53.6, 61.8, 67.7, 73.1, 82.2, 155.7, 169.3, 170.7, 171.8, 172.0. Anal. Calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{33}\text{N}_3\text{O}_9$: C, 53.49; H, 7.05; N, 8.91. Found: C, 53.19; H, 7.18; N, 8.76. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_3\text{O}_9$ [$\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 472.2295, found 472.2299; m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{33}\text{N}_3\text{O}_9\text{Na}$ [$\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 494.2114, found 494.2122.

Work-up process of cyclohexylurea glucosamide (**22**)



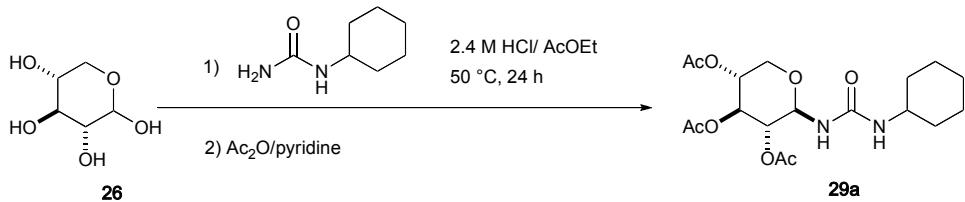


N-Acetyl-D-glucosamine **19** (335 mg, 1.51 mmol) was transformed into (*R*)- α -methylbenzylurea glycosamide **23** a white solid (361 mg, 48%) by employing Method A starting from (*R*)- α -methylbenzylurea (1.24 g, 7.56 mmol), AcOEt (1.50 mL), 2.4 N HCl (1.5 mL), pyridine (10 mL) and Ac₂O (5.0 mL); Mp 270 °C (dec.); [α]_D²⁵ +13.4 (c 0.50, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3333, 3276, 1743, 1650, 1566, 1234 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.44 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 1H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 3.71 (ddd, *J* = 9.5, 3.5, 2.0, 1H), 4.04 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (br, 1H), 4.98–5.07 (m, 3H), 5.11 (t, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21–7.34 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.24, 20.73, 20.79, 22.8, 23.2, 49.8, 53.5, 61.8, 67.6, 73.07, 73.11, 82.3, 125.9, 127.2, 128.6, 148.5, 155.9, 169.2, 170.7, 171.8, 172.0. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₃H₃₂N₃O₉ [M+H]⁺ 494.2139, found 494.2133; m/z calcd for C₂₃H₃₁N₃O₉Na [M+Na]⁺ 516.1958, found 516.1960.



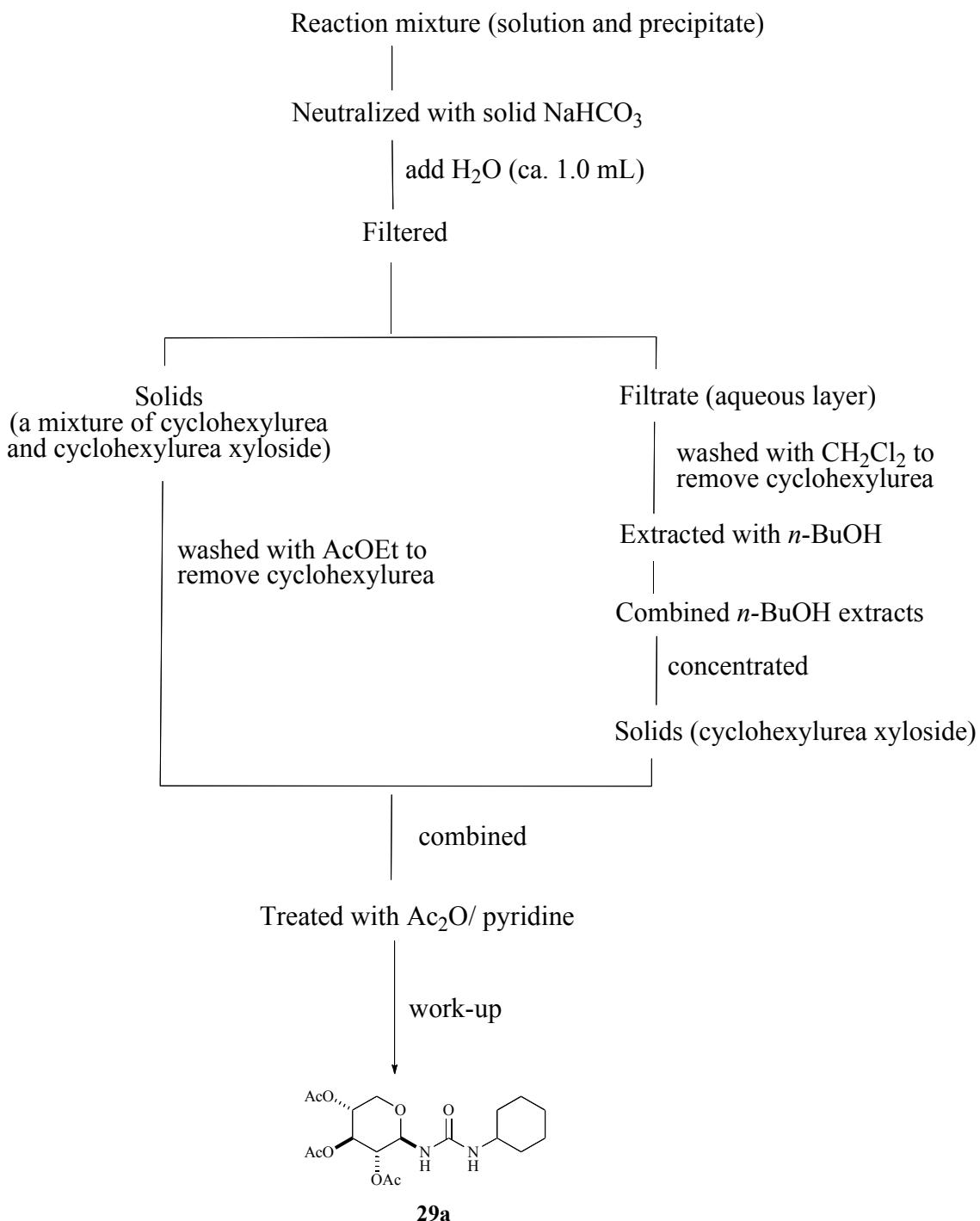
N-Acetyl-D-glucosamine **19** (335 mg, 1.51 mmol) was transformed into pyrrolidineurea glucosamide **24** as a white solid (34 mg, 5%) by employing Method B starting from pyrrolidineurea (864 mg, 7.56 mmol), AcOEt (1.0 mL), 2.4 N HCl (1.0) , pyridine (10 mL) and Ac₂O (5.0 mL); Mp 181–182 °C; [α]_D²⁵ –22.8 (c 0.77, CHCl₃); IR (KBr or NaCl) ν_{max} 3379, 3298, 2958, 1748, 1649, 1523, 1243 cm^{–1}; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.80 (br, 4H), 1.81 (s, 3H), 1.90 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 3.26 (br, 4H), 3.71 (br, 1H), 4.02 (dd, *J* = 13.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (q, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (dd, *J* = 13.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.95–5.04 (m, 2H), 5.07 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.99 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.18 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.6, 20.7, 20.8, 23.2, 25.3, 45.4, 53.4, 61.8, 67.7, 72.8, 73.0, 82.2, 155.0, 169.2, 170.7, 171.9, 172.0. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₉H₃₀N₃O₉ [M+H]⁺ 444.1982, found 444.1983; m/z calcd for C₁₉H₂₉N₃O₉Na [M+Na]⁺ 466.1801, found 466.1796.

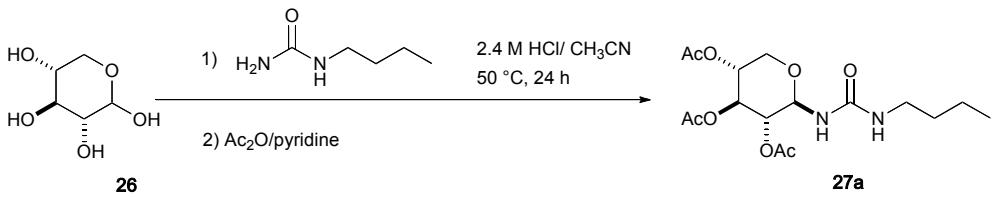
General method for the synthesis of urea xyloside starting from D-xylose (26)



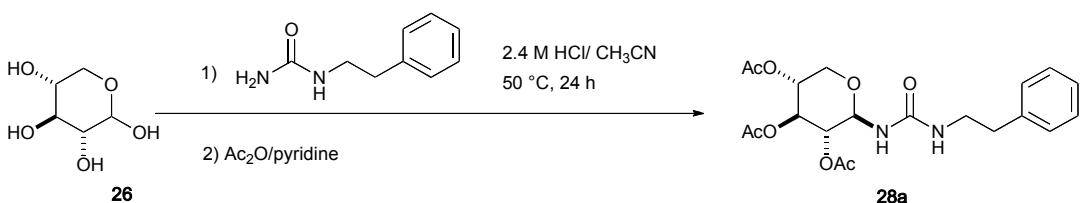
A solution of D-xylose (**26**) (300 mg, 2.00 mmol) and cyclohexylurea (570 mg, 3.99 mmol) in a mixture of AcOEt (1.80 mL) and 2.4 N HCl (0.30 mL) was stirred at 50 °C for 1 day. The precipitate, containing a mixture of urea xyloside and cyclohexylurea, was filtered, and washed with AcOEt to afford urea xyloside as a solid. The filtrate was neutralized with solid sodium bicarbonate, diluted with H₂O (1.0 mL), washed with CH₂Cl₂ and extracted with *n*-BuOH. The *n*-BuOH extracts were concentrated to afford urea xyloside as a solid. The two solids of urea xyloside were combined, and dissolved in a mixture of pyridine (10 mL) and Ac₂O (5.0 mL). The solution was stirred at 50 °C for 3 hours, and diluted with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂, and the combined organic layers were dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue (1.56 g) was purified by silica gel chromatography (2:1 AcOEt/ hexane) to afford β-cyclohexylurea xyloside **29a** (713 mg, 89%) exclusively as a white solid; Mp 217–218 °C; [α]_D²⁵ –3.82 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3331, 2933, 2852, 1748, 1651, 1561 cm^{–1}; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.06–1.19 (m, 3H), 1.29–1.41 (m, 2H), 1.55–1.71 (m, 3H), 1.85–1.95 (m, 2H), 2.03 (s, 6H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 3.44 (t, *J* = 11.0, Hz, 1H), 3.47–3.54 (br, 1H), 4.03 (dd, *J* = 11.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (t, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (td, *J* = 10.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (t, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (t, *J* = 10.0, 1H), 5.37 (dd, *J* = 6.0, 3.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.7, 20.68, 20.74, 24.7, 25.5, 33.3, 33.4, 48.8, 64.0, 69.2, 70.5, 72.6, 80.5, 156.1, 169.8, 169.96, 170.96. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₈N₂O₈Na [M+Na]⁺ 423.1743, found 423.1709.

Process for the work-up of cyclohexylurea xyloside (**29a**)



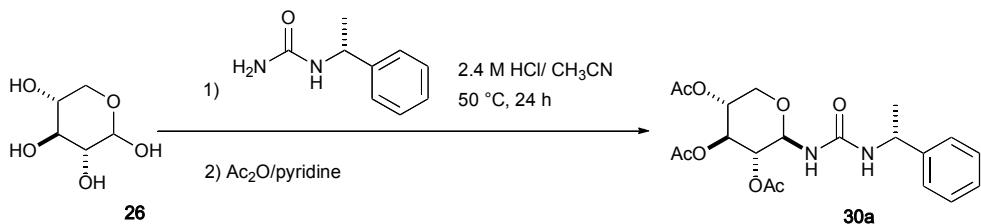


Starting from D-xylose **26** (300 mg, 2.00 mmol), *n*-butylurea (464 mg, 3.99 mmol), acetonitrile (1.00 mL), 2.4N HCl (0.25 mL), pyridine (10 mL) and Ac₂O (5.0 mL), *n*-butylurea glycoside **27a** was obtained as a white solid (547 mg, 73%, $\beta:\alpha = 98:2$); Mp 145–146 °C (recrystallized from ether and hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{26} -1.73$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3343, 3297, 2960, 2931, 2877, 1758, 1648, 1576 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.27–1.37 (m, 2H), 1.40–1.49 (m, 4H), 2.02 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 6H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 3.44 (t, *J* = 11.5, 11.5 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (dd, *J* = 11.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (t, *J* = 10.0, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (td, *J* = 10.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (t, *J* = 9.5, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (t, *J* = 10.0, 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 125 MHz) δ 14.2, 20.6, 21.0, 33.2, 40.5, 64.9, 70.5, 71.9, 74.4, 81.5, 159.7, 171.5. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₈N₂O₈Na [M+Na]⁺ 423.1743, found 423.1709.

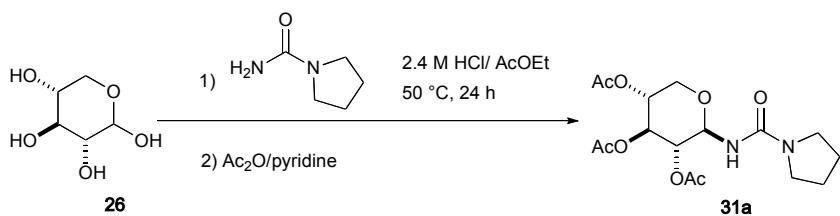


D-Xylose **26** (300 mg, 2.00 mmol) was transformed into phenylethylurea glycoside **28a** (596 mg, 71%, $\beta:\alpha \geq 98:2$) by employing phenylethylurea (656 mg, 4.00 mmol), acetonitrile (1.20 mL), 2.4N HCl (0.30 mL), pyridine (3.2 mL) and Ac₂O (1.6 mL); Mp 72–73 °C (recrystallized from ether and hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{25} -6.57$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3370, 3288, 3028, 2943, 1755, 1651, 1568 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 2.03 (s, 6H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.70–2.85 (m, 2H), 3.38–3.50 (m, 3H), 4.04 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (t, *J* = 9.5, 1H), 4.96 (td, *J* = 9.5, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.285 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.295 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H),

7.15–7.32 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (CD_3OD , 125 MHz) δ 20.5, 20.6, 37.1, 42.4, 65.0, 70.5, 71.9, 74.4, 81.5, 127.3, 129.5, 129.8, 140.5, 159.6, 171.47, 171.50. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_8\text{H} [\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 423.1767 found 423.1721.

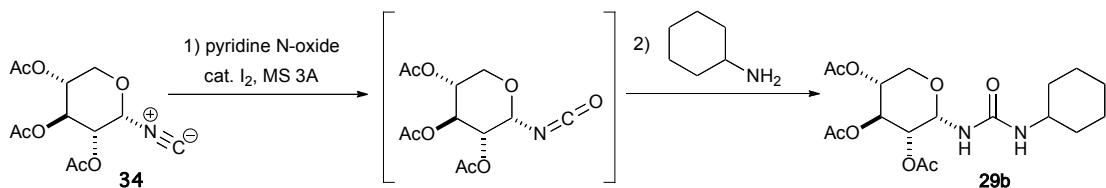


Starting from D-xylose **26** (300 mg, 2.00 mmol), (*R*)- α -methylbenzylurea (656 mg, 4.00 mmol), acetonitrile (1.80 mL), 2.4N HCl (0.30 mL), pyridine (2.4 mL) and Ac_2O (1.2 mL), (*R*)- α -methylbenzylurea glycoside **30a** was obtained as a white solid (660 mg, 78%, $\beta:\alpha \geq 98:2$); Mp 194–195 °C (recrystallized from ether and hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{26} +16.2$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl_3); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3388, 3336, 2969, 2942, 1740, 1653, 1560 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 1.44 (d, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 3H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 6H), 3.36 (t, $J = 10.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.99 (t, $J = 9.5$ Hz, 1H), 4.83–4.87 (br, 1H), 4.94 (dt, $J = 9.5, 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.03 (t, $J = 9.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, $J = 17.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.25 (t, $J = 9.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.47 (d, $J = 9.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.21–7.34 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (CD_3OD , 125 MHz) δ 50.7, 50.6, 53.3, 80.8, 94.9, 100.5, 101.8, 104.4, 111.4, 156.8, 157.9, 159.5, 175.8, 188.9, 201.47, 201.50, 201.54. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_8\text{H} [\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 423.1767, found 423.1732.

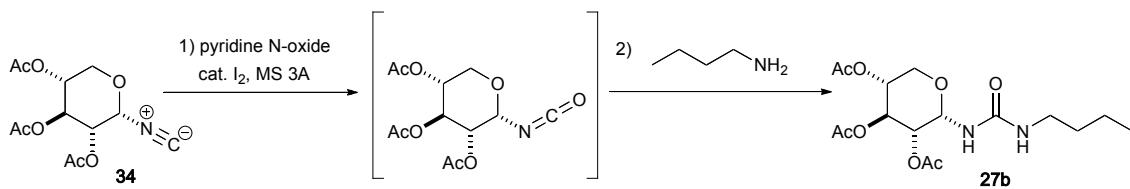


Starting from D-xylose **26** (300 mg, 2.00 mmol), pyrrolidineurea (456 mg, 4.00 mmol), ethyl acetate (1.80 mL), 2.4N HCl (0.30 mL), pyridine (1.6 mL) and Ac_2O (0.80 mL), pyrrolidineurea glycoside **31a** was obtained as a white solid (306 mg, 41%, $\beta:\alpha \geq 98:2$); Mp 111–113 °C (recrystallized from ether and hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{26} -7.60$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl_3); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3392, 2974, 2876, 1752, 1653, 1535 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 1.84–1.94 (br, 4H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 3.20–3.40(br, 3H),

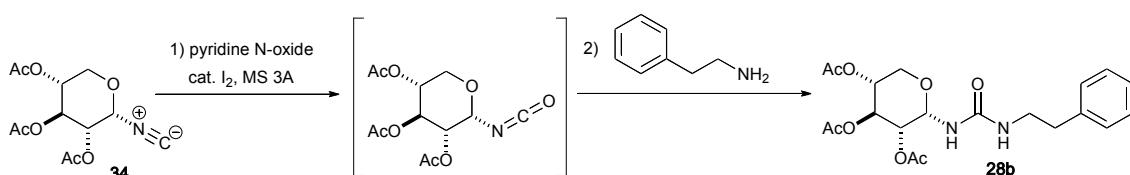
3.46 (t, $J = 10.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, $J = 10.0, 5.5$ Hz 1H), 4.85 (t, $J = 10.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.97 (dt, $J = 10.0, 5.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.08 (t, $J = 10.0$ Hz, 5H), 5.28 (d, $J = 10.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.32 (t, $J = 10.0$ Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) δ 20.69, 20.70, 20.9, 25.6, 45.5, 64.1, 69.3, 70.9, 72.3, 80.8, 154.7, 169.8, 169.9, 171.5. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_8\text{Na} [\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 395.1430, found 395.1440; m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_8\text{H} [\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 373.1611, found 373.1599.



To a solution of α -xylopyranosyl isonitrile **34** (30 mg, 0.11 mmol), pyridine *N*-oxide (30 mg, 0.32 mmol) and powdered molecular sieves 3 \AA (50 mg) in acetonitrile (1.00 mL) under argon atmosphere was added iodine (2.0 mg, 0.0079 mmol). After being stirred at room temperature for 10 min, cyclohexylamine (0.36 mL, 0.32 mmol) was added. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 min, and then filtered. The filtrate was poured into saturated aqueous NaHSO_3 solution, and aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue (52 mg) was purified by silica gel chromatography (1:2 AcOEt/hexane) to afford α -urea glycoside **29b** (38 mg, 90%) as a white solid. Mp 196–197 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{25} +34.5$ (c 1.00, CHCl_3); IR (KBr or NaCl) ν_{max} 3335, 2933, 2855, 1752 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 1.05–1.95 (m, 10H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 3.55–3.65 (m, 1H), 3.85 (dd, $J = 12.0, 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.91 (dd, $J = 12.0, 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.82 (dt, $J = 6.0, 4.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.98 (dd, $J = 6.0, 3.5$ Hz, 1H), 5.23 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.37 (dd, $J = 6.0, 3.5$ Hz, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) δ 20.68, 20.70, 20.8, 24.7, 25.4, 33.4, 33.5, 48.8, 61.37, 67.35, 67.9, 68.8, 156.4, 169.2, 169.5, 169.6. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_8\text{Na} [\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ 423.1743, found 423.1722.

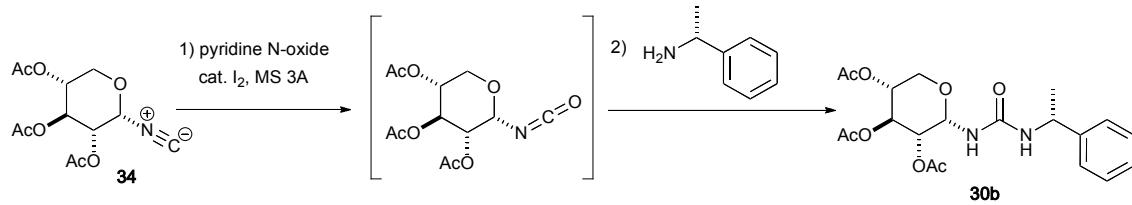


To a solution of α -xylopyranosyl isonitrile **34** ((25 mg, 0.088 mmol), pyridine *N*-oxide (25 mg, 0.26 mmol) and powdered molecular sieves 3 \AA (50 mg) in acetonitrile (1.00 mL) under argon atmosphere was added iodine (2.0 mg, 0.0079 mmol). After being stirred at room temperature for 10 min, *n*-butylamine (0.025 mL, 0.26 mmol) was added. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 min, and then filtered. The filtrate was poured into saturated aqueous NaHSO₃ solution, and aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue (32 mg) was purified by silica gel chromatography (1:2 AcOEt/ hexane) to afford α -urea glycoside **27b** (21 mg, 64%) as a white solid; Mp 181–182 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} +42.7$ (*c* 0.95, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{\max} 3341, 2960, 2933, 2873, 1749, 1643, 1567 cm^{−1}; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.26–1.36 (m, 2H), 1.41–1.50 (m, 2H), 2.50 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 3.15–3.22 (m, 1H), 3.82 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (dd, *J* = 12.0, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (dt, *J* = 6.5, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 3.5 Hz 1H), 5.15 (bt, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 3.5 Hz), 5.49 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (CD₃OD, 125 MHz) δ 14.1, 20.58, 20.63, 20.7, 21.0, 40.5, 62.7, 69.0, 69.5, 70.2, 76.8, 159.6, 171.0, 171.3, 171.4; ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 13.7, 19.9, 20.67, 20.74, 32.0, 40.0, 61.1, 67.6, 68.1, 68.8, 157.2, 169.3, 169.5, 169.6. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₆H₂₆N₂O₈H [M+H]⁺ 375.1767, found 375.1718.

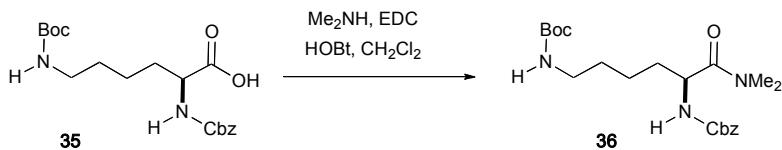


Starting from α -xylopyranosyl isonitrile **34** (25 mg, 0.088 mmol), pyridine *N*-oxide (25 mg, 0.26 mmol), iodine (1.3 mg, mg, 0.0051 mmol) and powdered molecular sieves 3 \AA (50 mg), acetonitrile (1.00 mL) and β -phenethylamine (0.033 mL, 0.26 mmol), α -urea

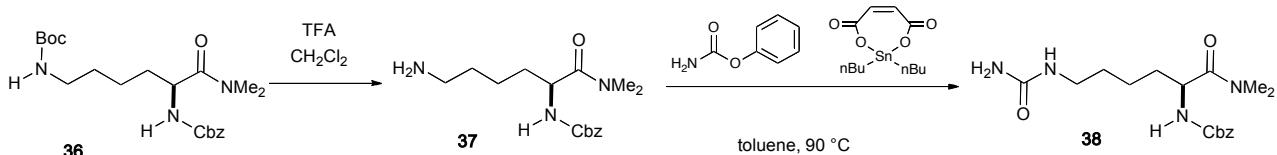
glycoside **28b** (17 mg, 47%) was obtained as a white solid; Mp 151–152 °C (recrystallized from ether and hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{27} +37.1$ (c 0.93, CHCl_3) IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3334, 2938, 1749, 1639, 1561 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 2.77–2.87 (m, 2H), 3.41–3.55 (m, 2H), 3.73–3.82 (m, 2H) 4.81 (dt, J = 6.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (dd, J = 6.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.81 (dt, J = 6.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.98–5.04 (br, 1H), 5.15 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (dd, J = 6.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 7.16–7.33 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (CD_3OD , 125 MHz) δ 20.6, 20.65, 20.69, 37.1, 42.3, 62.5, 69.1, 69.5, 70.2, 76.8, 127.3, 129.5, 129.8, 140.5, 159.5, 171.0, 171.2, 171.4 HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_8\text{H}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 423.1767, found 423.1735.



Starting from α -xylopyranosyl isonitrile **34** (50 mg, 0.12 mmol), pyridine *N*-oxide (50 mg, 0.53 mmol), iodine (3.0 mg, mg, 0.012 mmol) and powdered molecular sieves 3Å (50 mg), acetonitrile (2.00 mL) and (*R*)- α -methylbenzylamine (0.067 mL, 0.53 mmol), α -urea glycoside **30b** (48 mg, 65%) was obtained as a white solid; Mp 178–180 °C (recrystallized from ether and hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{27} +43.4$ (c 0.65, CHCl_3); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3317, 2969, 2871, 1745, 1645, 1558 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 1.48 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 3.49 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 3.72–3.80 (br, 1H), 3.88 (dd, J = 11.5, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (dt, J = 6.5, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (dd, J = 6.5, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.89–4.95 (br, 1H), 5.11 (d, J = 5.5 Hz 1H), 5.14–5.21(m, 2H), 5.42 (dd, J = 6.5, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 7.20–7.38 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) δ 1.02, 20.7, 20.8, 22.9, 50.0, 61.5, 67.3, 67.9, 68.8, 76.5, 125.8, 127.4, 128.8, 143.6, 156.3, 169.2, 169.5, 169.6. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_8\text{H}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 423.1767, found 423.1725.



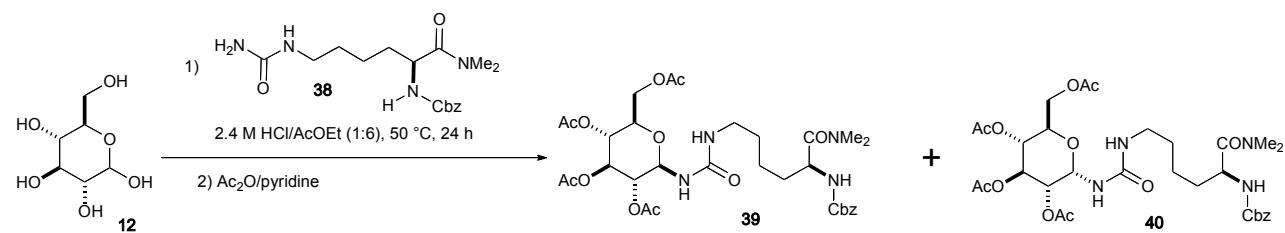
To a solution of carboxylic acid **35** (4.82 g, 10.5 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (100 mL) under argon atmosphere was added EDC (3.21 g, 16.8 mmol) and HOBT (1.42 g, 10.5 mmol). After being stirred at room temperature for 20 min, dimethylamine in CH_2Cl_2 was added. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours, and then washed with 1 M KHSO_4 , saturated aqueous NaHCO_3 . Aqueous layer was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 . The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (2:1 AcOEt/hexane) to afford amide **36** (4.28 g, 87%) as a colorless oil: $[\alpha]_D^{24} = +15.7$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl_3); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3335, 3033, 2974, 2935, 2866, 2484, 1710 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.34–1.74 (6H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 3.07 (s, 3H), 3.08–3.12 (2H), 4.58–4.62 (br, 1H), 4.66 (td, *J* = 8.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (s, 2H), 5.71 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29–7.36 (m, 5H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) δ 22.2, 28.3, 29.5, 32.7, 35.6, 37.0, 39.9, 40.1, 50.3, 50.4, 66.7, 78.9, 127.8, 127.9, 128.4, 136.3, 155.9, 156.0, 171.7; HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{33}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5\text{Na}$ [$\text{M}+\text{Na}$]⁺ 467.1642, found 462.1619.



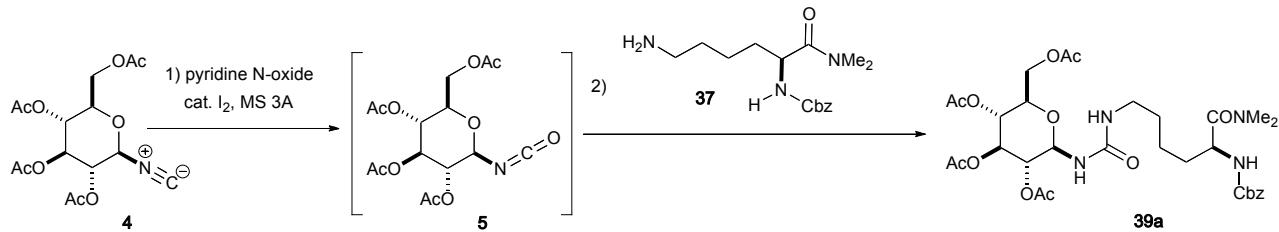
To a solution of Boc-protected **36** (5.51 g, 13.5 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (135 ml) was added TFA (18 ml) at room temperature. After stirring at room temperature for 30 min, the reaction mixture was concentrated. The resulting TFA sat was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 , and then washed with aqueous NaHCO_3 solution. The separated aqueous solution was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 , and the combined organic layers were dried (Na_2SO_4) and then concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the amine **37** (2.55 g, 74%), which was used for the next reaction without further purification.

A solution of amine **37** (100 mg, 0.33 mmol), phenylcarbamate (134 mg, 0.98

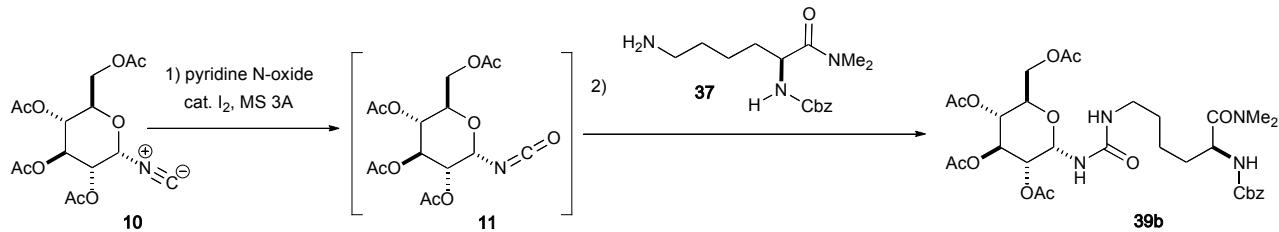
mmol) and di-*n*-butyltin maleate (11 mg, 0.033 mmol) dissolved in toluene (3.0 mL) was heated at 90 °C for 2 hours. After cooling, the resulting reaction mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the residue, which was purified by silica gel chromatography (7:1 CH₂Cl₂/MeOH) to afford urea **38** (92 mg, 80%) as a colorless oil; [α]_D²⁵ = +11.0 (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3360, 3034, 2938, 2864, 1711 cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.33–1.70 (6H), 2.94 (s, 3H), 3.06 (s, 3H), 4.59–4.66 (1H), 4.63 (td, *J* = 8.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 5.07 (s, 2H), 5.16–5.27 (br, 1H), 6.00 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29–7.36 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 22.2, 29.3, 31.9, 35.6, 36.9, 39.4, 49.9, 50.5, 66.4, 127.6, 127.8, 128.2, 136.1, 156.1, 159.8, 171.9. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₆N₄O₄Na [M+Na]⁺ 373.1892, found 373.1871.



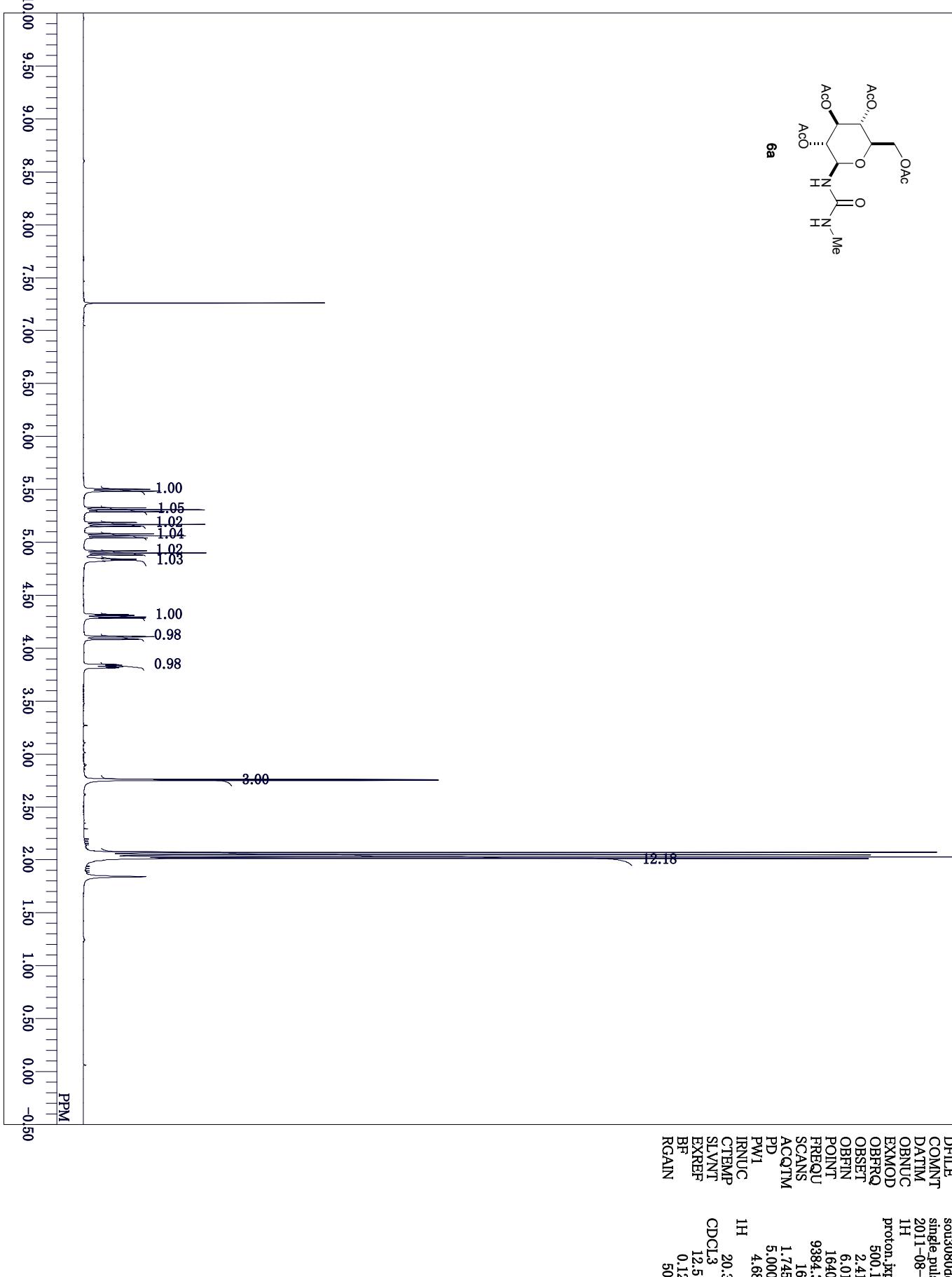
A solution of D-glucose **12** (100 mg, 0.56 mmol) and urea **38** (972 mg, 2.78 mmol) dissolved in a mixture of AcOEt (1.7 mL) and 2.4 N HCl (0.2 mL) was stirred at 50 °C for 1 day. The reaction mixture was neutralized with solid NaHCO₃, and was washed with CH₂Cl₂ to remove excess urea **38**. The aqueous layer was extracted with *n*-BuOH, and the combined extracts were concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the residue, which was dissolved in pyridine (2.0 mL) and Ac₂O (1.0 mL). The solution was stirred at 50 °C for 3 hours, and then diluted with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃. The separated aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O, and combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na₂SO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (AcOEt) to afford glucosylurea **39** and **40** (202 mg, 51%, **39**:**40** = 95:5) as a white solid.

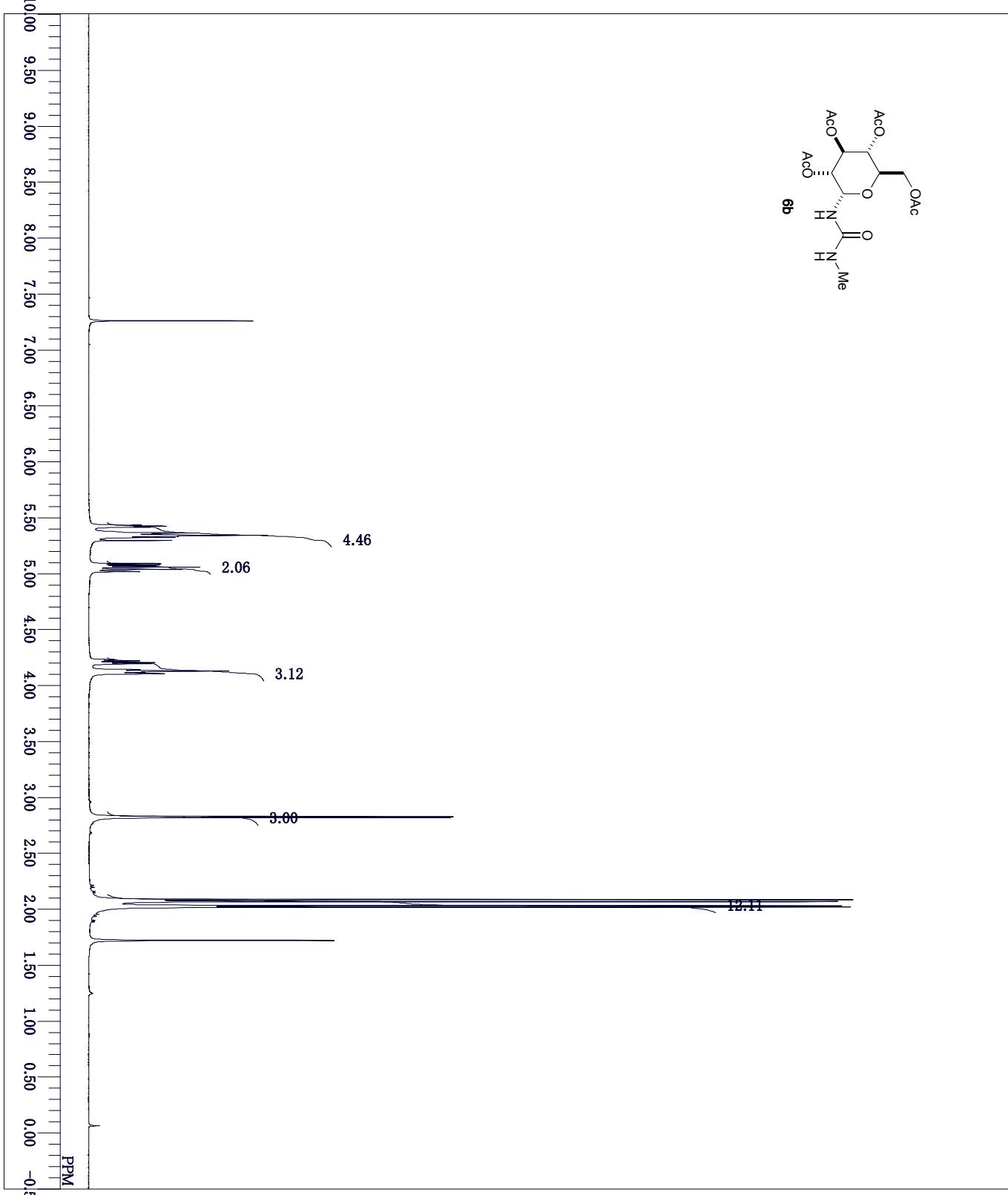


To a solution of pyridine *N*-oxide (16 mg, 0.17 mmol) and powdered molecular sieves 3A (60 mg) in acetonitrile (1.0 mL) under argon atmosphere was added glucosyl isonitrile **4** (20 mg, 0.06 mmol) and iodine (1.0 mg, 7.0 mol%). After being stirred at room temperature for 10 min, a solution of amine (52 mg, 0.17 mmol, dissolved in a small amount of CH_2Cl_2) was added. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min, and then filtered on Super Cell. The filtrate was poured into saturated aqueous NaHSO_3 solution, and aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried (Na_2SO_4) and then concentrated under reduced pressure. The resulting residue was purified by silica gel chromatography (AcOEt) to afford **39a** (32 mg, 83%) as a white solid; Mp 68–69 °C (recrystallized from AcOEt/hexane); $[\alpha]_D^{24} = +2.35$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl_3); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3472, 3370, 3062, 3034, 2941, 2865, 2360, 2342, 2112, 1753 cm^{-1} ; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz) δ 1.31–1.71 (6H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 3.07 (s, 3H), 3.11–3.18 (2H), 3.81 (ddd, *J* = 9.5, 4.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.64 (td, *J* = 8.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 4.88 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.05 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.10–5.12 (2H), 5.16 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.45 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 1H), 5.88 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29–7.37 (m, 5H); ^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125 MHz) δ 20.45, 20.49, 20.57, 22.2, 29.2, 32.4, 35.7, 37.0, 39.7, 50.3, 61.7, 66.7, 68.2, 70.4, 72.8, 73.0, 77.2, 79.9, 127.8, 127.9, 128.3, 136.2, 156.1, 156.5, 169.6, 169.7, 170.5, 170.6, 171.8. HRMS(ESI): m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{45}\text{N}_4\text{O}_{13}$ $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ 681.2983, found 681.2995.

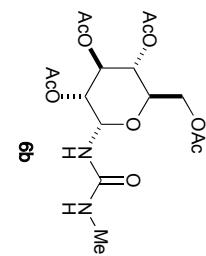
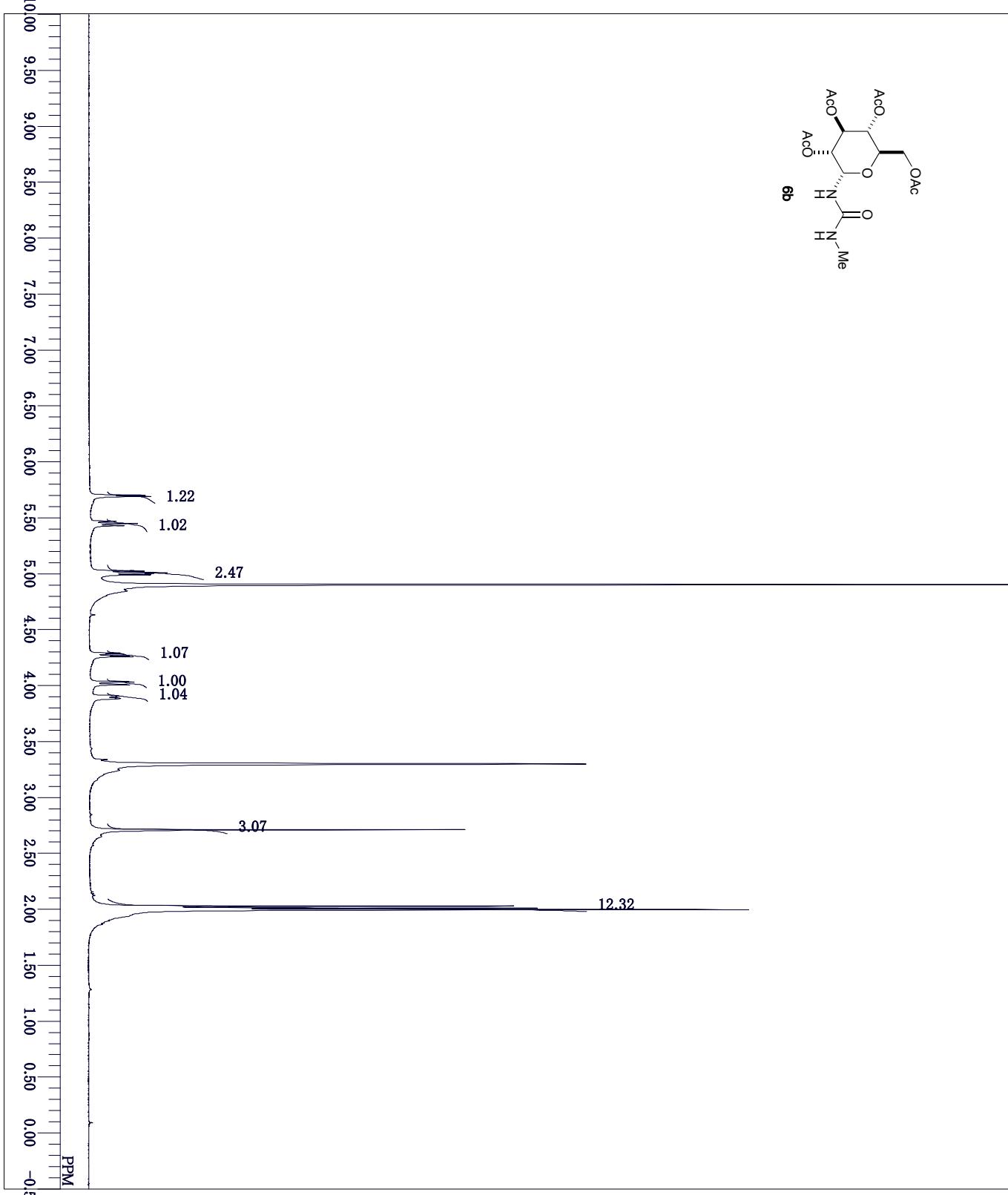


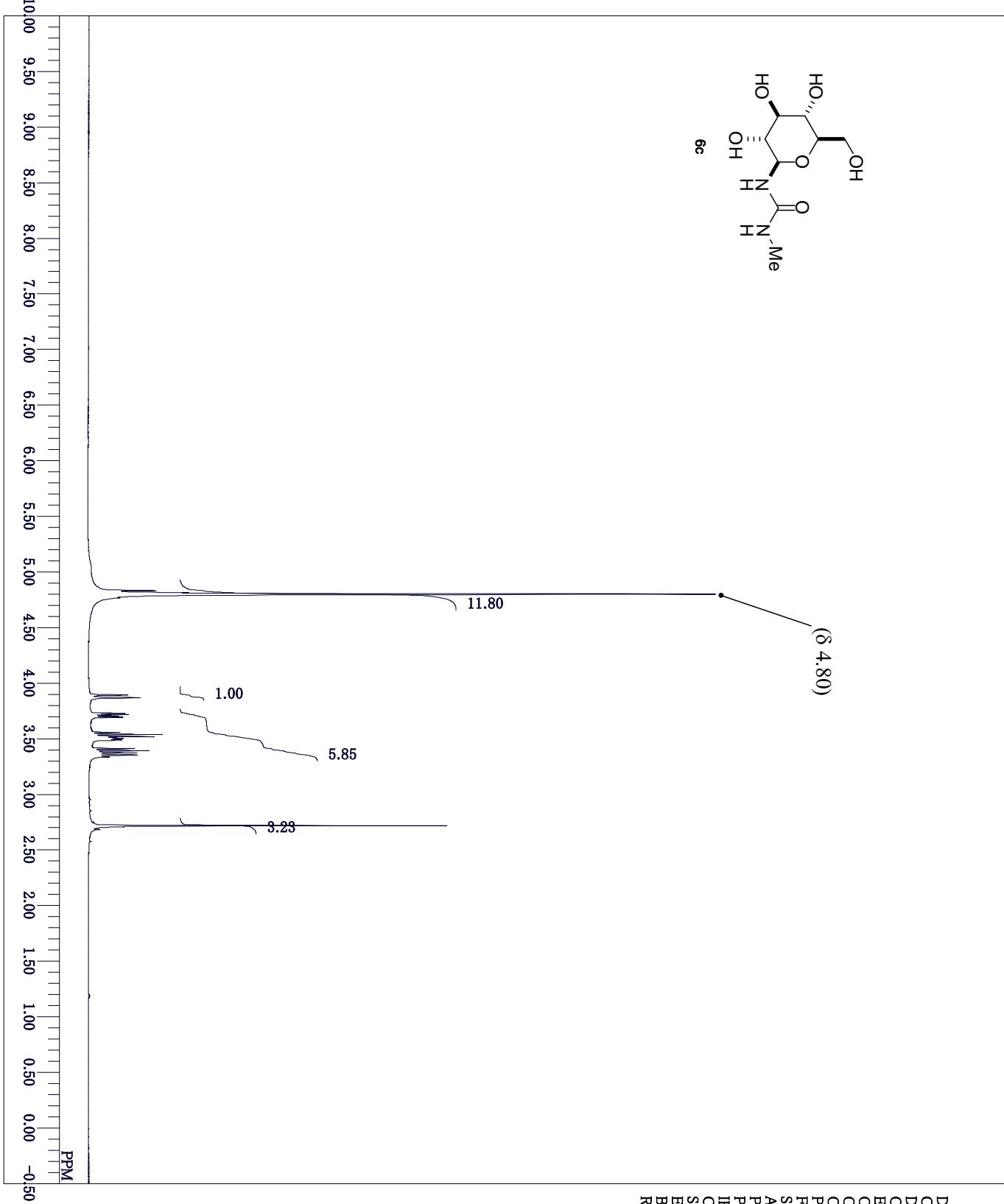
Starting from glucosyl isonitrile **10** (20 mg, 0.06 mmol), amine **37** (52 mg, 0.17 mmol), pyridine *N*-oxide (16 mg, 0.17 mmol), powdered molecular sieves 3A (60 mg), acetonitrile (1.0 mL) and iodine (1.0 mg, 7.0 mol%), urea **39b** was obtained as a white solid (30 mg, 81%); Mp 62–63 °C; $[\alpha]_D^{24} = +18.5$ (*c* 1.00, CHCl₃); IR (KBr) ν_{max} 3379, 3034, 2942, 2866, 2360, 2342, 1752 cm^{−1}; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz) δ 1.34–1.75 (6H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 2.06 (s, 3H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 3.08 (s, 3H), 3.10–3.16 (1H), 3.24–3.32 (1H), 4.09–4.14 (2H), 4.23 (dd, *J* = 12.5, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (td, *J* = 8.5, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (t, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.08–5.10 (2H), 5.16 (br, 1H), 5.31 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.40 (t, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 5.44 (t, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 5.77 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29–7.36 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz) δ 20.51, 20.54, 20.7, 22.2, 29.5, 32.5, 35.7, 37.0, 39.8, 50.4, 61.6, 66.8, 67.0, 68.1, 68.8, 69.8, 76.9, 127.9, 127.8, 128.0, 128.4, 136.2, 156.1, 157.4, 169.2, 169.4, 170.0, 170.5, 171.7. Anal. Calcd for C₂₁H₃₃N₃O₉: C, 54.70; H, 6.52; N, 8.23. Found: C, 54.63; H, 6.38; N, 8.10.

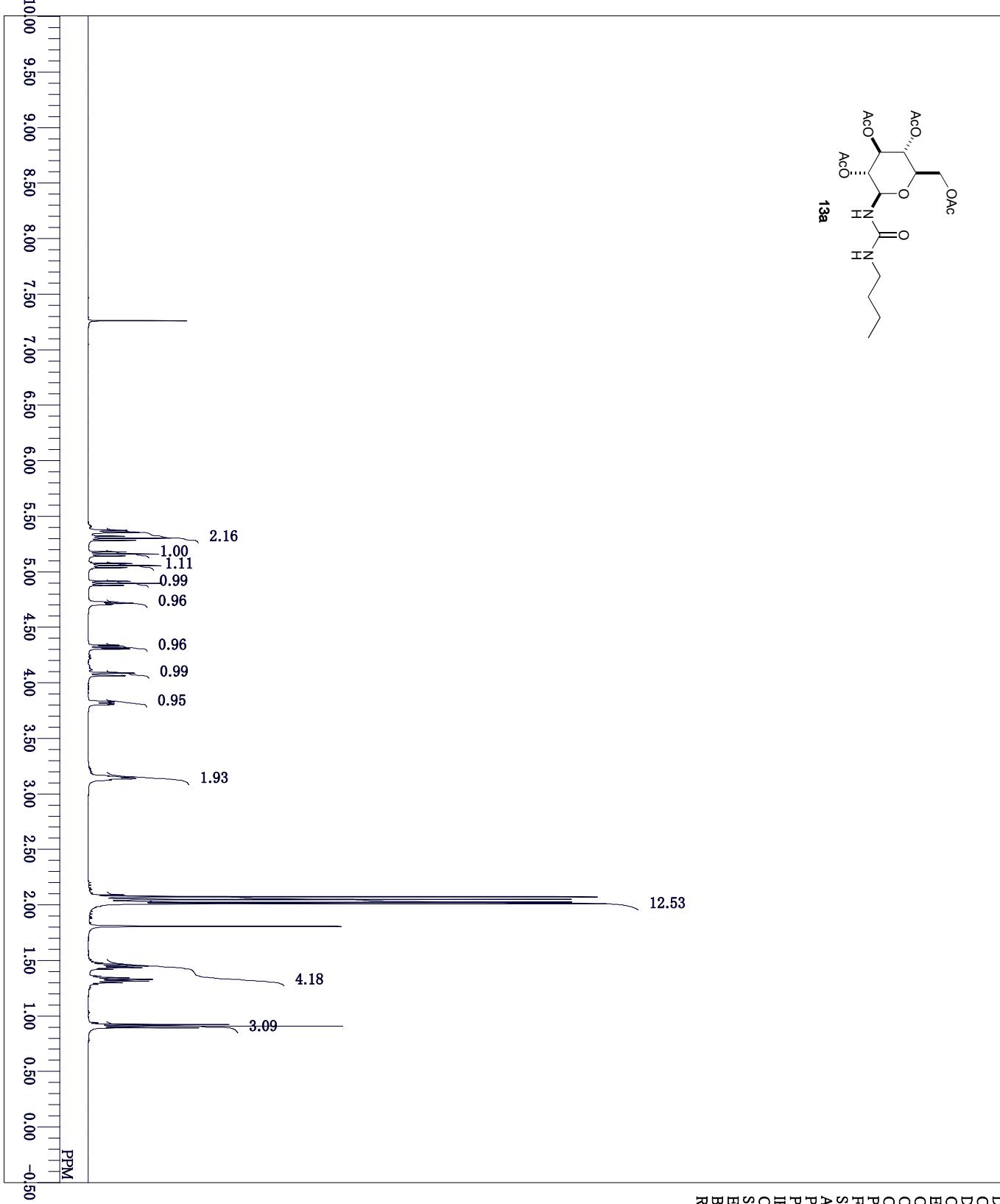


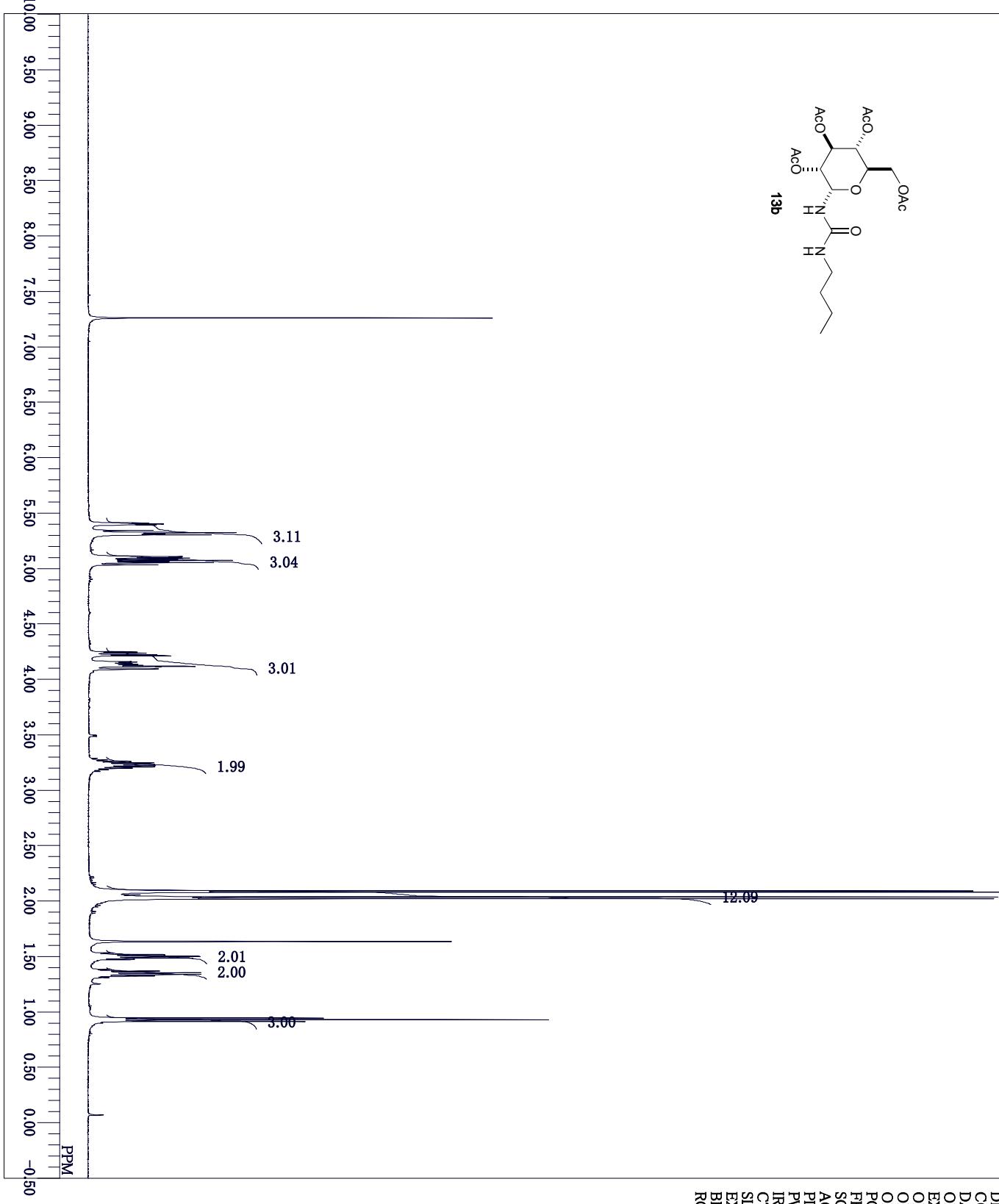


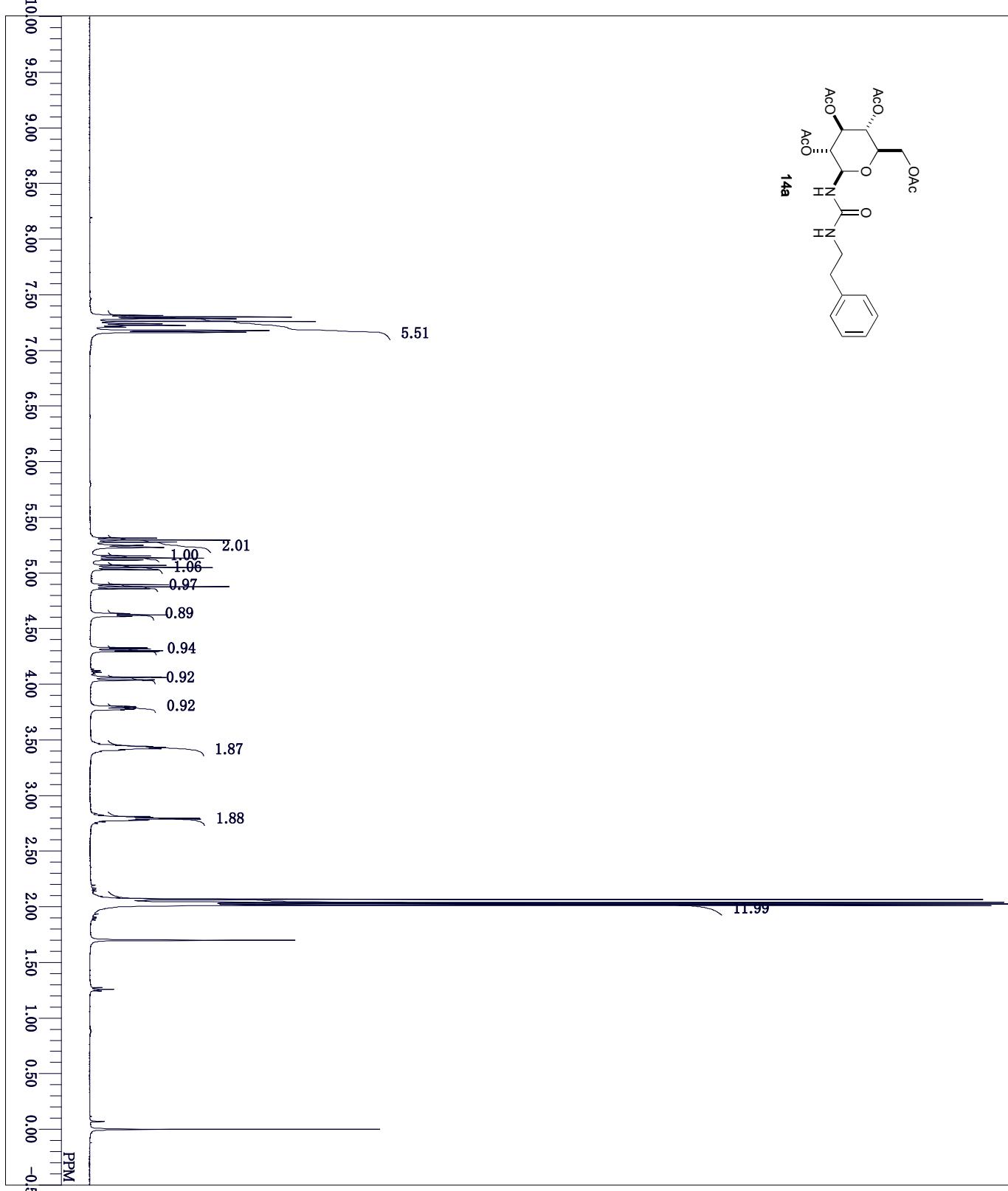
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 EXMOD proton.jsp
 OBFRQ 500.16 MHz
 OBSET 2.41 kHz
 OBFIN 6.01 Hz
 POINT 16400
 FREQU 9384.38 Hz
 SCANS 8
 ACQTIM 1.7450 sec
 PD 5.0000 sec
 PW1 4.68 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 18.7 c
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 12.51 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50







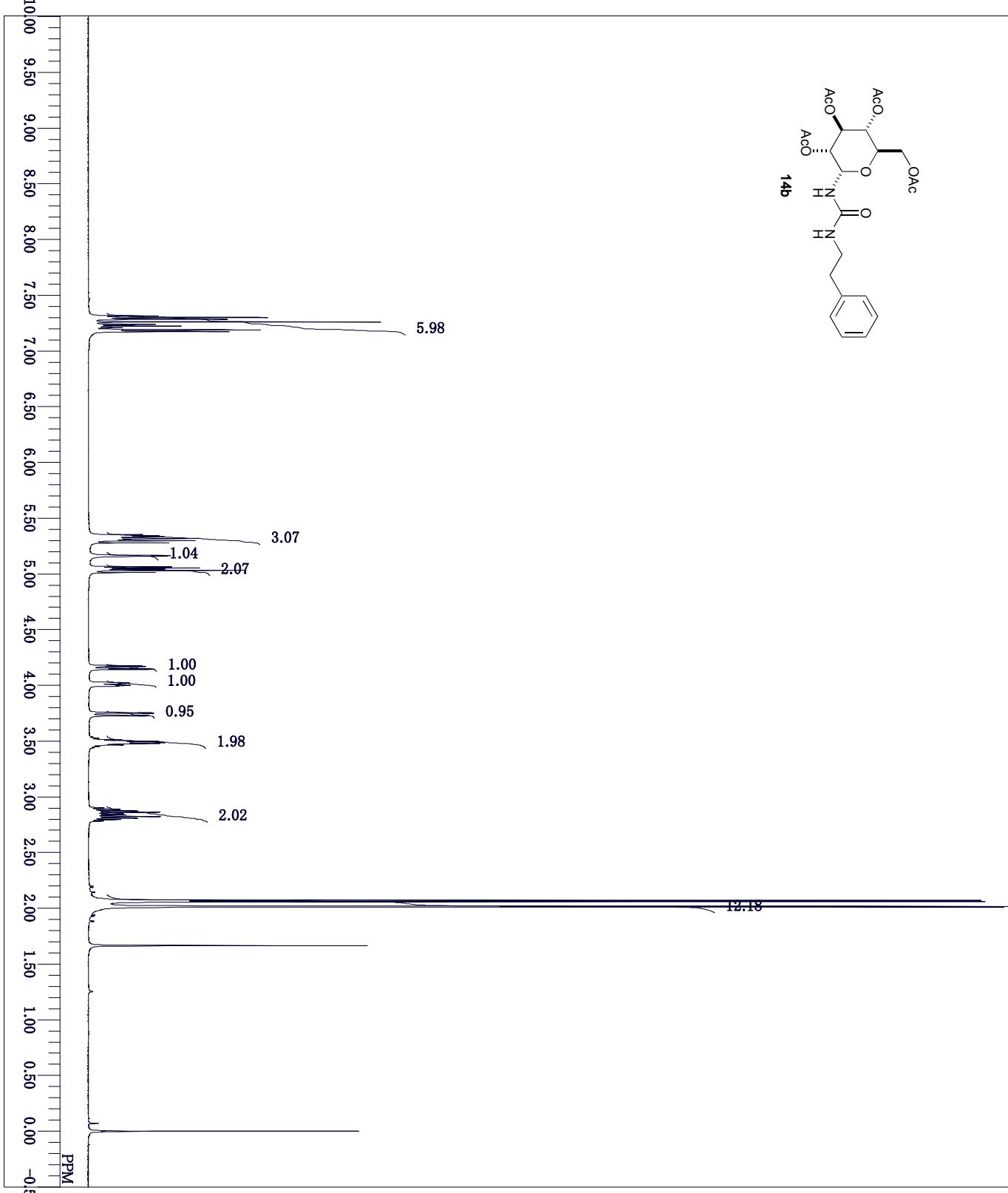




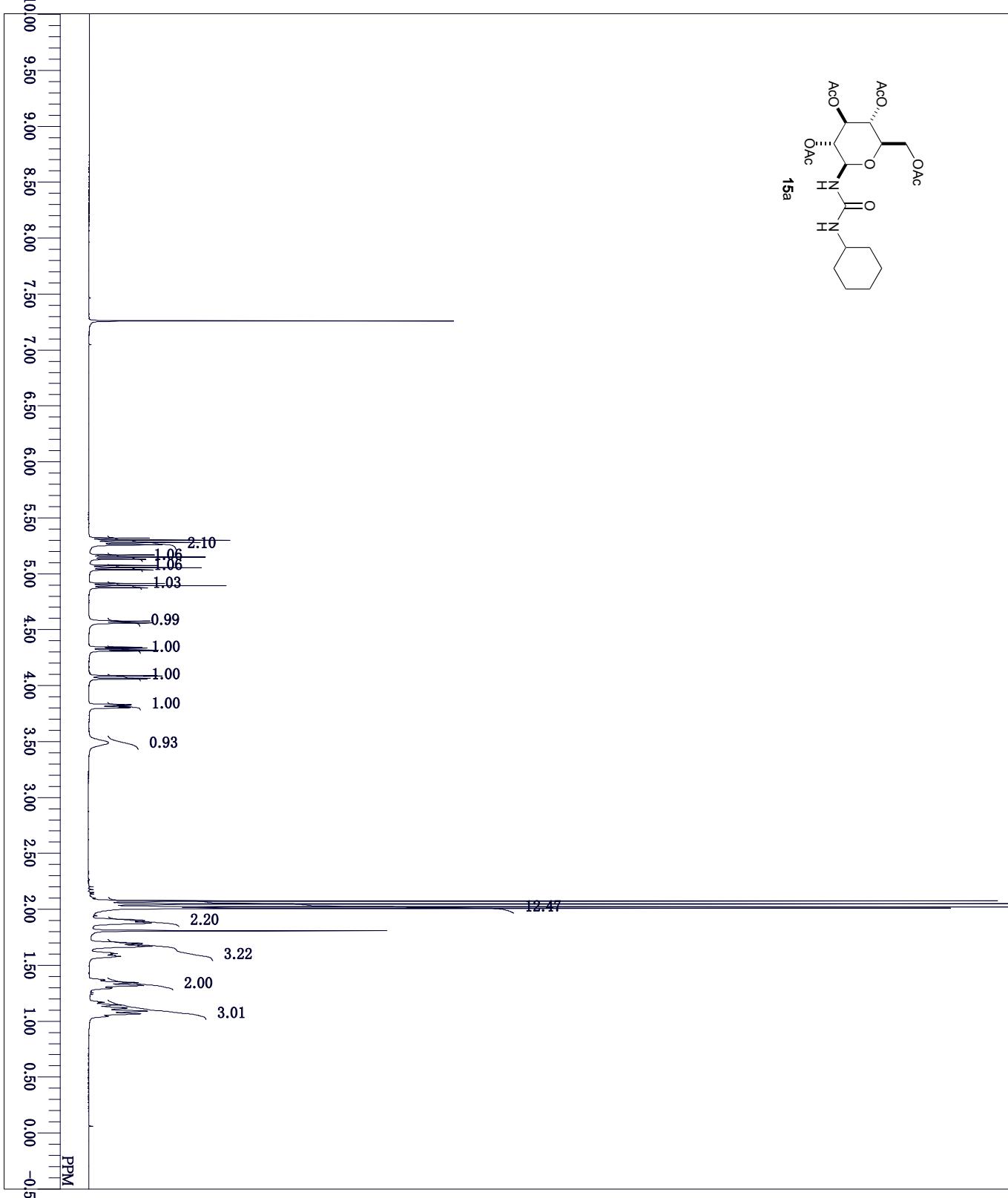
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COMNT         single_pulse
DATM         2011-11-09 10:03:10
OBNUC          1H
EXMOD        proton.jdp
OBFRQ        500.16 MHz
OBSET        2.41 kHz
OBFIN        6.01 Hz
POINT        16400
FREQU        9384.38 Hz
SCANS          8
ACQTIM      1.7450 sec
PD           5.0000 sec
PW1          4.68 usec
IRNUC          1H
CTEMP         21.1 c
SLVNT        CDCl3
EXREF        12.51 ppm
BF            1.00 Hz
RGAIN          50

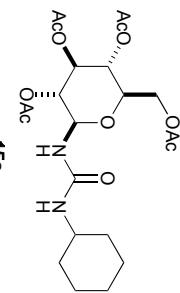
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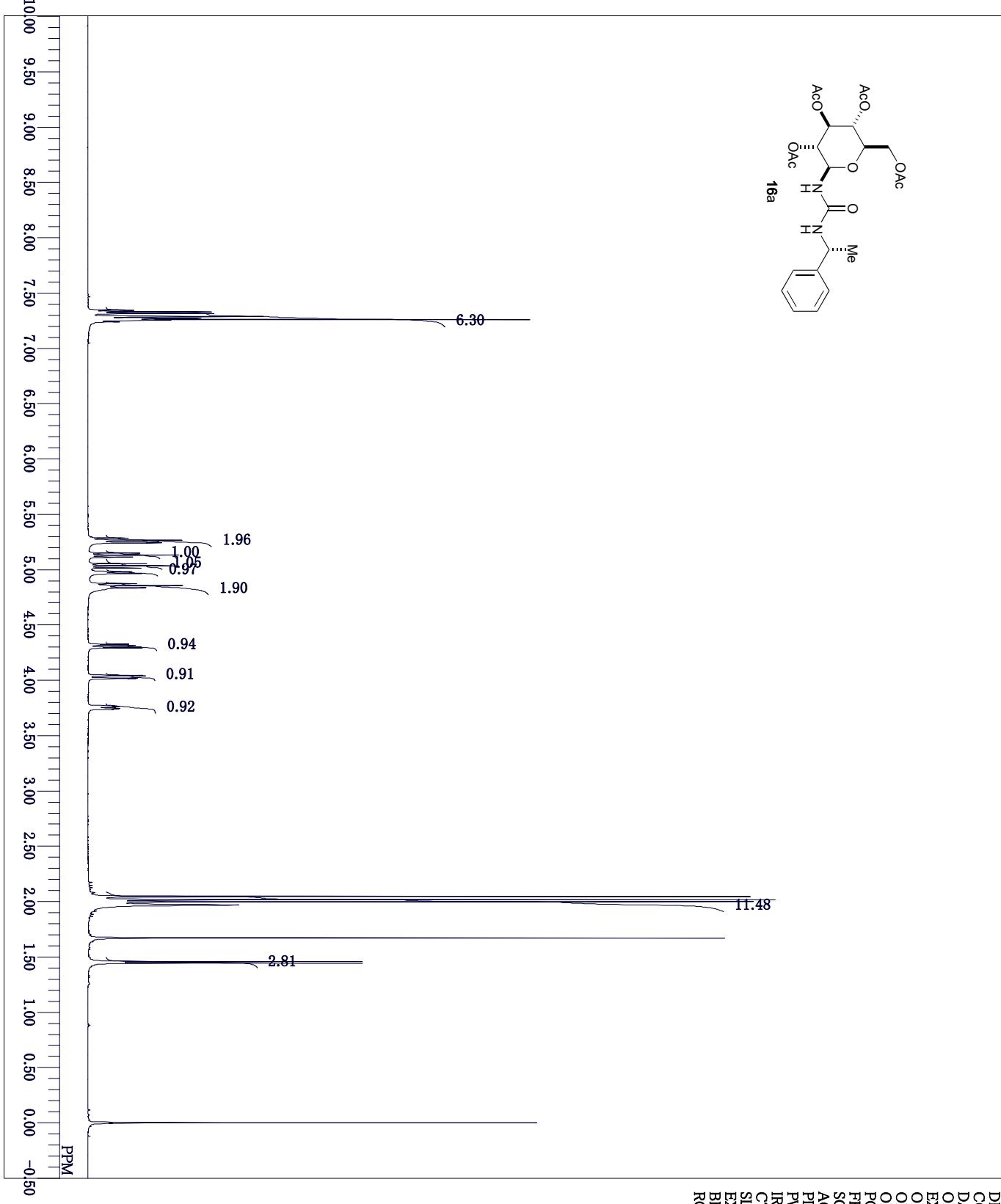


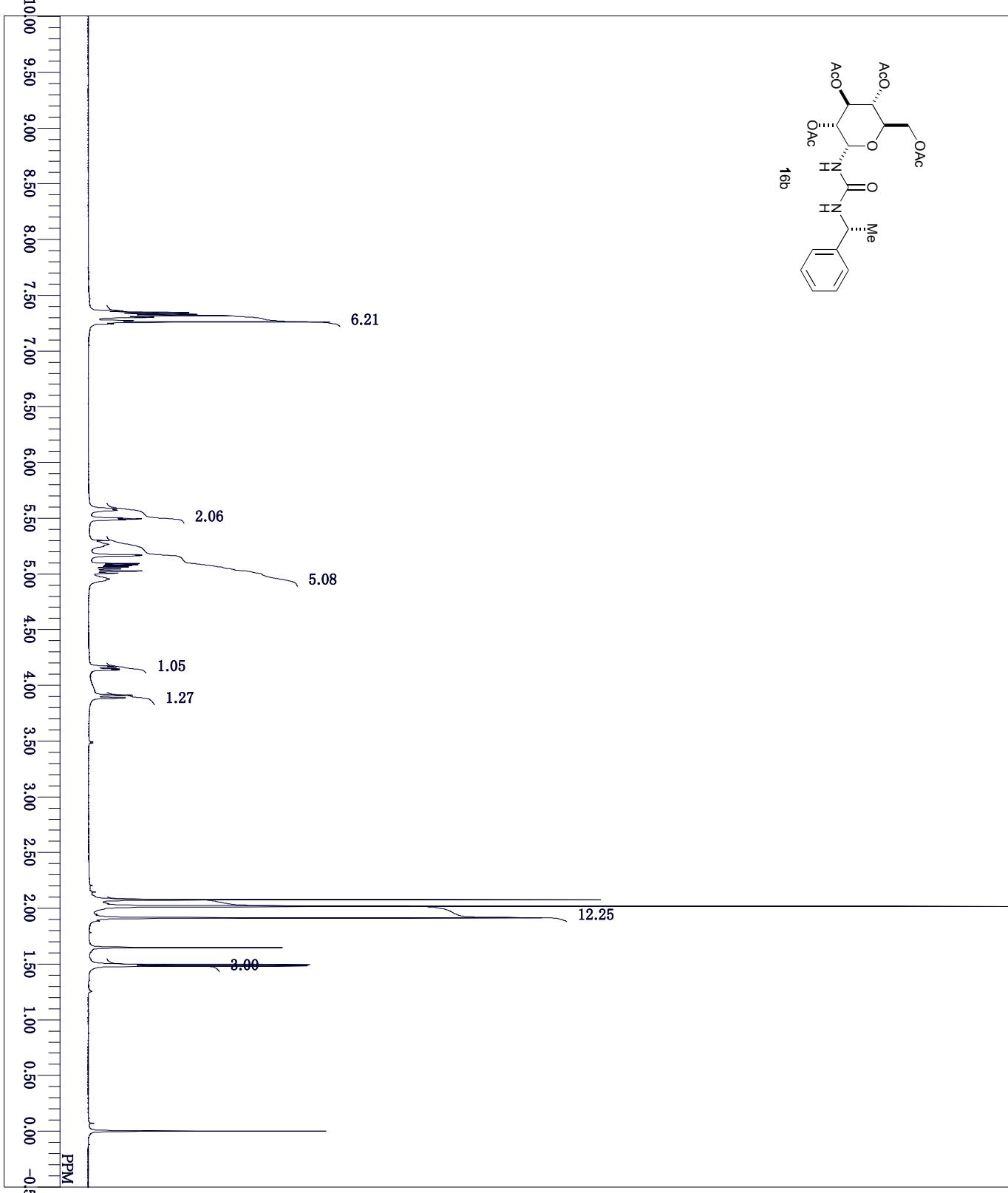
DFILE sou410data_proton-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single_pulse
 DATM 2011-11-10 21:19:45
 OBNUC 1H
 EXMOD proton.jsp
 OBFRQ 500.16 MHz
 OBSET 2.41 kHz
 OBFIN 6.01 Hz
 POINT 16400
 FREQU 9384.38 Hz
 SCANS 8
 ACQTIM 1.7450 sec
 PD 5.0000 sec
 PW1 4.68 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 19.6 c
 SVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 12.51 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50



DFILE sou3142data_proton-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single_pulse
 DATM 2011-08-26 22:02:31
 I1H proton.jsp
 OBFRQ 500.16 MHz
 OBSET 2.41 kHz
 OBFIN 6.01 Hz
 POINT 16400
 FREQU 9384.38 Hz
 SCANS 16
 ACQTIM 1.7450 sec
 PD 5.0000 sec
 PW1 4.68 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 20.0 c
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 12.51 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50



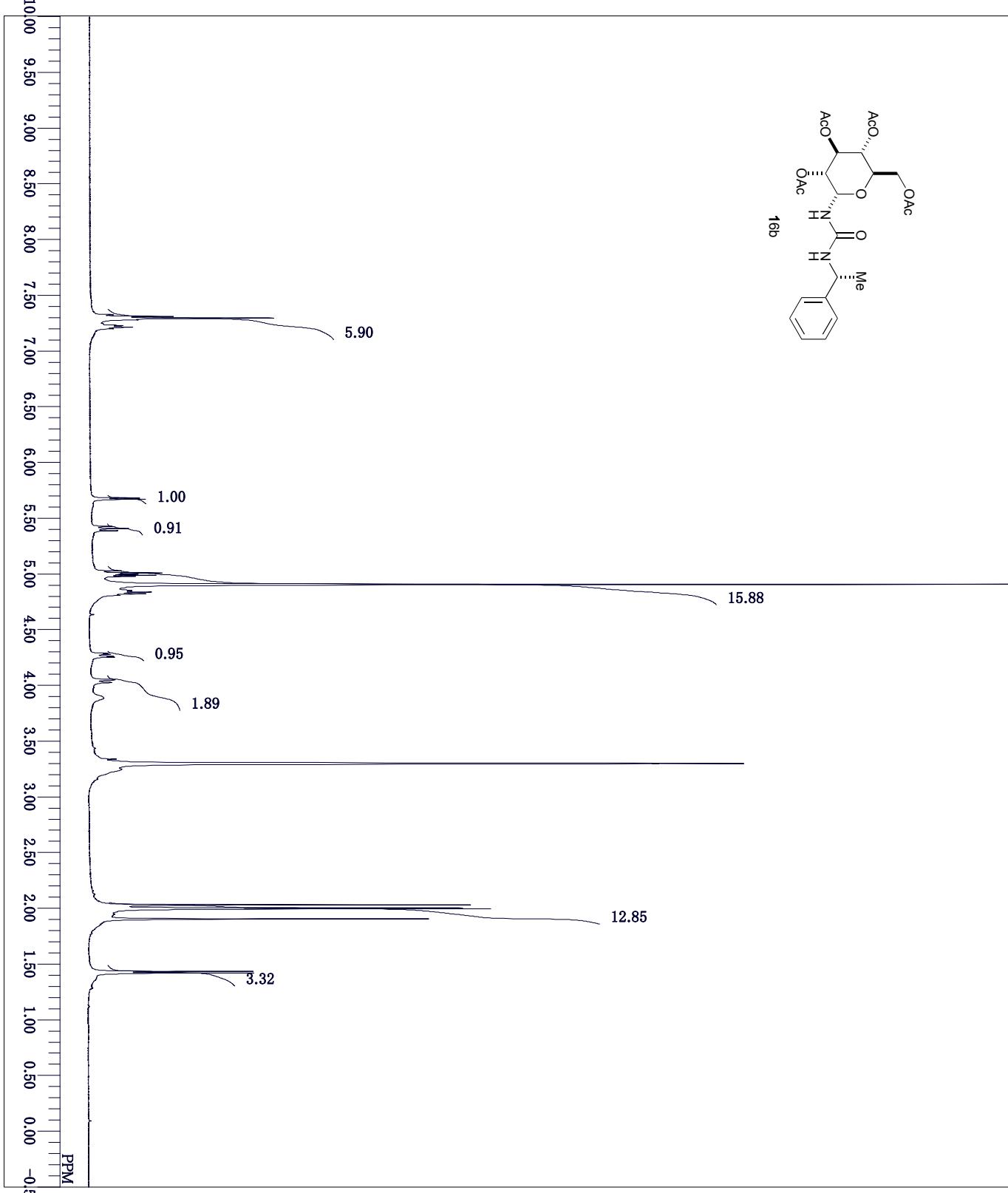


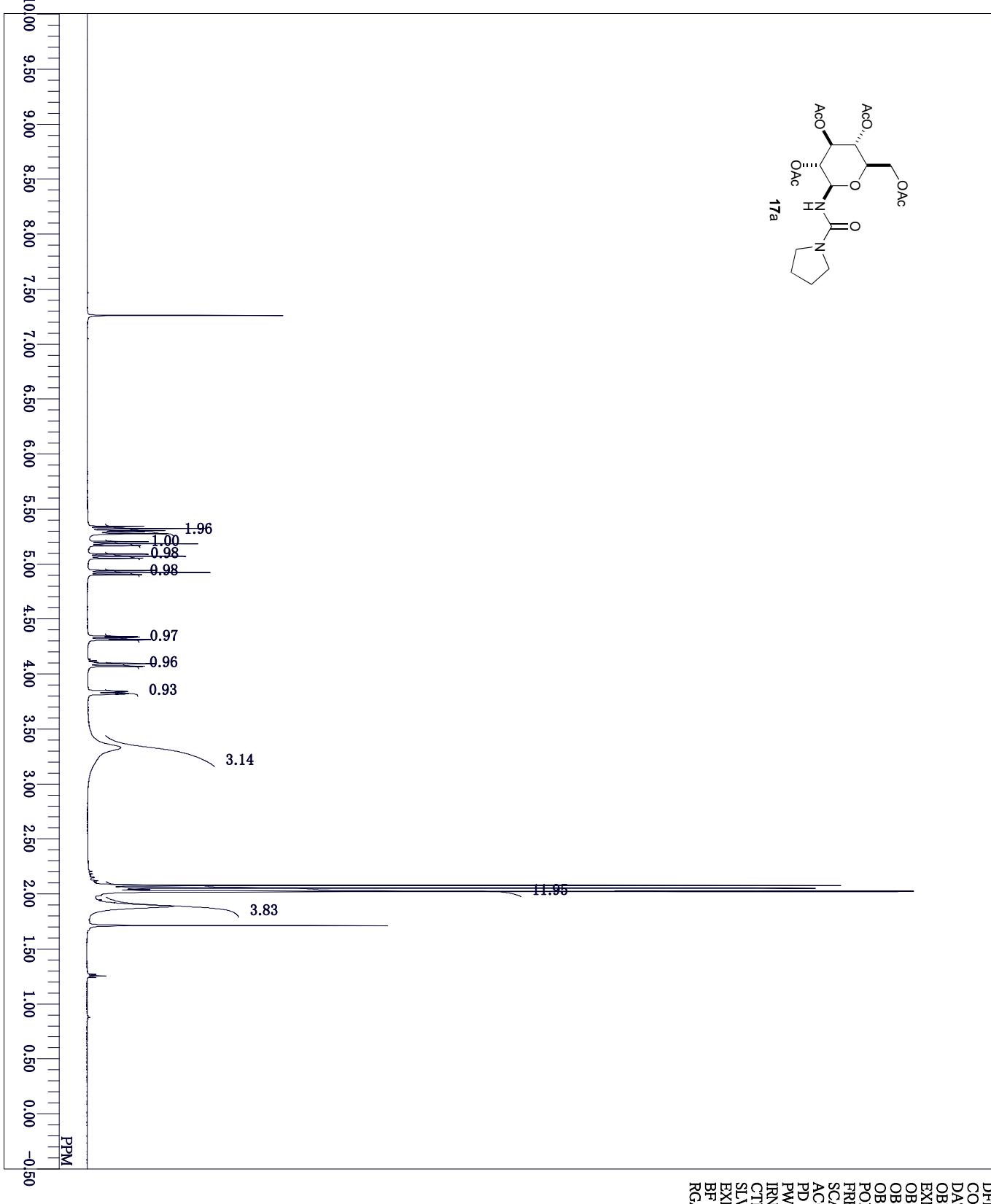


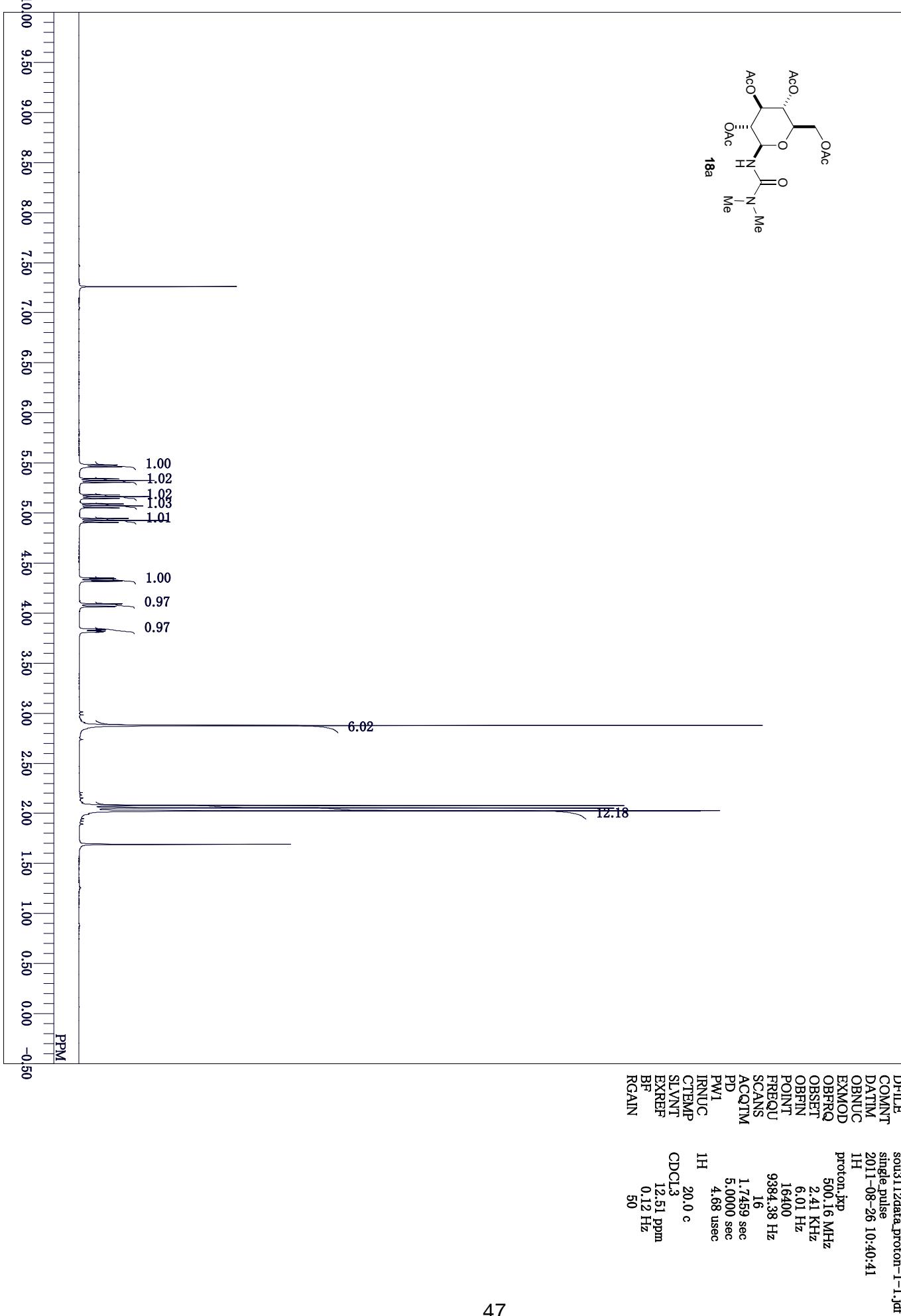
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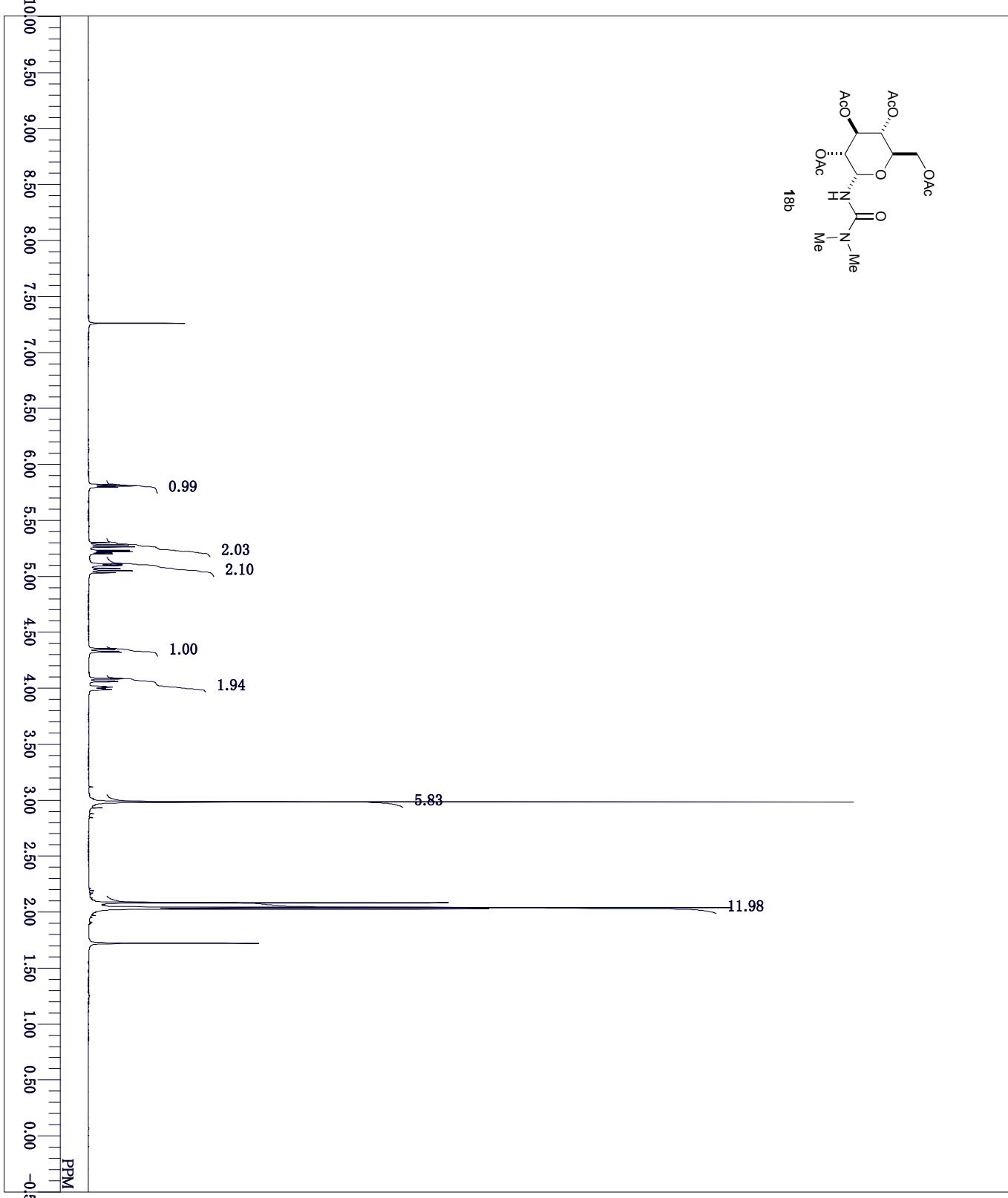
DFILE          sou411data_proton-1-1.jdf
COMNT         single_pulse
DATM        2011-11-10 21:10:15
OBNUC          1H
EXMOD      proton.jdp
OBFRQ       500.16 MHz
OBSET        2.41 kHz
OBFIN        6.01 Hz
POINT       16400
FREQU     9384.38 Hz
SCANS          8
ACQTIM      1.7450 sec
PD           5.0000 sec
PW1        4.68 usec
IRNUC          1H
CTEMP        19.5 c
SLVNT        CDCl3
EXREF       12.51 ppm
BF           1.00 Hz
RGAIN          50

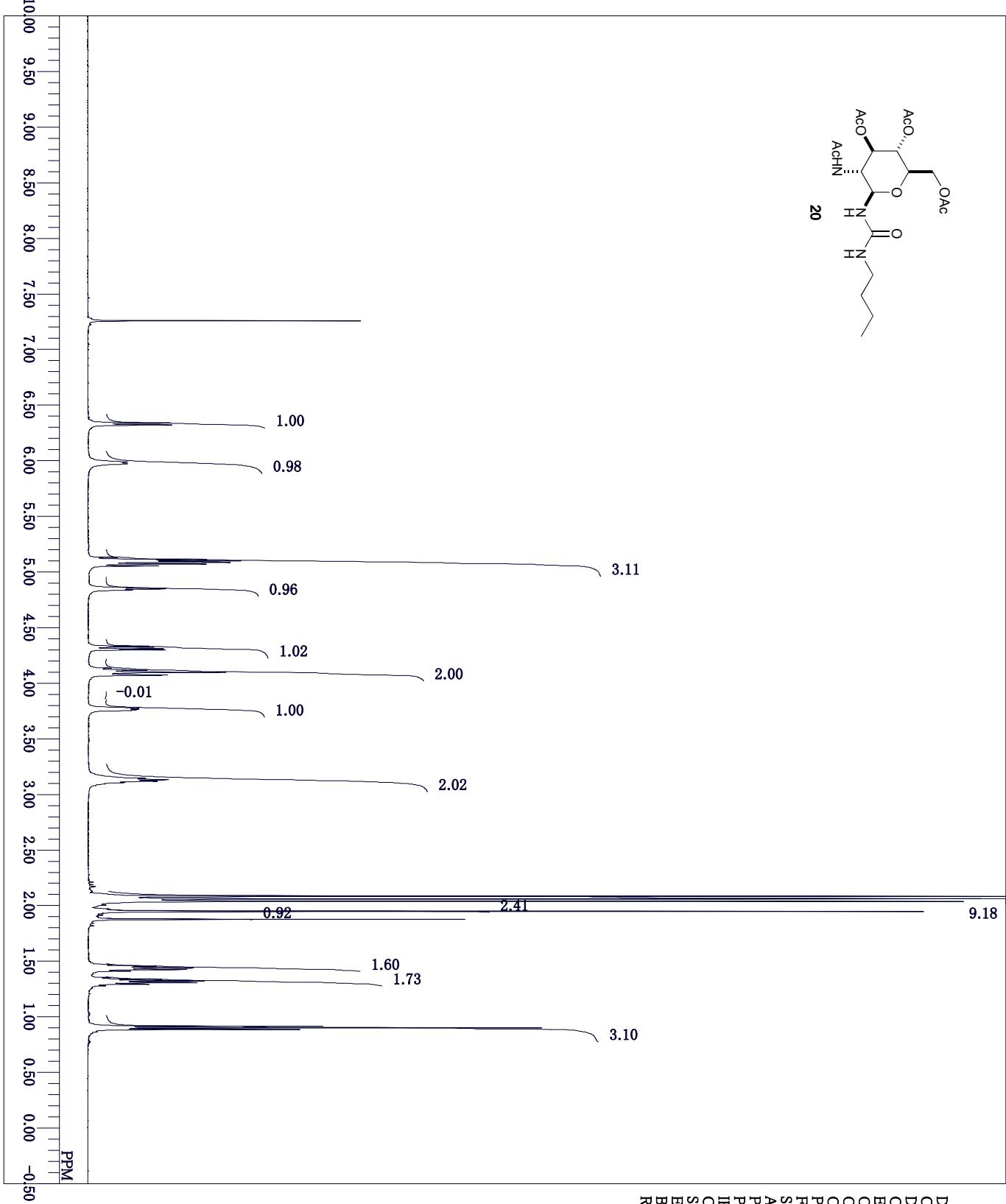
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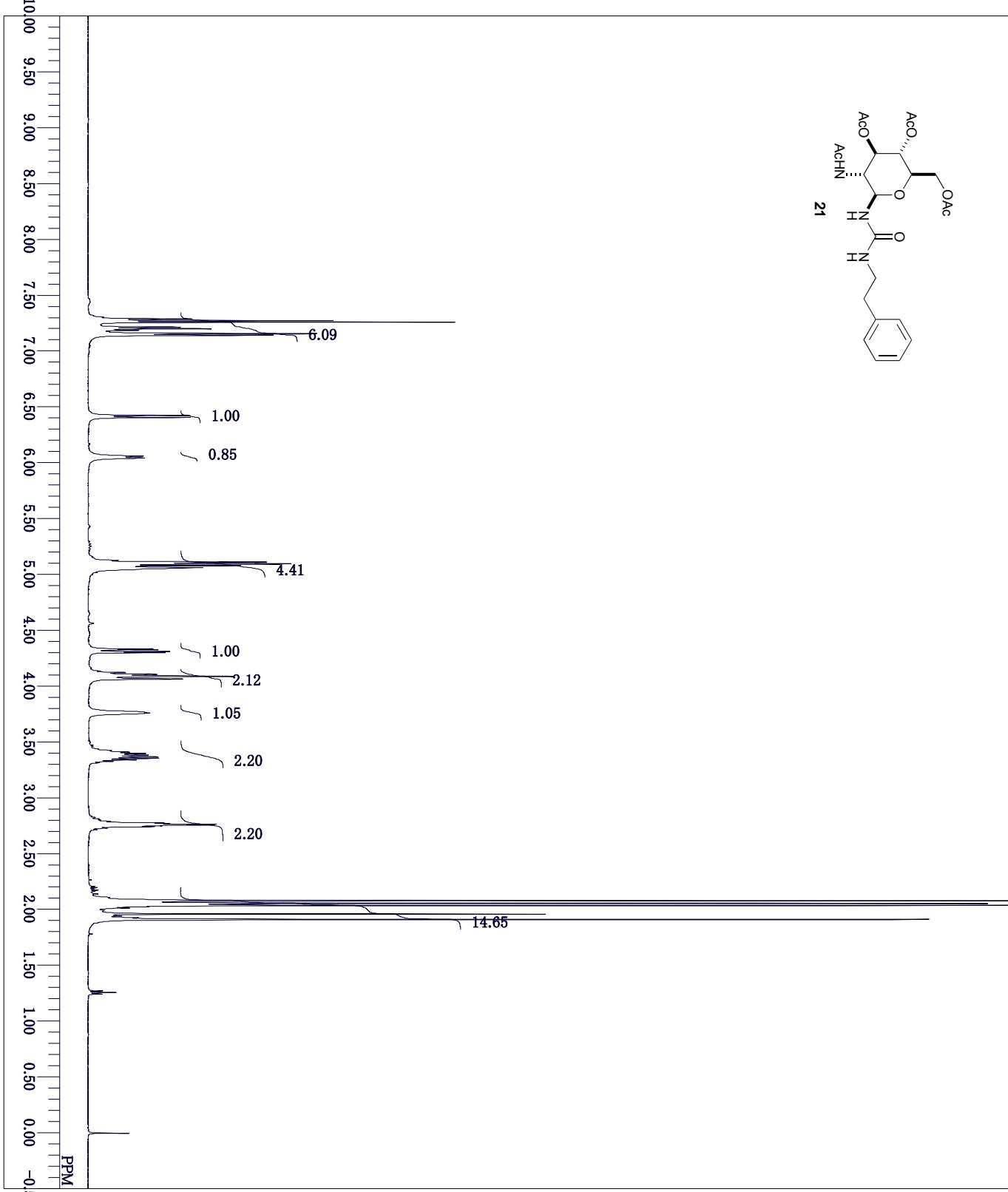


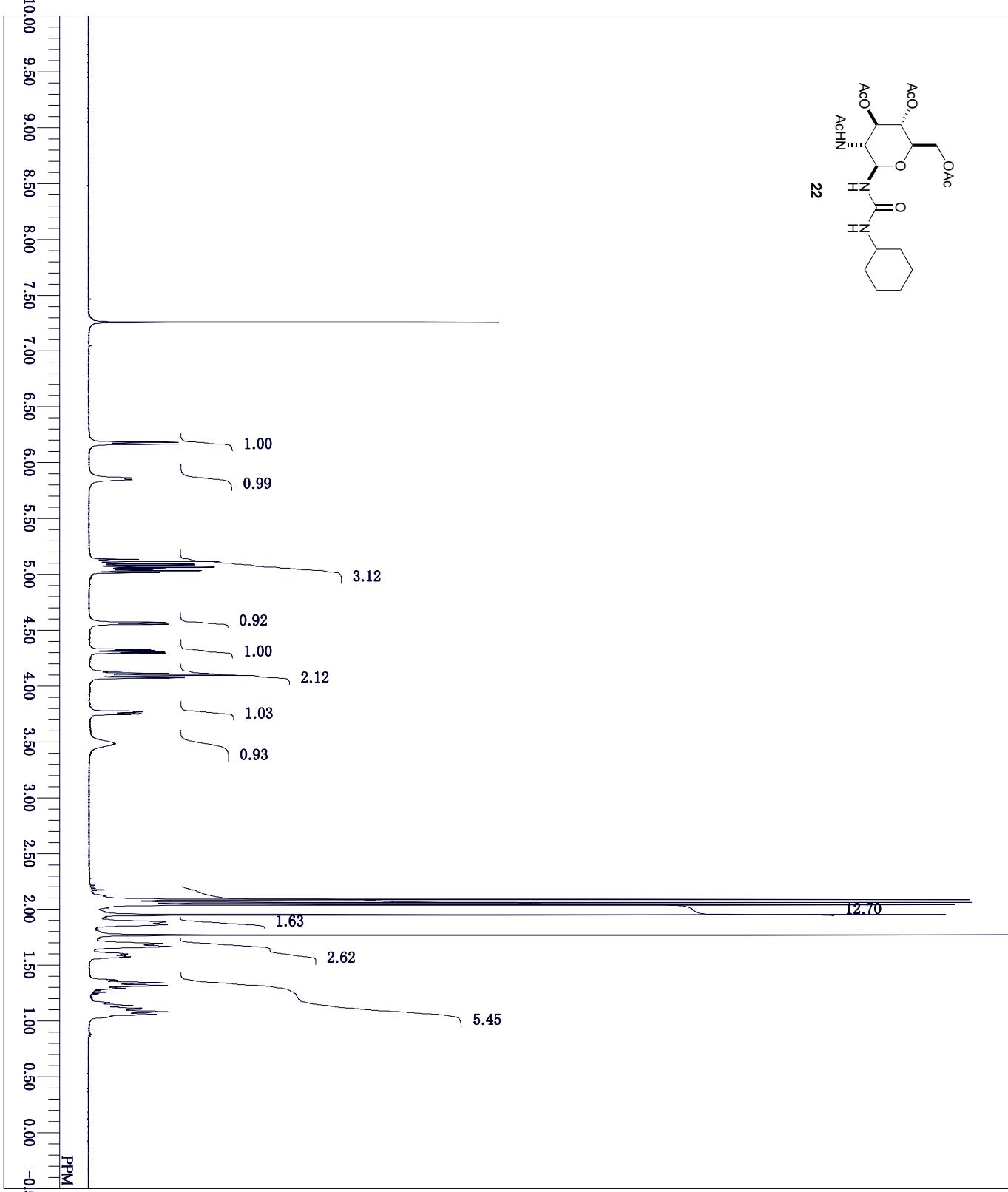




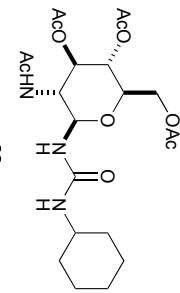


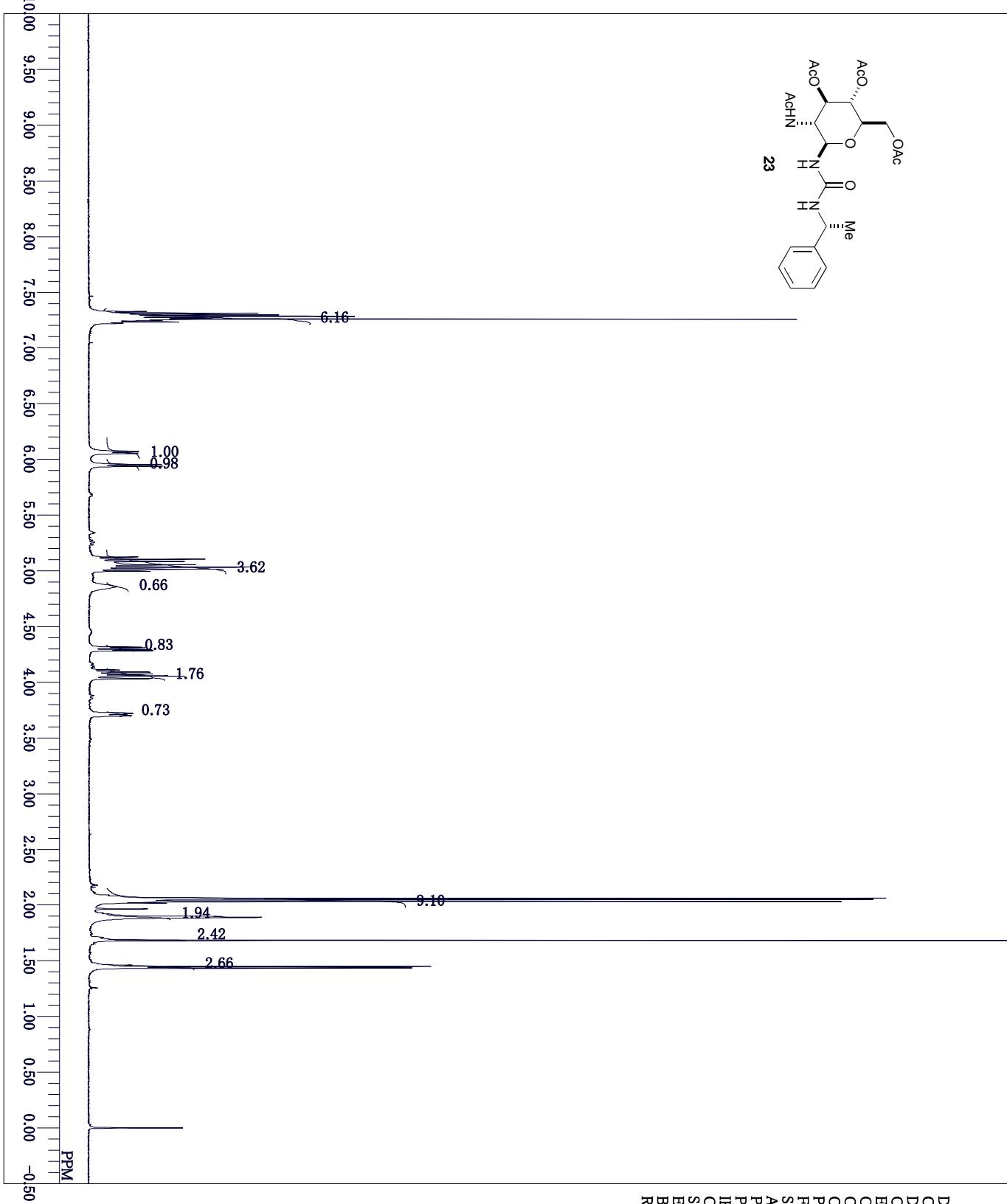
DFILE TON1146_proton-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single_pulse
 2013-01-29 17:45:10
 IH proton.jdp
 EXMOD 500.16 MHz
 OBFRQ 2.41 kHz
 OBSET 6.01 Hz
 OBFIN 16400
 POINT 9384.38 Hz
 FREQU 8
 SCANS 1.7450 sec
 ACQTIM 5.0000 sec
 PD 4.68 usec
 PW1 1H
 IRNUC 16.8 c
 CTEMP CDCl₃
 SLVNT 12.51 ppm
 EXREF 0.12 Hz
 BF 50
 RGAIN



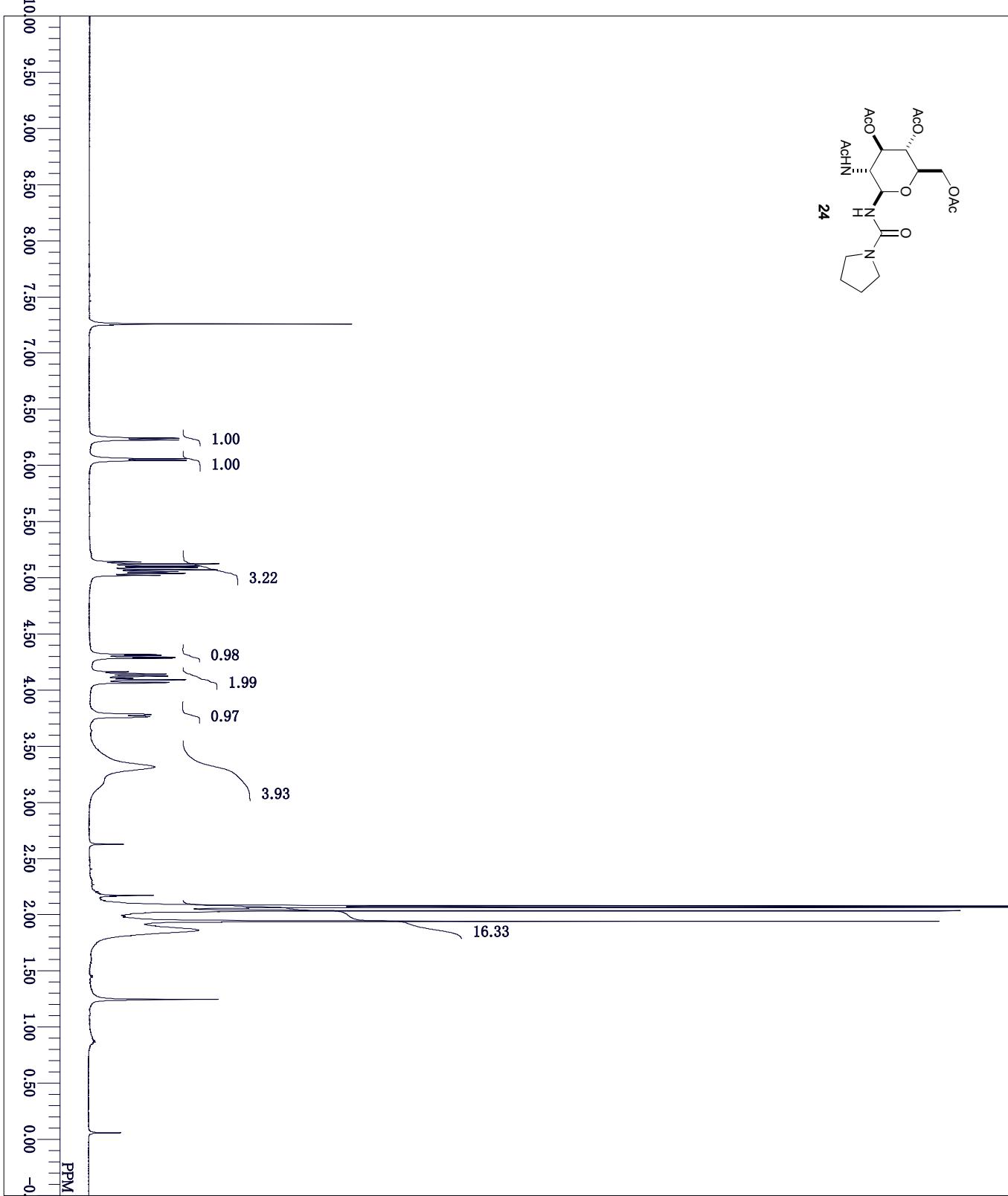


DFILE TON1130 proton-2-1.jdf
 COMNT single_pulse
 2013-02-07 15:56:00
 1H
 OBNUC proton.jdp
 EXMOD 500.16 MHz
 OBFRQ 2.41 kHz
 OBSET 6.01 Hz
 OBFIN 16400
 POINT 16400
 FREQU 9384.38 Hz
 SCANS 8
 ACQTIM 1.7450 sec
 PD 5.0000 sec
 PW1 4.68 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 16.4 c
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 12.51 ppm
 BF 0.12 Hz
 RGAIN 50

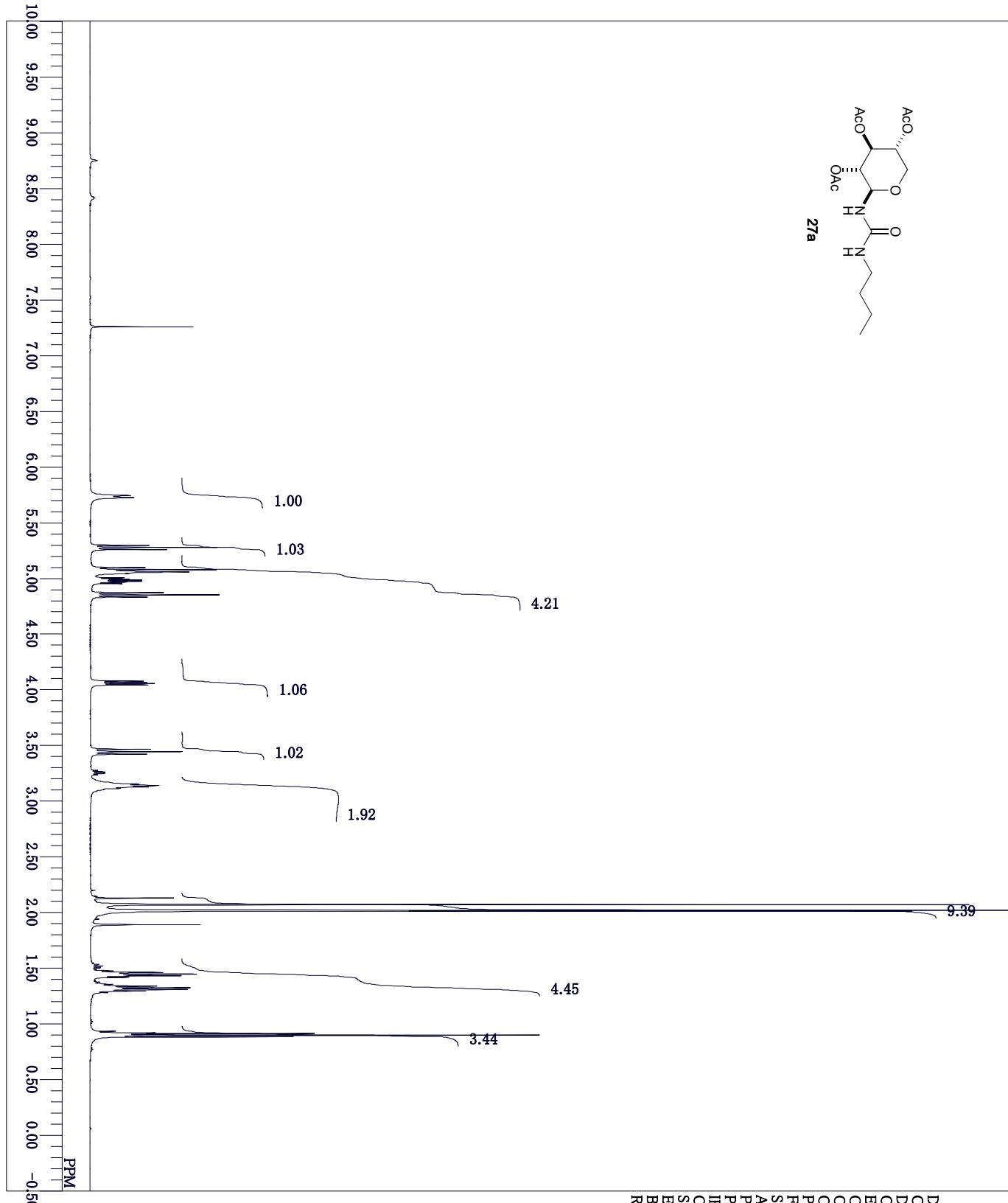


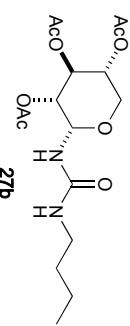


DFILE TON1142-proton-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single_pulse
 DATM 2013-01-29 17:37:22
 OBNUC 1H
 EXMOD proton.jdp
 OBFRQ 500.16 MHz
 OBSET 2.41 kHz
 OBFIN 6.01 Hz
 POINT 16400
 FREQU 9384.38 Hz
 SCANS 8
 ACQTIM 1.7450 sec
 PD 5.0000 sec
 PW1 4.68 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 16.6 c
 SVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 12.51 ppm
 BF 0.12 Hz
 RGAIN 50

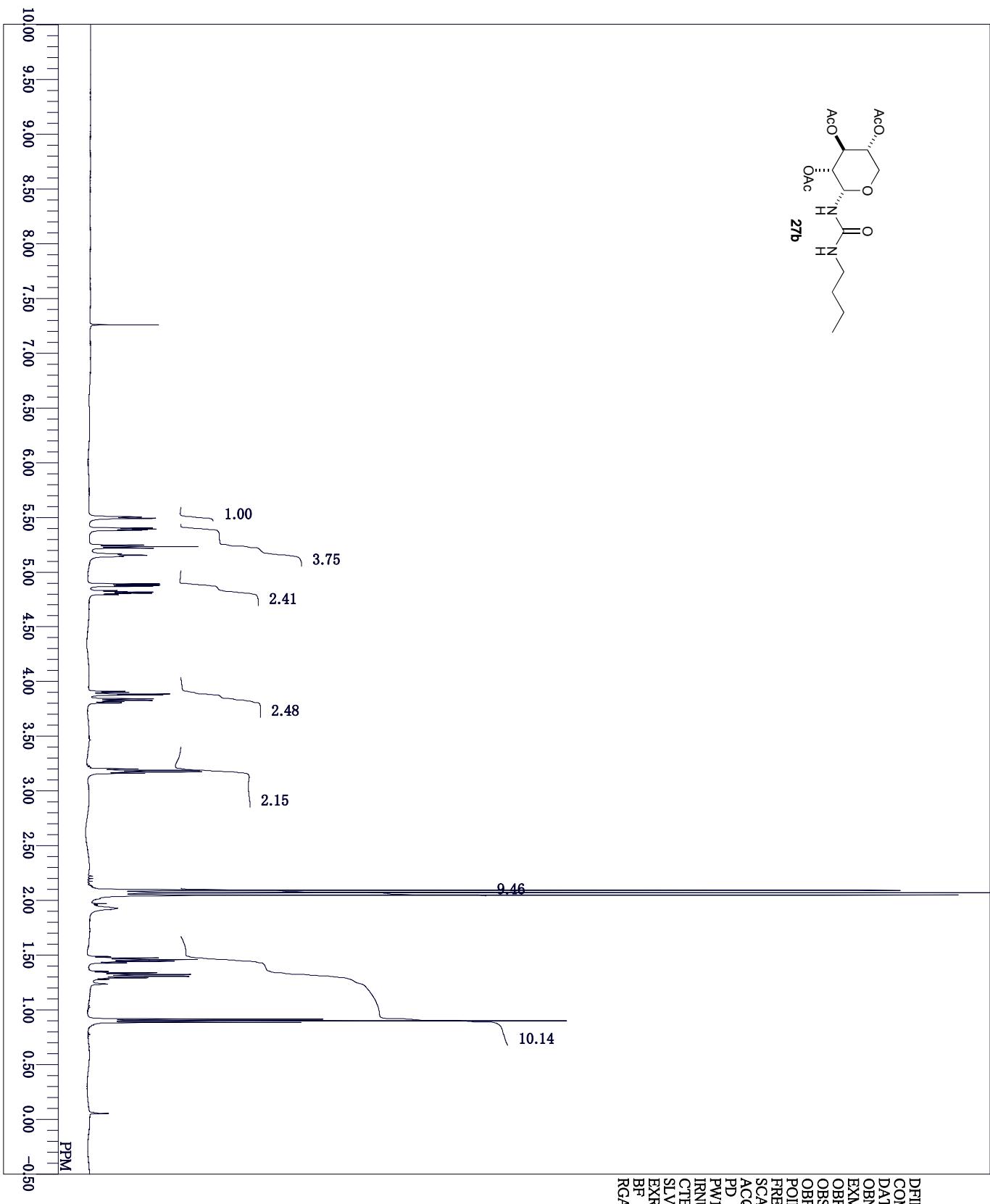


DFILE TONI_proton-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single_pulse
 2013-02-12 09:12:14
 1H
 OBNUC proton.jsp
 EXMOD 500.16 MHz
 OBFRQ 2.41 kHz
 OBSET 6.01 Hz
 OBFIN 16400
 POINT 16400
 FREQU 9384.38 Hz
 SCANS 8
 ACQTIM 1.7450 sec
 PD 5.0000 sec
 PW1 4.68 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 16.5 c
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 12.51 ppm
 BF 0.12 Hz
 RGAIN 50





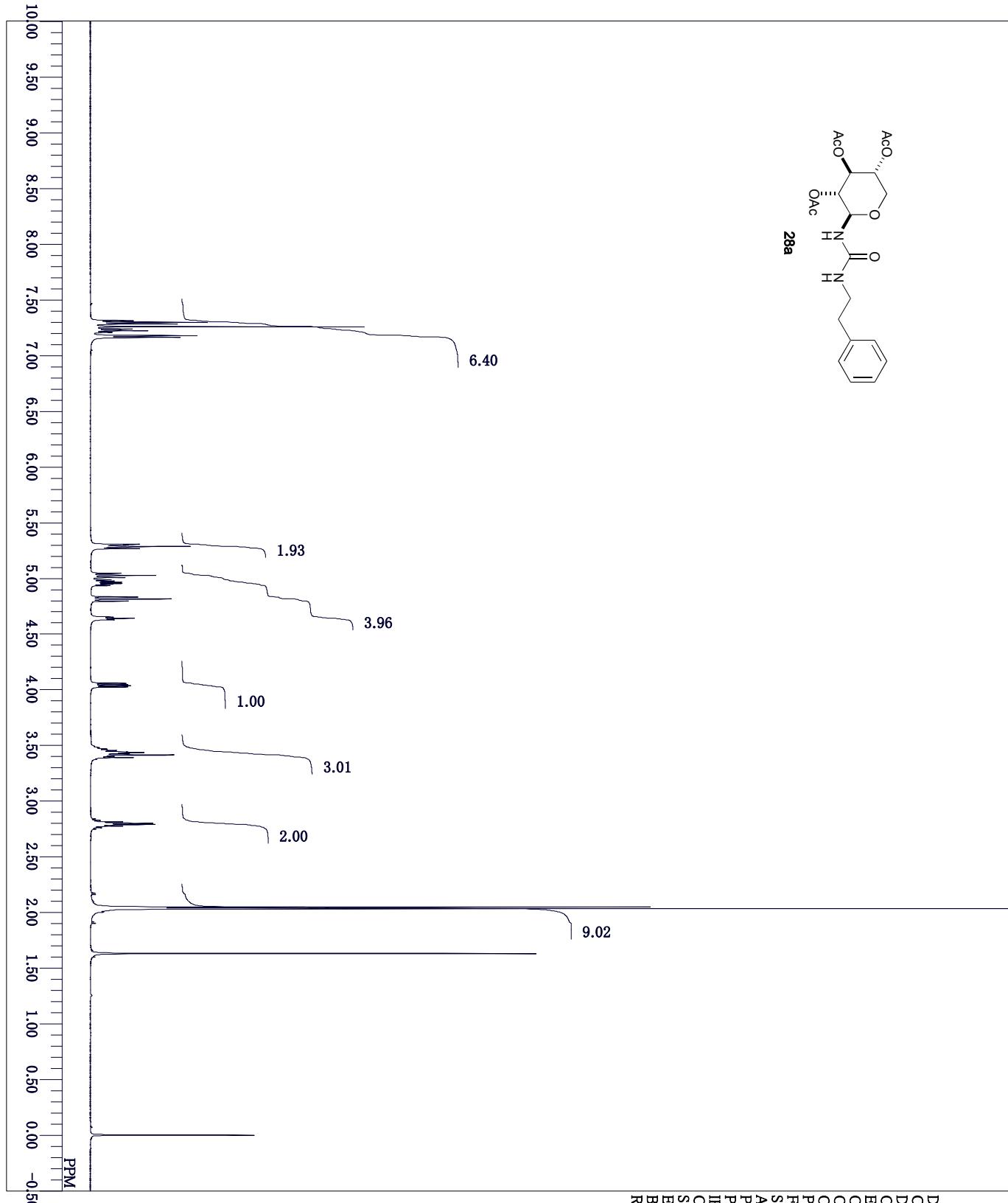
27b

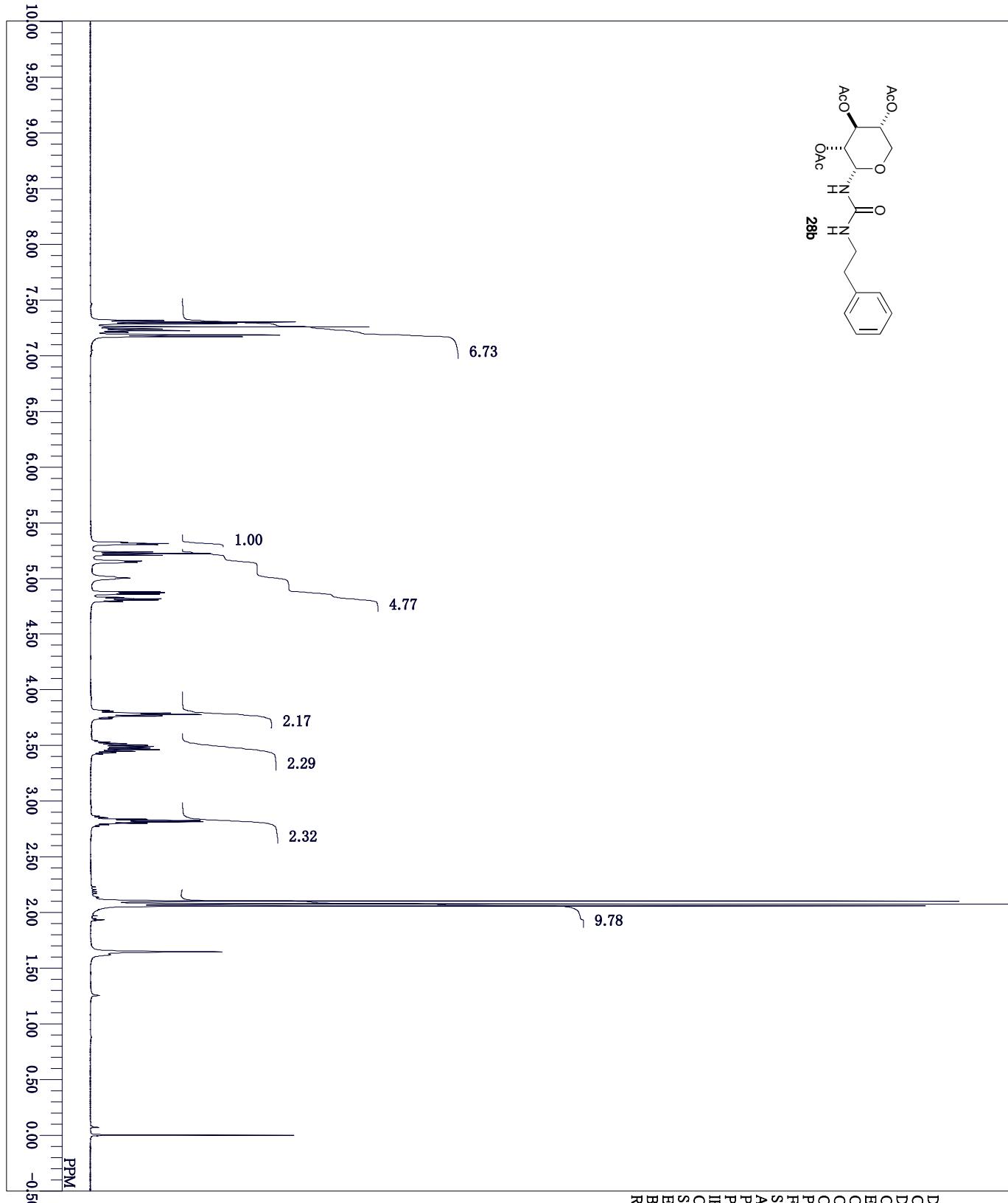


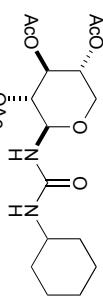
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DFILE          SAE2057_proton-1-1.jdf
COMNT         single_pulse
DATM          2012-07-09 22:11:18
OBNUC          1H
EXMOD        proton.jdp
OBFRQ         500.16 MHz
OBSET         2.41 kHz
OBFIN         6.01 Hz
POINT          16400
FREQU        9384.38 Hz
SCANS           8
ACQTIM       1.7450 sec
PD            5.0000 sec
PW1          4.68 usec
IRNUC          1H
CTEMP         22.4 c
SLVNT        CDCl3
EXREF        12.51 ppm
BF            1.00 Hz
RGAIN           50

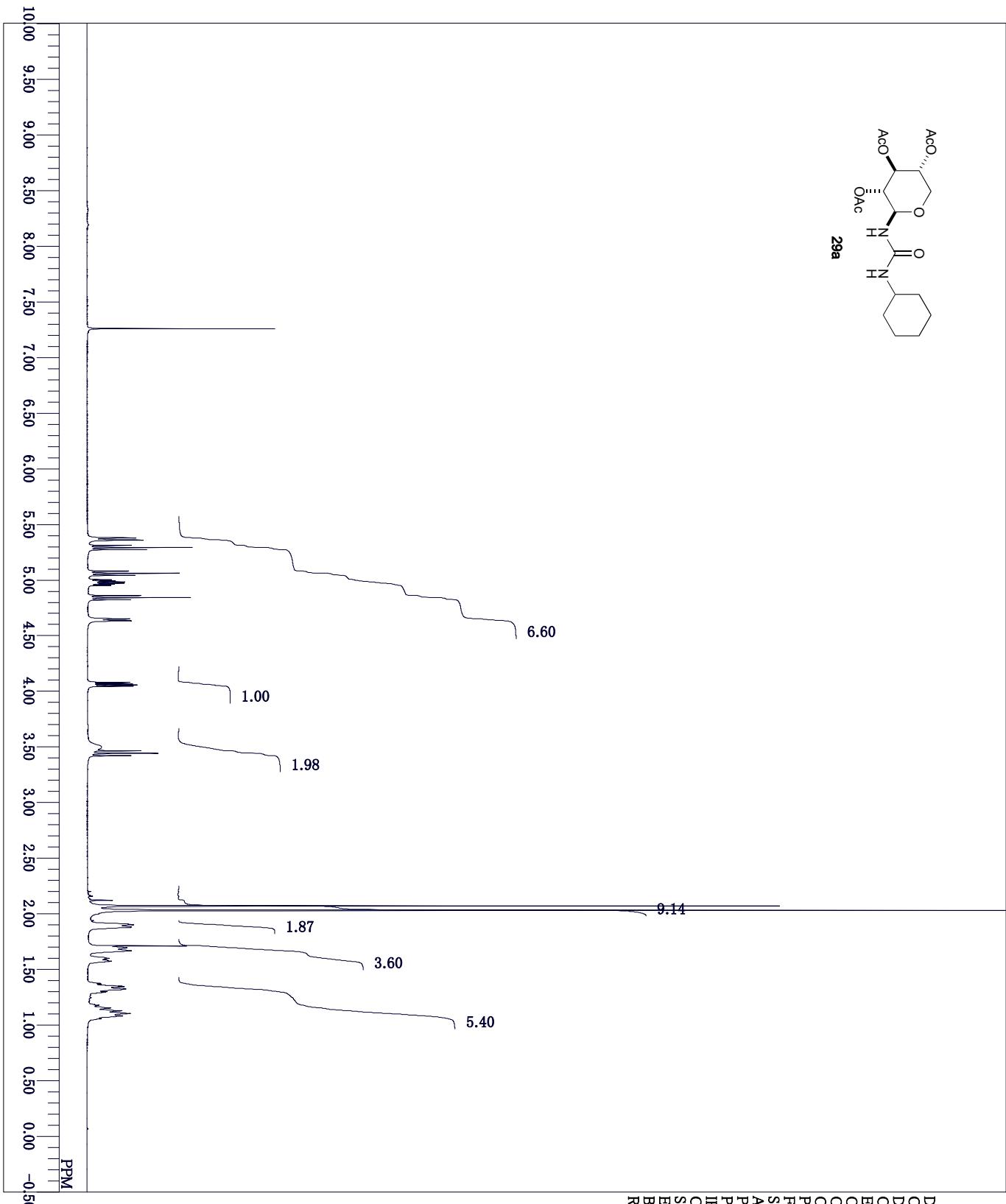
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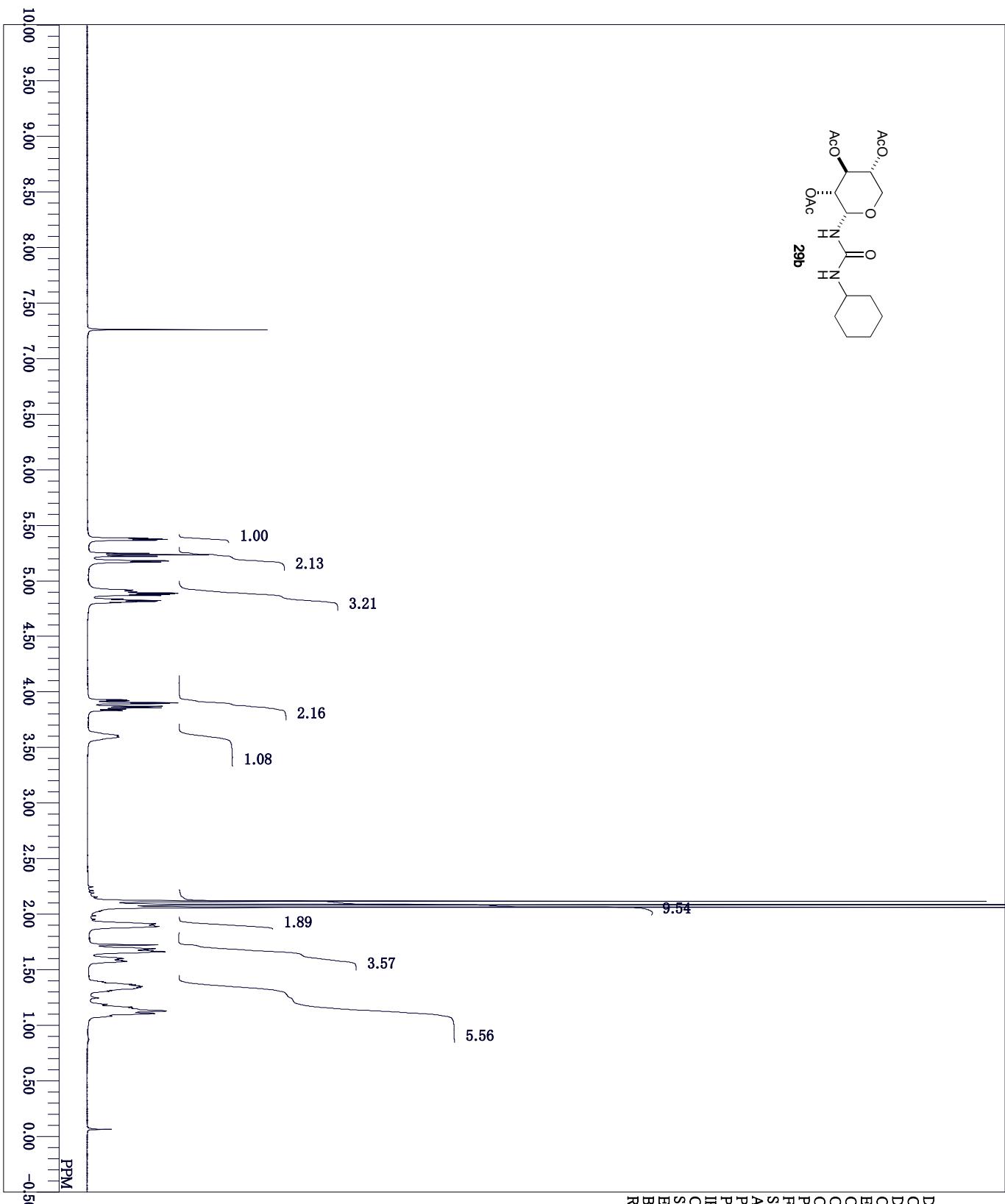
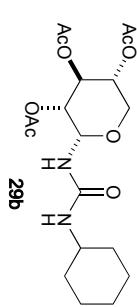
29a

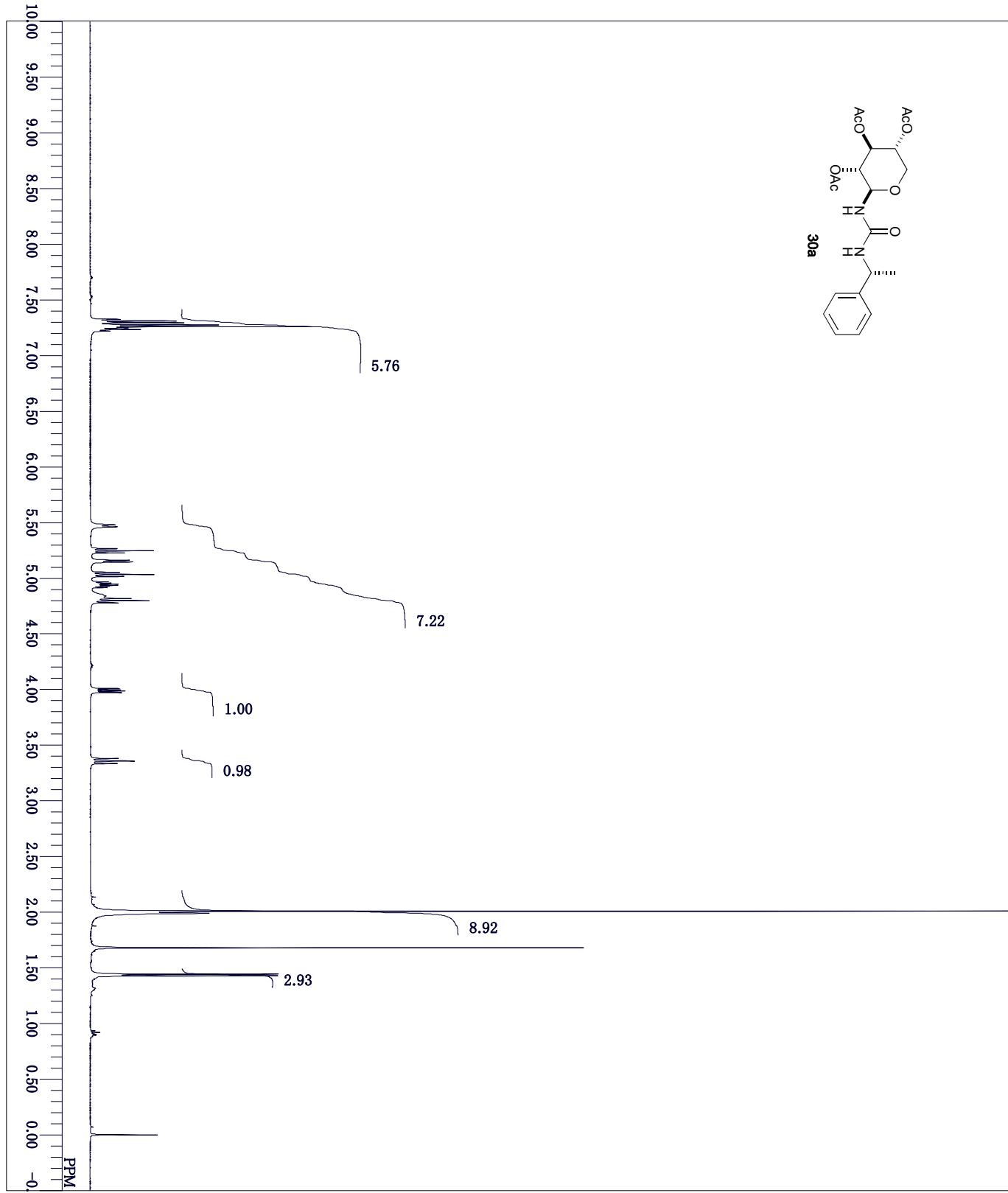


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DFILE SAE1047_proton-2-1.jdf
COMNT single_pulse
2012-02-19 12:11:51
1H
OBNUC proton.jdp
EXMOD 500.16 MHz
OBFRQ 2.41 kHz
OBSET 6.01 Hz
OBFIN
POINT 16400
FREQU 9384.38 Hz
SCANS 8
ACQTIM 1.7450 sec
PD 5.0000 sec
PW1 4.68 usec
IRNUC 1H
CTEMP 16.3 c
SLVNT CDCl3
EXREF 12.51 ppm
BF 1.00 Hz
RGAIN 50

```

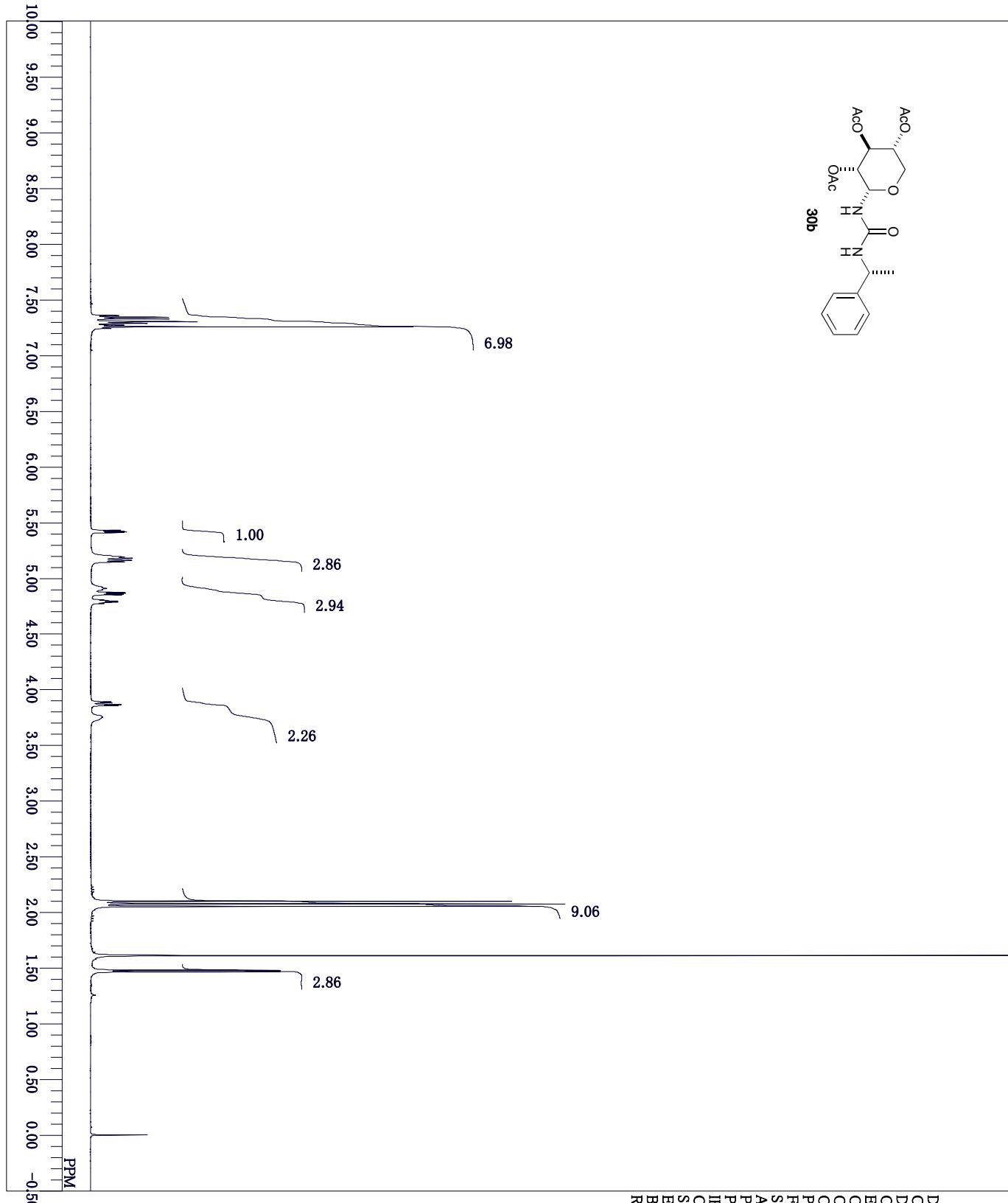


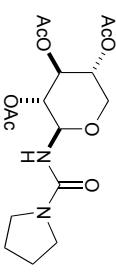


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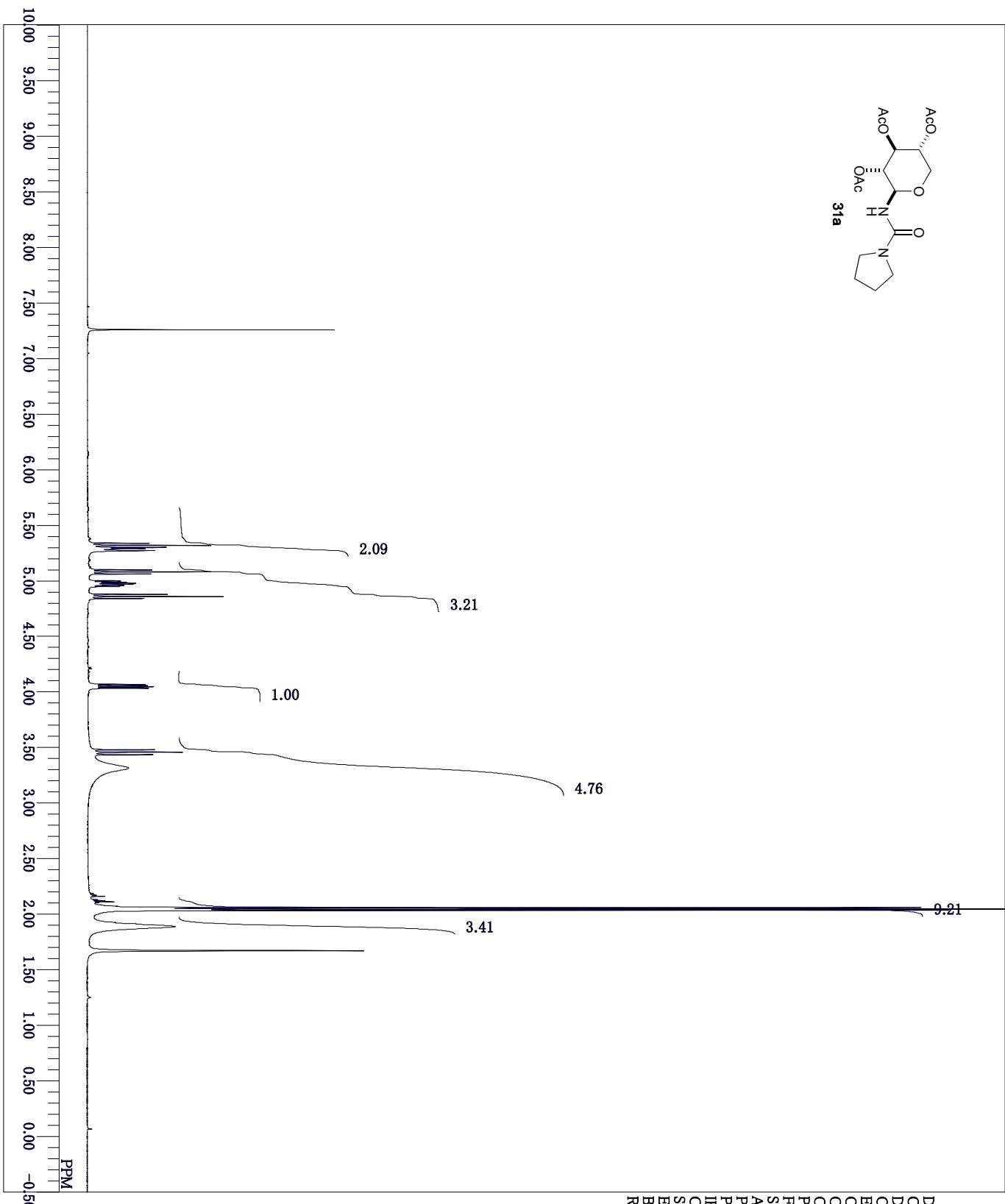
DFILE SAE20_1_proton-2-1.jdf
COMNT single_pulse
DATM 2012-06-11 11:15:27
OBNUC 1H
EXMOD proton.jdp
OBFRQ 500.16 MHz
OBSET 2.41 kHz
OBFIN 6.01 Hz
POINT 16400
FREQU 9384.38 Hz
SCANS 8
ACQTM 1.7450 sec
PD 5.0000 sec
PW1 4.68 usec
IRNUC 1H
CTEMP 20.3 c
SLVNT CDCl3
EXREF 12.51 ppm
BF 1.00 Hz
RGAIN 50

```





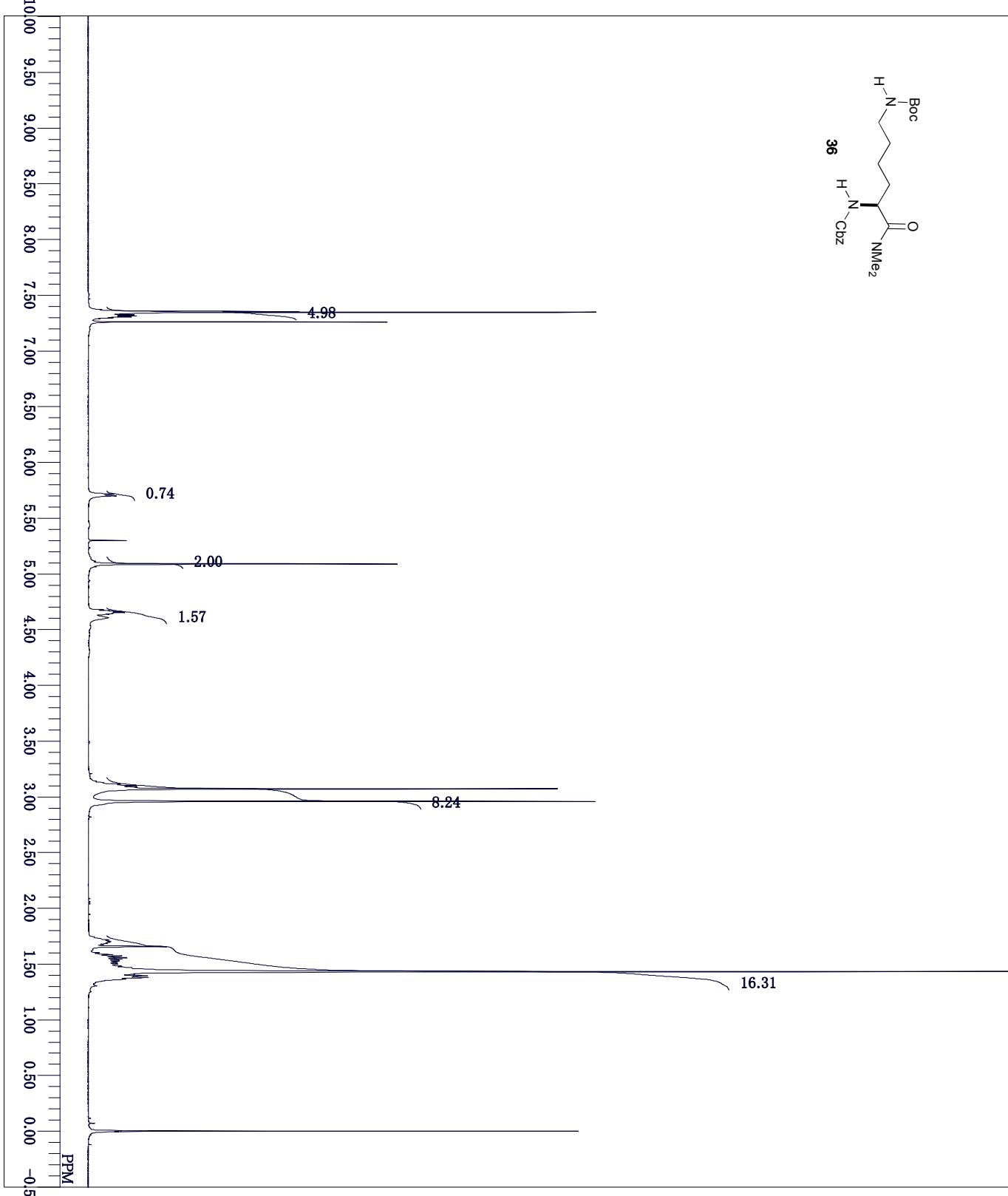
31a



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DFILE SAE2051_proton-1-1.jdf
COMNT single_pulse
2012-07-04 15:52:52
1H
OBNUC proton.jdp
EXMOD 500.16 MHz
OBFRQ 2.41 kHz
OBSET 6.01 Hz
OBFIN 16400
POINT 9384.38 Hz
FREQU 8
SCANS 1.7450 sec
ACQTIM 5.0000 sec
PD 4.68 usec
PW1
IRNUC 1H
CTEMP 21.3 c
SLVNT CDCl3
EXREF 12.51 ppm
BF 1.00 Hz
RGAIN 50

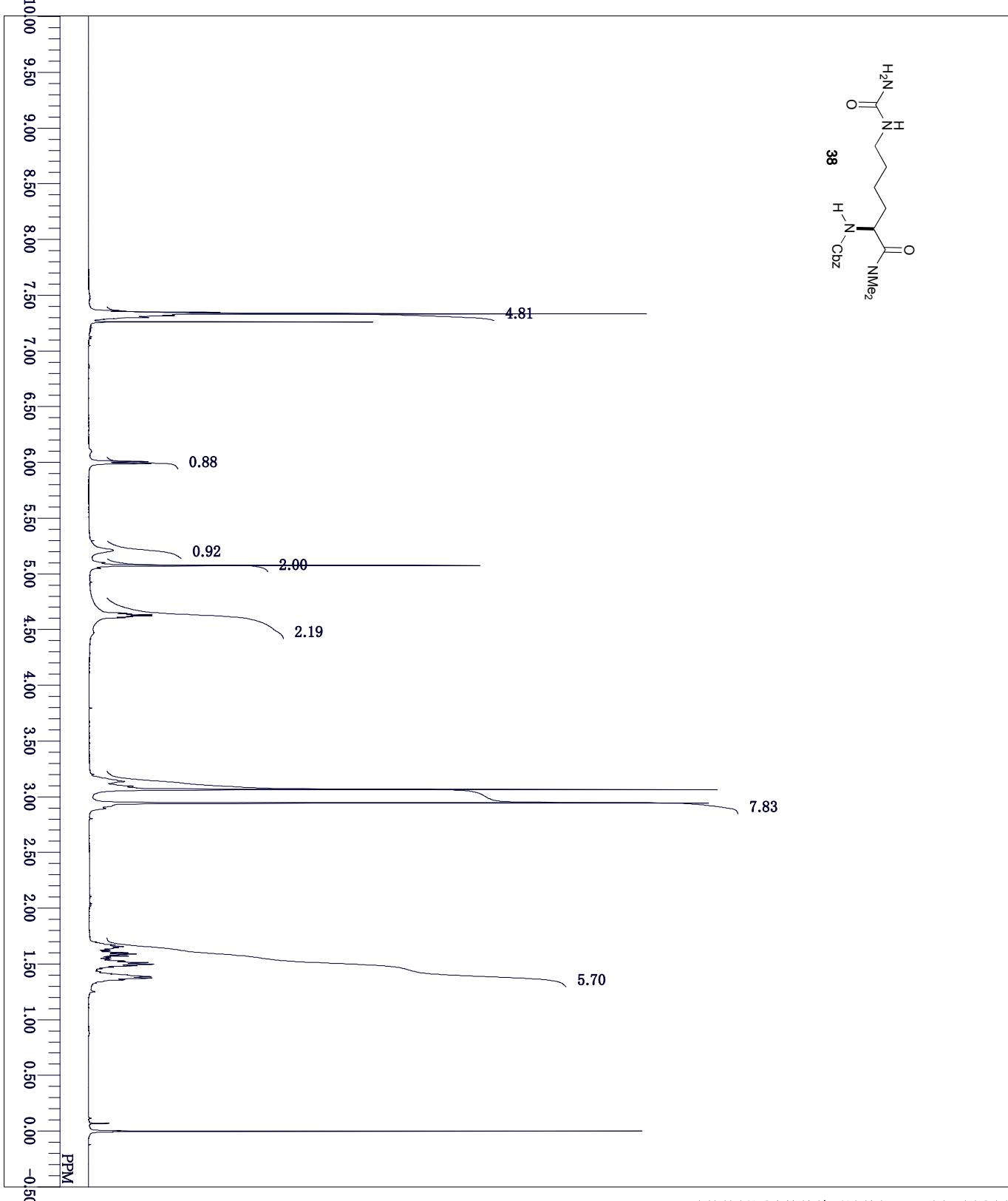
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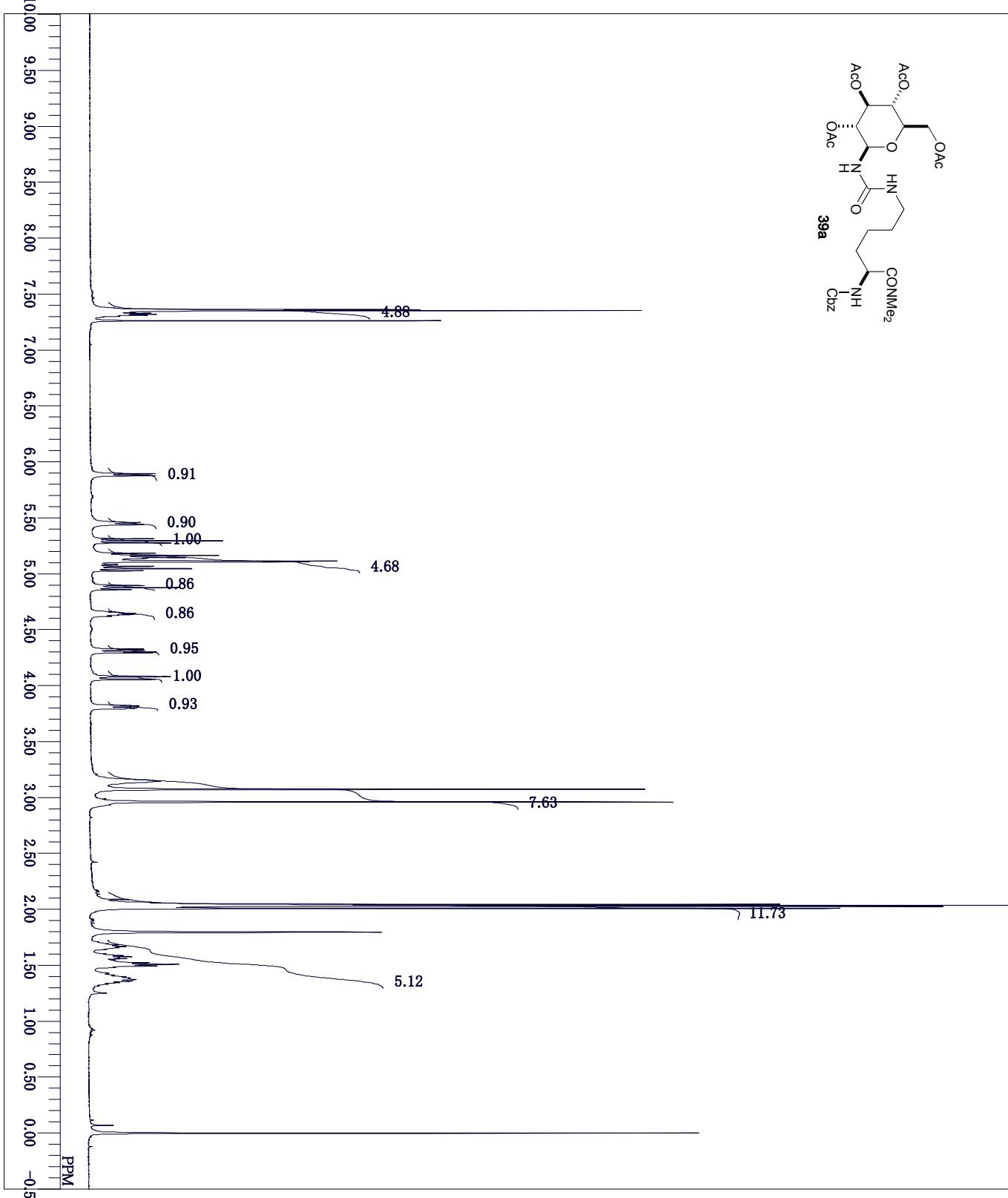
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DFILE          sou300data_proton-4-1.jif
COMNT         single_pulse
DATM         2011-11-25 14:57:13
OBNUC          1H
EXMOD        proton.jdp
OBFRQ        500.16 MHz
OBSET        2.41 kHz
OBFIN        6.01 Hz
POINT        16400
FREQU        9384.38 Hz
SCANS          8
ACQTIM       1.7450 sec
PD            5.0000 sec
PW1          4.68 usec
IRNUC          1H
CTEMP         16.9 c
SLVNT          CDCl3
EXREF        12.51 ppm
BF            1.00 Hz
RGAIN          50

```



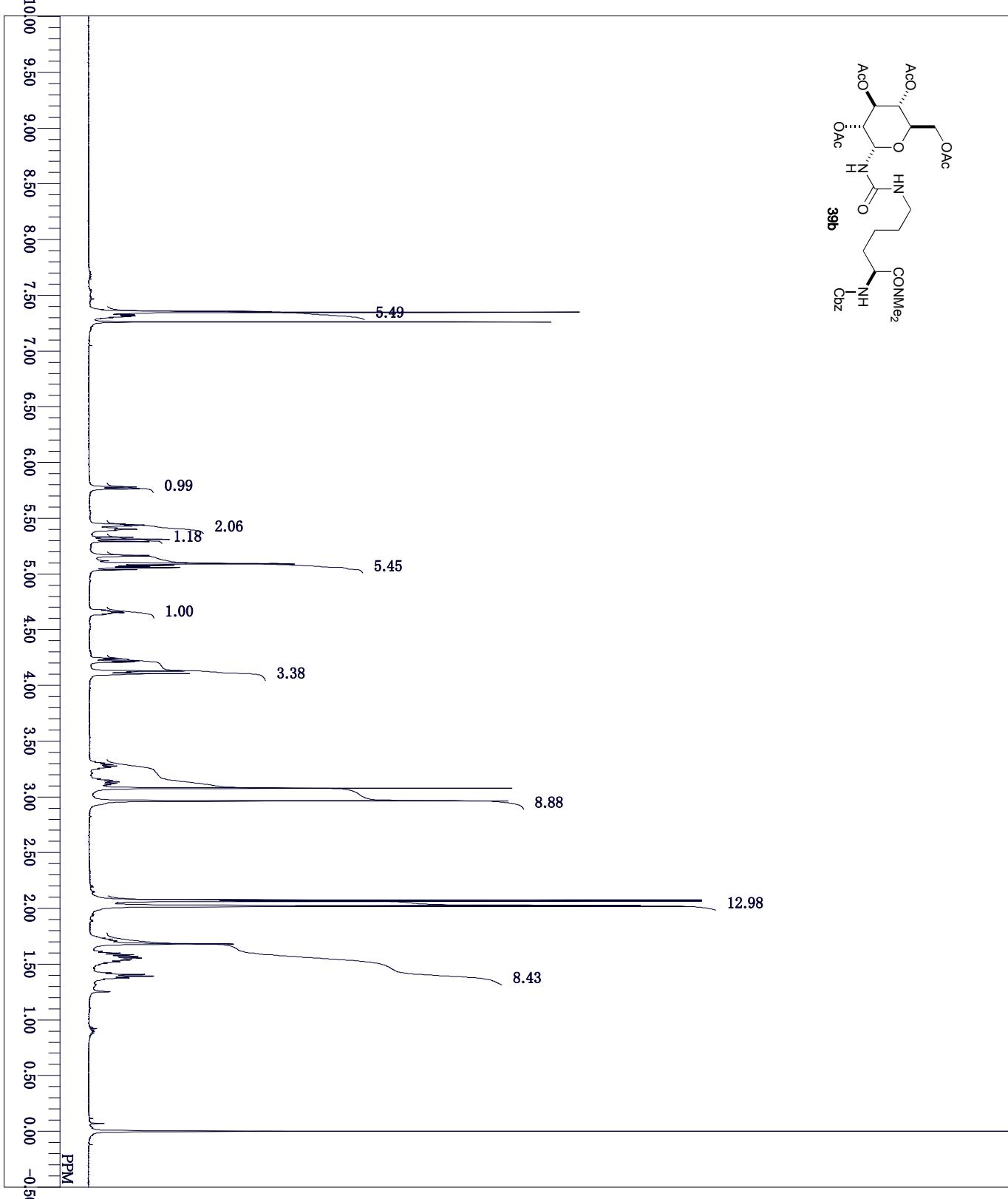
sou4074data_proton-2-1.jif
 single_pulse
 2011-11-25 14:48:08
 1H
 proton.jsp
 500.16 MHz
 2.41 kHz
 6.01 Hz
 16400
 9384.38 Hz
 8
 1.7450 sec
 5.0000 sec
 4.68 usec
 1H
 16.9 c
 CDCl3
 12.51 ppm
 1.00 Hz
 50



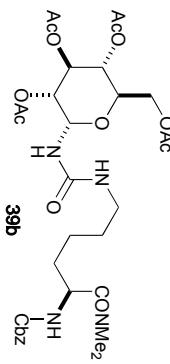
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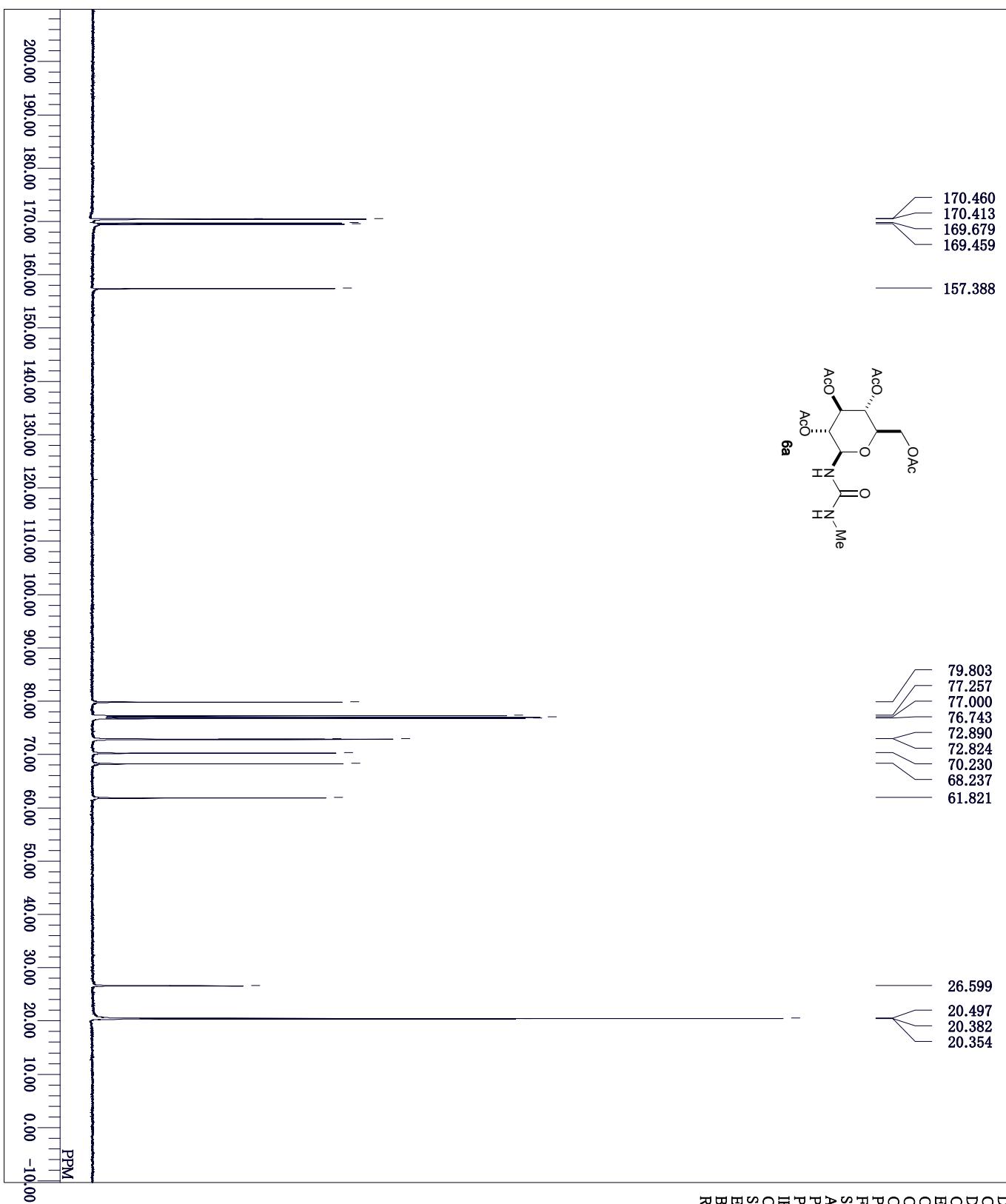
DFILE          sou3015data_proton-3-1.jif
COMNT         single_pulse
DTIM          2011-11-30 20:51:01
OBNUC          1H
EXMOD         proton.jdp
OBFRQ         500.16 MHz
OBSET         2.41 kHz
OBFIN         6.01 Hz
POINT         16400
FREQU        9384.38 Hz
SCANS          8
ACQTIM        1.7450 sec
PD             5.0000 sec
PW1           4.68 usec
PRNUC          1H
CTEMP          16.9 c
SLVNT          CDCl3
EXREF          12.51 ppm
BF             1.00 Hz
RGAIN          50

```



DFILE sou3012data_proton-2-1.jif
 COMNT single_pulse
 DATM 2011-11-22 10:02:06
 OBNUC 1H
 EXMOD proton.jsp
 OBFRQ 500.16 MHz
 OBSET 2.41 kHz
 OBFIN 6.01 Hz
 POINT 16400
 FREQU 9384.38 Hz
 SCANS 8
 ACQTIM 1.7450 sec
 PD 5.0000 sec
 PW1 4.68 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 16.8 c
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 12.51 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50

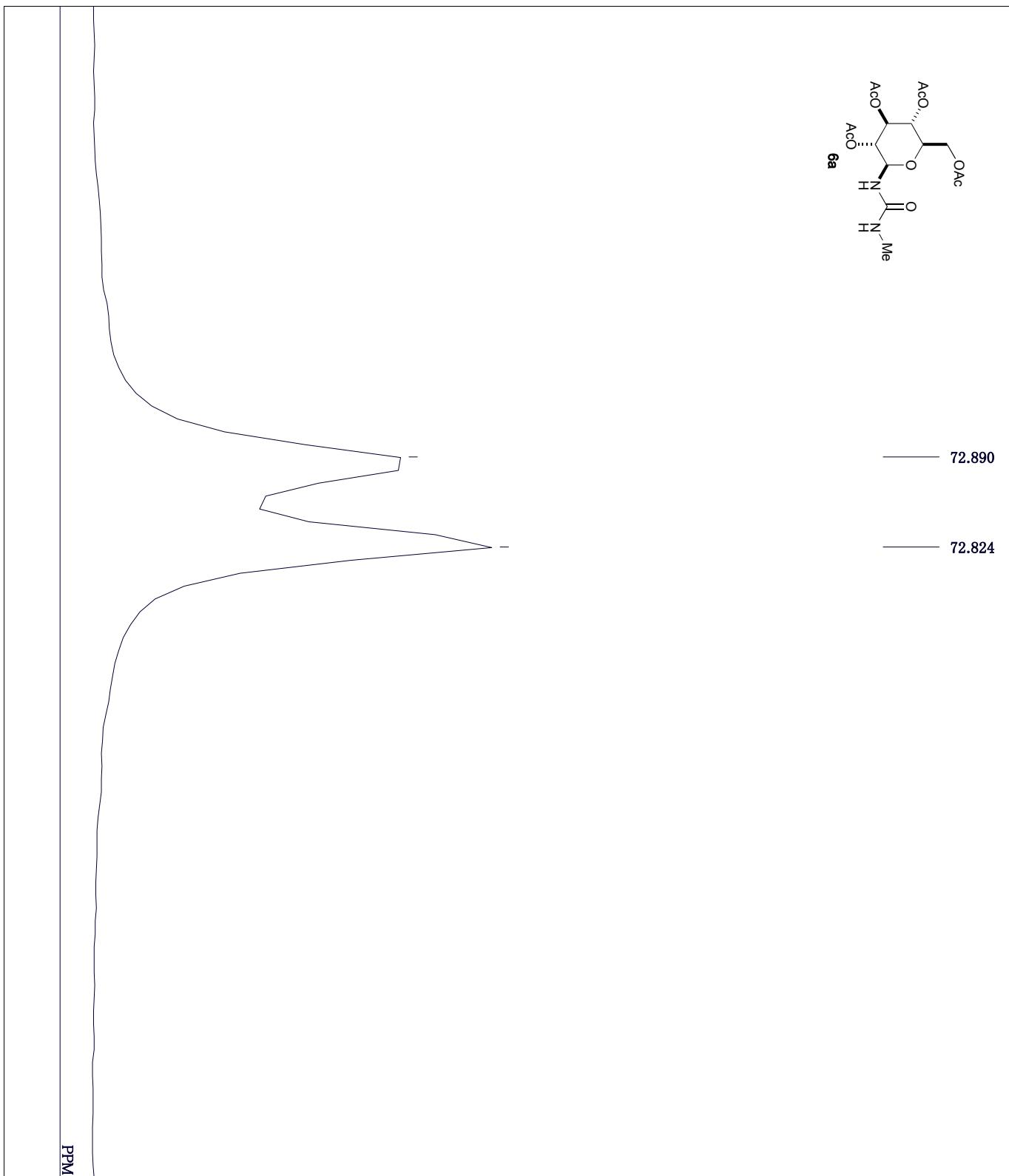




```

DFILE          sou3080data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
COMNT         single pulse decoupled gated NOE
              2011-08-29 15.13.33
13C           13C
              carbon.jsp
EXMOD        125.77 MHz
OBFRQ        7.87 kHz
OBNUC        4.21 Hz
OBSET        32780
OBFIN
POINT        39308.18 Hz
FREQU        1024
SCANS        0.8336 sec
ACQTIM       2.0000 sec
PD           2.72 usec
PW1
IRNUC        1H
CTEMP        21.0 c
SLVNT        CDCl3
EXREF        77.00 ppm
BF           0.12 Hz
RGAIN        50

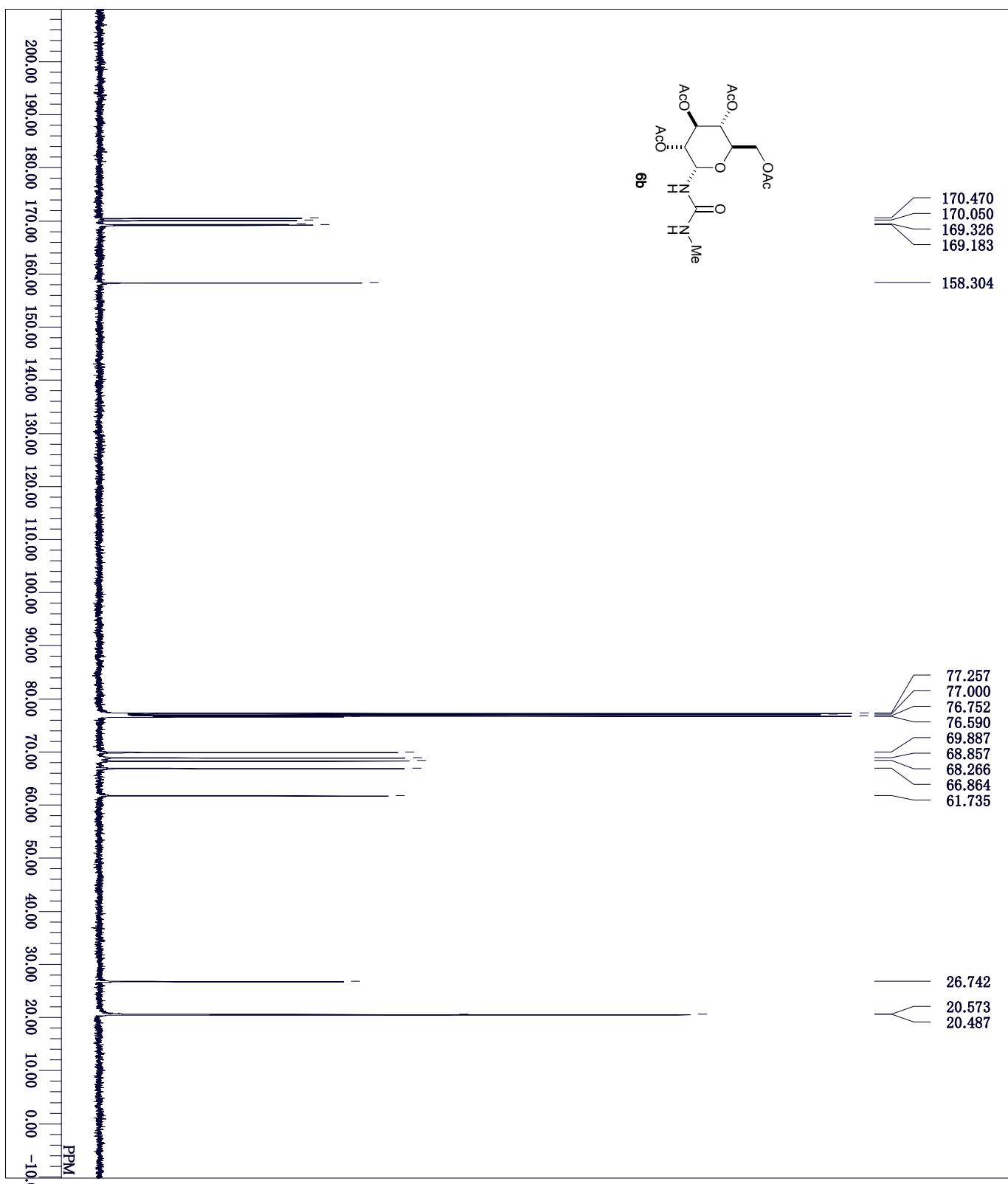
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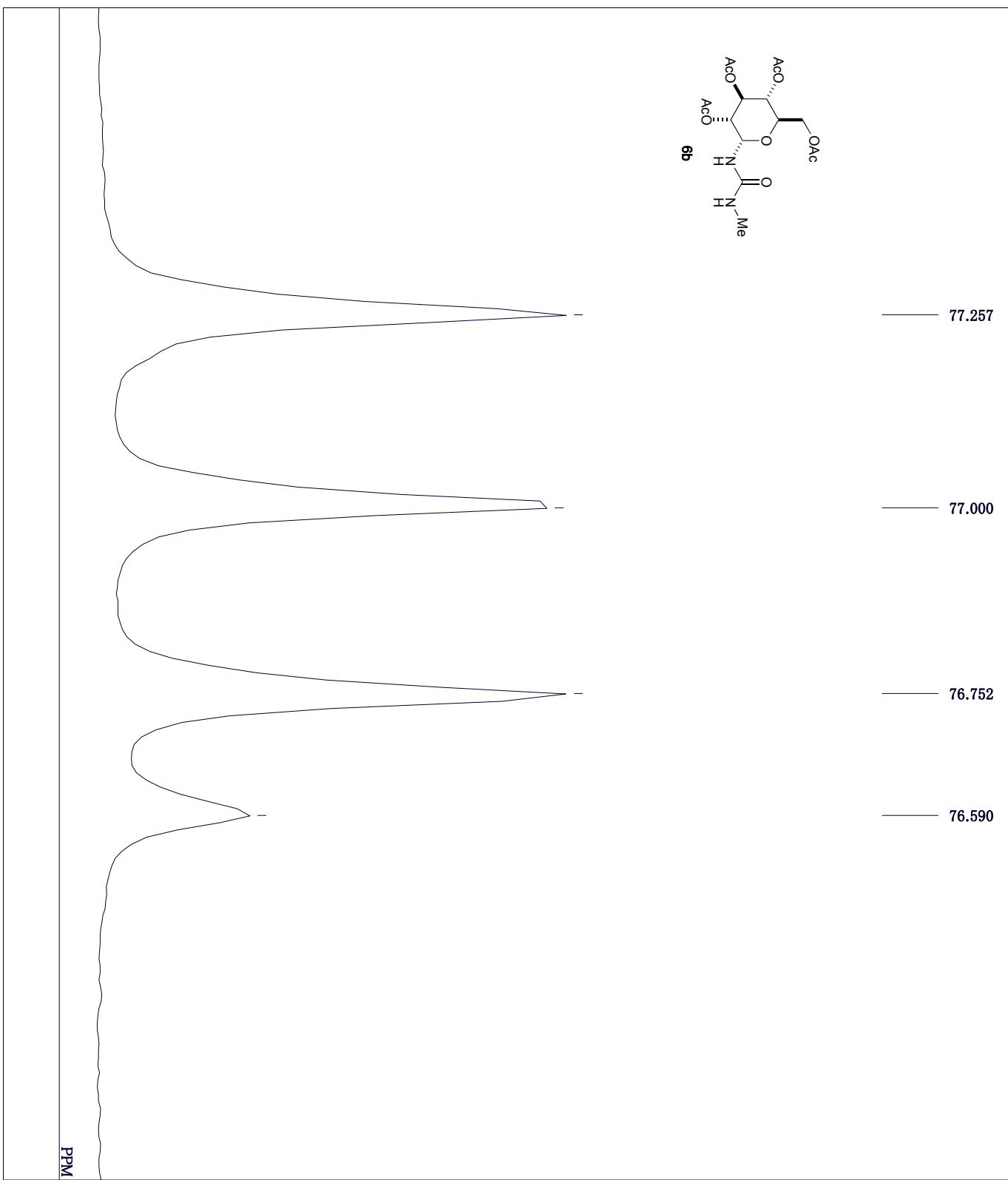
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DFILE          sol3080data_Carbon-1-1.jif
COMNT         single pulse decoupled gated NOE
DATM         2011-08-29 15:13:33
OBNUC        13C
EXMOD        OBFRQ
OBSET        125.77 MHz
OBFIN        7.87 kHz
POINT        4.21 Hz
POINTER      32780
FREQU        39308.18 Hz
SCANS         1024
ACQTM        0.8336 sec
PD           2.0000 sec
PW1          2.72 usec
IRNUC        1H
CTEMP        21.0 c
SLVNT        CDCL3
EXREF        77.00 ppm
BF           0.12 Hz
RGAIN        50

```



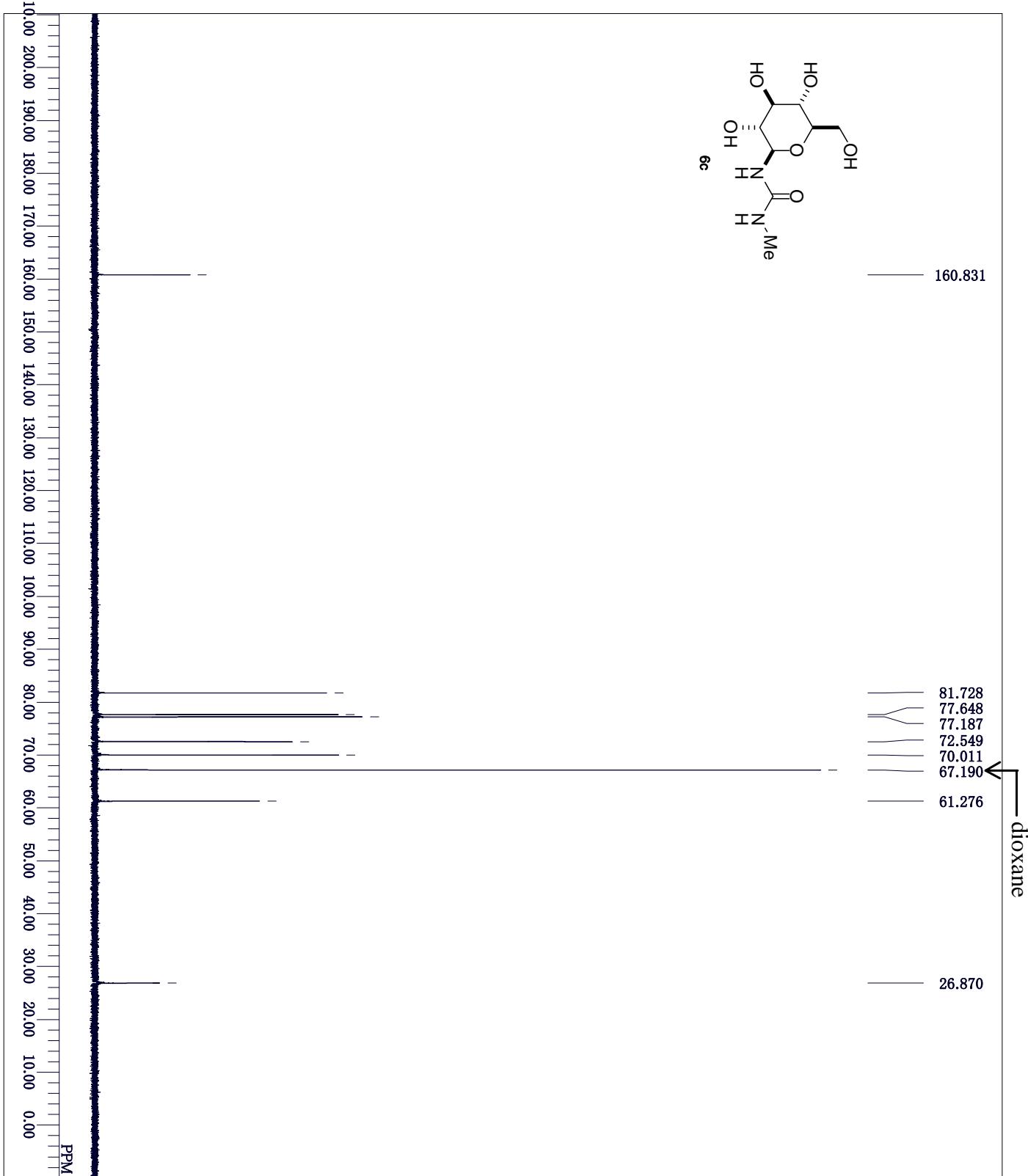
DFILE sou4117data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2011-11-14 10:32:41
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 512
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 18.8 c
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50

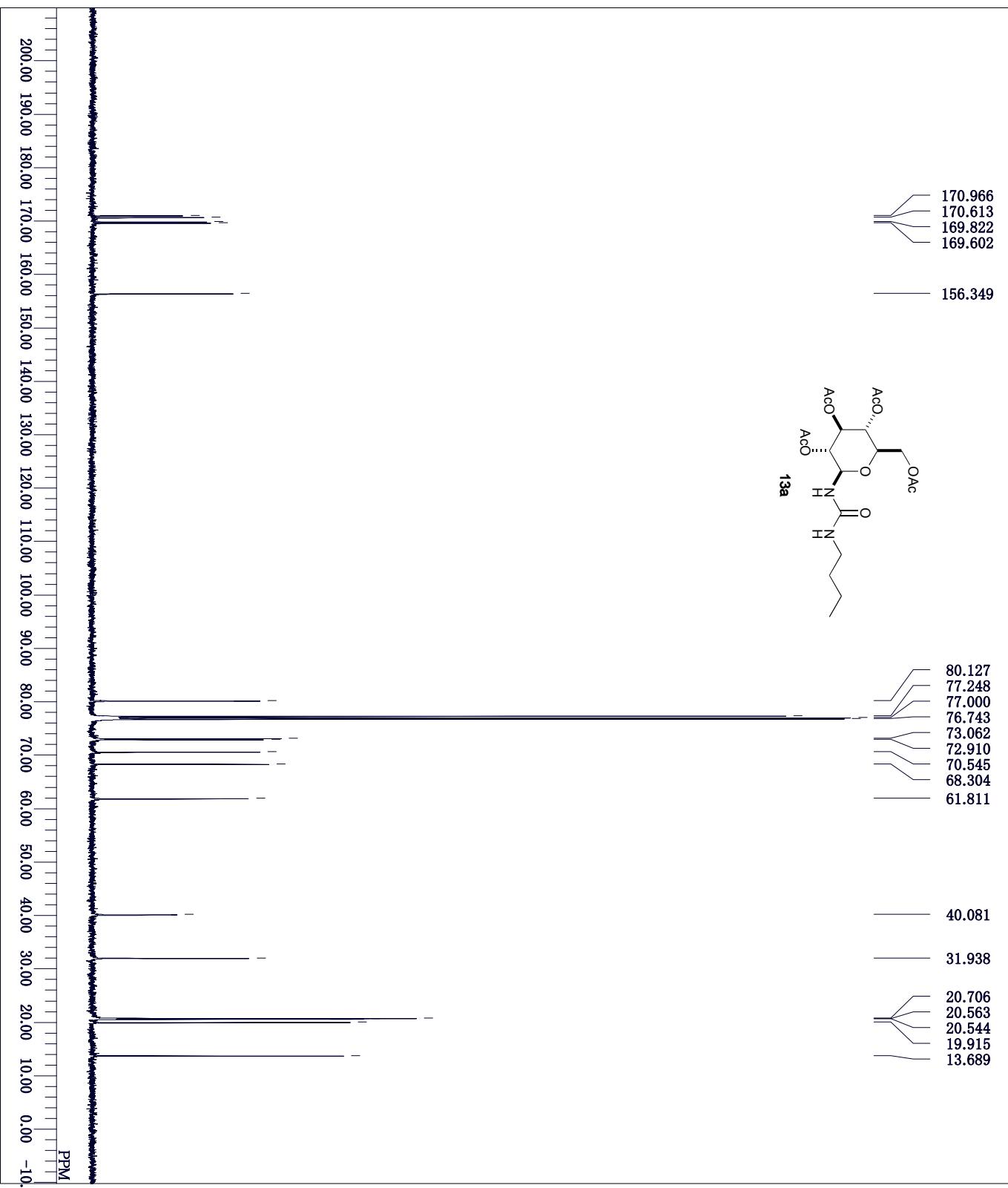


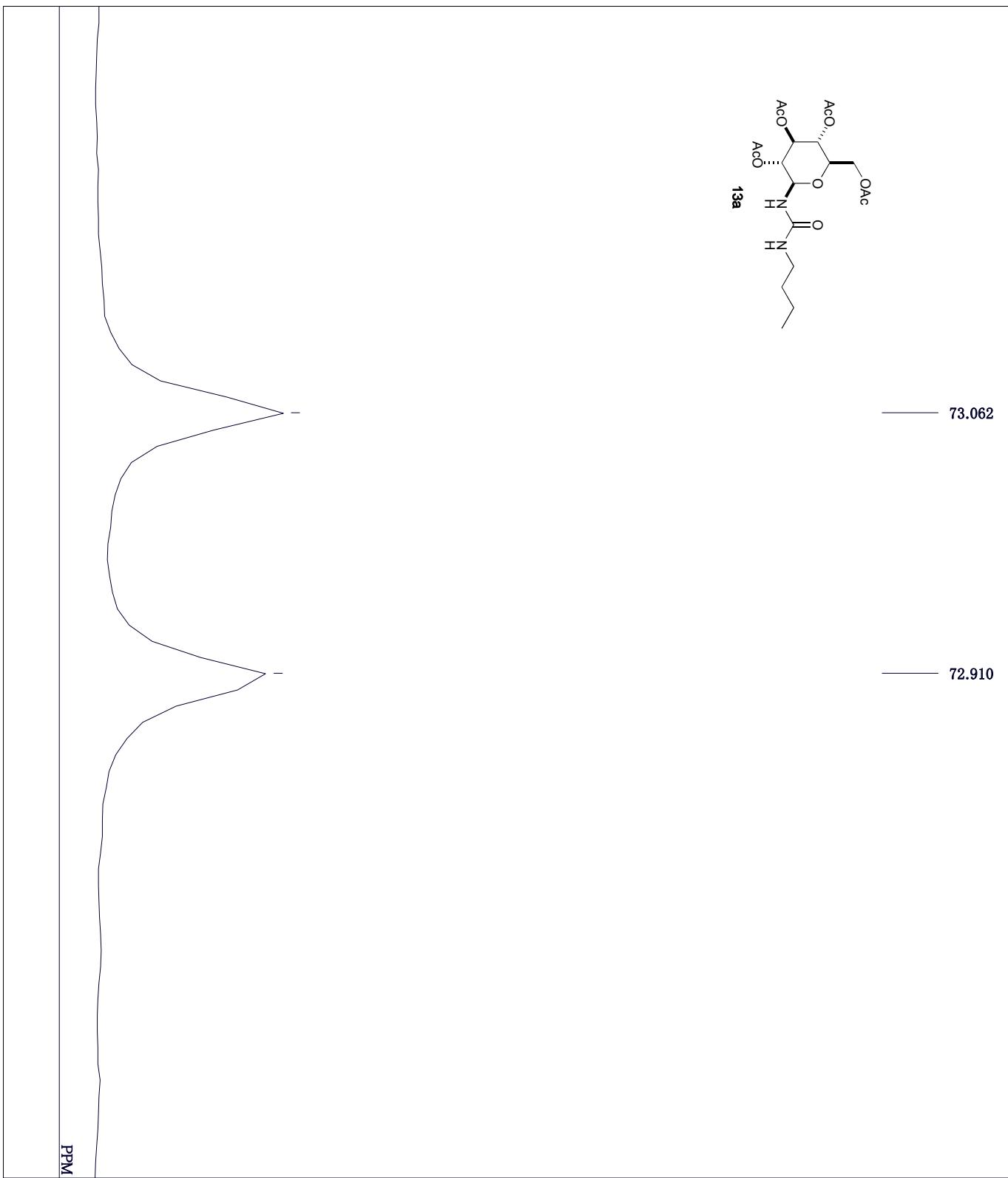
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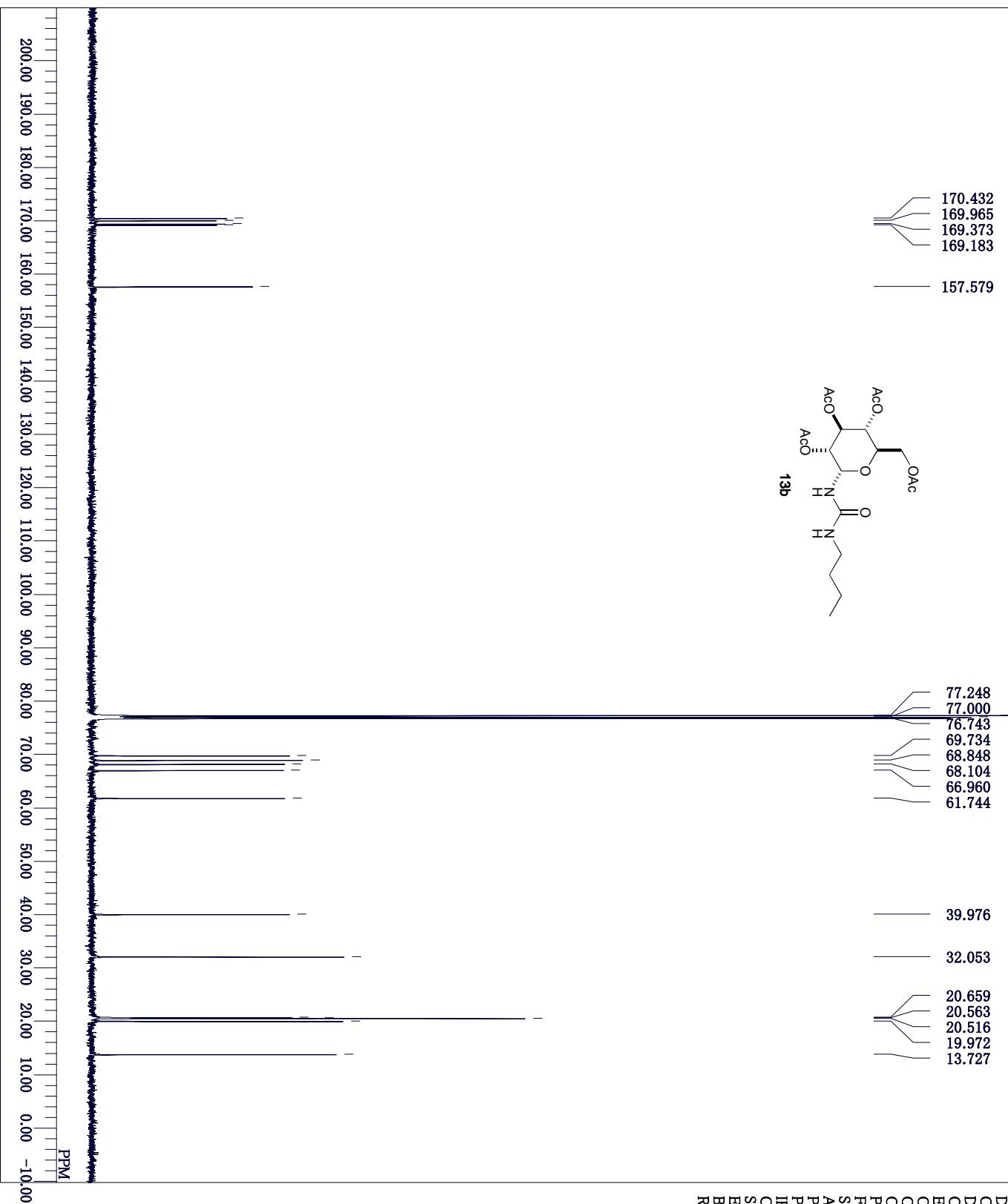
DFILE          sou4117data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
COMNT         single pulse decoupled gated NOE
2011-11-14 10:32:41
13C
OBNUC
EXMOD
OBFRQ
OBSET
OBFIN
POINT
32780
FREQU
39308.18 Hz
SCANS
512
ACQTIM
0.8336 sec
PD
2.0000 sec
PW1
2.72 usec
IRNUC
1H
CTEMP
18.8 c
SLVNT
CDCl3
77.00 ppm
EXREF
BF
1.00 Hz
RGAIN
50

```





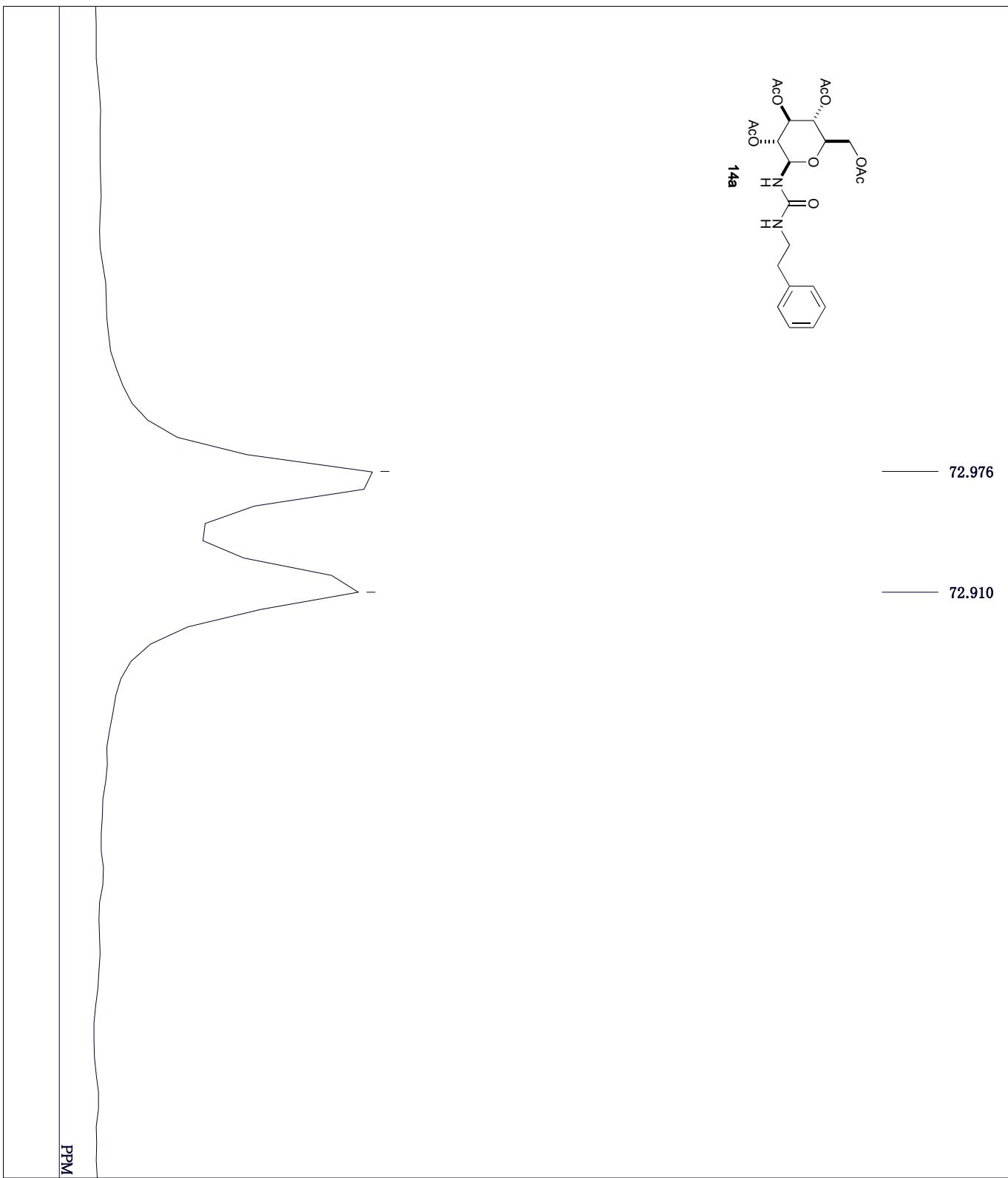




DFILE sou4107data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2011-11-19 09:59:16
 13C OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN POINT 32780
 PW1 39308.18 Hz
 FREQU SCANS 512
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 19.1 c
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50



DFILE sou313data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2011-11-09 17:50:10
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 512
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC
 CTEMP 21.3 c
 SVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50

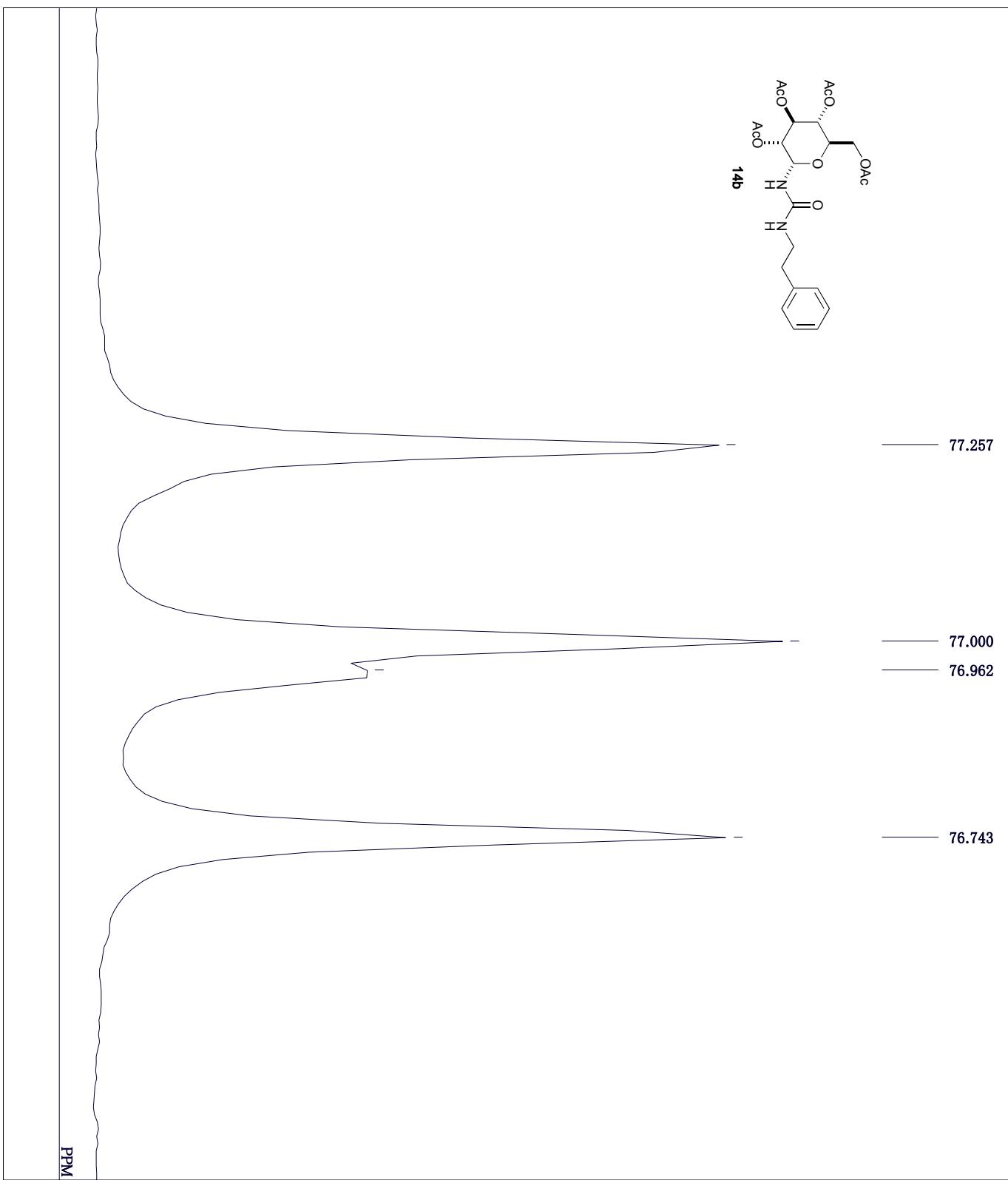


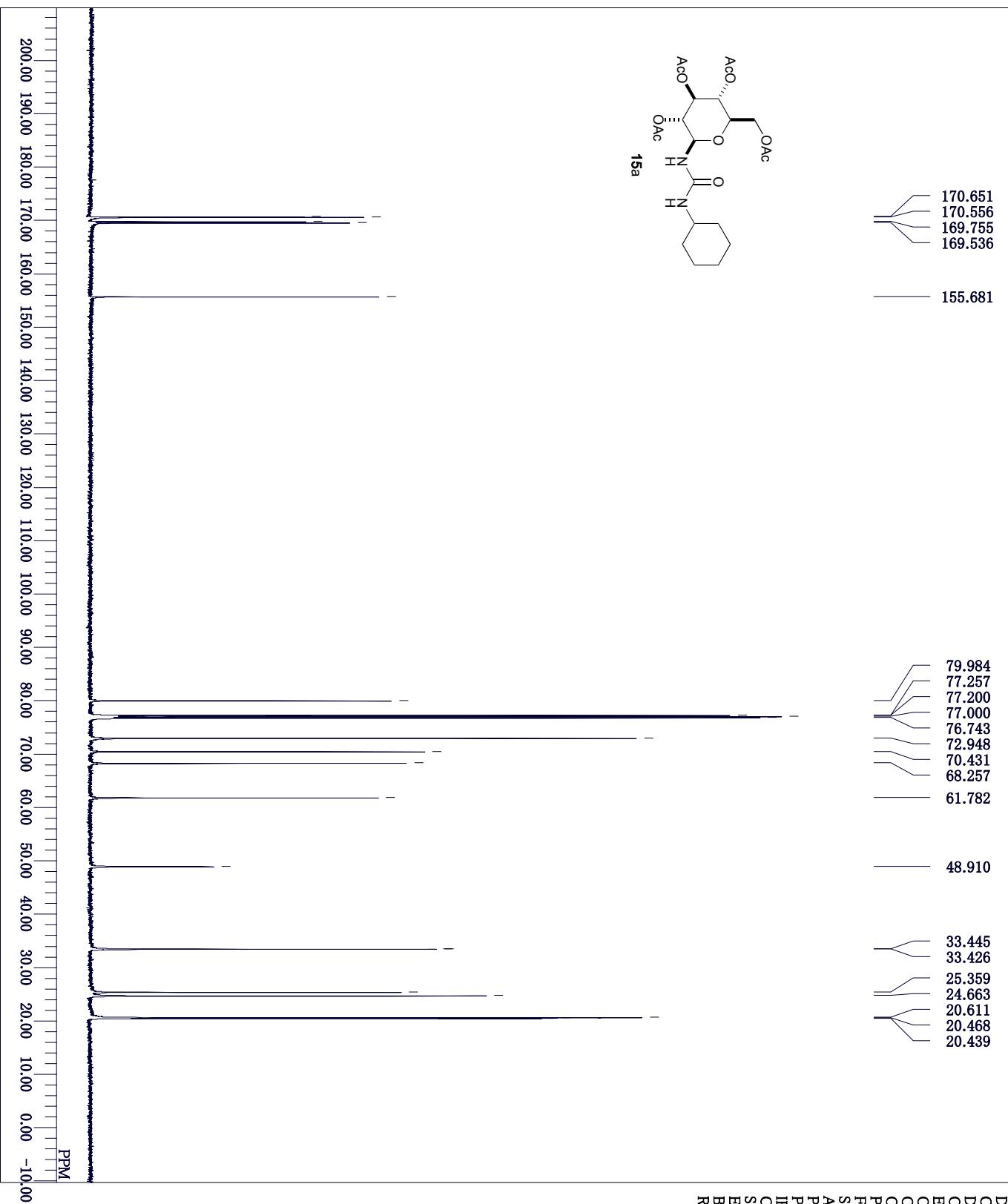
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DFILE          sou313data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
COMNT          single pulse decoupled gated NOE
DTIM           2011-11-09 17:50:10
OBNUC          13C
EXMOD          carbon.jsp
OBFRQ          125.77 MHz
OBSET          7.87 kHz
OBFIN          4.21 Hz
POINT          32780
FREQU          39308.18 Hz
SCANS          512
ACQTIM         0.8336 sec
PD             2.0000 sec
PW1            2.72 usec
PRNUC          1H
CTEMP          21.3 c
SLVNT          CDCl3
EXREF          77.00 ppm
BF             1.00 Hz
RGAIN          50
  
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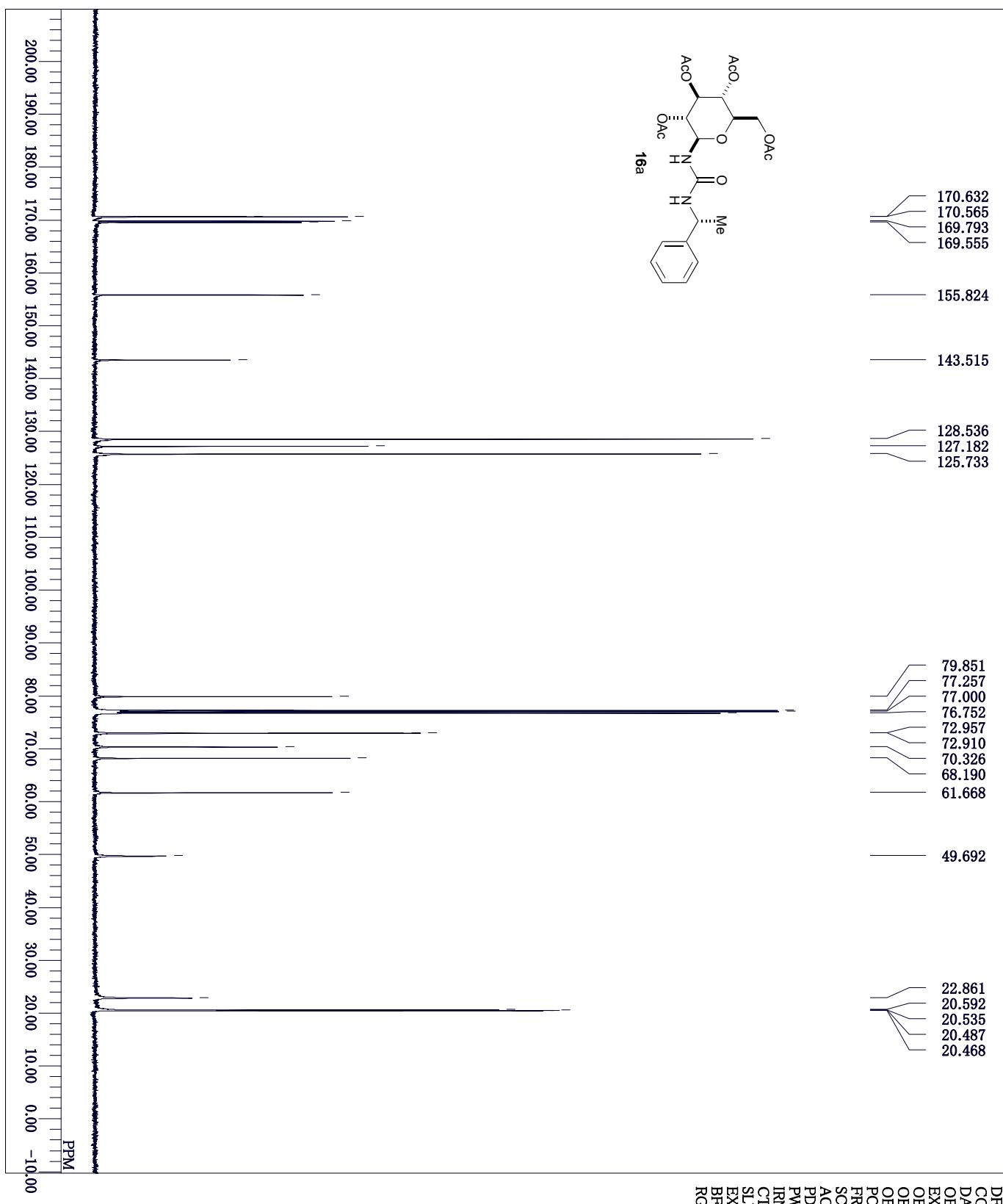


DFILE sou410data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2011-11-19 11:15:51
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 512
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC
 CTEMP 1H
 SLVNT 19.2 c
 CDCl₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 50
 RGAIN

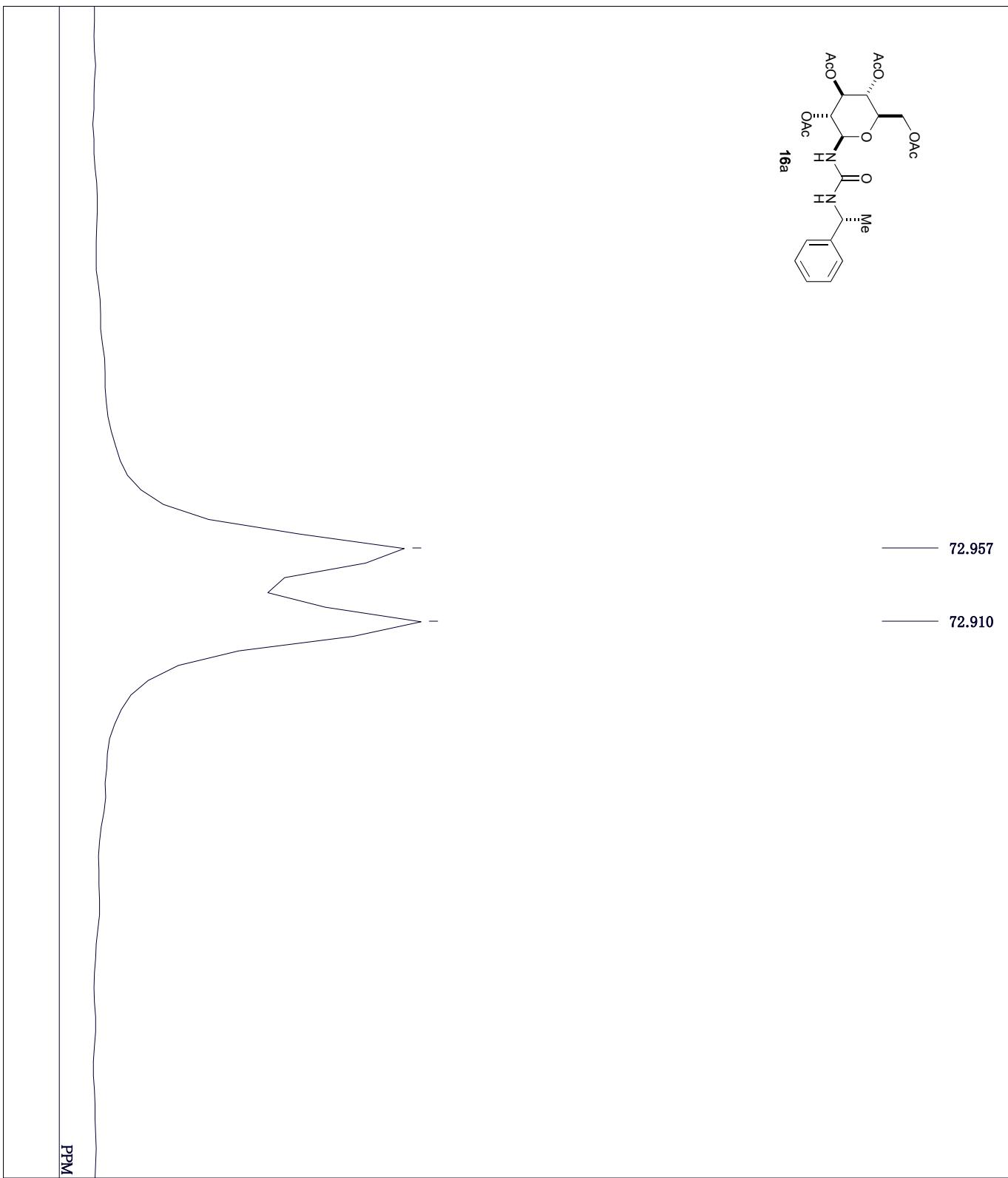


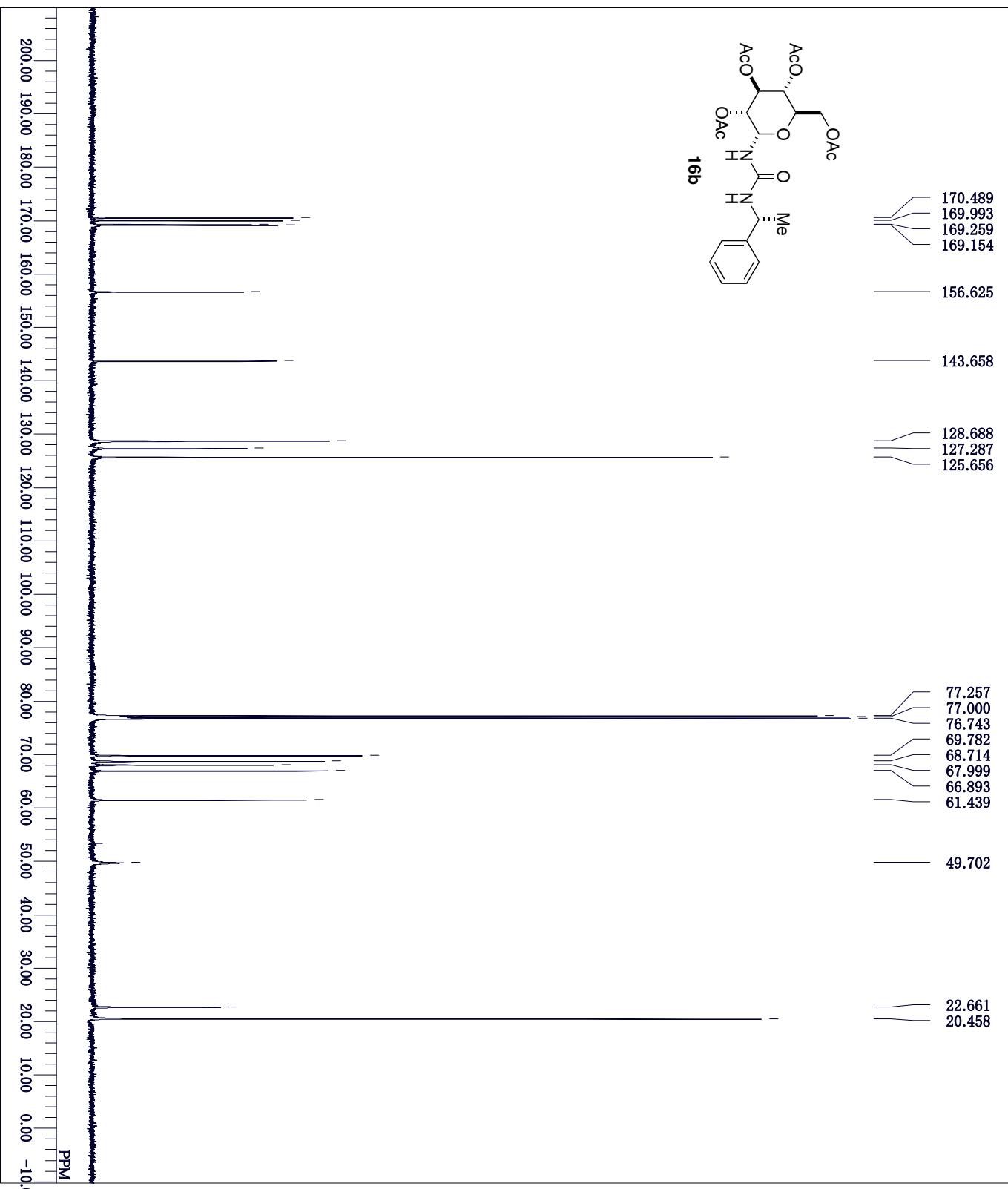


DFILE sou3142data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2011-08-27 14:24:25
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 1024
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 21.0 c
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50

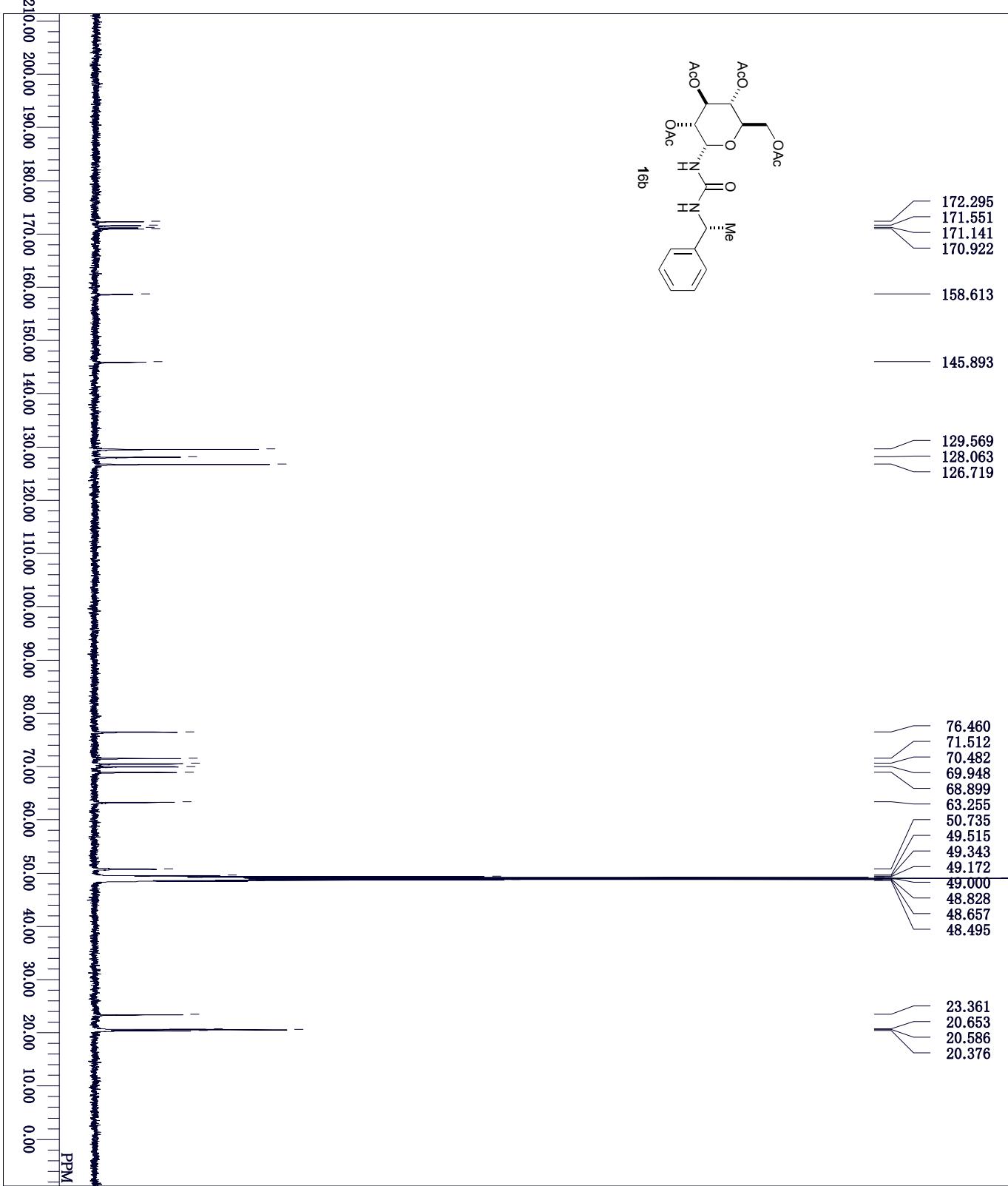


DFILE sou305data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2011-08-27 10:39:30
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 1024
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC
 CTEMP 20.8 °C
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 0.12 Hz
 RGAIN 50

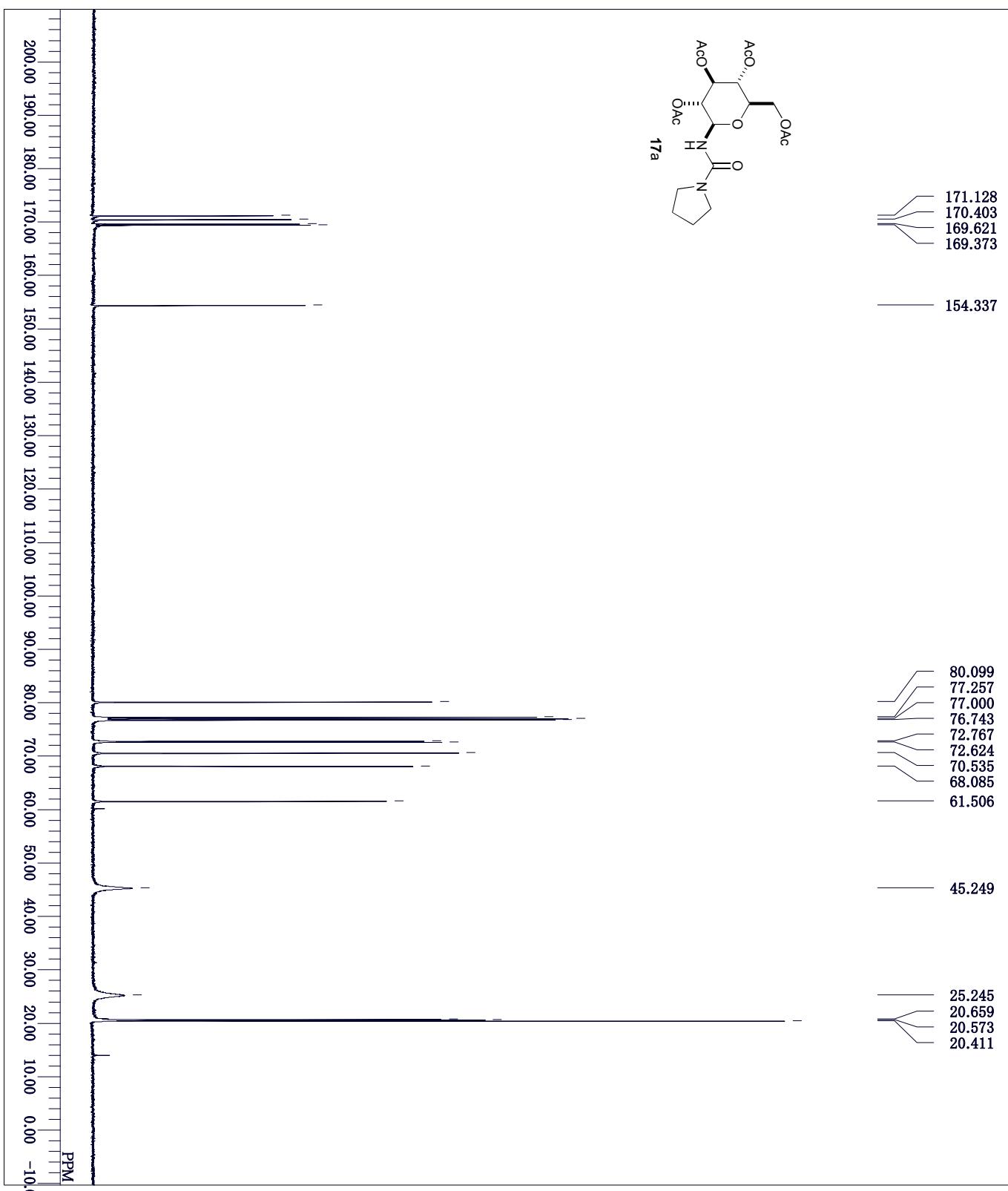


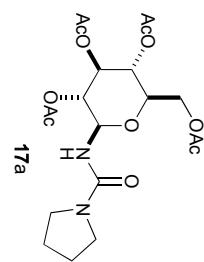
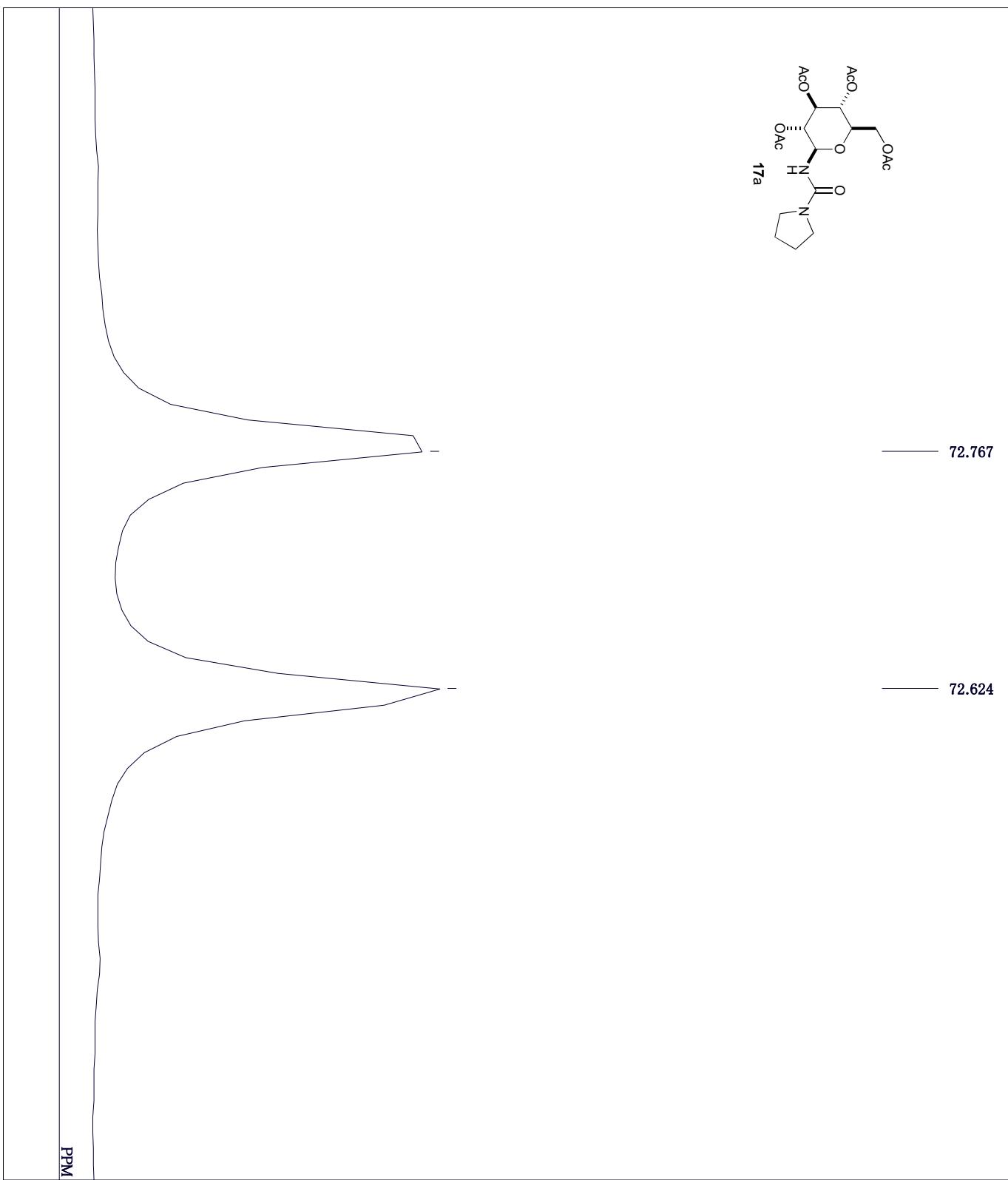


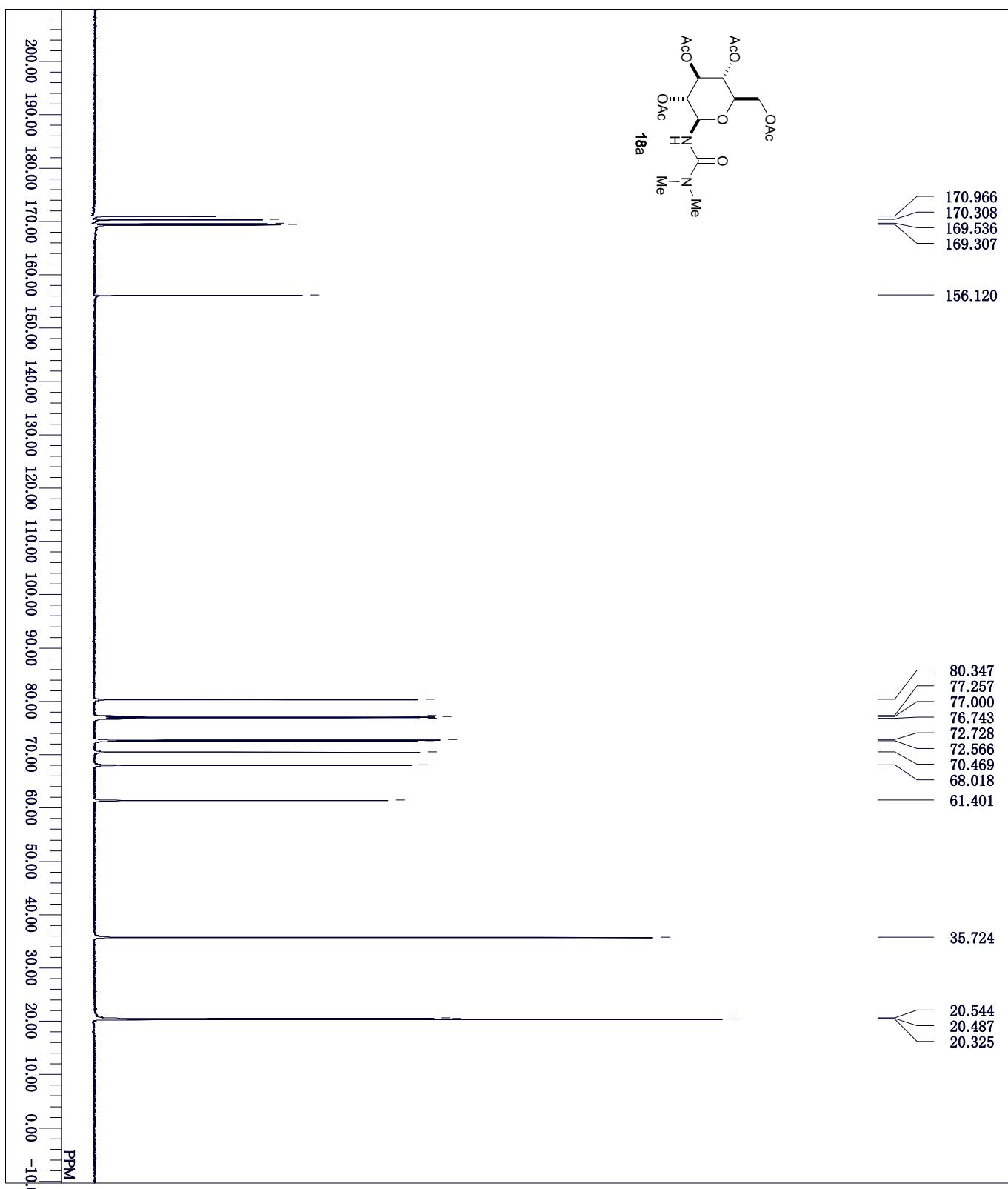
DFILE sou411data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 DATM 2011-11-19 10:38:07
 OBNUC 13C
 EXMOD carbon.jsp
 OBFRQ 125.77 MHz
 OBSET 7.87 kHz
 OBFIN 4.21 Hz
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 512
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC ¹H
 CTEMP 19.3 °C
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 50
 RGAIN

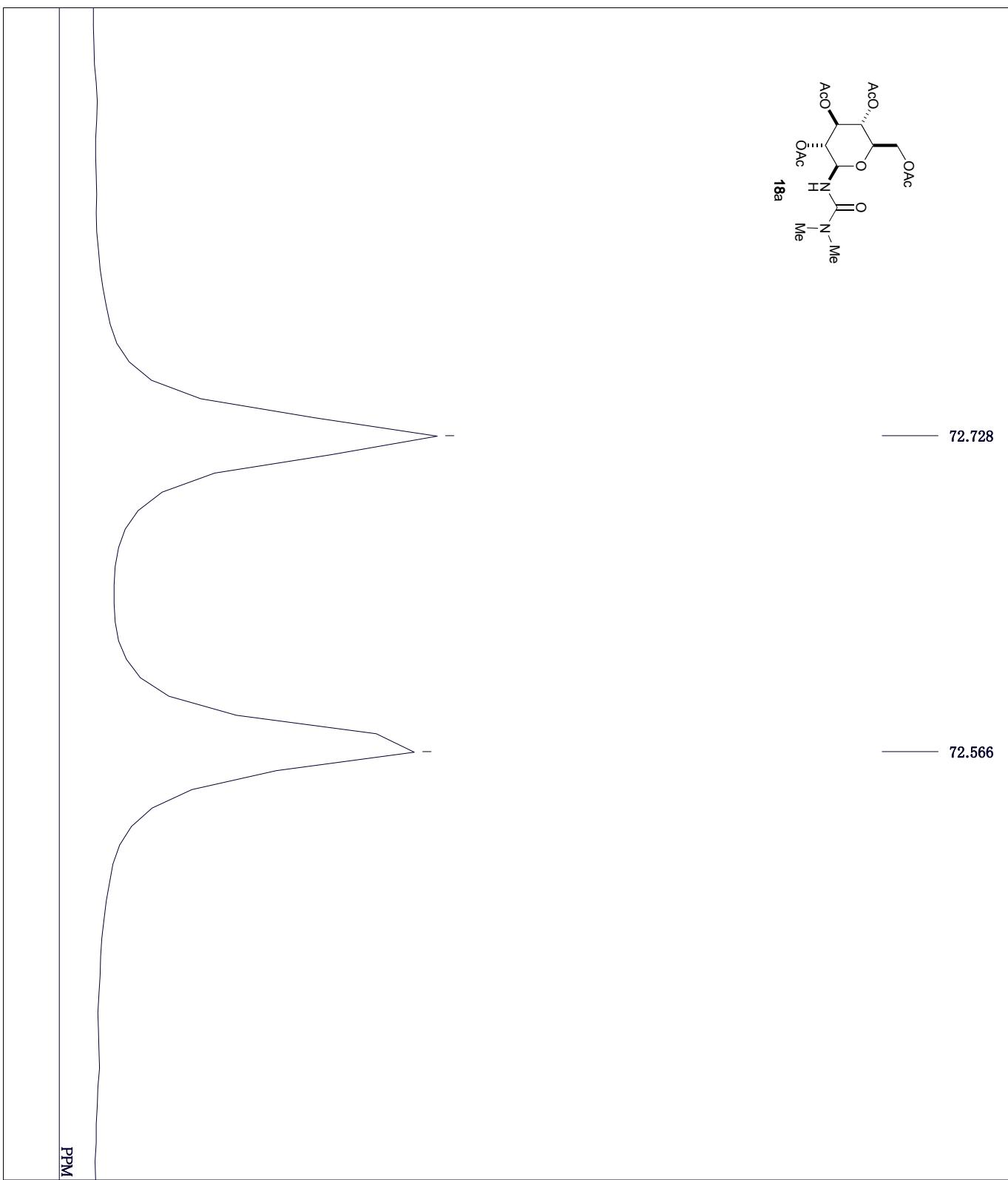


DFILE sou4115CD3ODdata_Carbon-1-1.idf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2011-12-05 14:44:26
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 512
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 17.1 c
 SLVNT CD3OD
 EXREF 49.00 ppm
 BF 50
 RGAIN









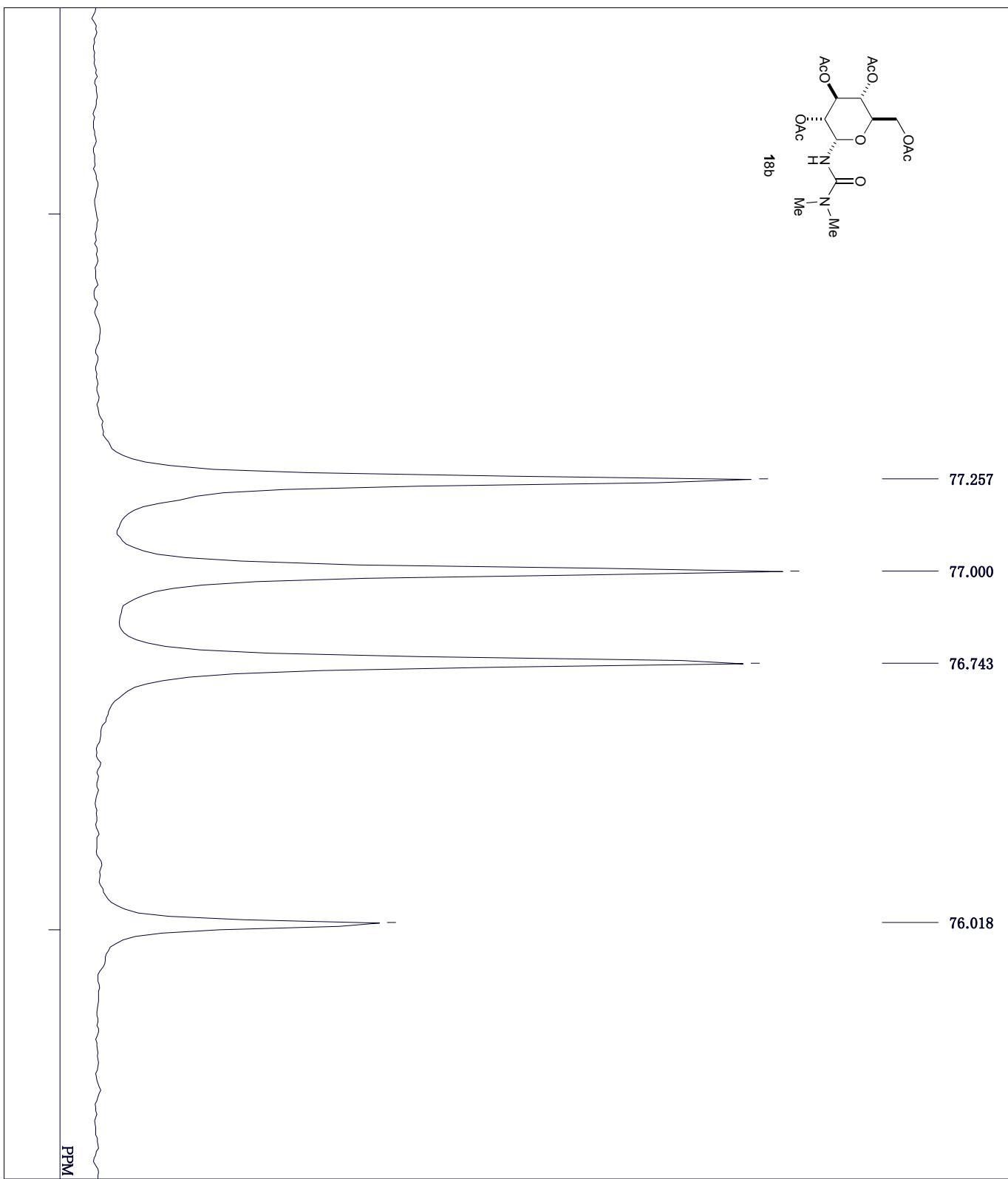
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DFILE          sou311data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
COMNT         single pulse decoupled gated NOE
DATM        2011-08-29 21:52:52
OBNUC        13C
EXMOD       carbon.jsp
OBFRQ        125.77 MHz
OBSET        7.87 kHz
OBFIN        4.21 Hz
POINT        32780
FREQU       39308.18 Hz
SCANS        1024
ACQTIM      0.8336 sec
PD           2.0000 sec
PW1         2.72 usec
IRNUC        1H
CTEMP        20.8 c
SLVNT       CDCl3
EXREF       77.00 ppm
BF           0.12 Hz
RGAIN        50

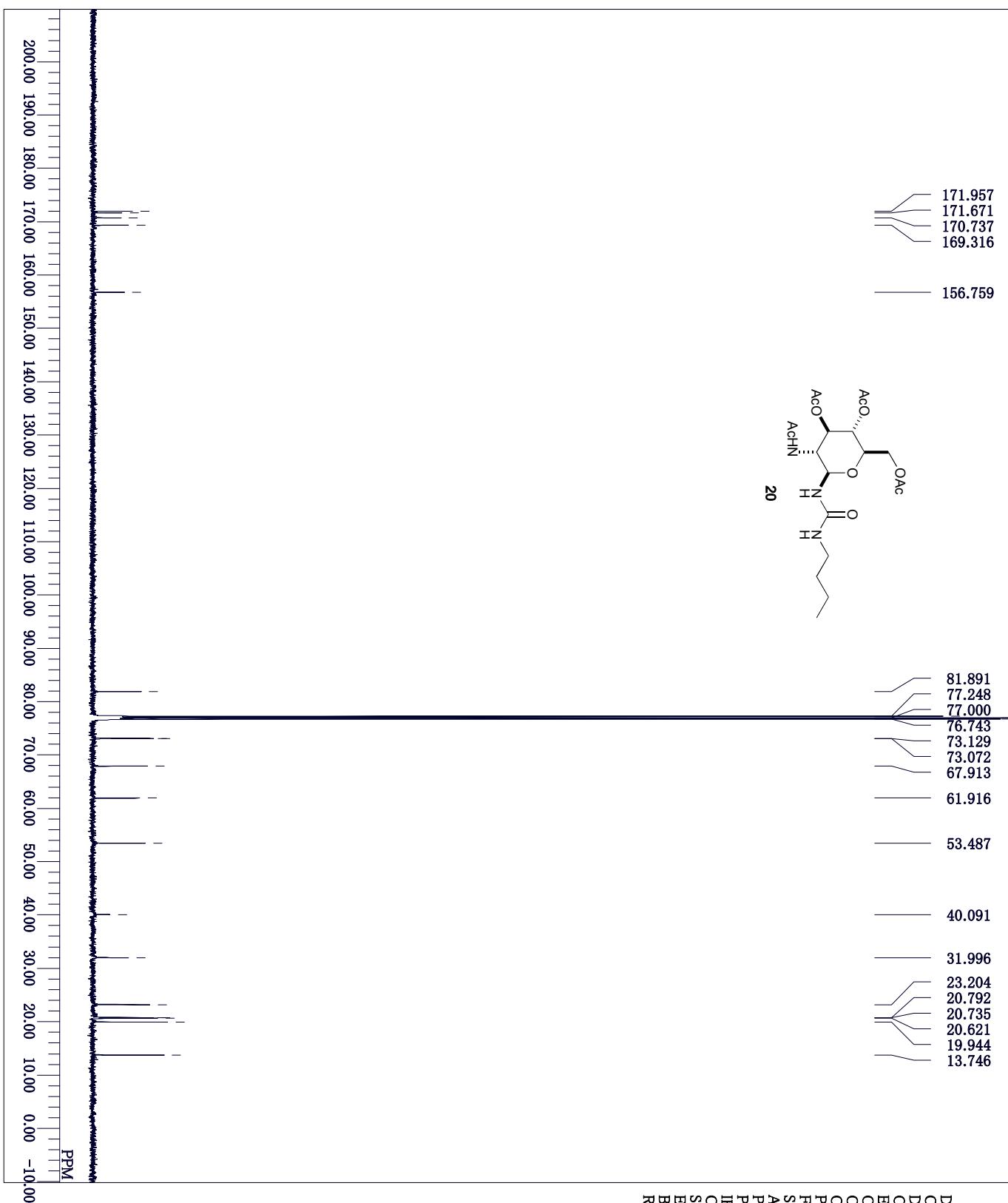
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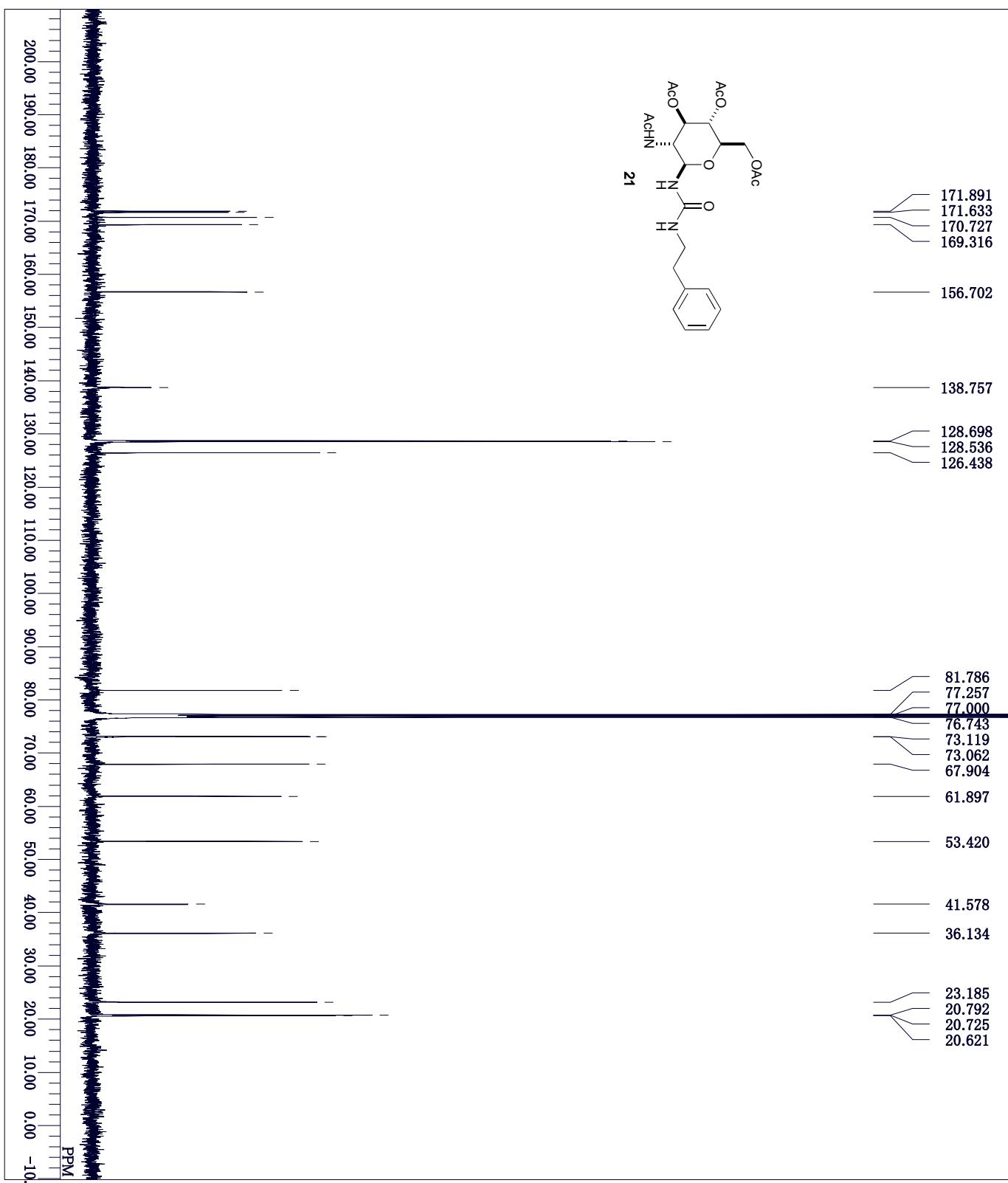
DFILE	sou4116data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
COMNT	single pulse decoupled gated NOE
DATM	2011-11-30 21:10:30
OBNUC	13C
EXMOD	carbon.jsp
OBFRQ	125.77 MHz
OBSET	7.87 kHz
OBFIN	4.21 Hz
POINT	32780
FREQU	39308.18 Hz
SCANS	512
ACQTIM	0.8336 sec
PD	2.0000 sec
PW1	2.72 usec
IRNUC	¹ H
CTEMP	17.4 c
SLVNT	CDCl ₃
EXREF	77.00 ppm
BF	50
RGAIN	

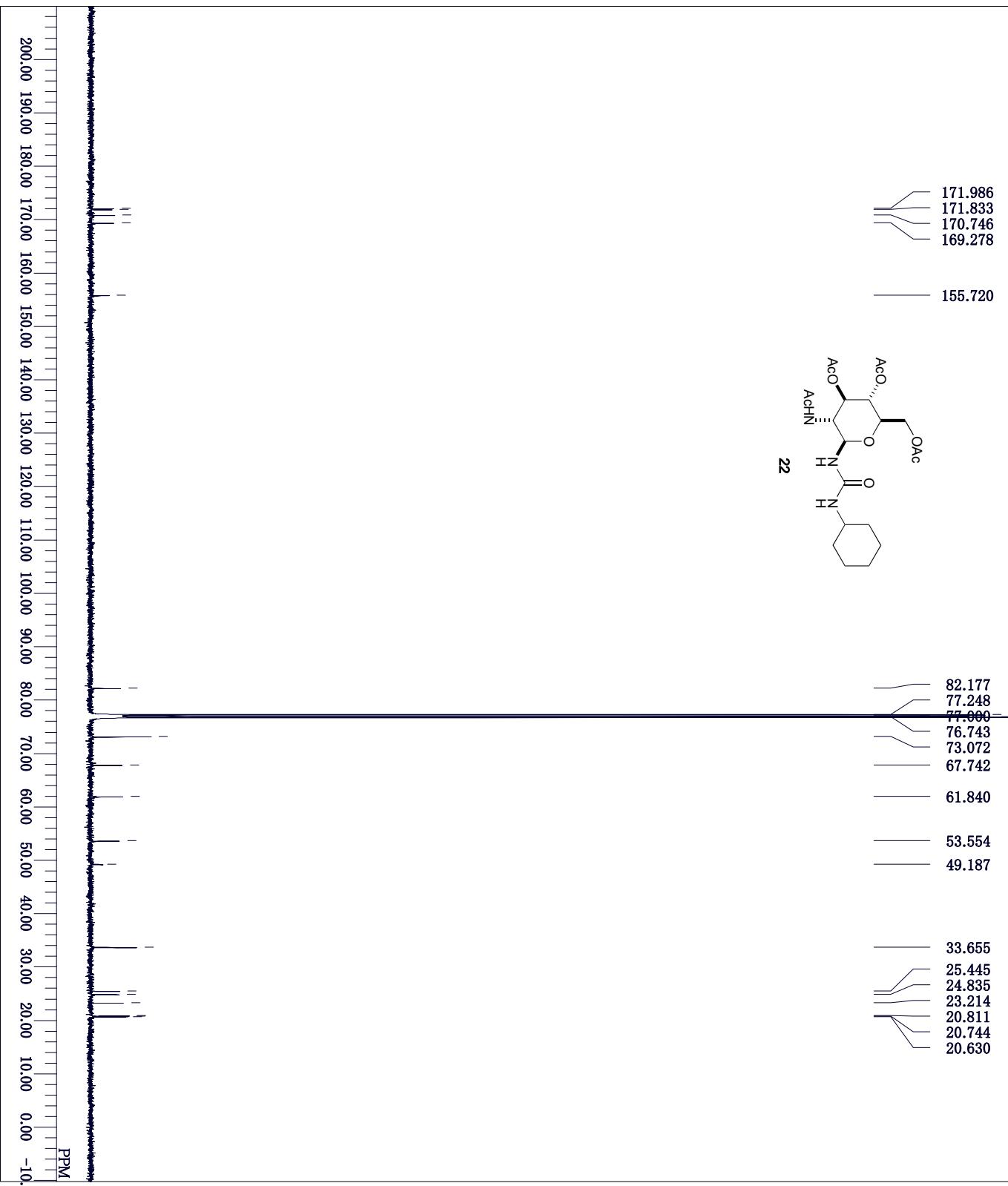


DFILE sou4116data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2011-11-30 21:10:30
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN 32780
 POINT 39308.18 Hz
 FREQU 512
 SCANS 0.8336 sec
 ACQTIM 2.0000 sec
 PD 2.72 usec
 PW1
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 17.4 c
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50

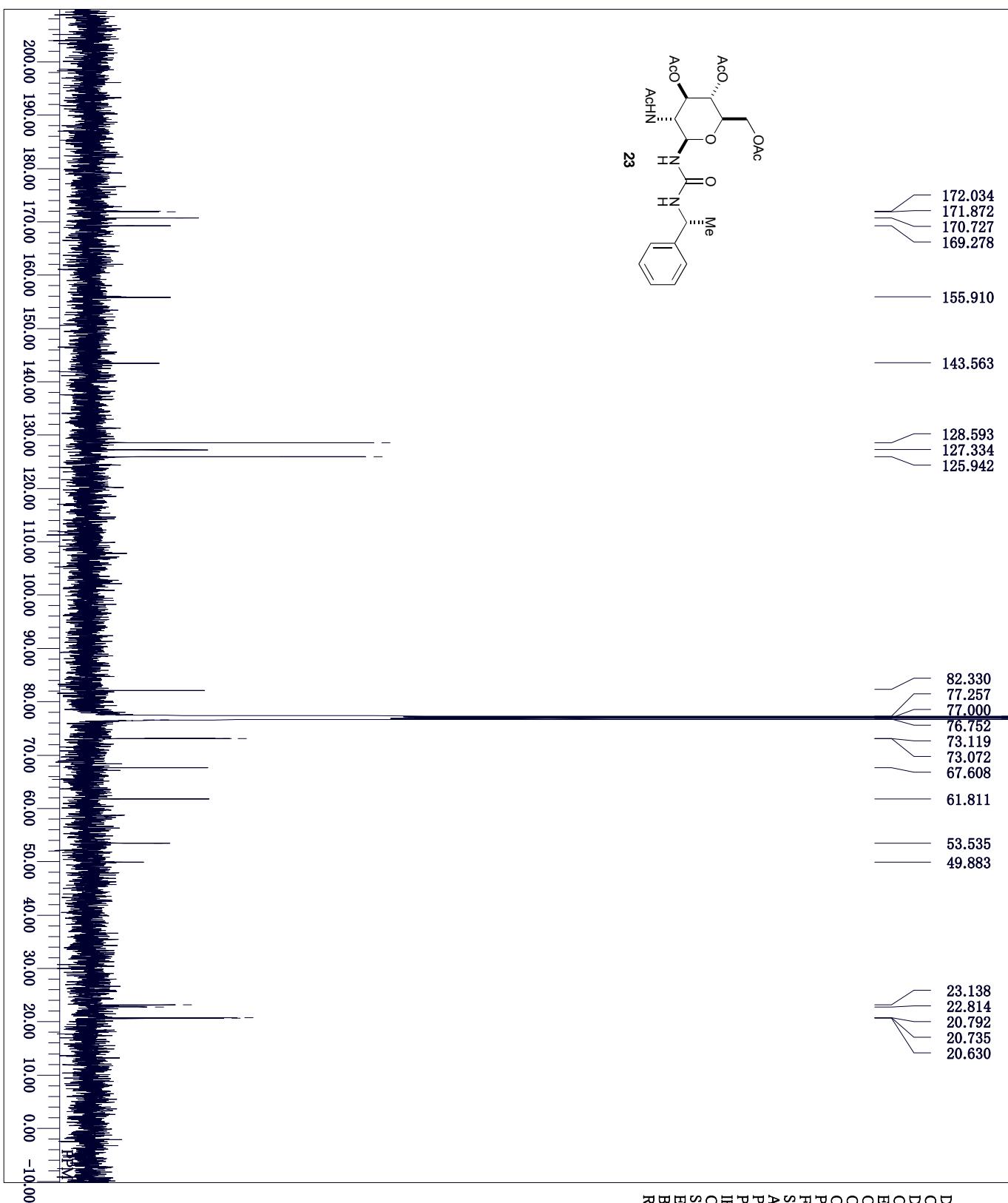


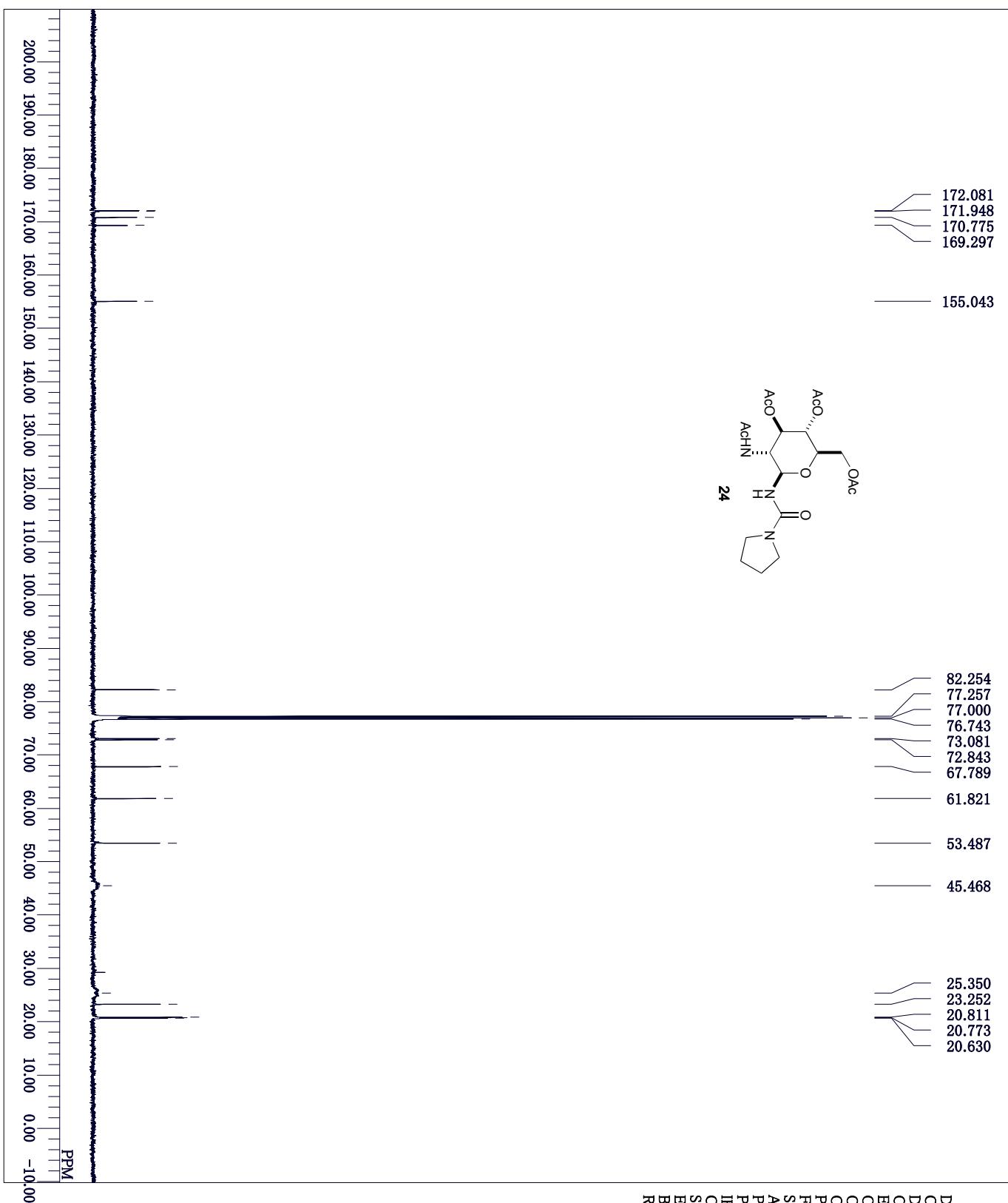
DFILE TONI146_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2013-02-05 15:31:31
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 1024
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 17.9 c
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 0.12 Hz
 RGAIN 50

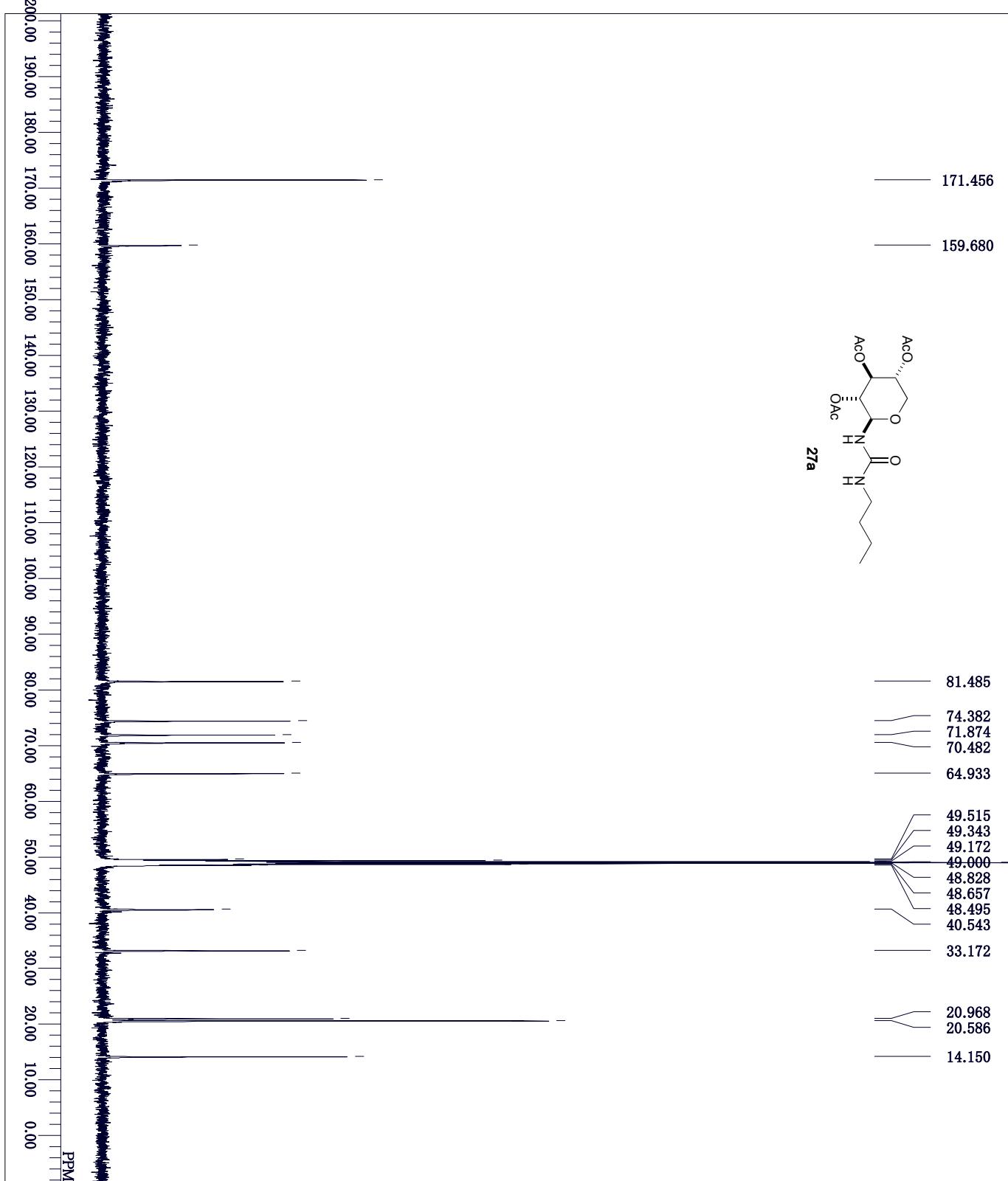




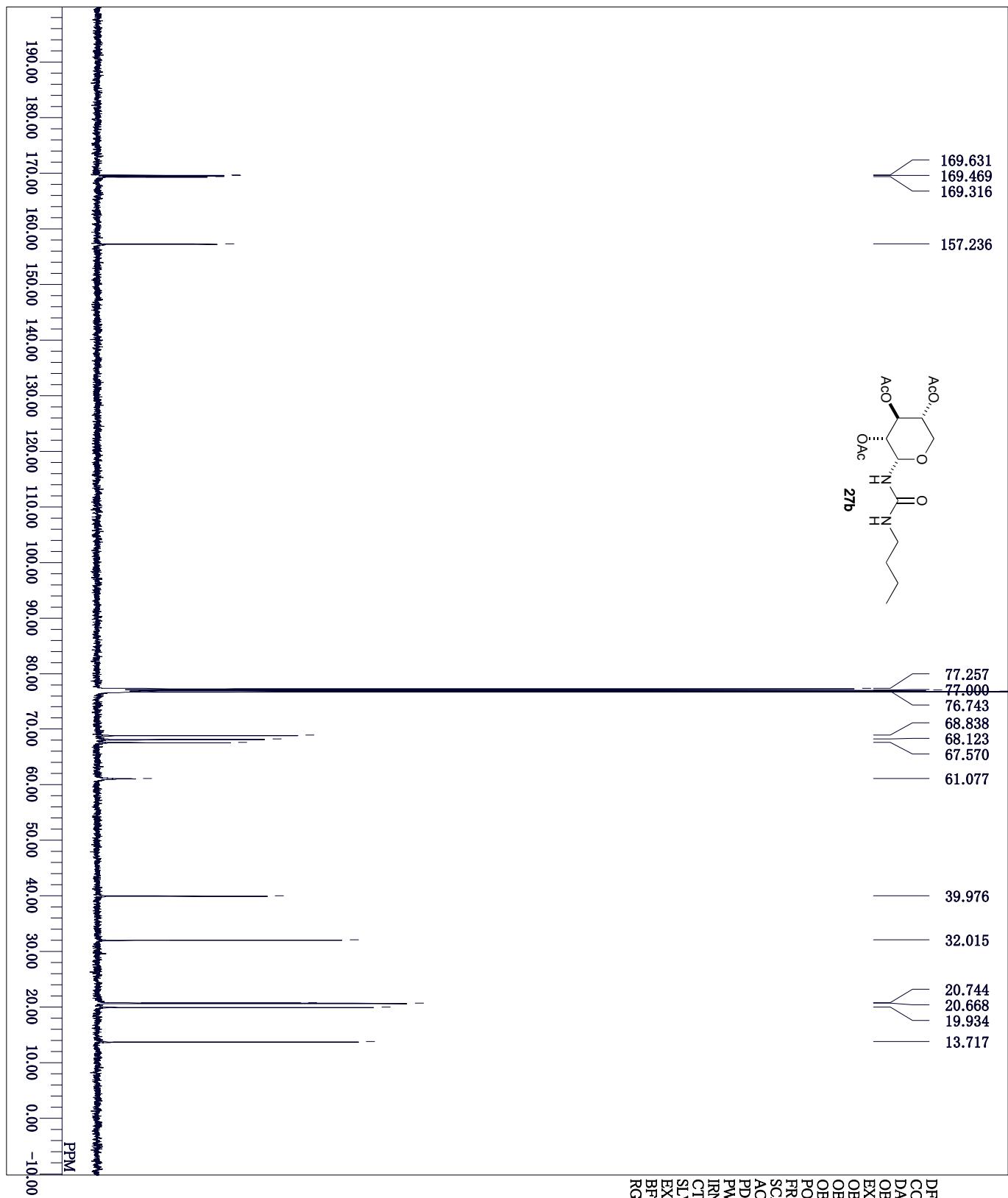
DFILE sou3094data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2011-11-22 19:34:52
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 1024
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC
 CTEMP 1H
 SLVNT 17.7 c
 CDCL₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50



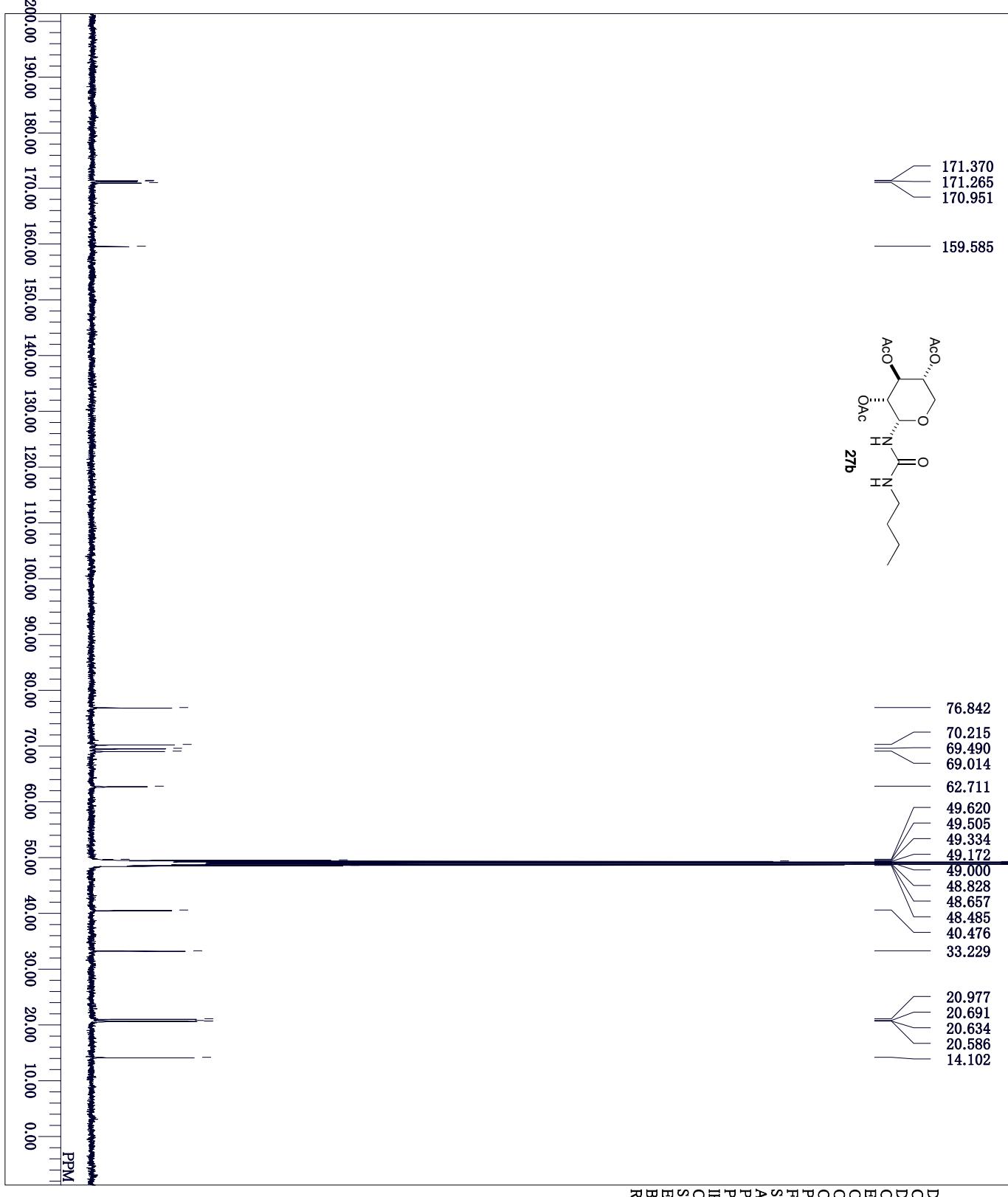


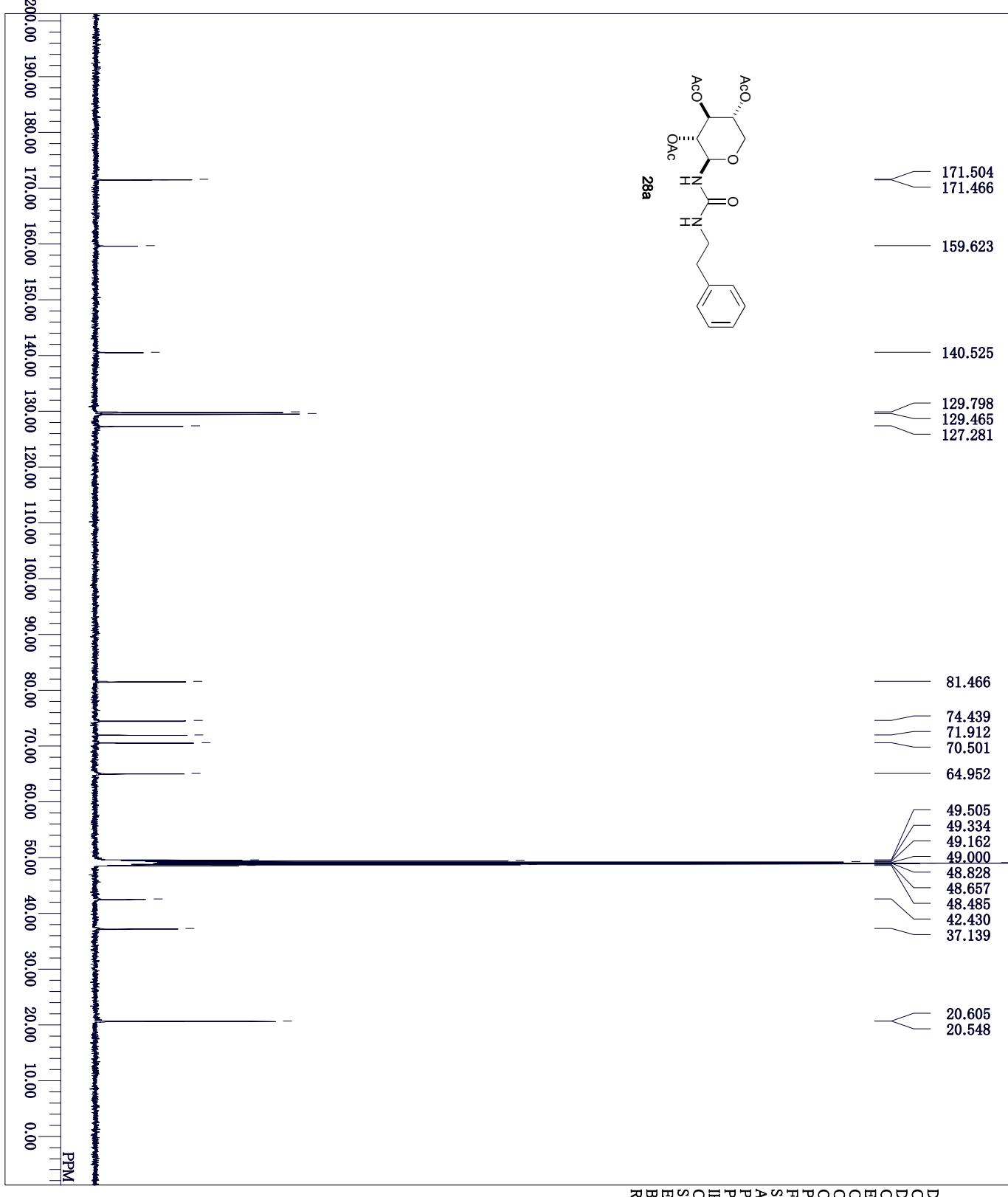


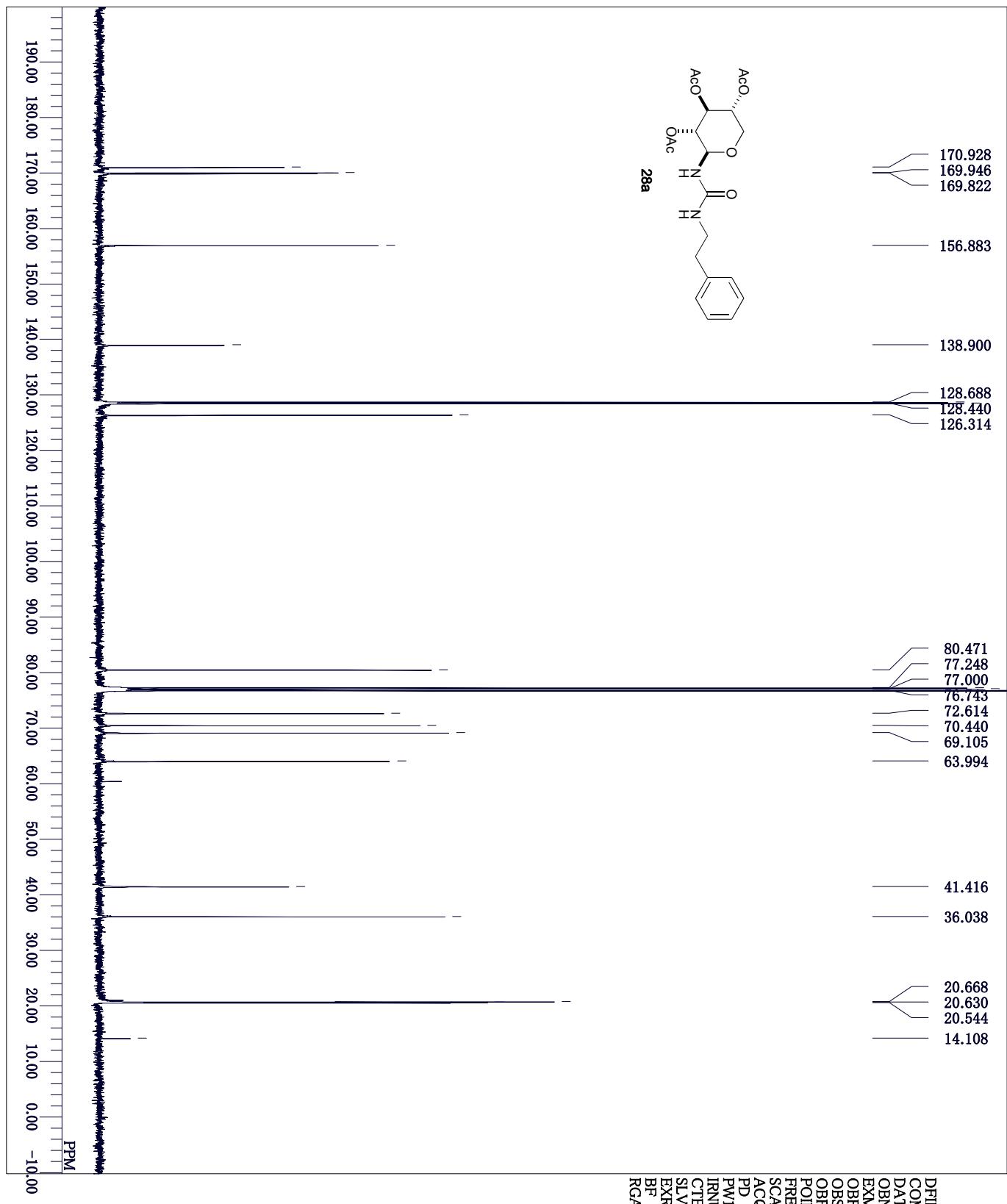
DFILE	SAE1056_Carbon-2-1.jdf
COMNT	single pulse decoupled gated NOE
DATM	2012-02-20 22:27:39
OBNUC	13C
EXMOD	carbon.jsp
OBFRQ	125.77 MHz
OSET	7.87 kHz
OBFIN	4.21 Hz
POINT	32780
FREQU	39308.18 Hz
SCANS	256
ACQTIM	0.8336 sec
PD	2.0000 sec
PW1	2.72 usec
IRNUC	¹ H
CTEMP	16.9 c
SLVNT	CD ₃ OD
EXREF	49.00 ppm
BF	1.00 Hz
RGAIN	50

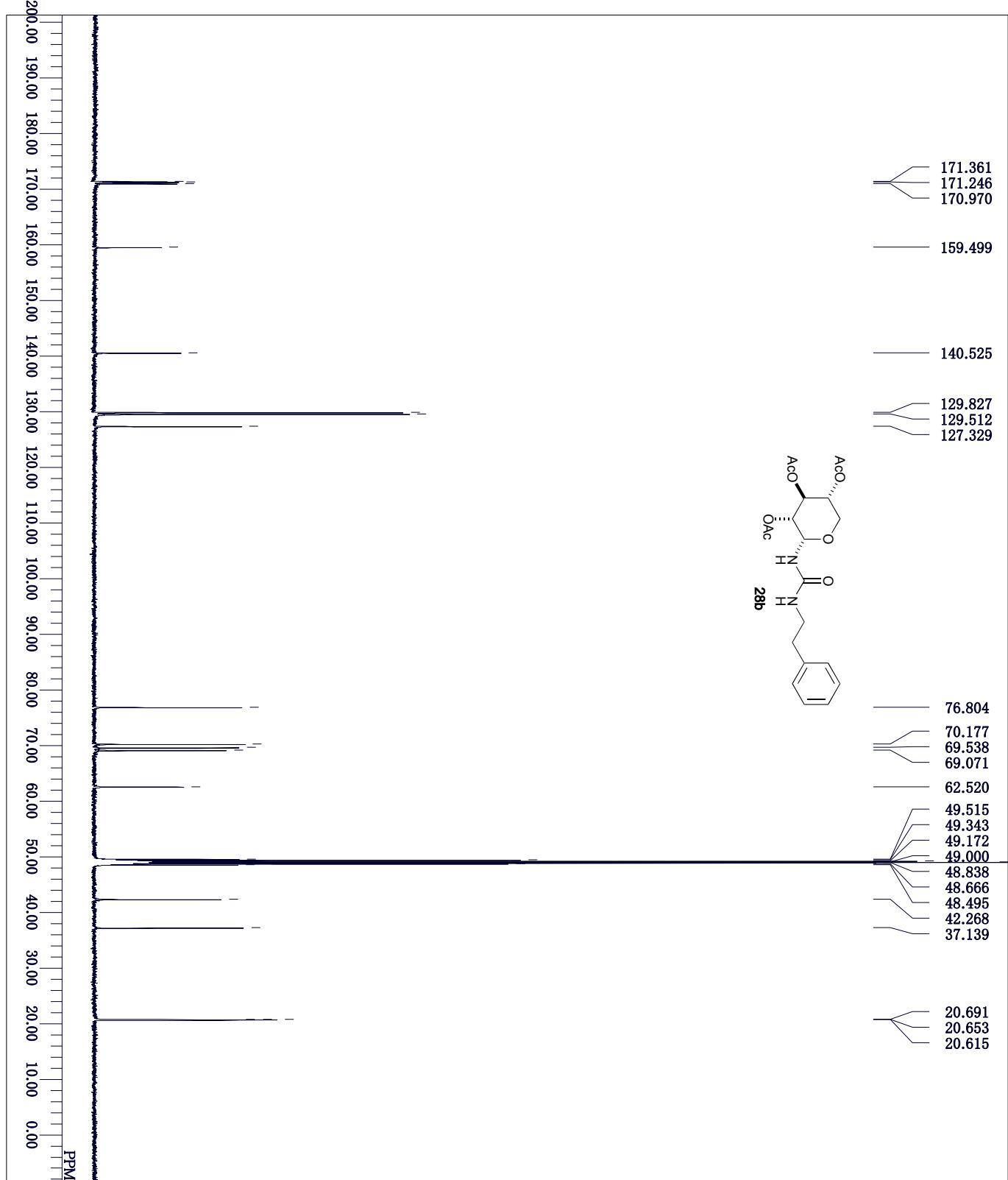


SAE2057_Carbon-1-1.jdf
single pulse decoupled gated NOE
2012-07-12 15:47:44
13C
EXMOD carbon.jsp
OBFRQ 125.77 MHz
OBSET 7.87 kHz
OBFIN 4.21 Hz
POINT 32780
FREQU 39308.18 Hz
SCANS 512
ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
PD 2.0000 sec
PW1 2.72 usec
IRNUC 1H
CTEMP 22.7 c
SLVNT CDCl₃
EXREF 77.00 ppm
BF 1.00 Hz
RGAIN 50

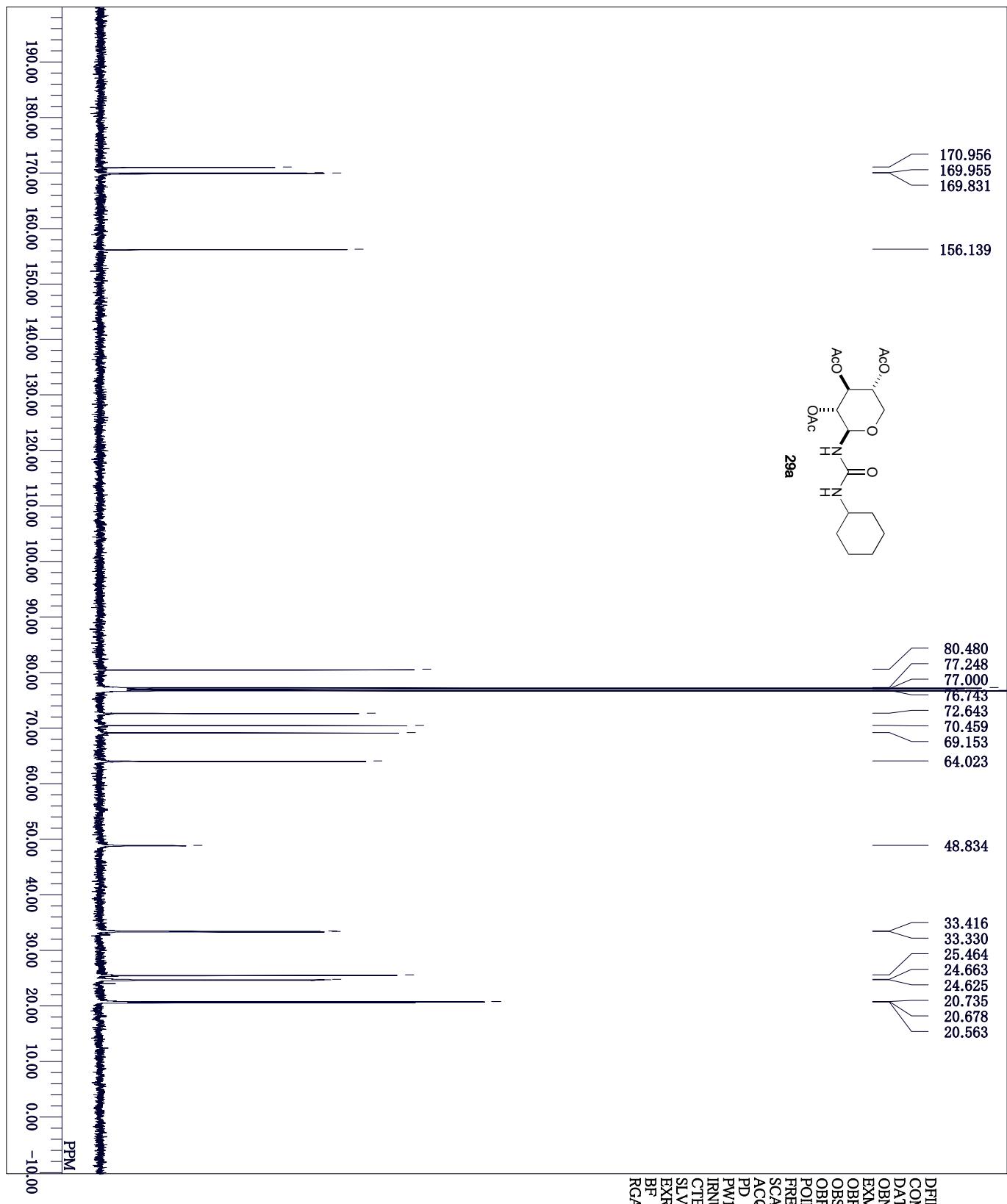




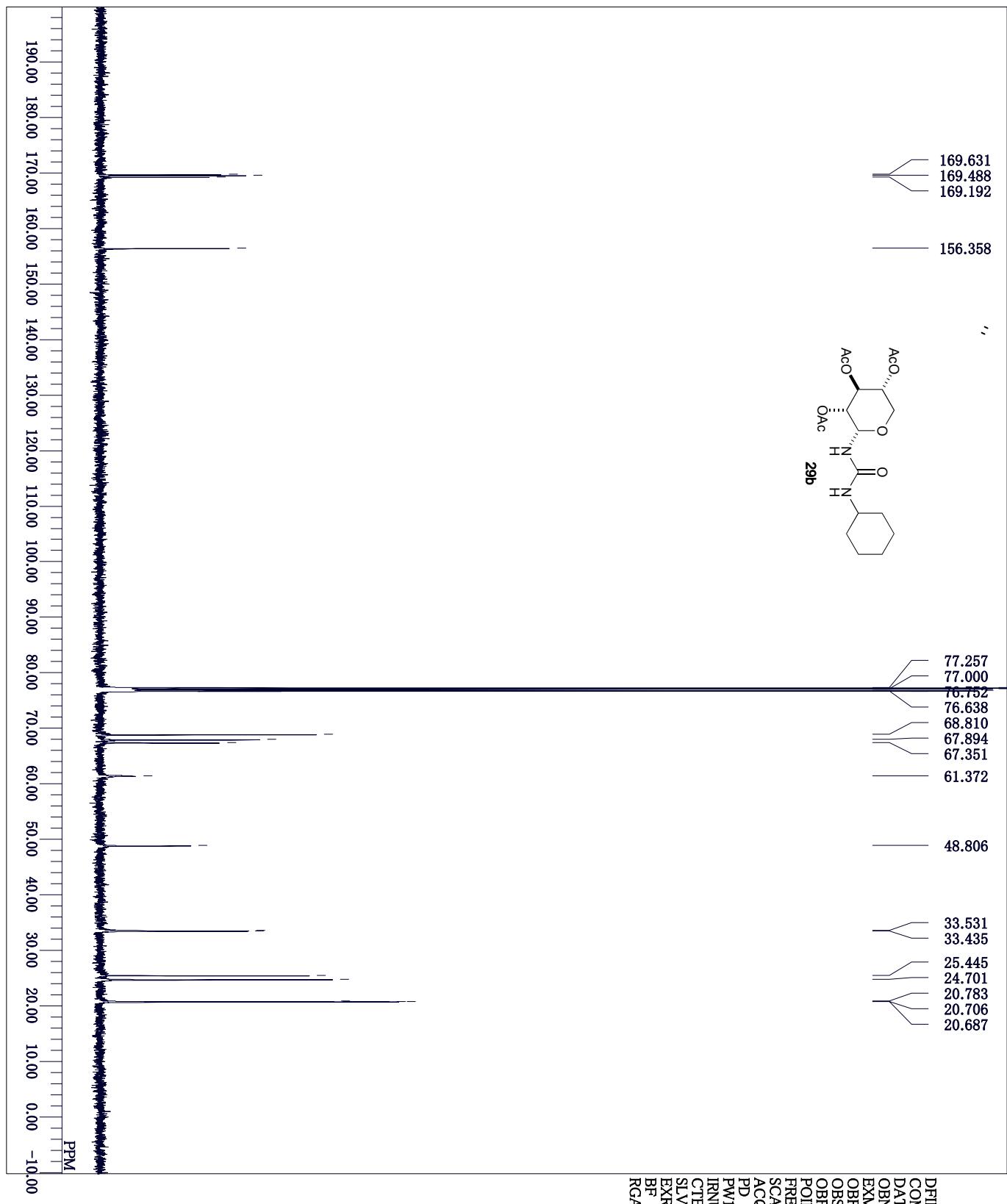


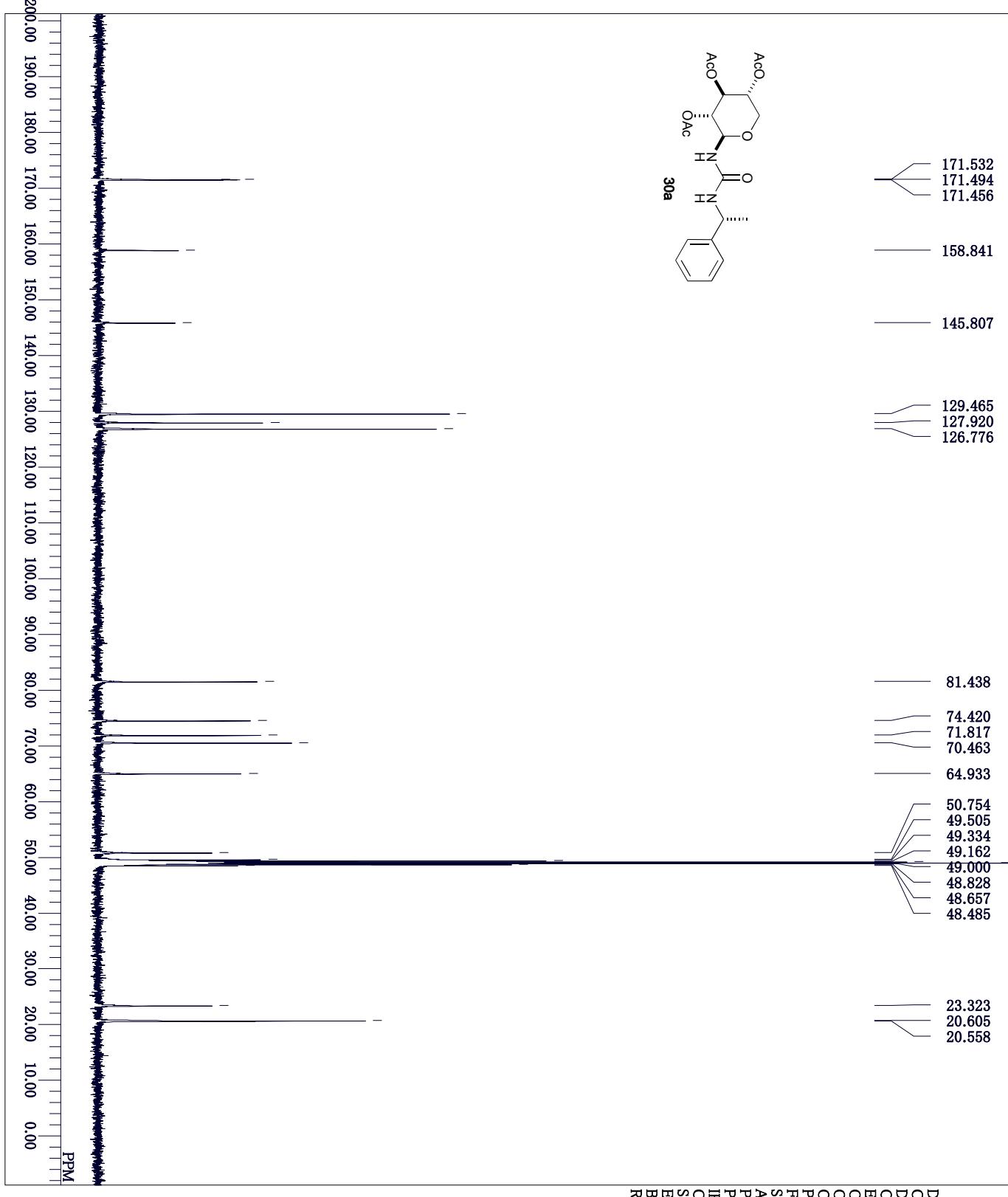


DFILE SAE2055-13C_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2012-06-27 18:16:31
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN POINT 32780
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 1024
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 20.1 c
 SLVNT CD3OD
 EXREF 49.00 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50

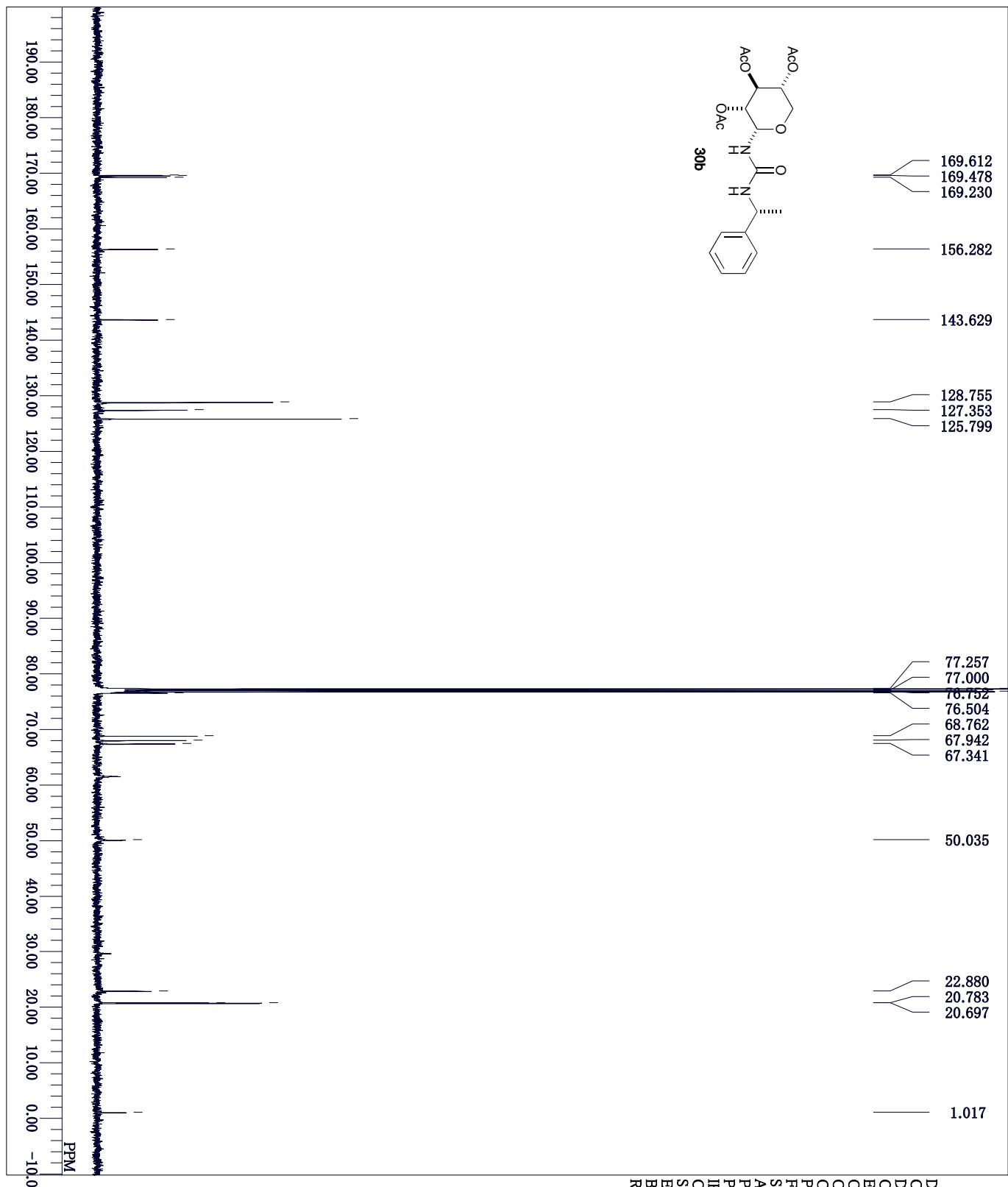


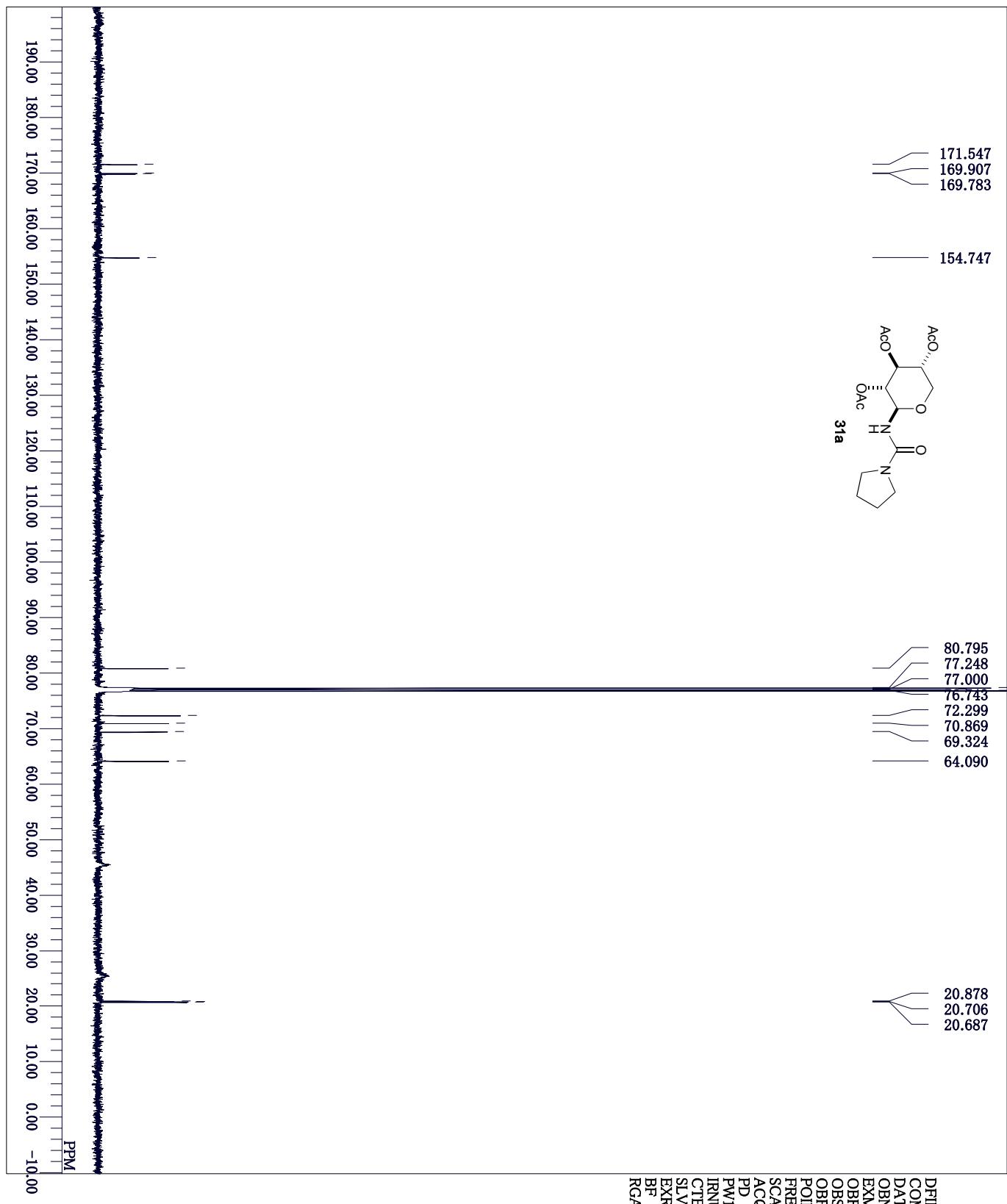
DFILE SAE1047_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 DATM 2012-02-20 22:07:01
 OBNUC 13C
 EXMOD carbon.jsp
 OBFRQ 125.77 MHz
 OBSET 7.87 kHz
 OBFIN 4.21 Hz
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 256
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 17.1 c
 SVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50





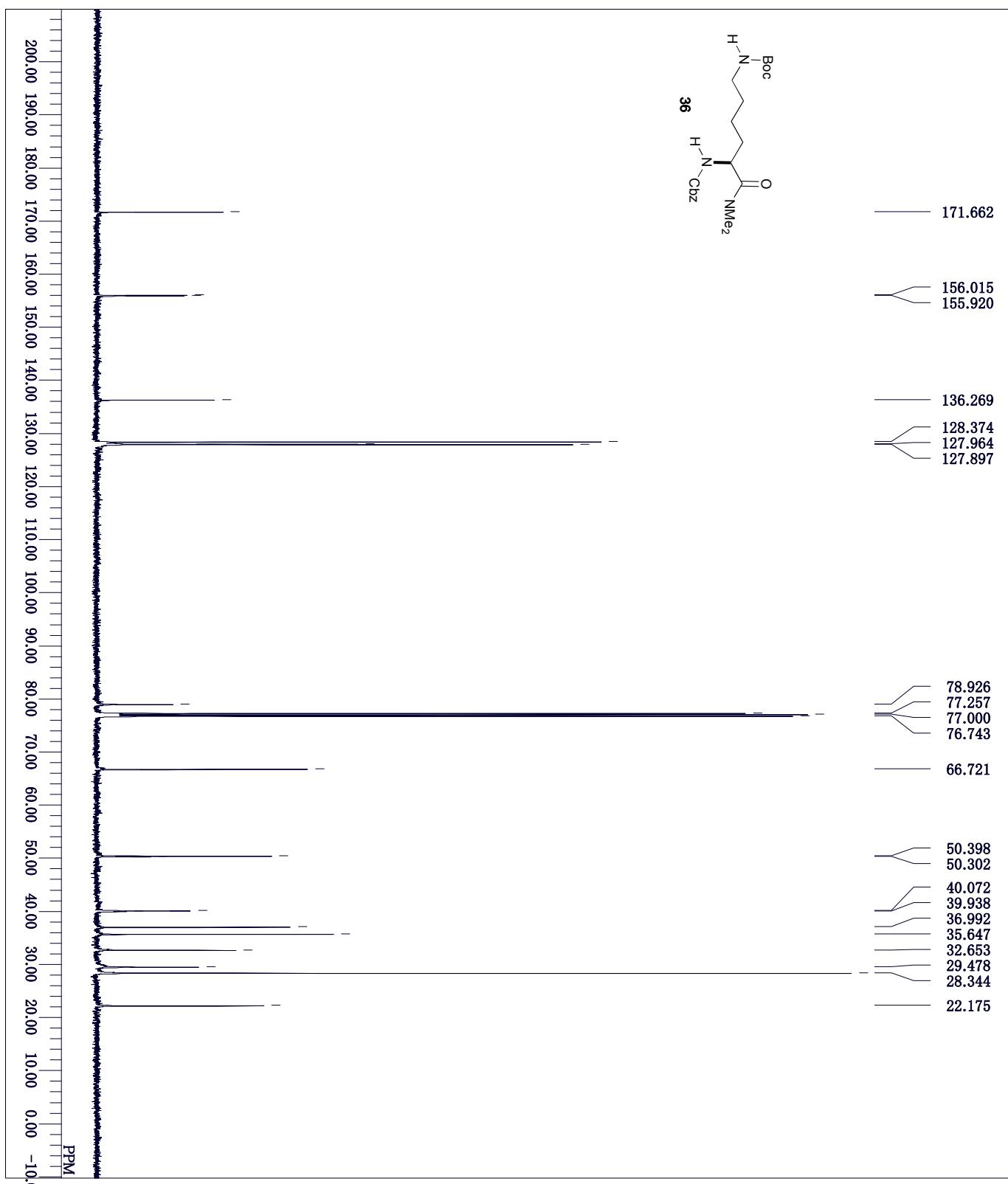
DFILE SAE2047-13C_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2012-07-04 20:18:35
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 256
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTEMP 21.5 c
 SLVNT CD3OD
 EXREF 49.00 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50



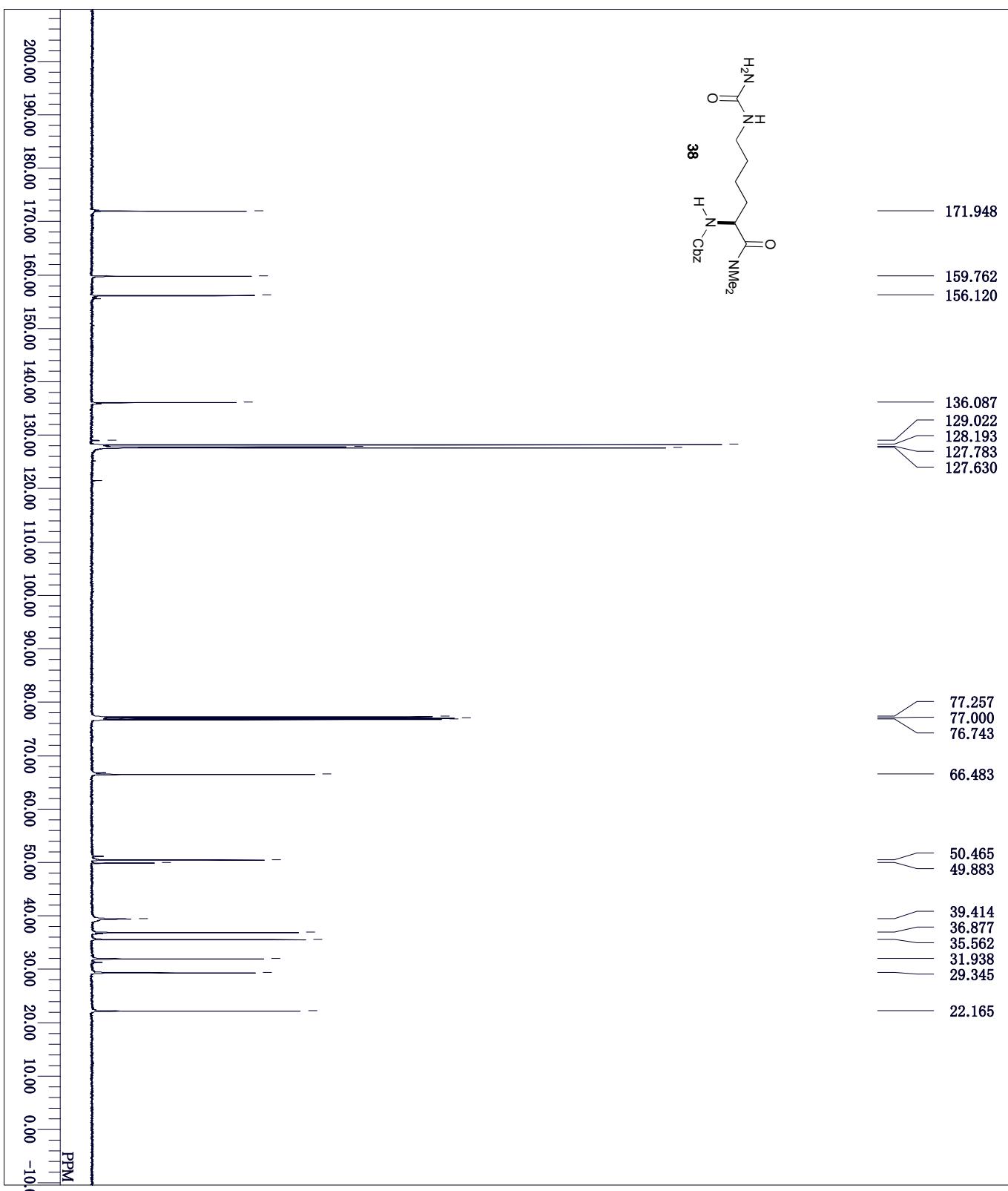


SAE2051-13c_Carbon-1-1.jdf
SINGLE PULSE DECOUPLED GATED NOE
2012-07-04 16:01:36
13C
EXMOD
OBFRQ
OBSET
OBFIN
POINT
FREQU
SCANS
ACQTIM
PD
PW1
IRNUC
CTEMP
SLVNT
EXREF
BF
RGAIN

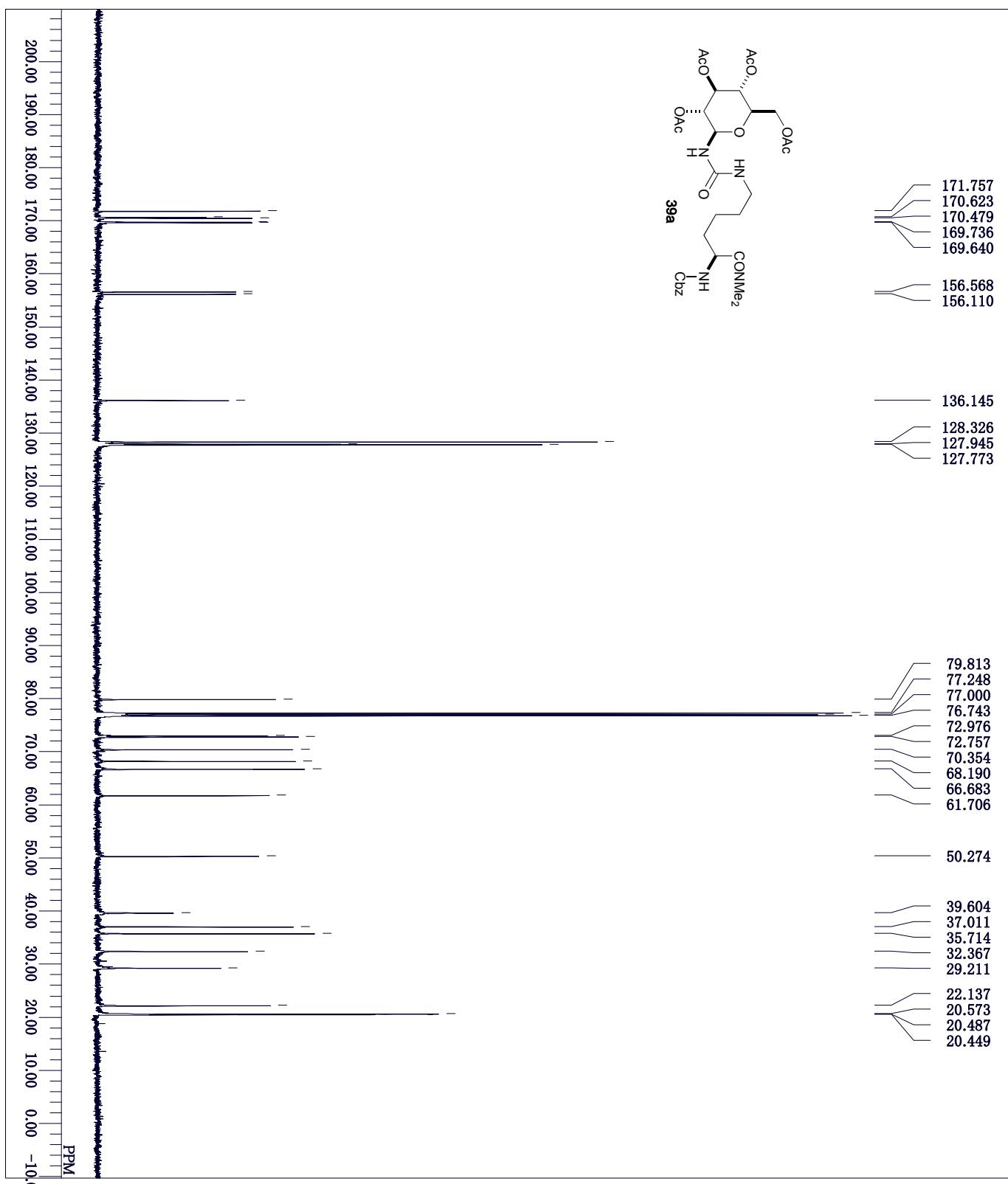
DFILE
COMNT
OBNUC
13C
carbon.jdp
125.77 MHz
7.87 kHz
4.21 Hz
32780
39308.18 Hz
512
0.8336 sec
2.0000 sec
2.72 usec
1H
21.7 c
 CDCl_3
77.00 ppm
1.00 Hz
50



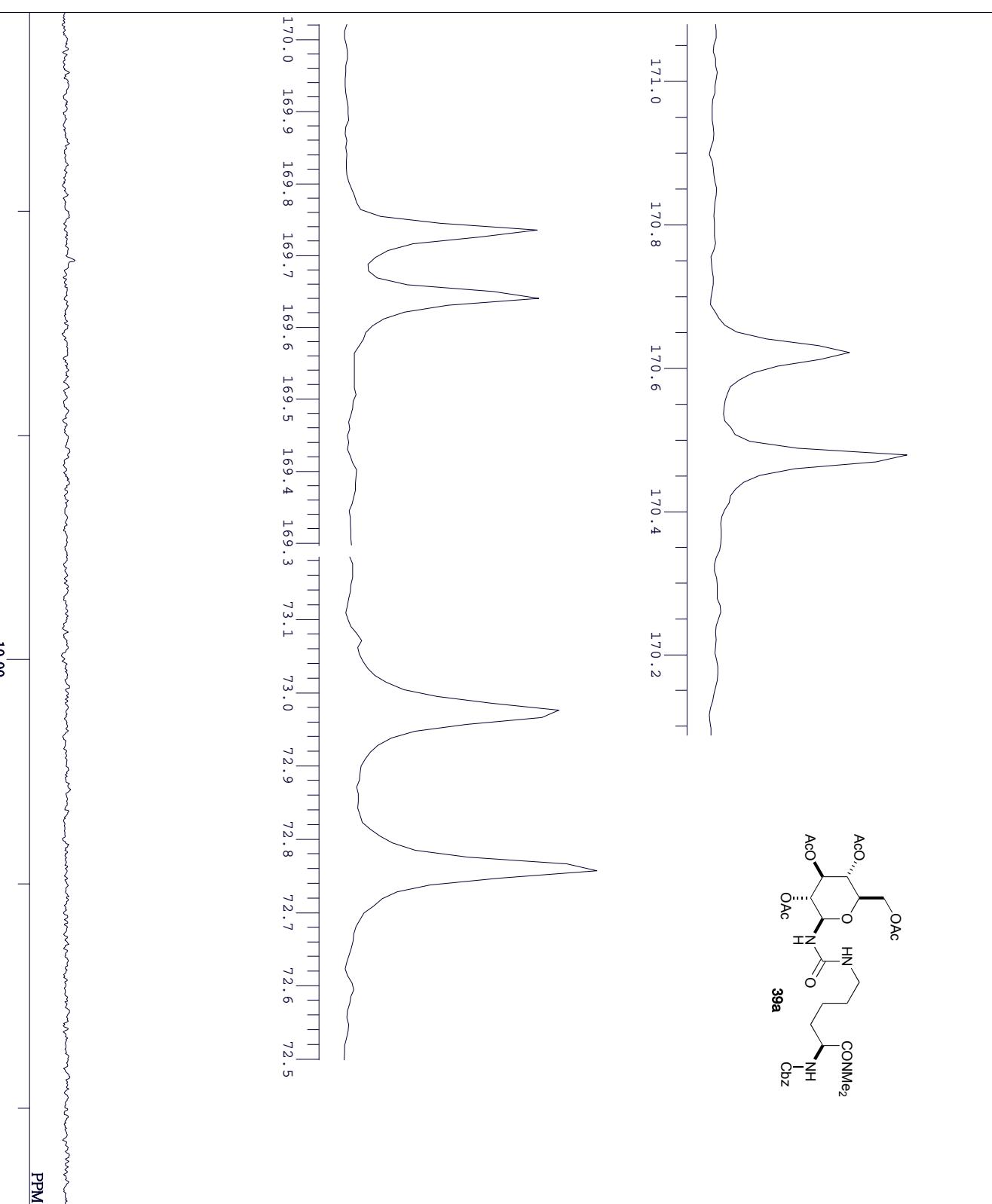
DFILE sou300data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2011-11-11 11:52:38
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 512
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC
 CTTEMP 1H
 SLVNT 19.2 c
 CDCL₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50



DFILE sou4074_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2011-11-11 12:25:21
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 1024
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC
 CTTEMP
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50



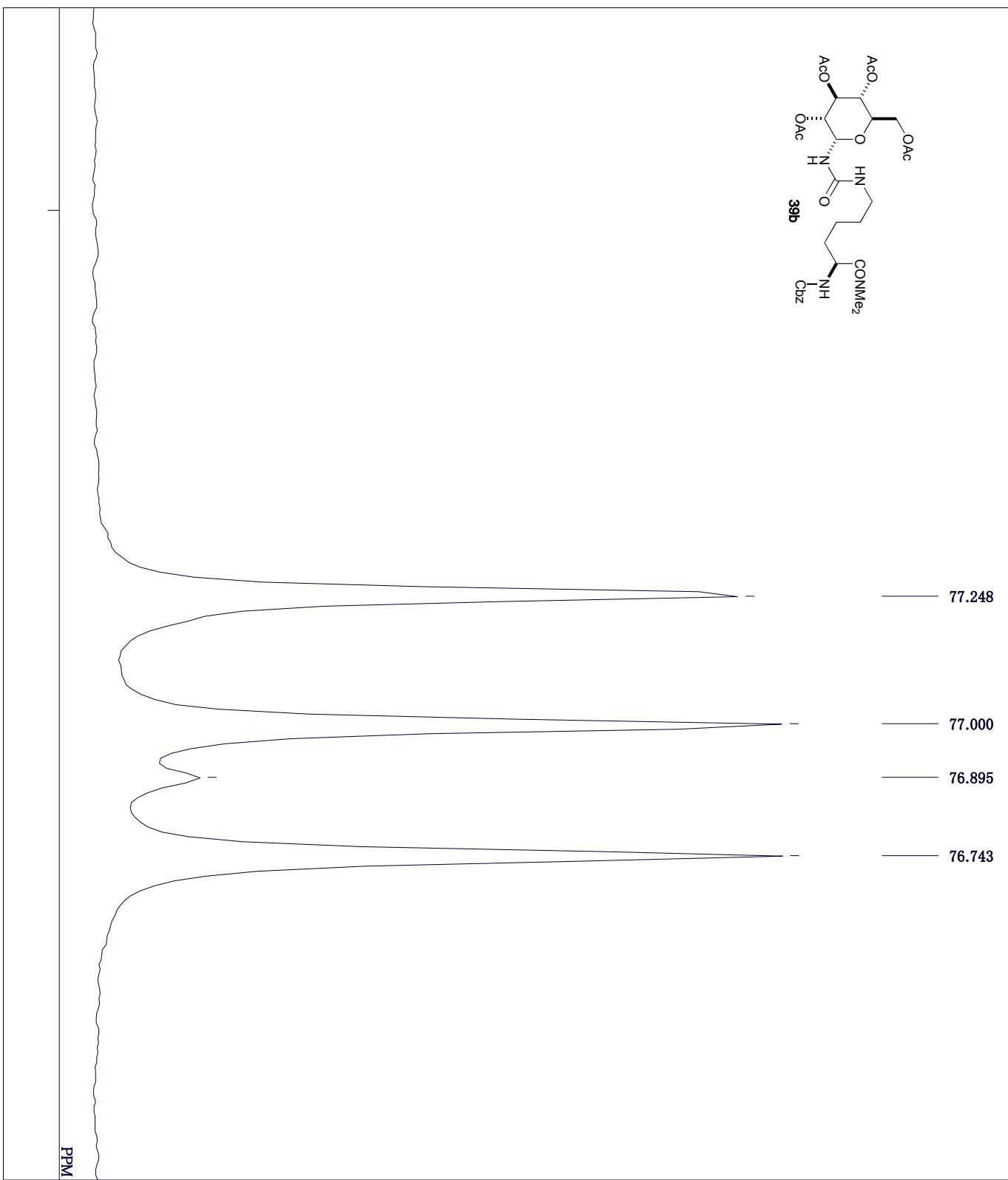
DFILE sou3015data_Carbon-3-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 DATM 2011-11-30 15.58.11
 OBNUC 13C
 EXMOD carbon.jsp
 OBFRQ 125.77 MHz
 OBSET 7.87 kHz
 OBFIN 4.21 Hz
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 512
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC 1H
 CTTEMP 17.7 c
 SLVNT CDCl₃
 EXREF 77.00 ppm
 BF 1.00 Hz
 RGAIN 50





DFILE sou3012data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
 COMNT single pulse decoupled gated NOE
 2011-11-14 15.43.01
 13C
 OBNUC carbon.jsp
 EXMOD 125.77 MHz
 OBFRQ 7.87 kHz
 OBSET 4.21 Hz
 OBFIN
 POINT 32780
 FREQU 39308.18 Hz
 SCANS 512
 ACQTIM 0.8336 sec
 PD 2.0000 sec
 PW1 2.72 usec
 IRNUC
 CTTEMP
 SLVNT
 EXREF
 RGAIN

1H 19.3 c
 CDCl₃ 77.00 ppm
 BF 50
 50



```

DFILE          sou3012data_Carbon-1-1.jdf
COMNT         single pulse decoupled gated NOE
2011-11-14 15.43.01
13C
OBNUC
EXMOD
OBFRQ
OBSET
OBFIN
POINT
32780
FREQU
39308.18 Hz
SCANS
512
ACQTIM
0.8336 sec
PD
2.0000 sec
PW1
2.72 usec
IRNUC
1H
CTEMP
19.3 c
SLVNT
CDCl3
EXREF
77.00 ppm
BF
1.00 Hz
RGAIN
50

```