

*Cover Page for Supporting Information*

*Title:*

**Selective Synthesis of (*Z*)-2-Enynyl-2-Hydroxy-Imidazolidine-4,5-diones via Cu(I)-Mediated Multicomponent Coupling of Terminal Alkynes, Carbodiimides and Oxalyl Chloride**

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*Contents:*

<b>1) Experimental Details and Characterization Data</b>	<b>S2-S7</b>
<b>2) Mechanistic Studies and Discussions</b>	<b>S8-S9</b>
<b>3) X-ray Crystallographic Studies for 1a and 2d</b>	<b>S10-S17</b>
<b>4) <math>^1\text{H}</math> NMR and <math>^{13}\text{C}</math> NMR Spectra of All New Compounds</b>	<b>S18-S33</b>

## 1) Experimental Details and Characterization Data

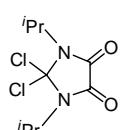
### General Method

All the reactions were carried out under nitrogen atmosphere using standard Schlenk technique. All the starting materials were purchased from Acros, Aldrich, TCI and Alfa Aesar without further purification. Solvents were purified by an Mbraun SPS-800 Solvent Purification System and stored under nitrogen. Column chromatography was performed on silica gel 200-300 mesh.

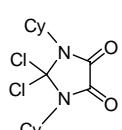
$^1\text{H}$  NMR and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR were recorded on a JEOL 300 MHz spectrometer (FT, 300 MHz for  $^1\text{H}$ ; 75 MHz for  $^{13}\text{C}$ ), or a Bruker AVANCE III 400 spectrometer (FT, 400 MHz for  $^1\text{H}$ ; 100 MHz for  $^{13}\text{C}$ ) at room temperature with  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$  or  $\text{DMSO}-d_6$  as the solvent and tetramethylsilane (TMS) as the internal standard. Chemical shifts were reported in units (ppm) by assigning TMS resonance in the  $^1\text{H}$  spectrum as 0.00 ppm and  $\text{CDCl}_3$  resonance in the  $^{13}\text{C}$  spectrum as 77.0 ppm, or  $\text{CD}_2\text{Cl}_2$  resonance in the  $^{13}\text{C}$  spectrum as 53.8 ppm, or  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$  resonance in the  $^{13}\text{C}$  spectrum as 128.0 ppm, or  $\text{DMSO}-d_6$  resonance in the  $^{13}\text{C}$  spectrum as 39.5 ppm. All coupling constants ( $J$  values) were reported in Hertz (Hz). Infrared spectra (IR) were recorded on a Thermo Nicolet Avatar 330 FT-IR spectrometer. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on a Bruker Apex IV FTMS mass spectrometer using ESI (electrospray ionization).

### Typical Procedures for Preparation of 2,2-Dichloro-imidazolidindione **1**.<sup>1</sup>

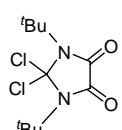
To a 40 mL  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$  solution of *N,N'*-diisopropylcarbodiimide (1.6 mL, 1.26 g, 10 mmol) was slowly charged with oxalyl chloride (0.94 mL, 1.40 g, 11 mmol) at 0 °C. The reaction was highly exothermic and required keeping cool at 0 °C for several minutes. Then the reaction was allowed to stir at room temperature. After 2 days, the reaction was put into the glovebox. Solvent and excess oxalyl chloride were removed under vacuum. The residue was washed by hexane and dried under vacuum. 2,2-Dichloro-imidazolidindione **1a** was obtained quantitatively as white powder.



**1a:**<sup>1</sup> Colorless solid, isolated yield 99% (2.53 g);  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ ):  $\delta$  1.26 (d,  $J = 6.9$  Hz, 12H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.64-3.74 (m, 2H,  $\text{CH}$ );  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (75 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ ):  $\delta$  18.94 (4  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 49.25 (2 CH), 103.28 (1 quat. C), 154.29 (2 quat. C).



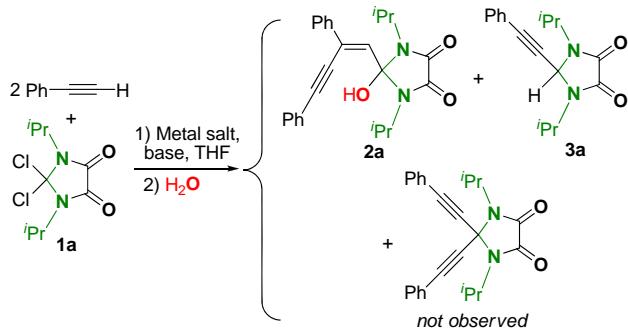
**1b:** Colorless solid, isolated yield 99% (3.33 g);  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ):  $\delta$  1.01-1.07 (m, 6H,  $\text{CH}_2$ ), 1.38-1.39 (m, 2H,  $\text{CH}_2$ ), 1.59-1.61 (m, 4H,  $\text{CH}_2$ ), 1.75-1.78 (m, 4H,  $\text{CH}_2$ ), 2.22-2.31 (m, 4H,  $\text{CH}_2$ ), 3.53-3.61 (m, 2H,  $\text{CH}$ );  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ):  $\delta$  24.97 (2  $\text{CH}_2$ ), 25.99 (4  $\text{CH}_2$ ), 28.85 (4  $\text{CH}_2$ ), 57.07 (2 CH), 103.87 (1 quat. C), 154.24 (2 quat. C).



**1c:** Colorless solid, isolated yield 99% (2.81 g);  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ):  $\delta$  1.55 (s, 18H,  $\text{CH}_3$ );  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{C}_6\text{D}_6$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ):  $\delta$  28.04 (6  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 61.94 (2 quat. C), 102.37 (1 quat. C), 154.91 (2 quat. C).

## Condition Screening for the Formation of **2a** by Multicomponent Coupling of Two Phenylethyne and 2-Dichloroimidazoline-4,5-dione Intermediate **1a**.

**S**Talbe 1 Condition Screening.<sup>a-c</sup>



entry	metal salt (equiv)	base (equiv)	temp. (°C)	t (h)	yield <b>2a</b> <sup>a,b</sup>	yield <b>3a</b> <sup>a,b</sup>
1	CuI (1.0)	Et <sub>3</sub> N (2.0)	80	6.0	52%	19%
2	CuCl (1.0)	Et <sub>3</sub> N (2.0)	25–80	6.0	0%	0%
3	CuBr (1.0)	Et <sub>3</sub> N (2.0)	25–80	6.0	0%	0%
4	PdCl <sub>2</sub> (0.05)	Et <sub>3</sub> N (2.0)	25–80	6.0	0%	0%
5	CuI (0.05)	Et <sub>3</sub> N (2.0)	25	6.0	<5%	0%
6	CuI (0.05)	Et <sub>3</sub> N (2.0)	80	6.0	12%	<5%
7	NaI (0.05)/CuCl (1.0)	Et <sub>3</sub> N (2.0)	80	6.0	70% <sup>c</sup>	9%
<b>8</b>	<b>CuI (0.05)/CuCl (1.0)</b>	<b>Et<sub>3</sub>N (2.0)</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>6.0</b>	<b>70%<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>9%</b>
9	CuI (0.05)/CuCl (1.0)	Et <sub>3</sub> N (2.0)	50	6.0	53%	8%
10	CuI (0.05)/CuCl (1.0)	Et <sub>3</sub> N (2.0)	25	6.0	<5%	0%
11	CuI (0.05)/CuCl (1.0)	DABCO (2.0)	80	6.0	0%	0%
12	CuI (0.05)/CuCl (1.0)	imidazole (2.0)	80	6.0	0%	0%
13	CuI (0.05)/CuCl (1.0)	iPr <sub>2</sub> NET (2.0)	80	6.0	61%	8%

<sup>a</sup> Conditions: 0.5 mmol of **1a**, 1.2 mmol of phenylethyne. <sup>b</sup> NMR yield.

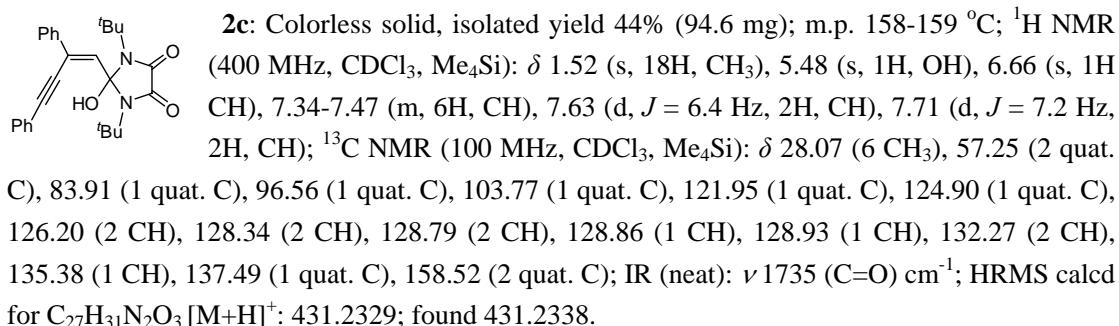
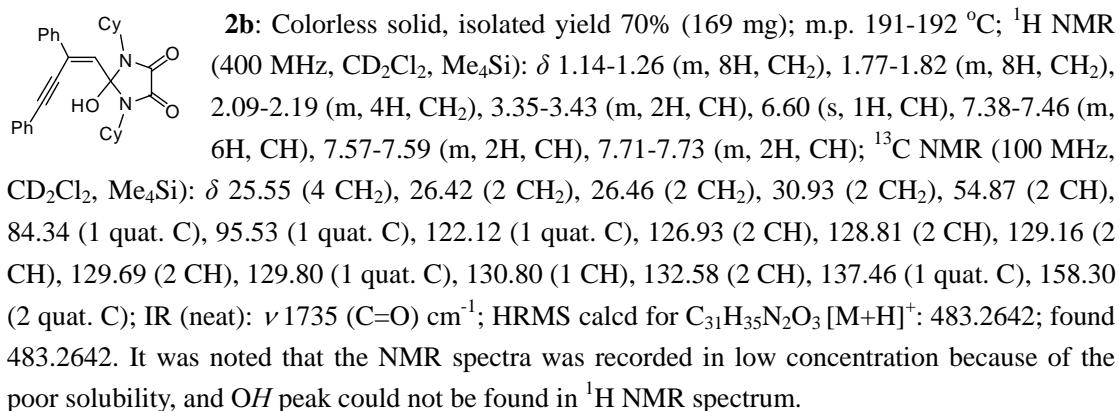
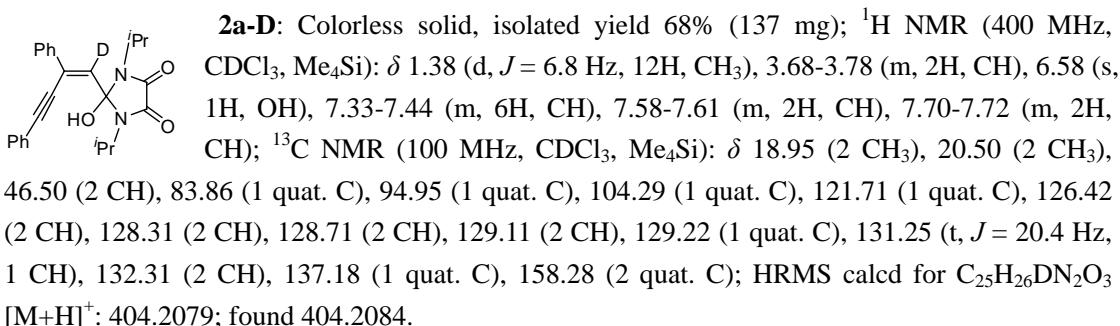
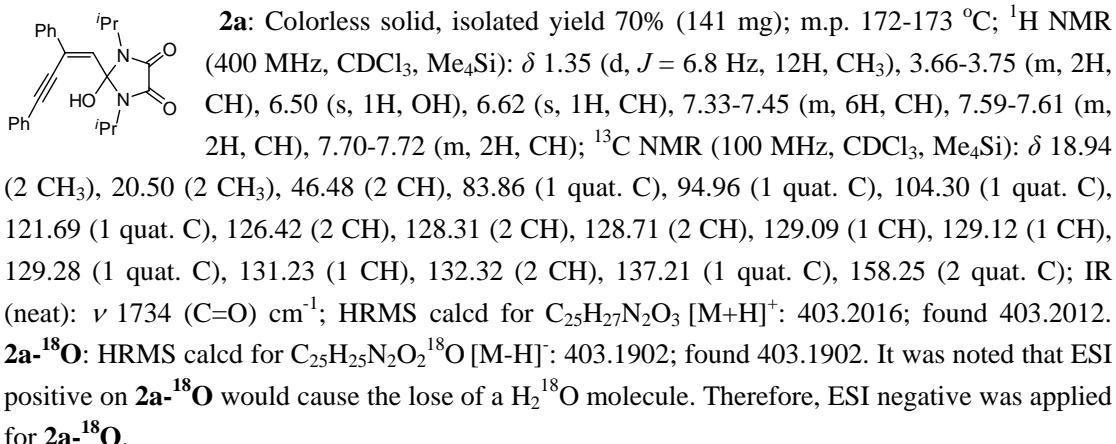
<sup>c</sup> Isolated yields.

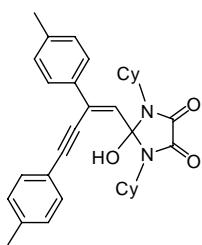
The reaction of **1a** with phenylethyne was established as a model reaction to screen the reaction conditions for the formation of **2a**. The metal salts, such as CuCl, CuBr and PdCl<sub>2</sub> instead of CuI gave no product from 25 to 80 °C (STable 1, entries 2–4). In contrast, a combination of NaI and CuCl brought about **2a** in good yield (STable 1, entry 7). This made us realize that iodide anion may play an important role in the reaction. After a series of reaction conditions, such as the amount of CuI, bases, and reaction temperatures, were screened (STable 1, entries 7–13), the optimized reaction condition was established (STable 1, entry 8).

### Typical Procedures for Cu(I)-Mediated Synthesis of (Z)-2-En-4-yn-1-ols.

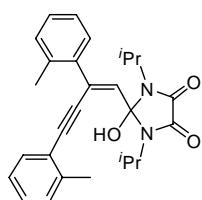
To a sealed tube was charged with **1a** (126 mg, 0.5 mmol), phenylacetalene (122 mg, 1.2 mmol), CuI (4.8 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuCl (50.0 mg, 0.5 mmol) and 5.0 mL of THF in the glovebox. The tube was moved outside the glovebox and charged with Et<sub>3</sub>N (101 mg, 1.0 mmol). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 80 °C for 6 h. After the reaction was finished, the mixture was cooled to room temperature and quenched by brine and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic solution was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration, the solution was concentrated under vacuum and the product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel. The product **2a** was

obtained as colorless oil, and slowly turned to colorless solid at low temperature.

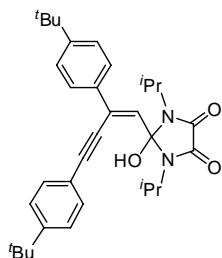




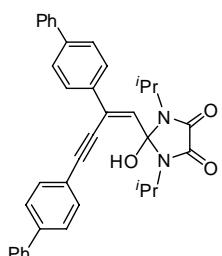
**2d:** Colorless solid, isolated yield 68% (173 mg); m.p. 186-187 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si): δ 1.13-1.26 (m, 8H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.68-1.77 (m, 4H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.83-1.90 (m, 4H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.10-2.13 (m, 4H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.34 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.40 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.38-3.44 (m, 2H, CH), 6.18 (s, 1H OH), 6.55 (s, 1H, CH), 7.15 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, CH), 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H, CH), 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, CH), 7.61 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, CH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si): δ 21.13 (2 CH<sub>2</sub>), 21.54 (2 CH<sub>2</sub>), 25.13 (2 CH<sub>2</sub>), 26.05 (1 CH<sub>3</sub>), 26.06 (1 CH<sub>3</sub>), 28.40 (2 CH<sub>2</sub>), 30.15 (2 CH<sub>2</sub>), 54.46 (2 CH), 83.59 (1 quat. C), 95.28 (1 quat. C), 104.94 (1 quat. C), 118.73 (1 quat. C), 126.40 (2 CH), 128.79 (1 quat. C), 129.12 (2 CH), 129.34 (2 CH), 129.39 (2 CH), 130.90 (1 quat. C), 132.19 (1 CH), 134.52 (1 quat. C), 139.26 (1 quat. C), 158.14 (2 quat. C); IR (neat):  $\nu$  1734 (C=O) cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS calcd for C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>39</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 511.2955; found 511.2961.



**2e:** Colorless solid, isolated yield 71% (153 mg); m.p. 156-157 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si): δ 1.49 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.53 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.24 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.48 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.77-3.87 (m, 2H, CH), 5.83 (s, 1H, OH), 6.07 (s, 1H, CH), 7.11-7.27 (m, 5H, CH), 7.51-7.54 (m, 2H, CH), 7.70-7.72 (m, 1H, CH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si): δ 19.16 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.24 (1 CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.55 (1 CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.71 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>), 46.57 (2 CH), 87.96 (1 quat. C), 95.04 (1 quat. C), 103.33 (1 quat. C), 121.44 (1 quat. C), 125.99 (1 CH), 126.17 (1 CH), 128.50 (1 CH), 128.77 (1 CH), 128.82 (1 CH), 129.24 (1 quat. C), 130.82 (1 CH), 130.91 (1 CH), 132.29 (1 quat. C), 132.87 (1 quat. C), 134.10 (1 CH), 135.12 (1 CH), 138.72 (1 quat. C), 157.95 (2 quat. C); IR (neat):  $\nu$  1734 (C=O) cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>31</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 413.2224; found 413.2222.

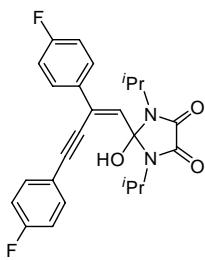


**2f:** Colorless solid, isolated yield 61% (157 mg); m.p. 157-158 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si): δ 1.26 (s, 9H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.33-1.35 (m, 21H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.64-3.71 (m, 2H, CH), 6.52 (s, 1H, OH), 6.60 (s, 1H, CH), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, CH), 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, CH), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, CH), 7.65 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, CH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si): δ 18.95 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.51 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>), 31.06 (3 CH<sub>3</sub>), 31.22 (3 CH<sub>3</sub>), 34.65 (1 quat. C), 34.74 (1 quat. C), 46.43 (2 CH), 83.50 (1 quat. C), 95.07 (1 quat. C), 104.46 (1 quat. C), 118.81 (1 quat. C), 125.32 (2 CH), 125.60 (2 CH), 126.12 (2 CH), 129.12 (1 quat. C), 129.78 (1 CH), 132.18 (2 CH), 134.36 (1 quat. C), 152.26 (1 quat. C), 152.35 (1 quat. C), 158.27 (2 quat. C); IR (neat):  $\nu$  1740 (C=O) cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS calcd for C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>43</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 515.3268; found 515.3264.

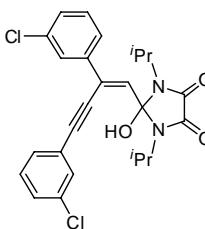


**2g:** Colorless solid, isolated yield 61% (169 mg); m.p. 151-152 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si): δ 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 12H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.70-3.76 (m, 2H, CH), 6.49 (s, 1H, OH), 6.67 (m, 1H, CH), 7.30-7.76 (m, 18H, CH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si): δ 18.98 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.53 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>), 46.51 (2 CH), 84.49 (1 quat. C), 94.98 (1 quat. C), 104.29 (1 quat. C), 120.63 (1 quat. C), 126.81 (2 CH), 126.97 (2 CH), 127.03 (2 CH), 127.08 (2 CH), 127.41 (2 CH), 127.63 (1 CH), 127.67 (1 CH), 128.82 (2 CH), 128.87 (2 CH), 131.11 (1 CH), 132.27 (1 quat. C), 132.83 (2 CH), 136.00 (1 quat. C), 140.24 (1 quat. C),

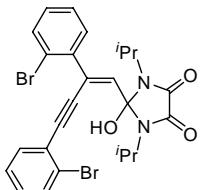
140.39 (1 quat. C), 141.78 (1 quat. C), 142.02 (1 quat. C), 158.35 (2 quat. C); IR (neat):  $\nu$  1735 (C=O)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; HRMS calcd for  $\text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{35}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3 [\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ : 555.2642; found 555.2638.



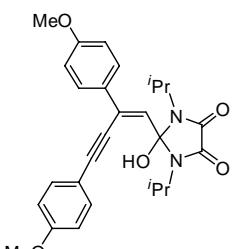
**2h:** Colorless solid, isolated yield 57% (125 mg); m.p. 169-170 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ):  $\delta$  1.36-1.40 (m, 12H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.70-3.77 (m, 2H, CH), 6.57-6.61 (m, 2H, CH and OH), 6.99-7.14 (m, 4H, CH), 7.40-7.43 (m, 1H, CH), 7.55-7.69 (m, 3H, CH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ):  $\delta$  18.87 (2  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 20.47 (2  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 46.52 (2 CH), 83.47 (1 quat. C), 94.93 (1 quat. C), 103.40 (1 quat. C), 115.68 (d,  $J = 22.0$  Hz, 2 CH), 115.72 (d,  $J = 21.8$  Hz, 2 CH), 117.65 (d,  $J = 3.4$  Hz, 1 quat. C), 128.17 (d,  $J = 8.2$  Hz, 2 CH), 128.26 (1 quat. C), 130.96 (1 CH), 133.06 (d,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1 quat. C), 134.42 (d,  $J = 8.5$  Hz, 2 CH), 158.28 (2 quat. C), 163.13 (d,  $J = 249.6$  Hz, 1 quat. C), 163.38 (d,  $J = 248.2$  Hz, 1 quat. C); IR (neat):  $\nu$  1735 (C=O)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; HRMS calcd for  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{25}\text{F}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_3 [\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ : 439.1828; found 439.1836.



**2i:** Colorless solid, isolated yield 66% (155 mg); m.p. 182-183 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ):  $\delta$  1.36-1.39 (m, 12H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.69-3.76 (m, 2H, CH), 6.25 (s, 1H, OH), 6.66 (s, 1H, CH), 7.26-7.42 (m, 5H, CH), 7.50-7.56 (m, 2H, CH), 7.64 (s, 1H, CH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ):  $\delta$  18.96 (2  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 20.57 (2  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 46.57 (2 CH), 84.15 (1 quat. C), 94.71 (1 quat. C), 103.02 (1 quat. C), 123.08 (1 quat. C), 124.54 (1 CH), 126.51 (1 CH), 127.80 (1 quat. C), 129.31 (1 CH), 129.60 (1 CH), 129.63 (1 CH), 129.81 (1 CH), 130.06 (1 CH), 130.75 (1 CH), 131.73 (1 CH), 134.11 (1 quat. C), 134.88 (1 quat. C), 138.62 (1 quat. C), 158.18 (2 quat. C); IR (neat):  $\nu$  1740 (C=O)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; HRMS calcd for  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{25}\text{Cl}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_3 [\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ : 471.1237; found 471.1240.

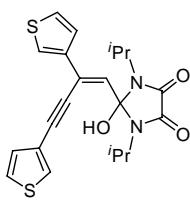


**2j:** Colorless solid, isolated yield 68% (190 mg); m.p. 174-175 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ):  $\delta$  1.43 (d,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 1.50 (d,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.77-3.84 (m, 2H, CH), 6.13 (s, 1H, CH), 6.37 (s, 1H, OH), 7.14 (t,  $J = 7.6$  Hz, 1H, CH), 7.20-7.24 (m, 1H, CH), 7.30-7.37 (m, 2H, CH), 7.49 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 2H, CH), 7.65 (d,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 2H, CH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ):  $\delta$  19.32 (2  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 20.64 (2  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 46.71 (2 CH), 87.73 (1 quat. C), 94.88 (1 quat. C), 102.18 (1 quat. C), 121.50 (1 CH), 123.72 (1 CH), 125.68 (1 CH), 127.53 (2 CH), 128.50 (1 CH), 129.88 (1 CH), 130.31 (1 quat. C), 130.76 (1 quat. C), 132.02 (1 CH), 133.63 (1 CH), 134.74 (1 quat. C), 137.35 (1 quat. C), 138.61 (1 quat. C), 158.04 (2 quat. C); IR (neat):  $\nu$  1742 (C=O)  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; HRMS calcd for  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{25}\text{Br}_2\text{N}_2\text{O}_3 [\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ : 559.0226; found 559.0227.



**2k:** Colorless solid, isolated yield 56% (129 mg); m.p. 103-104 °C;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ):  $\delta$  1.36-1.40 (m, 12H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.70-3.78 (m, 5H,  $\text{CH}_3$  and CH), 3.84 (s, 3H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 6.32 (s, 1H, OH), 6.50 (s, 1H, CH), 6.87 (d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 2H, CH), 6.94 (d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 2H, CH), 7.55 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 2H, CH), 7.67 (d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 2H, CH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ,  $\text{Me}_4\text{Si}$ ):  $\delta$  18.88 (2  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 20.50 (2  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 46.37 (2 CH), 55.20 (1  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 55.36 (1  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 83.11 (1 quat. C), 95.13 (1 quat. C), 104.39 (1 quat. C), 113.98 (4 CH), 127.66 (2 CH), 128.86 (1 quat. C), 129.68 (1 CH), 130.71 (1 quat. C), 133.30 (1

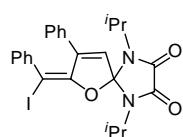
quat. C), 133.93 (2 CH), 158.21 (2 quat. C), 160.22 (1 quat. C), 160.37 (1 quat. C); IR (neat):  $\nu$  1735 (C=O) cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS calcd for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>31</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 463.2228; found 463.2227.



**2l:** Colorless solid, isolated yield 65% (138 mg); m.p. 199-200 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si):  $\delta$  1.26 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.39 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.58-3.66 (m, 2H, CH), 6.66 (s, 1H, CH), 7.26 (s, 1H, OH), 7.38 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H, CH), 7.56 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 7.62-7.74 (m, 2H, CH), 7.93-7.94 (m, 1H, CH), 7.99-8.00 (m, 1H, CH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si):  $\delta$  18.58 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.25 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>), 45.31 (2 CH), 83.43 (1 quat. C), 94.20 (1 quat. C), 96.88 (1 quat. C), 120.38 (1 quat. C), 122.80 (1 quat. C), 124.95 (1 CH), 125.10 (1 CH), 126.37 (1 CH), 127.55 (1 CH), 129.86 (1 CH), 130.27 (1 CH), 131.66 (1 quat. C), 131.98 (1 CH), 157.47 (2 quat. C); IR (neat):  $\nu$  1729 (C=O) cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 415.1145; found 415.1148.

### Typical Procedures for Synthesis of Spiro Heterocyclic Compound 5 from (Z)-2-En-4-yn-1-ols

To a flask was charged with **2a** (201 mg, 0.5 mmol), iodine (381 mg, 1.5 mmol), K<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>·3H<sub>2</sub>O (399 mg, 1.5 mmol) and 5.0 mL of THF. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. After the reaction was finished, the mixture was quenched by brine, washed with aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic solution was dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration, the solution was concentrated under vacuum and the product was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel. The product **5** was obtained as colorless solid.



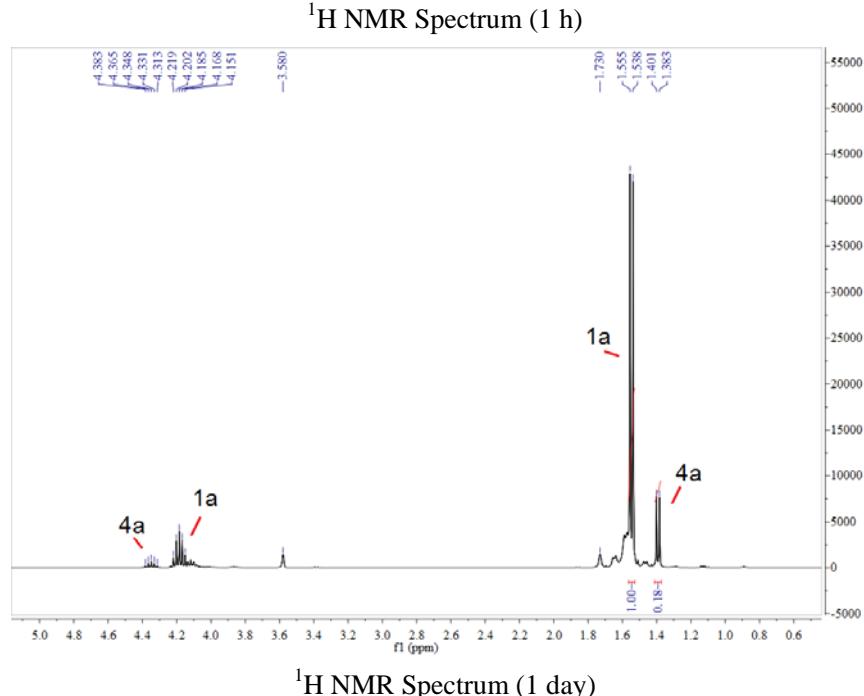
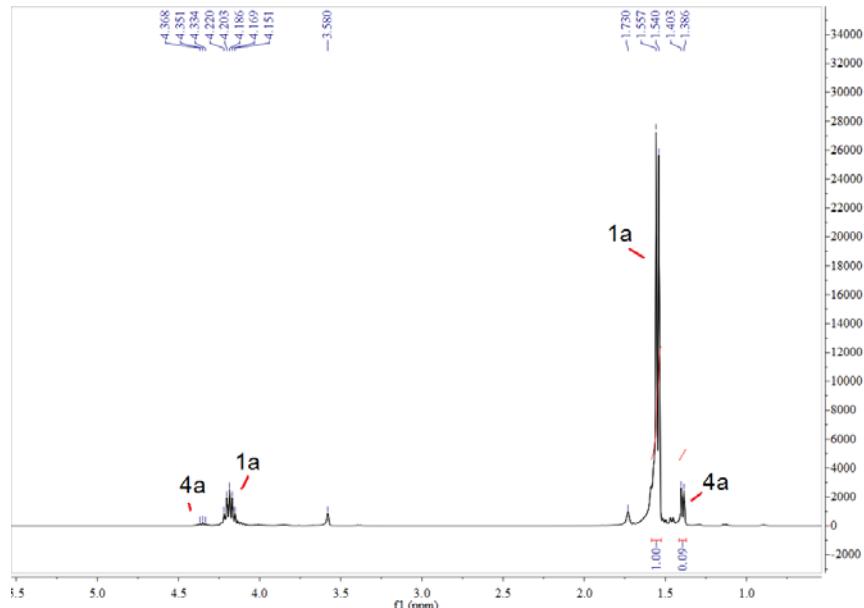
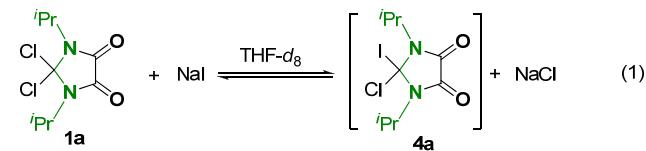
**5:** Colorless solid, isolated yield 95% (251 mg); m.p. 205-206 °C; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si):  $\delta$  1.39-1.42 (m, 12H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.58-3.68 (m, 2H, CH), 6.06 (s, 1H, CH), 7.20-7.41 (m, 6H, CH), 7.47-7.53 (m, 4H, CH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>, Me<sub>4</sub>Si):  $\delta$  19.90 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>), 19.98 (2 CH<sub>3</sub>), 45.76 (2 CH), 72.13 (1 quat. C), 104.94 (1 quat. C), 127.91 (2 CH), 128.22 (1 CH), 129.38 (2 CH), 128.66 (1 CH), 128.95 (2 CH), 129.24 (2 CH), 129.29 (1 quat. C), 130.76 (1 CH), 140.99 (1 quat. C), 147.40 (1 quat. C), 150.39 (1 quat. C), 156.64 (2 quat. C); IR (neat):  $\nu$  1752 (C=O) cm<sup>-1</sup>; HRMS calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>26</sub>IN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 529.0983; found 529.0976.

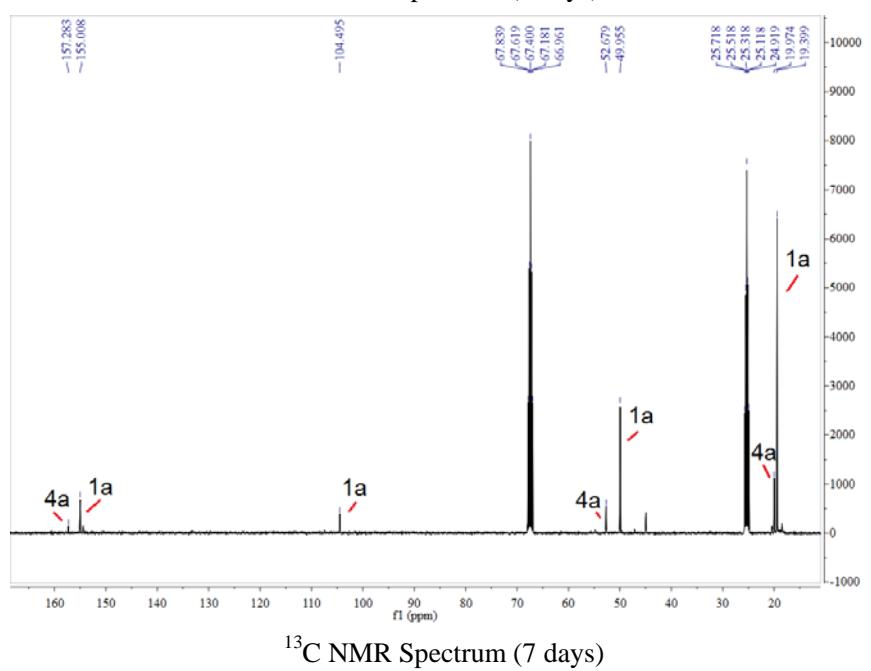
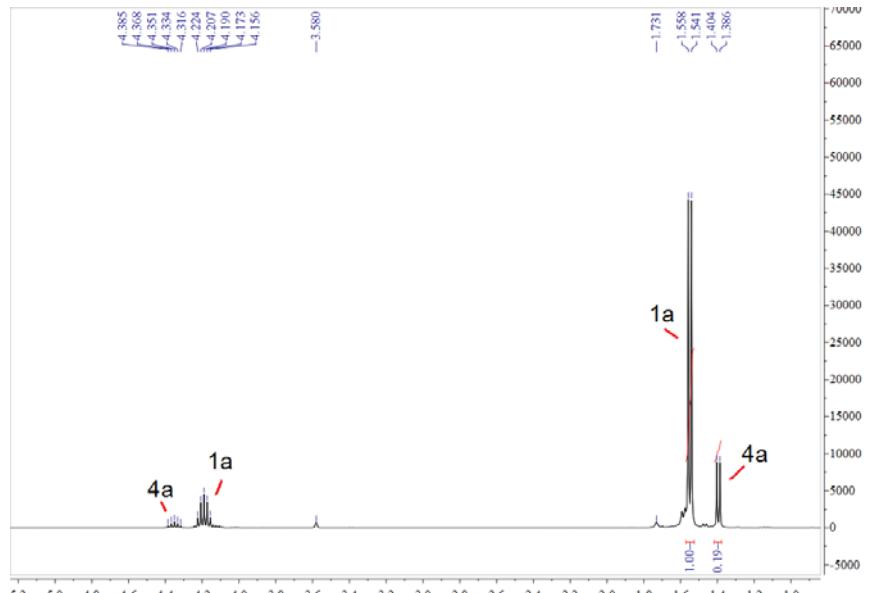
### Reference:

1. F. Zhao, Y. Wang, W.-X. Zhang and Z. Xi, *Org. Biomol. Chem.*, 2012, **10**, 6266.

## 2) Mechanistic Studies and Discussions

**Formation of Iodo-substituted Intermediate.** To obtain the evidence of iodo-substituted intermediate, the 1:1 mixture of **1a** and NaI in THF-*d*<sub>8</sub> was monitored by NMR spectroscopy. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra are shown below. A series of new peak was shown in both <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra, indicating formation of iodo-substituted intermediate **4a**. The ratio of **1a** and **4a** was determined by integration of doubly splitted methyl hydrogen. The ratio of **1a**:**4a** is 1:0.09 after 1 h, 1:0.18 after 1 day, and 1:0.19 after 7 days. These results clearly show that there was an equilibrium between them (eq 1).

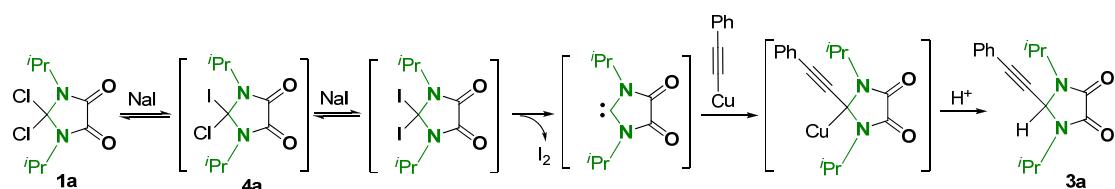




**SFigure 1.** In situ NMR spectra of the reaction between **1a** and NaI.

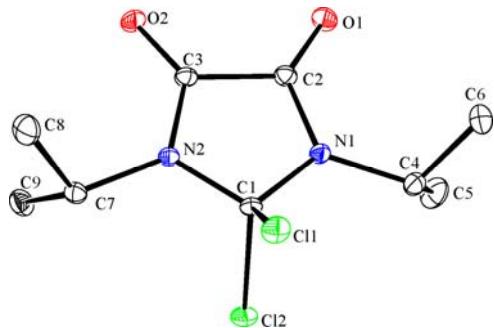
### Proposed Mechanism for the Formation of **3a**

Byproduct **3a** was proposed to be generated from a carbene intermediate, which probably resulted from iodine elimination of diiodo-substituted intermediate. The carbene intermediate then undergoes an insertion into copper acetylide, followed by hydrogenation to give **3a**.



### X-ray Crystallographic Studies for **1a** and **2d**.

Single crystals of **1a** suitable for X-ray analysis were grown in THF/hexane at room temperature for 1 day. Single crystals of **2d** suitable for X-ray analysis were grown in CHCl<sub>3</sub>/hexane at room temperature for 1 day. Data collections for **1a** and **2d** was performed at 20 °C on a Rigaku RAXIS RAPID IP diffractometer, using graphite-monochromated Mo K $\alpha$  radiation ( $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$ ). The determination of crystal class and unit cell parameters was carried out by Rapid-AUTO (Rigaku 2000) program package for **1a** and **2d**. The raw frame data was processed using Crystal Structure (Rigaku/MSC 2000) for **1a** and **2d**. The structures of **1a** and **2d** were solved by use of SHELXTL program. Refinement was performed on  $F^2$  anisotropically for all the non-hydrogen atoms by the full-matrix least-squares method. The hydrogen atoms were placed at the calculated positions and were included in the structure calculation without further refinement of the parameters. Crystallographic data (excluding structure factors) have been deposited with the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre as supplementary publication nos. CCDC-857965 (**1a**), CCDC-959743 (**2d**·2CHCl<sub>3</sub>). Copies of these data can be obtained free of charge from the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre via [www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data\\_request/cif](http://www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif).



**SFigure 2.** ORTEP drawing of **1a** with 30% thermal ellipsoids.

**STable 2.** Crystal data and structure refinement for **1a**.

	<b>1a</b>
Identification code	
Empirical formula	C <sub>9</sub> H <sub>14</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>2</sub>
Formula weight	253.12
Temperature	293(2) K
Wavelength	0.71073 Å
Crystal system	Monoclinic
Space group	P2(1)/n
Unit cell dimensions	a = 5.8444(12) Å b = 19.476(4) Å c = 10.909(2) Å
	$\alpha = 90^\circ$ $\beta = 95.18(3)^\circ$ $\gamma = 90^\circ$
Volume	1236.6(4) Å <sup>3</sup>
Z	4
Density (calculated)	1.360 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Absorption coefficient	0.509 mm <sup>-1</sup>
F(000)	528
Crystal size	0.30 x 0.30 x 0.20 mm <sup>3</sup>
Theta range for data collection	2.09 to 27.46°.

Index ranges	-7<=h<=7, -25<=k<=25, -14<=l<=14
Reflections collected	5403
Independent reflections	2809 [R(int) = 0.0418]
Completeness to theta = 27.46°	99.0 %
Absorption correction	Empirical
Max. and min. transmission	0.9051 and 0.8624
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>
Data / restraints / parameters	2809 / 0 / 141
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	0.993
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0445, wR2 = 0.0943
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0692, wR2 = 0.1006
Extinction coefficient	0.130(5)
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.250 and -0.415 e. Å <sup>-3</sup>

**STable 3.** Atomic coordinates (x 10<sup>4</sup>) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup> x 10<sup>3</sup>) for **1a**. U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U<sup>ij</sup> tensor.

	x	y	z	U(eq)
C(1)	588(3)	1429(1)	3866(2)	38(1)
C(2)	2410(4)	1326(1)	2107(2)	45(1)
C(3)	2426(4)	2076(1)	2499(2)	43(1)
C(4)	769(4)	232(1)	2953(2)	55(1)
C(5)	-777(6)	39(2)	1806(3)	86(1)
C(6)	3002(5)	-178(1)	3102(3)	82(1)
C(7)	791(4)	2719(1)	4261(2)	45(1)
C(8)	3018(4)	3046(1)	4814(2)	72(1)
C(9)	-721(5)	3209(1)	3457(2)	64(1)
Cl(1)	1926(1)	1191(1)	5372(1)	55(1)
Cl(2)	-2479(1)	1388(1)	4001(1)	58(1)
N(1)	1272(3)	978(1)	2950(2)	42(1)
N(2)	1291(3)	2095(1)	3537(1)	38(1)
O(1)	3250(3)	1092(1)	1221(1)	63(1)
O(2)	3267(3)	2554(1)	1989(1)	59(1)
H(4)	-77	136	3669	66
H(5A)	-2113	328	1743	129
H(5B)	-1238	-432	1861	129
H(5C)	46	100	1091	129
H(6A)	3843	-107	2396	123
H(6B)	2657	-657	3175	123
H(6C)	3912	-28	3829	123
H(7)	-80	2573	4943	54
H(8A)	3908	2710	5293	108
H(8B)	2670	3423	5332	108

H(8C)	3880	3209	4165	108
H(9A)	118	3376	2801	96
H(9B)	-1163	3588	3945	96
H(9C)	-2070	2970	3117	96

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**STable 4.** Bond lengths [ $\text{\AA}$ ] and angles [ $^\circ$ ] for **1a**.

C(1)-N(1)	1.414(3)	Cl(2)-C(1)-Cl(1)	105.29(10)
C(1)-N(2)	1.417(3)	O(1)-C(2)-N(1)	127.5(2)
C(1)-Cl(2)	1.814(2)	O(1)-C(2)-C(3)	126.40(19)
C(1)-Cl(1)	1.815(2)	N(1)-C(2)-C(3)	106.15(17)
C(2)-O(1)	1.212(2)	O(2)-C(3)-N(2)	127.6(2)
C(2)-N(1)	1.363(3)	O(2)-C(3)-C(2)	126.88(19)
C(2)-C(3)	1.522(3)	N(2)-C(3)-C(2)	105.56(17)
C(3)-O(2)	1.210(2)	N(1)-C(4)-C(5)	110.0(2)
C(3)-N(2)	1.364(2)	N(1)-C(4)-C(6)	110.2(2)
C(4)-N(1)	1.483(3)	C(5)-C(4)-C(6)	113.4(2)
C(4)-C(5)	1.523(4)	N(2)-C(7)-C(9)	109.63(17)
C(4)-C(6)	1.526(4)	N(2)-C(7)-C(8)	110.36(18)
C(7)-N(2)	1.493(3)	C(9)-C(7)-C(8)	113.4(2)
C(7)-C(9)	1.523(3)	C(2)-N(1)-C(1)	110.78(17)
C(7)-C(8)	1.523(3)	C(2)-N(1)-C(4)	126.70(18)
N(1)-C(1)-N(2)	106.38(15)	C(1)-N(1)-C(4)	122.51(16)
N(1)-C(1)-Cl(2)	111.98(14)	C(3)-N(2)-C(1)	111.09(17)
N(2)-C(1)-Cl(2)	111.84(14)	C(3)-N(2)-C(7)	126.44(17)
N(1)-C(1)-Cl(1)	110.84(14)	C(1)-N(2)-C(7)	122.47(15)
N(2)-C(1)-Cl(1)	110.59(13)		

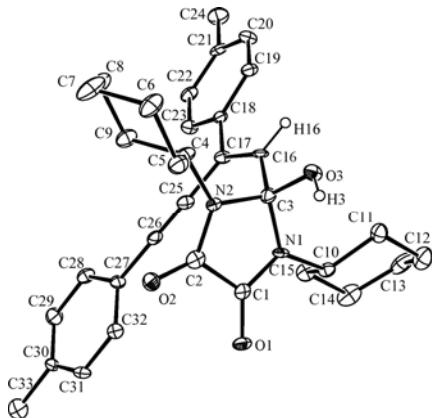
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Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

**STable 5.** Anisotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2 \times 10_3$ ) for **1a**. The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form:  $-2\pi^2 [ h^2 a^{*2} U^2 + \dots + 2 h k a^{*} b^{*} U^{12} ]$

	U <sup>11</sup>	U <sup>22</sup>	U <sup>33</sup>	U <sup>23</sup>	U <sup>13</sup>	U <sup>12</sup>
C(1)	38(1)	44(1)	32(1)	3(1)	9(1)	-2(1)
C(2)	48(1)	51(1)	37(1)	1(1)	10(1)	1(1)
C(3)	45(1)	48(1)	37(1)	4(1)	11(1)	-2(1)
C(4)	69(2)	44(1)	55(1)	1(1)	20(1)	-6(1)
C(5)	111(3)	72(2)	76(2)	-19(2)	6(2)	-33(2)
C(6)	91(2)	50(2)	110(2)	8(2)	32(2)	16(2)
C(7)	51(1)	46(1)	38(1)	-1(1)	12(1)	1(1)
C(8)	68(2)	72(2)	76(2)	-29(2)	2(1)	-9(1)

C(9)	75(2)	55(2)	63(2)	5(1)	14(1)	18(1)
Cl(1)	65(1)	65(1)	35(1)	12(1)	3(1)	2(1)
Cl(2)	38(1)	69(1)	69(1)	1(1)	15(1)	-5(1)
N(1)	50(1)	39(1)	38(1)	0(1)	13(1)	-4(1)
N(2)	44(1)	40(1)	31(1)	2(1)	12(1)	-1(1)
O(1)	82(1)	66(1)	47(1)	-7(1)	31(1)	1(1)
O(2)	74(1)	55(1)	53(1)	8(1)	30(1)	-11(1)



**SFigure 3.** ORTEP drawing of **2d** with 30% thermal ellipsoids. Two molecules of CHCl<sub>3</sub> are omitted for clarity.

**STable 6.** Crystal data and structure refinement for **2d·2CHCl<sub>3</sub>**.

Identification code	<b>2d·2CHCl<sub>3</sub></b>		
Empirical formula	C <sub>35</sub> H <sub>40</sub> Cl <sub>6</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>		
Formula weight	749.39		
Temperature	123(2) K		
Wavelength	0.71073 Å		
Crystal system	Monoclinic		
Space group	P2(1)/n		
Unit cell dimensions	a = 10.058(2) Å	α = 90°	
	b = 25.771(5) Å	β = 106.01(3)°	
	c = 14.912(3) Å	γ = 90°	
Volume	3715.5(13) Å <sup>3</sup>		
Z	4		
Density (calculated)	1.340 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Absorption coefficient	0.499 mm <sup>-1</sup>		
F(000)	1560		
Crystal size	0.40 x 0.30 x 0.30 mm <sup>3</sup>		
Theta range for data collection	2.19 to 27.48°		
Index ranges	-13<=h<=13, -33<=k<=33, -19<=l<=19		
Reflections collected	14812		
Independent reflections	6362 [R(int) = 0.0389]		
Completeness to theta = 27.48°	99.8 %		

Absorption correction	Empirical
Max. and min. transmission	0.8648 and 0.8255
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on $F^2$
Data / restraints / parameters	8509 / 0 / 420
Goodness-of-fit on $F^2$	0.992
Final R indices [ $I > 2\text{sigma}(I)$ ]	$R_1 = 0.0749$ , $wR_2 = 0.1394$
R indices (all data)	$R_1 = 0.1898$ , $wR_2 = 0.1506$
Largest diff. peak and hole	1.076 and -0.835 e. $\text{\AA}^{-3}$

**STable 7.** Atomic coordinates ( $\times 10^4$ ) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$ ) for **2d**·2CHCl<sub>3</sub>. U(eq) is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized U<sup>ij</sup> tensor.

	x	y	z	U(eq)
C(1)	9479(5)	569(2)	4669(3)	21(1)
C(2)	8572(5)	338(2)	3750(4)	26(1)
C(3)	7330(5)	366(2)	4884(3)	24(1)
C(4)	6189(5)	-37(2)	3291(4)	27(1)
C(5)	6584(5)	-573(2)	2979(3)	31(1)
C(6)	5302(5)	-858(2)	2386(4)	39(2)
C(7)	4557(6)	-518(2)	1564(4)	54(2)
C(8)	4197(5)	25(2)	1852(4)	44(2)
C(9)	5448(5)	301(2)	2452(3)	31(1)
C(10)	9291(5)	821(2)	6217(3)	22(1)
C(11)	8661(5)	590(2)	6953(3)	31(1)
C(12)	9432(5)	824(2)	7902(4)	42(2)
C(13)	9375(6)	1407(2)	7916(4)	50(2)
C(14)	9902(6)	1645(2)	7121(4)	45(2)
C(15)	9149(5)	1415(2)	6174(3)	32(1)
C(16)	6160(4)	737(2)	4883(3)	20(1)
C(17)	5929(5)	1193(2)	4445(3)	20(1)
C(18)	4755(5)	1539(2)	4502(3)	20(1)
C(19)	3722(4)	1381(2)	4891(3)	24(1)
C(20)	2693(5)	1710(2)	4975(3)	24(1)
C(21)	2629(5)	2220(2)	4680(3)	27(1)
C(22)	3643(5)	2382(2)	4258(3)	27(1)
C(23)	4676(5)	2044(2)	4174(3)	26(1)
C(24)	1500(5)	2586(2)	4777(4)	39(2)
C(25)	6843(5)	1392(2)	3943(3)	22(1)
C(26)	7568(5)	1580(2)	3529(3)	23(1)
C(27)	8458(5)	1843(2)	3042(3)	22(1)
C(28)	8051(5)	2326(2)	2628(3)	29(1)
C(29)	8907(5)	2598(2)	2208(3)	34(2)
C(30)	10165(5)	2392(2)	2187(3)	27(1)

C(31)	10557(5)	1909(2)	2579(3)	29(1)
C(32)	9713(5)	1632(2)	2997(3)	27(1)
C(33)	11111(5)	2699(2)	1741(4)	55(2)
C(34)	4070(6)	4278(2)	6127(4)	50(2)
C(35)	3029(8)	1641(3)	496(5)	86(2)
Cl(1)	3200(2)	4823(1)	5569(1)	89(1)
Cl(2)	3616(3)	3719(1)	5462(1)	129(1)
Cl(3)	5875(2)	4361(1)	6378(2)	105(1)
Cl(4)	2905(2)	2245(1)	-26(1)	74(1)
Cl(5)	4216(2)	1650(1)	1600(2)	106(1)
Cl(6)	3270(3)	1162(1)	-192(2)	150(1)
N(1)	8717(4)	588(1)	5277(3)	18(1)
N(2)	7365(4)	222(1)	3926(3)	18(1)
O(1)	10701(3)	712(1)	4792(2)	26(1)
O(2)	8917(3)	289(1)	3040(2)	29(1)
O(3)	7106(3)	-78(1)	5374(2)	26(1)

**STable 8.** Bond lengths [Å] and angles [°] for **2d·2CHCl<sub>3</sub>**.

C(1)-O(1)	1.247(5)	C(17)-C(25)	1.432(6)
C(1)-N(1)	1.340(5)	C(17)-C(18)	1.502(6)
C(1)-C(2)	1.541(6)	C(18)-C(23)	1.384(6)
C(2)-O(2)	1.208(5)	C(18)-C(19)	1.384(6)
C(2)-N(2)	1.346(5)	C(19)-C(20)	1.369(6)
C(3)-O(3)	1.407(5)	C(20)-C(21)	1.383(6)
C(3)-N(1)	1.472(5)	C(21)-C(22)	1.402(6)
C(3)-N(2)	1.485(5)	C(21)-C(24)	1.513(6)
C(3)-C(16)	1.517(6)	C(22)-C(23)	1.389(6)
C(4)-N(2)	1.457(5)	C(25)-C(26)	1.181(6)
C(4)-C(9)	1.538(6)	C(26)-C(27)	1.465(6)
C(4)-C(5)	1.543(6)	C(27)-C(32)	1.392(6)
C(5)-C(6)	1.535(6)	C(27)-C(28)	1.401(6)
C(6)-C(7)	1.524(7)	C(28)-C(29)	1.386(6)
C(7)-C(8)	1.536(7)	C(29)-C(30)	1.381(6)
C(8)-C(9)	1.506(6)	C(30)-C(31)	1.384(6)
C(10)-N(1)	1.487(5)	C(30)-C(33)	1.525(6)
C(10)-C(11)	1.531(6)	C(31)-C(32)	1.383(6)
C(10)-C(15)	1.536(6)	C(34)-Cl(2)	1.737(6)
C(11)-C(12)	1.537(6)	C(34)-Cl(1)	1.740(6)
C(12)-C(13)	1.505(7)	C(34)-Cl(3)	1.763(5)
C(13)-C(14)	1.551(7)	C(35)-Cl(6)	1.665(7)
C(14)-C(15)	1.527(6)	C(35)-Cl(4)	1.729(7)
C(16)-C(17)	1.332(6)	C(35)-Cl(5)	1.747(7)

O(1)-C(1)-N(1)	127.9(5)	C(23)-C(18)-C(17)	120.5(4)
O(1)-C(1)-C(2)	124.3(4)	C(19)-C(18)-C(17)	122.8(4)
N(1)-C(1)-C(2)	107.9(4)	C(20)-C(19)-C(18)	122.1(5)
O(2)-C(2)-N(2)	129.9(5)	C(19)-C(20)-C(21)	121.9(5)
O(2)-C(2)-C(1)	125.2(5)	C(20)-C(21)-C(22)	116.8(5)
N(2)-C(2)-C(1)	104.9(4)	C(20)-C(21)-C(24)	122.1(5)
O(3)-C(3)-N(1)	112.3(4)	C(22)-C(21)-C(24)	121.0(5)
O(3)-C(3)-N(2)	110.2(4)	C(23)-C(22)-C(21)	120.5(5)
N(1)-C(3)-N(2)	102.0(3)	C(18)-C(23)-C(22)	122.0(5)
O(3)-C(3)-C(16)	106.1(4)	C(26)-C(25)-C(17)	176.6(5)
N(1)-C(3)-C(16)	113.9(4)	C(25)-C(26)-C(27)	176.8(5)
N(2)-C(3)-C(16)	112.4(4)	C(32)-C(27)-C(28)	119.0(4)
N(2)-C(4)-C(9)	113.2(4)	C(32)-C(27)-C(26)	122.0(5)
N(2)-C(4)-C(5)	112.0(4)	C(28)-C(27)-C(26)	119.0(4)
C(9)-C(4)-C(5)	111.6(4)	C(29)-C(28)-C(27)	120.4(5)
C(6)-C(5)-C(4)	110.9(4)	C(30)-C(29)-C(28)	120.2(5)
C(7)-C(6)-C(5)	109.7(5)	C(29)-C(30)-C(31)	119.5(5)
C(6)-C(7)-C(8)	113.6(5)	C(29)-C(30)-C(33)	119.7(5)
C(9)-C(8)-C(7)	111.9(5)	C(31)-C(30)-C(33)	120.8(5)
C(8)-C(9)-C(4)	110.8(4)	C(32)-C(31)-C(30)	121.0(5)
N(1)-C(10)-C(11)	112.9(4)	C(31)-C(32)-C(27)	119.9(5)
N(1)-C(10)-C(15)	110.8(4)	Cl(2)-C(34)-Cl(1)	112.2(3)
C(11)-C(10)-C(15)	111.3(4)	Cl(2)-C(34)-Cl(3)	108.3(3)
C(10)-C(11)-C(12)	107.8(4)	Cl(1)-C(34)-Cl(3)	110.9(3)
C(13)-C(12)-C(11)	113.1(5)	Cl(6)-C(35)-Cl(4)	113.3(4)
C(12)-C(13)-C(14)	111.2(4)	Cl(6)-C(35)-Cl(5)	114.4(4)
C(15)-C(14)-C(13)	111.5(4)	Cl(4)-C(35)-Cl(5)	110.9(4)
C(14)-C(15)-C(10)	109.4(4)	C(1)-N(1)-C(3)	111.9(4)
C(17)-C(16)-C(3)	125.9(4)	C(1)-N(1)-C(10)	120.4(4)
C(16)-C(17)-C(25)	121.4(5)	C(3)-N(1)-C(10)	127.6(4)
C(16)-C(17)-C(18)	122.0(4)	C(2)-N(2)-C(4)	126.1(4)
C(25)-C(17)-C(18)	116.5(4)	C(2)-N(2)-C(3)	113.2(4)
C(23)-C(18)-C(19)	116.6(5)	C(4)-N(2)-C(3)	120.6(4)

Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

**STable 9.** Anisotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$ ) for **2d·2CHCl<sub>3</sub>**. The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form:  $-2\pi^2 [ h^2 a^{*2} U^{11} + \dots + 2 h k a^{*} b^{*} U^{12} ]$

	U <sup>11</sup>	U <sup>22</sup>	U <sup>33</sup>	U <sup>23</sup>	U <sup>13</sup>	U <sup>12</sup>
C(1)	21(3)	10(3)	28(3)	8(2)	4(3)	5(2)
C(2)	28(3)	11(3)	35(4)	5(3)	4(3)	1(2)
C(3)	21(3)	24(4)	24(3)	2(3)	2(3)	-6(3)

C(4)	19(3)	22(4)	33(3)	-2(3)	-1(3)	-6(2)
C(5)	27(3)	32(4)	33(4)	2(3)	5(3)	1(3)
C(6)	39(4)	30(4)	39(4)	-7(3)	-7(3)	-5(3)
C(7)	38(4)	50(5)	56(5)	-12(4)	-16(3)	-7(3)
C(8)	32(4)	46(5)	43(4)	0(3)	-9(3)	-1(3)
C(9)	24(3)	27(4)	38(4)	2(3)	1(3)	6(3)
C(10)	19(3)	22(4)	23(3)	-7(3)	3(3)	-1(2)
C(11)	35(3)	31(4)	25(3)	-2(3)	9(3)	5(3)
C(12)	48(4)	49(5)	29(4)	-10(3)	9(3)	13(3)
C(13)	36(4)	66(5)	41(4)	-17(4)	-4(3)	24(3)
C(14)	46(4)	21(4)	58(4)	-12(3)	-2(3)	-1(3)
C(15)	34(4)	25(4)	36(4)	-5(3)	7(3)	-4(3)
C(16)	7(3)	32(4)	23(3)	-4(3)	6(2)	-1(2)
C(17)	16(3)	14(3)	30(3)	1(3)	4(3)	-1(2)
C(18)	15(3)	20(3)	22(3)	4(2)	1(2)	-1(2)
C(19)	16(3)	20(3)	33(3)	6(3)	2(3)	-1(2)
C(20)	20(3)	17(3)	39(4)	2(3)	14(3)	1(2)
C(21)	11(3)	36(4)	30(4)	-9(3)	-2(3)	3(3)
C(22)	23(3)	20(3)	33(4)	2(3)	-2(3)	2(3)
C(23)	22(3)	23(4)	33(4)	1(3)	9(3)	0(3)
C(24)	29(4)	39(4)	51(4)	-4(3)	12(3)	10(3)
C(25)	17(3)	14(3)	32(3)	3(3)	4(3)	4(2)
C(26)	16(3)	23(3)	26(3)	8(3)	0(3)	7(2)
C(27)	18(3)	22(3)	24(3)	-3(3)	5(3)	-8(2)
C(28)	21(3)	29(4)	33(4)	2(3)	2(3)	7(3)
C(29)	34(4)	33(4)	34(4)	10(3)	8(3)	-7(3)
C(30)	18(3)	44(4)	20(3)	-2(3)	7(3)	-9(3)
C(31)	15(3)	40(4)	33(4)	4(3)	8(3)	-4(3)
C(32)	23(3)	31(4)	27(3)	2(3)	6(3)	0(3)
C(33)	47(4)	74(5)	43(4)	8(4)	13(3)	-6(4)
C(34)	56(4)	62(5)	27(4)	-1(3)	0(3)	-31(4)
C(35)	113(7)	72(6)	66(6)	3(5)	14(5)	-2(5)
Cl(1)	117(2)	64(2)	59(1)	1(1)	-22(1)	-10(1)
Cl(2)	205(3)	57(2)	74(2)	-2(1)	-45(2)	-33(2)
Cl(3)	77(2)	90(2)	171(2)	-9(2)	75(2)	-13(1)
Cl(4)	64(1)	82(2)	83(2)	30(1)	31(1)	19(1)
Cl(5)	119(2)	81(2)	85(2)	25(1)	-26(1)	1(1)
Cl(6)	271(4)	85(2)	114(2)	-16(2)	86(2)	29(2)
N(1)	9(2)	16(3)	28(3)	3(2)	6(2)	-1(2)
N(2)	14(2)	17(3)	21(3)	0(2)	2(2)	0(2)
O(1)	14(2)	28(2)	35(2)	4(2)	5(2)	1(2)
O(2)	28(2)	36(3)	24(2)	-5(2)	10(2)	4(2)
O(3)	24(2)	20(2)	37(2)	9(2)	12(2)	4(2)

3)  $^1\text{H}$  NMR and  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR Spectra of All New Compounds

