Chiral Derivatives of 1,2-Benzenedisulfonimide as efficient Brønsted acid catalysts in Strecker reaction.

Margherita Barbero, Silvano Cadamuro, Stefano Dughera,* Roberta Torregrossa Dipartimento di Chimica, Università di Torino, C.so Massimo d'Azeglio 48, 10125 Torino, Italy.

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1. Synthesis of 4-Iodonitroanilines 5

ICl 1M in MeCOOH (20 ml) was added to a MeCOOH (5 ml) solution of nitroaniline **4** (5 mmol). The mixture was stirred at 30 °C for 3 h until GC and GC-MS analyses showed the complete disappearance of the starting compound and the complete formation of iodinate product **5**. The reaction mixture was poured into a cold 10% aqueous NaHCO₃ solution (15 ml). A precipitate was formed and was gathered on a Buchner funnel and washed with further NaHCO₃ solution (15 ml) in order to remove completely MeCOOH. The resulting solid was the virtually pure **5**.

4-Iodo-6-methyl-2-nitroaniline (5a). Brown solid (1.39 g; 100% yield). Mp 140–141 °C (EtOH; lit 139–140 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 8.27$ (s, 1H), 7.46 (s, 1H), 6.12 (br s, 2H), 2.15 (s, 3H); ¹H NMR data identical to that reported in the literature.¹⁵ ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 144.1$, 143.1, 132.6, 131.7, 123.8, 75.7, 17.4. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 278 [M⁺] (100), 232 (35), 105 (35). IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3508, 3504 (NH₂), 1585, 1312 (NO₂).

W. Marterer, W. Prikoszovich, J. Wiss and M. Prashad, Org. Process Res. Dev., 2003, 7, 318.

4-Iodo-5,6-dimethyl-2-nitroaniline (5b). Brown solid (1.46 g; 100% yield). Mp 158–159 °C (from EtOH). Found: C 32.94; H 3.07; N 9.54. C₈H₉IN₂O₂ requires: C 32.90; H 3.11; N 9.59%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.44 (s, 1H), 6.16 (br s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.16 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 146.2, 143.2, 141.7, 133.5, 123.6, 85.6, 26.9, 15.2. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 292 [M⁺] (100), 246 (25), 119 (25). IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3510, 3500 (NH₂), 1535, 1350 (NO₂)

2. Synthesis of Diiodonitro derivatives (7)

First HBF₄·Et₂O (54 %; 6 mmol, 0.97 g) and then *i*-pentyl nitrite (6 mmol, 0.70 g) were added to a cooled (5 °C) suspension of iodonitroaniline **5** (5 mmol) in MeCOOH (20 ml). A clear solution was obtained; it was stirred for about 30 min at rt. Then, anhydrous Et₂O (50 ml) was added to this solution, previously cooled (5° C); a white precipitate was formed and it was gathered on a Buchner funnel. This solid was the corresponding diazonium tetrafluoroborate **6** and it was reacted immediately in the next step without further purification.

6 was added at rt to a stirred MeCN (20 mL) solution of tetra-*n*-butylammonium iodide (5.5 mmol, 2.03 g). Stirring was maintained for about 30 minutes until the complete disappearance of **6**. The reaction mixture was poured into Et_2O-H_2O (100 mL, 1:1). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with Et_2O (100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with H_2O (50 mL),

dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated under reduced pressure. The obtained solid was the virtually pure 7.

2,5-Diiodo-3-nitrotoluene (7a). Brown solid (1.78 g, 91% yield). Mp 93–94 °C (EtOH; lit 95 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.68 (s, 1H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 147.2, 141.7, 130.5, 118.9, 92.7, 92.5, 29.2. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 389 [M⁺] (100), 343 (15), 216 (35). IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 1542, 1358 (NO₂)

H. L. Wheeler, Am. Chem. J., 1911, 44, 493.

3,6-Diiodo-4-nitro-*o*-xylene (7b). Grey solid (1.90 g; 94% yield). Mp 117–118 °C (EtOH). Found: C 23.92; H 1.77; N 3.44. C₈H₇INO₂ requires: C 23.85; H 1.75; N 3.48%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.84 (s, 1H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 2.57 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 144.2, 143.3, 141.8, 132.1, 101.0, 93.6, 29.0, 28.1. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 403 [M⁺] (100), 357 (15), 230 (25), 103 (15). IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 1522, 1351 (NO₂)

3. Synthesis of 4-nitro-3,6-bis(o-tolyl)-o-xylene (15)

o-Tolylboronic acid (4.5 mmol, 0.61 g) and then K_3PO_4 (12 mmol, 2.54 g) were added to a stirring mixture of 3,6-diiodo-4-nitro-*o*-xylene (**7b**, 2 mmol, 0.81 g), tris(dibenzylideneacetone)dipalladium (Pd₂(dba)₃) as a catalyst (0.04 mmol; 37 mg and 2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2',6'-dimethoxybiphenyl (Sphos) as a ligand (0.32 mmol; 0.132 g) in anhydrous toluene (15 mL). The mixture was stirred at reflux until the disappearance of **7b** as monitored by TLC (PE/Et₂O 4:1). Then, the reaction mixture was poured into CH₂Cl₂-H₂O (100 ml, 1:1). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with H₂O (100 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude residue, purified in a chromatography column (PE/Et₂O 4:1), afforded pure **15**.

4-Nitro-3,6-bis(*o*-tolyl)-*o*-xylene (15). Mixture of diastereomers. Yellow solid (0.63 g, 95% yield). Mp 124–125 °C (EtOH). Found: C 79.72; H 6.45; N 4.20. $C_{22}H_{21}NO_2$ requires: C 79.73; H 6.39; N 4.23%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.26–6.97 (m, 8H), 2.08, 2.06, 2.05, 2.04, 1.95 (5s, 12H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 147.8, 141.8, 140.8, 140.2, 138.1, 136.9, 136.7, 136.1, 136.0, 134.1, 130.3, 130.2, 129.5, 129.4, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 126.2, 122.3, 20.2, 20.1, 18.0,17.6. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 331 [M⁺] (90), 314 (100), 301 (95), 284 (100), 269 (85), 253 (85), 239 (55). IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 1520, 1355 (NO₂).

We also performed the reaction using 1-naphthylboronic acid (4.5 mmol, 0.77 g). It was not possible to isolate 4-nitro-3,6-bis(1-naphthyl)-*o*-xylene in acceptable purity.

4. Synthesis of diiodoanilines 8

Fe powder (15 mmol, 0.84 g) and CaCl₂ (5 mmol, 0.55 g; dissolved in 2 ml of H₂O) were added to a stirred EtOH solution (15 mL) of nitroderivative 7 (5 mmol). Stirring was maintained for about 6 hours until its complete disappearance. The crude residue was filtered on a Buchner funnel in order to remove the excess Fe and EtOH was evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was poured into Et_2O/H_2O (100 mL, 1:1). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with Et_2O (100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with H_2O (100 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated under reduced pressure. The obtained solid was the virtually pure **8**.

2,5-Diiodo-3-methylaniline (8a). Brown solid (1.65 g, 92% yield). Mp 84–85 °C (EtOH; lit 82 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 6.91 (s, 1H), 6.84 (s, 1H), 6.13 (br s, 2H), 2.15 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 148.7, 144.4, 128.0, 120.3, 94.1, 90.9, 24.4. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 359 [M⁺] (100), 232 (15), 105 (20). IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3410, 3406 (NH₂). W. Marterer, W. Prikoszovich, J. Wiss and M. Prashad, *Org. Process Res. Dev.*, 2003, 7, 318.

2,5-Diiodo-3,4-dimethylaniline (8b). Pale red waxy solid (1.55 g; 83% yield). Found: C 25.81; H 2.44; N 3.67. C₈H₉I₂N requires: C 25.76; H 2.43; N 3.76%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl3): δ = 7.11 (s, 1H), 4.00 (br s, 2H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 151.8, 146.1, 141.8, 122.4, 102.7, 93.9, 28.5, 26.7. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 373 [M⁺] (100), 357 (15), 246 (25), 118 (15). IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3418, 3412 (NH₂).

5. Synthesis of 2,5-bis(o-tolyl)-3,4-dimethylaniline (16)

The same protocol as the synthesis of diiodoanilines **8** was used, starting from 4-nitro-3,6-bis(2-tolyl)benzene (**15**; 5 mmol, 1.65 g). The only difference was the use of Zn (15 mmol, 0.98 g) instead of Fe.

2,5-Bis(*o***-tolyl)-3,4-dimethylaniline (16)**. Mixture of diastereomers. Pale brown solid (1.35 g; 90% yield). Mp 158–159 °C (EtOH). Found: C 87.68; H 7.62; N 4.70. C₂₂H₂₃N requires: C 87.66; H

7.69; N 4.65%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 7.32-7.07$ (m, 9H), 6.51 (br s, 2H), 2.07, 2.05, 2.03, 2.03, 1.86, 1.84 (6s, 12H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 143.0$, 142.9, 141.5, 141.4, 140.9, 140.7, 138.6, 138.5, 137.5, 137.4, 136.3, 136.2, 135.4, 135.2, 130.6, 130.4, 130.3, 129.8, 129.7, 129.6, 127.7, 127.0, 126.7, 125.6, 124.6, 114.0, 20.2, 20.0, 19.8, 19.6, 17.5, 16.4. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 301 [M⁺] (100), 286 (15), 271(15). IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3416, 3410 (NH₂).

6. Synthesis of diiodoisatins 10

10 were prepared, starting from diiodoanilines (**8**, 5 mmol), as described in the literature (V. Lisowski, M. Robba and S. Rault, *J. Org. Chem.*, 2000, **65**, 4193.) The intermediates *N*-(2,5-diiodo-3-methylphenyl)hydroxyiminoacetamide (**9a**), MS (EI) m/z: (%) 385 [M⁺ - CH₂=NOH] (40), 359 (100), 232 (15), 105 (15) and *N*-(2,5-diiodo-3,4-dimethylphenyl)hydroxyiminoacetamide (**9b**), MS (EI) m/z: (%) 399 [M⁺ -CH₂=NOH] (35), 373 (100), 246 (15) were converted into **10** upon heating to 35 °C in H₂SO₄ (15 ml) and were used without further purification. At higher temperatures the decomposition of these intermediates was observed.

4,7-Diiodo-5-methylisatin (10a). Red solid (1.60 g, 77% yield). Mp 159 °C (EtOH). Found: C 26.13; H 1.21; N 3.33. C₉H₅I₂NO₂ requires: C 26.18; H 1.22; N 3.39%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.65 (br s, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ = 183.2, 160.6, 156.1, 153.3, 134.6, 119.6, 93.2, 85.9, 28.5. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 413 [M⁺] (65), 385(100), 258 (25), 230 (20). IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3298 (NH), 1731 (CO), 1578 (CONH).

4,7-Diiodo-5,6-dimethylisatin (10b). Red solid (0.55 g, 26% yield). Mp 233 °C (EtOH). Found: C 28.18; H 1.61; N 3.31. $C_{10}H_7I_2NO_2$ requires: C 28.13; H 1.65; N 3.28%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.62 (br s, 1H), 2.58 (s, 3H), 2.52 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, DMSO-d6): δ = 183.5, 159.9, 154.5, 149.7, 135.3, 119.7, 101.2, 87.8, 28.7, 25.2. IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3305 (NH), 1729 (CO), 1576 (CONH).

7. Synthesis of 5,6-dimethyl-4,7-bis(o-tolyl)isatin (11b)

11b was prepared from 2,5-bis(*o*-tolyl)-3,4-dimethylaniline (**16**; 1.51 g, 5 mmol), as described in the literature (V. Lisowski, M. Robba and S. Rault, *J. Org. Chem.*, 2000, **65**, 4193). The intermediate *N*-[2,5-bis(*o*-tolyl)-3,4-dimethylphenyl]hydroxyiminoacetamide (**17**), MS (EI) m/z: (%) 327 [M⁺- CH₂=NOH] (100), 312 (20), 298 (15), 284 (25) was converted into the title

compound upon heating to 50 °C in MeSO₃H (15 ml) and used without further purification. It was impossible to obtain **11b** using H_2SO_4 .

5,6-Dimethyl-4,7-bis(*o*-tolyl)isatin (11b). Mixture of diastereomers. Orange solid (1.58 g; 89% yield). Mp 126–127 °C (EtOH). Found: C 81.03; H 6.00; N 3.93. C₂₄H₂₁NO₂ requires: C 81.10; H 5.96; N 3.94%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.34–6.96 (m, 9H), 2.11, 2.09, 2.03, 2.00, 1.99, 1.88 (6s, 12H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 181.8, 159.3, 147.4, 145.4, 140.6, 137.0, 136.9, 136.4, 135.6, 135.5, 133.8, 131.5, 131.1, 130.2, 129.9, 129.8, 129.2, 128.4, 128.3, 127.0, 126.1, 125.0, 113.9, 19.8, 19.7, 18.8, 16.1. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 355 [M⁺] (55), 340 (15), 327 (15), 312 (100), 297 (25). IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3312 (NH), 1729 (CO), 1585 (CONH).

8. Synthesis of diarylisatins 11

o-Tolylboronic acid (4.5 mmol, 0.61 g) or 1-naphthylboronic acid (4.5 mmol, 0.77 g) and then CsF (5 mmol, 0.76 g), dissolved in H₂O (8 mL), were added to a stirring mixture of diiodoisatine (**10**, 2 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (0.4 mmol; 48 mg) and 2-dicyclohexylphosphino-2',6'-dimethoxybiphenyl (Sphos) as a ligand (0.4 mmol; 0.16 g) in DME (10 mL). The mixture was stirred at reflux until the disappearance of **10**, as monitored by TLC (CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc, 9.8:0.2).The reaction mixture was then poured into CH₂Cl₂-H₂O (100 ml, 1:1). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with H₂O (100 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude residue, purified in a chromatography column (CH₂Cl₂/EtOAc, 98:2), afforded pure **11**.

5-Methyl-4,7-bis(*o*-tolyl)isatin (11a). Red solid (0.58 g, 85% yield). Mp 79–80 °C (EtOH). Found: C 80.99; H 5.55; N 4.13. C₂₃H₁₉NO₂ requires: C 80.92; H 5.61; N 4.10%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.34–7.10 (m, 8H), 7.02 (br s, 1H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 181.6, 159.2, 148.3, 147.4, 141.5, 136.9, 136.7, 136.1, 133.0, 131.2, 130.3, 129.7, 129.1, 128.7, 127.5, 127.1, 125.8, 124.4, 114.0, 21.0, 19.9, 19.7. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 341 [M⁺] (85), 326(35), 313 (25), 298 (100), 283 (25), 270 (15), 254 (40). IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3313 (NH), 1727 (CO), 1574 (CONH).

5,6-Dimethyl-4,7-bis(o-tolyl)isatin (11b). Orange solid (0.20 g, 28%).

11b was also prepared as reported above for the synthesis of 15. We obtained 0.62 g (87% yield).

5,6-Dimethyl-4,7-bis(1-naphthyl)isatin (11c). Mixture of diastereomers.Red waxy solid (0.25 g; 29% yield). Found: C 84.24; H 4.94; N 3.31. C₃₀H₂₁NO₂ requires: C 84.29; H 4.95; N 3.28%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.98–7.90 (m, 4H), 7.62–7.28 (m, 10H), 6.87 (br s, 1H), 2.05 (s, 3H), 1.89 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 181.8, 159.1, 148.2, 146.6, 137.8, 137.6, 134.6, 134.2, 133.9, 133.8, 133.6, 132.5, 132.0, 131.8, 131.7, 129.5, 129.1, 128.7, 128.4, 128.1, 127.5, 127.1, 126.9, 126.7, 126.6, 126.1, 125.7, 125.4, 125.2, 125.1, 125.0, 124.1, 114.8, 19.2, 16.5. MS (ESI +) *m/z*: 428.26 (M + H)⁺. IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3308 (NH), 1726 (CO), 1582(CONH). **11c** was also prepared as reported above for the synthesis of **15**. We obtained 0.77 g (89% yield).

9. Synthesis of 2-aminobenzoic acids 12

A 30% hydrogen peroxide aqueous solution (10 mL) and 5% aqueous NaOH solution (10 mL) were slowly added to a stirred solution of isatin (11; 2 mmol) in 1,4-dioxane (5 mL) at 50 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 30 min and then was taken to rt, while stirring for other 30 min. The reaction mixture was filtered, and the resulting solution was acidified with 1M HCl until pH 3-4; the resulting solid, the virtually pure 12, was collected by filtration on a Buchner funnel.

2-Amino-4-methyl-3,6-bis(*o*-tolyl)benzoic acid (12a). Mixture (1:1) of two diastereomers. The diastereomer ratio was determined by ¹H NMR analysis. In particular, the ratio was deduced by comparing the integration area of the signal centred at 2.13 ppm (pertinent to one of the Me bonded to aromatic rings) of one diastereomer, with the signal centred at 2.11 ppm of the other diastereomer. Pale yellow solid. (0.59 g, 89% yield). Mp 201–202 °C (EtOH). Found: C 79.68; H 6.35; N 4.33. C₂₂H₂₁NO₂ requires: C 79.73; H 6.39; N 4.23%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.28–7.09 (m, 8H), 6.35 (s, 1H), 2.13, 2.11, 2.05, 1.84 (4s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 173.4, 148.3, 143.7, 143.4, 141.3, 137.6, 137.4, 136.5, 135.5, 135.4, 130.9, 130.3, 130.2, 129.6, 128.5, 128.3, 127.1, 126.9, 126.7, 125.2, 121.7, 20.7, 20.3, 20.2, 19.4, 19.3. MS (ESI +) *m/z*: 332.29 (M + H)⁺. IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3408, 3403 (NH₂), 2911 (OH), 1702 (CO).

2-Amino-4,5-dimethyl-3,6-bis(*o*-tolyl)benzoic acid (12b). Mixture of diastereomers. Pale yellow solid (0.59 g; 86% yield). Mp 168–171 °C (EtOH). Found: C 79.98; H 6.65; N 4.03. C₂₃H₂₃NO₂ requires: C 79.97; H 6.71; N 4.05%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.28–6.95 (m, 8H), 2.03, 2.02, 1.83, 1.71 (4s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 172.9, 144.7, 141.9, 140.5, 137.6, 136.5, 136.4, 131.2, 130.8, 130.4, 130.3, 129.6, 128.7, 128.6, 128.2, 127.5, 127.1, 125.7, 124.2, 120.8,

20.0, 19.9, 19.6, 19.4, 18.3, 16.5. MS (ESI +) *m/z*: 346.26 (M + H)⁺. IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3403, 3401 (NH₂), 2915 (OH), 1704 (CO).

2-Amino-4,5-dimethyl-3,6-bis(1-naphthyl)benzoic acid (12c). Mixture of diastereomers. Pale yellow waxy solid (0.74 g; 89% yield). Found: C 83.51; H 5.50; N 3.33. C₂₉H₂₃NO₂ requires: C 83.43; H 5.55; N 3.35%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.91–7.71 (m, 5H), 7.59–7.32 (m, 9H), 1.80 (s, 3H), 1.66 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 173.4, 145.4, 145.3, 141.3, 140.7, 140.4, 136.0, 134.4, 133.5, 132.8, 132.2, 128.7, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 127.2, 126.9, 126.8, 126.6, 126.4, 126.3, 126.1, 125.7, 125.6, 125.5, 125.4, 18.7, 17.1. MS (ESI +) *m/z*: 418.46 (M + H)⁺. IR (neat) v (cm⁻¹): 3407, 3404 (NH₂), 2911 (OH), 1702 (CO).

10. Synthesis of 1,3-benzodithioles 13

3-Methylbutyl nitrite (4.8 mmol, 0.56 g), 3-methylbutan-1-ol (4 mmol, 0.35 g) and CS₂ (33.2 mmol, 2.52 g) were dissolved in 1,2-dichloroethane (40 mL) and heated to reflux at 82 °C. 2-Aminobenzoic acid (**12**; 2 mmol) dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (12 mL) was added dropwise to the previously prepared mixture. The resulting mixture was stirred first at reflux for 45 min and then at rt for 1 h. The reaction mixture was poured into Et_2O/H_2O (100 mL, 1:1). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with Et_2O (100 mL). The combined organic extracts were washed with H_2O (100 mL) and a saturated solution of Na_2CO_3 (50 mL), dried over Na_2SO_4 and evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude residue, purified by column chromatography (PE/Et₂O 95:5), afforded pure **13**.

5-Methyl-2-(3-methylbutoxy)-4,7-bis(*o*-tolyl)-1,3-benzodithiole (13a). Mixture of two diastereomers. The diastereomer ratio was determined by ¹H NMR analysis. In particular, the ratio was deduced by comparing the integration area of the signal centred at 6.55 ppm (pertinent to the H of the C bound to two S) of one diastereomer, with the signal centred at 6.53 ppm of the other diastereomer. Viscous pale yellow oil (0.75 g, 86% yield). Found: C 74.57; H 6.95; S 14.83. C₂₇H₃₀OS₂ requires: C 74.61; H 6.96; S 14.75%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.29–7.13 (m, 8H), 6.84 (s, 1H), 6.55 and 6.53 (2s, 1H), 3.37 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.24–1.94 (m, 9H), 1.67–1.37 (m, 1H), 1.33–1.27 (m, 2H), 0.79–0.74 (m, 6H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 141.8, 141.1, 140.3, 136.2, 135.7, 135.6, 134.9, 134.8, 134.3, 133.6, 133.5, 130.5, 130.4, 129.3, 129.1, 129.0, 128.9, 128.6, 128.3, 128.2, 126.5. 126.0, 88.6, 88.5, 48.8, 38.8, 37.9, 25.3, 25.1, 24.9, 22.6, 20.2, 20.0, 19.5. MS (ESI +) *m/z*: 435.29 (M + H)⁺.

5,6-Dimethyl-2-(3-methylbutoxy)-4,7-bis(*o*-tolyl)-1,3-benzodithiole (13b). Complex mixture of diastereomers. Viscous pale yellow oil (0.78 g; 87% yield). Found: C 74.99; H 7.13; S 14.32. C₂₈H₃₂OS₂ requires: C 74.95; H 7.19; S 14.29%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.29–7.22 and 7.08–7.04 (2m, 8H), 6.48 and 6.47 (2s, 1H), 3.40–3.32 (m, 2H), 2.12, 2.10, 2.04, 2.02, 1.89 (5s, 12H), 1.58–1.41 (m, 1H), 1.38–1.29 (m, 2H), 0.77–0.73 (m, 6H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 141.4, 136.3, 136.2, 135.9, 135.7, 134.5, 134.4, 134.1, 134.0, 132.6, 132.5, 130.5, 130.3, 130.1, 129.5, 129.2, 129.1, 128.9, 128.2, 127.4, 128.2, 126.6. 126.2, 125.8, 88.3, 88.2, 88.0, 41.6, 39.1, 38.1, 37.7, 25.5, 25.3, 25.2, 24.9, 22.9, 22.8, 20.1, 19.9, 19.7, 19.5, 17.1. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 377 [M⁺-71 (C₅H₁₁)] (100). MS (ESI +) *m/z*: 449.51 (M + H)⁺.

5,6-Dimethyl-2-(3-methylbutoxy)-4,7-bis(1-naphthyl)-1,3-benzodithiole (13c). Complex mixture of diastereomers. Viscous pale yellow oil (0.90 g; 87% yield) Found: C 78.45; H 6.09; S 12.35. C₃₄H₃₂OS₂ requires: C 78.42; H 6.19; S 12.31%. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.92–7.90 (m, 4H), 7.56–7.38 (2m, 10H), 6.45, 6.41 and 6.37 (3s, 1H) 3.51–3.25 (m, 2H), 1.94 (s, 3H), 1.93 (s, 3H), 1.56–1.14 (m, 3H), 0.89–0.71 (m, 6H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 139.4, 139.2, 135.1, 135.0, 134.9, 133.9, 133.8, 133.6, 133.5, 133.2, 131.3, 130.9, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 128.1, 126.8, 126.7, 126.4, 126.1, 125.7, 125.6, 125.4, 125.3, 125.1, 88.3, 87.8, 87.4, 37.7, 37.5, 28.5, 24.9, 22.5, 17.2. MS (ESI +) *m/z*: 521.31 (M + H)⁺.

11. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra of unknown products.

11.1 4,7-Diiodo-5-methylsatin (10a)





Expansion between 149-124 ppm





11.3 2-Amino-4-methyl-3,6-bis(o-toliyl)benzoic acid (12a)













Expansion between 148-124 ppm





11.6 (-) 4-Methyl-3,6-bis(*o*-tolyl)-1,2-benzenedisulfonyl chloride (14a)



11.7 4-Methyl- 3,6-bis(o-tolyl)-1,2-benzenedisulfonimide (3a); racemic mixture





11.8 (-) 4-Methyl- 3,6-bis(o-tolyl)-1,2-benzenedisulfonimide (3a)



11.10 3,6-Diiodo-4-nitro-o-xylene (7b)





Expansion between 148-120 ppm



^{21.4 21.2 21.0 20.8 20.4 20.2 20.0 19.8 19.6 19.4 19.2 19.0 18.8 18.6 18.4 18.2 18.0 17.8 17.6 17.4 17.2 17.0 16.8 16.4 16.2 16.0 15.8} ft (ppn)





11.13 2,5-Bis(o-tolyl)-3,4-dimethylaniline (16)



11.14 4,7-Diiodo-5,6-dimethylsatin (10b)













11.17 5,6-Dimethyl-2-(3-methylbutoxy)- 4,7-bis(o-tolyl)-1,3-benzodithiole (13b)



93.5 93.0 92.5 90.5 90.0 87.0 92.0 91.5 91.0 89.5 88.5 88.0 87.5 86.5 86.0 85.5 89.0 f1 (ppm)

85.0
Expansion between 43-14 ppm





20

15

11.18 4,5-Dimethyl-3,6-bis(*o*-tolyl)-1,2-benzenedisulfonyl chloride (mixture of meso form and couple of atropisomers; 14b)

150 145 140 135 130 125 120 115 110

105

100 95 90

85 80 f1 (ppm) 75

70 65 60

50

45

55

40 35 30 25





11.19 meso 4,5-Dimethyl-3,6-bis(o-tolyl)-1,2-benzenedisulfonyl chloride (14b)





11.20 (-) 4,5-Dimethyl- 3,6-(bis-2-tolyl)-1,2-benzenedisulfonyl chloride (14b)

Expansion between 147-124 ppm



11.21 4,5-Dimethyl- 3,6-bis(*o*-tolyl)-1,2-benzenedisulfonimide (mixture of meso form and couple of atropisomers (3b)



Expansion between 147-125 ppm





11.22 (-) 4,5-Dimethyl- 3,6-bis(o-tolyl)-1,2-benzenedisulfonimide (3b)





11.23 5,6-Dimethyl-4,7-bis(1-naphthyl)isatine (11c)

Expansion between 139-124 ppm





Expansion between 136-124 ppm



136.5 136.0 135.5 135.0 134.0 133.5 133.0 132.5 132.0 131.5 131.0 130.5 130.0 129.5 129.0 129.5 129.0 127.5 127.0 126.5 126.0 125.5 125.0 124.5 124.0 f1 (ppm)



11.25 5,6-Dimethyl-2-(3-methylbutoxy)- 4,7-bis(1-naphthyl)-1,3-benzodithiole (13c)

Expansion between 139-124 ppm





11.26 4,5-Dimethyl-3,6-bis(1-naphthyl)-1,2-benzenedisulfonyl chloride (mixture of meso form and couple of atropisomers; 14c)

Expansion between 138-124 ppm



55



Expansion between 138-123 ppm





11.28 (-) 4,5-Dimethyl-3,6-bis(1-naphthyl)-1,2-benzenedisulfonyl chloride (14c)

Expansion between 138-123 ppm





11.29 4,5-Dimethyl- 3,6-bis(1-naphthyl)-1,2-benzenedisulfonimide (mixture of meso form and couple of atropisomers; 3c)

Expansion between 137-126 ppm







12. HPLC spectra of sulfonyl chlorides 14.

12.1 Atropisomers of 14a

SAMPLE	INFORMATION
Sample name: Atropisomeri solfocloruro monometile	Acquired by: Breeze
Sample type: Unknown	Date acquired: 5/11/2012 15:12:33 AM CEST
Vial: 1	Acq.Method: solfocloruro
Injection: #	Processed by: Breeze
Injection volume: 6.00 ul	Date processed: 5/11/2012 16:11:36 AM CEST
Run time: 25 minutes	Channel name: 2998 Ch1 254nm@1.2nm
Sampling rate: 10.00 per sec	Channel desc: 2998 Ch1 254nm@1.2nm



	RT(min)	Peak	Area		Height	Integration	Points	Start	End
		Туре	(μV*sec)	%	(μV)	Туре	Across	Time	Time
				Area			Peaks	(min)	(min)
1	7.904	Atrop 1	18315282	44.01	87770	BB	1670	7.428	9.477
2	11.967	Atrop 2	23301643	55.99	43695	BB	3141	11.588	13.962

12.2 Atropisomer (-)14a

SAMPLE	INFORMATION
Sample name: Enantiomeri solfocloruro monometile	Acquired by: Breeze
Sample type: Unknown	Date acquired: 3/11/2014 08:32:15 AM CEST
Vial: 1	Acq.Method: solfocloruro
Injection: #	Processed by: Breeze
Injection volume: 6.00 ul	Date processed: 3/11/2014 09:10:37 AM CEST
Run time: 25 minutes	Channel name: 2998 Ch1 254nm@1.2nm
Sampling rate: 10.00 per sec	Channel desc: 2998 Ch1 254nm@1.2nm



	RT(min)	Peak Type	Area (μV*sec)	Area %	Height (µV)	Integration Type	Points Across Peaks	Start Time (min)	End Time (min)
1	7.698	(-)14a	337038	100.0	29981	BB	342	7.425	7.995

12.3 Mixture of meso isomer and couple of atropisomers of 14b

	SAMPLE	INFORMATION
Sample name: Atropisomeri solfocloruro		Acquired by: Breeze
Sample type: Unknown		Date acquired: 8/12/2013 10:00:12 AM CEST
Vial: 1		Acq.Method: solfocloruro
Injection: #		Processed by: Breeze
Injection volume: 6.00 ul		Date processed: 8/12/2013 11:15:37 AM CEST
Run time: 25 minutes		Channel name: 2998 Ch1 254nm@1.2nm
Sampling rate: 10.00 per sec		Channel desc: 2998 Ch1 254nm@1.2nm



	RT(min)	Peak	Area		Height	Integration	Points	Start	End
		Туре	(µV*sec)	%	(μV)	Туре	Across	Time	Time
				Area			Peaks	(min)	(min)
1	5.127	Forma	11174	50.34	1659	BB	240	4.952	5.352
		meso							
2	6.571	Atrop	11020	49.66	1187	BB	259	6.387	6.818

12.4 Atropisomers of 14b

SAMPLE	INFORMATION
Sample name: Atropisomeri solfocloruro	Acquired by: Breeze
Sample type: Unknown	Date acquired: 8/14/2013 09:08:29 AM CEST
Vial: 1	Acq.Method: solfocloruro
Injection: #	Processed by: Breeze
Injection volume: 6.00 ul	Date processed: 8/14/2013 10:02:37 AM CEST
Run time: 25 minutes	Channel name: 2998 Ch1 254nm@1.2nm
Sampling rate: 4.00 per sec	Channel desc: 2998 Ch1 254nm@1.2nm



	RT(min)	Peak	Area		Height	Integration	Points	Start	End
		Туре	(µV*sec)	%	(μV)	Туре	Across	Time	Time
				Area			Peaks	(min)	(min)
1	10.448	Atrop 1	7277304	52.72	87770	BB	1670	9.568	12.382
2	14.427	Atrop 2	6527146	47.28	43695	BB	3141	13.665	18.890

12.5 Atropisomer (-)14b



	RT(min)	Peak Type	Area (µV*sec)	% Area	Height (µV)	Integration Type	Points Across Peaks	Start Time (min)	End Time (min)
1	10.389	(-)14b	15651	100.0	856	BB	495	10.100	10.925

12.6 Mixture of meso isomer and couple of atropisomers of 14c



	RT(min)	Peak	Area		Height	Integration	Points	Start	End
		Туре	(µV*sec)	%	(µV)	Туре	Across	Time	Time
				Area			Peaks	(min)	(min)
1	12.112	Forma	133710	49.01	7687	BB	393	11.883	12.538
		meso							
2	17.230	RS + SR	139105	50.99	3837	BB	869	16.587	18.035

12.7 Atropisomers of 14c

SAMPLE	INFORMATION
Sample name: Atropisomeri solfocloruro naftile	Acquired by: Breeze
Sample type: Unknown	Date acquired: 12/18/2013 14:16:44 AM CEST
Vial: 1	Acq.Method: solfocloruro naftile
Injection: #	Processed by: Breeze
Injection volume: 6.00 ul	Date processed: 12/18/2013 16:22:00 AM CEST
Run time: 25 minutes	Channel name: 2998 Ch1 254nm@1.2nm
Sampling rate: 6.00 per sec	Channel desc: 2998 Ch1 254nm@1.2nm



	RT(min)	Peak Type	Area (µV*sec)	% Area	Height (µV)	Integration Type	Points Across Peaks	Start Time (min)	End Time (min)
1	9.336	atrop	8089847	49.42	1178	BB	1536	8.783	11.343
2	14.277	atrop	8279335	50.58	9704	BB	2102	13.903	17.407

12. 8 Atropisomer (-)14c

SAMPLE	INFORMATION
Sample name: Enantiomeri solfocloruro naftile	Acquired by: Breeze
Sample type: Unknown	Date acquired: 03/07/2014 15:36:40 AM CEST
Vial: 1	Acq.Method: solfocloruro naftile
Injection: #	Processed by: Breeze
Injection volume: 6.00 ul	Date processed: 03/07/2014 16:44:55 AM CEST
Run time: 25 minutes	Channel name: 2998 Ch1 254nm@1.2nm
Sampling rate: 6.00 per sec	Channel desc: 2998 Ch1 254nm@1.2nm



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13. Spectral and physical data of nitriles 21.

13.1 2-Phenyl-2-phenylaminopropanenitrile (**21a**). White solid; mp 140–141 °C (EtOH; lit.¹⁵ 139–140 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.88$ (s, 3H), 4.28 (br s, 1 H), 6.51 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.72 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.03–7.11 (m, 2H), 7.33–7.36 (m, 3H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta \Box = 33.5$, 57.3, 115.9, 120.1, 121.0, 125.1, 128.8, 129.2, 129.4, 140.1, 143.7. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 222 [M⁺](10), 195 (50), 180 (100), 77 (45). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3419 (NH), 2254 (CN).

13.2 2-(4-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (**21b**). Pale brown solid; mp 102–103 °C (EtOH; lit.¹⁶ 101–102 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.94 (s, 3H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 6.46–6.51 (m, 2H), 6.62–6.67 (m, 2H), 7.31–7.36 (m, 3H), 7.56 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 33.1, 55.7, 58.4, 114.6, 118.5, 121.3, 125.3, 128.8, 129.4, 137.5, 140.4, 154.2. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 225 [M⁺-HCN](65), 210 (100). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3425 (NH), 2251 (CN).

13.3 2-(4-Nitrophenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (**21c**). Yellow solid; mp 134–135 °C (EtOH; lit.^{10b} 134–135 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.95 (s, 3H), 5.21 (br s, 1H), 6.50 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33–7.52 (m, 5H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 33.1, 56.7, 115.8, 120.0, 120.7, 124.8, 126.4, 129.3, 142.9, 147.3, 148.3. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 240 [M⁺ - HCN](72), 225 (100), 179 (60). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3429 (NH), 2248 (CN).

13.4 2-(4-Bromophenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (**21d**). Brown solid; 1.10 g (yield 73 %); mp 122–123 °C (EtOH; lit.^{10b} 122–123 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.86$ (s, 3H), 4.49 (br s 1H), 6.36 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.31–7.40 (m, 3H), 7.51–7.55 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR δ (50 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta \Box = 33.4$, 57.3, 112.2, 117.5, 120.7, 125.0, 129.0, 129.6, 132.0, 139.4, 142.8. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 273 [M⁺+2 –HCN](65), 273 [M⁺ -HCN](65), 260 (100), 258 (100). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3433 (NH), 2254 (CN).

13.5 2-(4-Fluorophenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21e). Pale grey solid; 1.10 g (yield 92%); mp 125–126 °C (EtOH; lit.^{10b} 125–126 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.86 (s, 3H), 6.41–6.48 (m, 2H), 6.72–6.81 (m, 2H), 7.30–7.40 (m, 3H), 7.54–7.58 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 33.3, 57.9, 115.6, 116.0, 117.6 (d, J_2 = 7.6 Hz), 120.8, 125.1, 128.9, 129.5, 139.8, 157.5 (d, J_1 = 236.5 Hz). MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 213 [M⁺-HCN](65), 198 (100). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3431 (NH), 2256 (CN).
13.6 2-(2-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (**21f**). Pale brown solid; mp 80–81 °C (EtOH; lit.^{10b} 80-81 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.93 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 4.90 (br s, 1H), 6.19–6.23 (m, 1H), 6.56–6.79 (m, 3H), 7.29–7.38 (m, 3H), 7.55–7.60 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 33.6, 55.7, 57.1, 109.8, 114.3, 119.4, 120.9, 125.1, 128.7, 129.4, 133.5, 140.4, 147.5. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 225 [M⁺-HCN](45), 210 (100). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3430 (NH), 2258 (CN).

13.7 2-(3-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (**21g**). Pale brown solid; 1.06 g (yield 84 %); mp 105 °C (EtOH; lit.¹⁶ 102–105 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.86$ (s, 3H), 3.58 (s, 3H), 6.08–6.11 (m, 2H), 6.30–6.35 (m, 1H), 6.97 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.28–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.57–7.61 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta \Box = 33.4$, 55.2, 57.4, 102.0, 105.5, 108.7, 121.0, 125.0, 128.8, 129.5, 130.0, 140.3, 145.3, 160.5. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 225 [M⁺ -HCN](60), 210 (100). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3440 (NH), 2251 (CN).

13.8 2-Phenylamino-2-(4-tolyl)propanenitrile (21h): pale grey solid; 1.04 g (yield 88 %); mp 129–130 °C (EtOH; lit.¹⁷ 126–128 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta = 1.87$ (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 4.29 (br s, 1 H), 6.53 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.72 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.04–7.18 (m, 4H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): $\delta \Box = 21.3$, 33.6, 57.1, 115.9, 120.0, 125.0, 128.7, 129.2, 130.1, 137.2, 138.6, 143.9. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 209 [M⁺-HCN](85), 194 (100), 77 (35). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3428 (NH), 2242 (CN).

13.9 2-(4-Nitrophenylamino)-2-(4-tolyl)propanenitrile (21i). Yellow solid; 1.15 g (yield 82 %); mp 102–103 °C (EtOH; lit.^{10b} 102–103 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.93 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 3.93 (br s, 1H), 6.50 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.95 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 21.2, 33.2, 56.7, 113.6, 114.5, 124.7, 125.8, 126.6, 130.4, 135.7, 139.3, 149.4. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 254 [M⁺-HCN](75), 239 (100), 193 (50). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3421 (NH), 2255 (CN).

13.10 2-(4-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-(4-tolyl)propanenitrile (21j). Pale grey solid; 1.13 g (yield 85%); mp 88–89 °C (EtOH; lit.^{10b} 88–89 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.83 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 4.05 (br s, 1H), 6.50 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 21.3, 33.4, 55.7, 58.1, 114.6, 115.0, 118.4, 125.2, 128.7, 129.5, 130.0, 138.6, 154.1. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 239 [M⁺-HCN](70), 225 (100). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3438 (NH), 2241 (CN).

13.11 2-(4-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)propanenitrile (21k). Pale yellow solid; 1.25 g (yield 84 %); mp 109–111 °C (EtOH; lit.¹⁶ 107 –109 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 1.86 (s, 3H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 4.24 (br s, 1H), 6.43 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.19 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 32.8, 55.7, 57.9, 114.8, 118.3, 120.3, 124.7, 126.6, 136.7, 147.6, 148.2 154.5. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 270 [M⁺-HCN](100), 255 (100), 209 (40). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3424 (NH), 2251 (CN).

13.12 2-Phenyl-2-phenylaminoacetonitrile (21m). White solid; mp 79 °C (EtOH; lit.¹⁸ 76–78 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 4.09 (br s, 1H), 5.37 (s, 1H), 6.72–6.75 (m, 2H), 6.88 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.21–7.29 (m, 2H), 7.34–7.41 (m, 3H), 7.54–7.56 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 50.3, 114.4, 118.6, 120.4, 127.5, 129.6, 129.7, 129.8, 134.2, 145.0. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 208 [M⁺] (15), 181 (90), 180 (100), 116 (15), 77 (20). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3415 (NH), 2240 (CN).

13.13 2-(4-Nitrophenyl)-2-phenylaminoacetonitrile (21n). Pale brown waxy solid. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 4.18 (br s, 1H), 5.53 (s, 1H), 6.71 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.85–6.92 (m, 1H), 7.20–7.26 (m, 2H), 7.77 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.25 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 49.9, 114.7, 117.6, 127.3, 128.4, 129.6, 129.8, 130.7, 141.1, 144.3. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 253 [M⁺] (10), 226 (90), 225 (100), 77(20). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3419 (NH), 2238 (CN).

13.14 2-Phenylamino-2-(4-tolyl)acetonitrile (210). White solid; mp 77–78 °C ((EtOH; lit.²⁰ 76–78 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 2.36 (s, 3H), 4.09 (br s, 1H), 5.33 (s, 1H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.20–7.28 (m, 4H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 21.1, 50.1, 114.4, 118.7, 120.4, 127.4, 129.4, 130.2, 131.2, 139.8, 145.0. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 222 [M⁺] (10), 195 (85), 194 (100), 77 (20). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3416 (NH), 2231 (CN).

13.15 2-Phenylamino-2-(2-thienyl)acetonitrile (21p). Pale yellow solid; mp 101–102 °C (EtOH; lit.²¹ 100–102 °C). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 4.08 (br s, 1H), 5.59 (s, 1H), 6.73–6.77 (m, 2H), 6.84–6.92 (m, 1H), 6.97–7.02 (m, 1H), 7.20–7.34 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (50 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 46.4, 114.9, 117.7, 121.0, 127.3, 127.4, 127.5, 129.8, 136.9, 144.2. MS (EI) *m/z*: (%) 214 [M⁺] (5), 187 (90), 186 (100), 77 (10). IR (CHCl₃) v (cm⁻¹): 3411 (NH), 2232 (CN).

14. ¹H and ¹³CNMR spectra of nitriles 21





14.2 2-(4-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21b).



14.3 2-(4-Nitrophenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21c).





14.4 2-(4-Bromophenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21d).



14.5 2-(4-Fluorophenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21e).

14.6 2-(2-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21f).



14.7 2-(3-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21g)











14.10 2-(4-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-(4-tolyl)propanenitrile (21j)

14.11 2-(4-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-(4-Nitrophenyl)propanenitrile (21k)



14.12 2-Methyl-2-phenylaminopentanenitrile (211)



14.13 2-Phenyl-2-phenylaminoacetonitrile (21m).



14.14 2-(4-Nitrophenyl)-2-phenylaminoacetonitrile (21n)



14.15 2-Phenylamino-2-(4-tolyl)acetonitrile (210)







15. Chiral GC spectra of nitriles 21

15.1 Enantiomers of 2-phenyl-2-phenylaminopropanenitrile (21a)



15.2 2-Phenyl-2-phenylaminopropanenitrile (21a), obtained at 0°C in the presence of catalyst 3a



15.3 2-Phenyl-2-phenylaminopropanenitrile (21a), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b

			1.0	12111111	Page 1 of 1
Software Version Reprocess Number Sample Name Instrument Name Rack/Vial Sample Amount Cycle Result File : D:\DA1 Sequence File : D:\	6.2.1.0.104:0104 chpc-lab-e11: 209 autosystemxl 0/0 1,000000 7 TI_TC\Chrom\data007 DATI_TC\Sequenze\s		Date Data Acquisition Time Channel Operator Dilution Factor -20130814-114237.rst equenza2.seq		: 14/08/2013 11.42.38 : 14/08/2013 11.27.23 : A : Chimica Organica : 1,000000
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Bitercone (mv)					0.219
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		1502440 50	365987 55	100.00	
		1000449,00	000001,00	100,00	

15.4 2-Phenyl-2-phenylaminopropanenitrile (21a), obtained at 0°C in the presence of catalyst 3b

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15.5 2-Phenyl-2-phenylaminopropanenitrile (21a), obtained at -20 °C in the presence of catalyst 3b



15.6 2-(4-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21b), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b



15.7 2-(4-Nitrophenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21c), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b

Software Version Reprocess Numbe Sample Name Instrument Name Rack/Vial Sample Amount Cycle Result File : D100	: 6.2. er : chp : auto : 0/0 : 1,00 : 5	1.0.104:0104 c-lab-e11: 22 xsystemxd X0000	6 (() 5-20131210	Date Data Acquisition Time Channel Diverstor Dilution Factor	: 10/12/2013 13.30.28 : 10/12/2013 13.16.28 : A : Chimica Organica : 1,000000
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15.8 2-(4-Bromophenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21d), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b



15.9 2-(4-Fluorophenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21e), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b



15.10 2-(2-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21f), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b



15.11 2-(3-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-phenylpropanenitrile (21g), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b



15.12 2-Phenylamino-2-(4-tolyl)propanenitrile (21h), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b



15.13 2-(4-Nitrophenylamino)-2-(4-tolyl)propanenitrile (21i), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b

				Page 1 of 1
Software Version : Reprocess Number : Sample Name : Instrument Name : Rack/Vial : Sample Amount : Cycle :	6.2.1.0.104:0104 hsmsc11: 11016 ALITOSYSTEM_XL 0/0 1.000000 9	Date Data Acquisition Time Channel Operator Ditution Factor	: 27-Feb-14 10:31:00 : 27-Feb-14 10:20:14 : A : laboratorio3 : 1.000000	
Result File : D:\DATI Sequence File : D:\D/	TC\Chrom\data009-201402 TI_TC\Sequenze\sequenze	27-103100.rst a1.seq		
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15.14 2-(4-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-(4-tolyl)propanenitrile (21j), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b



15.15 2-(4-Methoxyphenylamino)-2-(4-nitrophenyl)propanenitrile (21k), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b



15.16 2-Methyl-2-(phenylamino)pentanenitrile (211), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b



15.17 2-Phenyl-2-phenylaminoacetonitrile (21m), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b

					Page 1 of 1
Software Version Reprocess Number Sample Name Instrument Name Rack/Vial Sample Amount Cycle Result File : D:\DA Sequence File : D:	: 6.2 r : chp : aut : 0/0 : 1,0 : 8 TI_TCV \DATI_	1.0.104:0104 c-lab-e11: 2 osystemxl 00000 Chrom\data00 TC\Sequenze	29 29 08-20131211 Asequenza2	Date Data Acquisition Time Channel Operator Dilution Factor 0-163209.rst .seq	: 10/12/2013 16.32.09 : 10/12/2013 16.21.54 : A : Chimica Organica : 1,000000
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Peak Component # Name	Time (min)	DE Area [uV*sec]	FAULT	REPORT	
1 2	8,246 8,690	2910594,99 206567,42	644336,89 68883,30	93,37 6,63	
		3117162,41	713220,19	100.00	
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15.18 2-(4-Nitrophenyl)-2-phenylaminoacetonitrile (21n), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b


15.19 2-Phenylamino-2-(4-tolyl)acetonitrile (210), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b



15.20 2-Phenylamino-2-thienylacetonitrile (21p), obtained at -20°C in the presence of catalyst 3b

							Page 1 of 1
Software Version Reprocess Numbe Sample Name Instrument Name Rack/Vial Sample Amount Cycle Result File : D:\DA Sequence File : D:	: 6.2 r : hsi : AL : 0K : 1,0 : 3 TI_TCN DATI	2.1.0.104:010 msc11: 1102 JTOSYSTEM)))))))))))))))))))	4 24 _XL 003-20140311 eksequenza1.	-153029.rst seq	Date Data Acquisition Time Channel Operator Dilution Factor	: 11/03/2014 15.30.3 : 11/03/2014 15.10.1 : A : Isboratorio3 : 1,000000	90 18
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