Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Organic & Biomolecular Chemistry. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2014

Access to Novel Functionalized Trifluoromethyl

β-Lactams by Ring Expansion of Aziridines

Sophie Decamps, Laurent Sevaille, Sandrine Ongeri, Benoit Crousse*

Laboratoire BioCIS-CNRS Faculté de Pharmacie, LabEx LERMIT Univ. Paris-Sud, 5 rue J. B. Clément F92296 Châtenay-Malabry, France

Supporting Information

Content	S1
General informations	S1
Experimental Procedures	S2
Copies of NMR spectra of new compounds	S14

General informations. All experiments dealing with air and moisture-sensitive compounds were conducted under an atmosphere of dry argon. The usual solvents were purchased from commercial sources. Tetrahydrofuran (THF) was distilled on sodium/benzophenone. Reagents were used without further purification as received from commercial. TLC was performed on silica gel, 60F-250 (0.26mm thickness) plates. The plates were visualized with UV light (254 nm) or with a 3.5% solution of phosphomolybdic acid in ethanol or with a solution of KMnO₄ in water. Flash chromatography (FC) was performed on Merck 60 silica gel (230 – 400 mesh). Melting points were determined on a Kofler melting point apparatus. NMR spectra were measured on an Ultrafield AVANCE300 (1H, 300 MHz; 13C, 75 MHz) and BRUKER AMX 200 (1H, 200 MHz; 19F, 188 MHz) spectrometer. Unless otherwise stated, NMR data were obtained under ambient temperature conditions and CDCl₃ was used as solvent. Chemical shifts δ are in ppm, and the following abbreviations are used: singlet (s), doublet (d), doublet doublet (dd), triplet (t), quintuplet (quint), multiplet (m) and broad singlet (brs). High resolution mass spectra were recorded on a MicrotofQ Bruker Daltonics.

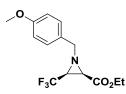
General procedure for preparation of 3-trifluoromethyl-aziridine-2-ethyl ester derivatives

To a solution of the corresponding imine (1 eq) in anhydrous Et_2O (0.25 M) at -78°C were added $BF_3.Et_2O$ (0.1 eq) and Ethyl Diazoacetate (1.2 eq). The reaction was stirred at -78 °C for 4h and monitored by NMR ¹⁹F. When the reaction was completed, a solution of saturated NaHCO₃ was added and the aqueous layer was extracted by Et_2O (3x50 ml). The organic layers were washed with water and brine, then dried over MgSO₄ and concentrated under vacuum. Crude product was purified on silica gel chromatography (Cyclohexane / AcOEt : 9/1).



Cis- 1-benzyl-3-trifluoromethyl-aziridine-2-ethyl ester¹

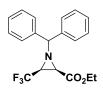
Aziridine was prepared from the corresponding aldimine (2.86 g, 15.3 mmol) following general procedure. Colorless oil (2.73 g, 65 % yield). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.36 (m, 5H), 4.24 (q, *J* = 6 Hz, 2H), 3.77 (s, 2H), 2.56 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (quint, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 1.28 (t, *J* = 6 Hz, 3H); ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -67.47 (d, *J* = 5.64 Hz).



Cis- 1-(4-methoxybenzyl)-3-trifluoromethyl-aziridine-2-ethyl ester

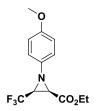
Aziridine was prepared from the corresponding aldimine (2.0 g, 9.2 mmol) following general procedure. Colorless oil (1.8 g, 65% yield).

¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.27 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H) , 6.90 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 4.20 (m, *J* = 6 Hz, *J* = 9 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.76 (d, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H), 3.70 (d, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (quint, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 1.28 (t, *J* = 6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 166.3, 159.4, 129.8, 127.5, 123.4 (q, *J* = 273 Hz), 114.1, 61.8, 61.5, 55.4, 42.1 (q, *J* = 39 Hz), 41.0, 14.0; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -67.44 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz). Anal Calcd for C₁₄H₁₆F₃NO₃ : C, 55.44 ; H, 5.32 ; N, 4.62. Found : C, 55.31 ; H, 5.11 ; N, 4.47.



Cis- 1-*dibenzyl-*3-*trifluoromethyl-aziridine-*2-*ethyl ester*²

Aziridine was prepared from the corresponding aldimine (1.0 g, 3.8 mmol) following general procedure. Colorless oil (0.5 g, 38% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.49-7.46 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.32 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.13 (m, 6H), 4.10 (m, 2H), 3.77 (s, 1H), 2.55 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (quint, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 1.15 (t, *J* = 6 Hz, 3H); ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -67.42 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz).



Cis- 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-trifluoromethyl-aziridine-2-ethyl ester¹

Aziridine was prepared from the corresponding aldimine (0.511 g, 2.51 mmol) following general procedure. Colorless oil (0.53 g, 73 % yield). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 6.96 (d, *J* = 10 Hz, 2H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 10 Hz, 2H), 4.32 (q, *J* = 6 Hz, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.08 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 2H), 2.89 (quint, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 1.32 (t, *J* = 6 Hz, 3H); ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ - 67.43 (d, *J* = 5.64 Hz).

General procedure for the preparation of 3-trifluoromethyl-aziridine-2-carboxylic acid derivatives

To a solution of aziridine ester (1 eq) in ethanol was added a solution of NaOH 2N (10 eq). The reaction was stirred at room temperature overnight. When the reaction was completed, a solution of HCl 1N was added until pH = 1-2 and the aqueous layer was extracted by AcOEt (3x50 ml). The organic layers were washed with water, brine, then concentrated to give the product without any further purification.



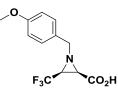
Cis-1-benzyl-3-trifluoromethyl-aziridine-2-carboxylic acid (cis-1a)

Aziridine acid was obtained from the corresponding aziridine ester (2.2 g, 8.0 mmol) following general saponification procedure. White solid (1.7 g, 87% yield). m. p. : 166°C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, $(CD_3)_2CO$) : δ 7.47-7.28 (m, 5H), 3.85 (d, *J* = 15 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (d, *J* = 15 Hz, 1H), 2.96 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, $(CD_3)_2CO$) : δ 167.4, 138.4, 129.2, 129.0, 128.2, 124.7 (q, *J* = 271.5), 62.51, 43.22 (q, *J* = 39 Hz), 42.35; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, $(CD_3)_2CO$) : δ -66.045 (brs). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) $m/z C_{11}H_{10}F_3NO_2$ [M+Na]⁺ cal. 268.0556, found 268.0557.



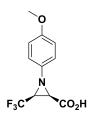
Trans-1-benzyl-3-trifluoromethyl-aziridine-2-carboxylic acid (trans-1a)

Aziridine acid was obtained from the corresponding aziridine ester (0.3 g, 1.09 mmol) following general saponification procedure. White solid (0.251 g, 94% yield). m. p. : 158°C. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, $(CD_3)_2CO$) : δ 7.26-7.14 (m, 5H), 3.96 (d, *J* = 15 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (d, *J* = 15 Hz, 1H), 3.05 (qd, *J* = 2.4 Hz, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 2.90 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, $(CD_3)_2CO$) : δ 168.0, 139.0, 130.3, 130.2, 128.1, 124.5 (q, *J* = 270.75), 54.8, 43.8 (q, *J* = 39.75 Hz), 38.0; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, $(CD_3)_2CO$) : δ -70.10 (brs). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) *m/z* C₁₁H₁₀F₃NO₂ [M+H]⁺ cal. 246.0736, found 246.0741.



Cis-1-(4-methoxybenzyl)-3-trifluoromethyl-aziridine-2-carboxylic acid (cis-1b)

Aziridine acid was obtained from the corresponding aziridine ester (0.5 g, 1.65 mmol) following general saponification procedure. White solid (0.41 g, 90% yield). m. p. : 163° C. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, ((CD₃)₂CO) : δ 7.35 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.78 (d, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (d, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H), 2.9 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, ((CD₃)₂CO) : δ 167.5, 160.2, 130.4, 130.1, 124.9 (q, *J* = 275.25), 114.6, 62.0, 55.5, 43.1 (q, *J* = 39 Hz), 42.2; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, ((CD₃)₂CO) : δ -66.02 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz). Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₂F₃NO₃ : C, 52.37 ; H, 4.39 ; N, 5.09. Found : C, 52.19 ; H, 4.16 ; N, 4.99.



Cis-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-trifluoromethyl-aziridine-2-carboxylic acid (cis-1c)

Aziridine acid was obtained from the corresponding aziridine ester (0.53 g, 1.83 mmol) following general saponification procedure. White solid (0.47 g, 97% yield). m. p. : 124° C. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) : δ 7.05 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.35-3.31 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) : δ 167.2, 157.5, 144.4, 124.8 (q, *J* = 271.5 Hz), 121.5, 115.3, 55.8, 43.2 (q, *J* = 39.75 Hz), 42.2; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) : δ -67.11 (brs). Anal Calcd for C₁₁H₁₀F₃NO₃ : C, 50.58 ; H, 3.8 ; N, 5.36. Found : C, 50.30 ; H, 3.55 ; N, 5.20.



Cis-1-dibenzyl-3-trifluoromethyl-aziridine-2-carboxylic acid (cis-1d)

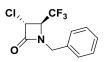
Aziridine acid was obtained from the corresponding aziridine ester (0.5 g, 1.43 mmol) following general saponification procedure. White solid (0.382 g, 83% yield). m. p. : 130°C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, (CDCl₃) δ 7.42-7.13 (m, 10H), 3.81 (s, 1H), 2.62 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 2.53 (quint, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, (CDCl₃) δ 169.5, 140.8, 128.8, 128.8, 128.0, 127.9, 127.4, 127.2, 123.0 (q, *J* = 273.75 Hz), 76.9, 44.0 (q, *J* = 40.5 Hz), 41.8; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, (CDCl₃) δ -68.45 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) *m/z* C₁₇H₁₄F₃NO₂ [M+Na]⁺ cal. 344.0869, found 344.0869.

General procedure for the preparation of Chloro-β-lactam

To a solution of aziridine (1 eq) in anhydrous toluene under argon was added NaH (1.1 eq). The solution was cooled to 0°C then chlorinating reagent (SOCl₂ or POCl₃) (1.5 eq) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80°C for 1h and then cooled to room temperature. The solvent was concentrated and ethyl acetate was added followed by a solution of saturated NaHCO₃. The aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt (2x20 mL) and the organic phases were washed with water and brine, then concentrated under vacuum. Crude product was purified on silica gel chromatography (Cyclohexane / AcOEt : 9/1).

Cis-1-benzyl-3-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one (cis-2a)

β-lactam was obtained from the corresponding cis aziridine acid **cis-1a** (0.4 g, 1.62 mmol) with POCl₃ (0.275 g, 1.8 mmol) following general procedure. White solid (0.33g, 76% yield). m. p. : 94°C. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.29-7.14 (m, 5H), 4.87 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (d, J = 15 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (quint, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 3.96 (d, J = 15 Hz, 1H) ; ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 162.6, 133.6, 129.2, 128.6, 123.1 (q, J = 278.25 Hz), 56.0 (q, J = 33.75 Hz), 55.3, 46.1 ; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -69.52 (d, J = 7.5 Hz). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) m/z C₁₁H₉ClF₃NO [M+H]⁺ cal. 264.0398, found 264.0399.



Trans-1-benzyl-3-chloro-4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one (trans-2a)

β-lactam was obtained from the corresponding *trans* aziridine acid **trans-1a** (0.1 g, 0.41 mmol) with SOCl₂ (0.053 g, 0.45 mmol) and NaH (0.01 g, 0.45 mmol) following general procedure. Colorless oil (0.06 g, 55% yield). ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300 MHz) δ 7.32-7.18 (m, 5H), 4.84 (d, *J* = 15 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (d, *J* = 15 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (qd, *J* = 2 Hz, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H); ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -74.12 (d, *J* = 5.7 Hz).

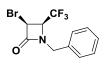
General procedure for the preparation bromo-β-lactam

Method A:

To a solution of aziridine (1 eq) in anhydrous toluene under argon was added NaH (1.1 eq). The solution was cooled to 0°C then $SOBr_2$ (1.1 eq) was added dropwise. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80°C for 1h and then cooled to room temperature. The solvent was concentrated and ethyl acetate was added followed by a solution of saturated NaHCO₃. The aqueous layer was extracted with AcOEt (2x20 mL). The organic phases were washed with water (x2), brine (x1), dried over MgSO₄ and then concentrated under vacuum. Crude product was purified on silica gel chromatography (Cyclohexane / AcOEt : 8/2).

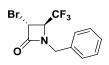
Method **B**

To a solution aziridine (1 eq) in anhydrous dichloromethane was added a solution of triphenylphosphine dibromide (1 eq) in anhydrous dichloromethane. The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 30 min. A solution of saturated $Na_2S_2O_3$ was added and aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (2x15 mL). The organic phases were then washed with water, brine, dried over MgSO₄, and then concentrated under vacuum. Crude product was purified on silica gel chromatography (Cyclohexane / AcOEt : 8/2).



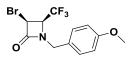
Cis-1-benzyl -3-bromo--4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one (cis-3a)

β-lactam was obtained from the corresponding cis aziridine acid **cis-1a** (0.6 g, 2.44 mmol) with PPh₃Br₂ (1.0 g, 2.44 mmol) following general procedure. White solid (0.56 g, 75% yield). m. p. : 105°C. ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40-7.26 (m,5H), 4.99 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz,1H), 4.89 (d, *J* = 15.0 Hz,1H), 4.10 (quint, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (d, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 162.4, 133.6, 128.2, 129.2, 128.6, 123.2 (q, *J* = 279 Hz), 55.0 (q, *J* = 33.75 Hz), 46.4, 41.0; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -69.48 (d, *J* = 5.64 Hz). Anal Calcd for C₁₁H₉BrF₃NO: C, 42.88; H, 2.94, N, 4.55. Found: C, 42.7; H, 2.93, N, 4.24.



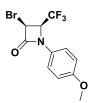
Trans-1-benzyl -3-bromo--4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one (trans-3a)

β-lactam was obtained from the corresponding *trans* aziridine acid **trans-1a** (0.26 g, 1.06 mmol) with PPh₃Br₂ (0.417 g, 1.60 mmol) following general procedure. Colorless oil (0.16 g, 50% yield). ¹H NMR (200 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30-7.16 (m, 5H), 4.80 (d, *J* = 15 H z, 1H), 4.72 (brs, 1H), 3.97 (d, *J* = 15 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (qd, *J* = 1.8 Hz, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 160.0, 133.4, 129.3, 128.6, 128.4, 123.3 (q, *J* = 279 Hz), 60.3 (q, *J* = 34.5 Hz), 42.3, 41.6; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -74.37 (d, *J* = 5.64 Hz). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) *m/z* C₁₁H₉BrF₃NO [M+H]⁺ cal. 307.9892, found 307.9891.



Cis-3-bromo-1-(4'-methoxybenzyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one (cis-3b)

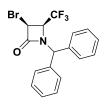
β-lactam was obtained from the corresponding *cis* aziridine acid **cis-1b** (2.2 g, 7.99 mmol) with PPh₃Br₂ (3.37 g, 7.99 mmol) following general procedure. White solid (2.2 g, 81% yield). m. p. : 95°C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.18 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 2H), 4.94 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (d, *J* = 15 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (quint, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (d, *J* = 15 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 162.4, 159.9, 130.1, 125.6, 123.2 (1C, q, *J* = 278 Hz), 114.6, 55.4, 54.6 (q, *J* = 33 Hz), 45.9, 41.0; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) δ - 69.45 (d, *J* = 6 Hz). HRMS (ESI-Q-TOF) *m/z* C₁₂H₁₁BrF₃NO [M+Na]⁺ cal. 359.9817, found 359.9819.



Cis-3-bromo-1-(4'-methoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one (cis-3c)

β-lactam was obtained from the corresponding *cis* aziridine acid **cis-1c** (1.0 g, 3.82 mmol) with PPh₃Br₂ (1.61 g, 3.82 mmol) following general procedure. White solid (1.0 g, 81% yield). m. p. : 133°C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.36

(d, J = 9 Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, J = 9 Hz, 2H), 5.21 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 4.80 (quint, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 160.1, 157.8, 128.9, 123.0 (q, J = 279.75 Hz), 120.1, 114.7, 56.3 (q, J = 33 Hz), 55.6, 41.0,; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -68.44 (d, J = 5.55 Hz). Anal Calcd for C₁₁H₉BrF₃NO₂ : C, 40.77 ; H, 2.8 ; N, 4.36. Found : C, 40.93 ; H, 2.45 ; N, 4.23.

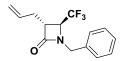


Cis-1-benzhydryl-3-bromo-4-(trifluoromethyl)azetidin-2-one (cis-3d)

β-lactam was obtained from the corresponding *cis* aziridine acid **cis-1d** (0.382 g, 1.19 mmol) with PPh₃Br₂ (0.5 g, 1.19 mmol) following general procedure. White solid (0.17 g, 38% yield). m. p. : 123°C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.30-7.15 (m, 10H), 5.70 (s, 1H), 4.86 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (quint, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 162.6, 137.4, 136.4, 129.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.5, 128.3, 127.8, 123.1 (q, *J* = 279 Hz), 63.8, 55.9 (q, *J* = 33.75), 40.4; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -68.87 (d, *J* = 5.64 Hz); HRMS (ESI-QTOF) *m/z* C₁₇H₁₃BrF₃NO [M+Na]⁺ cal. 406.0025, found 406.0021.

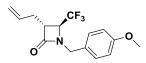
General procedure for the preparation of trans-3-Allyl- 4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one derivatives

To a solution of β -lactam (1 eq) in anhydrous toluene under inert atmosphere was added allyltributyltin (2 eq), and AIBN (1 eq). The mixture was immediatly warmed at 80°C. After completion of the reaction (monitored by NMR ¹⁹F), solvent was removed under vacuum crude product was purified on silica gel chromatography (Cyclohexane / AcOEt : 9/1).



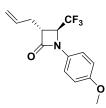
Trans-3-Allyl-1-benzyl-4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one (4a)

Product was obtained from the corresponding β-lactam **cis-3a** (0.145 g, 0.48 mmol) following general procedure. Colorless oil (0.08 g, 62% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29-7.17 (m, 5H), 5.62 (ddt, *J* = 7 Hz, *J* = 10 Hz, *J* = 17 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (dd, *J* = 1.2 Hz, *J* = 17 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (dd, *J* = 1.2 Hz, *J* = 10 Hz, 1H), 4.78 (*J* = 15 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (*J* = 15 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (qd, *J* = 2 Hz, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 3.28 (td, *J* = 1 Hz, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 168.0, 134.8, 132.7, 129.0, 128.7, 128.3, 124.5 (q, *J* = 277.5 Hz), 118.8, 54.8 (q, *J* = 67.5 Hz), 51.5, 45.6, 31.5; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -74.10 (d, *J* = 5.82 Hz). HRMS (ESI-QTOF) *m/z* C₁₄H₁₄F₃NO [M+H]⁺ cal. 270.1100, found 270.1099.



Trans-3-Allyl-1-(4'-methoxybenzyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one (4b)

Product was obtained from the corresponding β -lactam **cis-3b** (0.425 g, 1.25 mmol) following general procedure. Colorless oil (0.215 g, 57% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.15 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 5.67 (m, 1H), 5.08 (d, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 4.77 (d, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (d, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.46 (qd, *J* = 6 Hz, *J* = 3 Hz, 1H), 3.31 (m, 1H), 2.33 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 167.7, 159.5, 132.7, 129.9, 126.8, 124.5 (q, *J* = 277 Hz), 118.6, 114.3, 55.2, 54.6 (q, *J* = 33.75 Hz), 51.3, 44.9, 31.4; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -74.08 (d, *J* = 6 Hz). HRMS (ESI-Q-TOF) *m/z* C₁₅H₁₆F₃NO₂ [M+Na]⁺ cal. 322.1025, found 322.1029.



Trans-3-Allyl-1-(4'-methoxyphenyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one (4c)

Product was obtained from the corresponding β -lactam **cis-3c** (0.69 g, 2.12 mmol) following general procedure. White solid (0.480 g, 79% yield). m. p. : 56°C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (m, 1H), 5.22 (d, *J* = 12 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (d, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 4.2 (qd, *J* = 6 Hz, *J* = 3 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.45 (m, 1H), 2.57 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 165.1, 157.0, 132.6, 129.8, 124.3 (q, *J* = 278.25 Hz), 119.4, 118.9, 114.4, 56.0 (q, *J* = 34.5 Hz), 55.4, 51.2, 31.8; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -72.84 (d, *J* = 4.88 Hz). HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* C₁₄H₁₄F₃NO₂ [M+H]⁺ cal. 286.1055, found 286.1051.

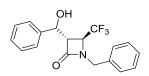
General procedure for the preparation of *trans*-3-(hydroxy(alkyl/aryl)methyl)-4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one derivatives

Method A

A mixture of corresponding β -lactam (1 eq), freshly distilled aldehyde (1.5 eq) and zinc (2 eq) were dissolved in dry THF and few drop of TMSCI were added. The reaction was stirred at room temperature and completion was monitored by ¹⁹F NMR. A solution of saturated NH₄Cl was added to the reaction mixture and aqueous layer was extracted with Et₂O (2x10 ml). The organic phases were then washed with water (x2), brine (x1) and dried over MgSO₄.

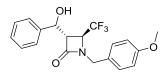
Method **B**

A solution of n-BuLi (1.5 eq, 1.6M in THF) was added to a solution of cis-3-bromo-1-(4'-methoxyphenyl)-4trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one (1 eq) in dry THF under inert atmosphere at -100°C. After 15 minutes stirring, a solution of desired electrophile (2 eq) in dry THF was added dropwise and the reaction was stirred at – 100 °C for 1h. A solution of saturated NH₄Cl was added to the reaction mixture and aqueous layer was extracted with Et_2O . The organics were washed with water, brine, dried over MgSO₄ and then removed under vacuum. The crude product was purified by chromatography on silica gel (Cyclohexane / AcOEt : 9/1).



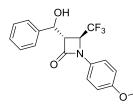
Trans-1-benzyl-3-(hydroxy(phenyl)methyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)azetidin-2-one (5a)

Product was obtained from the β-lactam **cis-3a** (0.15 g, 0.49 mmol) and corresponding aldehyde (0.077 g, 0.73 mmol) following Method A. White solid (0.09 g, 65% yield). m. p. : 76-79°C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38-6.85 (m,10H), 5.17 and 4.99 (brs, 1H), 4.76 (d, *J* = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 3.94 and 3.68 (qd, *J* = 2.4 Hz, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 3.91 and 3.79 (d, *J* = 15.3 Hz, 1H), 3.63 and 3.50 (br m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 166.9, 166.1, 165.9, 140.4, 139.5, 134.3, 134.0, 128.8, 128.7, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0, 126.6, 125.2, 124.2 (q, *J* = 277.5 Hz), 70.9, 68.8, 59.3, 58.3, 52.4 (q, *J* = 34.5 Hz), 51.3 (q, *J* = 33.75 Hz), 45.6, 45.3; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -73.85 (d, *J* = 5.64), -73.95 (d, *J* = 5.64 Hz). HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* C₁₈H₁₆F₃NO₂ [M+Na]+ cal. 358.1031, found 358.1029.



Trans-1-(4'-methoxybenzyl)-3-(hydroxy(phenyl)methyl)- 4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one (5b)

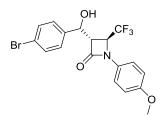
Product was obtained from the β-lactam **cis-3b** (0.6 g, 1.77 mmol) and corresponding aldehyde (0.282 g, 2.66 mmol) following Method A. White solid (0.382 g, 60% yield). m. p. : 98-102°C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34-7.17 (m, 5H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 6.75 and 6.65 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 5.15 and 4.95 (brs, 1H), 4.02 and 3.91 (qd, *J* = 1.8 Hz, *J* = 6 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (d, *J* = 15 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.62 and 3.47 (brs, 1H), 3.11 and 2.87 (brs, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 167.0, 166.0, 159.3, 140.5, 139.6, 129.7, 129.5, 128.8, 128.6, 128.0, 126.7, 126.2, 125.2, 124.2 (q, *J* = 278 Hz), 114.2, 70.8, 68.8, 59.1, 58.1, 55.2, 51.1 (q, *J* = 33.75 Hz), 45.0, 44.7; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -73.84 and -73.94 (d, *J* = 5.64 Hz). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z C₁₉H₁₈F₃NO₃ [M+Na]⁺ cal. 388.1136, found 388.1139.



Trans-1-(4'-methoxyphenyl)-3-(hydroxy(phenyl)methyl)- 4-trifluoromethyl-azetidin-2-one (5c)

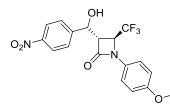
Product was obtained from the β-lactam **cis-3c** (0.7 g, 2.16 mmol) and corresponding aldehyde (0.343 g, 3.24 mmol) following Method A. Mixture of 2 diastereoisomers as a white solid (0.45 g, 60% yield). m. p. : 113-115°C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 (m, 7H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 5.29 and 5.10 (t, *J* = 3 Hz, 1H), 4.68 and 4.42 (qd, *J* = 6 Hz, *J* = 3 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.75 (dd, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 0.2H), 3.65 (t, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 0.8H), 2.87 and 2.67 (d, *J* = 4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75

MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 164.7, 163.6, 157.1, 140.5, 139.7, 129.4, 128.6, 128.0, 126.6, 125.1, 124.1 (q, *J* = 279 Hz), 120.0, 114.4, 71.4, 68.3, 59.2, 58.0, 55.4, 54.3 (q, *J* = 33.75 Hz), 52.5 (q, *J* = 34.5 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -72.81 (d, *J* = 5.64 Hz) and -72.90 (d, *J* = 5.64Hz). HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* C₁₈H₁₆F₃NO₃ [M+H]⁺ cal. 352.1161, found 352.1165.



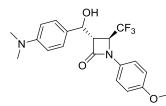
Trans-3-(4-bromophenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)azetidin-2-one (7)

Product was obtained from the β-lactam **cis-3c** (0.100 g, 0.295 mmol) and corresponding aldehyde (0.110 g, 0.59 mmol) following Method B. 2 diastereoisomers as a colorless oil (0.053 g, 40% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.42 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (m, 5H), 6.77 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 5.18 (brs, 0.5H), 5.00 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 0.5H), 4.52 and 4.33 (qd, *J* = 2.4 Hz, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 4.62 (dd, *J* = 2.4 Hz, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 0.5H), 3.52 (t, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 0.5H), 3.09 and 2.73 (brs, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 164.1, 163.1, 157.3, 139.4, 138.6, 131.9, 131.8, 129.3, 128.36, 126.8, 122.8, 122.0, 119.9, 114.4, 70.9, 67.9, 58.9, 57.7, 55.5, 54.3 (q, *J* = 35 Hz), 51.9 (q, *J* = 35 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ - 72.76 (d, *J* = 5.45 Hz) and -72.88 (d, *J* = 5.65 Hz); HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m*/*z* C₁₈H₁₅BrF₃NO₃ [M+Na]⁺ cal. 452.0082, found 452.0086.

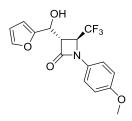


3-(hydroxy(4-nitrophenyl)methyl)-1-(4'-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)azetidin-2-one (8)

Product was obtained from the β-lactam **cis-3c** (0.200 g, 0.610 mmol) and corresponding aldehyde (0.185 g, 1.23 mmol) following Method B. 2 diastereoisomers as a white solid (0.130 g, 54% yield). *Major Isomer* : m.p. 188°C ¹H NMR (300 MHz, Acetone) : δ 8.27 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 5.61 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 5.54 (dd, *J* = 4.0 Hz, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (qd, *J* = 5.7 Hz, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (t, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Aceton) : δ 164.0, 157.9, 150.6, 148.3, 130.9, 127.8, 125.7 (q, *J* = 279.5 Hz), 124.2, 120.3, 115.1, 68.3, 60.0, 55.7, 52.6 (q, *J* = 34.2 Hz). ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, Aceton) : δ -71.38 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz). *Minor Isomer* m.p. 166°C ¹H NMR (300 MHz, Acetone) : δ 8.24 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 5.52 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.48 (t, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (qd, *J* = 5.7 Hz, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.97-3.89 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Aceton) : δ 162.2, 154.2, 152.7, 151.3, 135.2, 133.1, 128.3, 124.6, 119.4, 74.3, 63.2, 60.1, 58.8 (d, *J* = 34.6 Hz). ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, Acetone) : δ -71.37 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z C₁₈H₁₅F₃N₂O₅ [M+Na]⁺ cal. 419.0831, found 419.0833.

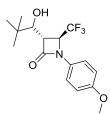


trans-3-((4-(dimethylamino)phenyl)(hydroxy)methyl)-1-(4'-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)azetidin-2-one (9) Product was obtained from the β-lactam cis-3c (0.200 g, 0.610 mmol) and corresponding aldehyde (0.184 g, 1.23 mmol) following Method B. 2 diastereoisomers as a yellow oil (0.168 g, 70% yield). *Major Isomer* ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 8.7 H, 2H), 5.20 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (qd, *J* = 5.5 Hz, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.63 (dd, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (s, 6H), 2.51 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 164.6, 157.1, 150.5, 130.0, 129.9, 126.4, 126.1, 122.4, 119.9, 118.9, 114.5, 112.7, 69.2, 59.2, 55.6, 53.7, 53.2, 52.8, 52.3, 40.7; ¹⁹F-NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -72.55 (brs). *Minor Isomer* ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.72 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.00 (d, *J* = 4.7 Hz, 1H), 4.39 (qd, *J* = 5.5 Hz, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.74 (dd, *J* = 4.7 Hz, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 2.95 (s, 6H), 2.36 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 163.9, 157.1, 150.8, 130.0, 129.8, 127.9, 126.3, 124.3 (q, *J* = 279.0 Hz), 122.6, 119.9, 118.9, 114.5, 112.7, 71.7, 58.2, 55.6, 54.6 (q, *J* = 34.5 Hz), 40.7; ¹⁹F-NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -72.83 (brs). HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z C₂₀H₂₁F₃N₂O₃ [M+H]⁺ cal. 395.1583, found 395.1588.



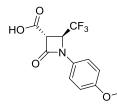
Trans-3-(furan-2-yl(hydroxy)methyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)azetidin-2-one (10)

Product was obtained from the β-lactam **cis-3c** (0.10 g, 0.30 mmol) and corresponding aldehyde (0.058 g, 0.6 mmol) following Method B. 2 diastereoisomers as a yellow oil (0.067 g, 65% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.32-7.18 (m, 3H), 6.79 (d, J = 9 Hz, 2H), 6.48-6.27 (m, 2H), 5.20 and 5.06 (brs, 1H), 4.7 and 4.45 (qd, *J* = 2.1 Hz, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (dd, *J* = 2.4 Hz, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 0.5H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.66 (t, *J* = 3 Hz, 0.5H), 3.03 and 2.79 (brs, 1H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 163.7, 162.9, 157.2, 152.7, 152.3, 142.8, 142.7, 129.5, 120.0, 119.8, 114.4, 110.7, 110.3, 108.5, 107.1, 65.0, 63.2, 56.3, 55.9, 55.5, 54.2 (q, *J* = 34.5 Hz), 52.9 (q, *J* = 34.5 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -73.73 (d, *J* = 5.45 Hz), -72.03 (d, *J* = 5.45 Hz); HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* C₁₆H₁₄F₃NO₄ [M+Na]+ cal. 364.0773, found 364.0771.



Trans-3-(1-hydroxy-2,2-dimethylpropyl)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-(trifluoromethyl)azetidin-2-one (11)

Product was obtained from the β-lactam **cis-3c** (0.110 g, 0.34 mmol) and corresponding aldehyde (0.089 g, 0.68 mmol) following Method B. One diastereoisomer as a white solid (0.056 g, 50% yield). m. p. : 122°C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.36 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 4.44 (qd, *J* = 2.4 Hz, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.67 (m, 1H), 3.61 (m, 1H), 2.15 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H), 1.05 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 163.8, 157.2, 129.8, 124.7 (q, *J* = 278.55), 119.8, 114.5, 78.2, 55.6, 55.5 (q, *J* = 33.6 Hz), 54.1, 35.2, 26.1.; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -72.63 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz). HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* C₁₆H₂₀F₃NO₃ [M+H]⁺ cal. 332.1474, found 332.1473.



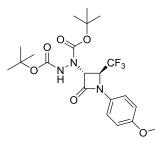
Trans-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-carboxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)azetidin-2-one (12).

Product was obtained from the β -lactam **cis-3c** (0.333 g, 1.03 mmol) and carbon dioxide following Method B. 2 diastereoisomers as a brown oil. (0.139 g, 47% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 8.86 (s, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 4.86 (qd, *J* = 5.3 Hz, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.25 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, Acetone) : δ 166.1, 158.9, 158.4, 130.5, 125.2 (q, *J* = 279.7 Hz), 120.8, 115.3, 56.4, 55.8, 54.7 (q, *J* = 34.9 Hz); ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -73.15 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz). HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* C₁₂H₁₀F₃NO₄ [M+Na]⁺ cal. 312.0460, found. 312.0466.



Trans-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)azetidin-2-one (13)

Product was obtained from the β-lactam **cis-3c** (0.100 g, 0.30 mmol) and iodomethane (0.085 g, 0.6 mmol) following Method B. Colorless oil (0.054 g, 66 % yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.28 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 2H), 4.02 (qd, *J* = 2.1 Hz, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.34 (qd, *J* = 2.1 Hz, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 1.39 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 166.3, 157.0, 130.0, 124.3 (q, *J* = 278.25 Hz), 119.3, 114.4, 58.5 (q, *J* = 33.75 Hz), 55.0, 46.8, 12.7; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -73.3 (d, *J* = 5.64 Hz); HRMS (ESI-TOF) *m/z* C₁₂H₁₂F₃NO₂ [M+H]⁺ cal. 260.0898, found 260.0897.



Di-tert-butyl-1-(1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-oxo-4-(trifluoromethyl)azetidin-3-yl)hydrazine-1,2-dicarboxylate (14).

Product was obtained from the β-lactam **cis-3c** (0.150 g, 0.46 mmol) and di-tert-butyl-azodicarboxylate (0.211 g, 0.92 mmol) following Method B. Colorless oil (0.109 g, 50% yield). ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ 7.32 (d, J = 9 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 9 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (brs, 1H), 5.24 (brs, 1H), 4.89 (brs, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) : 161.6, 161.2, 157.4, 155.7, 152.9, 129.2, 123.9 (q, J = 279.75 Hz, 18H), 120.5, 119.9, 114.5, 84.1, 83.2, 82.3, 67.9, 57.7 (q, J = 33.75 Hz), 55.5; ¹⁹F NMR (188 MHz, CDCl₃) : δ -72.10 and -72.32 (brs) HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z C₂₁H₂₈F₃N₃O₆ [M+Na]⁺ cal. 498.1828, found 498.1826.

References

(1) Crousse, B.; Narisuka, N.; Bonnet-Delpon, D.; Bégué, J.P. Synlett 2001, 679

(2) Spanedda, M.V; Crousse, B.; Narizuka, S.; Bonnet-Delpon, D.; Begue, J.-P. *Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications* **2002**, 67, 1359-1365.

(3) Davoli, P.; Forni, A.; Franciosi, C.; Moretti, I.; Prati, F. Tetrahedron: Asymmetry 1999, 10, 2361-2371.

