## Supplementary data

Investigation of porphyrin-forming reactions. Part 2. Examination of the reaction course in two-step, one-flask syntheses of meso-substituted porphyrins

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Peak Assignments for Phenyl and p-Tolyl Containing Oligomers. The molecular weights for oligomers possessing all of the possible combinations of phenyl and p-tolyl substituents are presented in Table S1. The left most column of masses are for oligomers with only phenyl substituents, and the right most column are for oligomers with only p-tolyl groups. The center columns show masses for oligomers containing a mixture of substituents, with the number of p-tolyl groups shown at the top of each column. The masses were calculated from the most dehydrogenated structure of each oligomer.

**Table S1.** Calculated masses for the possible oligomers from the condensation of pyrrole + benzaldehyde + p-tolualdehyde.

		all					n	henvi :	and <i>p</i> -t	olyl mi	ixed ol	iaomei	's					all
Series	n	phenyi	1	2 .	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	p-tolyl
		17																
(РА)п	1	155																169
	2	308	322															336
	3	461	475	489														503
	4	614	628	642	656													670
	5	767	781	795	809	823												837
	6	920	934	948	962	976	990											1004
	7	1073	1087	1101	1115	1129		1157										1171
	8	1226	1240	1254	1268	1282	1296	1310	1324									1338
	9	1379	1393	1407	1421	1435	1449	1463	1477	1491								1505
	10	1532	1546	1560	1574	1588		1616	1630	1644	1658							1672
	11	1685	1699	1713	1727	1741	1755	1769	1783	1797	1811	1825						1839
	12	1838	1852	1866	1880	1894	1908	1922	1936	1950	1964		1992					2006
	13	1991	2005	2019	2033	2047	2061	2075	2089	2103	2117	2131	2145	2159				2173
	14	2144	2158	2172	2186	2200	2214	2228	2242	2256	2270	2284	2298		2326			2340
	15	2297	2311	2325	2339	2353	2367	2381	2395	2409	2423	2437	2451	2465	2479	2493		2507
A(PA)n	1	245	259															273
	2	398	412	426														440
	3	551	565	579	593													607
	4	704	718	732	746	760												774
	5	857	871	885	899	913	927											941
	6	1010	1024	1038	1052	1066		1094										1108
	7	1163	1177	1191	1205	1219	1233	1247	1261									1275
	8	1316	1330	1344	1358	1372	1386	1400	1414	1428								1442
	9	1469	1483	1497	1511	1525	1539	1553	1567	1581	1595							1609
	10	1622	1636	1650	1664	1678		1706	1720	1734	1748	1762						1776
	11	1775	1789	1803	1817	1831	1845	1859	1873	1887	1901	1915	1929					1943
	12	1928	1942	1956	1970	1984	1998	2012	2026	2040	2054	2068	2082	2096				2110
	13	2081	2095	2109	2123	2137	2151	2165	2179	2193	2207	2221	2235	2249	2263			2277
	14	2234	2248	2262	2276	2290	2304			2346	2360	2374	2388	2402		2430		2444
	15	2387	2401	2415	2429	2443	2457	2471	2485	2499	2513	2527	2541	2555	2569	2583	2597	2611
(DA)=D			2401	2415	2429	2443	2437	24/1	2403	2499	2010	2021	2541	2000	2309	2000	2097	
(PA)nP	1	220	007															234
	2	373	387	4														401
	3	526	540	554	704													568
	4	679	693	707	721	000												735
	5	832	846	860	874	888	1055											902
	6	985	999	1013	1027	1041	1055	4000										1069
	7	1138	1152	1166	1180	1194		1222	4000									1236
	8	1291	1305	1319	1333	1347	1361	1375	1389	4550								1403
	9	1444	1458	1472	1486	1500	1514	1528	1542	1556	1700							1570
	10	1597	1611	1625	1639	1653		1681	1695	1709	1723	4000						1737
	11	1750	1764	1778	1792	1806	1820	1834	1848	1862	1876	1890	00==					1904
	12	1903	1917	1931	1945	1959	1973	1987	2001	2015	2029	2043	2057	0004				2071
	13	2056	2070	2084		2112		2140				2196		2224	0004			2238
	14	2209	2223	2237	2251		2279	2293	2307	2321	2335	2349		2377	2391	0550		2405
	15	2362	2376	2390	2404	2418	2432	2446	2460	2474	2488	2502	2516	2530	2544	2558		2572
P(PA)nP	1	285																299
	2	438	452															466
	3	591	605	619														633
	4	744	758	772	786													800
	5	897	911	925	939	953												967

Data from the Condensation of 5-Phenyldipyrromethane in the Absence of Aldehyde. The yields of TPP and NC-TPP as a function of time are summarized for TFA catalysis and BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate catalysis (Figure S1). LD-MS spectra for selected timepoints are shown for catalysis with TFA (Figure S2) or BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate (Figure S3). The reaction conditions employed were as follows: 5 mM PDPM, 20 mM TFA or 1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, room temperature.

**Figure S1**. Yields of TPP and NC-TPP as a function of time from the reaction of PDPM in the absence of aldehyde under TFA catalysis or BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate catalysis.

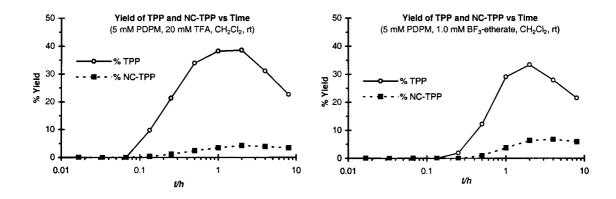
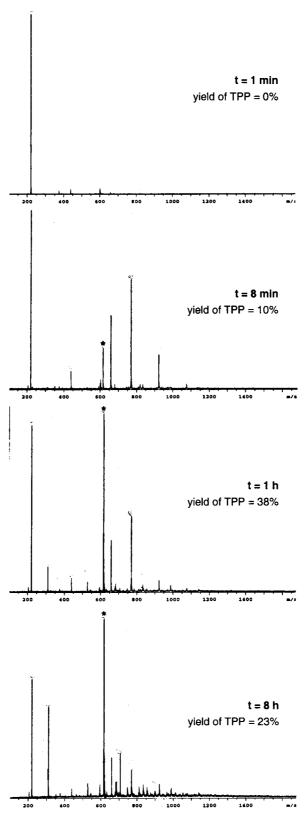
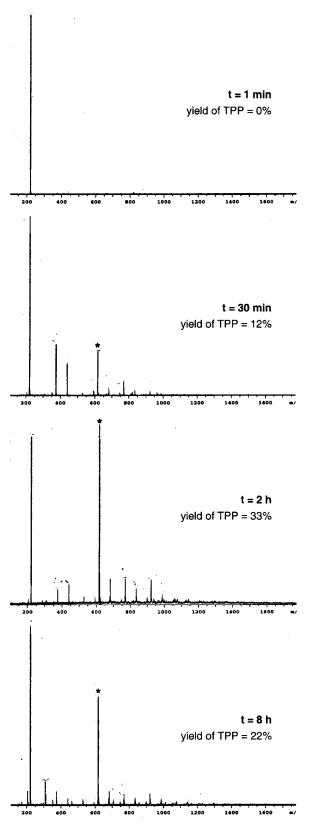


Figure S2. LD-MS spectra from selected timepoints from the reaction of PDPM in the absence of aldehyde (20 mM TFA). The peak corresponding to the m/z of TPP is marked with an asterisk.

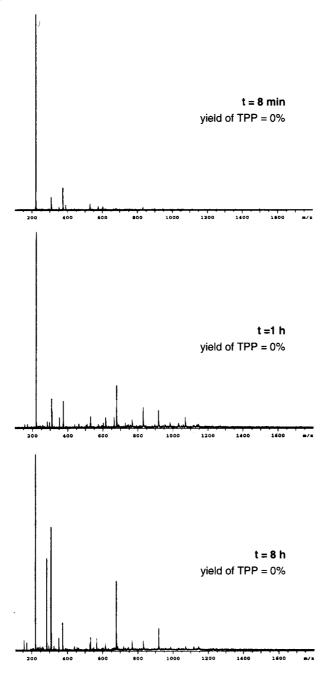


**Figure S3.** LD-MS spectra from selected timepoints from the reaction of PDPM in the absence of aldehyde (1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate). The peak corresponding to the m/z of TPP is marked with an asterisk.

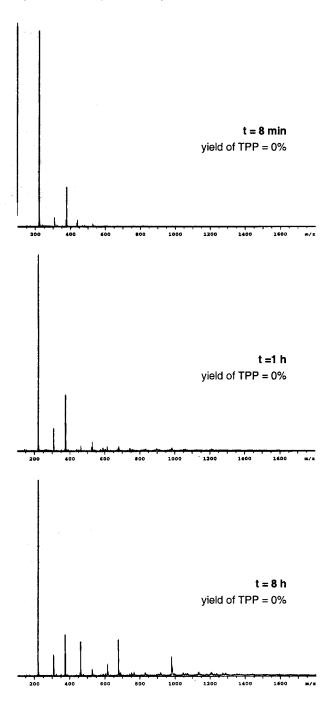


Data from the Reaction of N-Confused-5-Phenyldipyrromethane in the Absence of Aldehyde. LD-MS spectra for selected timepoints are shown for TFA catalysis (Figure S4) and BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate catalysis (Figure S5). The reaction conditions employed were as follows: 5 mM PDPM, 20 mM TFA or 1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, room temperature.

**Figure S4.** LD-MS spectra from selected timepoints from the reaction of N-confused PDPM in the absence of aldehyde (20 mM TFA).

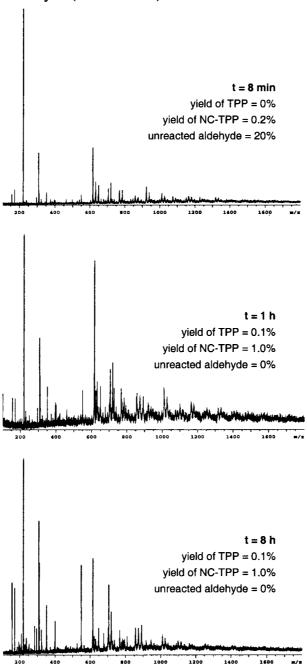


**Figure S5.** LD-MS spectra from selected timepoints from the reaction of N-confused PDPM in the absence of aldehyde (1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate).

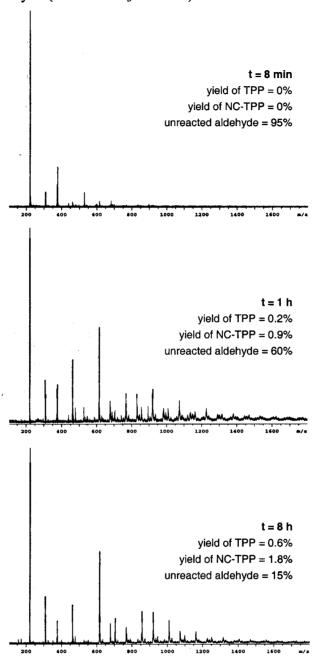


Data from the Condensation of N-Confused-5-Phenyldipyrromethane + Benzaldehyde. LD-MS spectra for selected timepoints are shown for TFA catalysis (Figure S6) and BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate catalysis (Figure S7). The reaction conditions employed were as follows: 5 mM PDPM, 5 mM benzaldehyde, 20 mM TFA or 1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, room temperature.

**Figure S6.** LD-MS spectra from selected timepoints from the condensation of N-confused PDPM in the absence of aldehyde (20 mM TFA).



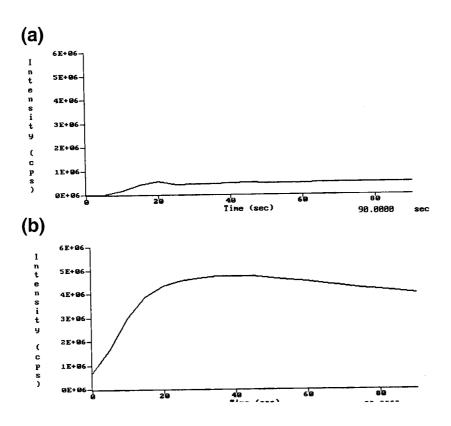
**Figure S7.** LD-MS spectra from selected timepoints from the condensation of N-confused PDPM in the absence of aldehyde (1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate).



Illustrative Light Scattering Data. At 10 mM reactants, BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate catalysis (1.0 mM) provided a clear, amber solution which showed no turbidity by light scattering spectroscopy or by visual inspection. Catalysis by TFA (20 mM) provided a very dark solution which likely interfered with light scattering measurements; however, turbidity was absent by visual inspection. With 100 mM reactants, TFA catalysis (64 mM) provided a solution so darkly colored that the absence of turbidity was difficult to determine visually. BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate catalysis (10 mM) gave a low level of light scattering and the presence of turbidity was confirmed by visual inspection. The turbidity was detected within the first few seconds after addition of BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate. Figure S8 shows a comparison of scattered light as a function of time for 100 mM reactants, 10 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate (Panel A) and a control reaction (100 mM reactants, 0.31 mM Bu<sub>3</sub>BzlNCl, 10 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate) previously shown to provide extensive precipitate formation (Panel B).<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Li, F.; Yang, K.; Tyhonas, J. S.; MacCrum, K. A.; Lindsey, J. S. Tetrahedron 1997, 53, 12339-12360.

**Figure S8.** Illustrative plots of scattered light as a function of reaction time showing the presence of precipitate. (a) 100 mM reactants, 10 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate. (b) 100 mM reactants, 0.31 mM Bu<sub>3</sub>BzlNCl, 10 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate.



Yield vs. Time and LD-MS Data for Condensations Involving Pyrrole-Carbinol (3), PDPM (1), PDPM-Monocarbinol (4) and PDPM-Dicarbinol (5). Figure S9 presents yield vs. time plots for the four condensation reactions involving possible intermediates along the reaction pathway from pyrrole + aldehyde to porphyrinogen. Figures S10-S13 show LD-MS spectra from selected timepoints from each condensation reaction.

Figure S9. Yields of TPP and NC-TPP as a function of time for (a) 10 mM pyrrole-carbinol (3), 20 mM TFA; (b) 10 mM pyrrole-carbinol (3), 1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate; (c) 5 mM PDPM (1), 5 mM benzaldehyde, 20 mM TFA; (d) 5 mM PDPM (1), 5 mM benzaldehyde, 1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate; (e) 5 mM PDPM-monocarbinol (4), 20 mM TFA; (f) 5 mM PDPM-monocarbinol (4), 1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate; (g) 2.5 mM PDPM-dicarbinol (5), 2.5 mM PDPM (1), 20 mM TFA; (h) 2.5 mM PDPM-dicarbinol (5), 2.5 mM PDPM (1), 1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate.

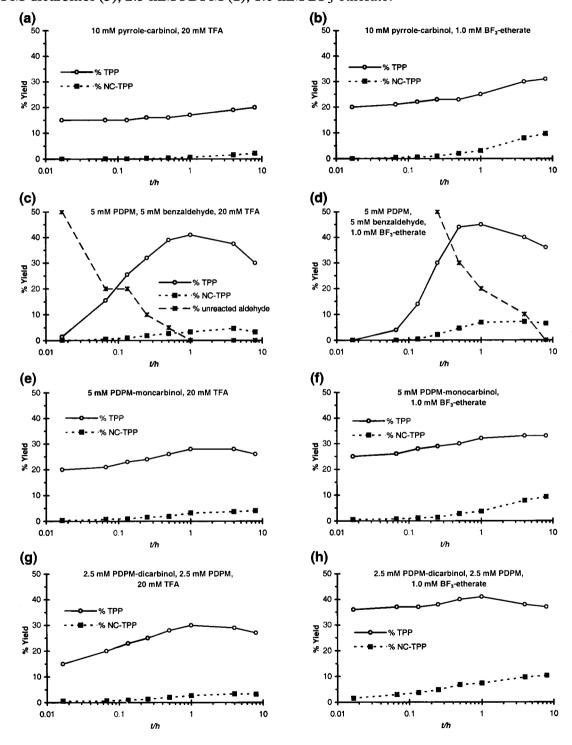


Figure S10. Selected LD-MS spectra from the condensation of pyrrole-carbinol (3, 10 mM) under (a) 20 mM TFA catalysis or (b) 1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate catalysis. The peak with appropriate m/z for TPP is labeled with an asterisk.

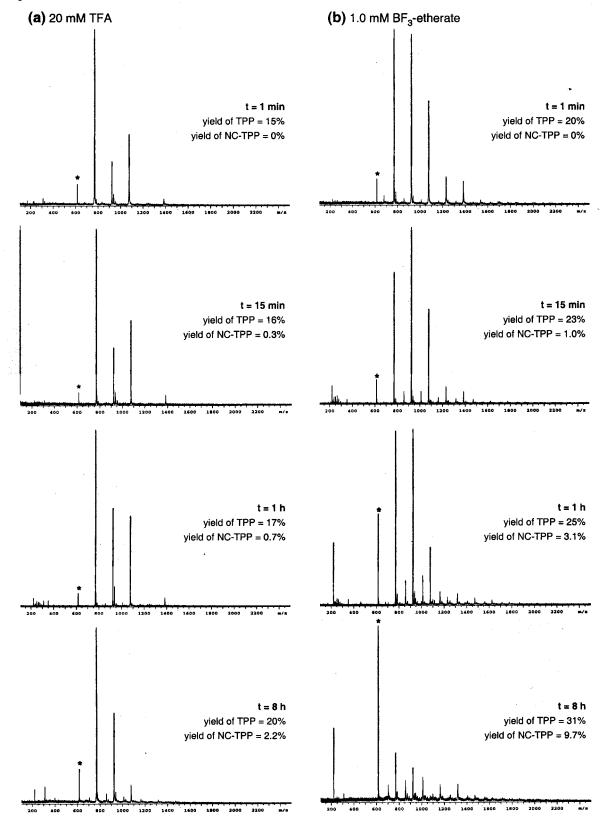


Figure S11. Selected LD-MS spectra from the condensation of PDPM (1, 5 mM) and benzaldehyde (5 mM) under (a) 20 mM TFA catalysis or (b) 1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate catalysis. The peak with appropriate m/z for TPP is labeled with an asterisk.

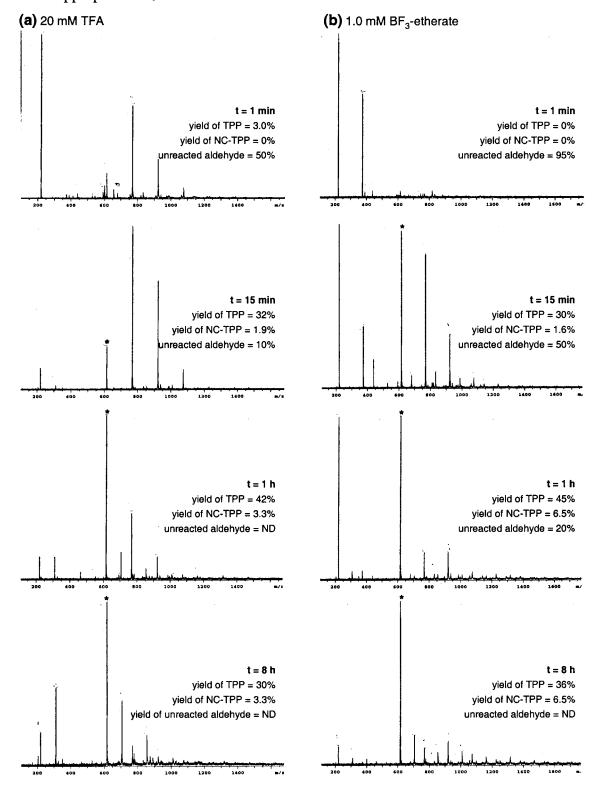


Figure S12. Selected LD-MS spectra from the condensation of PDPM-monocarbinol (4, 5 mM) under (a) 20 mM TFA catalysis or (b) 1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate catalysis. The peak with appropriate m/z for TPP is labeled with an asterisk.

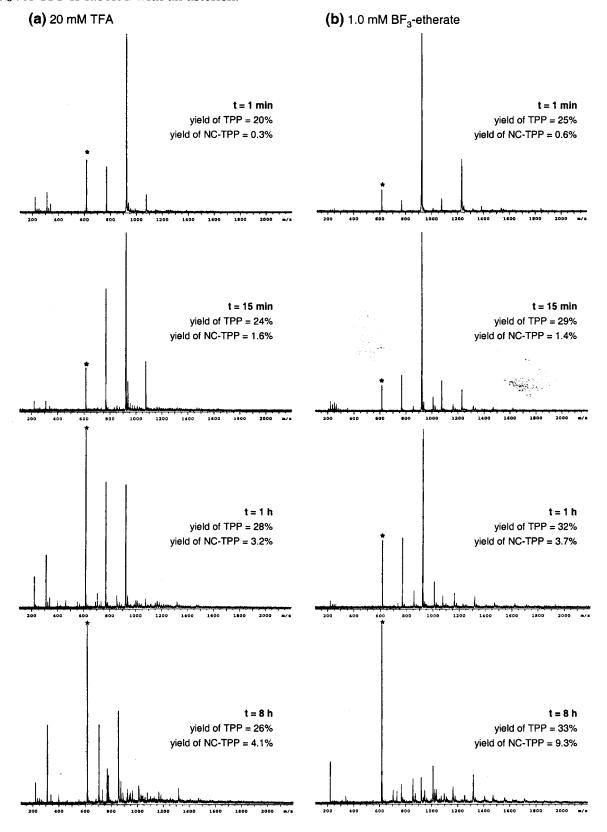
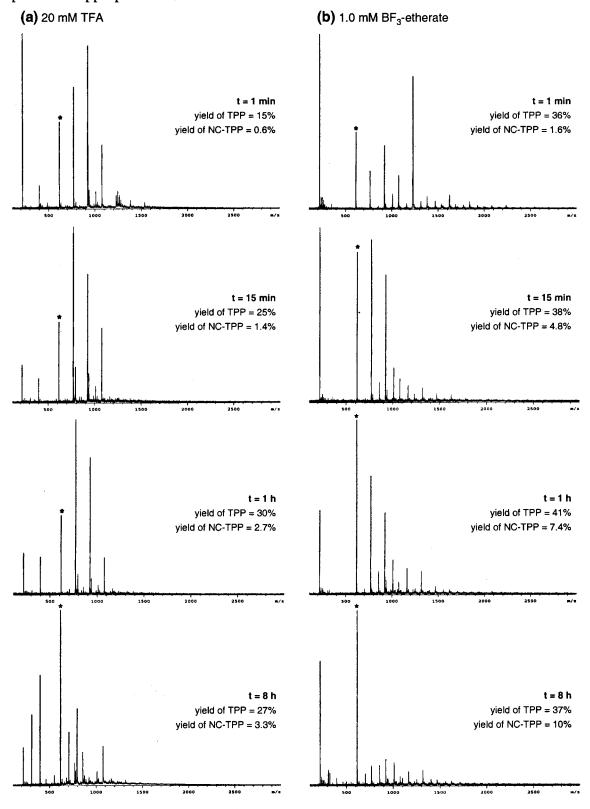


Figure S13. Selected LD-MS spectra from the condensation of PDPM-dicarbinol (5, 2.5 mM) and PDPM (1, 2.5 mM) under (a) 20 mM TFA catalysis or (b) 1.0 mM BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate catalysis. The peak with appropriate m/z for TPP is labeled with an asterisk.



Investigation of the Effect of Residual Methanol and THF in the Condensation of Carbinol-Containing Species. The NaBH<sub>4</sub> reduction of acyl groups in this study involved the solvent system of THF/methanol (3:1). The resulting carbinol is isolated as an oil which very likely contains low levels of both THF and methanol.

Control experiments performed with pyrrole + benzaldehyde (10 mM) under TFA (20 mM) catalysis showed that the addition of methanol (50 mM) or THF (50 mM) sharply inhibited the condensation. At 1 h, the yield of TPP was 40% in the absence of methanol or THF, 2.3% in the presence of THF, and 6.9% in the presence of methanol. Under BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate (1.0 mM) catalysis, the presence of THF (50 mM) decreased the yield of TPP at 1 h to 2.7% from the typical value of 26%, whereas methanol (50 mM) led to an increase in TPP yield to 43% at 1 h. Clearly, small quantities of methanol and THF affect the condensation of pyrrole + aldehyde.

Thus, experiments were performed to determine the impact of these residual solvents on condensations involving carbinol species. A sample of 2-benzoylpyrrole was reduced, affording pyrrole-carbinol 3, then divided into five equal portions. Prior to condensation, sample A was placed under vacuum for 5 min, sample B was dissolved in toluene, evaporated to an oil, then placed under vacuum for 5 min; and samples C-E were placed under vacuum for 1.5 h. Samples A, B, and C were condensed on a 10 mL scale in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> with BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate (1.0 mM) catalysis. Sample D had THF (50 mM) and sample E had methanol (50 mM) added to the reaction mixture prior to addition of BF<sub>3</sub>-etherate. All five reactions were monitored from 1 min to 4 h. The yields of TPP from all five reactions were equivalent (all were ~20% with similar increase over time, Figure S14) and the yields of NC-TPP were also equivalent for all five reactions. Apparently, methanol and THF in small quantity do not significantly impact the condensation of the carbinols, perhaps due to the increased reactivity of the carbinol.

Figure S14. Yield of TPP as a function of time for experiments examining the impact of methanol and THF on pyrrole-carbinol condensations.

