

## Ultrafast Studies of Some Diaryl Carbenes

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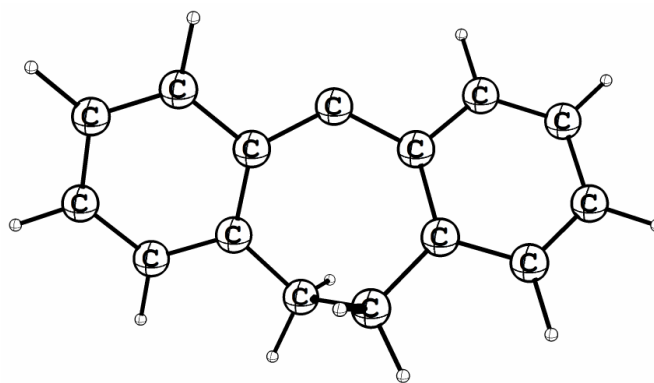
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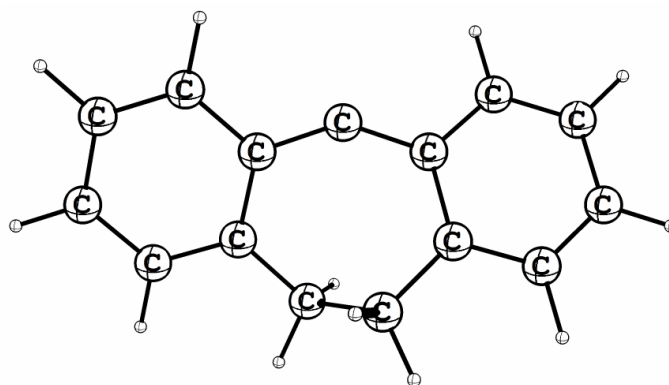
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E = -578.860935925 Hartree

$\lambda_{\max}$	$f$	$\lambda_{\max}$	$f$	Cartesian Coordinates			
1679.89	0.0047	259.88	0.0084	C	-0.546437	1.720482	0.541907
				C	0.546413	1.720584	-0.541637
				C	1.614793	0.683587	-0.292085
374.73	0.0025	259.52	0.0315	C	1.285852	-0.676437	0.015988
				C	-0.000018	-1.342430	0.000205
				C	-1.285832	-0.676465	-0.015842
371.40	0.0021	253.39	0.0117	C	-1.614828	0.683575	0.292090
				C	-2.364194	-1.559544	-0.298511
				C	-3.690481	-1.147173	-0.304210
360.34	0.0018	250.60	0.0255	C	-3.985669	0.173564	0.039055
				C	-2.955365	1.068897	0.341482
				C	2.955332	1.068899	-0.341664
359.11	0.0380	240.78	0.0066	C	3.985667	0.173564	-0.039357
				C	3.690530	-1.147157	0.304024
				C	2.364234	-1.559513	0.298564
341.94	0.0335	238.08	0.0039	H	-0.076688	1.562985	1.523898
				H	-1.018380	2.708908	0.581579
				H	1.018370	2.709008	-0.581101
324.48	0.4712	234.94	0.0029	H	0.076627	1.563287	-1.523644
				H	-2.092786	-2.590241	-0.503309
				H	-4.487467	-1.846861	-0.540024
295.14	0.0011	226.23	0.0019	H	-5.018017	0.513581	0.071226
				H	-3.203034	2.098096	0.593071
				H	3.202983	2.098086	-0.593321
278.23	0.0185	225.06	0.0030	H	5.018015	0.513568	-0.071699
				H	4.487552	-1.846828	0.539766
				H	2.092851	-2.590189	0.503514

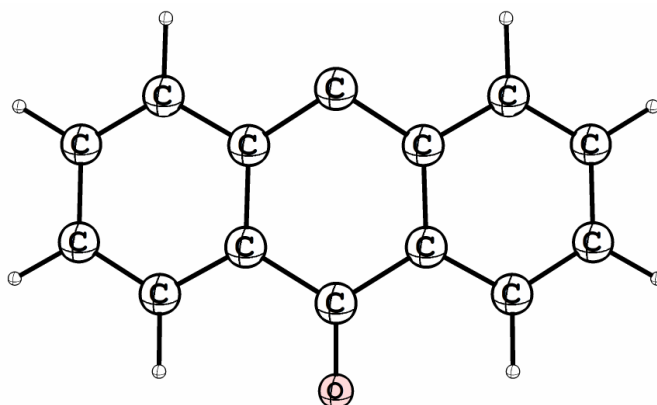
**Table S1.** TD-B3LYP/6-311+G(d,p)//B3LYP/6-31G(d) calculations of singlet DBC and its Cartesian coordinates



E = -578.875296183 Hartree

$\lambda_{\max}$	$f$	$\lambda_{\max}$	$f$	Cartesian Coordinates			
438.01	0.0077	297.53	0.0139	C	0.582219	1.721959	-0.512910
				C	-0.582190	1.721858	0.513156
				C	-1.663063	0.699586	0.246312
399.11	0.0001	289.17	0.0000	C	-1.329388	-0.673673	-0.000279
				C	-0.000027	-1.126683	-0.000129
				C	1.329387	-0.673638	0.000255
395.56	0.0042	288.8	0.0021	C	1.663079	0.699585	-0.246392
				C	2.385523	-1.599443	0.229227
				C	3.711272	-1.194288	0.222543
352.63	0.0069	279.72	0.0001	C	4.029537	0.148703	-0.009029
				C	3.004818	1.073851	-0.236149
				C	-3.004786	1.073896	0.235984
352.30	0.0523	277.49	0.001	C	-4.029525	0.148758	0.008896
				C	-3.711299	-1.194272	-0.222485
				C	-2.385563	-1.599469	-0.229112
345.17	0.0224	273.95	0.0288	H	0.161229	1.570067	-1.517423
				H	1.042963	2.716372	-0.521274
				H	-1.042866	2.716300	0.521805
323.53	0.0021	272.76	0.0009	H	-0.161253	1.569643	1.517644
				H	2.127906	-2.638713	0.411364
				H	4.499821	-1.920439	0.401052
323.34	0.5225	257.07	0.0028	H	5.065616	0.475438	-0.011566
				H	3.257487	2.117275	-0.413609
				H	-3.257427	2.117334	0.413396
320.69	0.0024	256.16	0.0157	H	-5.065594	0.475528	0.011353
				H	-4.499871	-1.920420	-0.400907
				H	-2.127977	-2.638763	-0.411155

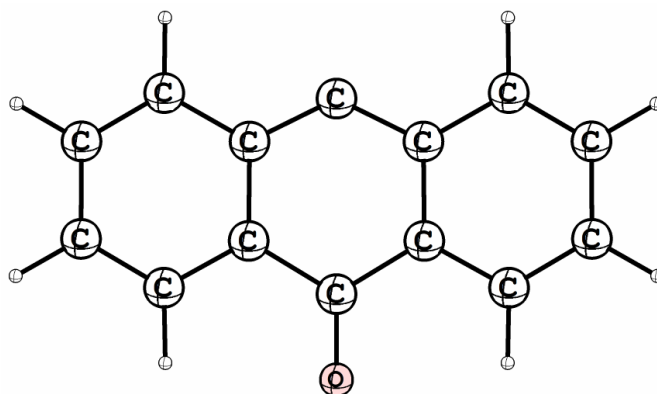
**Table S2.** TD-B3LYP/6-311+G(d,p)//B3LYP/6-31G(d) calculations of triplet DBC and its Cartesian coordinates



E = -613.587596881 Hartree

$\lambda_{\max}$	$f$	$\lambda_{\max}$	$f$	Cartesian Coordinates			
1581.22	0.0024	257.57	0.3551	C	-1.220926	-0.911958	0.076791
				C	-1.267712	0.511768	0.049152
493.2	0.0017	253.12	0.1231	C	0.000000	1.294821	0.077572
				C	1.267711	0.511768	0.049148
459.29	0.0029	247.12	0.0067	C	1.220926	-0.911960	0.076786
				C	0.000000	-1.664175	0.281399
433.79	0.0373	245.84	0.0056	C	-2.438574	-1.619380	-0.013023
				C	-3.651887	-0.947556	-0.142554
382.34	0.1331	244.12	0.2308	C	-3.677093	0.451450	-0.123772
				C	-2.489278	1.179764	-0.014149
367.16	0.0312	237.47	0.0213	C	2.489277	1.179764	-0.014143
				C	3.677092	0.451450	-0.123766
335.68	0.0343	237.4	0.0117	C	3.651886	-0.947556	-0.142557
				C	2.438574	-1.619381	-0.013032
308.09	0.0007	229.04	0.0004	O	0.000001	2.522763	0.075892
				H	-2.393370	-2.703512	0.027189
289.37	0.0055	227.19	0.0169	H	-4.580197	-1.505989	-0.225232
				H	-4.626458	0.976764	-0.186833
282.83	0.0707	223.87	0.0034	H	-2.494301	2.265222	0.009750
				H	2.494302	2.265222	0.009758
				H	4.626458	0.976764	-0.186821
				H	4.580197	-1.505988	-0.225237
				H	2.393371	-2.703513	0.027175

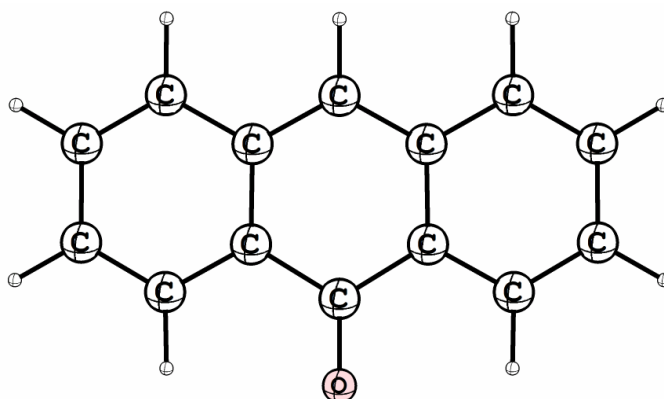
**Table S3.** TD-B3LYP/6-311+G(d,p)//B3LYP/6-31G(d) calculations of singlet AN and its Cartesian coordinates



E = -613.601805465 Hartree

$\lambda_{\max}$	$f$	$\lambda_{\max}$	$f$	Cartesian Coordinates			
598.82	0.0000	339.33	0.0000	C	-1.257125	-0.935665	-0.000055
				C	-1.269528	0.498315	-0.000037
				C	0.000001	1.266950	-0.000096
517.86	0.0031	337.74	0.0049	C	1.269529	0.498314	-0.000033
				C	1.257124	-0.935662	-0.000061
468.91	0.0063	331.42	0.0000	C	-0.000001	-1.555757	-0.000197
				C	-2.490428	-1.635509	0.000006
414.66	0.0414	307.22	0.0232	C	-3.686255	-0.938316	0.000094
				C	-3.693166	0.469109	0.000116
413.41	0.0243	306.50	0.0310	C	-2.494757	1.174319	0.000041
				C	2.494759	1.174317	0.000056
				C	3.693166	0.469106	0.000126
396.36	0.0000	299.93	0.0000	C	3.686253	-0.938316	0.000083
				C	2.490427	-1.635508	-0.000008
384.11	0.0000	295.82	0.0010	O	0.000001	2.502987	-0.000122
				H	-2.478936	-2.721281	-0.000020
366.27	0.0000	285.70	0.0003	H	-4.626877	-1.482278	0.000147
				H	-4.638186	1.004789	0.000196
				H	-2.474766	2.259736	0.000051
352.80	0.0000	283.43	0.0003	H	2.474770	2.259735	0.000082
				H	4.638186	1.004786	0.000217
343.71	0.1723	266.57	0.0039	H	4.626874	-1.482281	0.000125
				H	2.478934	-2.721280	-0.000047

**Table S4.** TD-B3LYP/6-311+G(d,p)//B3LYP/6-31G(d) calculations of triplet AN and its Cartesian coordinates

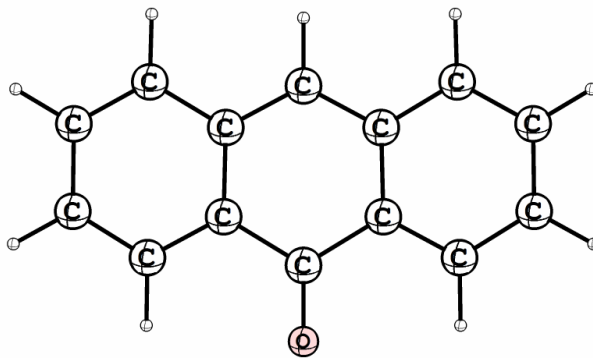


E = -614.288170904 Hartree

$\lambda_{\max}$	$f$	$\lambda_{\max}$	$f$	Cartesian Coordinates			
643.79	0.0000	307.99	0.0264	C	-1.240609	-0.902048	-0.000110
				C	-1.262874	0.525198	-0.000077
				C	0.000000	1.298817	-0.000106
526.89	0.0011	305.56	0.0000	C	1.262874	0.525198	-0.000077
				C	1.240609	-0.902048	-0.000110
				C	0.000000	-1.589215	-0.000278
500.89	0.0135	286.29	0.0006	C	-2.476866	-1.598808	0.000027
				C	-3.676713	-0.909528	0.000180
436.84	0.0369	269.37	0.0009	C	-3.686687	0.497872	0.000165
				C	-2.487905	1.202423	0.000030
430.38	0.0416	265.28	0.0003	C	2.487905	1.202423	0.000030
				C	3.686687	0.497872	0.000165
				C	3.676713	-0.909528	0.000180
344.50	0.0010	259.18	0.0000	C	2.476866	-1.598808	0.000027
				O	0.000000	2.535444	-0.000113
343.77	0.1410	256.29	0.0176	H	-2.467478	-2.686086	0.000029
				H	-4.615359	-1.457016	0.000301
				H	-4.632310	1.032643	0.000238
337.28	0.0243	254.63	0.4719	H	-2.468409	2.287589	0.000001
				H	2.468409	2.287589	0.000001
				H	4.632310	1.032643	0.000238
334.21	0.0000	249.89	0.0012	H	4.615359	-1.457016	0.000301
				H	2.467478	-2.686086	0.000029
314.86	0.0226	247.93	0.0000	H	0.000000	-2.676735	-0.000517

**Table S5.** TD-B3LYP/6-311+G(d,p)//B3LYP/6-31G(d) calculations of radical ANH• and its Cartesian coordinates

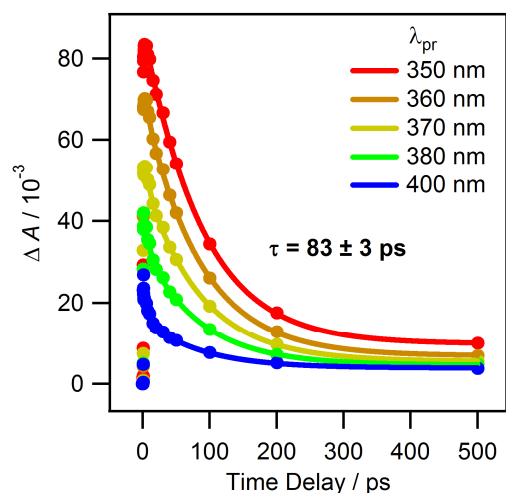




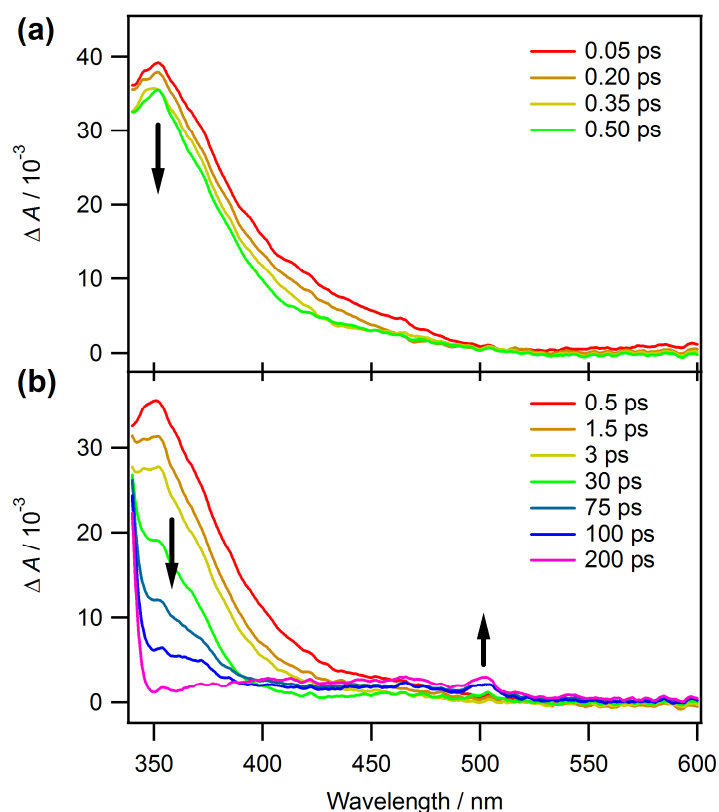
E = -614.031287028 Hartree

$\lambda_{\max}$	$f$	$\lambda_{\max}$	$f$	Cartesian Coordinates			
657.21	0.0000	243.00	0.0002	C	1.243636	-0.879941	0.000024
				C	1.277641	0.548251	0.000018
				C	0.000000	1.327974	0.000008
513.64	0.0208	241.04	0.4188	C	-1.277641	0.548251	0.000018
				C	-1.243636	-0.879941	0.000024
				C	0.000000	-1.546790	0.000065
452.22	0.0325	230.77	0.0002	C	2.458254	-1.611441	-0.000014
				C	3.673970	-0.939145	-0.000061
				C	3.691616	0.461168	-0.000019
428.04	0.3215	226.26	0.0001	C	2.496804	1.204457	0.000026
				C	-2.496804	1.204457	0.000026
				C	-3.691616	0.461168	-0.000019
300.64	0.0000	224.75	0.0078	C	-3.673970	-0.939145	-0.000061
				C	-2.458254	-1.611441	-0.000014
				O	0.000000	2.548037	-0.000026
290.54	0.0371	219.73	0.0023	H	2.428399	-2.697463	-0.000017
				H	4.605518	-1.495293	-0.000120
				H	4.642800	0.985338	-0.000025
279.36	0.0000	215.56	0.0249	H	2.513449	2.289498	0.000063
				H	-2.513449	2.289498	0.000063
				H	-4.642800	0.985338	-0.000025
265.19	0.0000	213.72	0.0002	H	-4.605518	-1.495293	-0.000120
				H	-2.428399	-2.697463	-0.000017
				H	0.000000	-2.635744	0.000266
255.64	0.0000	207.36	0.3707				
255.26	0.2509	206.08	0.0421				

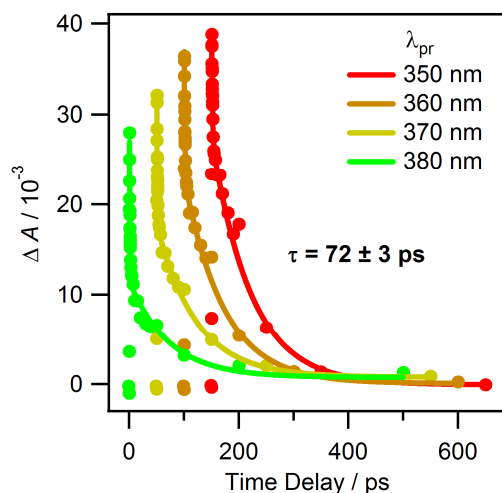
**Table S6.** TD-B3LYP/6-311+G(d,p)//B3LYP/6-31G(d) calculations of ANH<sup>+</sup> and its Cartesian coordinates



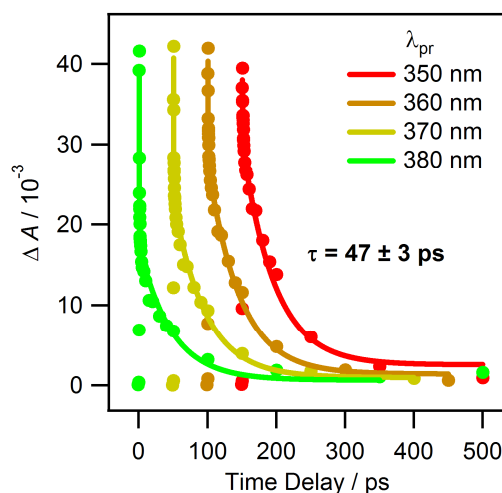
**Figure S1.** Kinetic traces were produced by ultrafast LFP ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 308 \text{ nm}$ ) of DDBC in acetonitrile. The kinetic traces were probed at 350, 360, 370, 380 and 400 nm, respectively and globally fitted in equation  $\Delta OD = A_1 \exp(-t/\tau_1) + A_2 \exp(-t/\tau_2) + A_3$ , where  $\tau_1$  is unlinked and  $\tau_2$  is linked. The value  $83 \pm 3 \text{ ps}$  shown above is the common time constant  $\tau_2$ , which is assigned to the lifetime of  $^1\text{DBC}$  in acetonitrile.



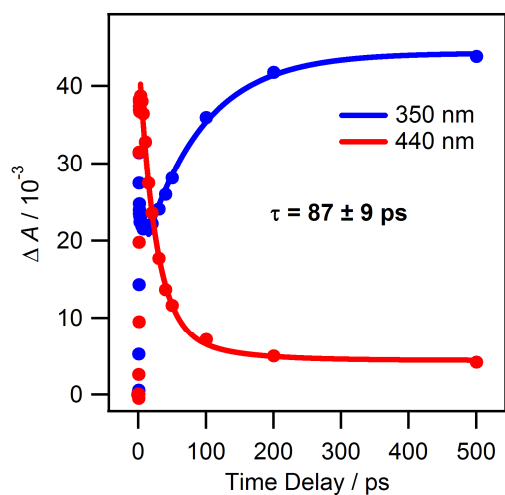
**Figure S2.** The transient spectra were generated by ultrafast LFP (308 nm) of DDBC in cyclohexane with time windows (a) 2–30 ps, (b) 40–200 ps and (c) 500–2500 ps.



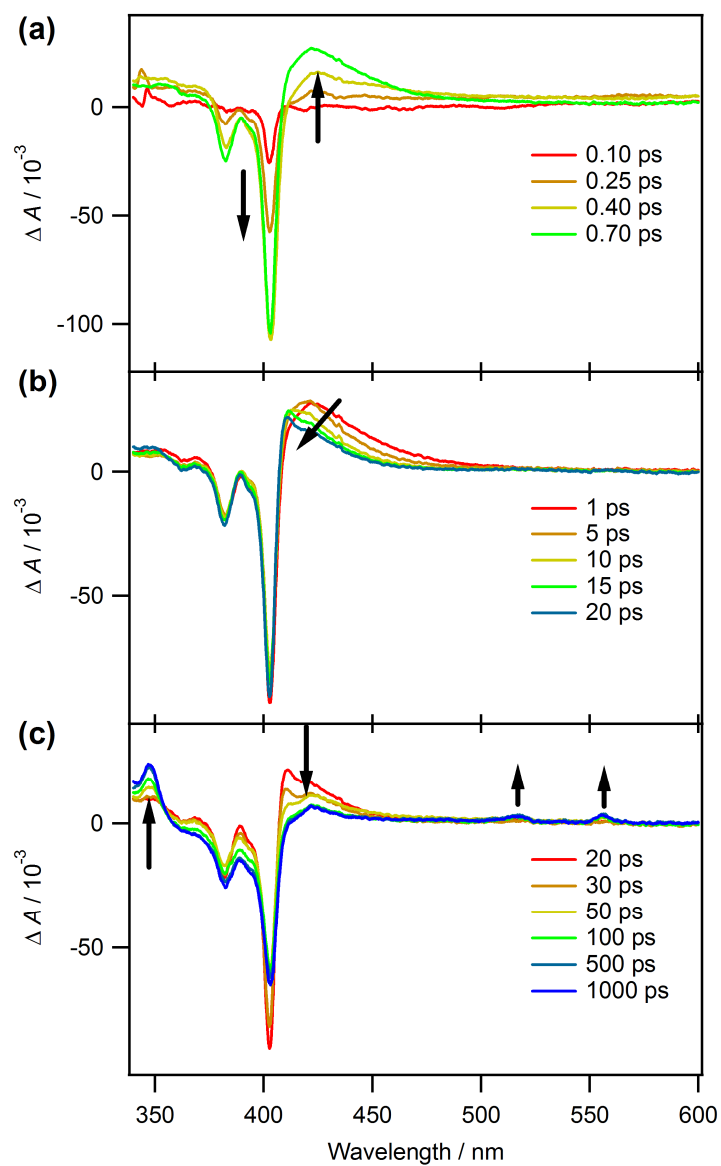
**Figure S3.** Kinetic traces were produced by ultrafast LFP ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 308 \text{ nm}$ ) of DDBC in cyclohexane. The kinetic traces were probed at 350, 360, 370 and 380, respectively and globally fitted to the equation  $\Delta OD = A_1 \exp(-t/\tau_1) + A_2 \exp(-t/\tau_2) + A_3$ , where  $\tau_1$  is unlinked and  $\tau_2$  is linked. The value  $72 \pm 3 \text{ ps}$  shown in the figure is the common time constant  $\tau_2$ , which is assigned to the lifetime of  $^1\text{DBC}$  in cyclohexane. The kinetic traces are separated by 50 ps for clarity.



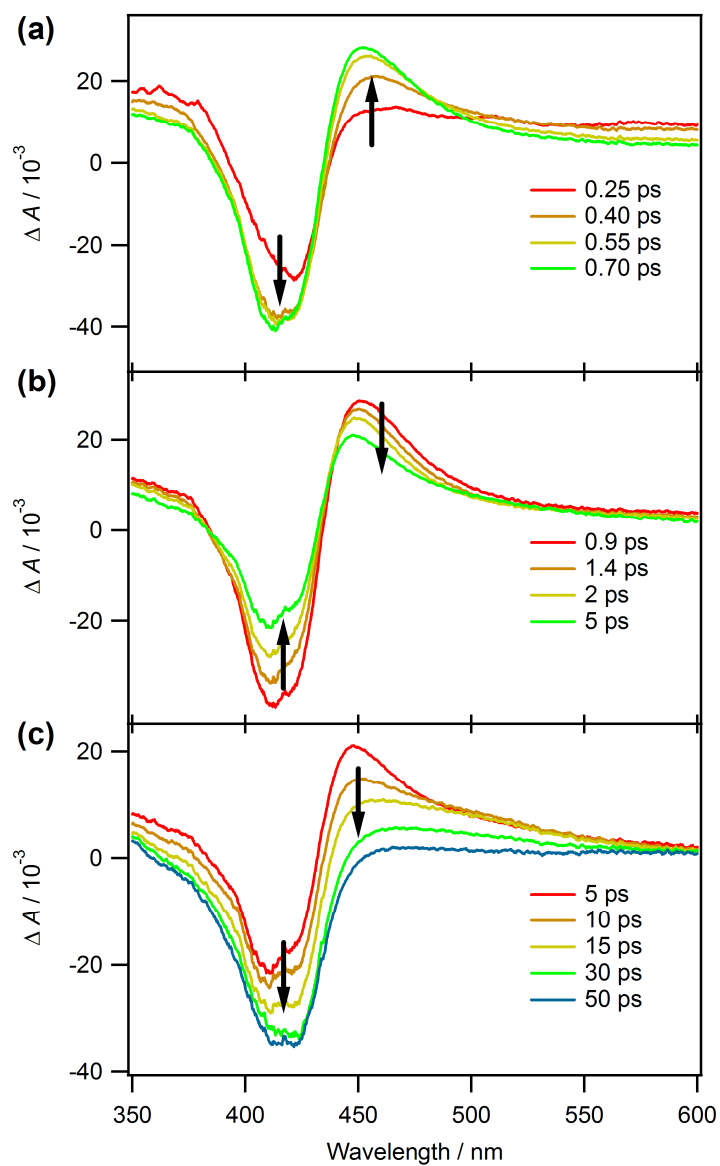
**Figure S4.** Kinetic traces were produced by ultrafast LFP ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 308 \text{ nm}$ ) of DDBC in cyclohexene. The kinetic traces were probed at 350, 360, 370 and 380, respectively and globally fitted to the equation  $\Delta OD = A_1 \exp(-t/\tau_1) + A_2 \exp(-t/\tau_2) + A_3$ , where  $\tau_1$  is unlinked and  $\tau_2$  is linked. The value  $47 \pm 3 \text{ ps}$  shown in the figure is the common time constant  $\tau_2$ , which is assigned to the lifetime of  $^1\text{DBC}$  in cyclohexene. The kinetic traces are separated by 50 ps for clarity.



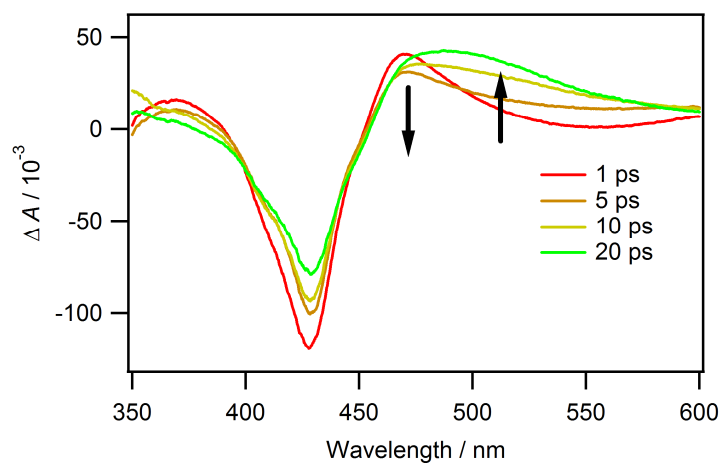
**Figure S5.** Kinetic traces were produced by ultrafast LFP ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 308$  nm) of DAN in acetonitrile. The kinetic traces were probed at 350 and 440, respectively and globally fitted to the equations  $\Delta OD = A_1 \exp(-t/\tau_1) + A_2$  and  $\Delta OD = A_1 \exp(-t/\tau_1) + A_2 \exp(-t/\tau_2) + A_3$ , where  $\tau_1$  is linked. The value  $87 \pm 9$  ps shown above is the common time constant  $\tau_1$ , which is assigned to the lifetime of  $^1\text{AN}$  in acetonitrile.  $\tau_2$  is  $24 \pm 3$  ps, which is assigned to the vibrational cooling of  $^1\text{AN}$ .



**Figure S6.** Transient spectra were generated by ultrafast LFP ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 308 \text{ nm}$ ) of DAN in cyclohexane with time windows of (a) 0.10–0.70 ps, (b) 1–20 ps and (c) 20–1000 ps.



**Figure S7.** Transient spectra were generated by ultrafast LFP ( $\lambda_{ex} = 308$  nm) of DAN in methanol with time windows of (a) 0.25–0.70 ps, (b) 0.9–5 ps and (c) 5–50 ps.



**Figure S8.** Transient spectra were generated by ultrafast LFP ( $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 308$  nm) of DAN in 2,2,2-trifluoroethanol with a time window of 1–20 ps.