

Figure S1. (Supplementary Material) - Experimental $^1\text{H-NMR}$ chemical shifts of *1-(3,7-dimethylocta-1,6-dien-3-yl)-4-phenyl-1H-tetrazol-5(4H)-one* (**4a**), recorded in CD_3OD .

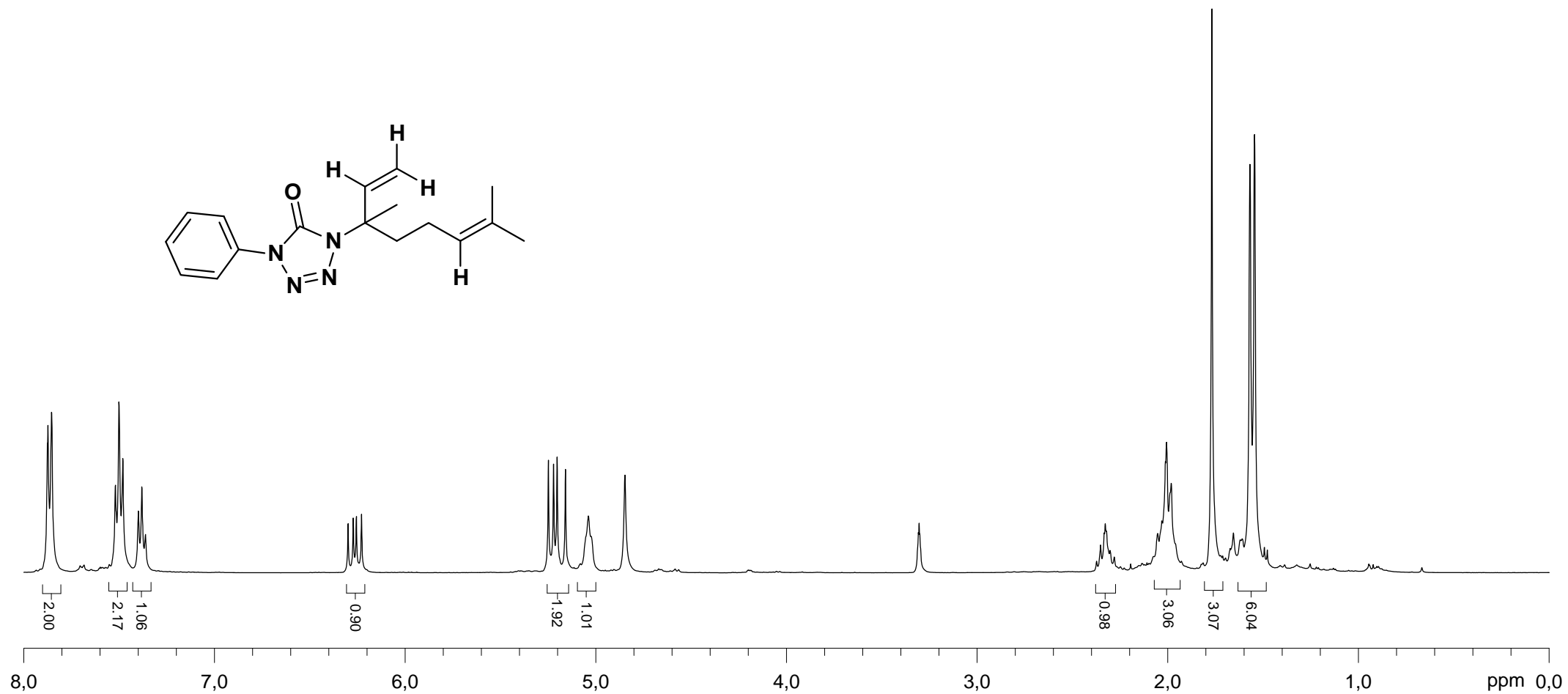


Figure S2. (Supplementary Material) - Experimental $^1\text{H-NMR}$ chemical shifts of
4-(cyclohex-2-enyl)-1-phenyl-1H-tetrazol-5(4H)-one (**4b**), recorded in CD_3OD .

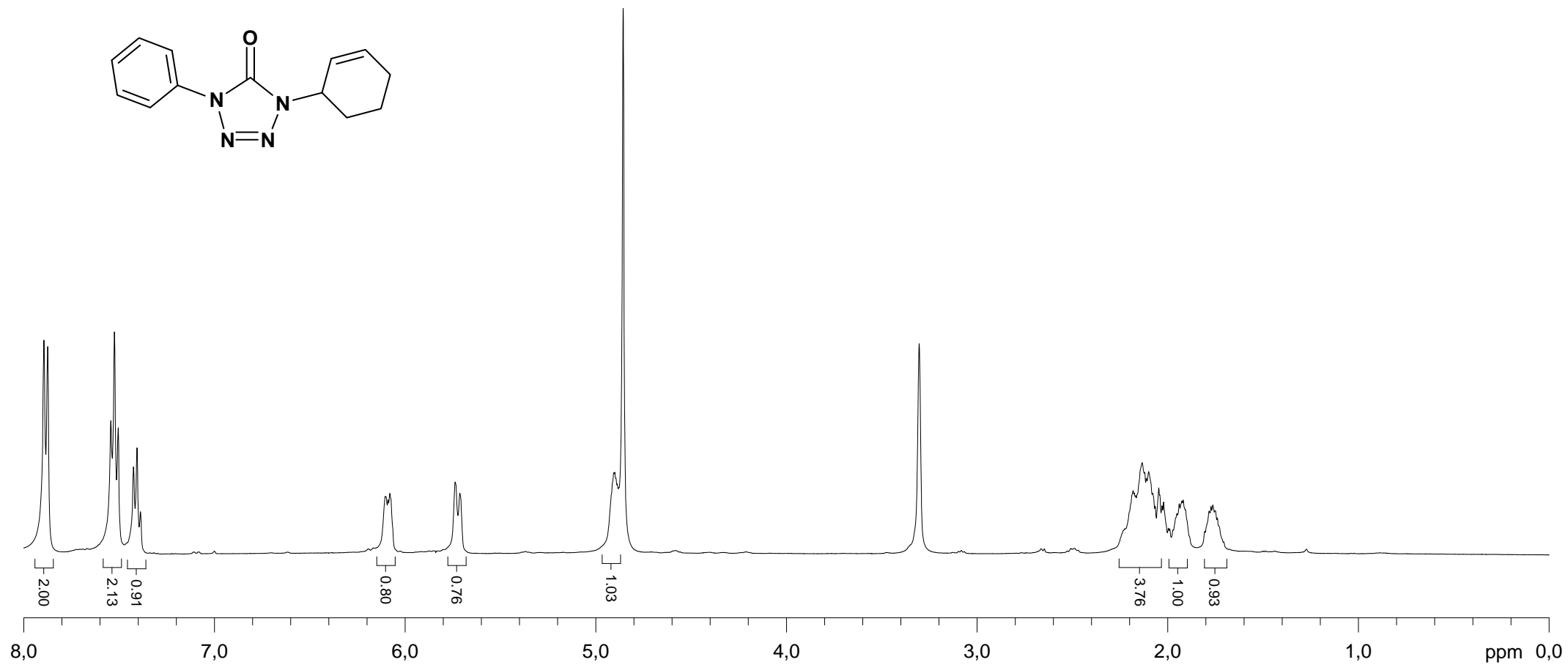


Figure S3. (Supplementary Material) - Experimental $^1\text{H-NMR}$ chemical shifts of 4-(3-methylcyclohex-2-enyl)-1-phenyl-1H-tetrazol-5(4H)-one (**4c**), recorded in CD_3OD .

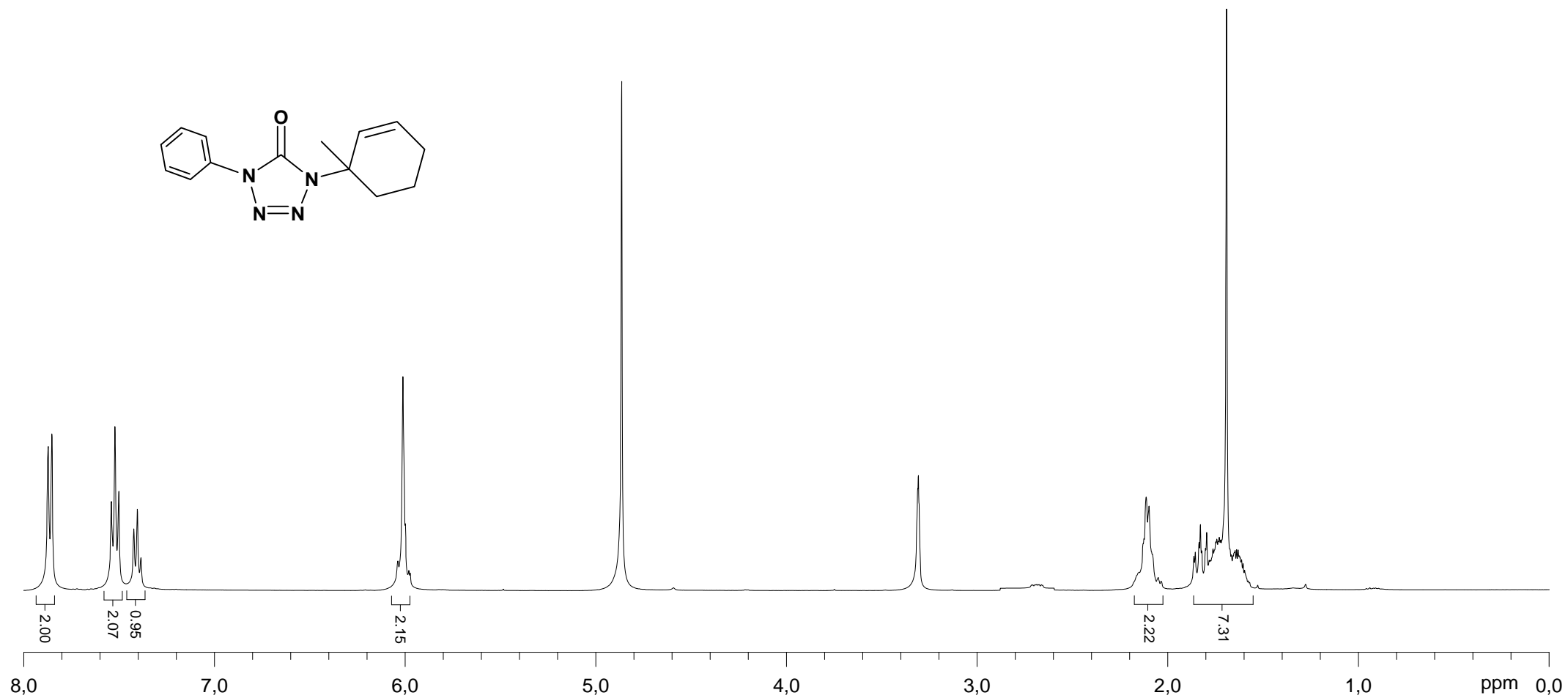


Figure S1. (Supplementary Material) - Experimental $^1\text{H-NMR}$ chemical shifts of two conformers (distended configuration and a π - π stacking interaction) of *4-methyl-4-(4-methylpent-3-enyl)-1-phenyl-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-2(1H)-one (10a)*. Recorded in CD_3OD

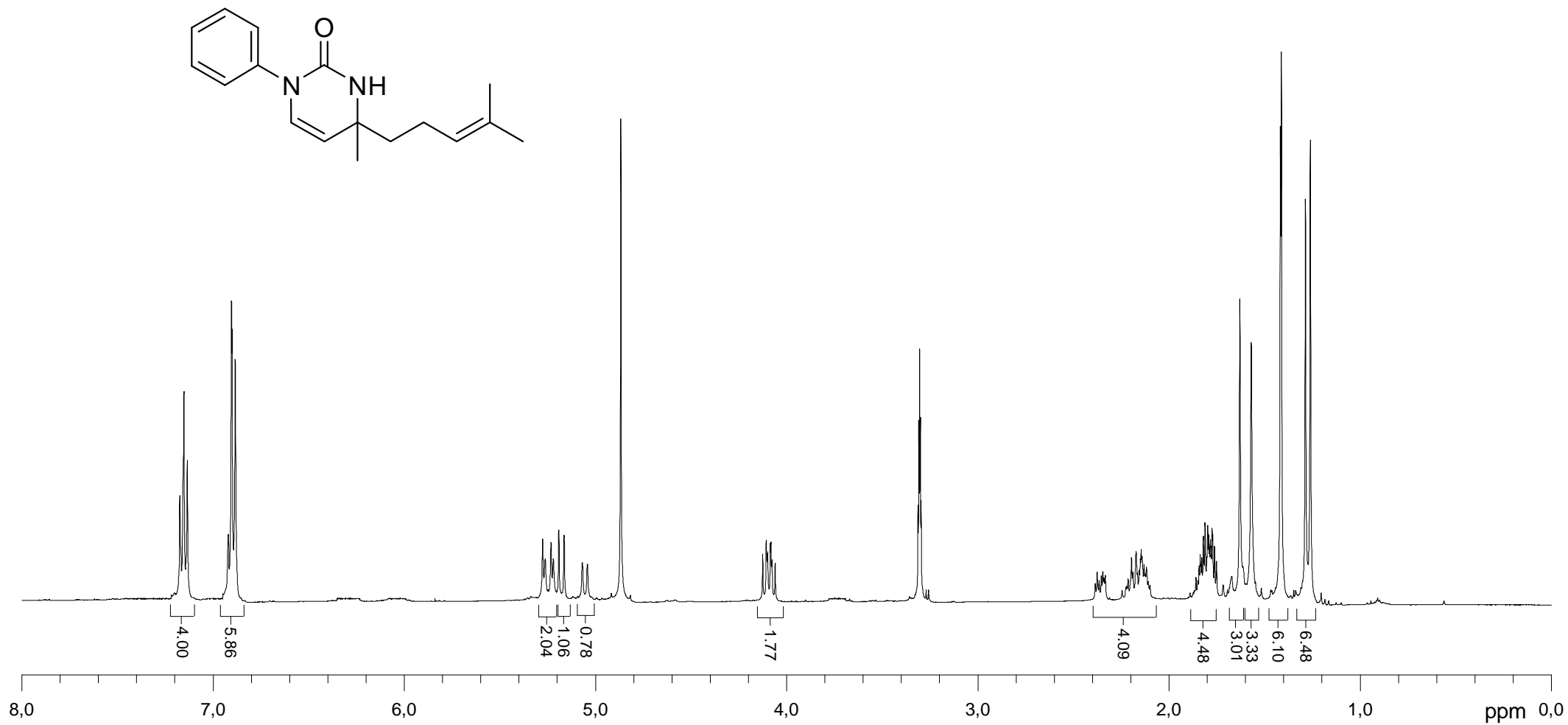


Figure S5. (Supplementary Material) - Experimental $^1\text{H-NMR}$ chemical shifts of *1-phenyl-3a,4,5,6-tetrahydro-1H-benzoimidazol-2(3H)-one* (**10b**), recorded in CD_3OD .

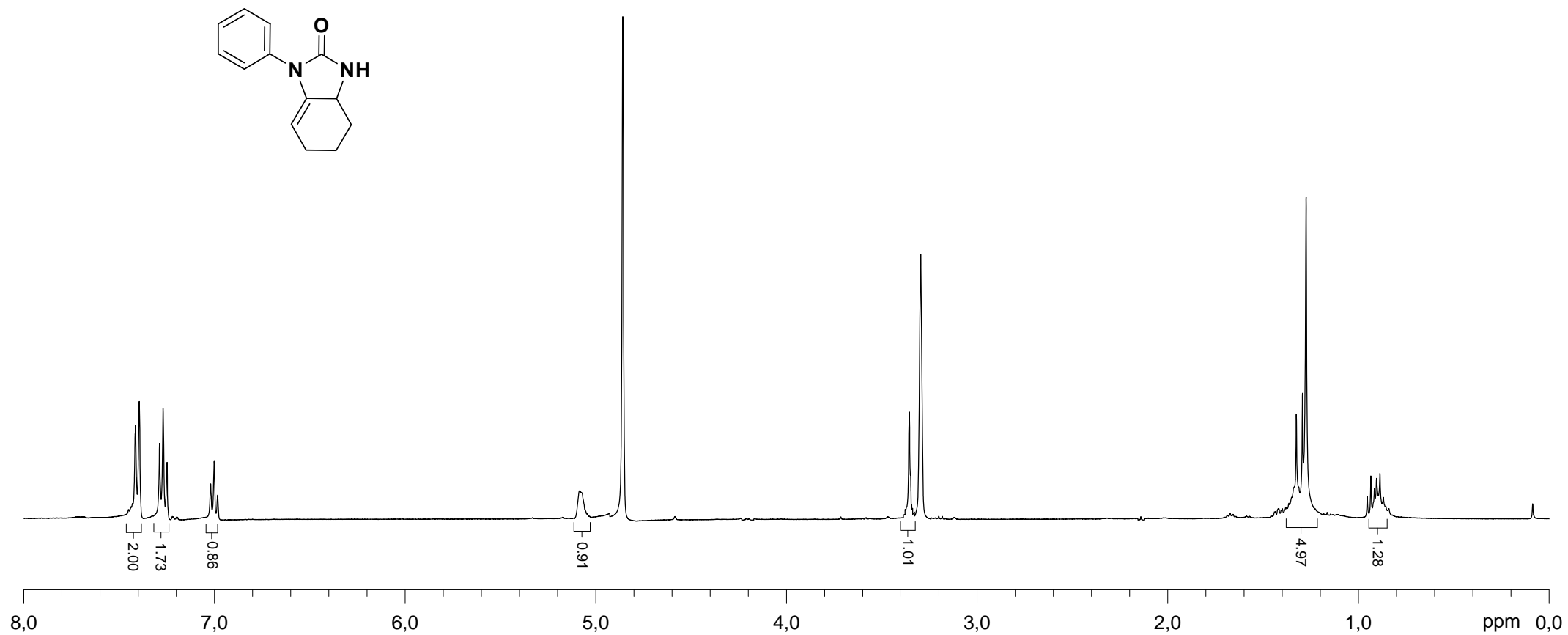
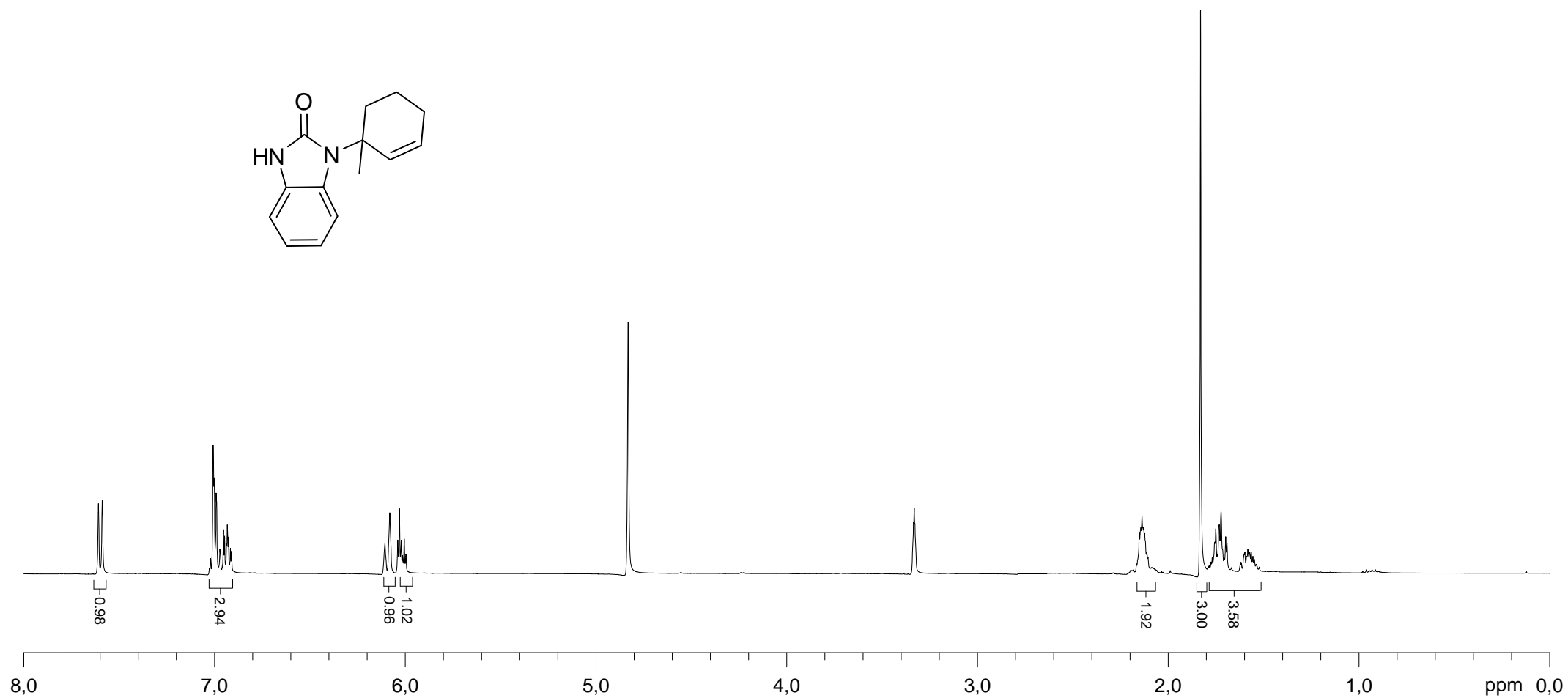


Figure S6. (Supplementary Material) - Experimental $^1\text{H-NMR}$ chemical shifts of *3-(1-methylcyclohex-2-enyl)-benzimidazol-2(1H)-one* (**11**), recorded in CD_3OD .



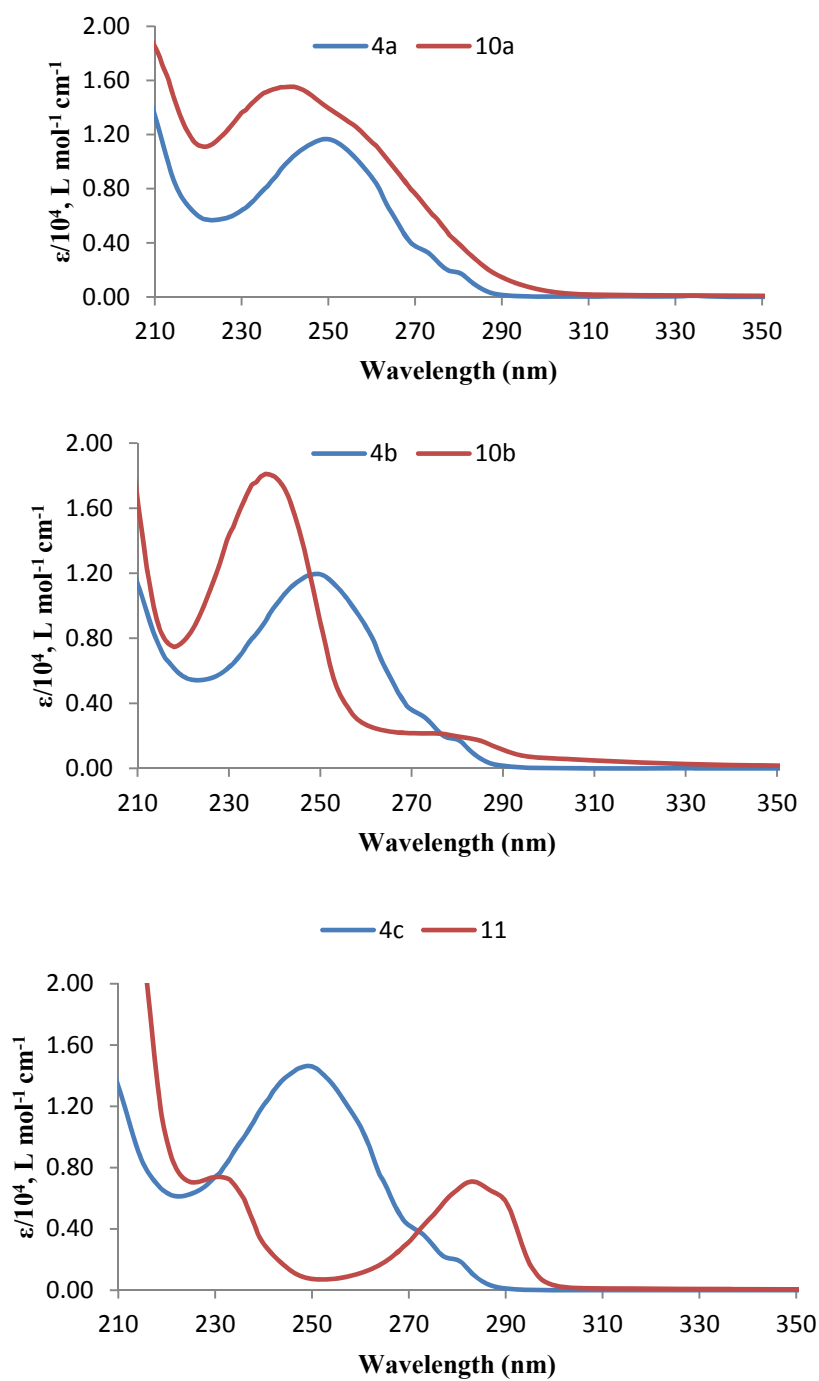


Figure S7. (Supplementary Material) - Extinction coefficients (ϵ), as function of wavelength, for tetrazolones **4a-c** (blue line) and corresponding photoproducts, pyrimidinones **10a**, **10b** and benzimidazolone **11** (red line), in methanol.

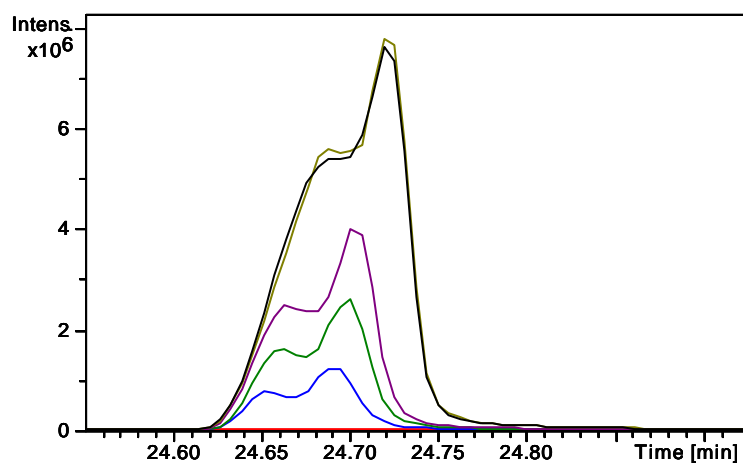


Figure S8. (Supplementary Material) - GC analysis of the photoproduct *4-methyl-4-(4-methylpent-3-enyl)-1-phenyl-3,4-dihydropyrimidin-2(1H)-one* (**10a**). The peak shoulder probably results from the presence of two conformers one with a distended configuration of the nerol residue, and other with the nerol residue in a orientation parallel to the tetrazole moiety.

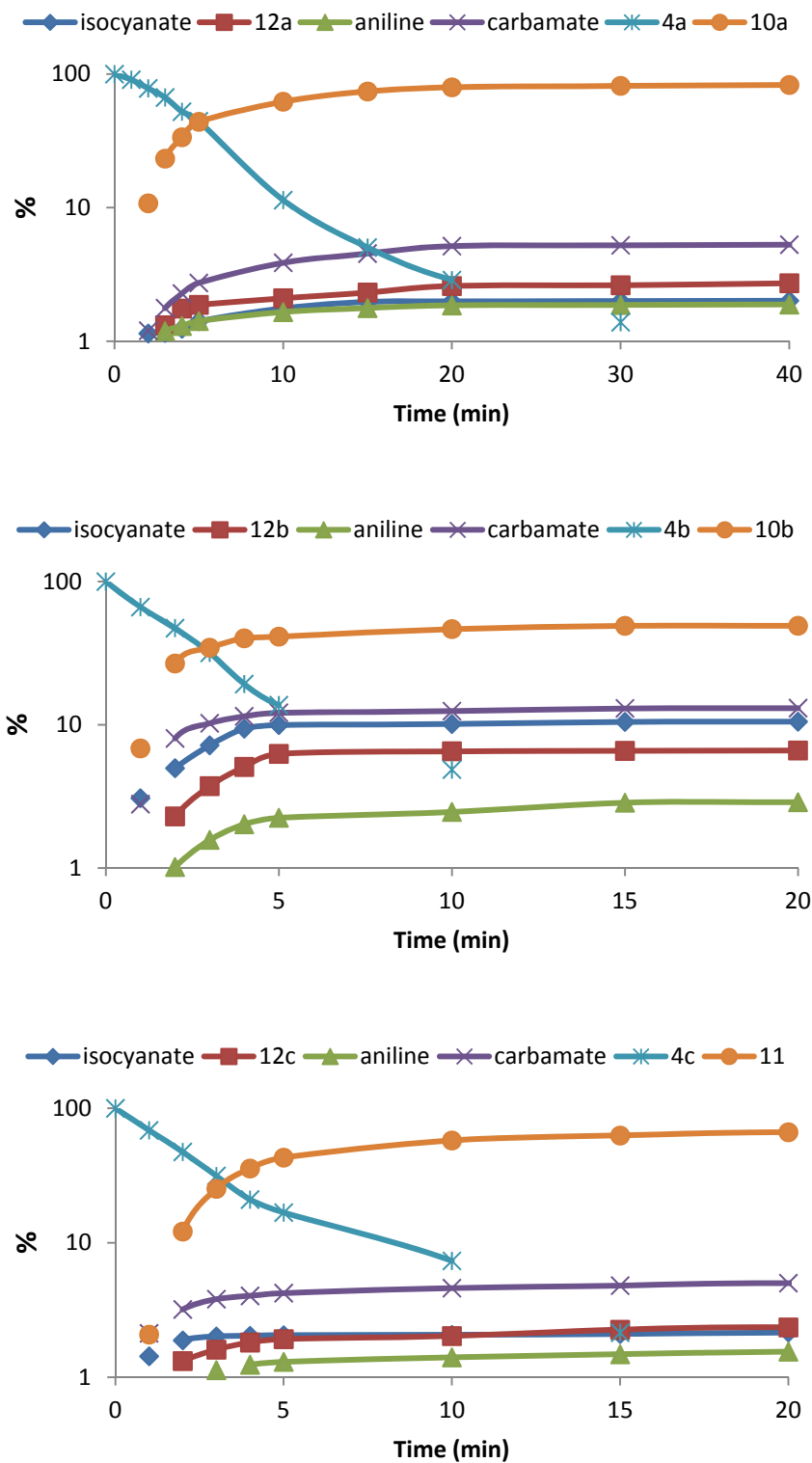


Figure S9. (Supplementary Material) - Variation of the amount of reagents and photoproducts during irradiation of tetrazolones **4a-c** ($\lambda=254\text{nm}$) in methanol ($1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ M}$). The amount of reagent before irradiation was assumed to be 100%. The yields of different photoproducts were monitored by gaseous chromatography. Note that the ordinate scale is logarithmic.

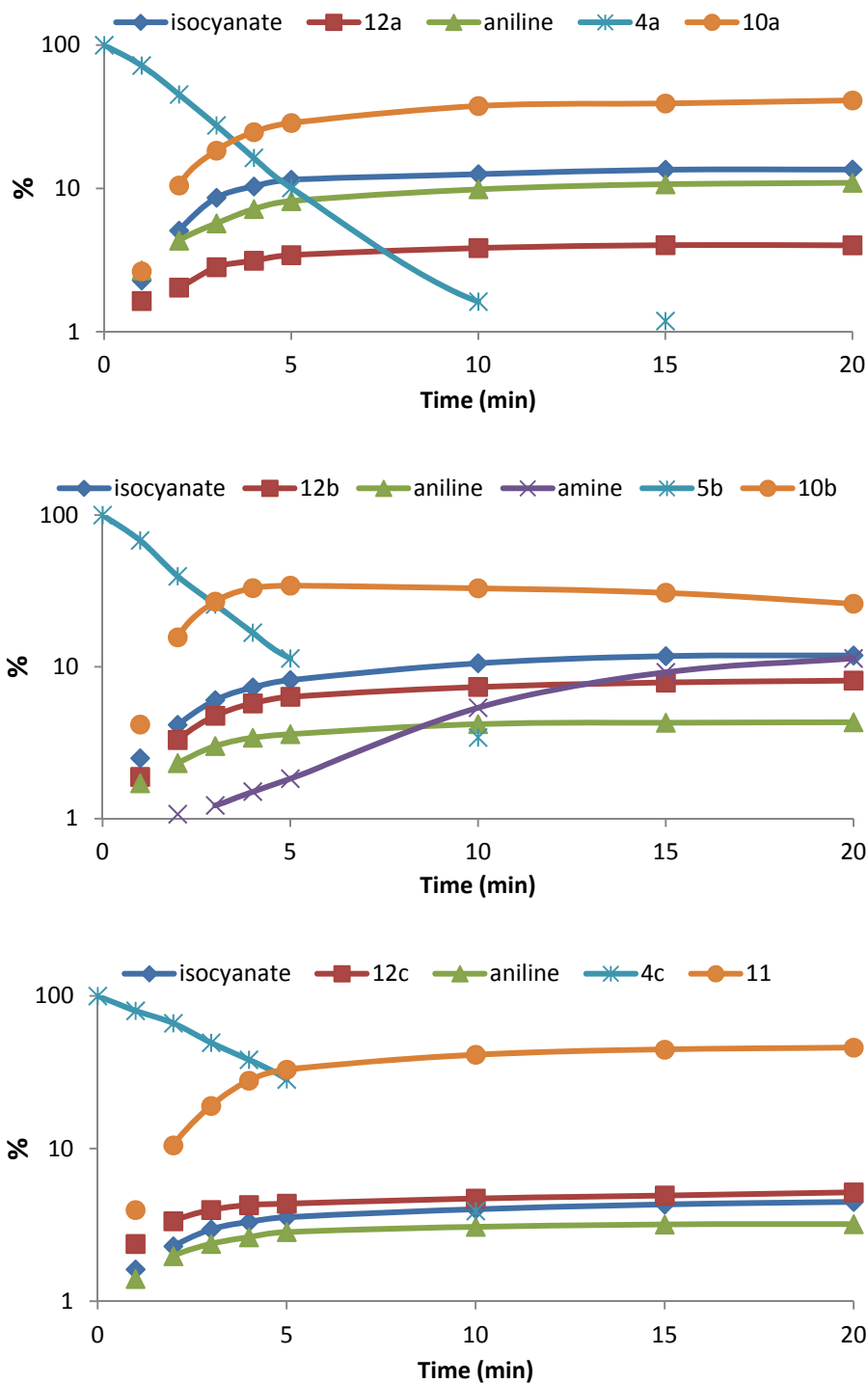


Figure S10. (Supplementary Material) - Variation of the amount of reagents and photoproducts during irradiation of tetrazolones **4a-c** ($\lambda=254\text{nm}$) in acetonitrile ($1 \times 10^{-4} \text{M}$). The amount of reagent before irradiation was assumed to be 100%. The yields of different photoproducts were monitored by gaseous chromatography. Note that the ordinate scale is logarithmic.

Table 1. Extinction coefficients values for tetrazolones **4a-c** and photoproducts **10a,b** and **11**, calculated at λ_{max} .

Compound	λ_{max} (nm)	$\epsilon/10^4$ (L.mol ⁻¹ .cm ⁻¹)
4a	249	1.167
4b	249	1.195
4c	249	1.463
10a	241	1.553
10b	238	1.810
11	231; 283	0.739; 0.709