

Supporting information

Unexpected Multi-walled Carbon Nanotubes Behaviour on “*in situ*” Radical Polymerization Process : When Carbon NanoTubes act as Initiator & Chemical Motor for Controlled Radical Polymerization

A.-C. Courbaron Gilbert, C. Derail, N.E. El Bounia, L. Billon *

Table TI-1. Influence of MWCNT presence on polymers synthesis regarding the molar mass (M_n) and weight conversion (C_w)

polymer	MWCNT*		M_n (g.mol ⁻¹)	variation M_n	C_w (%)	variation C_w
	(wt%)					
PMMA	0		20 000		25	
MWNT-PMMA	4.4		17 000	- 15%	44	+ 75%
PAA- <i>b</i> -PMMA	0		60 000		40	
MWNT-PAA- <i>b</i> -PMMA	2.25		50 000	- 17%	59	+ 50%
PS- <i>b</i> -PMMA	0		13 000		11	
MWNT-PS- <i>b</i> -PMMA	3		5 500	- 58%	13	+ 20%

$$\% MWCNT = m_{MWCNT} / m_{monomer}, \quad C_w = m_{polymer} / m_{monomer}$$

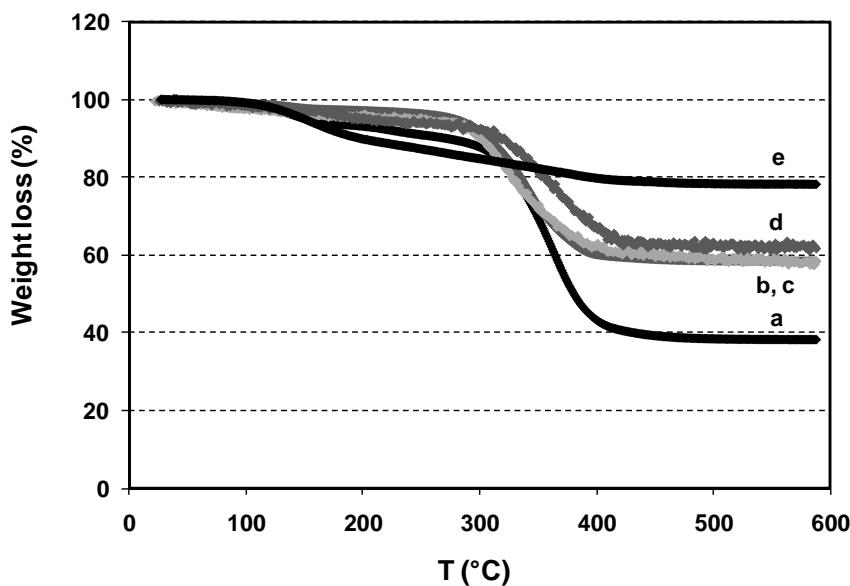


Figure SI-1. TGA Thermograms ($10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}.\text{min}^{-1}$) of PAA-*b*-PMMA-*g*-MWNT nanocomposites synthesized in absence of radical initiator with different SG1 contents (Table 1 entries *a* to *e*).

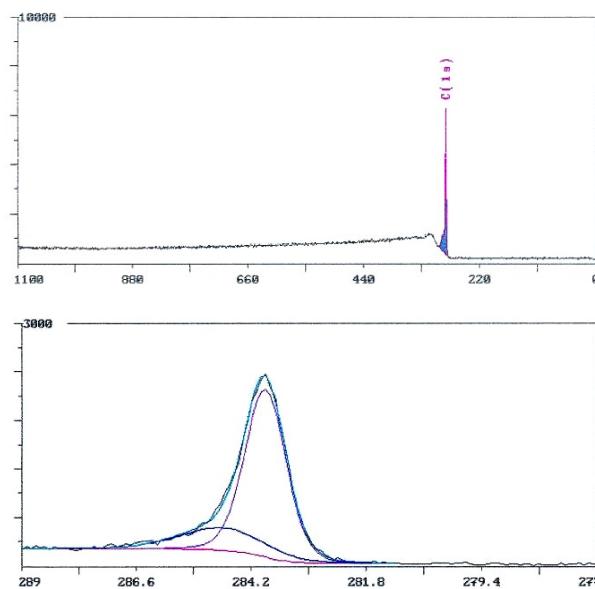


Figure SI-2. Total XPS spectra of the MWCNT and deconvolution of the associated C(1s) peak.