Electronic Supplementary Information

Carbocationic polymerization of isoprene initiated by dimethylallyl derivatives associated to $B(C_6F_5)_3$

Samira Ouardad, Alain Deffieux, Frédéric Peruch

Univ. Bordeaux, LCPO, UMR 5629, F-33600 Pessac, France ; CNRS, LCPO, UMR 5629, F-33600 Pessac, France.



Figure S1. ¹H NMR spectra of 3,3-DMAOH (a) and 3,3-DMAOAc (b)



Figure S2. ¹H NMR spectra of 3,3-DMAOAc/B(C_6F_5)₃ at ratio 1/2 over time in CD₂Cl₂ at 20°C.



Figure S3. ¹H NMR spectra of 3,3-DMABr/B(C_6F_5)₃ at ratio 1/2 over time in CD₂Cl₂ at 20°C.



Figure S4. ¹H NMR spectra of 3,3-DMACl/B(C_6F_5)₃ at ratio 1/2 over time in CD₂Cl₂ at 20°C.



Figure S5. ¹H NMR spectra superimposition of PIs obtained with the system IP/3,3-DMAX/B(C_6F_5)₃, /DtBp 75/1/2/0 in CH₂Cl₂ at 20 °C (case X = OH, Cl). Normalization based on the olefinic peaks characteristic of a *trans*-1,4 unit at 5.1 ppm.



Figure S6. SEC chromatograms of PIPs obtained in presence of IP/3,3-DMAX/B(C_6F_5)₃ in 75/1/2 proportions in CH₂Cl₂ at 20°C (PIPs obtained with 3,3-DMABr were insoluble in THF).



Figure S7. Zoom of Maldi-TOF spectrum of polyisoprenes obtained with IP/3,3-DMAX/B(C_6F_5)₃/d^tBP (75/1/2/0.26) in dichloromethane at 20°C (ionized by Ag).