

Supporting Information for *Polymer Chemistry* manuscript:

Facile Synthesis of Thiol-Functionalized

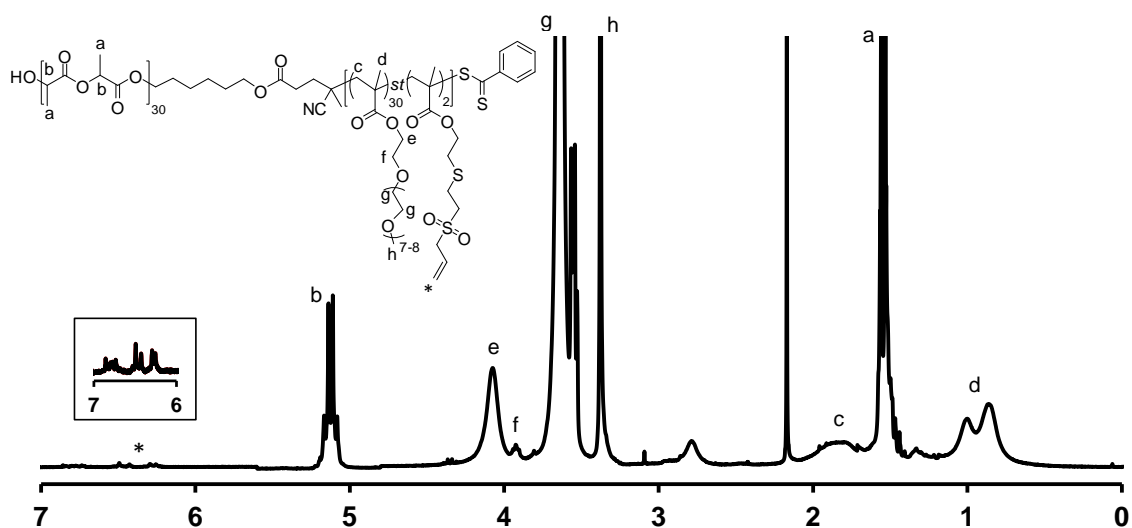
Amphiphilic Polylactide-Methacrylic Diblock Copolymers

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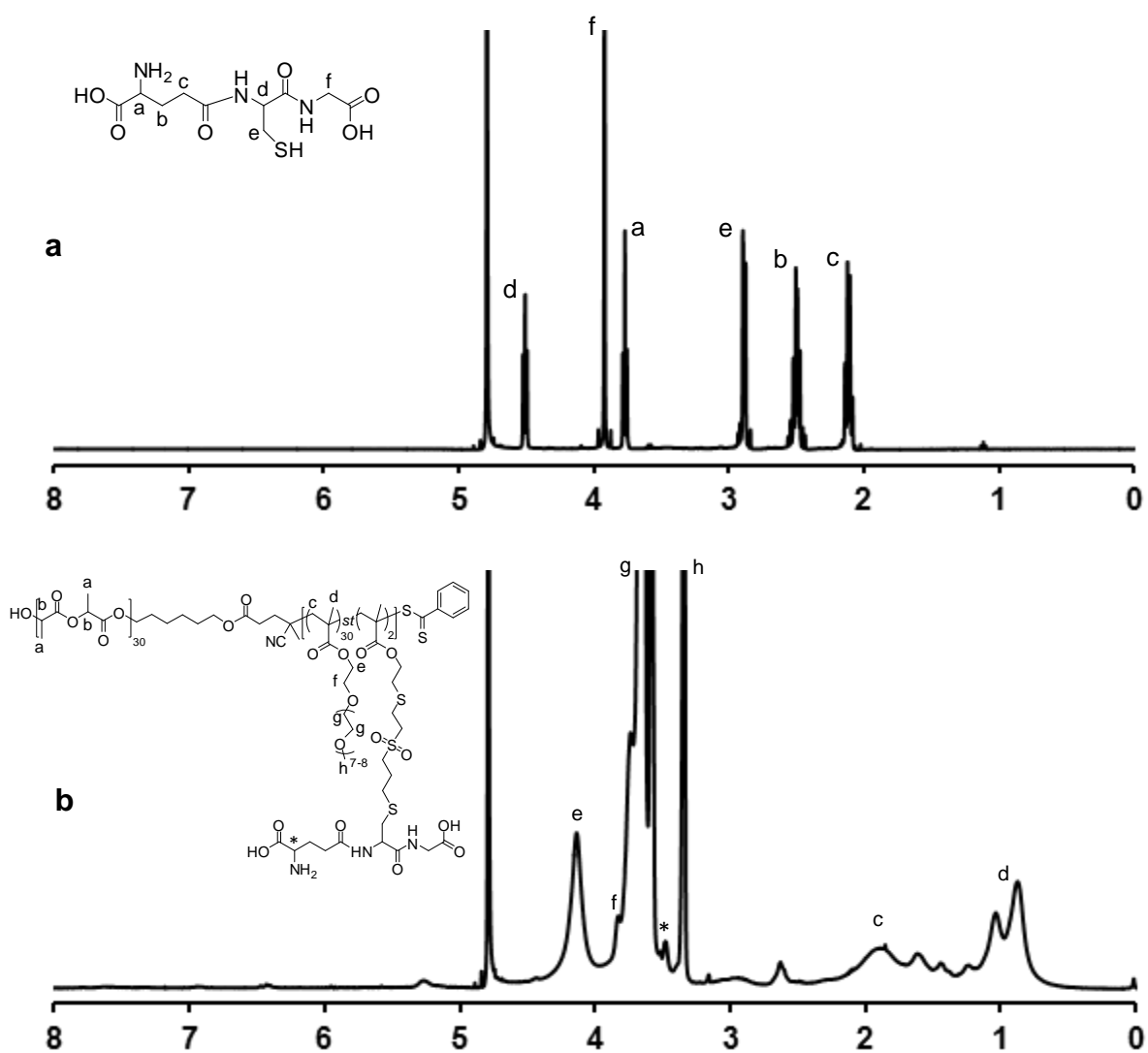
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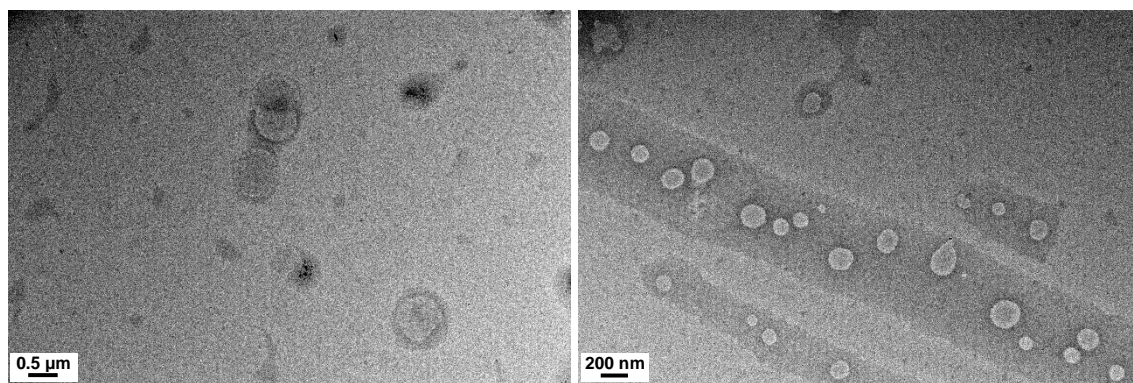
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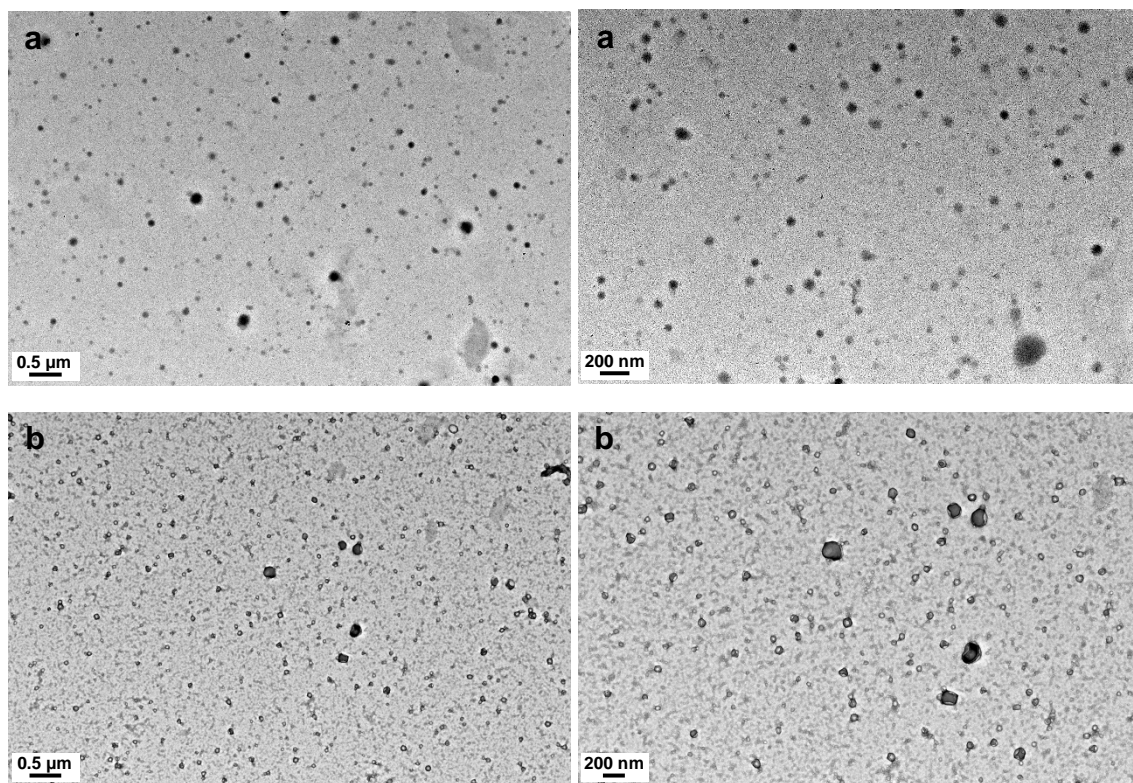
**Figure S1.** <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) recorded for a PLA<sub>30</sub>-P(OEGMA<sub>30</sub>-*stat*-VSTEMA<sub>2</sub>) linear diblock copolymer after functionalization with divinyl sulfone.



**Figure S2.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ ) spectra of (a) *L*-glutathione in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  and (b)  $\text{PLA}_{30}\text{-P}(\text{OEGMA}_{30}\text{-stat-GluVSTEMA}_2)$  diblock copolymer.



**Figure S3.** TEM images obtained for the  $\text{PLA}_{27}\text{-PGMA}_{29}$  diblock copolymer particles prepared by two-step ROP-RAFT polymerization in 1,2-dichloroethane. No staining was used for this sample.



**Figure S4.** TEM images obtained after an acetone-to-water solvent switch for indium-conjugated  $\text{PLA}_{30}\text{-P}(\text{DMA}_{30}\text{-stat-InDOTATEMA}_2)$  diblock copolymer particles prepared by simultaneous ROP-RAFT polymerization: (a) no stain and (b) uranyl formate was used as a staining agent.