

Supporting information

Optical and electrical properties of dithienothiophene based conjugated polymers: Medium donor vs weak, medium, and strong acceptor

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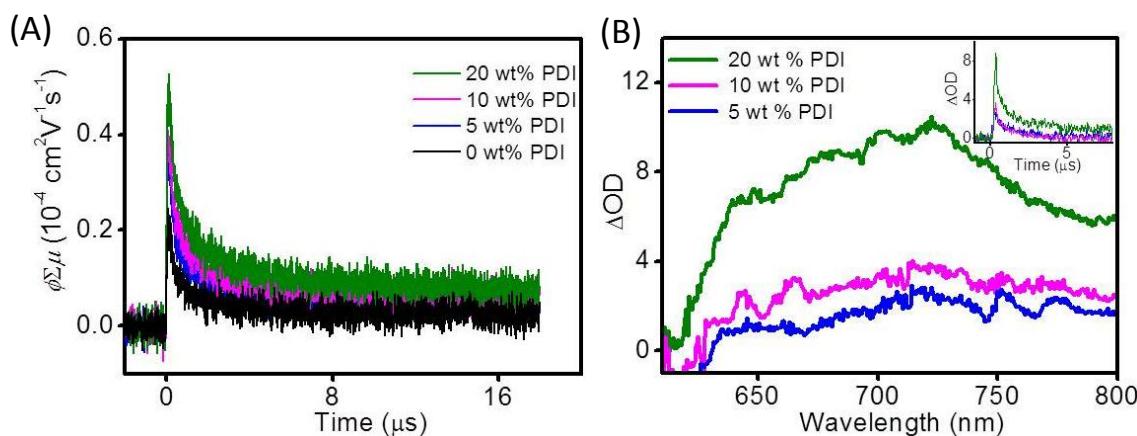


Figure S1. (A) (A) FP-TRMC transients ($\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 355$ nm) of \mathbf{P}_w with different weight percentages of PDI films (0-20 wt %) relative to 100 wt % of \mathbf{P}_w . (B) Corresponding transient absorption spectra ($\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 355$ nm) with the kinetic traces at 720 nm shown in the inset.

Table S1. FP-TRMC and TAS values of \mathbf{P}_m with different wt % of PDI

Wt % PDI	$\phi \sum \mu_{\text{max}}$ ($10^{-4} \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$)	ϕ	$\sum \mu$ ($10^{-2} \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$)
2 wt%	2.0	1.3×10^{-2}	1.6
5 wt%	2.7	1.4×10^{-2}	1.9
10 wt%	3.0	1.5×10^{-2}	2.0
20 wt%	4.2	1.8×10^{-2}	2.4
Ave $\sum \mu = 2.0 \times 10^{-2}$			

Table S2. FP-TRMC and TAS values of \mathbf{P}_w with different wt % of PDI

Wt % PDI	$\phi \sum \mu_{\text{max}}$ ($10^{-4} \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$)	ϕ	$\sum \mu$ ($10^{-2} \text{ cm}^2/\text{Vs}$)
5 wt%	0.37	5.0×10^{-3}	0.74
10 wt%	0.40	6.6×10^{-3}	0.61
20 wt%	0.49	1.6×10^{-2}	0.31
Ave $\sum \mu = 5.5 \times 10^{-3}$			

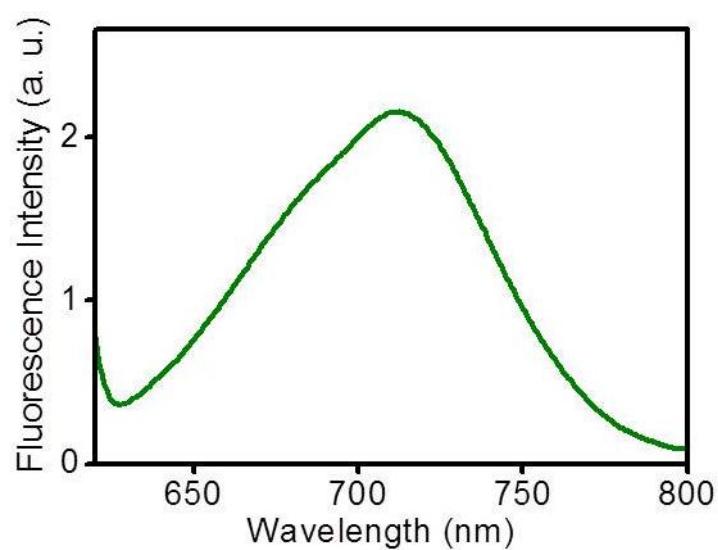


Figure S2. Normalized fluorescence spectra of $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{s}2}$ in chloroform ($\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 600$ nm)

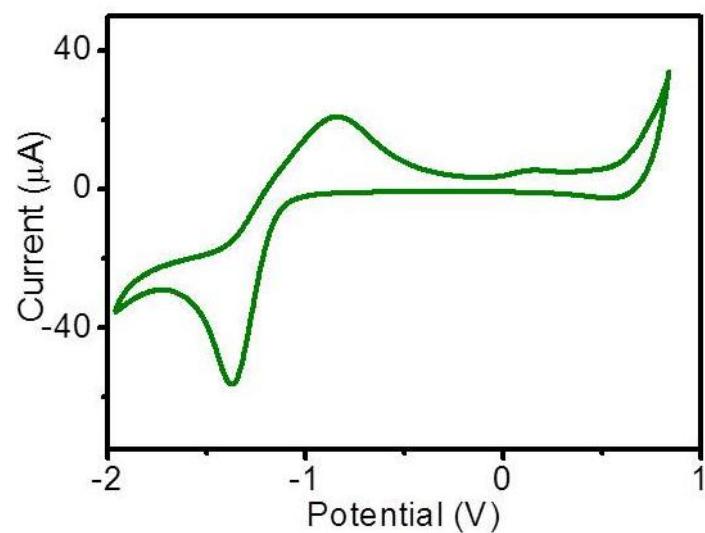


Figure S3. Cyclic voltammogram of $\mathbf{P}_{\mathbf{s}2}$ in film state.

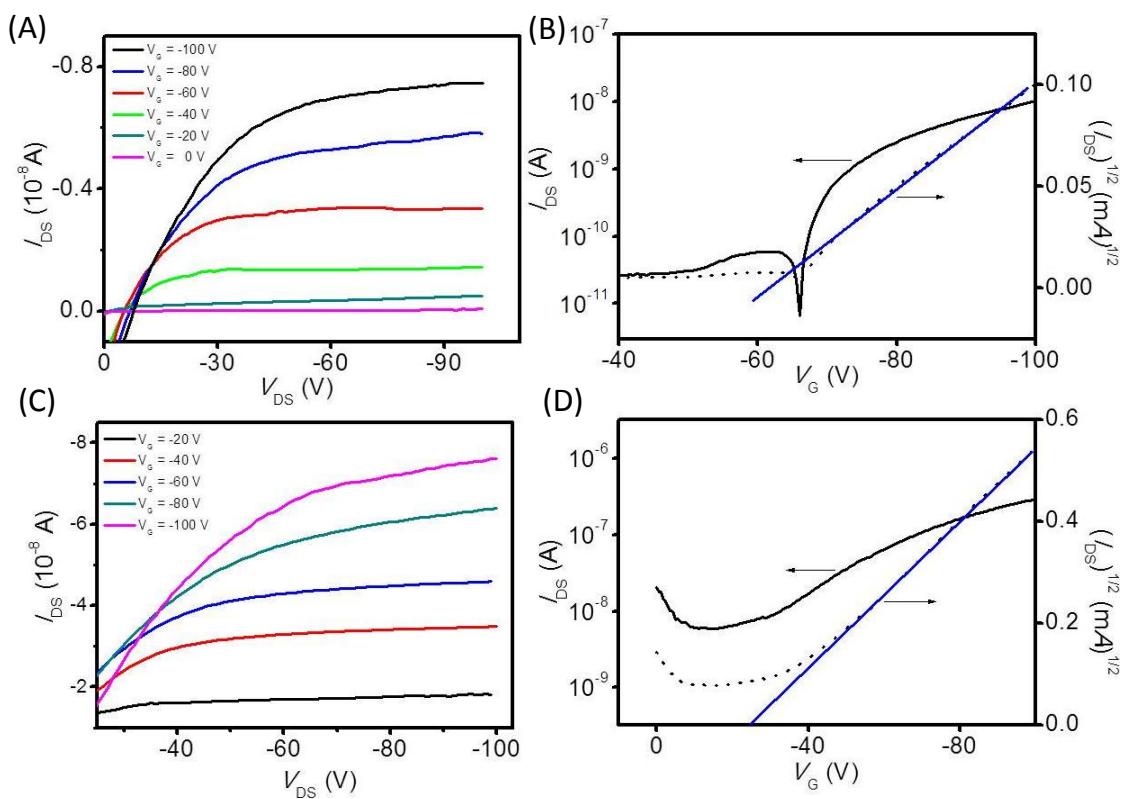


Figure S4. (A) and (C) show the output characteristics of \mathbf{P}_w and \mathbf{P}_{s2} respectively with $W = 3000 \mu\text{m}$ and $L = 100$ and $50 \mu\text{m}$ respectively for \mathbf{P}_w and \mathbf{P}_{s2} . (B) and (D) are the transfer characteristics of \mathbf{P}_w and \mathbf{P}_{s2} .