Facile synthesis, sequence-tuned thermoresponsive behaviours and reaction-induced reorganization of water-soluble ketopolymers

Xianghua Tang, Jie Han, Zhengguang Zhu, Xinhua Lu, Hong Chen and Yuanli Cai*

Electronic Supplementary Information



Figure S1. (a) The kinetic curves of RAFT copolymerization at a $[DAAM]_0$: $[DMA]_0$: [EDMAT]_0: $[TPO]_0 = 100:100:1:0.25$ in 50 wt% methanol under visible light irradiation at 25 °C; (b) M_n and M_w/M_n vs. total monomer conversions (*Insert:* GPC traces).

 Table S1. Structure Parameters of Purified Copolymers that were obtained at Different

 Monomer Conversions on Copolymerization at a [DMA]₀:[DAAM]₀:[EDMAT]₀:[TPO]₀

 =300:300:1:0.25.

Irradiation	$\mathrm{X}_{\mathrm{DAAM}}\left(\% ight)$ a	X _{DMA}	X _{DAAM} /	DAAM/DMA ^a	M _{n, GPC}	$M_{\rm w}/M_{\rm n}$
(min)		(%) a	X_{DMA}		(kg mol ⁻¹)	
14	42	69	0.61	127/205 (0.62)	72.9	1.09
25	63	85	0.74	191/252 (0.76)	90.2	1.11
45	94	98	0.96	280/294 (0.95)	110.7	1.12

^a Monomer conversions (X_{DAAM} , X_{DMA}) and unit ratios (DAAM/DMA) were assessed by ¹H NMR.



Figure S2. ¹H NMR spectrum evolution of the solution in which (*from bottom to upper*) after (a) 51% or (b) 75% DMA monomer has been polymerized on irradiated with visible light at a $[DMA]_0:[EDMAT]_0:[TPO]_0=120:1:0.25$ in 50 wt% methanol at 25 °C, visible light was turned off and the solution was kept in the dark for 20 min. Thereafter, the argon-gas-saturated DAAM ($[DMA]_0:[DAAM]_0=120:100$, 50 wt% in methanol) was added in the dark and then irradiated with visible light at 25 °C.



Figure S3. GPC traces of P(DMA-*co*-DAAM) copolymers (Table 4 in Main Text) that were selected to illustrate the sequence regulation on the thermo-responsive behavior and reaction-induced reorganization.



Figure S4. The variation of light scattering intensity of 4.0 mg mL⁻¹ of (**a**) P(DAAM₉₄- *grad*-DMA₁₁₃) or (**b**) PDMA₃₇-*b*-P(DAAM₉₂-*grad*-DMA₇₉) in water on cycling the heating (up-triangle) and cooling (down-triangle).