## Structural Studies and Detection of Nitro Aromatics by Luminescent 2D Coordination Polymers with Angular Dicarboxylate Ligand

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Fig. S1.ORTEP diagram of 1 depicting the coordination environment around the metal center.



**Fig. S2.**ORTEP diagram of CP **2** depicting the coordination environment around the metal center.



**Fig. S3.** Weak C-H $\cdots \pi$  interaction between the piperazine moiety and the centroid of the phenyl rings of the SDB ligand of the two dimensional network.



Fig. S4. FTIR of 1 recorded for compound dispersed in KBr pellets.



Fig. S5. FTIR of 2 recorded for compound dispersed in KBr pellets.



Fig. S6. TGA plot for compound 1.



Fig. S7. TGA plot for compound 2.



Fig. S8.PXRD patterns of 2, comparison of bulk and 2' with simulated of single crystal data.



Fig. S9. TGA plots for activated compounds 1'&2'.



Fig. S10.Solid state absorption spectra of 1', 2' and H<sub>2</sub>SDB



**Fig. S11.**Fluorescence spectra of **l**'( $\lambda_{em}$  451 nm,  $\lambda_{ex}$  330 nm),**2**' ( $\lambda_{em}$  447 nm,  $\lambda_{ex}$  330 nm) and H<sub>2</sub>**SDB** ( $\lambda_{em}$  333 nm,  $\lambda_{ex}$  270 nm) in the solid state at room temperature.



**Fig. S12.**Fluorescence spectra of **1**'dispersed in acetone with the incremental addition of DNP (2 mM) solution in acetone



**Fig. S13.**Fluorescence spectra of **1'** dispersed in acetone with the incremental addition of o-NP (2 mM) solution in acetone



**Fig. S14.**Fluorescence spectra of **1'** dispersed in acetone with the incremental addition of p-NP (2 mM) solution in acetone



**Fig. S15.**Fluorescence spectra of **2'** dispersed in acetone with the incremental addition of TNP (2 mM) solution in acetone. Emission wavelength 404 nm was upon excitation by 2<mark>92</mark> nm.



**Fig. S16.**Fluorescence spectra of **2'** dispersed in acetone with the incremental addition of DNP (2 mM) solution in acetone



**Fig. S17.**Fluorescence spectra of **2'** dispersed in acetone with the incremental addition of o-NP (2 mM) solution in acetone



**Fig. S18.**Fluorescence spectra of **2'** dispersed in acetone with the incremental addition of p-NP (2 mM) solution in acetone



Fig. S19.Quenching percentage of 2' by different nitro compounds.



**Fig. S20.** Reproducibility of the quenching capacity of **2'**dispersed in acetone with titration of TNP in acetone. The material was recovered by centrifuging after each cycle experiment and washed several times with acetone. Fluorescence quenching efficiency of **2'**effectively up to 3 cycles [green bars = initial intensity, orange bars = after addition of 200  $\mu$ L (2 mM) TNP solution].



**Fig. S21.**(a) Recovered material **1**'from titration with TNP up to 3 cycles are also presented for compare with simulated pattern of **1**, (b) Recovered material **2**'from titration with TNP up to 3 cycles are also presented for compare with simulated pattern of **2**.

## **Experimental Section:**

## Preparation of Activated Compounds [Cd(SDB)]<sub>n</sub>1' and {[Zn<sub>3</sub>(µ-OH)<sub>2</sub>(SDB)<sub>2</sub>]<sub>n</sub>2'

Activated compounds 1' and 2' were prepared by heating CPs 1 and 2 at 200°C in a temperature controlled oven for 8 hours in order to expel the lattice guest molecule. The material thus obtained is designated as 1', 2' and stored in the vacuum desiccator. 1' and 2' thus obtained was characterized by Elemental analysis and IR data which clearly indicate the expulsion of the encapsulated molecules from the CPs 1 and 2. Details of the elemental analysis, peak positions from the FTIR data for 1'and 2' along with the FTIR spectra for the pristine CPs 1,2 and the activated ones 1' and 2' is given below:

[Cd(SDB)]<sub>n</sub> 1' : Elemental analysis (%) C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>6</sub>SCd, Calc: C, 40.36; H, 1.94; S, 7.69. Found: C, 40.57; H, 2.12; S, 7.26. FTIR cm<sup>-1</sup> (KBr): 3432 (br), 2367 (w), 1603 (m), 1546 (m), 1402 (s), 1294 (s), 1157 (s), 1100 (m), 1013 (w), 869 (m), 746 (s), 616 (w), 472 (m).

 $\{[Zn_3(\mu-OH)_2(SDB)_2]\}_n$  (2'):Elemental analysis (%) C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>14</sub>S<sub>2</sub>Zn<sub>3</sub> Calc.: C, 40.10; H, 2.16; S, 7.65; found: C, 39.44, H, 1.96, S, 7.4. FTIR cm<sup>-1</sup> (KBr): 3510 (br), 3044 (w), 1952 (w), 1612 (s), 1570 (s), 1409 (s), 1295 (s), 1171 (m), 1099(m), 1015(m), 847 (w), 741 (s), 619 (m), 497 (w).



Fig. S22. FTIR spectra for the pristine 1 and the activated compound 1'



Fig. S23. FTIR spectra for the pristine 2 and the activated compound 2'



Fig. S24.Stern-Volmer (SV) plots for various analytes in acetone with 1'



Fig. S25. Stern-Volmer (SV) plots for various analytes in acetone with 2'

Identification code	1	2	
Chemical formula	C <sub>14</sub> H <sub>10</sub> O <sub>7</sub> SCd	$C_{32}H_{28}N_2O_4S_2Zn_3$	
Formula weight	434.68	924.79	
Crystal Color	Colorless	Pale yellow	
Crystal Size (mm)	0.32 x 0.24 x 0.14	0.23 x 0.06 x 0.02	
Temperature (K)	150(2)	150(2)	
Crystal System	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	
Space Group	C2/c	P21/n	
a(Å )	21.896(3)	14.0167(19)	
b(Å )	13.1180(14)	6.0416(8)	
c(Å )	12.3002(14)	19.452(3)	
α(°)	90	90	
β(°)	107.635(2)	93.811(2)	
γ(°)	90	90	
Z	8	2	
$V(Å^3)$	3367.0(7)	1643.6(4)	
Density (Mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.715	1.869	
$\mu  (mm^{-1})$	1.451	2.376	
F(000)	1712	936	
Reflections Collected	7566	8454	
Independent Reflections	3149	3235	
R <sub>int</sub>	0.0290	0.0503	
Number of parameters	214	244	
GOF on F <sup>2</sup>	1.115	1.212	
$FinalR_1/wR_2 (I \ge 2\sigma(I))$	0.0404/ 0.0955	0.0768/ 0.1494	
Weighted $R_1/wR_2$ (all data)	0.0482/0.0989	0.0947/0.1565	
CCDC number	1024317	1024318	

 $R = \Sigma ||Fo| - |Fc|| / \Sigma |Fo|; wR = [\Sigma w (Fo^2 - Fc^2)^2 / \Sigma w (Fo^2)^2]^{1/2}$ 



1					
Cd(1)-O(6)#1	2.189(3)	Cd(1)-O(1)#2	2.236(3)		
Cd(1)-O(5)#3	2.258(3)	Cd(1)-O(7)	2.286(4)		
Cd(1)-O(2)#4	2.353(3)	Cd(1)-O(1)	2.502(3)		
Cd(1)-Cd(1)#5	3.389(7)	O(1)-C(1)	1.269(5)		
O(2)-C(1)	1.249(5)	O(5)-C(14)	1.248(6)		
O(6)-C(14)	1.259(6)	O(6)#1-Cd(1)-O(1)#2	171.71(13)		
O(6)#1-Cd(1)-O(5)#3	88.69(15)	O(1)#2-Cd(1)-O(5)#3	84.84(14)		
O(6)#1-Cd(1)-O(7)	85.87(15)	O(1)#2-Cd(1)-O(7)	102.13(14)		
O(5)#3-Cd(1)-O(7)	155.79(15)	O(6)#1-Cd(1)-O(2)#4	88.69(14)		
O(1)#2-Cd(1)-O(2)#4	91.03(12)	O(5)#3-Cd(1)-O(2)#4	126.72(12)		
O(7)-Cd(1)-O(2)#4	76.77(13)	O(6)#1-Cd(1)-O(1)	102.22(12)		
O(1)#2-Cd(1)-O(1)	81.23(11)	O(5)#3-Cd(1)-O(1)	75.80(12)		
O(7)-Cd(1)-O(1)	82.33(13)	O(2)#4-Cd(1)-O(1)	155.66(12)		
Symmetry transformation: #1. x,-y+1,z+1/2;#2x+1,-y,-z+1; #3x+1,-y+1,-z+1;#4.					
x,-y,z+1/2; #5x+1,y,-z+3/2					
2					
Zn(1)-O(7)#1	2.030(5)	Zn(1)-O(7)	2.030(5)		
Zn(1)-O(1)#1	2.076(4)	Zn(1)-O(1)	2.076(4)		
Zn(1)-O(5)#2	2.169(4)	Zn(1)-O(5)#3	2.169(4)		
Zn(2)-O(6)#4	1.914(4)	Zn(2)-O(2)	1.929(5)		
Zn(2)-O(7)	1.965(4)	Zn(2)-O(7)#5	2.009(4)		
Zn(2)-Zn(2)#5	2.901(5)	O(7)#1-Zn(1)-O(7)	179.996(2)		
O(7)#1-Zn(1)-O(1)#1	95.05(18)	O(7)-Zn(1)-O(1)#1	84.95(18)		
O(7)#1-Zn(1)-O(1)	84.95(18)	O(7)-Zn(1)-O(1)	95.05(18)		
O(1)#1-Zn(1)-O(1)	179.998(1)	O(7)#1-Zn(1)-O(5)#2	84.95(17)		
O(7)-Zn(1)-O(5)#2	95.05(17)	O(1)#1-Zn(1)-O(5)#2	86.32(18)		
O(1)-Zn(1)-O(5)#2	93.68(18)	O(7)#1-Zn(1)-O(5)#3	95.05(17)		
O(7)-Zn(1)-O(5)#3	84.95(17)	O(1)#1-Zn(1)-O(5)#3	93.68(18)		
O(1)-Zn(1)-O(5)#3	86.32(18)	O(5)#2-Zn(1)-O(5)#3	180.00(19)		
O(6)#4-Zn(2)-O(2)	108.5(2)	O(6)#4-Zn(2)-O(7)	116.2(2)		
O(2)-Zn(2)-O(7)	119.45(19)	O(6)#4-Zn(2)-O(7)#5	113.8(2)		
O(2)-Zn(2)-O(7)#5	111.02(19)	O(1)-C(1)-O(2)	126.0(6)		
O(5)-C(14)-O(6)	126.2(6)				
Symmetry transformation: #1x+1,-y+1,-z+1; #2.x-1,y,z; #3x+2,-y+1,-z+1;					
#4x+2,-y+2,-z+1; #5x+1,-y+2,-z+1					

 Table S2. Selected bond lengths and bond angles for 1 and 2.