Supporting Information Highly Diasteroselective 1,3-Dipolar Cycloaddition Reactions of Carbonyl Ylides with Aldimines to Steric Disfavored *cis*-Oxazolidines

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General: HRMS (ESI) Mass spectra were recorded on Bruker micrOTOF-II mass spectrometer. NMR spectra were recorded on a Brucker-400 MHz and Brucker-500 MHz spectrometer. X-ray was performed on Buker SMART APEX-II. Optical rotational data were performed on PerkinElmer PL-343.

Materials: Dichloromethane was distilled from calcium hydride. Diazo compounds **1** were prepared according to the literature procedure. ^[1] Aldehyde **2a** was purified by recrystallization. Imines **3** were prepared by condensation of corresponding aldehydes and amines. ^[2] Lewis acids were purchased from ACROS or Aldrich. Solvents for the column chromatography were distilled before using.

General Procedure for the selective 3+2 cycloaddition of diazo acetrate aldehydes and imines (Table 2 in the manuscript):

To an flame-dried vial was charged with **2** (0.22 mmol), **3** (0.20 mmol), 4Å MS (0.1 g), Rh₂(OAc)₄ (2.0 mol%), co-catalyst (10.0 mol%) and 1.5 mL CH₂Cl₂ under an argon atmosphere. The flask was cooled to 0 °C, and diazo **1** (0.22 mmol) in 0.5 mL CH₂Cl₂ was added to the reaction mixture over 1 h period of time via a syringe pump. After completion of the addition, the reaction mixture was stirred for additional 30mins. The crude products were subjected to ¹H NMR spectroscopy analysis for the determination of diastereoselectivity. The reaction mixture was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc : light petroleum ether = 1:50 to 1:20) to give the pure products **4** or **6**.



(4b): yield 87%; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 1.00 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 3.80-3.98 (m, 2H), 5.00 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.56 (s, 1H), 6.66 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04 (m, 2H), 7.18 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100

MHz): δ (ppm) 13.78, 61.38, 63.23, 78.14, 91.23, 113.98, 117.99, 122.33, 123.40, 128.87, 129.10, 129.60, 131.59, 131.97, 135.87, 136.86, 141.62, 166.78; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₄H₂₁Br₂NNaO₃ (M+Na)⁺ 553.9762, found 553.9761.



(4c): yield 83%; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 0.99 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 3.79-3.97 (m, 2H), 4.99 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.35 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.56 (s, 1H), 6.65 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.01-7.27 (m, 6H), 7.32 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ (ppm) 13.77, 61.34, 63.15, 78.19,

91.21, 113.97, 117.96, 123.37, 128.63 128.87, 129.07, 129.27, 131.96, 134.13, 135.33, 136.87, 141.63, 166.78; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{24}H_{21}BrClKNO_3 (M+K)^+$ 524.0025, found 524.0048.



(4d): yield 82%; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): δ (ppm) 1.04 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 3H), 3.85-4.01 (m, 2H), 4.98 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 5.32 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.28 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 2H), 6.57 (s, 1H), 6.68 (m, 1H), 7.04-7.52 (m, 9H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ (ppm) 13.80, 61.54, 62.72, 78.04, 91.21, 113.96, 118.25, 123.51, 127.15, 128.87, 129.24,

129.88, 130.54, 132.03, 132.49, 136.62, 137.33, 141.41, 166.56; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{24}H_{20}BrCl_2NNaO_3$ (M+Na)⁺ 541.9896, found 541.9902.



(4e): yield 76%; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 0.98 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 3.78-3.96 (m, 2H), 4.98 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.20 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.51 (s, 1H), 6.98 (m, 2H), 7.14 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ (ppm) 13.78, 61.46,

63.37, 78.21, 91.32, 115.08, 122.58, 123.20, 123.64, 128.83, 129.07, 129.56, 131.72, 132.09, 135.37, 136.39, 140.26, 166.46; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{24}H_{20}Br_2CINNaO_3$ (M+Na)⁺ 585.9391, found 585.9391.



(4f): yield 90%; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 0.98 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.78-3.96 (m, 2H), 5.01 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (m, 2H), 6.51 (s, 1H), 6.62 (m, 2H), 7.15 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ (ppm)

13.75, 55.41, 61.27, 63.62, 78.34, 91.57, 114.69, 115.04, 122.21, 123.28, 128.91, 129.66, 131.51, 131.89, 135.84, 136.04, 137.27, 152.03, 166.98; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{25}H_{23}Br_2NNaO_4$ (M+Na)⁺ 581.9886, found 581.9896.



(4g): yield 78%; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 1.02 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.82-3.97 (m, 2H), 5.01 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.31 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.13-7.52 (m, 8H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ (ppm) 7.13-7.52 (m, 8H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ (ppm) 13.78,

55.46, 61.38, 63.59, 78.35, 91.58, 114.75, 114.96, 122.45, 123.33, 126.51, 128.93, 130.06, 131.01, 131.39, 131.93, 135.79, 137.19, 139.46, 152.06, 166.88; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{25}H_{23}Br_2NNaO_4$ (M+Na)⁺ 581.9886, found 581.9895.



(4h): yield 75%; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 0.99 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.74-3.96 (m, 2H), 5.10 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.60 (s, 1H), 6.63 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.07-7.55 (m, 8H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ (ppm) 13.66, 55.38, 61.22, 62.29, 77.99, 91.74, 114.66, 115.22, 123.23,

124.41, 128.02, 129.02, 129.33, 129.68, 131.85, 132.60, 135.76, 136.02, 137.30, 152.02, 167.20; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{25}H_{23}Br_2NNaO_4$ (M+Na)⁺ 581.9886, found 581.9905.



(4i): yield 89%; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 0.99 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.78-3.96 (m, 2H), 5.00 (d, J = 6.0Hz, 1H), 5.32 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (d, J =9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.52 (s, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, J = 8.5Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, J =

8.5 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ (ppm) 13.81, 55.13, 55.43, 61.10, 63.70, 78.60, 91.48, 113.75, 114.58, 115.01, 123.17, 128.68, 128.94, 129.10, 131.86, 136.24, 137.62, 151.77, 159.39, 167.28; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₆H₂₆BrNNaO₅ (M+Na)⁺ 534.0887, found 534.0899.



(4j): yield 78%; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 0.97 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 3.76-3.95 (m, 2H), 5.01 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.52 (s, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.07 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.49 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); ¹³C

NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ (ppm) 13.73, 21.12, 55.45, 61.10, 64.05, 78.60, 91.59, 114.61, 114.98, 123.18, 127.86, 128.96, 129.06, 131.89, 133.68, 136.30, 137.67, 137.85, 151.78, 167.28; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₆H₂₆BrNNaO₄ (M+Na)⁺ 518.0937, found 518.0961.

Hydrolysis of the oxazolidine product:



The oxazolidine **4a** (0.20 mmol) was dissolved in MeOH : H_2O (4 mL, 95:5) and *p*-methylbenzene sulfonic acid (*p*-TSA, 0.25 mmol, in 0.5 mL MeOH) was added.

The resultant mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 1-2 h, and detected by TLC. Until the material was consumed, the solvents were removed under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ and washed with NaHCO₃ (sat.). The aqueous phase was extracted twice with CH₂Cl₂ and the combined organic extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc : light petroleum ether = 1:80 to 1:30) to give the pure product **5a**. Yield 92%; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 2.90 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.12-4.22 (m, 2H), 4.66(s, 1H), 4.87 (m, 2H), 6.61-7.30 (m, 10H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz): δ (ppm) 14.08, 59.57, 61.94, 73.56, 113.85, 117.96, 127.50, 127.99, 128.42, 129.16, 137.20, 146.27, 172.07; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₇H₁₉NO₃ (M)⁺ 285.1365, found 285.1368.



(6a): yield 62%; $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -42.5^{\circ}$ (c = 1, CH₂Cl₂); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 0.53-1.60 (m, 19H), 4.49-4.54 (m, 1H), 4.99 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.36 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 6.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 6.59-7.53 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz): δ (ppm) 15.95, 20.82, 21.84, 23.01, 25.65, 31.17, 33.99, 40.39, 46.70, 63.80, 75.44, 78.07, 91.06,

114.06, 117.64, 123.30, 128.31, 128.49, 128.96, 129.05, 131.98, 136.72, 137.31, 141.99, 166.51; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{32}H_{36}BrNNaO_3$ (M+Na)⁺ 586.1756, found 586.1729.



(6b): yield 66%; $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -34.0^{\circ}$ (c = 1, CH₂Cl₂); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 0.55-1.60 (m, 19H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 4.48-4.53 (m, 1H), 5.01 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.33 (d, J = 6.0Hz, 1H), 6.26 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.51 (s, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.20-7.32 (m, 5H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz): δ (ppm) 15.94, 20.76, 21.79, 22.99, 25.65, 31.11, 33.95,

40.29, 46.68, 55.41, 64.22, 75.29, 78.24, 91.38, 114.55, 115.07, 123.18, 128.19, 128.41, 128.51, 129.05, 131.89, 136.24, 136.83, 137.69, 151.80, 166.68; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{33}H_{38}BrNNaO_4$ (M+Na)⁺ 614.1876, found 614.1917.



(6c): yield 73%; $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = -44.2^{\circ}$ (c = 1, CH₂Cl₂); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 0.54-1.60 (m, 19H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 4.52-4.53 (m, 1H), 5.00 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (d, J = 6.0Hz, 1H), 6.23 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.49 (s, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.38 (d, J = 8.0Hz, 2H), 7.50 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz): δ (ppm) 15.93, 20.72,

21.89, 23.00, 25.76, 31.15, 33.95, 40.41, 46.63, 55.47, 63.62, 75.58, 78.20, 91.42, 114.70, 115.17, 122.35, 123.34, 129.07, 130.24, 131.69, 131.96, 135.94, 136.12, 137.42, 152.06, 166.69; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $C_{33}H_3Br_2NNaO_4$ (M+Na)⁺ 692.0982, found 692.0935.

Reduction and hydrolysis of the chiral oxazolidine product:



The oxazolidine **5** (0.50 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous THF (8 mL), and LAH (1.50 mmol) was added in portion under Ar at 0°C. The resultant mixture was stirred at room temperature for about 1h, and detected by TLC. Until the material was consumed, the reaction was quenched by sodium sulfate decahydrate (until no bubble was formed) and diluted with ethyl acetate (20 mL). Then the solid was removed by filtration and the liquid phase was concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc : light petroleum ether = 1:50 to 1:5) to give the pure product **7**. Yield 70%; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = -7.0^\circ$ (c = 1, EtOH) ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz): δ (ppm) 3.20-3.38 (m, 2H), 4.58-4.62 (m, 1H), 5.17 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.31 (s, 1H), 6.57-7.45 (m, 12H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz): δ (ppm) 62.11, 63.49, 78.90, 91.54, 113.80, 116.93, 127.16, 127.48, 127.88, 128.72, 128.86, 128.92, 137.77, 142.42; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₂₂H₂₁NNaO₂ (M+Na)⁺ 354.1470, found 354.1478.

The reduce product 7 (0.25 mmol) was dissolved in MeOH : H_2O (5 mL, 95:5) and *p*-TSA (0.31 mmol, in 0.5 mL MeOH) was added . The resultant mixture was stirred

at room temperature for about 1-2 h, and detected by TLC. Until the material was consumed, the solvents were removed under reduced pressure and the residue was dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ and washed with NaHCO₃ (sat.). The aqueous phase was extracted twice with CH₂Cl₂ and the combined organic extracts were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: EtOAc : light petroleum ether = 1:10 to 1:1) to give the pure product **8**. Yield 95%; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400 MHz): δ (ppm) 2.71 (bs, 1H), 3.53-3.68 (m, 2H), 4.00 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.55-7.34 (m, 10H); ¹³C NMR (CDCl₃, 125 MHz): δ (ppm) 60.63, 63.53, 73.92, 113.87, 117.94, 127.16, 127.71, 128.81, 129.13, 139.09, 146.78; HRMS (ESI) calcd for C₁₅H₁₇NNaO₂ (M+Na)⁺ 266.1151, found 266.1171. [α]²⁰ = + 4.0° (c = 1, EtOH); Reference Data: ^[3] [α]_D = + 4.0° (c = 1, EtOH), so the absolute structure of the product was determined as (2*S*, 3*S*).

References:

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 W. Hu, X. Xu, J. Zhou, W. Liu, H. Huang, J. Hu, L. Yang and L. Gong, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2008, 130, 7782.
- 3 J. Yoshimura, Y. Ohgo and T. Sato, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1964, 86, 3858.

X-ray analysis date of 4f			
	Br	H COOEt O N Br Br	
Bond precision: 0	C-C = 0.0061A	Wavelength=0.71073	
Cell:	a=5.8858(3)	b=9.0384(4) $c=23.4473(11)$	
	alpha=91.943(2)	beta=92.404(1) gamma=99.656(2	2)
Temperature:	296 K		
	Calculated	Reported	
Volume	1227.54(10)	1227.54(10)	
Space group	P -1	P-1	
Hall group	-P 1	?	
Moiety formula	C25 H23 Br2 N	NO4 ?	
Sum formula	C25 H23 Br2 N	1 O4 C25 H23 Br2 N O4	
Mr	561.24	561.26	
Dx,g cm-3	1.518	1.518	
Z	2	2	
Mu (mm-1)	3.332	3.332	
F000	564.0	564.0	
F000'	563.10		
h,k,lmax	7,10,27	7,10,27	
Nref	4309	4285	
Tmin,Tmax	0.193,0.247	0.276,0.335	
Tmin'	0.162		
Correction method	= MULTI-SCAN		
Data completeness= 0.994		Theta(max)= 25.010	
R(reflections) = 0.0510(3137)		wR2(reflections)= 0.1452(4285)	
S = 1.032		Npar= 289	



















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