### Highly Selective 4-Alkynoic Acids Synthesis via Iron-

## Mediated Complete Inversion of Stereogenic Carbon Centers

Xiaobing Zhang, Youai Qiu, Chunling Fu, and Shengming Ma\*

Laboratory of Molecular Recognition and Synthesis, Department of Chemistry,

Zhejiang University, Hangzhou 310027, P. R. China

E-mail: masm@sioc.ac.cn

Supporting Information

### Table of Contents

Materials	S2
Fe-Catalyzed $S_N^2$ coupling reaction of Grignard reagent with	S2-S28
4-alkynocic acid 3	
Desilylation and enantioselective allenylation of <b>4m</b>	S28-S33
Desilylation and Pd-catalyzed Sonogashira coupling reaction of $(2S,3R)$ -4m	\$33-\$34
<sup>1</sup> H/ <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectra of these compounds	S35-S134

**Materials.** Et<sub>2</sub>O and THF were distilled from Na wire/benzophenone, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> was distilled over CaH<sub>2</sub>, other commercially available chemicals were used without additional purification unless otherwise noted. All <sup>1</sup>H NMR experiments were measured referring to the signal of tetramethylsilane (0 ppm) in CDCl<sub>3</sub> and <sup>13</sup>C NMR experiments were measured referring to the signal of residual chloroform (77.0 ppm) in CDCl<sub>3</sub>.

#### 1. Fe-Catalyzed S<sub>N</sub>2 coupling reaction of Grignard reagent with 4-alkynoic acid

- 3
- (1) 2,3-Dimethyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid **3a** (zxb-12-20)



**Typical Procedure 1**: To a mixture of FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.7 mg, 0.05 mmol), **1a** (183.0 mg, 1 mmol), and THF (5 mL) was added dropwise a solution of MeMgCl (1 mL, 3 M in THF, 3 mmol) at -78 °C within 3 min under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere. After being stirred at -78 ° C for 1 h, the reaction mixture was quenched with EtOH (0.5 mL), and then acidified with 5% HCl (aq) to pH = 1. The resulting mixture was extracted with ether (15 mL  $\times$  3), washed with brine, filtrated, and evaporated. **3a/2a** = 98/2 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 10 : 1 - 2 : 1 to afford **3a** (167.3 mg, 84%): Solid: m.p. 67.3-68.4 °C

(hexane/ethyl acetate); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.54 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 2.83 (pentet, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.42 (pentet, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.32 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.22 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.14 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>Si); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  181.6, 108.0, 86.6, 45.1, 30.0, 19.4, 14.8, 0.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2977, 2938, 2899, 2169, 1712, 1460, 1427, 1373, 1268, 1245, 1212, 1088; MS (EI) m/z (%) 198 (M<sup>+</sup>, 0.23), 183 ((M-CH<sub>3</sub>)<sup>+</sup>, 20.67), 75 (100); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si: C, 60.56, H, 9.15, found: C, 60.40, H, 8.95.

### The following compounds was prepared according to this Typical Procedure 1

(2) 3-Methyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid **3b** (zxb-11-123)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.8 mg, 0.05 mmol), **1b** (168.6 mg, 1 mmol), THF (5 mL), MeMgCl (1 mL, 3 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded **3b** (155.1 mg, 84%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0. Liquid; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.02 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 3.04-2.87 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.61 (dd, *J* = 15.9 and 6.6 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.43 (dd, *J* = 15.8 and 8.0 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.23 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.12 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  177.8, 109.2, 85.1, 41.3, 23.4, 20.5, 0.04; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2962, 2168, 1713, 1412, 1330, 1290, 1250, 1201, 1126, 1063; MS (EI) m/z (%) 184 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.13), 99 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 184.0920, found:

184.0929. **3b**/2**b** = 97/3 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(3) 3-Phenyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid 3c (zxb-11-80)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>'6H<sub>2</sub>O (14.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), **1b** (167.8 mg, 1 mmol), THF (5 mL), PhMgCl (1.5 mL, 2 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded **3c** (195.5 mg, 80%, **3c/2c** = 95/5, only **3c** was observed after recrystallization) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0. **3c** : Solid: m.p. 87.0-88.4 <sup>o</sup>C (hexane/ethyl acetate); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  11.42 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 7.50-7.20 (m, 5 H, ArH), 4.21 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.90 (dd, *J* = 15.3 and 8.3 Hz, 1 H, one of CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.80 (dd, *J* = 15.0 and 6.8 Hz, 1 H, one of CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.21 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); the following signals are discernible for **2c**: 5.27 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1 H, CH=), 3.15 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.24 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>Si); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  177.0, 139.8, 128.7, 127.4, 127.3, 106.1, 88.1, 43.2, 34.7, 0.02; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3063, 3031, 2960, 2900, 2176, 1713, 1494, 1454, 1411, 1250, 1064; MS (EI) m/z (%) 246 (M<sup>+</sup>, 7.28), 218 (100); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si: C, 68.25, H, 7.36, found: C, 68.09, H, 7.42. **3c/2c** = 94/6 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(4) 2-Methyl-3-phenyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid **3d** (zxb-10-112)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (6.2 mg, 0.02 mmol), **1a** (74.4 mg, 0.4 mmol), THF (5 mL), PhMgCl (0.6 mL, 2 M in THF, 1.2 mmol) afforded **3d** (93.6 mg, 88%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0): Liquid; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.37 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 7.30-7.09 (m, 5 H, ArH), 4.07 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.66 (pentet, J = 6.8 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.15 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.07 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  180.5, 139.0, 128.5, 127.9, 127.2, 104.4, 89.9, 46.6, 41.4, 13.4, 0.01; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3031, 2960, 2174, 1713, 1602, 1495, 1455, 1414, 1341, 1250, 1068, 1030; MS (EI) m/z (%) 260 (M<sup>+</sup>, 2.49), 159 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 260.1233, found: 260.1230. **3d/2d** = 96/4 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(5) 2-Methyl-3-(4'-methylphenyl)-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid 3e (zxb-11-93)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub><sup>•</sup>6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), **1a** (182.1 mg, 1 mmol), THF

(5 mL), 4-methylphenylmagnisum bromide (3 mL, 1 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded **3e** (213.3 mg, 78%, **3e/2e** = 95/5) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0, twice). **3e:** Solid: m.p. 106.2-107.4 °C (hexane/ethyl acetate); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.03 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 7.28-7.20 (m, 2 H, ArH), 7.12 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 4.13 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.74 (pentet, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.33 (s, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.17 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); the following signals are discernible for **2e**: 5.35 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1 H, CH=), 3.22 (pentet, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1 H, CH), 0.22 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>Si); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  180.4, 136.8, 136.0, 129.1, 127.8, 104.6, 89.6, 46.5, 41.0, 21.1, 13.5, 0.01; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3024, 2960, 2899, 2174, 1713, 1514, 1457, 1414, 1287, 1250, 1110, 1069; MS (EI) m/z (%) 274 (M<sup>+</sup>, 16.17), 173 (100); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si: C, 70.03, H, 8.08, found: C, 69.87, H, 8.11. **3e/2e** = 95/5 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(6) 2-Methyl-3-(3'-methylphenyl)-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid **3f** (zxb-11-101)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.6 mg, 0.05 mmol), **1a** (182.0 mg, 1 mmol), THF (5 mL), 3-methylphenylmagnisum bromide (3 mL, 1 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded **3f** (215.3 mg, 79%, **3f/2f** = 94/6) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate:

dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0, twice): **3f**: Liquid; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.14 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 7.28-7.16 (m, 3 H, ArH), 7.12-7.00 (m, 1 H, ArH), 4.17 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1 H, CH, 2.79 (pentet, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.36 (s, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.27 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.20 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); the following signals are discernible for **2f**: 5.38 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1 H, CH=), 3.25 (pentet, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1 H, CH), 0.25 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>Si); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  180.5, 138.9, 138.0, 128.6, 128.3, 128.0, 125.0, 104.5, 89.8, 46.5, 41.2, 21.4, 13.3, 0.02; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3026, 2960, 2174, 1712, 1608, 1459, 1413, 1381, 1330, 1250, 1070, 1037; MS (EI) m/z (%) 274 (M<sup>+</sup>, 12.03), 259 (100); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si: C, 70.03, H, 8.08, found: C, 69.99, H, 8.08. **3f**/2**f** = 93/7 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(7) 3-(4'-Methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid 3g

(zxb-11-95)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub><sup>•</sup>6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.8 mg, 0.05 mmol), **1a** (180.6 mg, 1 mmol), THF (5 mL), 4-methoxymagnisum bromide (6 mL, 0.5 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded **3g** (209.6 mg, 73%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 10 : 1 - 5 : 1 - 2 : 1): Solid: m.p. 82.8-83.5 °C (hexane/ethyl acetate); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.02 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 6.85 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 4.10 (d, *J* =

7.5 Hz, 1 H, CH), 3.79 (s, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.73 (pentet, J = 6.8 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.26 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.17 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  180.4, 158.7, 131.1, 129.0, 113.8, 104.8, 89.5, 55.2, 46.7, 40.6, 13.6, 0.01; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3034, 2959, 2901, 2837, 2173, 1712, 1612, 1512, 1462, 1416, 1303, 1250, 1177, 1036; MS (EI) m/z (%) 290 (M<sup>+</sup>, 27.0), 217 (100); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Si: C, 66.17, H, 7.64, found: C, 66.53, H, 7.67. **3g/2g** = 95/5 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(8) 2-Methyl-3-thiophen-2-yl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid **3h** (zxb-11-96)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.2 mg, 0.05 mmol), **1a** (182.0 mg, 1 mmol), THF (5 mL), 2-thiophenylmagnisum bromide (3 mL, 1 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded **3h** (237.5 mg, 89%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 20 : 1 - 10 : 1 - 2 : 1): Liquid; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  11.13 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 7.20 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1 H, ArH), 7.05-6.98 (m, 1 H, ArH), 6.97-6.90 (m, 1 H, ArH), 4.47 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.85 (pentet, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.33 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.20 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  180.4, 142.4, 126.6, 125.6, 124.6, 103.5, 89.7, 47.0, 36.6, 13.5, -0.12; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3073, 2960, 2899, 2175, 1713, 1459, 1415, 1250, 1067, 1032; MS (EI) m/z (%) 266 (M<sup>+</sup>, 10.32), 165 (100); HRMS calcd for

 $C_{13}H_{18}O_2SSi (M^+)$ : 266.0797, found: 266.0793. **3h**/**2h** = 97/3 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(9) 2-(2'-Chloroethyl)-3-methyl-5-trimethylsilanyl-pent-4-ynoic acid **3i** (zxb-11-128)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub><sup>6</sup>H<sub>2</sub>O (13.8 mg, 0.05 mmol), **1c** (232.0 mg, 1 mmol), THF (5 mL), MeMgCl (1 mL, 3 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded **3i** (194.7 mg, 78%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0): Solid: m.p. 61.8-62.9 °C (hexane/ethyl acetate); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  11.34 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 3.78-3.64 (m, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl), 3.64-3.50 (m, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl), 2.95-2.80 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.68-2.50 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.40-2.15 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.25 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.15 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  180.0, 107.1, 87.4, 48.2, 42.6, 32.7, 29.2, 19.4, -0.01; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2961, 2.69, 1710, 1435, 1294, 1250, 1210, 1160, 1131; MS (EI) m/z (%) 248 (M (<sup>37</sup>Cl)<sup>+</sup>, 0.52), 246 (M (<sup>35</sup>Cl)<sup>+</sup>, 0.24), 93 (100); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>2</sub>ClSi: C, 53.53, H, 7.76, found: C, 53.51, H, 7.68. **3i/2i** = 97/3 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(10) 2-Allyl-3-methyl-5-trimethylsilanyl-pent-4-ynoic acid **3j** (zxb-11-45)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (7.1 mg, 0.03 mmol), **1d** (105.1 mg, 0.5 mmol), THF (5 mL), MeMgCl (0.5 mL, 3 M in THF, 1.5 mmol) afforded **3j** (98.6 mg, 87%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0): Liquid; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.92 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 5.94-5.74 (m, 1 H, CH=), 5.24-5.05 (m, 2 H, =CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.87-2.74 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.74-2.60 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.60-2.40 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.15 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  180.4, 134.6, 117.3, 108.0, 86.9, 51.1, 35.1, 29.0, 19.3, 0.06; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3081, 2960, 2168, 1712, 1643, 1443, 1413, 1251, 1209; MS (EI) m/z (%) 224 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.0), 106 (100), 75 (100), 73(100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 224.1233, found: 224.1236. **3j/2j** = 99/1 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(11) 2-Propyl-3-methyl-5-triethylsilanyl-pent-4-ynoic acid **3k** (zxb-11-127)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub><sup>•</sup>6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), **1e** (253.8 mg, 1 mmol), THF (5 mL), MeMgCl (1 mL, 3 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded **3k** (208.5 mg, 77%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0):

Liquid; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  11.54 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 2.82-2.69 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.35 (td, J = 9.8 and 3.4 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.93-1.78 (m, 1 H, one of CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.78-1.64 (m, 1 H, one of CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.52-1.15 (m, 5 H, CH<sub>2</sub> + CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.07-0.82 (m, 12 H,  $4 \times$  CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.57 (q, J = 7.9 Hz, 6 H,  $3 \times$  CH<sub>2</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  181.4, 109.7, 83.5, 51.2, 33.0, 29.6, 20.4, 19.6, 13.9, 7.4, 4.5; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2957, 2875, 2167, 1709, 1459, 1415, 1379, 1281, 1209, 1101, 1017; MS (EI) m/z (%) 269 ((M+1)<sup>+</sup>, 2.54), 103 (100); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si: C, 67.11, H, 10.51, found: C, 67.33, H, 10.52. **3k/2k** = 98/2 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

# The ee value of the following compounds 3 was determined after its conversion to the corresponding benzyl ester 4.

(12) (2S,3R)-2,3-Dimethyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid (2S,3R)-3a

(zxb-10-108)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>'6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.0 mg, 0.05 mmol), (2*S*,3*S*)-**1a** (180.3 mg, 1 mmol, 98% ee), THF (5 mL), MeMgCl (1 mL, 3 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded (2*S*,3*R*)-**3a** (159.1 mg, 81%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 5 : 1 - 2 : 1): Solid: m.p. 66.5-67.9 °C (hexane/ethyl acetate);  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  = -16.6 (*c* = 1.15, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  11.28 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 2.84 (pentet, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.42

(pentet, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.32 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.22 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.15 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  181.7, 108.0, 86.6, 45.1, 30.0, 19.4, 14.8, 0.7; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2976, 2938, 2899, 2168, 1711, 1459, 1427, 1373, 1294, 1268, 1245, 1212, 1088; MS (EI) m/z (%) 198 (M<sup>+</sup>, 0.17), 75 (100); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si: C, 60.56, H, 9.15, found: C, 60.53, H, 8.98. **3a/2a** = 98/2 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(2S,3R)-Benzyl 2,3-dimethyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoate (2S,3R)-4a (zxb-11-70)



**Typical Procedure 2**: To a solution of (2S,3R)-**3a** (29.5 mg, 0.15 mmol) and BnBr (38.6 mg, 0.23 mmol) in DMF (2 mL) were added NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (38.8 mg, 0.46 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature until complete conversion of (2S,3R)-**3a** as monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was then quenched with water (5 mL), extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL), washed with brine, and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration and evaporation, flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/diethyl ether = 80/1) afforded (2S,3R)-**4a** (36.5 mg, 85%, 99% ee: HPLC conditions: OJ-H column, rate = 0.22 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 100:0,  $\lambda$  = 214 nm, t<sub>R</sub> 33.6 min (minor), 36.0 min (major)): Liquid; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = -13.1 (*c* = 1.28, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.40-7.31 (m, 5 H, ArH), 5.16 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.11 (d, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.85 (pentet, J = 7.3 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.45 (pentet, J = 7.4 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.30 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.15 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.13 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  174.7, 136.0, 128.5, 128.1, 128.0, 108.4, 86.3, 66.2, 45.2, 30.3, 19.3, 14.9, 0.07; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2960, 2937, 2169, 1737, 1498, 1456, 1381, 1346, 1250, 1161, 1086, 1028; MS (EI) m/z (%) 288 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.32), 91 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 288.1546, found: 288.1549.

(13) (2*S*,3*R*)-2-Methyl-3-phenyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid (2*S*,3*R*)-**3d** (zxb-10-111)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), (2*S*,3*S*)-**1a** (181.2 mg, 1 mmol, 98% ee), THF (5 mL), PhMgCl (1.5 mL, 2 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded (2*S*,3*R*)-**3d** (200.6 mg, 77%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0): Liquid;  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  = +12.8 (*c* = 1.20, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.83 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 7.44-7.20 (m, 5 H, ArH), 4.20 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.79 (pentet, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.28 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.20 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  180.6, 139.0, 128.5, 127.9, 127.2, 104.4, 89.8, 46.6, 41.4, 13.3, 0.001; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3031, 2960, 2174, 1713, 1603, 1495, 1455, 1414, 1250; MS (EI) m/z (%) 260 (M<sup>+</sup>, 2.99), 159 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si

(M<sup>+</sup>): 260.1233, found: 260.1230. 3d/2d = 95/5 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(2S,3R)-Benzyl 2,3-dimethyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoate (2S,3R)-4d (zxb-10-115)



**Typical Procedure 3**: To a solution of (2S,3R)-3d (34.1 mg, 0.13 mmol) and BnOH (41.2 mg, 0.40 mmol) in DCM (2 mL) were added DMAP (2.0 mg, 0.02 mmol) and DCC (30.5 mg, 0.15 mmol). The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature until complete conversion of (2S, 3R)-3d as monitored by TLC. The reaction mixture was then quenched with water (5 mL), extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (25 mL), washed with HCl (5%), NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (aq), brine, and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After filtration and evaporation, flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether/diethyl ether = 100/1) afforded (2S,3R)-4d (34.2 mg, 71%, 98% ee: HPLC conditions: OJ-H column, rate = 0.5 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 199/1,  $\lambda$  = 215 nm, t<sub>R</sub> 11.0 min (minor), 12.5 min (major)): Liquid;  $[\alpha]_{D}^{20} = +6.9$  (c = 1.71, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.40-7.23 (m, 8 H, ArH), 7.23-7.15 (m, 2 H), 5.04 (d, J = 12.3 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.98 (d, J = 12.3 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.14 (d, J = 7.8Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.82 (pentet, J = 7.3 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.32 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.19 (s, 9 H,  $3 \times CH_3$ ); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  173.9, 139.3, 135.8, 128.4, 128.04, 127.96, 127.1, 105.0, 89.4, 66.3, 47.0, 41.9, 14.2, 0.03; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3064, 3032,

(2S, 3R)-3g (zxb-10-172)

2959, 2898, 2173, 1738, 1602, 1495, 1455, 1381, 1344, 1308, 1250, 1162, 1121, 1067, 1029; MS (EI) m/z (%) 350 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.01), 259 (100), 73 (100), 91 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 350.1702, found: 350.1699.

(14) (2S,3R)-3-(4-Methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>:6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.7 mg, 0.05 mmol), (2*S*,3*S*)-**1a** (181.2 mg, 1 mmol, 98% ee), THF (5 mL), 4-methoxymagnisum bromide (6 mL, 0.5 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded (2*S*,3*R*)-**3g** (206.7 mg, 72%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate = 10 : 1 - 5 : 1 - 2 : 1): Solid: m.p. 83.3-83.7 °C (hexane/ethyl acetate);  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  = +22.9 (*c* = 1.97, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.65 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 6.86 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 4.11 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CH), 3.80 (s, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.74 (pentet, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.27 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.18 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  180.5, 158.7, 131.1, 128.9, 113.8, 104.8, 89.5, 55.2, 46.7, 40.6, 13.5, 0.0; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2959, 2173, 1712, 1612, 1512, 1462, 1413, 1303, 1250, 1177, 1108, 1036; MS (EI) m/z (%) 290 (M<sup>+</sup>, 30.0), 217 (100); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Si: C, 66.17, H, 7.64, found: C, 66.21, H, 7.68. **3g/2g** = 95/5 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(2S,3R)-Benzyl 3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoate

(2*S*,3*R*)-4g (zxb-10-196)



**Following the Typical Procedure 3**. The reaction of (2*S*,3*R*)-**3g** (58.1 mg, 0.20 mmol), BnOH (65.7 mg, 0.61 mmol), DCM (3 mL), DMAP (2.7 mg, 0.02 mmol), and DCC (47.2 mg, 0.23 mmol) afforded (2*S*,3*R*)-**4g** (49.8 mg, 65%, 97% ee: HPLC conditions: OJ-H column, rate = 0.4 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99/1,  $\lambda$  = 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> 29.1 min (minor), 33.6 min (major)): Liquid; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = +12.0 (*c* = 1.44, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.37-7.27 (m, 3 H, ArH), 7.27-7.20 (m, 2 H, ArH), 7.20-7.12 (m, 2 H, ArH), 6.80 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 5.03 (d, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.95 (d, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.03 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1 H, CH), 3.78 (s, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.77 (pentet, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.30 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.16 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz) δ 174.0, 158.6, 135.8, 131.3, 129.0, 128.4, 128.0, 127.9, 113.8, 105.4, 89.0, 66.2, 55.2, 47.2, 41.2, 14.4, 0.04; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3034, 2957, 2836, 2172, 1737, 1611, 1511, 1456, 1380, 1343, 1303, 1250, 1177, 1035; MS (EI) m/z (%) 380 (M<sup>+</sup>, 5.0), 289 (100), 217 (100), 91 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>3</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 380.1808, found: 380.1806.

(15) (2*R*,3*S*)-2-Allyl-3-methyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid (2*R*,3*S*)-**3j** (zxb-11-44)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>'6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.7 mg, 0.05 mmol), (2*R*,3*R*)-**1d** (208.3 mg, 1 mmol, 99% ee), THF (5 mL), MeMgCl (1 mL, 3 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded (2*R*,3*S*)-**3j** (182.4 mg, 81%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0): Liquid;  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  = +21.8 (*c* = 1.25, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.49 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 5.90-5.70 (m, 1 H, CH=), 5.20-5.00 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>=), 2.75 (pentet, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.68-2.55 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.52-2.36 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.15 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  180.1, 134.6, 117.3, 108.0, 87.0, 51.1, 35.1, 29.0, 19.3, 0.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3081, 2961, 2168, 1712, 1643, 1442, 1413, 1281, 1251, 1209; MS (EI) m/z (%) 224 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.0), 99 (100), 75 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 224.1233, found: 224.1236. **3j**/2**j** = 99/1 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(2*R*,3*S*)-Benzyl 2-allyl-3-methyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoate (2*R*,3*S*)-**4j** (zxb-11-108)



Following the Typical Procedure 2. The reaction of (2R,3S)-3j (45.2 mg, 0.20

mmol), BnBr (36 μL, d = 1.43 mg/mL, 51.5 mg, 0.30 mmol), DMF (2 mL), and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (51.0 mg, 0.61 mmol) afforded (2*R*,3*S*)-**4j** (58.6 mg, 92%, 98% ee: HPLC conditions: OJ-H column, rate = 0.15 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 100:0,  $\lambda =$ 214 nm, t<sub>R</sub> 51.7 min (major), t<sub>R</sub> 55.8 min (minor)): Liquid; [α]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = -0.4 (c = 1.55, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.40-7.30 (m, 5 H, ArH), 5.82-5.68 (m, 1 H, CH=), 5.11 (s, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.09-4.95 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>=), 2.83-2.71 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.64-2.56 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.53-2.36 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.15 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.14 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz) δ 173.6, 135.8, 134.9, 128.5, 128.25, 128.19, 117.0, 108.4, 86.7, 66.2, 51.2, 35.4, 29.3, 19.3, 0.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3063, 3034, 2959, 2166, 1735, 1642, 1498, 1456, 1381, 1352, 1250, 1161; MS (EI) m/z (%) 314 (M<sup>+</sup>, 0.98), 105 (100), 91 (100), 73 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 314.1702, found: 314.1692.

(16) (2*S*,3*R*)-3-Methyl-2-propyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid (2*S*,3*R*)-**3**l (zxb-11-102)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub><sup>•</sup>6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.8 mg, 0.05 mmol), (2*S*,3*S*)-**1f** (208.3 mg, 1 mmol, 97% ee), THF (5 mL), MeMgCl (1 mL, 3 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded (2*S*,3*R*)-**3l** (164.8 mg, 74%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0): Liquid;  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  = -22.6 (*c* = 1.83, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz,

CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.02 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 2.80-2.66 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.33 (td, *J* = 9.9 and 3.6 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.88-1.60 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.50-1.15 (m, 5 H, CH<sub>2</sub> + CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.14 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  181.3, 108.5, 86.5, 51.1, 33.0, 29.5, 20.4, 19.4, 13.9, 0.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2960, 2875, 2170, 1709, 1466, 1420, 1380, 1281, 1250, 1209, 1156, 1101; MS (EI) m/z (%) 227 ((M+1)<sup>+</sup>, 12.58), 226 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.64), 183 (100), 75 (100), 73 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 226.1389, found: 226.1386. **3I/2I** = 98/2 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(2*S*,3*R*)-Benzyl 3-methyl-2-propyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoate (2*S*,3*R*)-**4**l (zxb-11-105)



Following the Typical Procedure 2. The reaction of (2S,3R)-31 (45.6 mg, 0.20 mmol), BnBr (36 µL, d = 1.43 mg/mL, 51.5 mg, 0.30 mmol), DMF (2 mL), and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (51.3 mg, 0.61 mmol) afforded (2S,3R)-41 (60.2 mg, 94%, 97% ee: HPLC conditions: OJ-H column, rate = 0.20 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 100:0,  $\lambda = 254$  nm, t<sub>R</sub> 33.0 min (minor), 35.6 min (major)): Liquid; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = -4.7 (c = 2.02, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.42-7.27 (m, 5 H, ArH), 5.13 (s, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.82-2.66 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.39 (td, J = 9.9 and 3.8 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.87-1.60 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.40-1.18 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.13 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.90 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3 H,

CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.14 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  174.5, 135.9, 128.5, 128.1, 108.9, 86.2, 66.1, 51.2, 33.3, 29.8, 20.4, 19.4, 13.9, 0.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3034, 2959, 2874, 2168, 1735, 1498, 1456, 1381, 1353, 1250, 1212, 1158, 1099; MS (EI) m/z (%) 316 (M<sup>+</sup>, 4.37), 91 (100), 73 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 316.1859, found: 316.1872.

(17) (2R,3S)-3-Methyl-2-propyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid (2R,3S)-3l

(zxb-11-103)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (13.7 mg, 0.05 mmol), (2*R*,3*R*)-**1f** (209.1 mg, 1 mmol, 99% ee), THF (5 mL), MeMgCl (1 mL, 3 M in THF, 3 mmol) afforded (2*R*,3*S*)-**3l** (164.9 mg, 73%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0): Liquid;  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  = +23.0 (*c* = 1.70, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.10 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 2.80-2.66 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.33 (td, *J* = 9.8 and 3.6 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.88-1.60 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.50-1.15 (m, 5 H, CH<sub>2</sub> + CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.14 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  181.3, 108.5, 86.5, 51.1, 33.0, 29.5, 20.4, 19.4, 13.9, 0.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2960, 2875, 2170, 1708, 1466, 1420, 1281, 1250, 1209, 1101; MS (EI) m/z (%) 227 ((M+1)<sup>+</sup>, 12.86), 226 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.44), 183 (100), 73 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 226.1389, found: 226.1398. **3l/2l** = 97/3 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(2R,3S)-Benzyl 3-methyl-2-propyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoate (2R,3S)-4l

(zxb-11-106)



**Following the Typical Procedure 2**. The reaction of (2*R*,3*S*)-**31** (45.4 mg, 0.20 mmol), BnBr (36 μL, d = 1.43 mg/mL, 51.5 mg, 0.30 mmol), DMF (2 mL), and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (51.0 mg, 0.61 mmol) afforded (2*R*,3*S*)-**41** (60.2 mg, 94%, > 99% ee: HPLC conditions: OJ-H column, rate = 0.20 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 100:0,  $\lambda = 254$  nm, t<sub>R</sub> 31.5 min (major)): Liquid; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = +4.6 (c = 1.70, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.42-7.28 (m, 5 H, ArH), 5.13 (s, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.80-2.67 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.39 (td, J = 9.9 and 4.0 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.87-1.60 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.40-1.20 (m, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.13 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.90 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.14 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  174.5, 135.9, 128.5, 128.15, 128.13, 108.9, 86.2, 66.1, 51.2, 33.3, 29.8, 20.4, 19.4, 13.9, 0.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3034, 2959, 2874, 2168, 1735, 1498, 1456, 1381, 1353, 1250, 1212, 1158, 1099; MS (EI) m/z (%) 316 (M<sup>+</sup>, 4.19), 91 (100), 73 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 316.1859, found: 316.1866.

(18) (2*S*,3*R*)-5-(*t*-butyldimethylsilyl)-2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoic acid (2*S*,3*R*)-**3m** (zxb-11-114)



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (54.6 mg, 0.20 mmol), (2*S*,3*S*)-1g (893.4 mg, 4 mmol, > 99% ee), THF (20 mL), MeMgCl (4 mL, 3 M in THF, 12 mmol) afforded (2*S*,3*R*)-3m (896.7 mg, 94%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0): Solid: m.p. 58.2-58.8 °C (hexane/ethyl acetate);  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -16.4$  (*c* = 1.77, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  11.31 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 2.87 (pentet, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.42 (pentet, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.22 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.91 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.07 (s, 6 H, 2 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  181.6, 108.4, 84.6, 45.1, 30.1, 26.0, 19.5, 16.5, 14.5, -4.5; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2957, 2935, 2877, 2170, 1710, 1462, 1414, 1338, 1250, 1141, 1091, 1052, 1008; MS (EI) m/z (%) 241 ((M+1)<sup>+</sup>, 19.81), 240 (M<sup>+</sup>, 0.27), 183 ((M-C\_4H\_9)<sup>+</sup>, 79.47), 75 (100); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si: C, 64.95, H, 10.06, found: C, 65.19, H, 9.88. **3m/2m** = 98/2 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(2*S*,3*R*)-benzyl 5-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoate (2*S*,3*R*)-**4m** (zxb-11-116)



**Following the Typical Procedure 2**. The reaction of (2*S*,3*R*)-**3m** (717.6 mg, 2.99 mmol), BnBr (540 μL, *d* = 1.43 mg/mL, 772.2 mg, 4.5 mmol), DMF (30 mL), and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (764.4 mg, 8.99 mmol) afforded (2*S*,3*R*)-**4m** (950.7 mg, 96%, 99% ee: HPLC conditions: OJ-H column, rate = 0.15 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 100:0,  $\lambda = 214$  nm, t<sub>R</sub> 45.8 min (minor), 48.6 min (major)): Liquid; [α]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = -15.0 (*c* = 1.93, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.42-7.28 (m, 5 H, ArH), 5.16 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.11 (d, *J* = 12.3 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.89 (pentet, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.46 (pentet, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.32 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.17 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.92 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.08 (s, 6 H, 2 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz) δ 174.7, 135.9, 128.5, 128.1, 128.0, 108.8, 84.4, 66.2, 45.2, 30.3, 26.0, 19.5, 16.5, 14.8, -4.5; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3034, 2954, 2931, 2884, 2856, 2169, 1738, 1498, 1457, 1382, 1346, 1256, 1161, 1087, 1057, 1028, 1008; MS (EI) m/z (%) 331 ((M+1)<sup>+</sup>, 20.52), 330 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.95), 91 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>30</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 330.2015, found: 330.2016.

(19) (2R,3S)-5-(t-butyldimethylsilyl)-2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoic acid (2R,3S)-3m



TBS



The reaction of FeCl<sub>3</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (54.8 mg, 0.20 mmol), (2R,3R)-1g (897.6 mg, 4 mmol, > 99% ee), THF (20 mL), MeMgCl (4 mL, 3 M in THF, 12 mmol) afforded

(2R,3S)-**3m** (901.5 mg, 94%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1 : 0): Solid: m.p. 58.1-58.8 °C (hexane/ethyl acetate);  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  = +16.6 (c = 1.71, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  11.00 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 2.87 (pentet, J = 6.8 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.43 (pentet, J = 6.7 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.32 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.22 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.91 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.07 (s, 6 H, 2 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  181.5, 108.5, 84.7, 45.1, 30.1, 26.0, 19.5, 16.5, 14.5, -4.5; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2957, 2935, 2877, 2170, 1710, 1461, 1414, 1337, 1249, 1141, 1091, 1051; MS (EI) m/z (%) 241 ((M+1)<sup>+</sup>, 10.34), 75 (100); Elemental analysis calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si: C, 64.95, H, 10.06, found: C, 65.17, H, 9.90. **3m/2m** = 99/1 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(2*R*,3*S*)-benzyl 5-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoate (2*R*,3*S*)-**4m** (zxb-11-115)



**Following the Typical Procedure 2**. The reaction of (2*R*,3*S*)-**3m** (719.3 mg, 3.0 mmol), BnBr (540  $\mu$ L, *d* = 1.43 mg/mL, 772.2 mg, 4.5 mmol), DMF (30 mL), and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (765.1 mg, 9.0 mmol) afforded (2*R*,3*S*)-**4m** (965.2 mg, 98%, 98% ee: HPLC conditions: OJ-H column, rate = 0.15 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 100:0,  $\lambda$  = 214 nm, t<sub>R</sub> 43.4 min (major), 48.7 min (minor)): Liquid; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = +15.5 (*c* = 1.77, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.42-7.30 (m, 5 H, ArH), 5.14 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.10 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.89 (pentet, *J* 

= 7.1 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.46 (pentet, J = 7.2 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.32 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.17 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.92 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.08 (s, 6 H, 2 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  174.7, 135.9, 128.5, 128.2, 128.1, 108.8, 84.4, 66.3, 45.2, 30.3, 26.0, 19.5, 16.5, 14.8, -4.5; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3034, 2953, 2930, 2884, 2856, 2169, 1738, 1498, 1457, 1382, 1346, 1256, 1161, 1087, 1057, 1028, 1008; MS (EI) m/z (%) 331 ((M+1)<sup>+</sup>, 21.43), 330 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.00), 91 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>30</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 330.2015, found: 330.2010.

### The following compounds 3 was prepared according to Typical Procedure 4

(1) 3-Butyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid **3n** (zxb-11-89)

TMS TMS  $h = \frac{n - C_4 H_9 MgCl}{n + in THF}$  1b  $h = \frac{5 \mod\% Fe(acac)_3}{1 equiv Nal}$   $h = \frac{5 \mod\% Fe(acac)_3}{1 equiv Nal}$   $h = \frac{1}{1 equiv Nal}$  $h = \frac{1}{1$ 

**Typical procedure 4**: To a mixture of Fe(acac)<sub>3</sub> (17.3 mg, 0.05 mmol), NaI (151.3 mg, 1.01 mmol), H<sub>2</sub>O (5.4  $\mu$ L, *d* = 1 g/mL, 5.4  $\mu$ g, 0.30 mmol), **1b** (166.8 mg, 0.99 mmol) in Et<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL) was added dropwise a solution of C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>MgCl (1.75 mL, 2 M in THF, 3.5 mmol) at -78 °C within 3 min under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere. After being stirred at -78 ° C for 1 h, the mixture was quenched with EtOH (0.5 mL), and then acidified with 5% HCl (aq) to pH = 1. The resulting mixture was extracted with ether (15 mL × 3), washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtrated, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1: 0) afforded **3n** (159.8 mg, 71%):

Liquid; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.23 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 2.92-2.78 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.57 (dd, J = 15.6 and 7.2 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.46 (dd, J = 15.6 and 7.4 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.60-1.20 (m, 6 H, 3 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.91 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.14 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  178.0, 108.2, 86.2, 39.9, 34.0, 29.2, 28.9, 22.3, 14.0, 0.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2959, 2933, 2862, 2171, 1714, 1411, 1344, 1289, 1280, 1250, 1173; MS (EI) m/z (%) 226 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.0), 75 (100), 73 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 226.1389, found: 226.1385. **3n/2n** = 94/6 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.





The reaction of Fe(acac)<sub>3</sub> (17.5 mg, 0.05 mmol), NaI (151.0 mg, 1.00 mmol), H<sub>2</sub>O (5.4 µL, d = 1 g/mL, 5.4 µg, 0.30 mmol), 1b (168.0 mg, 1.00 mmol), Et<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL), and n-C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>11</sub>MgCl (1.75 mL, 2 M in THF, 3.5 mmol) afforded 30 (166.1 mg, 69%): Liquid; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.78 (b s, 1 H, COOH), 2.92-2.78 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.57 (dd, J = 15.6 and 7.2 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.46 (dd, J = 15.6 and 7.4 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.58-1.20 (m, 8 H, 4 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.88 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.12 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  178.1, 108.2, 86.1, 39.9, 34.3, 31.4, 28.9, 26.6, 22.5, 14.0, 0.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2959, 2931, 2860, 2171, 1714, 1411, 1284, 1250, 1170; MS (EI) m/z (%) 240 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.18), 75 (100); HRMS calcd for  $C_{13}H_{24}O_2Si$  (M<sup>+</sup>): 240.1546, found: 240.1549. 3o/2o = 94/6 determined by

<sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(3) (S)-3-Butyl-5-(trimethylsilyl)pent-4-ynoic acid (S)-3n (zxb-12-37)



The reaction of Fe(acac)<sub>3</sub> (17.4 mg, 0.05 mmol), NaI (148.2 mg, 0.99 mmol), H<sub>2</sub>O (5.4 µL, d = 1 g/mL, 5.4 µg, 0.30 mmol), (*R*)-1b (167.2 mg, 1.00 mmol, 98% ee), Et<sub>2</sub>O (5 mL), and *n*-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>MgCl (1.75 mL, 2 M in THF, 3.5 mmol) afforded (*S*)-3n (151.9 mg, 68%) (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl acetate: dichloromethane = 20 : 1 : 1 - 10 : 1 : 1 - 2 : 1: 0): Liquid;  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = +1.1$  (c = 1.98, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.53 (brs, 1 H, COOH), 2.92-2.78 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.57 (dd, J = 15.6 and 7.2 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.46 (dd, J = 15.6 and 7.2 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.56-1.22 (m, 6 H, 3 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.90 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.12 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  178.1, 108.2, 86.1, 39.9, 34.0, 29.2, 28.9, 22.3, 14.0, 0.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2959, 2932, 2862, 2171, 1714, 1412, 1343, 1287, 1250, 1174, 1128; MS (EI) m/z (%) 226 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.02), 225 ((M-1)<sup>+</sup>, 3.01), 75 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 226.1389, found: 226.1381. **3n/2n** = 94/6 determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis of the crude reaction mixture before separation.

(S)-Benzyl 3-((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)heptanoate (S)-4n (zxb-12-43)



**Following the Typical Procedure 2**. The reaction of (*S*)-**3n** (77.9 mg, 0.34 mmol), BnBr (61 μL, *d* = 1.43 mg/mL, 87.2 mg, 0.51 mmol), DMF (3 mL), and NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (87.2 mg, 1.03 mmol) afforded (*S*)-**4n** (98.9 mg, 91%, 98% ee: HPLC conditions: OJ-H column, rate = 0.6 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 100:0,  $\lambda$  = 214 nm, t<sub>R</sub> 22.0 min (minor), 30.1 min (major)): Liquid; [*α*]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = +4.2 (*c* = 1.75, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.42-7.30 (m, 5 H, ArH), 5.14 (s, 2 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.96-2.84 (m, 1 H, CH), 2.59 (dd, *J* = 15.3 and 7.5 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.48 (dd, *J* = 15.6 and 7.1 Hz, 1 H, one proton of CH<sub>2</sub>), 1.54-1.24 (m, 6 H, 3 × CH<sub>2</sub>), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.13 (s, 9 H, 3 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz) δ 171.4, 135.9, 128.5, 128.2, 128.1, 108.5, 85.8, 66.3, 40.1, 34.1, 29.1, 22.3, 13.9, 0.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3067, 3034, 2958, 2932, 2860, 2169, 1740, 1498, 1456, 1380, 1352, 1249, 1158, 1102; MS (EI) m/z (%) 316 (M<sup>+</sup>, 3.08), 91 (100), 73 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si (M<sup>+</sup>): 316.1859, found: 316.1853.

### 2. Desilylation and enantioselective allenylation of 4m

(1)  $(S_a, 2S, 3S)$ -Benzyl 6-cyclohexyl-2,3-dimethylhexa-4,5-dienoate  $(S_a, 2S, 3S)$ -5 (zxb-11-138)



**Typical Procedure 5**: To a solution of (2S,3R)-**4m** (164.5 mg, 0.50 mmol) in THF (3 mL) was added TBAF (0.5 mL, 1 M in THF, 0.5 mmol). After stirring for 2 h at rt, the resulting solution was quenched with water (5 mL), extracted with ether (15 mL × 3), washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtrated, and evaperated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl ether = 60 : 1) to afford (2*S*,3*R*)-benzyl 2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoate (2*S*,3*R*)-**4o**, which was used directly in the next step.

To a reaction tube was added ZnBr<sub>2</sub> (90.3 g, 0.40 mmol). This reaction tube was then dried under vacuum with a heating gun. (*R*)-diphenylprolinol (156.4 mg, 0.62 mmol), CyCHO (101.2 mg, 0.90 mmol)/toluene (1 mL), and (2*S*,3*R*)-benzyl 2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoate (2*S*,3*R*)-**4o**/toluene (2 mL) were then added sequentially under a N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere. The reaction tube was then placed in a pre-heated oil bath at 120 °C. After the reaction was complete as monitored by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and the crude reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of silica gel (2 cm) eluted with ether. After evaporation, the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (petroleum ether/ethyl ether = 80:1) to afford (*S<sub>a</sub>*,2*S*,3*S*)-**5** (88.5 mg, 57%, 99% ee: HPLC conditions: OJ-H column, rate = 0.7 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 400:1,  $\lambda$  = 214 nm, t<sub>R</sub> 14.8 min (minor), 15.8 min (major)): Liquid; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = +11.6 (*c* = 1.82, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.40-7.30 (m, 5 H, ArH), 5.19-5.00 (m, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub> + 2 × CH=), 2.58-2.35 (m, 2 H, 2 × CH), 2.01-1.85 (m, 1 H, CH), 1.80-1.56 (m, 5 H, 5 protons of Cy), 1.35-0.95 (m, 11 H, 5 protons of Cy + 2 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  202.4, 175.6, 136.0, 128.5, 128.1, 98.2, 94.2, 66.0, 45.5, 37.1, 36.6, 33.04, 33.00, 26.1, 26.0, 18.4, 14.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2966, 2925, 2851, 1959, 1735, 1498, 1449, 1379, 1345, 1254, 1219, 1158; MS (EI) m/z (%) 312 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.10), 165 (100), 91 (100), 69 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 312.2089, found: 312.2092.

### The following compounds was prepared according the Typical Procedure 5

(2)  $(R_a, 2S, 3S)$ -Benzyl 6-cyclohexyl-2,3-dimethylhexa-4,5-dienoate  $(R_a, 2S, 3S)$ -5 (zxb-12-49)



The reaction of (2S,3R)-4m (165.2 mg, 0.50 mmol), THF (3 mL), and TBAF (0.5 mL, 1 M in THF, 0.5 mmol) afforded (2S,3R)-benzyl 2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoate (2S,3R)-4o, which was used directly in the next step.

The reaction of ZnBr<sub>2</sub> (90.4 g, 0.40 mmol), (*S*)-diphenylprolinol (158.6 mg, 0.63 mmol), CyCHO (101.4 mg, 0.90 mmol)/toluene (1 mL), and (2*S*,3*R*)-benzyl 2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoate (2*S*,3*R*)-4o/toluene (2 mL) afforded ( $R_a$ ,2*S*,3*S*)-5 (90.9 mg, 58%, 99% ee: HPLC conditions: AD-H column, rate = 0.2 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 400:1,  $\lambda$  = 214 nm, t<sub>R</sub> 33.5 min (major), 36.4 min (minor)): Liquid;

 $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -84.7 \ (c = 1.55, CHCl_3);$  <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.40-7.30 (m, 5 H, ArH), 5.16-5.00 (m, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub> + 2 × CH=), 2.62-2.30 (m, 2 H, 2 × CH), 2.02-1.85 (m, 1 H, CH), 1.80-1.56 (m, 5 H, 5 protons of Cy), 1.35-0.95 (m, 11 H, 5 protons of Cy + 2 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  202.4, 175.7, 136.1, 128.5, 128.1, 98.3, 94.3, 66.0, 45.5, 37.3, 36.8, 33.10, 33.08, 26.1, 26.0, 18.6, 14.5; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3033, 2925, 2851, 1959, 1735, 1498, 1451, 1379, 1345, 1256, 1158, 1071, 1028; MS (EI) m/z (%) 312 (M<sup>+</sup>, 4.07), 230 (100), ; HRMS calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 312.2089, found: 312.0290.

(3)  $(R_a, 2R, 3R)$ -Benzyl 6-cyclohexyl-2,3-dimethylhexa-4,5-dienoate  $(R_a, 2R, 3R)$ -5 (zxb-12-137)



The reaction of (2R,3S)-4m (164.3 mg, 0.50 mmol), THF (3 mL), and TBAF (0.5 mL, 1 M in THF, 0.5 mmol) afforded (2R,3S)-benzyl 2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoate (2R,3S)-4o, which was used directly in the next step.

The reaction of ZnBr<sub>2</sub> (90.5 g, 0.40 mmol), (*S*)-diphenylprolinol (153.4 mg, 0.61 mmol), CyCHO (101.0 mg, 0.90 mmol)/toluene (2 mL), and (2*R*,3*S*)-benzyl 2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoate (2*R*,3*S*)-4o/toluene (1 mL) afforded ( $S_a$ ,2*S*,3*S*)-5 (85.5 mg, 55%, 97% ee: HPLC conditions: OJ-H column, rate = 0.7 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 400:1,  $\lambda$  = 214 nm, t<sub>R</sub> 14.2 min (major), 15.8 min (minor)): Liquid;

[α]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = -12.1 (c = 2.00, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ 7.42-7.28 (m, 5 H, ArH), 5.16-5.09 (m, 3 H, CH<sub>2</sub> + CH=), 5.04 (qd, J = 6.6 and 3.0 Hz, 1 H, CH=), 2.58-2.35 (m, 2 H, 2 × CH), 2.01-1.85 (m, 1 H, CH), 1.80-1.57 (m, 5 H, 5 protons of Cy), 1.34-0.96 (m, 11 H, 5 protons of Cy + 2 × CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz) δ 202.5, 175.7, 136.1, 128.5, 128.1, 98.2, 94.2, 66.0, 45.5, 37.1, 36.6, 33.04, 33.00, 26.1, 26.0, 18.4, 14.1; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 2966, 2925, 2851, 1960, 1734, 1498, 1449, 1380, 1345, 1256, 1219, 1158; MS (EI) m/z (%) 312 (M<sup>+</sup>, 1.09), 166 (100), 165 (100), 91 (100), 81 (100), 69 (100), 55 (100), 41 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 312.2089, found: 312.2087.

(4)  $(S_a, 2R, 3R)$ -Benzyl 6-cyclohexyl-2,3-dimethylhexa-4,5-dienoate  $(S_a, 2R, 3R)$ -5 (zxb-12-48)



The reaction of (2R,3S)-4m (164.6 mg, 0.50 mmol), THF (3 mL), and TBAF (0.5 mL, 1 M in THF, 0.5 mmol) afforded (2R,3S)-benzyl 2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoate (2R,3S)-4o, which was used directly in the next step.

2) The reaction of ZnBr<sub>2</sub> (90.6 g, 0.40 mmol), (*R*)-diphenylprolinol (156.8 mg, 0.62 mmol), CyCHO (100.4 mg, 0.90 mmol)/toluene (2 mL), and (2*R*,3*S*)-benzyl 2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoate (2*R*,3*S*)-**4o**/toluene (1 mL) afforded ( $S_a$ ,2*R*,3*R*)-**5** (89.3 mg, 57%, 98% ee: HPLC conditions: AD-H column, rate = 0.2 mL/min, eluent:

hexane/*i*-PrOH = 400:1,  $\lambda$  = 214 nm, t<sub>R</sub> 31.4 min (minor), 34.0 min (major)): Liquid; [ $\alpha$ ]<sup>20</sup><sub>D</sub> = +82.5 (*c* = 1.14, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.42-7.30 (m, 5 H, ArH), 5.15-5.02 (m, 4 H, CH<sub>2</sub> + 2 × CH=), 2.60-2.34 (m, 2 H, 2 × CH), 2.02-1.85 (m, 1 H, CH), 1.80-1.55 (m, 5 H, 5 protons of Cy), 1.35-0.95 (m, 11 H, 5 protons of Cy + 2 × CH<sub>3</sub>). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz)  $\delta$  202.4, 175.7, 136.1, 128.5, 128.1, 98.3, 94.3, 66.0, 45.5, 37.3, 36.8, 33.10, 33.08, 26.1, 26.0, 18.6, 14.5; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3033, 2925, 2851, 1959, 1735, 1498, 1451, 1379, 1346, 1256, 1158, 1071, 1028; MS (EI) m/z (%) 312 (M<sup>+</sup>, 4.91), 165 (100), 91 (100), 69 (100), 55 (100); HRMS calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (M<sup>+</sup>): 312.2089, found: 312.2083.

### 3. Desilylation and Pd-catalyzed Sonogashira coupling reaction of (2S,3R)-4m

(2*S*,3*R*)-Benzyl 2,3-dimethyl-5-phenylpent-4-ynoate (2*S*,3*R*)-6 (zxb-12-8)



To a solution of (2S,3R)-4m (66.4 mg, 0.20 mmol) in THF (1.5 mL) was added TBAF (0.2 mL, 1 M in THF, 0.2 mmol). After stirring for 2 h at rt, the result solution was quenched with water (5 mL), extracted with ether (15 mL × 3), washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtrated, and concentrated. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether: ethyl ether = 40 : 1) to afford (2S,3R)-benzyl 2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoate (2S,3R)-4o, which was used directly in the next step.

To a dry Schlenk tube were added Pd(PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2.9 mg, 0.004 mmol, 2 mol %), CuI (1.2 mg, 0.006 mmol, 3 mol %), (2S,3R)-benzyl 2,3-dimethylpent-4-ynoate (2S,3R)-40 prepared above, Et<sub>3</sub>N (1 mL), PhI (59.8 mg, 0.29 mmol), and DMSO (1 mL). The resulting mixture was then heated at 40-45 °C. After complete conversion of the starting material as monitored by TLC, the reaction mixture was quenched with water (5 mL) and extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O ( $3 \times 15$  mL). The combined organic layer was washed with brine (twice) and then dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration, evaporation, and chromatography on silica gel (eluent: petroleum ether : ethyl ether = 40 : 1) afforded the product  $(2S_3R)$ -6 (51.8 mg, 88%, 98% ee: HPLC conditions: OJ-H column, rate = 1 mL/min, eluent: hexane/*i*-PrOH = 99:1,  $\lambda$  = 254 nm, t<sub>R</sub> 30.6 min (major), 35.3 min (minor)): Liquid;  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D} = -28.4$  (c = 1.44, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); <sup>1</sup>H NMR  $(300 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3) \delta 7.41-7.30 \text{ (m, 7 H, ArH)}, 7.30-7.24 \text{ (m, 3 H, ArH)}, 5.19 \text{ (d, } J =$ 12.6 Hz, 1 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 5.14 (d, J = 12.3 Hz, 1 H, CH<sub>2</sub>), 3.08 (pentet, J = 7.1 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.56 (pentet, J = 7.1 Hz, 1 H, CH), 1.37 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 1.26 (d, J =6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH<sub>3</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 75 MHz) δ 174.8, 135.9, 131.6, 128.5, 128.14, 128.08, 127.7, 123.5, 91.2, 82.5, 66.3, 45.3, 30.0, 19.4, 14.8; IR (neat, cm<sup>-1</sup>) 3064, 3033, 2977, 2935, 2877, 2224, 1735, 1598, 1490, 1455, 1382, 1345, 1261, 1168, 1080, 1028; MS (EI) m/z (%) 292 ( $M^+$ , 1.27), 91 (100); HRMS calcd for  $C_{20}H_{20}O_2$  ( $M^+$ ): 292.1463, found: 292.1465.





S36


















































Data File D:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\ZXB\ZXB00501.D

Sample Name: zxb-11-70

OJ-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH = 100/0, 0.22 mL/min, 214 nm

Injection Date : 11/10/2012 1:05:13 PM Sample Name Acq. Operator Acq. Method Last changed : zxb-11-70 : zxb Location : -: ZXD : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX\_LC.M : 11/10/2012 12:45:02 PM by zxb TMS Analysis Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX LC.M (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX LC.M Last changed : 11/10/2012 1:51:30 PM by zxb (modified after loading) WWD1A Wavelength=214 nm (ZXBZXB00501.D) BnOOC Norm. 157482 1400 4 018 1200 1000 800 600 400 6.001 200 553 0 10 15 20 25 30 40 Area Percent Report \_\_\_\_\_\_ Sorted By Signal : Multiplier 1.0000 : Dilution 1.0000 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=214 nm 
 Width
 Area
 Height
 Area

 [min]
 mAU
 \*s
 %

 ----- ----- ----- ----- 

 2.5526
 516.90698
 3.37497
 0.3272

 2.2592
 1.57482e5
 1161.78137
 99.6728
 Peak RetTime Type Width [min] ----|------1 1 33.553 MM 2 36.018 MM Totals : 1.57999e5 1165.15635 Results obtained with enhanced integrator! \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_ \*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

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Page 1 of 1

Data File D:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\ZXB\ZXB00500.D

Sample Name: zxb-11-70

OJ-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH = 100/0, 0.22 mL/min, 214 nm

Injection Date : 11/10/2012 12:23:58 PM Sample Name Acq. Operator Acq. Method Last changed : zxb-11-70 : zxb : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX\_LC.M : 11/10/2012 12:45:02 PM by zxb Location : -TMS-(±) BnOOC 

 Last changed
 : 11/10/2012 12:40:002 PM by 2xth

 (modified after loading)

 Analysis Method
 : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX\_LC.M

 Last changed
 : 11/10/2012 1:08:38 PM by 2xth

 (modified after loading)

 WWD1 A, Wavelength=268 nm (ZXBZXB00500.D)

Norm. A3953.4 800 600 400 200 0 35 20 25 30 10 15 Area Percent Report Sorted By Signal : 1.0000 Multiplier : Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=268 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Height Area [mAU ] -1 1 30.777 MM 2 34.548 VB 1.0854 4.39334e4 1.2043 4.35381e4 674.60059 50.2260 542.44604 49.7740 8.74714e4 1217.04663 Totals : Results obtained with enhanced integrator! \*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

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Page 1 of 1









Data File D:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\ZXB\ZXB10119.D

Sample Name: ZXB-10-115'

OJ-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH=99.5/0.5, 0.5 ml/min, 215 nm

Injection Date : 6/1/2012 4:31:21 AM Sample Name : ZXB-10-115' Location : -Sample Name : ZXB-10-115' Acq. Operator : zxb Acq. Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX\_LC.M Last changed : 6/1/2012 4:08:01 AM by zxb (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX\_LC.M Last changed : 1/1/2004 12:43:54 AM by DJD (modified after loading) WD1 A, Wavelength=215 nm (ZXB/ZXB10119.D) Ph TMS BnOOC Norm. 800 24236.4 600 400 200 017 0 14 10 16 mir Area Percent Report Sorted By Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution 1.0000 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=215 nm 
 Peak RetTime Type
 Width
 Area
 Height
 Area

 #
 [min]
 mAU
 \*s
 [mAU]
 %

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 1
 11.017
 MM
 0.4883
 247.11264
 8.43362
 1.0093

 2
 12.450
 MM
 0.8406
 2.42364e4
 480.51205
 98.9907
 Totals : 2.44835e4 488.94568 Results obtained with enhanced integrator! \_\_\_\_\_ \*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

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Page 1 of 1

Data File D:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\ZXB\ZXB10120.D

Sample Name: ZXB-10-116''

OJ-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH=99.5/0.5, 0.5 ml/min, 215 nm

\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Injection Date : 6/1/2012 4:52:41 AM Sample Name : ZXB-10-116'' Sample Name Acq. Operator Acq. Method Last changed Location : -Sample Name : ZXB-10-116'' Acq. Operator : zxb Acq. Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX\_LC.M Last changed : 6/1/2012 4:08:01 AM by zxb (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX\_LC.M Last changed : 1/1/2004 12:46:41 AM by DJD (modified after loading) WWD1 A, Wavelength=215 nm (ZXB\ZXB10120.D) TMS (±) BnOOC Norm. 1750 1500 1250 1000 \* 15193.4 750 154127 500 2.321 250 0 10 Area Percent Report Sorted By Signal : 1.0000 Multiplier : Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=215 nm 
 Width
 Area
 Height
 Area

 [min]
 mAU
 \*s
 [mAU
 %

 0.5356
 1.51934e4
 472.75558
 49.641

 0.8074
 1.54127e4
 318.14163
 50.358
 Peak RetTime Type Width # [min] - 1 1 10.835 MM 2 12.321 MM 472.75558 49.6417 318.14163 50.3583 Totals : 3.06061e4 790.89722 Results obtained with enhanced integrator! \*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

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Page 1 of 1

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Data File D:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\ZXB\ZXB00403.D

OJ-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH = 99/1 , 0.4 ml/min, 254nm Injection Date : 9/12/2012 3:06:22 AM Sample Name : zxb-10-196 Acg. Operator : zxb Location : -PMP Acq. Operator Acq. Method Last changed Acq. Operator : zxb Acq. Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX\_LC.M Last changed : 9/12/2012 3:05:01 AM by zxb (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX\_LC.M Last changed : 9/12/2012 7:04:47 AM by zxb (modified after loading) WD1A, Wavelength=254 nm (ZXBVXB00403.D) TMS-= .... BnOOC . 6382.8<sup>6</sup> mAU 3:600 40 30 20 10 0 40 10 20 30 Area Percent Report Sorted By Signal : Multiplier Dilution 1.0000 1.0000 : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm 
 Peak RetTime Type Width
 Area
 Height
 Area

 # [min]
 [min]
 mAU
 \*s
 [mAU]
 %

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 -----|
 -----|
 -----|

 1
 29.110
 MM
 1.1651
 95.18965
 1.36171
 1.469
 1 29.110 MM 1.1651 95.18965 1.36171 1.4094 2 33.600 MM 1.9192 6382.96045 55.43168 98.5306 6478.15010 56.79339 Totals : Results obtained with enhanced integrator! \*\*\* End of Report \*\*\* 

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Page 1 of 1

Sample Name: zxb-10-196

Data File D:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\ZXB\ZXB00402.D

Sample Name: zxb-10-197

OJ-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH = 99/1 , 0.4 ml/min, 254nm



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总计

## zxb-11-108-oj-h-100-0-0.15-214

.....



335935. 925

30988755.094

100.0000

实验时间: 2012-11-09,16:54:37 请图文件:D:\zhuguangjiong\zxb\20121109\zxb-11-108-oj-h-100-0-0.15-214.org

PDF 文件使用 "pdfFactory Pro" 试用版本创建 www.fineprint.cn

2

总计

## zxb-11-109-oj-h-100-0-0.15-214



290011.938

650858.781

33431080.000

66700634.000

50. 1211

100.0000

55.805

实验时间: 2012-11-09, 15:50:21 报告时间: 2012-11-09, 16:56:01 请图文件:D:\zhuguangjiong\zxb\20121109\zxb-11-109-oj-h-100-0-0. 15-214. org

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![](_page_84_Figure_1.jpeg)

Data File D:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\ZXB\ZXB00478.D

Sample Name: zxb-11-105

OJ-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH = 100/0, 0.2 ml/min, 254 nm

Injection Date	: 10/31/2	012 11:37:24	4 AM			
Sample Name	: zxb-11-	-105		Locatio	on: -	11.
Acq. Operator	: zxb					TMS-
Acq. Method	: D:\HPCH	IEM\1\METHOD	S\XFX_LC.M			)····C3H7-/
Last changed	: 10/31/2	2012 8:26:19	AM by zxb			BnOOC
	(modifi	ed after loa	ading)			_
Analysis Method	: D:\HPCH	IEM\1\METHOD	S\XFX_LC.M			
Last changed	: 10/31/2	012 10:00:1.	3 AM DY ZXD			
	(modili)	ed after 10	ading)			
VWDIA, W	avelengui-204 ni		,			
Norm.						
35						
30-						
25 -						
1 1						
20-						~
						5 50°
15-						5
103						$\langle \rangle$
1 .1						a (96)
5						6
						Asse
0	<b>.</b>				A	
1 1						
-5-						
-10 -10				1		
0	5	10	15	20	25 3	0 35 mi
						5 (
		Area Percen	t Report			
				********		
Sorted By		Signal				
Dilution		1.0000				
Use Multiplier	6 Dilutio	Factor wit	h ISTDe			
USe Mulcipilei	a DIIUCIO	I Factor wit	10103			
Signal 1: VWD1	A, Wavele	ngth=254 nm				
Peak RetTime Ty	ype Width	Area	Height	Area		
# [min]	[min]	mAU *s	[mAU ]	8		
		-			I	
1 32.972 M	1 1.223	3 24.85612	3.38640e-1	1.6214		
2 35.587 M	1.981	2 1508.18677	12.68766	98.3786		
<b></b>		1522 04200	12 02620			
iotais :		1000.04289	13.02030			
Results obtain	ned with e	nhanced inte	grator!			
		*** End of	Benort ***			

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Data File D:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\ZXB\ZXB00475.D Sample Name: zxb-11-105+106 OJ-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH = 100/0, 0.2 ml/min, 254 nm ---- TMS Injection Date : 10/31/2012 9:16:23 AM Sample Name : zxb-11-105+106 Location : BnOOC Acq. Operator Acq. Method : zxb : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX LC.M Acq. Method : D'HFCHEMINEROS (MFA\_D.:M Last changed : 10/31/2012 8:25:19 AM by zxb (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:HPCHEMI\\MBTHODS\XFX\_LC.M Last changed : 10/31/2012 10:00:13 AM by zxb (modified after loading) WWD1A, Wavelength=254 nm (ZXB/ZXB00475.D) TMS BnOOO Norm. 35 -30 -25 -1462.36 20-15-10-5-0 -5--10 10 15 20 25 30 35 Area Percent Report Sorted By Signal : 1.0000 Multiplier Dilution : Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm 
 Width
 Area
 Height
 Area

 [min]
 mAU
 \*s
 [mAU]
 %

 ----- ----- ----- ----- ----- 

 1.4061
 1462.35571
 17.33329
 48.7713

 1.7648
 1536.03662
 14.50645
 51.2287
 Peak RetTime Type Width # 1 31.504 MM 2 34.811 MM 2998.39233 31.83974 Totals : Results obtained with enhanced integrator!

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

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![](_page_87_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_88_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_89_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_90_Figure_1.jpeg)

Data File D:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\ZXB\ZXB00479.D

Sample Name: zxb-11-106

OJ-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH = 100/0, 0.2 ml/min, 254 nm

![](_page_91_Figure_4.jpeg)

PDF ???? "pdfFactory Pro" ?????? www.fineprint.com.cn

![](_page_92_Figure_1.jpeg)

PDF ????? "pdfFactory Pro" ??????? www.fineprint.com.cn

![](_page_93_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_94_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_95_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_96_Figure_1.jpeg)

Data File D:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\ZXB\ZXB00494.D

Sample Name: zxb-11-116

OJ-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH = 100/0, 0.15 mL/min, 214 nm

Toda and the Balls						=	
injection Date	: 11/9/20	12 10:04:57	PM				
Sample Name	: zxb-11-	116		Location	: -		
Acq. Operator	: zxb					5	
Acq. Method	: D:\HPCH	EM/1/METHODS	S\XFX_LC.M			TDS	
Last changed	: 11/9/20	12 10:35:33	PM by zxb			1B3	
	(modifie	ed after loa	ading)			R-OOC	
Analysis Method	: D: \HPCH	EM \1 \METHODS	XFX_LC.M			BIIOGO	
Last changed	(modifi	12 11:00:17	PM by zxb				
WD1 A Wave	elenath=214 nm	(7XB\7XB00494 D)	aariig)				
Norm 7	olongui-214 min	(210 21000-04.0)					
1750 -							
1500							
1							
1							
1250 -							
1000-							3
1000							
						13	
750 -						18.6	
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0	10	20		30	40		min
0	10	20	· · · ·	30	40		min
0	10	20		30	40		min
0	10	20 Area Percent	Report	30	40		min
0	10	20 Area Percent	Report	30	40	159 	min
Sorted By		20 Area Percent	Report	30	40		min
o o Sorted By Multiplier	10	20 Area Percent Signal 1.0000	Report	30	40	50 	min
o Sorted By Multiplier Dilution	10 	20 Area Percent Signal 1.0000 1.0000	Report	30	40		min
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier &	10 : : Dilution	20 Area Percent 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with	Report	30	40	<u>19</u>	min
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier &	10 : : Dilution	20 Area Percent Signal 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with	Report	30	40		min
0 Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier &	10 : : Dilution	Area Percent Signal 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with	Report	30	40	50 	min
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier & Signal 1: VWD1 A	10 : : Dilution , Wavelen	20 Area Percent Signal 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with gth=214 nm	Report	30	40		min
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier & Signal 1: VWD1 A	10 : : Dilution , Wavelen	20 Area Percent 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with gth=214 nm	n ISTDs	30	40	59 50 50	min
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier & Signal 1: VWDI A Peak RetTime Typ	10 : : Dilution , Wavelen e Width	20 Area Percent Signal 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with gth=214 nm Area	Report I ISTDs	30 Area	40		min
O Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier & Signal 1: VWD1 A Peak RetTime Typ # [min]	10 : : Dilution , Wavelen e Width [min]	20 Area Percent 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with gth=214 nm Area mAU *s	Report ISTDs Height [mAU]	30 Area	40		min
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier & Signal 1: VWD1 A Peak RetTime Typ # [min]	10 : : Dilution , Wavelen e Width [min] -	20 Area Percent 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with gth=214 nm Area mAU *s 	Report ISTDs Height [mAU ]	Area 8	40		min
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier & Signal 1: VWD1 A Peak RetTime Typ # [min] 	10 : : Dilution , Wavelen (min) -  1.0284 3.0328	20 Area Percent 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with gth=214 nm Area mAU *s 467.82681 1.46282e5	Height [mAU ] 5.39899 669.41394	Area % 	40	50 50	min
Sorted By Multiplier Dibution Use Multiplier & Signal 1: VWD1 A Peak RetTime Typ # [min] 	10 : : Dilution , Wavelen e Width [min] - 1.0284 3.0328	20 Area Percent 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with gth=214 nm Area mAU *s 	Height [mAU ] 5.39899 669.41394	Area %    0.3188 99.6812	40		min
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier & Signal 1: VWD1 A Peak RetTime Typ # [min] 	10 : : Dilution , Wavelen e Width [min] - 1.0284 3.0328	20 Area Percent 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with gth=214 nm Area mAU *s  467.82681 1.46282e5 1.46750e5	Height [mAU ] 5.39899 669.41394	Area % 0.3188 99.6812	40		min
Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier & Signal 1: VWD1 A Peak RetTime Type # [min] 	10 : : Dilution , Wavelen e Width [min] -	20 Area Percent 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with gth=214 nm Area mAU *s 467.82681 1.46282e5 1.46750e5	E Report Height [mAU ] 5.39899 669.41394 674.81293	Area 8 0.3188 99.6812	40		min
o Sorted By Multiplier Dilution Use Multiplier & Signal 1: VWD1 A Peak RetTime Typ # [min] 	10 : : Dilution , Wavelen e Width [min] - 1.0284 3.0328 d with en	20 Area Percent 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with gth=214 nm Area mAU *s 467.82681 1.46282e5 1.46750e5 hanced integ	Height [mAU ] 5.39899 669.41394 674.81293 grator!	Area %    0.3188 99.6812	40		min
o Sorted By Multiplier Dibution Use Multiplier & Signal 1: VWD1 A Peak RetTime Typ # [min] 1 45.787 PV 2 48.613 VB Totals : Results obtaine	10 : : Dilution , Wavelen e Width [min] - 1.0284 3.0328 d with en	20 Area Percent Signal 1.0000 1.0000 Factor with gth=214 nm Area mAU *s 467.82681 1.46282e5 1.46750e5 hanced integ	Height [mAU ] 5.39899 669.41394 674.81293 grator!	Area % 0.3188 99.6812	40		min

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CU-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH = 100/0, 0.15 mL/min, 214 nm Injection Date : 11/9/2012 0:07:54 PM Location : - And, Wethod : D: NPCHEM:NIMETHODS:XEX, LC.M Last changed : 11/9/2012 0:01:07 M by zab (modified after loading) W014 Wwweeggm=214 nm (ZHZXH00492 D) Nom 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 60	a File D	:\HPCHEM\1	DATA\ZXB\	ZXB00492.1	D			Sample	Name: zxk	-11-115+11
Area Percent Report Area Percent Report Sorted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution Factor with ISTDS Signal 1: VND1 A, Wavelengt=214 mm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area * [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU ] * Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area * [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU ] * Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area * [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU ] * Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area * [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU ] * 1 144.622 BV 2.1392 4.1226204 285.62735 50.4463 2 50.660 VB 2.19904 4.0464 4.187.39545 49.5537 Totals : 8.1722964 473.02280 Results obtained with enhanced integrator! 	OJ-H, n	-Hexane:i-D	PrOH = 100	/0, 0.15 r	nL/min, 214	nm			TRS	
WD1A Wavelength-214 nm (ZKBZZB00492 D)         Nom         400         400         6000	Injectio Sample I Acq. Op Acq. Me Last cha Analysia Last cha	on Date : Name : erator : thod : anged : s Method : anged :	11/9/2012 zxb-11-11 zxb D:\HPCHEM 11/9/2012 (modified D:\HPCHEM 11/9/2012 (modified	8:07:54 1 5+116 (1\METHODS 8:04:07 1 after loa (1\METHODS 9:12:08 1 2fter loa	PM S\XFX_LC.M PM by zxb ading) S\XFX_LC.M PM by zxb	Location	: -		Bn TBS— Bn	
Nom.       800         600       600         400       9         200       9         0       10         200       30         0       10         200       30         0       10         200       30         0       10         200       30         0       10         200       30         0       10         200       30         0       10         200       30         0       10         200       30         40       50         minitian       10         300       40         50       minitian         Sorted By       1         300       1         Wiltiplier       1         1       40         1       40         1       40         1       40         1       40         1       40         1       40         1       25         1       25         2		VWD1 A, Wavele	angth=214 nm (Z	XB\ZXB00492.D	)					
600 400 200 200 200 200 200 200 2	Norm. - - 800 – -									
400       0	600									
200 0 10 20 30 40 50 m Area Percent Report Area Percent Report Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=214 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU ] & 	400 -							→ 44.622	060	
0       10       20       30       40       50       mi         Area Percent Report         Area Percent Report         Sorted By       :       Signal         Multiplier       :       1.0000       Dilution       :       1.0000         Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs       Signal 1:       VWD1 A, Wavelength=214 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width       Area       Height       Area         #       [min]       [min]       mAU       *         1       44.622 BV       2.1382 4.12262e4       285.62735 50.4463       2         2       50.060 VB       2.9900 4.04967e4       187.39545 49.5537       Fotals :       8.17229e4         Results obtained with enhanced integrator!         **** End of Report ***	200 -								201C	
0       10       20       30       40       50       m         Area Percent Report         Area Percent Report         Multiplier       :       1.0000         Dilution       :       1.0000         Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs         Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=214 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width       Area         #       [min]	0-							)	Y	
Area Percent Report         Sorted By       :       Signal         Multiplier       :       1.0000         Dilution       :       1.0000         Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs         Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=214 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width       Area         #       [min]         [min]       [mAU         1       44.622 BV         2       50.060 VB         2       50.060 VB         2       50.060 VB         2       8.17229e4         473.02280         Results obtained with enhanced integrator!         **** End of Report ***	(	0	10	20	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	30	40		50	mir
Sorted By       :       Signal         Multiplier       :       1.0000         Dilution       :       1.0000         Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs         Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=214 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width       Area         #       [min]         [min]       [mAU]         *       *         *       [mAU]         *       *         *       *         *       *         *       *         *       *         *       *         *       *			 Ar	ea Percent	Report					
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=214 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area         # [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU] %	Sorted 1 Multipl Dilution Use Mul	By ier n tiplier & I	: : Dilution F	Signal 1.0000 1.0000 actor with	n ISTDs					
Peak RetTime Type Width       Area       Height       Area         #       [min]       [min]       mAU       %	Signal	1: VWD1 A,	Wavelengt	h=214 nm						
1       44.622 BV       2.1382 4.12262e4       285.62735 50.4463         2       50.060 VB       2.9900 4.04967e4       187.39545 49.5537         Totals :       8.17229e4       473.02280         Results obtained with enhanced integrator!       *** End of Report ***	Peak Re # [1	tTime Type min]	Width [min] m	Area AU *s	Height [mAU ]	Area %				
Totals : 8.17229e4 473.02280 Results obtained with enhanced integrator! *** End of Report ***	1 4 2 5	4.622 BV 0.060 VB	2.1382 4 2.9900 4	.12262e4 .04967e4	285.62735 187.39545	50.4463 49.5537				
Results obtained with enhanced integrator! *** End of Report ***	Totals	:	8	.17229e4	473.02280					
*** End of Report ***	Result	s obtained	with enha	nced integ	grator!					
			*	** End of	Report ***	<b></b>				

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![](_page_99_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_100_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_101_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_102_Figure_1.jpeg)

Data File D:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\ZXB\ZXB00496.D

Sample Name: zxb-11-115

OJ-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH = 100/0, 0.15 mL/min, 214 nm

Injection Date : 11/9/2012 12:50:22 AM Sample Name : zxb-11-115 Location : - Acq. Operator : zxb Last changed : 11/9/2012 11:46:15 PM by zxb (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D: \HPCHEMI.\METHODSXIXT LC.M Last changed : 11/1/2012 12:09:43 AM By zxb (modified after loading) WOAA Wavelengh=254 nm (ZXBXXB0466.D) WOAA Wavelengh=254 nm (ZXBXXB0466.D) Acq. Method : D: \HPCHEMI.LOCATION (ZXBXXB0466.	*=================						
Sample Name : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Injection Date	: 11/9/	2012 12:50:2	2 дм		*******	
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Acq. Method : D:\MPCHEN\I\METHODS\KFX LC.M (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\MPCHEN\I\METHODS\KFX LC.M Last changed : D:\MPCHEN\I\METHODS\KFX LC.M Last changed : D:\MPCHEN\I\METHODS\KFX LC.M Last changed : D:\MPCHEN\I\METHODS\KFX LC.M (modified after loading) WU1A.Wavdength=254 nm (ZKBZ/800496.D) WOTA.Wavdength=254 nm (ZKBZ/800496.D) Area Percent Report Area Percent Report Area Percent Report Sorted By : Signal Multiplier : D:0000 Dilution : D:0000 Use Multiplier 4 Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area * [min] maN *s [mAN] 1 2 48.660 MM 1.1778 320.95422 4.551377 1.99.1389 2 48.660 MM 2.4291 3.65519e4 253.53271 99.1389 2 48.660 MM 1.1778 320.95422 4.55177 0.6611 Totals : 3.72728e4 258.07448 Results obtained with enhanced integrator! *** End of Report ***	Acq. Operator	: zxb			bocación .		
Last changed : 11/9/2012 11:46:15 PM by 2xb (modified after loading) W01A, Wavdergh=254 nm (ZABUZBOO466.0) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Acq. Method	: D:\HPC	CHEM\1\METHO	DS\XFX_LC.M			TBS-
Analysis Method : D://HPCHRM1/NEPHOS/KFX LC.M Last changed : D://HPCHRM1/NEPHOS/KFX LC.M Last changed : D://HPCHRM1/NEPHOS/KFX LC.M (modified after loading) WUD1A,Wawdeng/P=254 nm (ZABUZ/800496.D) Nom 800 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400 400	Last changed	: 11/9/2	2012 11:46:1	5 PM by zxb			7
WD1A Waxdergh-254 mm (ZGUZROGGG D) WD1A Waxdergh-254 mm (ZGUZROGGG D) WD1A Waxdergh-254 mm (ZGUZROGGG D) WD1A Waxdergh-254 mm (ZGUZROGGG D) According to the state of the	Analysis Mothed	(modif	fied after 1	oading)			BnOOC
WD1A Waxdergh-254 nm (2080/2800096 D) Nom 800 600 600 600 600 600 600 600	Last changed	: D:\HPC	CHEM \1 \METHO	DS\XFX_LC.M			
W01A Waxdength-254 nm (2X0220000660) Norm 800 600 600 600 600 600 600 600	have changed	. 11/10/	Fied after h	43 AM by zxb			
Norm       800         600       600         400       9         200       9         0       10         20       30         0       10         20       30         40       50 mg         Sorted By         1       1.0000         Signal         Area Percent Report         Sorted By         1       1.0000         Dilution       1.0000         Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs         Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area         # [min]       mAU         1       43.332 MM         2       460.600 MM         1.1778       320.532271         2       40.600 MM         1.1778       320.53221         2       40.600 MM         1.1778       320.532271         9.1389         2       40.600 MM         1.1778       320.532271         2       40.600 MM         1.1778       320.532271         2       3.00         1.1778 <t< td=""><td>WD1 A, Wa</td><td>velength=254</td><td>nm (ZXB\ZXB00496</td><td>D)</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	WD1 A, Wa	velength=254	nm (ZXB\ZXB00496	D)			
800-         600-         400-         200-         0         10         20         0         10         20         0         40         0         40         0         40         0         40         0         40         0         40         50         40         50         40         50         40         50         50         40         50	Norm.		,	-,			
800-         600-         400-         200-         0         200-         0         200-         0         200-         0         200-         0         200-         0         200-         0         200-         0         200-         0         200-         0         200-         0         200-         0         200-							
800-       600-							
800-	1						
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400       400       400       400       400       400       400       400       50 mit							
400       400       9       10       20       30       40       50 mid       9       10       1							
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200       10       20       30       40       50 min         Area Percent Report         Area Percent Report         Multiplier : Signal         Multiplier : 1.0000         Dilution : 1.0000         Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs         Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area         # [min]       [min] mAU *s [mAU ]         1       43.392 MM         2       48.660 MM         1.1778       320.95422         4.54177       0.8611         Fotals : 3.72728e4         *** End of Report ***	-						~
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200-       10       20       30       40       50 mit         Area Percent Report         Area Percent Report         Sorted By :: Signal Multiplier :: 1.0000 Dilution :: 1.0000 Dilution :: 1.0000 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs         Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min]							Abre
Area Percent Report         Area Percent Report         Sorted By       :       Signal Multiplier         Sorted By       :       Signal Nultiplier         Sorted By       :       1.0000         Use Multiplier       :       1.0000         Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs         Signal 1:       VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width       Area         #       [min]         1       43.392 MM         2       48.660 MM         1.1778       320.95422         4.54177       0.8611         Notals :       3.72728e4         258.07448         Results obtained with enhanced integrator!         *** End of Report ***	200 -						$\wedge$
Area Percent Report         Area Percent Report         Sorted By       :       Signal         Multiplier       :       1.0000         Dilution       :       1.0000         Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs         Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width       Area         #       [min]         1       43.392 MM         2.4291       3.69519e4         2.48.660 MM       1.1778         320.95422       4.54177         O.8611         Fotals :       3.72728e4         X.72728e4       258.07448         Results obtained with enhanced integrator!         *** End of Report ***	-						
Area Percent Report         Area Percent Report         Multiplier       :       1,0000         Dilution       :       1,0000         Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs         Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width       Area         #       [min]         1       43.392 MM         2       48.660 MM         1.1778       320.95422         4.54177       0.8611         Potals :       3.72728e4         258.07448         Results obtained with enhanced integrator!         *** End of Report ***							/ /
0       10       20       30       40       50 min         Area Percent Report         Area Percent Report         Multiplier : Signal         Multiplier : 1.0000         Dilution : 1.0000         Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs         Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area         # (min) (min) mAU *s (mAU )         1       43.392 MM 2.4291 3.69519e4         2       48.660 MM 1.1778 320.95422         4.54177 0.8611         Fortals : 3.72728e4 258.07448         *** End of Report ***	-						
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0         10         20         30         40         50 min           Area Percent Report           Area Percent Report           Sorted By : Signal           Multiplier : 1.0000         1.0000           Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs           Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm           Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area           # [min]         [mAU]           1         43.392 MM           2         48.660 MM           1.1778         320.95422           2         48.660 MM           1.1778         320.95422           4.54177         0.8611           Fotals :           3.72728e4           *** End of Report ***	<u>+</u>			·····			
Area Percent Report Sorted By : Signal Multiplier : 1.0000 Dilution : 1.0000 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU ] % 1 43.392 MM 2.4291 3.69519e4 253.53271 99.1389 2 48.660 MM 1.1778 320.95422 4.54177 0.8611 Totals : 3.72728e4 258.07448 Results obtained with enhanced integrator! *** End of Report ***	00	10		20	30		40 50 min
Area Percent Report  Area Percent Report  Sorted By  i Signal Multiplier  i 1.0000 Dilution  i 1.0000 Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs  Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm  Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area  # [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU] %  I 43.392 MM 2.4291 3.69519e4 253.53271 99.1389 2 48.660 MM 1.1778 320.95422 4.54177 0.8611  Totals:  Structure							
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Sorted By       :       Signal         Multiplier       :       1.0000         Dilution       :       1.0000         Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs       Signal 1:       VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width       Area       Height       Area         #       [min]       [mAU]       %							
Multiplier       :       1.0000         Dilution       :       1.0000         Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs         Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width       Area         #       [min]         min]       [mAU]         1       43.392 MM         2       48.660 MM         1.1778       320.95422         4.54177       0.8611         Fotals :       3.72728e4         258.07448         Results obtained with enhanced integrator!         *** End of Report ***	Sorted By		Signal				
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Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU ] % 	Dilution	:	1.0000				
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm         Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area         # [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU ] %	Use Multiplier &	Dilution	n Factor wit	h ISTDs			
Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=254 nm Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU] % 							
Peak RetTime Type Width Area Height Area # [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU] % 1 43.392 MM 2.4291 3.69519e4 253.53271 99.1389 2 48.660 MM 1.1778 320.95422 4.54177 0.8611 Fotals : 3.72728e4 258.07448 Results obtained with enhanced integrator! *** End of Report ***	Signal 1. UND1 A	Werre 1					
Peak RetTime Type Width       Area       Height       Area         # [min]       [min]       mAU       *s       [mAU]       %	orginal I. VWDI A	, waveler	ngth=254 nm				
<pre># [min] [min] mAU *s [mAU] %</pre>	Peak RetTime Tvp	e Width	Area	Voight	<b>1</b>		
1       43.392 MM       2.4291       3.69519e4       253.53271       99.1389         2       48.660 MM       1.1778       320.95422       4.54177       0.8611         Fotals :       3.72728e4       258.07448         Results obtained with enhanced integrator!       *** End of Report ***	# [min]	[min]	mAU *s	[mAII ]	Area		
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2 48.660 MM 1.1778 320.95422 4.54177 0.8611 Totals : 3.72728e4 258.07448 Results obtained with enhanced integrator! *** End of Report ***	1 43.392 MM	2.4291	3.69519e4	253.53271	99.1389		
Totals : 3.72728e4 258.07448 Results obtained with enhanced integrator!	2 48.660 MM	1.1778	320.95422	4.54177	0.8611		
Results obtained with enhanced integrator! *** End of Report ***	Totala .						
Results obtained with enhanced integrator! *** End of Report ***	iocais :		3.72728e4	258.07448			
*** End of Report ***	Results obtained	d with er	hanced into	Trator			
*** End of Report ***							
(2) 11 전 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20			*** End of	Report ***			

PDF ????? "pdfFactory Pro" ?????? www.fineprint.com.cn

Sample Name: zxb-11-115+116 Data File D:\HPCHEM\1\DATA\ZXB\ZXB00492.D OJ-H, n-Hexane:i-PrOH = 100/0, 0.15 mL/min, 214 nm TBS Injection Date : 11/9/2012 8:07:54 PM Sample Name : zxb-11-115+116 BnOOC Location : -Sample Name : zxb-11-115+116 Acq. Operator : zxb Acq. Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX\_LC.M Last changed : 11/9/2012 8:04:07 PM by zxb (modified after loading) Analysis Method : D:\HPCHEM\1\METHODS\XFX\_LC.M Last changed : 11/9/2012 9:12:08 PM by zxb (modified after loading) WWD1 A, Wavelength=214 nm (ZXBUZXB00492.D) TBS-BnOOC Norm. 800 600 400 .622 50.060 200 0 10 30 40 50 20 Area Percent Report Sorted By Signal : Multiplier : 1.0000 1.0000 Dilution Use Multiplier & Dilution Factor with ISTDs Signal 1: VWD1 A, Wavelength=214 nm Height Area [mAU] % 
 Peak RetTime Type Width
 Area
 Height
 Area

 # [min]
 [min]
 mAU
 \*s
 [mAU]
 %

 ----|-----|
------
 ------|
 ------|
 ----- 

 1
 44.622
 BV
 2.1382
 4.12262e4
 285.62735
 50.4463

 2
 50.060
 VB
 2.9900
 4.04967e4
 187.39545
 49.5537
 Totals : 8.17229e4 473.02280 Results obtained with enhanced integrator! \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

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![](_page_105_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_106_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_107_Figure_1.jpeg)










S113



义器 1 2004-1-1 3:56:43 zxb



义器 1 2004-1-1 3:17:45 zxb





S117

# zxb-11-138-oj-h-400-1-0.7-214



实验时间: 2012-11-28, 13:50:41 谱图文件:D:\zhuguangjiong\zxb\20121128\zxb-11-138-oj-h-400-1-0.7-214.org

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zxb-11-137+138-oj-h-400-1-0.7-214

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峰号	峰名	保留时间	峰高	峰面积	含量
1		33. 473	181961.813	11966860.000	99.2898 0.7102
 总计		36. 442	183399. 124	12052453. 734	100.0000



峰号	峰名	保留时间	峰高	峰面积	含量
1		32.232	105345.445	5672367.500	48.2355
2		35.823	106239.539	6087379.500	51.7645
总计			211584. 984	11759747.000	100.0000







zxb-11-137-oj-h-400-1-0.7-214

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S126





实验时间: 2012-11-28, 14:38:17 谱图文件:D:\zhuguangjiong\zxb\20121128\zxb-11-137+138-oj-h-400-1-0. 7-214..org 报告时间: 2012-11-28, 15:00:26

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唯亏	喗冶	保留时间	啤向	咩山尔	百里	
1		32. 232	105345.445	5672367.500	48.2355	
2		35.823	106239. 539	6087379.500	51.7645	
总计			211584.984	11759747.000	100.0000	







JKD 50 M

义器 1 2013-5-20 10:45:08 lxj



器 1 2004-1-1 5:53:22 zxb